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U. S. RUTRFATT OT ACRICITINURAT FECONOMICS.

Receipts from sale of principal farm products.

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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These estimates of receipts of farmers from the sale of selected farm products and from rental and benefit payments by states for the calendar years 1932, 1933, and 1934 and for December 1932, 1933 and 1934 are the first of a new series of monthly estimetes of farm receipts to be published by the Bureau of Agricultural Econo:nics. Similar estimates will be issued each month hereafter. Istimates of monthly farm receipts by states from: January 1932 to date have becn made and are being prepared for distribution. This puiblication will contain a detailed discussion of the comnodities included and the data used in arriving et the estimates of farmers receipts by months. Similar estimates are being mode from January 1929 to December 1931 and will be available in about 2 months.

## Method of Computing Estinates of Montnly Farm Receipts

The estimates of montily fam receipts are the total of estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm commodities. While these estimates of farm receipts do not includu all income from farm marketinss, they represent a very large proportion of the total income. For the United States as a whole the income from the items included in these estimates in 1932 aEgreşated about 94 percent of trie estimated total income from the marketines of all farm products. In many of the more important asricultural states the proportion of total income from the comodities included is as larite as 98 percent, whereas in some of the New Encland States, where forest, oreenhouse, and nursery products are important sources of farm income, only 80 to 85 percent of the total income from farm marketings is represented.

The estimates of receipts by states are divided into receipts from the sale of crops and receipts from the sale of livestock and livestock products. Monthly data on farm marketines ond farm prices of several crops are not available. Consequently the estimates of receipts from crops have been confined to those crops sold bir farmers for which farm prices and data on farm marisetinss are collected currontly. These crops are wheat, com, oats, barley, rye, flaxseed, rice, cotton lint, cottonseed, tobacco, hay, dre edible beans, potatoes, sweet potatoes, apples, pears, peaches (in Califomia and Geor-ia only), grapes (in California only), citrus fruits (in California and Floria onlv), strawberrios, susar cane, subar beats, and truck crops. In estimatinë the monthl: receipts by states, truc': crops heve been considered ns one crop, as the large number of truck crops, the highly seasonal character of meny of these crops, and the large amount of local sales in many states nakes it practically im possible to estimate montrily income from tre individual truck crops.

The estimates of receipts from the sale of livestock and livestock products are based upon the sale of cattle, calves, hoss, sheep and lambs, chickens, eģss, wholesale milk, retail milk, butterfat and wool. Income from the sale of horses, mules, mohair, and honey is not included. The monthly estimates of marketings of the several farm commodities by states are based upon a wide variety of data, such as maricet receipts, car-lot shipments, and livestock shipments $b_{i j}$ state of origin. In the case of some commodities for which the secsonal trend of marketings is fairly regular year after year, the average seasonal trend of marketings for each state was applied to the estimated amount of the commodity to be sold during the jear. The estimates of farm receipts are determined by applying the monthly farm price of commodities by states to the estimated marketings.

There are other comnodities which are an important source of income to famners, especially in some states, that have not been included in the monthly estimates because no satisfactory monthly data on prices or marketings are available. These include forest, greenhouse, and mursery products, smoll fruits, peanuts, grass seeds, and other minor crops. In estimating income from livestock no allowance has been made for the inshipment of livestock into the various states. In order to compute accurately the income from the sale of livestock grown within the state, it would be necessary to deduct from the monthly receipts from marketings the cost of the livestock shipped into the state. No dota are available for computing the deductions which should be made each month.

Since the estimated monthly receipts by states are based upon only a part of the total farm commodities sold by farmers and no allowance is made for the inshipment of livestock, these estimates showld be used as a measure of the flow of money to farmers from the sale of selected farm products rather than as an estimate of total income from farm marketings. Furthermore, as these estimates are based upon income from selected farm commodities they do not total to the monthly estimates of United States income from farm marketings nor an they comparable with the annual estimates of income from farm production by states. However, inasmuch as a very high percentage of the total income is measured in these monthly estimates of receipts, they tend to approximate the monthly income of farmers in the state and furnish a more current measure of the changing economic conditions of farmers in the various states than has heretofore been available. This is especially important in times of marked fluctuations of both farm marketings and farm prices, such as has prevailed in the past few yeors.

$$
\text { Improvement in Farm Income, } 1932 \text { to } 1934
$$

Total cesh income from farm marketings increased from $\$ 4,328,000,000$ in 1932 to $\$ 4,889,000,000$ in 1933 and to $\$ 5,534,000,000$ in 1934. The annual cash receipts from selected commodities has reflected this increase in farm income and affords a measure of the extent of the increase in the different states. The total of the monthly cash receipts from selected form comodities for all states increased from $\$ 4,235,000,000$ in 1932 to $\$ 4,710,000,000$ in 1933 and to $\$ 5,440,000,000$ in 1934. When rental and benefit payments and receipts from emergency sale of livestocle to the Government are added to the receipts from marketings in 1933 and in

1934, the improvement is even more marked. The larger receipts in 1933, as compared with 1932 are almost entirely accounted for in the larger receipts from the sale of crops, due to the relatively higher prices received by farmers for most of the crops during 1933. Continued and extended improvement of prices was the major influence in the gain in receipts from farm marketinss in 1934. More than half the increase was in receipts from the sale of livestock and livestock products. Despite the short crops for the $1934-35$ season, cash receipts for all states from crops for the last 6 months of 1934 was slightly greater than in the last 6 months of 1933.

When rental and benefit payments and income from emergency sale of livestock to the Government are added to the receipts from farm marketings in 1933 and 1934, total annual receipts in 1934 were 23 percent greater than in the preceding year. Although receipts from farm marketings in 1934 were less than the receipts from farm marketings during 1933 in six States, Morth Dakota, South Dikota, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, and Utah, when government pavments are added in for both years, all States, except 0rlahoma, sinow larger total farm receipts in 1934 than in 1933.

Increase in Cash Receipts, by Regions, from 1933 to 1934

## North Atlantic States

Cash receipts from farm marketirgs in the North Atlantic States were about 16 percent greater in 1934 than in 1933. Gental and benefit payments have not been an important factor in the income to farmers in this area. The improvement was due principally to increased receipts from the sale of dairy and poultry products. Although receipts from crops for the year was about 10 percent greater than in 1933, sharply reduced income from the sale of potatoes and apples in the current marketing season has caused a considerable decline in the receipts from crops in recent months. From July throush December 1931, income from crops in this area Was below the same period in 1933. A comparison of the December 1933 and Lecember 1934 receipts for this region indicates a decline of 14 percent in the receipts from crops, which is more than offset by an increase of 12 percent in the receipts from livestock items. Total receipts from marketings were 4 percent greater than in December 1933.

## East North Certral States

Cash receipts from the sale of farm products in the East North Central States were 14 percent greater in 1934 than in 1933. When rental and benefit peyments are included, total cash receipts in these States in 1934 were 13 percent above the reccipts in 1933. Receipts from the sale of livestock items were up 15 percent orer last year. The rise in the prices of tre grains duriñ the last 5 months of 1934 overcame the smaller production of com and wheat in these States and raised the receipts from crops to 12 percent over 1933. Receipts from crops in this region during December 193ీ were 10 percent above receipts for December 1933, due to the higher prices for corn and wheat. Larger marketings of cattle and higher prices for hogs and dairy and poultry products resulted in an increase of 32 percent in the total cash receipts from farm marretings in this resion in December 1934 over Necember 1933.

## West North Central States

Although both annual receipts from crops and annal receipts from livestock itenis in the West North Central States were greater in 1934 than in 1933, important changes in the receipts of these states have occurred in recent months. This area was severely affected by the drought of 1934. Earlier marketirgs and the higher prices for grains supported the receipts from crops in this area at higher levels from July to September of the current marketins season than in the corresponding period of 1933. The much smaller crops of 1934 in this refion have become more evident in the marketings of the past 3 montrs and receipts from crops have rapidly declined. In December 1934 receints from crops were 31 percent below December 1933. However, the decline in receipts from crops in recent months has been more than offset by increased receipts from livestock items. Improved prices for dairy and poultry products contributed greatly to the increased receipts from livestocir items. Larger marketings of cattle and higher prices for hoes were also important factors. However, it should be noted that considerable emergency sales of livestock, especially cattle, took place in this resion durinc the last 6 months due to the shortness of feed supplies and poor pasture conditions, end income from this source is not in total a net gain to the farmer.

With the exception of Worth and South Dakota, all states in this region had greater receipts from farm marletines in 1934 than in 1933. Almost complcte failure of crop production in the Dastas reduced farmers' income from crops in spite of the higher prices. Fowcrer, large payments by the Government in 1934 in this region raised the total farm receipts in North and South Dakota to 21 percent and 12 percent, respectively, above the receipts for 1933. When goverment payments are included, the refion as a whole showed improvement in receipts amounting to 33 percent over 1933.

## South Atlentic States

The influence of the smaller production in the drought area on prices was an important $\mathfrak{f a c} \ddagger 0 r$ in the increased receipts from marsetings in the South Atlentic States. Cotton production in this area was only slightly smaller in 1934 than in 1933, and the smaller tobacco crop was much more than offset by an increase in tobacco prices. Feceipts from crops in 1934 in this region were 33 percent avove 1933. Increased receipts from livestock items also added to the total receipts from marisetings, income from these items beines 28 percent greater in 1934 than in 1933. Total receipts in 1934, including rental and benefit paments, were 32 percent above 1933. The greatest increase in income in this area occurred in North Carolina where total receipts from marketinss in 1934 were 43 percent greater than in 1933 due primarily to the increased rectipts from tobacco and were 49 percent greater when government payments for both years are includen.

## South Central States

Receipts for the South Central States in 1934, excluding Oklahoma and Texas, were substantially above 1933. Includin ${ }_{5}$ Eovernment payments, the percentage increase in 1934 over 1933 was 13 percent for this region. Receipts for Kentucly in 1934 were un 41 percent compared with 1933, due primarily to increased receipts from the sale of tobacco. Hisher cotton prices was the major influence in an increase of 45 percent in the total receipts in Alabama. The severe drought in Oklahoma and Texas greatly restricted crop production in these states and was accompanied by a decline in income from marketings of 14 percent for 0 ! lahoma and 4 percent in Texas. However, there were considerable emergency aales of cattle to the Govermment in these states and receipts from these together with rental and benefit paments raised the total receipts of Oklahoma to within 4 percent of 1933 and of Texas to 4 percent over the preceding $j$ ear. In Decenver 1934 farmers' receipts from the sale of farra products in Oklahoma and Tuxas showed a decline of 33 and 32 percent respectively, compared witr Decer:ber 1933.

## Western States

The iliostern States, as a whole, showed an increase of ly percent in 1934 as compared with 1933, both in receipts from crops and in receipts from livestoc! items. When rental and benerit payments and income from the emersency sale of livestoci are added to the recciots from marketings, totaj receipts in this region in 1934 were 26 percenj lerger than in 1933. However, there is considerable variation from this averae increase among the different states. A large part of the increase in income in the Rocky Mountain States was due to emersency sales of livestock. The short crop and lower prices for subar beets reduced the income of the states in which subar beuts are an important source of income. Ruceipts from farm marketings in Arizona in 1934 were 37 percent greater than in 1933, primarily due to the larger receipts from cotton. The substantial increases in the total receipts of Tashineton and Orecion were due to relatively favorable conditions for most of the crons rown in these States. In California, the imorovenent in citrus fruit prices was an important factor in the incrensed receipts of this State, which were about 20 percent Ereater in 1034 than in 1933.
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Table 1.-Recelpts from the sale of selected farm products by states for Decerber, 1932-1934

| State | December 1932 |  | December 1933 |  | December 1934 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | :Livestock: |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { :LIvestock } \\ & \text { : and } \\ & \text { :llvestock } \\ & \text { :producte } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - | : and : |  | - |  |  |
|  | ops | 1vestock | - Crops | :11vestock | ops |  |
|  |  | :products | : | :products |  |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollass } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | dollars | dollers |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,138 | 1,437 | 2,083 | 1,366 | 833 | 1,436 |
| N. H . | 62 | 935 | 80 | 835 | 66 | 907 |
| Vt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 73 | 1,678 | 82 | 1,875 | 85 | 2,117 |
| Mass. | 412 | 2,398 | 468 | 2,389 | 442 | 2,490 |
| R. I. .................... | 20 | 382 | 20 | 318 | 8 | 402 |
| Conn. ................... | 522 | 1,835 | 722 | 1,970 | 961 | 2,103 |
| N. Y. | 3,355 | 9,229 | 5,103 | 10,983 | 4,515 | 11,802 |
| N. J. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 271 | 2,365 | 374 | 2,306 | 427 | 2,845 |
| Pa. ..................... | 1,824 | 8,364 | 2,917 | 8,955 | 2,804 | 10,189 |
| N. Ati. . . . . . . . . . . . | 7,677 | 28,603 | 11,849 | 30,708 | 10,141 | 34,291 |
| : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0hio .................... | 2,132 | 9,634 | 3,261 | 10,214 | 3,517 | 13,435 |
| Ind. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,222 | 7,779 | 1,798 | 8,672 | 2,723 | 13,120 |
| Ill. .................... | 1,671 | 11,441 | 3,896 | 14,645 | 3,773 | 20,883 |
| 1䢕ch. ................... | 3,480 | 5,628 | 4,740 | 5,834 | 4,518 | 7,772 |
| Wis. | 452 | 11,275 | 831 | 11,425 | 1,447 | 15,208 |
| E. N. Cent. ......... | 8,957 | 45,757 | 14,526 | 50,790 | 15,978 | 70,223 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mana. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 957 | 11,742 | 2,521 | 11,579 | 3,153 | 14,932 |
| Iowa . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,017 | 19,716 | 3,698 | 25,986 | 3,103 | 34,588 |
| No. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . : | 1,884 | 8,475 | 4,052 | 9,618 | 2,450 | 12,231 |
| N. Dak. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,703 | 2,289 | 3,194 | 1,498 | 1,117 | 1,607 |
| S. Dak. ................. | 943 | 4,662 | 213 | 3,198 | 43 | 2,954 |
| Nobr. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,375 | 8,321 | 5,739 | 8,942 | 1,992 | 12,596 |
| Kans. ................... | 2,090 | 8,202 | 3,610 | 7,526 | 4,105 | 8,700 |
| W. N. Cent. . . . . . . . . : | 10,969 | 64,407 | 23,027 | 63,348 | 15,963 | 87,608 |
| Dol. ............... | 13 | 586 | 271 | 503 | 36 | 59 |
| , | 134 | 586 | 271 | 503 | 365 | 592 |
| Nd. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 486 | 2,403 | 761 | 2,057 | 906 | 2,370 |
| Va. ..................... | 1,970 | 3,342 | 4,516 | 2,670 | 4,372 | 3,312 |
| T. Va. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 351 | 1,387 | 405 | 1,239 | 424 | 1,380 |
| N. C. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,427 | 1,328 | 14,864 | 1,771 | 7,566 | 2,115 |
| S. C. | 2,354 | 634 | 3,259 | 846 | 5,215 | 958 |
| Ga. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3,136 | 1,210 | 4,623 | 1,318 | 5,489 | 1,602 |
| Fa. .................... | 6,748 | 1,100 | 4,722 | 1,090 | 4,637 | 1,204 |
| S. 4 tl. | 20,606 | 11,990 | 33,421 | 11,494 | 28,874 | 13,533 |
| 4. | 9,950 | 2,183 | 2,199 | 2,163 | 8,845 | 2,823 |
| Tann. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,892 | 1,675 | 4,582 | 1,751 | 6,096 | 2,290 |
| Ale. | 2,946 | 803 | 5,482 | -768 | 5,377 | 2937 |
| Miss. | 5,914 | 847 | 7,407 | 856 | 8,776 | 1,035 |
| Ark. ...................... | 5,194 | 1,022 | 6,205 | 1,097 | 7,293 | 1,393 |
| La. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,320 | 891 | 7,031 | 938 | 6,396 | 1,309 |
| Okla. | 4,210 | 2,917 | 7,799 | 3,013 | 3,403 | 3,797 |
| Tex. .................... | 16,701 | 6,011 | 24,968 | 7,440 | 14,509 | 7,523 |
| S. Cont. . . . . . . . . . . : | 54,187 | 16,349 | 65,673 | 18,026 | 63,695 | 20,312 |
| wont. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,974 | 1,538 | 2,578 | 2,154 | 2,245 | 2,059 |
| Idaho .................... | 2,168 | 1,622 | 3,198 | 2,202 | 2,233 | 2,267 |
| 7yo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 948 | 985 | 1,283 | 1,578 | 1,123 | 1,136 |
| Colo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,984 | 2,286 | 5,274 | 2,716 | 3,103 | 3,104 |
| N. Mrx. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 908 | 1,927 | 1,278 | 1,762 | 1,370 | 1,281 |
| Ariz. . . . . .............. | 1,553 | 876 | 2,637 | 1,397 | 2,220 | 1,312 |
| Utah .................... | 1,495 | 1,569 | 1,767 | 1,879 | 639 | 1,783 |
| 小งV. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 58 | 410 | 60 | 637 | 43 | 521 |
| Tresh. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,325 | 3,317 | 3,82? | 2,956 | 3,320 | 3,58) |
| Oreg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 921 | 2,187 | 1,150 | 2,094 | 1,155 | 2,538 |
| Celif. .................. | 8,303 | 8,658 | 11,483 | 8,775 | 13,253 | 10,640 |
| Test. .................: | 23,638 | 25,365 | 34,640 | 28,150 | 30,654 | 30,231 |
| Total all States $1 /$. | 126,034 | 192,471 | 183,136 | 202,516 | 162,405 | 256,798 |
| U. S................ : | 141,000 | 194,000 | 207,000 | 203,000 | 186,000 | 249,730 |

Division of Ststistical and Ristorical Research, and Crop and Livestock Estirates.
1/ These totals differ from estimated united states cash income because they include only income from selected comodities snd no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock for feeding.

Table 2.-Receipts from the sale of salected farm products and from rental and benefit payments, by States for Jecarber, 1932-1834

| State | : Total recelpts from sale: Rental and : Total including rantal of ferm products :benefit payments: and bonefit payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1933 | 1934 | 1932 : | 1833 | : 1934 |
|  | - 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,003 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,030 | 1,050 |
|  | dollara | dollars | dallars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara |
|  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| : | 2,575 | 3,449 | 2,269 |  |  | 2,575 | 3,448 | 2,289 |
| N. H. | 997 | 815 | 973 | 1 | 5 | 897 | 916 | 978 |
| Vt. | 1,751 | 1,957 | 2,202 | 1 | 1 | 1,751 | 1,958 | 2,203 |
| Mass. | 2,810 | 2,557 | 2,932 | 14 | 6 | 2,810 | 2,571 | 2,938 |
| R. I. | 382 | 339 | 410 | --- |  | 382 | 338 | 410 |
| Conn. | 2,357 | 2,692 | 3,.064 | 38 | 104 | 2,357 | 2,728 | 3,168 |
| NT. $\mathrm{Y}^{\text {. }}$ | 12,584 | 16,096 | 16,317 | 11 | 18 | 12,584 | 16,107 | 16,335 |
| N. J. | 2,636 | 2,689 | 3,272 | 6 | 34 | 2,638 | 2,686 | 3,506 |
| Pa. | 10,188 | 11,872 | 12,993 | 123 | 83 | 10,188 | 11,995 | 13,076 |
| N. $\Delta t 1$. | 36,280 | 42,557 | 44,432 | 192 | 251 | 36,280 | 42,749 | 44,683 |
| Obio | 11,786 | 13,475 | 16,952 | 868 | 2,044 | 11,766 | 14,344 | 18,996 |
| Ind. ................... | 9,001 | 10,470 | 15,843 | 633 | 3,037 | 8,001 | 11,103 | 18,880 |
| Ill. | 13,112 | 18,541 | 24,661 | 621 | 1,985 | 13,112 | 19,162 | 26,646 |
| Hich. .............eriors | 8,108 | 10,574 | 12,290 | 343 | 245 | 9,108 | 10,817 | 12,535 |
| *is. . . . . . . ........... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11,727 | 12,256 | 16,455 | 111 | 855 | 11,727 | 12,367 | 17,310 |
| R. N. Cont. . . . . . . . | 54,714 | 65,316 | 86,201 | 2,577 | 8,166 | 54,714 | 67,893 | 94,387 |
| Pno. | 12,609 | 14,100 | 18,085 | 475 | 1,613 | 12,698 | 14,575 | 18,698 |
| Tove . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 80,733 | 24,684 | 37,601 | 91 | 7,271 | 20,733 | 24,775 | 44,962 |
| Mo. | 11,358 | 13,0071 | 14,881 | 587 | 2,466 | 11,359 | 14,258 | 17,147 |
| N. Dak. ................ | 3,892 | 4,692 | 2,724 | - | 1,892 | 3,992 | 4,692 | 4,716 |
| 3. Dak. | 5,605 | 3,411 | 2,897 | 675 | 1,737 | 5,605 | 4,086 | -4,734 |
| Nebr. | 10,696 | 14,681 | 14,588 | 909 | 2,574 | 10,696 | 15,593 | 17,160 |
| Kans. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10,202 | 11,136 | 12,835 | 6,633 | 3,058 | 10,292 | 17,769 | 15,864 |
| 7. N. Cent. | 75,376 | 86,375 | 103,571 | 9,370 | 20,710 | 75,376 | 95,745 | 124,281 |
| 1,0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Del. | 720 | 774 | 957 | 66 | 10 | 720 | 840 | 967 |
| M, | 2,889 | 2,818 | 3,276 | 265 | 85 | 2,889 | 3,083 | 3,361 |
| Va. | 5,312 | 7,186 | 7,684 | 64 | 242 | 5,312 | 7,250 | 7,928 |
| T. Va. ................. | 1,738 | 1,644 | 1,804 | 30 | 39 | 1,738 | 1,674 | 1,843 |
| N. C. .................. | 6,755 | 16,635 | 9,681 | 70 | 627 | 6,755 | 16,705 | 10,308 |
| S. C. .................. | 2,988 | 4,105 | 6,173 | 68 | 892 | 2,988 | 4,173 | 7,065 |
| Ga. .................... | 4,346 | 5,942 | 7,091 | 198 | 1,270 | 4,346 | 6,139 | 8,361 |
| Fla. .................... | 7,848 | 5,812 | 5,841 | 34 | 41 | 7,848 | 5,846 | 5,882 |
|  | 32,596 | 44,915 | 42,507 | 795 | 3,208 | 32,596 | 45,710 | 45,713 |
| ET. | 12,133 |  | 11,768 | 108 | 388 |  |  |  |
| Tran. ................. | 6,567 | 6,333 | 8,386 | 172 | 524 | 6,567 | 6,505 | 8,910 |
| \&la..................: | 3,749 | 6,250 | 6,314 | 182 | 1,232 | 3,749 | 6,412 | 7,546 |
| \%8s. | 6,761 | 8,283 | 0,811 | 575 | 1,166 | 6,761 | 8,838 | 10,977 |
| Ark. ..................... | 6,216 | 7,308 | 8,686 | 464 | 1,355 | 6,216 | 7,768 | 10,041 |
| La. .................... | 5,211 | 7,989 | 7,405 | 88 | 823 | 5,211 | 8,087 | 8,228 |
| Okla. .................. | 7,127 | 10,812 | 7,200 | 1,366 | 1,959 | 7,127 | 12,178 | 8,159 |
| Dax. | 28,772 | 32,408 | 22,037 | 2,358 | 6,407 | 22,772 | 34,767 | 28,444 |
| S. Cont. . . . . . . . . . . : | 70,636 | 85,698 | 81,607 | 5,304 | 13,794 | 70,536 | 89,003 | 95,401 |
| \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ront. ...................... : | 3,512 3,790 | 4,732 | 4,304 | 18 | 1, 974 | 3,512 |  | 5,478 |
| Wyo. .................... | 1,933 | 2,861 | 2,159 | 4 | 282 | 1,933 | 2,865 | 2,451 |
| calo. ................. | 5,250 | 7,990 | 6,207 | 267 | 1,137 | 5,250 | 8,257 | 7,344 |
| N. $198 \times$. . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,836 | 3,040 | 2,651 | 178 | 886 | 2,836 | 3,218 | 3,537 |
| Ariz. ................. | 2,429 | 4,034 | 3,532 | 16 | 108 | 2,429 | 4,050 | 3,640 |
| Utah .................... | 3,084 | 3,648 | 2,422 | 244 | 231 | 3,064 | 3,890 | 2,653 |
| Nev. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 488 | 897 | 564 | 16 | 50 | 468 | 713 | 614 |
| Tash. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,642 | 8,878 | 6,010 | 16 | 847 | 5,642 | 6,894 | 7,757 |
| Oreg. .................. | 3,118 | 3,244 | 3,693 | 61 | 912 | 3,118 | 3,305 | 4,605 |
| Calif. ................: | 16,961 | 20,268 | 23,893 | 87 | 342 | 16,961 | 20,355 | 24,235 |
| West. | 49,003 | 62,790 | 60,885 | 801 | 6,948 | 49,003 | 63,681 | 67,834 |
| Total all states 1/: | 318,505 | 385,652 | 419,203 | 19,139 | 53,076 | 318,505 | 404,781 | 472,279 |
| ర. S. ...............: | 335,000 | 410,000 | 435,000 | 19,000 | 53,500 | 335,000 | 429,000 | 488,000 |

Divisions of Statistical and Historical Rossarch, and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
$1_{\prime}^{\prime}$ Misse totals differ from estimated Uiltad states cish income bscause they include only incane rron selected comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock for feeding.


## Divisions of Statisiical and Fietorical Reeearch, and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1 These totals differ from estimated United statee cash income because they include only income from selected comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of lifestock for feeding.

Table 4. - peceipts from the sele of selected farm products, hy States, 1932-1934

| State | 1932 |  | 1933 |  | 1934 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | Livestock and livestock products | Crops | : Livestock $:$ and $:$ lifestock : products | Crops | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Iivestock } \\ & \text { end } \\ & \text { livestock } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1,060 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 12,647 | 17,822 | 17,197 | 16,319 | 24,579 | 18,013 |
| N. H . | 2,002 | 11,118 | 2,285 | 10,423 | 2,231 | 11,824 |
| Tt. | 2,150 | 22,474 | 2,050 | 22,090 | 2,162 | 26,241 |
| Lass. | 8,847 | 30,208 | 11,412 | 27,836 | 11,261 | 31,227 |
| R. I. | 747 | 4,521 | 1,079 | 4,423 | 805 | 5,144 |
| Conn. | 9,116 | 23,083 | 9,342 | 22,127 | 8,685 | 26,870 |
| N. Y | 42,247 | 133,473 | 56,024 | 135,638 | 58,976 | 162,474 |
| N. J | 21,225 | 32,753 | 23,981 | 32,255 | 21,779 | 39,644 |
|  | 35,521 | 116,069 | 37,870 | 115,166 | 44,783 | -37,442 |
| N. Atl. . . . . . . . . | 134,502 | 391,621 | 161,240 | 386,277 | 175,261 | 458,879 |
| Ohio | 37,087 | 118,400 | 44,860 | 121,366 | 51,078 | 135,801 |
| Ind. | 29,084 | 106,896 | 34,929 | 111,047 | 44,695 | 128,542 |
| 111. | 63,851 | 164,810 | 98,322 | 173,617 | 97,645 | 201,610 |
| mich . | 33,770 | 75,132 | 44,429 | 75,826 | 52,219 | 90,957 |
| Tis. | 11,473 | 146,543 | 13,762 | 149,883 | 19,189 | 169,915 |
| E. IF. Cent. . ...... | 175,245 | 611,781 | 237,302 | 631,739 | 264,826 | 726,825 |
| Ming. | 25,743 | 137,449 | 40,218 | 142,273 | 49,041 | 165,331 |
| Iowa | 26,418 | 248,970 | 50,574 | 251,306 | 70,562 | 324,296 |
| 3 H . | 28,138 | 130,564 | 35,244 | 134,054 | 37,921 | 150,025 |
| N. Dak. | 25,824 | 29,456 | 42,918 | 32,409 | 28,684 | 25,809 |
| S. Dak. | 11,087 | 45,567 | 11,727 | 56,051 | 2,230 | 51,021 |
| Nebr. | 27,569 | 134,964 | 46,887 | 133,357 | 53,467 | 179,402 |
| Kans. | 48,443 | 118,617 | 52,361 | 112,480 | 60,888 | 137,897 |
| H. N. Cent. ....... | 183,222 | 845,587 | 280,429 | 861,930 | 302,793 | 1,033,781 |
| Del. | 3,505 | 5,490 | 3,583 | 4,721 | 4,650 | 5,355 |
| wa. | 16,488 | 23,514 | 19,373 | 22,260 | 20,244 | 26,380 |
| Va. | 28,981 | 32,120 | 38,138 | 30,189 | 62,731 | 34,452 |
| \#. Va. | 3,393 | 18,210 | 4,836 | 18,156 | 6,495 | 19,588 |
| N, c. | 69,917 | 15,929 | 125,636 | 16,826 | 184,188 | 19,436 |
| S. C | 38,782 | 7,437 | 52,872 | 7,770 | 70,132 | 8,474 |
| Ga. | 44,100 | 14,211 | 74,799 | 13,234 | 81,132 | 14,754 |
| Ma, ................ | 65,092 | 11,467 | 53,047 | 11,393 | 64,351 | 12,358 |
| S. Atl. | 272,258 | 128,378 | 372,384 | 124,549 | 493,923 | 140,797 |
| Ky. | 39,518 | 34,188 | 31,441 | 34,623 | 49,489 | 39,278 |
| Tenn. | 37,326 | 26,224 | 42,449 | 27,270 | 52,183 | 29,836 |
| Ala. | 47,879 | 11,187 | 51,721 | 11,906 | 81,010 | 12,648 |
| M1ss. | 57,488 | 13,104 | 75,537 | 13,299 | 80,534 | 15,055 |
| Ark. | 65,002 | 12,962 | 63,990 | 13,905 | 71,969 | 14,345 |
| La. | 44,760 | 11,625 | 52,463 | 10,717 | 66,600 | 11,491 |
| Okla. | 49,921 | 44,425 | 83,305 | 44,120 | 61,322 | 48,098 |
| Tex. | 189,373 | 91,340 | e44,418 | 102,2\%0 | 224,012 | 107,447 |
| S. Cent. .......... | 531,267 | 245,055 | 645,324 | 258,110 | 687,119 | 278,198 |
| mont. | 16,510 | 25,018 | 21,792 | 28.485 | 20,824 | 35,367 |
| Idsho | 18,885 | 22,331 | 25,307 | 26,443 | 31,302 | 32,068 |
| Vyo. . . . . . . . . . . . . : | 4,972 | 17,264 | 6,211 | 19,518 | 6,035 | 23,866 |
| Colo. ............... | 20,406 | 43,872 | 29,702 | 39,400 | 27,892 | 53,701 |
| 1. हex. ............. | 6,928 | 15,852 | 8,692 | 15,901 | 9,819 | 13,348 |
| Ariz. ...............: | 10,573 | 12,834 | 10,558 | 12,632 | 18,574 | 13,287 |
| Utah | - 8,808 | 16,359 | 9,973 | 17,499 | 6,961 | 19,938 |
| Nev. | 661 | 5,190 | 617 | 5,596 | 550 | 6,342 |
| Wash. | 40,260 | 38,906 | 48,773 | 38,863 | 57,196 | 45,474 |
| Oreg. | 15,841 | 30,519 | 19,324 | 30,382 | 21,048 | 34,286 |
| calif. | 193,692 | 140,767 | 205,226 | 129,688 | 252,796 | 147,253 |
| west. ............ | 337,534 | 368,912 | 386,175 | 364,407 | 452,897 | 424,930 |
| Total all states ${ }^{1 /}$ : | 1,644,028 | 2,591,334 | 2,082,854 | 2,627,012 | 2,376,919 | 3,063,410 |
| U. S. .............: | 1,830,000 | 2,449,000 | 2,385,000 | 2,504,000 | 2,727,000 | 2,807,000 |

Dizisions of Statistical and Historical Research, snd Crop and Livestock Estimates.
1/ These totals differ from estimated united States cesh incone because they include only income from selected coünodities and no ueductions are rade for the inshipment of lifestock for feeding

RECEIFMS FRON THE SAIE OF PRITCIPAL FARV: PRODTJCTS BY SIATES INCIUDING HENCLL AND BETEIT PAY!ENTS, JAITJARY 1932 - 1935

Total cash income from farm marketings in January 1935 is estinated at $\$ 423,000,000$ compared with $\$ 425,000,000$ in January 1934. The total of the state estimates of cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products, which wearure approximately 94 percent of the total farm cash incore, was $\$ \leqslant 16,000,000$ in Jonuary 1935, compared witr $\$ 385,000,000$ in $J$ anuary 1934, a sein of approximately $\varepsilon$ percent. Receipts from the same sources in January 1933 : :ere $\$ 306,000,000$. This advance in receints over January 1934, is much more marleed than the slight improvement noted ir the Estimate of United States income from farm marketings for January because of the relatively larger movenent of feeder cattle and lambs in Januery 1335, comnared with January 1934. The state estimates of receipts from livestock wich are based on receipts of livestock by states of origin in the principal meriets includes the income from the sale of feeder iivestock froin state to state.

A marked decline in the marketings of the grains and cotton during the past few montrs naturally followed the large marketings of these short crops in the earlier months of the current crop season, and combined with the efject of lower prices for potatoes, relative to last yoar, were mainly responsible for a declinc of about 21 percent in the receipts from the sslu of crops for all states, in Jonuar. 1935, compared with Jonuary of last year. Smail gains in receipts from tobacco an cottonseed had but slight importance except in curtain fev states.

Receipts from all livestock items were increased about 32 percent over Jonary 155., due to the higher level of prices for these commoditics in this month. Ierge gains were recorded in receipts from cattle (no adjustant made for feeder movement), dair, products and hoos. The increase in receipts from the livestock items norc than offset the decline in roceipts frorn crops for the United States as a whole and for most of the individual states.

Macn rental and bonefit payments are added to the cash receipts from the sale of form products in Jenuery of both years, the total of receipts in all states in Jamuary 1935 was 9 percent greater than in January 1934.

Mortr Atlantic Stetes
In the $\begin{aligned} \text { rorth Atlantic States, total cash receipts from the sale of }\end{aligned}$ the principal feri. products were 1 percent groater in January 1935, than in Janiary 1934. However, receipts fron crops, in this region, were 30 percent bclo\% Jenıary 1934, duc principally to the lower prices for potatoes and the mach sraller production of apples in these states rolntive to last jear. Higher Mices for dairy products ardegis in Jenuary 1935,
as compared with the corresponding month of lost year contributed heavily to an increase of 17 percent in the receipts from livestock items and conseouently all Morth Atlontic States, with the exception of Maine, show increased total roccipts from the sale of farm products compared with January 1934. Rental and benefit payments were not an important factor in the income to fermers in this area.

## East North Centrol Statos

Despite the higher prices for grains which supported the cash receipts from crops in this region during December 1934, at a lovel about 10 percent highor than in December 1933, the shortness of the corn adi wheat crops were apparent in the sherply reduced marietings of these commodities during January and recoipts from crops for these Stetes were 15 percent below January 1934. Sherp improvemont in cattle and hog prices and considerably increased merretings of cattle in this aree, together with improved income from diiry and poultry products were : inly responsiblo for an incrose of 47 percent over Jonuery 1934 , in the receipts from the salo of livestock items. Total receipts from the sale of farm products in these Statos were 33 porcent civove Jenuary 1934, ranging from 14 percent greater income in Michignn to 43 percent in Indiana. When rentol nd benefit payments are included, totol cash receipts in this region were 48 percent greater than last year. Largo parments on the corn-hog program in this month raised the total incones of Indiana and Illinois to 60 percent and 66 percent respectively above Jmuery 1934.

## West North Central States

Shorply reduced production and, therefore, marketings of corn and wheat in the Wost North Central States due to the drought in 1934, were the major influences in $a$ declinc of 50 percent in receipts from crops in Jonumry 1935, es compared with January 1934. Smaller marketings of neat animals, cspecially of hogs, were in most cases more than countoubalanced by the hisicr prices relative to Jonuary 1934, and, supported by imoroved receipts from deiry products, income from the sale of livestocls items was sufficiently increasca to raise the totel receipts from the sale of famm products in this region to 12 percont above January 1934. Maried decreases in whent, corn and hog marketings in Nebraska were the major causes of a 19 percent lower income from the sale of farm proaucts in this statc in January 1935, es compared with Janunry of last year. Despite the favorable effect of improved dairy receipts, practically complete crop failure in North Dakota in 1934 had caused a decline of 46 percent in roceipts from far proucts below Jonuary 1934. Large government payments on the corn-hog program in Jonuary 1935, helved to raise the total income in this region, when rental and benefit payments are:..cluded, to 21 percent above Janary 1934. Total farm roceipts, including rental and benefit payments, in Missouri and Iows were 40 percent and 50 percent above January 1934.

South Atloitic Stotes
Duc to the carlier marketing. and shorter crops of tobacco and cotton in these States, total receipts from the snle of fama products in this region were 17 percent below January 1934. Improved income from dairy
products, esgs, cattle and hogs, prevented the decline from being more severe. Higher rices for corn favorably affected the receipts from form products in Delawre ard Garyland, these States showing increases of 26 percent and 14 percert resnectively, as compured with Jamuary 1934. Receipts from farm products in North Carolina were 40 percent beluw January of last year, primarily due to the mach smaller tobacco marketings from this State in Jinuary of tris Jear. Large government payments to cotton producers in South Carolina and Georgia, in Januar, 1934, further depressed the incomes of these States relative to last year and caused a further decline in total income in this resion to 20 percent below Jonuary 1934 .

## South Contral Ststes

This resion as a whole shows an increase of 3 percent in total casin reccipts fron farn products in January 1935, over January of last year. Amone the several states, however, there is considerable variation from this avirase. Gieatly impoved income from livestock itoms was general. The Encrease of income from tobacco noted for the United States was centered
\% in Kentucky and Tcmessce and was rrimarily responsible for receipts from farm products in these States being 45 percent and 30 percent greater in Januery 1935. Sharm declines in receipts fion cotton adversely affected ? all other states in this region. Due to the smaller rental and benefit pay7 ments in tine cotton states in January 1935, cash receipts in this region, ? including govcrmment parments, were 5 percent below Jonuary 1934. Total receipts declined 12 percent in Tezas, 37 percent in Oizlanoma and 51 percent in Louisienc, despite the great improvement in income from livestock items.

## Westerm States

Declines in receipts from a variety of crons, including wheat, potatoes, apples, com and cotton, caused all states in this region, except New Mexico and Celifornia, to show declines in receipts from crops in January 1935, is compared with Jenuary 1934. Income from livestock items was greater in every state except Woning. Total roceipts from farm products in this region were 3 porcent greater than in Jonuary l934. A sharp fall in receipts from cotton in. Arizona was the major influence in a 45 percont declinc in receipts from farr products in this State. Because of the substantiel peyments on whent contracts in Junury 1934, in Idaho, Washington and Orcgon total income in these Stetes in Jenuery 1935 was below the lcvel of the incomes in Jonuary 1934, and for the region as $a$ whole there wes no material chengc in total receipts from Janary 1334 to January 1935.

Recelpis frow the sale of principal farm producta, by states, for Jaruary 1932 - 1935

| Stato | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and 117estoci producta |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Jan. } \\ & : 1932 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Jan. } \\ & : 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Janc } \\ & : 1936 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sant } \\ & 1935: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jai. } \\ & 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { jant : } \\ & 1933 \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | Jan. 173 k | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jav. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - 1,000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
|  | - deilars | doljors | dollar: | doilart | dollars | dollare | dollara | dollars |
| \% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $: 1.362$ | 1.421 | 3.728 | 1.282 | 1.712 | 1.276 | 1.206 | 2.464 |
| N. F. | : 148 | 117 | 186 | 235 | 924 | 754 | 763 | 887 |
| Vt . | : 75 | 82 | 99 | 93 | 1.823 | 1.675 | 1.856 | 2.093 |
| Mase. | 49.4 | 340 | 451 | 395 | 2.506 | 2.024 | 2,127 | 2.505 |
| R. 1. | 15 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 371 | 312 | 322 | 387 |
| Conn. | : 1.299 | 694 | 908 | 1.059 | 2.098 | 1.611 | 1.868 | 2.060 |
| N. Y. | . 4.037 | 4.142 | 6,227 | 4.555 | 11.590 | 9.135 | 11.497 | 13,388 |
| N. J. | - 360 | 268 | 405 | 345 | 2.679 | 2,098 | 2.449 | 2.986 |
| Pa. | : 4.147 | 2,621 | 4,222 | 3.629 | 9.583 | 7,574 | 8,676 | 10.326 |
| N. AtI. | : 11.937 | 9.699 | 16.244 | 11.400 | 33,286 | 26.459 | 30.764 | 36.016 |
| baio. | : 3.627 | 2.490 | 3.630 | 3,072 | 9,236 | 8,154 | 9.893 | 13.613 |
| Ind. | : 2.327 | 1.590 | 2.243 | 2.360 | 8.253 | 7.162 | 9.088 | 13.847 |
| 111. | . $4: 043$ | 1.897 | 4.191 | 2.909 | 14.859 | 11,706 | 16.098 | 25,348 |
| Hich. | . 1.992 | 1.904 | 3.763 | 3.052 | 6.388 | 5.647 | 6.206 | 8. 348 |
| W: ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | . 2,030 | 597 | 1.312 | 1.452 | 12.947 | 10.866 | 11.019 | 15.704 |
| S. N. Cent. | : 14.019 | 8.478 | 25.139 | 12.945 | 51,683 | 43.635 | 52.304 | 76.660 |
| M1лn. | : 1.526 | 1,050 | 2,878 | 1.887 | 14.812 | 11,500 | 12.403 | 17.277 |
| Iowa. | : 1.702 | 901 | 3,320 | 2,001 | 28,066 | 18.797 | 25,20? | 32.763 |
| Yo. | - 2,183 | 1.491 | 1.986 | 1.333 | 10,638 | 8.558 | 9,695 | 12,566 |
| N. Dak. | . 835. | 1.193 | 2.731 | 643 | 2,603 | 1.909 | 1.245 | 1.507 |
| S. Dak. | : 310 | 682 | 170 | 24 | 5.220 | 4.498 | 3.263 | 3.525 |
| Nebr. | . 2.731 | 1.326 | 4.863 | 1,009 | 16,232 | 10,318 | 13.764 | 14,002 |
| Kans. | . 3.350 | 2.040 | 3.361 | 2,782 | 10.463 | 8.625 | 9.588 | 15.144 |
| B. N. Cent. | : 13.637 | 8.683 | 19.309 | 9,679 | 88.034 | 64.205 | 75.167 | 95.885 |
| Del. | : 204 | - 117 | 246 | 275 | 455 | 318 | 939 | 461 |
| \#d. | : 590 | - 307 | 535 | 589 | 1.933 | 1.625 | 1.762 | 2.038 |
| V8. | 3. 3.18 | 2.916 | 5.813 | 4.308 | 2.315 | 2.003 | 2,032 | 2.482 |
| F. Va. | ...: 617 | 399 | 603 | 466 | 1.156 | 2,998 | 2,83 | 1,180 |
| N. C. | 6.170 | 4.468 | 8,654 | 4.456 | 1.403 | i. 210 | 1.356 | 1,594 |
| S. c. | . 3.871 | 2,103 | 2,978 | 2.595 | 686 | 558 | 584 | 679 |
| Ga. | . 6,090 | 2,253 | 4.135 | 3.595 | 2,070 | 1. 226 | 1.303 | 1.754 |
| Fla. | . 9.590 | 7.663 | 8.561 | 6.400 | 1.270 | 1,001 | 1.053 | $1.25 \%$ |
| S. $1 \pm 1$. | : 30.650 | 20.226 | 31.525 | 22,684 | 11.238 | 8.939 | 9.422 | 11.446 |
| K\%. | : 16.546 | 18,109 | 15.526 | 22,339 | 2.136 | 1.575 | 2.992 | 3.114 |
| tena. | : 8,390 | 8,048 | $6.2: 3$ | 7.770 | 1.999 | 1.652 | 1.724 | 2.515 |
| Ala. | : 2,608 | 2.308 | 3.498 | 2.743 | 1.014 | 1,071 | 3,020 | 1.456 |
| Miss. | : 8.033 | 5.992 | 5.748 | 5.327 | 1.322 | 989 | 1.044 | 1.490 |
| Ark. | ... : 12,249 | 4.389 | 4.264 | 4.434 | 940 | 1,000 | 1.004 | 1.395 |
| In. | . 3,575 | 2,878 | 7.252 | 2,960 | 1.198 | 890 | 990 | 1.054 |
| okla. | : 3.977 | 2,134 | 6.540 | 1,610 | 3.282 | 2.990 | 3.022 | 5.370 |
| Tex. ....... | $\therefore 18.754$ | $15.341$ | 12.825 | $9,552$ | 6.505 | $6.215$ | $7,163$ | $9,191$ |
| 3. Cent. | $\therefore 74.132$ | $59.199$ | 61,866 | 56.735 | 18,396 | 16.682 | 17.959 | $25,536$ |
| vont. | : 682 | 705 | 2.030 | 629 | 1.848 | 1,333 | 1. 258 | 1.651 |
| Idaho | : 1.399 | 1.225 | 2.487 | 1.795 | 1.912 | 1.235 | 1.473 | 2,104 |
| Tjc. | . 346 | 127 | 348 | 200 | 1.008 | 850 | 1.011 | 858 |
| Colo. | . 1.076 | 713 | 2,228 | 838 | 3.299 | 2.719 | 3.024 | 3,646 |
| N. Hex. | . 1.039 | 606 | 756 | 824 | 772 | 847 | 1.259 | 1.259 |
| Ariz. | : 2.633 | 1.887 | 4.763 | 1.860 | 980 | 738 | 937 | 1,257 |
| Utah. | . 329 | 235 | 392 | 190 | 2.060 | 1.331 | 1.592 | 1.890 |
| Nev. | . 61 | 45 | 54 | 35 | 948 | 365 | 549 | 750 |
| Tash. | 2,891 | 2.387 | 4.371 | 3,347 | 3.119 | 2.748 | 2,827 | 4.239 |
| 0 088. | . 762 | 669 | 1.052 | 843 | 2.495 | 1.855 | 1.863 | 2.775 |
| calir. ... | . 9.597 | 8,088 | 13.581 | $14.569$ | 11.355 | $9.142$ | 8.781 | $11.835$ |
| Test. | . 20.815 | 16,687 | 31.062 | 25.130 | 29.796 | 23.163 | 24.474 | $32,164$ |
| Total all | : 265.190 | 122.972 | 175,145 | 138.473 | 232.483 | 183,083 | 210.090 | 277.956 |
| U. S. | : 207,000 | 155.000 | 217,000 | 167.000 | 230,000 | 189,000 | 208,000 | 261,000 |

Divisions of Statistical and Eistorical Research, and Crop and Liveatock Eatieates.
for Jamary, 1932 - 1935


Division of Statistical and Historical Research, and Crop and Livestock Bstimates..

April 6, 1935

> RECEIPTS FROM IHE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARN PRODUCTS BY STATES, INCLUDING RENTAL AMD BBHEFIT PAYITENTS, F巴BRUARY 1932-1935 AND JANUARY-

> FEBRUARY 1932-1335


#### Abstract

Total cash income from farm marketings declined slichtly from $\$ 384,000,000$ in February 1934 to $\$ 379,000,000$ in February 1935. The total of the state estimates of cash receipts from principal farm products, which measure approximately 94 percent of the total farm cash income, was \$370,047,000 in February 1935 compared with $\$ 359,730,000$ in February 1334, a gain of about 3 percent. The improvement in income of the latter was due to the relatively larger movement in 1935 of feeder cattle and lambs for which a strong demand has arisen in areas which can meet their feeding requirements. The state estimates of cash receipts from livestock are cased on receipts of livestock by states of origin at the principal markets and, consequently, include the income from the sale of feecer livestock.


Narketings of the grains, cotton and tobacco in Fehruary 1935 were sharply reduced as compared with February last year, partly as a result of the smaller production and partly by the rel atively heavy marketings of these short crops in the earlier months of the current crop season. Receipts during February 1935 of corn, wheat and oats at ll primary markets and of cotton and cottonseed at 10 spot markets were the smallest for any February at least since 1921. Iarge potato supplies have depressed the farm price of potatoes to almost 50 percent of the February 193x rrice. These unfavorable factors were the main influences in a decline of 28 percent in receipts from the sale of crops compared with February 1334. Gains in income from truck crops and citrus fruits were concentrated in small areas.

Improved prices, relative to last year, of all livestock items were mainly responsible for an increase of 26 percent in the receipts from the sale of livestock items over Febmary a year ago. Large gains recorded in receipts from cattle (no adjustment made for feeder movement), ho fs, dairy products and eges were of sufficient weight to overcome the derline in income from crops for the United States as w whole.

Then rental and benefit payments are included in the receipts for Februcry in 1934 and 1935, total receipts mere 9 percent greater thon in Fekruary 1331. Payments to and from the cotton producers for the purchase and sile of cotion certificates under the Bonkhead Pool :erc also included in Februcry 1935.

## North Atliontic States

Lower prices for potatous rulative to last year and the smaller production of apples in this region were the mojor forces in $\therefore$ declire of 15 percent in the receipts from cross as compared with Forruiry 193s. Howevcr, lerger moricetings of cottlo and improved prices of milk and
eggs contributed heavily cnough to the incomes of farmers in thesc states so thet total receipts from farm products werc 7 percent greater in February 1935 than in the corresponding month of last jear. Fith the exception of Maine, all. states in this region show improvenunt in fam receipts ranging from 8 to 20 percent ebove February 1934. Rontal anc benefit payments wore not an important factor in total farm receipts in this region.

East North Contral States
Reccipts from crops in this region responded to the greutly improved prices for srains in the first half of the l934-35 season and were substantially larger then in the corresponding period of 1933-34. However, the effect of the smeller production of corn and whent in 1954 on income become apparent in January 1935 when recoipts from crops were 15 porcent below January 1934. A merked doclinc in the merisotines of corn and whont from this region in Fobruany relative to the same month lost your was the major couse of 0 reduction in income from crops to 27 por cont, below Fobruory 1934. The m-ried improvement in the pricos of doiry products, hogs and cettle, and incroosed moiketines of cottle from thesc states during Februcry supported the roceipte from the s:ile of livestock itcms 34 porcent cobowe Februory 193c, and total roceipts from the solc of form products were 19 percent groater thon in Fobmory last joar. Lirge governmont pryments on the corn - hog profrm in Februcry 1935 further"improved tho total receipts in this month to 30 percent above February 1934. Totel form reccipts in'Indiane and Illinois were 37 percent and 36 percent greater, respectively, in Fobrucry 1955.

Wost North Contral States
Corn and whe t production in this region wes severcly reduced in 1934 as a result of the drought. Consequontly, merketings of those erops in Februory wore extromely smoll compred with Februcry 1934 cnd recoipts from crops in this ares were 55 porcont bolow Februsry o yucr EEO. Dospite shorply reauced morlcetings of cottlo ind hoss, prices of livestock itcms wore very considcrably impno ved relative to list jucr and rocoipts from livestock items wore 22 porcont fronter thom in Fobruary 1934. For the region is 2 whole, totol receipts from form products were 5 percent dhove Fobrucry 193s. The substontiol corn-hog pojents in Fubrury 1935 improved the position of total rcceipts in those stiotes to - luvel 16 purcent above February 1934. Only South Dakote shows smillor totol receipts compred with February a year ivéo.

South Atlintic Stotes
Totrl receipts from fomm morlectings in Fibruser 1935 were 15 percont below the roceipts in February 1934. A m rrled reduction in cotton and tobocco marketings relative to Fcbruary a ruer roo ros roflcctod in a acclinc of 26 percent in receipts from crops. Improved income from hogs, dairy products and cattle supported the receipts from livestock itcms for the region at a level 17 percent above February 1j34. Total recoivts from finm products in Delaware and Maryland were 10 powent creater in Fobruary 1955
due primarily to the increasod ruceipts from livostock products. Larger rcceipts from truck crops and strawberries relative to Februery 1934 supported farm receipts in Florida at a level 9 percent above Fubmary a year ago. Doclines in receipts from form marketifes ranging from 8 percont in West Virginia to 41 porcent smallor recoipts in Torth Carolina and South Carolina, wore registercd in all othor states in this rogion.

Government payments in Fobmery 1935 furthor improved the relation of total reccipts in this month as compared with Ferruary 1934 in Deliavare, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia. Large paymunts by cotton producers for cotton cortificotes in this month were greater thon the Government Eayments rccoivcd in North Corolina, South Cirolino and Gcoreic and receipts in these states were fiom 34 percost to 51 percent bulow Fubruwry 1034.

South Contrial States
Extonsion of tho pronouncod declinc in tobscco morkctings into Fontunky during Februcry and sharply reducod markotings and income in the cotton stetes rel.tive to Fobruary 1934, worc reflceted in co foll of 38 percent in receipts from crops. Although rocoipts from livestock itcms were 35 porcent above Fcbruny last yur due to improvemont in inconc from sattle, hoüs and dairy products, totel reccipts from the sole of form products wure 19 porcent smoller in Febmury 1935. In Kentucky nd Mississippi income from firm products was $\leq 1$ poreent enallur tion in Febru ory lest yuer. Iosscs in income from cotton and whi.t in Oichom. worc overcome by lorge shipmunts of cottlc and Einural improvoment in liruotock itoms, and rocoipts from from products in this stote wore procticolly unchenoed rel tive to Febmary 193i. Govornment payments in Febmuery 1935 wore larger in most statos in this rogion then in Fubruary 1934, and tot:l roccipts woro only 7 purcont below last year. Poymunts mido by formors in ilcobme and Liississippi for cotton cortificatcs hod an unfivorikle cffect on totiol rocuipts in those stcitus relativo to l:st yuar, wherocs solcs of cotton cortifinc.itcs by Oklohome and Tuxis cotton producers made substanticil incroases in tho rocoipts of those statos in Fobrunry this evor.

## Wostorn Stotos

Althoush both rucoipts from crops and roccipts from livostock itoms in this robion woro considorably improved and totol ruceipts from form morkctings vore 22 percont above February 1934, incomes smong tho rerious Mountein Stotos deviotod shorply bolow this everañ. Coliforni: wos the only st-to to show incressed recoipts from crops ovor Fobmiory l23s, but due to the very loge shorc of Cilifornic in the rucionsl ruceints from rops, $\sigma$ Eain for tho ares as ? whole wos moted. Reduccd incomes from Thent, corn, potritocs and cotton odverscly itfuctud the rccointe of 011 cthur stajcs. Irprovemunt in ruccipts from livustock itcms wos sufficiont in Colorado, Utah, liuvade, Weshineton end Orogon to counturbelonce the -osses in rucuipts from crops and totsil rureipts from form products in thosc st:.tos vore from 6 to 24 percont Erviter in Fcbruary 1935. Shorply reduced moriotines of lembs sond cottle in Wyoming, Now INuxico cond irizono. rosulted in smollor rocoipts from form marlectines for those stotos compred
with February 1934. Large हains in receipts from citrus fruits, truck crops and livestock items in California suported the total receirts from fiam marketings at a level 50 percent above February 195d. Smaller paments on wheat contracts in this area in February 1935 compered with February a year \&so reduced the level of total receipts in this region to 18 percent above last year. Large government payments to suaw producers in Iiaho and Utah in this month, raised the total receipts of these states to 8 percent and 49 percent respectively, above February a year aço.

The following tables contain the estimates of receipts fron the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by states for Fiebmary 1932 to 1935 and for the first 2 months of the year fron 1932 to 1935. The estimetes are subdivided into receipts fiom crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. Kental and benefit payments, inclucine income from the emergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton sertificates by farmers, are also shown. For compariotive purposes, the Jnited Stutes estimetes of totcl cosh income from crops and from livestoch items for the month cre entered in the tables on the line below the totuls of the state estimates of corsh receipts. The United States estinc.tes of oash income cre odjusted to represent income from all farm products marleted whereas the state ostimates are bised upon income from 33 of the more importont form products and no dajustment is modo for the in-shimment of livestock.

Table 1．－Receipts from the salo of prinoipal farm products，by states，pobruary $1932-1935$

| State | Crops |  |  |  | ：Lirestoak and livestook products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Peb. } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Fob } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { Fob } \\ 1934 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : 10 b \\ & : 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Fob } \\ & 81932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Feb. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fob } \\ & 193 i \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : ~ F \diamond b . \\ & : \quad 1935 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ：1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 |
|  | －dallars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | ： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M＊． | ：1，288 | 1，253 | 3，300 | 1，272 | 1，416 | 1，059 | 1，207 | 1，493 |
| N．H． | 169 | 113 | 146 | 140 | 781 | 673 | 812 | 909 |
| Vt． | 146 | 103 | 118 | 116 | 1，573 | 1，390 | 1，793 | 2，179 |
| Mass． | 556 | 394 | 408 | 416 | 2，149 | 1，840 | 2，108 | 2，505 |
| R．I． | ： 10 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 320 | 308 | 331 | 402 |
| Conn． | ：1，486 | 919 | 990 | 1，145 | 1，790 | 1，423 | 1，839 | 1，981 |
| N．Io． | ：1，086 | 3，828 | 4，844 | 4，634 | 10，969 | 8，177 | 11，450 | 12，955 |
| \＄．J． | ： 410 | 333 | 415 | 400 | 2，736 | 1，920 | 2，705 | 3，122 |
| Pa． | 5，029 | 2.917 | 3，618 | 3，644 | 9，289 | 6.914 | 8，899 | 10，618 |
| N．Atlantic． | 13，099 | 9，870 | 13，853 | 11，769 | 30，943 | 23，702 | 31，144 | 36，134 |
| Ohio | 3，514 | 1，589 | 3，880 | 2，311 | 8，440 | 7，150 | 9，131 | 12，126 |
| Ind． | ：3，047 | 1，089 | 2，874 | 2，183 | 7，541 | 6，568 | 8，748 | 12，872 |
| 111. | ：5，916 | 2，175 | 5，037 | 2，928 | 13，532 | 11，043 | 14，445 | 19，137 |
| Preh． | ：2，248 | 1，810 | 3，837 | 3，230 | 5，942 | 4，908 | 6，320 | 7，946 |
| Wis． | 1，579 | 692 | 1，315 | 1，549 | 11，500 | 0，357 | 11，615 | 15，398 |
| E．N．Contral | 16，304 | 7，355 | 16，743 | 12，201 | 46，955 | 39，024 | 50，259 | 67，472 |
| 込的。 | 2，143 | 1，192 | 3，351 | 2，205 | 13，010 | 9，602 | 12，333 | 16，266 |
| Iow | ：2，430 | 1，074 | 3，489 | 1，966 | 23，494 | 16，093 | 23，873 | 29，673 |
| MO． | ：1，972 | 641 | 1，816 | 928 | 9．686 | 8，124 | 9，117 | 10，811 |
| N．Dak． | 951 | 774 | 2，930 | 571 | 1，963 | 1，389 | 1，318 | 1，378 |
| S．Dak． | 457 | 521 | 178 | 24 | 3，781 | 3，295 | 2，978 | 3，436 |
| Nabr． | 3，488 | 1，115 | 4，890 | 915 | 12，827 | 9，277 | 13，682 | 14，108 |
| Kens． | ：8，436 | 1，510 | 3，997 | 2，537 | 9，183 | 7，585 | 9，432 | 13，254 |
| W．N．Contral | 19，877 | 6，827 | 20，636 | 9，146 | 73,924 | 55，345 | 72，713 | 88，926 |
| Del． | 188 | 106 | 212 | 235 | 436 | 308 | 381 | 420 |
| 14． | 552 | 228 | 453 | 443 | 1，861 | 1，484 | 1．767 | 2，000 |
| Va． | ：2，514 | 1，351 | 3，248 | 2，096 | 2，001 | 1.779 | 2，082 | 2，390 |
| T．Va． | ： 353 | 154 | 478 | 217 | 1，050 | 912 | 1，006 | 1，144 |
| E．C． | ：3，000 | 1，982 | 5，858 | 2，670 | 1，347 | 1，134 | 1，395 | 1，620 |
| S．C． | ：2，995 | 1，865 | 4，792 | 2，500 | 645 | 534 | 608 | 704 |
| Ga． | ：5，239 | 2，545 | 4，802 | 3，598 | 1．556 | 1，031 | 1，258 | 1，642 |
| Ra． | ： 10,683 | 7，642 | 8，523 | 9，177 | 997 | 787 | 890 | 1，046 |
| S．Atlantio | 25，524 | 15，872 | 28，380 | 20，936 | 9，892 | 7，967 | 9.387 | 10，972 |
| 14． | 5，197 | 3，045 | 11，655 | 4.998 | 1，962 | 1.706 | 1，874 | 2，832 |
| Tenn． | ：3，169 | 3，303 | 5，963 | 4，809 | 1，933 | 1，597 | 1，731 | 2，411 |
| 418． | ：7，568 | 2，102 | 4，032 | 4，222 | 884 | 944 | 1.105 | 1，580 |
| 1288． | ：6，074 | 3，480 | 7，431 | 3，056 | 1,074 | 772 | 983 | 1，287 |
| At女． | ：5，299 | 1，800 | 4，993 | 3，223 | 995 | 1，002 | 1.113 | 1，595 |
| La．．． | ：2，083 | 2，072 | 4，829 | 3，770 | 1，008 | 857 | 989 | 1，188 |
| akla． | 2，475 | 921 | 3，856 | 1，208 | 3，089 | 2，823 | 3，195 | 5，836 |
| Tex． | 15，576 | 8，758 | 11，272 | 7，450 | 5，572 | 5，689 | 8,070 | 8，990 |
| S．Central ．．．． | 47，411 | 25，481 | 53，831 | 33，336 | 16，517 | 15，490 | 18，980 | 25，599 |
| stont． | 368 | 397 | 855 | 480 | 1，389 | 1，134 | 1，233 | 1，386 |
| Idabo | ：1，164 | 971 | 2，445 | 1.920 | 1，806 | 970 | 1，383 | 1，888 |
| 7yo．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ： 373 | 111 | 341 | 187 | 792 | 662 | 870 | 840 |
| Colo．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ： 966 | 556 | 1，671 | 754 | 3，336 | 2，758 | 3，479 | 4,881 |
| K．Rox． | 456 | 208 | 385 | 245 | 794 | 1，138 | 1，099 | 882 |
| Ariz． | 630 | 327 | 688 | 655 | 808 | 500 | 887 | 846 |
| Utah | ： 226 | 122 | 288 | 139 | 1，393 | 1，104 | 1，186 | 1，518 |
| Not． | ： 68 | 42 | 58 | 40 | 588 | 360 | 464 | 562 |
| Wash． | ：2，678 | 2，263 | 3，505 | 3，403 | 2，814 | 2，356 | 2，778 | 3，435 |
| Oreg． | ： 638 | 450 | 738 | 691 | 1，970 | 1，478 | 1，795 | 2，454 |
| Cal1f． | ： 10,970 | 7，008 | 9，148 | 15，061 | 10，012 | 7，740 | 8，566 | 11，462 |
| 7estera ．．．．．．．．． | 18，532 | 12，455 | 20，084 | 23，865 | 25，443 | 20，194 | 23，740 | 29，954 |
| Total all states | ：140，747 | 77，880 | 153，507 | 110，953 | 803，674 | 181，722 | 206，223 | 259，094 |
| U．S．cash income | ：179，000 | 102，000 | 188，000 | 140，000 | 203，000 | 152，000 | 196，000 | 259，094 |

[^0]Table 2.- Recelpts from sale of prinoipal farm products and from rental and benefit paymenta, by atates, for February 1932 - 1935


[^1]| State | Crops |  |  |  | ：Wrastook and I1vestook products |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1832 | 1933 | 1934 | － 1936 | 1932 | 1035 | 1934 | 1936 |
|  | 1 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 |
|  | ： | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | ： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. |  | 2，590 | 2，674 | 7，037 | 2，454 | 3，128 | 2，335 | 2，413 | 2，977 |
| N． H ． |  | 317 | 230 | 332 | 275 | 1，685 | 1，427 | 1，575 | 1，796 |
| Tt． |  | 221 | 184 | 215 | 209 | 3，396 | 3，085 | 3，649 | 4，272 |
| \％es． |  | 1，049 | 734 | 859 | 811 | 4，655 | 3，864 | 4，235 | 5，010 |
| R．I． |  | 25 | 26 | 25 | 9 | 691 | 618 | 653 | 789 |
| Conn． | ： | 2，785 | 1，613 | 1，898 | 2，204 | 3，888 | 3，034 | 3，707 | 4，041 |
| N．I． | 8 | 8，103 | 7，989 | 11，071 | 9，189 | 22，558 | 17，312 | 22，947 | 26，343 |
| N．J． |  | 770 | 601 | 820 | 745 | 5，415 | 4，018 | 5，154 | 6，008 |
| Pa． | ： | 9，178 | 5，538 | 7，840 | 7，273 | 18，812 | 14，488 | 17，575 | 20，944 |
| F．Atlantio | 8 | 25，036 | 10，589 | 30，027 | 23，169 | 64，289 | 50，161 | 61，908 | 72，180 |
| Ohio | 8 | 7，141 | 4.078 | 7，310 | 5，383 | 17，876 | 15，304 | 10，024 | 25，739 |
| Ind． |  | 5，374 | 2，670 | 5，117 | 4，543 | 15，794 | 13，730 | 17，836 | 26，719 |
| I11． |  | 0，959 | 4，072 | 9，288 | 5，837 | 28，391 | 22，749 | 30，543 | 44，485 |
| Mob． |  | 4，240 | 3，714 | 7，600 | 6，282 | 12，330 | 10，553 | 12，526 | 16，294 |
| Tis． |  | 3，609 | 1，289 | 2，627 | 3，001 | 24，447 | 20，323 | 22，634 | 31，102 |
| 玉．N．Central |  | 30，323 | 15，833 | 31，882 | 25，046 | 98，638 | 82，659 | 102，563 | 144，339 |
| 108． |  | 3，689 | 2，242 | 6，220 | 4，002 | 27，822 | 21，102 | 24，736 | 33，543 |
| Iowa |  | 4，132 | 1，075 | 6，789 | 3，987 | 51，560 | 34，890 | 40，082 | 61，436 |
| No． |  | 4，155 | 2，132 | 3，802 | 2，261 | 20，324 | 16，682 | 18，812 | 23，377 |
| N．Dak |  | 1．786 | 1，967 | 5，670 | 1，214 | 4，566 | 3，278 | 2，563 | 2，885 |
| S．Dak | 8 | 767 | 1，203 | 344 | 48 | 8，981 | 7，793 | 6，241 | 7，061 |
| Nobr． | ： | 6，210 | 2，441 | 9，753 | 1，924 | 29，059 | 19，595 | 27，426 | 28，110 |
| zans． | 1 | 12，786 | 3，550 | 7，358 | 5，319 | 19，646 | 16，210 | 19，020 | 28，398 |
| 7．I．Contral |  | 33，514 | 15，510 | 39，945 | 18，825 | 181，958 | 110，550 | 147，880 | 184，810 |
| Del． |  | 392 | 222 | 458 | 510 | 890 | 824 | 720 | 881 |
| N\％． |  | 1，142 | 535 | 988 | 1，032 | 3，794 | 3，109 | 3，589 | 4，038 |
| Ta． |  | 5，932 | 4，867 | 9，081 | 6，404 | 4，316 | 3，782 | 4，114 | 4，878 |
| リ．Va． |  | 970 | 553 | 1，075 | 683 | 2，206 | 1，910 | 1，989 | 2，324 |
| N．C． |  | 9，170 | 6，450 | 14，512 | 7，126 | 2，750 | 2，344 | 2，781 | 3，214 |
| S．C． |  | 6，966 | 3，968 | 7.770 | 5，095 | 1，331 | 1，092 | 1，192 | 1，383 |
| Ga．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ： | 11，329 | 4，798 | 8，937 | 7，193 | 3，626 | 2，257 | 8，561 | 3，396 |
| Fa． | － | 20，273 | 15，305 | 17，084 | 15，577 | 2，267 | 1，788 | 1，983 | 2，304 |
| S．Atlantio |  | 56,174 | 38，098 | 59，885 | 43，820 | 21，180 | 16，906 | 18，800 | 22，418 |
| 5\％． |  | 21，743 | 21，154 | 27，181 | 27，337 | 4.098 | 3，581 | 3，866 | 6，046 |
| Tan． |  | 11，559 | 11，351 | 12，176 | 12，579 | 3，932 | 3，249 | 3，455 | 4，927 |
| 118． |  | 10，176 | 4，410 | 7，530 | 6，965 | 1，898 | 2，015 | 2，125 | 3，016 |
| 388． | 8 | 14，107 | 9，472 | 13，179 | 6，983 | 2，396 | 1，761 | 1，967 | 2，777 |
| Axt． |  | 17，548 | 6，189 | 9，257 | 7,657 | 1，935 | 2，008 | 2，117 | 2，990 |
| In． |  | 5，628 | 4，950 | 12，081 | 6,730 | 2，208 | 1，747 | 1，959 | 2，242 |
| Orla． |  | 6，452 | 3，055 | 10，198 | 2，818 | 6，371 | 5，913 | 6，217 | 11，006 |
| Tux． |  | 34，350 | 24，009 | 24，097 | 17，002 | 12，077 | 11，904 | 15，233 | 18，181 |
| S．Contral |  | 21，543 | 84，680 | 115，697 | 90，071 | 34，913 | 32，172 | 36，939 | 51，185 |
| Mont． |  | 1，047 | 1，102 | 1，885 | 1，109 | 3，237 | 2，467 | 2，491 | 3，057 |
| Idaho |  | 2，563 | 2，196 | 4，932 | 3，715 | 3，518 | 2，205 | 2，856 | 3，992 |
| Wro． |  | 710 | 238 | 689 | 387 | 1，800 | 1，512 | 1，881 | 1，698 |
| Colo． |  | 2，042 | 1，269 | 3，899 | 1，592 | 6，635 | 5，471 | 5，503 | 8，327 |
| 1．Mex． |  | 1，495 | 814 | 1，141 | 1，089 | 1，566 | 1，985 | 2，258 | 2，141 |
| 吅を。 |  | 3，263 | 2，214 | 5，418 | 2，515 | 1，788 | 1，238 | 1，824 | 2，105 |
| Utats |  | 555 | 357 | 680 | 329 | 3，453 | 2，436 | 2，778 | 3，408 |
| Mev． |  | 129 | 87 | 100 | 75 | 1，477 | 728 | 1，013 | 1，312 |
| Fash． |  | 5，567 | 4,650 | 7，878 | 6，750 | 5，933 | 5，104 | 5，606 | 7，674 |
| Oreg． |  | 1，400 | 1，119 | 1，790 | 1，534 | 4．465 | 3，333 | 3，658 | 5，229 |
| Calif． |  | 20，567 | 15，096 | 22，729 | 29，680 | 21，367 | 16，882 | 17，347 | 23，297 |
| Wetsrn ． |  | 39，387 | 22，142 | 51，148 | 48，695 | 55，230 | 43，357 | 48，214 | 62，118 |
| Total all states |  | 405，937 | 200，832 | 328，652 | 249，486 | 436,157 | 344，806 | 416，313 | 537，050 |
| U．S．0ash incomo |  | $386,000$ | 257，000 | 406，000 | 307，000 | 433，000 | 341，000 | 104，000 | 500，000 |

[^2]Table 4.- Recelpte from sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit payments, by states, January-February 1832 - 1835

| State | : Total recelpts from sole <br> : of principal farm producta |  |  |  | : Rontal and : bencelt perment |  |  | including rontul and nofit paymonts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan.- <br> Fob. <br> 1932 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jan. } \\ & : 7 e b_{0} \\ & : 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jano : } \\ & \text { : Fob. } \\ & : 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { : Jan. } \\ & \text { : Fob } \\ & : 1936 \end{aligned}$ | : Jan.-: Feb.: 1934 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jano : } \\ & \vdots \text { Fob } \\ & : 1935 \end{aligned}$ |  | nofit paymont |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | : Fob. : | Tob | - | , |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1932 | : 1955 | 1954 | 1935 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollara | dollars | dollare | ollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | . 5,718 | 5,009 | 9,450 | 5,451 | - | - | 5,718 | 5,000 | 9,450 | 5,451 |
| N. H . | - 2,002 | 1,657 | 1,907 | 2,071 | 1 | 5 | 2,002 | 1,657 | 1,908 | 2,078 |
| Vt. | : 3,617 | 3,249 | 3,864 | 4,481 | - | 12 | 3,817 | 3,249 | 3,864 | 4,495 |
| Ras | . 5,704 | 4,598 | 5,004 | 5,821 | 17 | 98 | 5,704 | 4,598 | 5,211 | 5,917 |
| R.I. | 716 | 644 | 678 | 798 | - | , | 716 | 844 | 678 | 788 |
| Conn. | 6,673 | 4,647 | 5,805 | 6,245 | 28 | 77 | 6,673 | 4,647 | 5,631 | 6,322 |
| N.Y. | 30,662 | 25,281 | 34,018 | 35,532 | 22 | 61 | 30,662 | 25,281 | 34,040 | 35,593 |
| N.J. | 6,185 | 4,619 | 5,974 | 6,753 | 1 | 64 | 0,185 | 4,619 | 5,975 | 6,817 |
| Pa. | 27,988 | 20,028 | 25,415 | 28,217 | 197 | 232 | 27,888 | 20,026 | 25,612 | 28,449 |
| N. Atlantic | 89,265 | 69,730 | 92,005 | 95,349 | 284 | 548 | 89,265 | 69,730 | 92,269 | 95,887 |
| Ohio | : 24,817 | 19,383 | 26,334 | 31,122 | 261 | 3,192 | 24,817 | 19,383 | 26,595 | 34,314 |
| Ind. | . 21,168 | 16,400 | 22,953 | 31,262 | 324 | 4,082 | 21,168 | 16,409 | 23,277 | 35,324 |
| I11. | . 38,350 | 26,821 | 38,771 | 50,322 | 944 | 10,149 | 38,350 | 26,821 | 40,715 | 60,471 |
| Mioh. | : 16,570 | 14,267 | 20,126 | 22,578 | 198 | 992 | 16,570 | 14,287 | 20,322 | 23,588 |
| W1s. | : 28,056 | 21,612 | 25,261 | 34,103 | 94 | 1,550 | 28,056 | 21,612 | 25,355 | 35,653 |
| E. N. Contral | . 128,961 | 98,482 | 134,445 | 169,385 | 1,819 | 19,945 | 128,961 | 98,492 | 136,264 | 189,330 |
| Mann. | : 31,491 | 23,544 | 30,965 | 37,635 | 684 | 5,331 | 31,491 | 23,344 | 31.849 | 42,966 |
| Iow | : 55,682 | 36,865 | 55,871 | 65,403 | 103 | 13,641 | 55,692 | 36,885 | 55,974 | 79,044 |
| Mo. | . 24,479 | 18,814 | 22,614 | 25,638 | 807 | 5,443 | 21,479 | 18,814 | 23,421 | 31,081 |
| N. Dak. | 6,352 | 5,245 | 8,233 | 4,000 | 6,378 | 2,534 | 6,352 | 5,245 | 14,600 | 6,633 |
| S. Dak. | 9,748 | 8,996 | 6,585 | 7,100 | 2,569 | 4,138 | 9,748 | 8,896 | 9,154 | 11,245 |
| Nobr. | : 35,278 | 22,036 | 37,179 | 30,034 | 2,708 | 7,512 | 35,278 | 22,036 | 30,887 | 37,546 |
| Eans. | : 32,432 | 19,760 | 26,378 | 33,717 | 8,552 | 6,448 | 32,432 | 19,760 | 34,930 | 40,165 |
| W. N. Contral | . 1965,472 | 135,060 | 187,825 | 203,635 | 21.709 | 45,045 | 195,472 | 135,080 | 200,624 | 248,680 |
| Dol. | 1,282 | 846 | 1.178 | 1,391 | 7 | 29 | 1,232 | 846 | 1,185 | 1,420 |
| Md. | 4,938 | 3,644 | 4,517 | 5,070 | 60 | 212 | 4,836 | 3,644 | 4,567 | 5,282 |
| Va. | 10,248 | 8,049 | 13,175 | 11,282 | 132 | 560 | 10,248 | 8,049 | 13,307 | 11,842 |
| T. Va. | 3,178 | 2,483 | 3,064 | 3,007 | 7 | 113 | 3,176 | 2,463 | 3,071 | 3,120 |
| N. C. | 11,920 | 8,794 | 17,273 | 10,340 | 1,923 | 471 | 11,920 | 8,794 | 19,196 | 10,811 |
| S. c. | 8,297 | 5,080 | 8,962 | 6,478 | 3,318 | 987 | 8,297 | 5,080 | 12,880 | 7,465 |
|  | 14,955 | 7,065 | 11,498 | 10,589 | 4,080 | 1,188 | 14,955 | 7,055 | 15,548 | 11,757 |
| Fla | 22,540 | 17,093 | 19,027 | 17,881 | 71 | 78 | 28,540 | 17,003 | 19,098 | 17,057 |
| S. Atlantic | 77,354 | 53,004 | 78,684 | 66,038 | 9,558 | 3,816 | 77,354 | 53,004 | 88,252 | 69,654 |
| E | 25,841 | 24,735 | 31,047 | 33,383 | 77 | 4,200 | 25,841 | 24,735 | 31,124 | 37,673 |
| Tenn. | : 15,491 | 14,600 | 15,631 | 17,508 | 1,298 | 1,945 | 15,491 | 14,600 | 16,929 | 19,451 |
| Ala. | : 12,074 | 6,125 | 9,655 | 9,981 | 3,629 | 1,607 | 12,074 | 6,425 | 13,284 | 11,588 |
| м88. | : 16,503 | 11,233 | 15,146 | 21,780 | 5,468 | 3,000 | 16,503 | 11,233 | 20,612 | 14,820 |
| Ark. | : 19,483 | 8,191 | 11,374 | 10,847 | 4,692 | 3,299 | 19,483 | 8,191 | 16,066 | 13,946 |
|  | 7,834 | 6,697 | 14,040 | 8,972 | 2,235 | 2,908 | 7,834 | 6,687 | 16,275 | 11,880 |
| Okla. | : 12,823 | 8,988 | 16,413 | 13,824 | 7,355 | 6,380 | 12,823 | 8,988 | 23,788 | 20,184 |
| Tex. | : 46,407 | 36,003 | 39,330 | 35,183 | 16,411 | 18,400 | 46,407 | 36,003 | 55,741 | 53,592 |
| S. Contral | :156,456 | 116,852 | 152,638 | 141,256 | 41,163 | 41,878 | 156,456 | 116,852 | 193,789 | 183,134 |
| Lont. | 4,284 | 3,569 | 4,374 | 4,146 | 3,210 | 1,293 | 4,284 | 3,569 | 7,584 | 5,450 |
| Idaho | 6,081 | 4.401 | 7,788 | 7,707 | 2,079 | 1,463 | 6,081 | 4,401 | 9,867 | 9,170 |
| \#yo. | 2,519 | 1,750 | 2,570 | 2,085 | 261 | 495 | 2,519 | 1,750 | 2,831 | 2,580 |
| Colo. | : 8,877 | 6,740 | 10,402 | 9,919 | 1,053 | 1,938 | 8,677 | 8,740 | 11,455 | 11,857 |
| N. Mex. | 3,061 | 2,799 | 3,399 | 3,210 | 411 | 947 | 3,081 | 2,799 | 3,810 | 4,157 |
| Ariz. | : 5,051 | 3,452 | 7,242 | 4,618 | 270 | 327 | 5,051 | 3,452 | 7,512 | 4.945 |
| Utah | : 4,008 | 2,792 | 3,458 | 3,737 | 193 | 913 | 4,008 | 2,792 | 3,651 | 4,650 |
| Nov. | : 1,608 | 812 | 1,122 | 1,387 | 5 | 25 | 1,606 | 812 | 1,127 | 1,412 |
| Wesh. | : 11,500 | 9,754 | 13,481 | 14,324 | 3,601 | 2,570 | 11,500 | 9,754 | 17,082 | 16,894 |
| Ores. | 5,865 | 4,452 | 5,448 | 6,763 | 1,624 | 395 | 5,865 | 4,452 | 7,072 | 7,158 |
| calif. | 41,934 | 31,978 | 40,076 | 52,917 | 769 | 548 | 41,934 | 31,978 | 40,845 | 53,465 |
| Western | : 94,586 | 72,498 | 98,380 | 110,813 | 13,476 | 10,914 | भ4,586 | 72,499 | 112,836 | 121,727 |
| Total all atatea | :742,094 | 545,637 | 744,865 | \% 5 6,476 | 88,078 1 | 121,946 | 742,084 | 545,657 | 833,04 | 008,422 |

J.S. cash Inoome .....:819,000 598,000 800,000 807,000 88,000 122,000 819,000 598,000 897,000 929,000

[^3]
# UNITED STATHS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE <br> Bureau of Agricultural Economics 

RECEIPTS TRO: THE SALE OF FRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS BY
 MARCH 1932-1935 AND JAITUARY MARCH 1932 - 1935

The distribution of cash reccipts in the various regions in March was not materially changed from February. Marketings of grains, cotton and tobacco in laroh remained sharply belon 1934 and were among the smallest for that month in the past 15 years. Although marketings of hogs and cattle in March 1935 were smaller than a year ago, the prices of these commodities were about trice as high as in March 1934 and receipts from these sources were considerably larger. Increased incomes ifom dairy products and eggs due to improved prices more well distributcu among the various states. As a result of the changes in prices and marketings reccipts in the Corn Belt and North Atlantic States were somewhat higher than a year ago while income in most of the Southern Statos was below that of March last year. Sharply lower potato prices resultod in smaller roceipts from this crop in tho principal growing statos and reducod income in Mainc and Idaho to bolow last year. Heavy marketings of ricc in Louisiana and higher citrus prices in California improved income in these states as compared with the surrounding territory. Rental and bonefit payments were higher in nearly all states in March 1935 than in llarch 1934 and wore particularly large in the corn-hog producing arcas, thús further increasing income ovor a year ago in the North Central States.

The distribution of receipts for the first quarter of 1935 relative to the same period in 1934 mas similar to that of March. The greatest increase in receipts occurred in Indiana and surrounding states vhere focding conditions were relatively more favorable this year and there the increase in rental and bencfit payments was largest. The greatest docreases occurred in North Dakota where wheat markotings were greatly reduced and in Waine where potato prices wore loss than a third as high as a year ago. A comparison of the receipts from the principal. farm products and from rontal and benefit payments for the first quarter of 1932 to 1935 is givon by states and by regions in Table 4. In all regions except the South Atlantic and Soutn Central States income in the first quarter of 1935 was higher than for any similar period in the last 4 years. In the South Atlantic States rocoipts were below both the first quartor of 1934 and the first quartor of 1932. In the South Central States receipts were below 1934 and above 1932.

Total cash incomo from farm narketinęs in March 1935 is estinated at $\$ 416,000,000$ compared with $\$ 406,000,000$ in March 1934. The total of the state estimates of cash rocoipts from the salc of principal farm products, which measure approximately 94 percent of the total farm incornc, was $\$ 405,966,000$ in 14arch 1935 comparod with $\$ 372,260,000$ in llarch a jucai ago, a gain of acout 9 percent. The improvement in the latter is more merked due to the largor movement of foodor livestock in 1935 rolative to last year. The state ostimates of rocoipts from livestock are based or receipts at the principal markets by statos of origin, and consequently include the income from the sale of focder livestock.

Improvement, in receipts from livestock items in this rogion nas again larege cnough, duc primarily to higher prices for milk and increaseamarketings of cattle, to ovorcome the pronounced docline of 37 percent in the receipts from crops, unon which the low piico of potatoes and tho smallor production of apples has cxerted a depressive effect this scason. Somerhat largor incomes from to bacco in Massachusetts and Connecticut also aided in increasing roceipts in these states. For the region as a wholc, total recoipts from farm moricetings wore 2 percont larger than in March of the preceding ycar. With tre excoption of Liaine, rocoipts in all othor statos in this area, vere improved relative to March 1934 ranging from 3 percent in New Yorle to 26 percont in Massachusetts.

## East North Central States

Total receipts from farm marketings in this region continued at a relatively hich level in March despite declines in receipts from orops resultant from the smaller marketings of corn and wheat and the low price of potatoes. Heavier shipmonts of cattle from these statos together rith improvement in prices supported receipts from livestock items at 42 percent above harch Iy'34 and more than offsct the 12 percent decline in receipts from crops. Total farm receipts \#ere 30 percori larger than in March 1934, with only receipts in Michigan falling sharply bolow this average. Improvoment of only 5 percert in receipts from marketines in this state $\nabla$ as larcely due to a severe decline in income from potatoes. Largo govormont payments, especially or the corn-hog program, in March 1935 raised total reccipts in this region to 44 percent above Larch a yoar ago, and improved the position of receipts in all states rolative to March 1934. Total receipts in Indiana werc 90 percent above iharch last year.

## Wost North Contral Statos

Because of the marked roduction in markctings of corn and wheat in this arca, and the considerable decline in the income from potatoes receipts from crops in March merc only 50 percent of March 1934. Desnitc smallor marketings of hogs and cattle from this area receipts from these items more 24 percent above March last yoar. Except in Nortli and South Dakota and Nebraska, improved roceirts from livestock items wore of sufficient importanch to offset the decline in roceipts from crops. Total January receints were 8 porcent above last yoar. Large governmont paymonts in March 1935 bhich were alnost one fifth as laree as the receipts from farm marketings, raisod total receipts in this region to 22 percent above Harch 1934. However, the comparison of roceiptis in North Dakota ras made still moro unfavorable rolative to last $\underset{\text { coar because of the substantial }}{ }$ payments on wheat contracts in liarch 1934 in contrast to very small payments in March 1935.

## South Atlantic States

Early ir the current mariceting season, highor prices ior cotton and tobacco induced farmers to make relatively huav marketings of the smaller production of these crops. With the subsequent roduction of tho quantitios of these crops still available for sale by farmers, marketines in recent months have been at a low lovel relativo to last yoar, and rocoipts from
crops in March 1935 were 22 percent bclow March a year previous. As most of the farm receipts in this reficion are from crops, improvereent in the livestock group of 25 percent above March 1934, was not large cnough to offset the lower income from crops for the region and total farm receipts were 10 percent smallor in March 1935 compared with the same month in 1934 but wore 39 percent above March 1933. Receipts from farm marketings in Delamaro and Uaryland werc again substantially larger than in March 1934, duc mostly to higher prices for corn, wheat, dairy products, and eggs. Wrile sharply reduced recoigt s from cotton forced farm reccipts in North Carolina to 33 percent belon March 1934, large payments on the tobacco progrom in this stato in March this year raised total receipts to 37 percent above 1934. In the remaining states total farm receipts in Narch were not greatly different from a year carlier and for the region as a whole including Agricultural Adjustment Administration payments vere 8 percent larger in March 1935 than in the same month a year ago.

## South Ceritral States

As in the South Atíantic States, marketings of cotton and tobacco in this resion in liarch were severely reduced relative to the year previous and receipts from crops were 33 percent below March 1934. All states, except Louisiona, shared in the decline. harketines of cattle and hogs vere Well maintained relative to last year and along vi.th improved prices for all livestock iterns supported receipts from this group 49 percent above larch 1934. However, due to the dependence of receipts in this region on income from cotton and tobarco, total receipts from farm marketings werc 7 percent below the proceding March. Heavi r marzetings of rice and cattle incrensed receipts from farm products in Louisiana 64 percent avove 1934 while due to the reduced income from cotton, farm receipts in Arkansas were 48 percent belov: Larch a ycar ago. Howevor, when Agricultural Adjustment Administration pajments are considered, total receipts in this region were 2 percent larger than in Harch a year ago, With receipts in Louisiana 103 percont above last year, largely due to heavy payments to sugar producers. Payments on cotton, wheat and corr-hog programs in Cirlahoma and Texas also made considerable improvement in the receipts of these states.

## Western Status

Al though most states in this region shom sizcable decifines in
receipts from crops, receipts from this source in California, which supplies about half of the regional receipts, again registered a substantial gain and receipts from crops for the area as a whole, Were 10 percent above :larch 1934. Declines in income from wheat, potatoes and corn had an untavorable effect on receipts in most states. Inprovement in receipts from cattle, hogs, dairy products and egés supportcà receipte from livestock items 35 percent above March. 1934, and total recejpts from fam marketines vere 23 percent learger tlian in March a year ago. All states, except Idaho and Now Mexico, record larger receipts in llarch 1935. Lo:7er receipts from potatoes Was an infavorable factor in Idaho while smallor morketings of cattle and lambs from Now Ifcxico depresscd receipts in that statc. Improvemont in receipts frow a number of items, especially in citrus fruits and truck crops, supported receipts from farm marketings in Califormia 44 percent above 1334. Whon govermert payments are included, total recuints in this region were 28 percert abeve last year, and only Nen lexico had smallor total receipts relative to E'arch 193t.

Tables 1 to 4 contain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more importaint farm products by states for March 1932 to 1935 and for the firrt 3 months of the year from 1902 to 1935. The estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. Rental and benefit payments, including income from the emergenci sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sile of cotton certificates with doductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers, are also shown. For comperative purposes, the United States estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock items for the month are entered in the tables on the linc below tine totals of the state estimates of cash receipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjusted to represent income from all farm products marireted whereas the state estimates are based unon income from 33 of the more important farm products and no adjustment is made for the in-shipment of livestock.
$\frac{\text { Trenis in Receiots, January to March 1935, Comoared }}{\text { With Jamuary to March 1934 }}$
The accompanying man of the percentage change in recuipts from the sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit payments by states for the first quarter of 1935, compared with the seme period in 1934, emphasizes the marked cnanges in the reccipts in the various states this year as compared with last year. The changes in receipts comparcd with a year ago ore much greater than usual and nay be partially explained by the drought of 1934 in many states, by carlicr marketines than a year ago in othors, and by the relatively large benefit payments in meny of the principal cornhog producing states.

In the Now Eneland States Fhere, in all states except Maine, the principal source of income is fron dairy products, the hi, her price of dairy products has resulted in an increase in income of from 12 to 20 percent in the first quarter of this year compared with the same period last ycar. In Naine tre lower price of potatoes, which are the principal source of cash income in this state, has resulted in a marked declinc in cash receiots in the first 3 months of 1935. Hodiorato gains in farm income havo occurred in the Nidale Atlantic Status :here increased income from dairy products has more than offset the reduced income from crops.

The mariced increasc in income in the East Forth Centrol States in the first quarter of 1935 was largely the result of the heavier feeding of livestock in this area during the past winter. Althourh suprlies of fecd grains in this area were reduced by the drought in 1934 they wore reduced much loss than in other principal feeding areas and a nach larger proportion of the total livestock has boen fed in this red this yoar. Hog prices in the first 3 months of tris yisar have averaged more than twice as hish as a ycar ago, and although supplies heve been materially reduced, income from hogs has been considurably lerger. Cattle prices have also been considerably kigher than a ycar ago and maretings from the East North Contral States heve been a much lerger proportion of tho total tlian uswal. Rintel and bunefit parments in this aroa vicre also considerabler larger in the first quarter of 1935 then in the same period of 1934.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THE MARKEO CHANGE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF FARM RECEIPTS IM THE FIRST OUARTER OF } \\
& \text { I } 935 \text { AS COMPARED WITH THE SAME PERIOD OF I } 934 \text { IS PARTIALLY DUE TO THE GREATLY RE- } \\
& \text { DUCED OUTPUT AND EARLIER MARKETINGS OF MANY CASH CROPS IN IG34 AND THE ABNORMAL FEED- } \\
& \text { ING SITUATION IN I ISU-35. RENTAL AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS IN THIS PERIOD WERE ALSO SOME- } \\
& \text { WHAT HIGHER THAN A YEAR AGO, ESPECIALLY IN THE CORN BELT STATES. }
\end{aligned}
$$

In the West Worth Contral States there is o marked variation in the porcentage change in incone in the first quarter of this year as compared with a year ago. In North Dakota khere wheat is the principal source of income, the marked roduction in supplics this year has greatly reduced income in spite of higher pricos. In Nebraska, the principal reduction in income has been from wheat and corn. Income from livestock marketings in this state has boen about the same as a year ago and rental and benofit payments have been somewhat higher. In the rumaining states in this area, income has been somevhat higher then a year ago in spite of the marked decline in crop production. The higher prices of hogs and dairy products have more than offset the smaller marketings and the increased income from these sources together with the larger rental and benefit payments has more then offset the decline in income from crops. The larger rental and benefit paymenta in the Corn Belt States in the first 3 months of this year are largely the result of payments on the corm-hog adjustment program which were not begun until April 1934.

Maryland, Delaware and west Virginia are the only states in the South Atlantic States to show increase in income in the first 3 months of 1935 over the same period in 1934. Income from crops and livestock showed improvement in these states and rental and benefit payments were also larger than in the same period last year. In all of the remainins states of this area, income wes lower than a year ago, largely because of the reduced income from tobacco and cotton, due to earliex morizetings this yuar.

In Kentucky and Tennessce, tobacco marketings usually roach their peal in the first quarter of the year and higiner prices this year maintained the income from tris commodity in spite of smeller production. The feeding of livestock has been mach hoavier in these states during the past winter then a. Jear ago and income has been increased from tris source; also rental and benefit payments in this area have becn lorger than at the same time a year ago. In tho romaining South Central States, except Texas and Oklanoma, income has been somemhat less than last year due to smaller marketings of cotton and lower rental and benefit payments. In Texas and Oklahom, incroased income from marketings of livestock together with income from the cmergency sale of livestock to the Agricultural Adjustmunt Administration has about offset the reduced income from crops in this area.

With the exception of California, Uteh and INevada, recoipts in the othor Veatern States were about the same or lower relative to the first quarter of 1934. In Mortana, Idaho and Arizona, whore receipts from wheat, potatoes and cotton, respectively, contribute heavily to the total receipts, income was smaller in tho Janary-Morch period, relative to a year aso. In Utah and Neveda, where ruceipts from livestock items were more important, total receipts wore considerably above last yenr. Marized gains in income from citrus fruits and truck crops helpea to support total recoipts in California 37 percent aoove the first quarter of 1934.

Taul. 1.- Recoipte frca the sele of principal farm p. oducte, by atates, March 1932-1935


Table 2.- Eecelpts fram sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit payments, by states, for Merch 1932 - 1935

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

U. S. cash income .....:365,000 $275,000406,000416,000 \quad 9,000 \quad 49,000365,000275,000415,000465,000$

[^4]

[^5]Table 4.-Receipts from sale of principal farm prokucts and fram rental and bonefit payments, by states, Jamary-1arch 1932 - 1935

U. S. cask income ... 2, 184,000 873,000 1,215,000 1,26,000 97,000 171,000 1,184,000 873,000 1,32,000 1397,000

## Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Eitimates.

1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income becmse they include only income irom 33 of the more importent ferm comonities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMEITT OF AGRICIUTUURA $B R A R Y$ Bureau of Agricultural Economics RECEIVE
 T. S. ! ant sent of Agriculture

RECEIPTS FROM THE SA ${ }^{\top} E$ OF PRIICIPAL FARM PRODUCTS BY STATES, INCJUDING RENTAL AIDD BENETIT FAMENTS, APRIL 1922 - 1930 AND JANUARY -<br>APRIL 1932-1935

Cash receipts from the salc of principal farm products increased about 15 percent from karch to April in contrast, vi.th a usual seasonal decline in this month and was $\$ 406,000,000$ in April 1935 compared with $\$ 381,000,000$ in April 1934, the largest gains being rucorded in the East North Central rugion while receipts in the sowthern awcas were but slightly improved relati ve to last year.

For the United States as a whole, changes in the marketings and prices of crops relative to $\Lambda$ pril last year practically offset each other and recoipts frcm crops merc only 4 percent bolow April 1934, altrough therc mas considerable variation above and below this average anong the several regions. Whereas, income from corn and wheat in the first 3 months of 1935 was lonur than in the corresponding months a yoar ago, an increase in morketings to about the same as last year, together with the higher level of prices for those comoditios resulted in a substential gain in income over April 1934. Most of the gain from this source mas in the East North Central area تhere production in 1934 Was better mairtained compared \#ith the othor major grain producing areas. Although potato prices in April more somewhat higher than in Morch, they wore still considerably belon a year ago and receipts in Mainc continucd at a lower levol than last yoar. Incomo from cotton mas bolew April last year as marketings of this commodity continued to docline. However, losses of income from this source in the Southern Statos were somewhat offset by gains in income from otner crops, rotably truck crops. Although marketings of tobacco in April are a very small share of tho yearly total, improvement in income from this commodity was important in Massachusetts, Connocticut, and Tonnossee.

Most of the improvement in income from farm marketings for the United Stetos was in the roceiots from livestock itoms which were 36 perm cent lareer than in April 1934. Receipts from this group were the largest for this month in all regions for the past 4 years. Highor prices for cattle were accompanicd by heavy shipments from the North Atlantic, East North Contral and Southorn States, and drought conditions in Kanyas, Oklahoma, ard Texas causcd heavy marketings from these States. Although marketines of hogs mere scvorely reduced rclative to last year, the farm price of hoes Was more than twice as high as in Aoril l334, and even in the Tost Mnth Centrol arca whore tho reduction in marsetines was greatest, income from hogs mes considerably iarger tinen a yoar age. Increases in incomo fro? dairy products, chickons and oges, duo in st pant to hicher prices comparod with a yoar ago, wore woll distributed in the various recilons. the farm prico of mool mas less tian tmo thirds as high as last year and bocause of the importance of wool in the income of many of the mountain states this decline roduced income below April 1934.

Goverment payments received ky farmers in April 1935 mere $\$ 49,081,000$ compared mith $\$ 6,565,000$ in Anlil a year ago and mere especially important in the North Central States where larfe corn-ag parments furkher increased income substarticily. Those corr-log pajments were not issucd in volume until May 193s.

## Regional Changes in Receipts in April and in tiue first 4 Months of 1935

## North_Atlantic States

Receipts in the North Atlantic States during April 1935 mere 13 percont greator than in the corresvonding month a year ago. Losses in irconc from noteioes zere more than offset in all states, exccpt Maine, by the highe: level of prices for deiry products and gegs and the heavicr movement of cattle from this area relativo to a jear acc. Roceipts in Maino, the largest potato producing state in tho Unitod States, in the first 4 morths of 1335 more 44 percent belout tho sirailar period a. year ago but wero 9 porcont above 1933 and only slightl:̈ belori 1932. Improvad income from tobacco has bocm a favorable facior in rocoipts in Massachusctts, and Coinecticut in rocent montis.

East_North Cortrol States
During the past winter, moro favorable focding onditions relavivo to othor regiors have cnabled finmors in this arca to feud a larger proportion of cattle than usial. Consequently, markctings of erttle from this arca havo bcen largor than a joar ago. Incroased marketines and improved prices for cattlu, hogs and deirer products havo resultud in marked gnjns in inome. Juwing April 1935, recoipts in Indiarn vore 75 porcent a?ove April lust year. Foduced income from putatoos in Michigan rosultud in a gain of only 20 percent over April 1934 in that state. Reducod markotings of tho egrains from this area in tho first 4 months of 1935 mere almost offset by the iishor lovel of prices for this group of commodities. In adeition to shustantial. fncreasos in inconc from livestock items, corroog patments in 1935 medo furthor large incroases in income in all statcs, ani total rogional recoipts more 45 percont abuve the Jaruary - Aprii perive in 1934. Reccipts in Indiann and Iilino is more 67 percent and 53 percent above the 4 month period last jear and मeromore thor trice as high as in the similer poriod in 1933.

West iNerth Central_Statos
Despite a shary reduction in the mancotines of ontto arid hoss from this rocion as a rbolo in dpril of this year rolativo to a Joar ago, tho prices of thesc comodities more high e:ounh fo yicld substential gains in income from theso sourcos in theso statos. When governent payments are consicorod, Writh Dalsota is the on? $\bar{j}$ etate in this rogion With smallor rocoipts in Apail this can thar a yocir ago. Rociots in Kansas Fore 93 percent abovo April 1924 duo to large shipmerts of livestock, iracroasod income from whont mid subatontinl corn-hog priments. Severe roduction in wheat productinn depreseca rocoipts from forn products in 1 Torth Dokcta in the first 4 months of 1935 , 48 porcent bolum lasi yoar and abcut 25 percont bolo: the Jamuary - April poriod in $19: 2$ and 1933.

The very small corn crop in Nebraska was mainly responsible for reduced receipts from farm markotings for the same period in that state 10 percent below 1934 though considerably larger than in 1533 . Corn-hog payments made further inprovemont in receipts in all statos except fiorth Dakota where large wheat payments last year made the comparison of rccoipts in 1935 sti.ll more unfavorable. relativs to a yoar ago. Rocoints in Ioma and Missouri mere 51 percent and 42 percont above January - April 1934 and wore than trico as larse as in 1933. Govornment payments in 1985 raised roceipts in Nebraska to about tho same as last yoar.

## South Atlantic_Statos

Durirg April, largor recoipts in Delaware, Maryland, and Wost Virginia, due mostly to incroased income from livestock itcis, practically offset declines in North Carolina, South Carolina and Goorgia, resulting from roducod incomo from cotton, and total regional rocoipts in this month more about the same as in April 1934. Total recoipts in IForth Carolina and South Carolina mory 20 porcent and 34 percunt, respoctively, bolow April 1934, Whilo rocints in Delavare and Karylaná vior 50 percont and 33 percont above a jucar ago.

Conscquantry to the earlier markoting of the cotiton and tobacen crop in this recion a much larger share than usual of the incroased valuos of those crops was recoived in the lattcr Inle of 1934, and incomo in theso statos wai ircruascd vory considerebly above tho corrosponding months a year previous. In whe first 4 rontho of 2935, howover, the quantities of these coranodities coming into martot heve boon considorably smallor than in the same period ayoar ago and the rogional receipts from marketings were 10 percent belon the Janaary - April period last yoar but wore substantially larger than in 1933. In Doleware, Maryland, and Most Virginia, thore income is roceivod from a more divorsified selection of farm products, roceipts were the largost in 4 ycars and provented the dealine in rogionel rocoipts from being nore suvoro. Goverment paymonts rocoivod by farmors for the rogion as a molo in the first 4 ronths of 1935 mere not groatly difforent than in 1334.

## Soutit Contral Statos_

During April very considerable gains in income from livestock items in the south Contral States, duc partly to incroasod shiments of livestock and partly to highor prices rolative to last yoar, woro sufficiont to offsct a doclino of 36 porcont in tho rugional receipts from crons. Only Alabama and Ariansas, whorc incomo is roceived largely from cotion, recordod smaller tctal recoipts including the bonefit paymonts than in Aoril last yoar.

Income in the cotton statos in this zoeion, as in the south Atlantic, feil consider bly belors last year in the first 4 moriths of 1935. Eowover, rocoipts in Kentucky and Tonnessuc vero somerhnt lareor in 1935 sinco tobacco marictings from thoso states roach their peak in the oarly months of the your. Unfevorablo fouving conditions in $0: 1$ uinmacad Texas in 1935 causod a heavy movement of ment animals from theso statos which offsct the docline in rocoipts from crops, and tutal roceipts from farm markotinge in Oklahoma and Texas pere about the samo ns a yoar ago. For the region as a whole these marked fluctuntions in income anong tho various
states almost cancelled each other and the receipts from farm marketings mere only 5 percent below January - April 1934, suisstantially above 1933 and about the same as in 1932. Large government payments on the tobacco program in 1935 further improved recoipts in Yontucky and Ternessec to 20 porcont and 18 percent above tho first 4 months last year mhile payments to sugar producors practically offset a decline of 14 porcent in receipts from farm markotings in Louisiana. Largo payments to cotton farmors in 1934 for participation in the cotton pool rendored the comparison of receipts in 1935 with 1934 stjill more unfavorable, roccipts in Alabama, Mississippi。 and Arkansas falling 27 percent, 16 percont and 21 percent, respectively, belor a year ago, though roceipts in thesc states werc larger than in tho January - April poriod 1933.

## Tostern Statos

Receipts from livestock items in the Western States moro not improved as greatly in April 1935 as in the other rogions due to recuced income from wool and recoipts in New IAcxico and Nevada mere somewhat lowor in April 1935 than a year ago. A large part of the substantial gains in recoipts in Montana, Idaho and Colorado nas due to the payments on the sugar and cornhog progrems recoived by farmers in thoso states. Receipts in Celifornia were increasod to 44 percent above April lasi year mainly due to vory substantial gains in income from citrus fruits and trucis crops.

A comparison of recoipts in the first 4 months of 1934 and 1935 reveals that, cxcluding Celifornia, there were no markod changes in tho Western States. Although recoipts in Montena, Now Mexico and Arizona mere somerthat loss in the first 4 months of 1935 comparod with the same period in 1934, recoipts in all states in 1935 were larger than in the January - April period, 1932 and 1933.

Tables l to 4 contain the ostimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by states for April 1932 to 1935 and for the first 4 months of the year from 1932 to 1935 . The cstimatos are subdividod into receipts from crops and rocoipts from livestock and livostoci products. Rental and benefit payments, including income from the emorgency salc of livestock, czercise of cotton options and sele of cotton certificates With deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers, are also chom. For comparative purposes, the Unitod States ostimates of total cash incorae from crops and from livestock iterns for the month are enterod in the tabies on the line bolon tho totals of the state ostimatos of cash receipts. The United Statos estimates of cash incomo aro adjusted to ropresont income from all farm products maneted wheroas the stato estimates aro based upon incomo from 33 of the moro irrportant farm products and no adjustment is mado for tho inshipment of livestocle.

Table 1. - Receipts from the sele of principle farm products, by states. April $1932-1935$

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income ...: } 140,000 & 126,000 & 163,000 & 161,000 & 209,000 & 185,000 & 217.000 & 296,000\end{array}$
Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1) These totals differ from the monthly estimatee of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 2.- Receipts from sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit payments, for by states, for April 1932-1935




U. S. cash income....:349,000 $311,000 \quad 380,000 \quad 457,000 \quad 7,000 \quad 50,000 \quad 349,000 \quad 311,000387,000507,000$

Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
1/ These totels differ Irom the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more importent farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.


[^6]Tablo 4.- Recaipts from salo of principal farm products and from rental end benefit payments, by states,
Jamary - April 1932 - 1935

| State | Total rece1pts from sale of principal farm products |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B Rental } \\ & \text { :benefitp } \end{aligned}$ | $1 \text { and : }$ | Total including rental and benefit payments |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Jan. - : : Apr. : 1932 : |  | Jan. $\quad$ : Apr. 1934 | Jan. - Apr. 1935 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : J8n }- \\ & \text { : Apr. } \\ & : 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | : Jan. - : : Apr. : : 1935 : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1932 \end{aligned}$ | : Jan. -1 : Apr. : 1933 | Jan. $-\quad$ : Apr. 1934 | Jan. <br> : Avr. <br> : 1935 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollar8 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4e. | : 12,286 | 10,720 | 21,035 | 11,681 | - |  | 12,286 | 10,720 | 21,035 | 11.681 |
| N. H. | : 4,073 | 3.559 | 4,224 | 4,790 | 1 | 20 | 4.073 | 3.559 | 4,225 | 4,810 |
| Vt. | : 7.585 | 6.579 | 8,501 | 9.944 | - | 24 | 7.585 | 6.579 | 8,501 | 9.068 |
| Hass. | : 11.776 | 9.921 | 11,060 | 13.304 | 18 | 171 | 11,776 | 9.921 | 11,078 | 13.475 |
| R. I. | : 1,522 | 1,342 | 1,499 | 1,801 | - | 3 | 1,522 | 1.342 | 1,499 | 1,804 |
| Conn. | : 13,012 | 9.499 | 11.285 | 12,744 | 28 | 202 | 13,012 | 9,499 | 11,313 | 12.546 |
| IT. Y. | : 61,526 | 51,917 | 71,341 | 75,822 | 26 | 149 | 61,526 | 51,917 | 71,367 | 75,971 |
| N. J. | 13,027 | 10,710 | 14,226 | 16.035 | 1 | 182 | 13.027 | 10,710 | 14,227 | 16, 217 |
| Pa. | 53.429 | 40,916 | 53,981 | 61.370 | 244 | 458 | 53.429 | 40.916 | 54,225 | 61,828 |
| N. Atlantic | 178,236 | 145.163 | 197,152 | 207.491 | 318 | 1.209 | 178,236 | 145,163 | 197.470 | 208.700 |
| Oh10 | 50,157 | 40,843 | 52.939 | 68,300 | 310 | 7.103 | 50,157 | 40.843 | 53.249 | 75,403 |
| Ind. | 43.072 | 33,960 | 46.995 | 69,079 | 385 | 10,103 | 43.072 | 33,960 | 47.380 | 79.182 |
| 111. | : 77.269 | 58,524 | 78.452 | 104,283 | 1,082 | 17.539 | 77.269 | 58,524 | 79,534 | 121,822 |
| Eich. | 33.989 | 30,055 | 42.406 | 47.074 | 222 | 2,248 | 33.989 | 30,055 | 42,628 | 49.322 |
| Tis. | 54,441 | 43.199 | 54,679 | 73.946 | 109 | 4.119 | 54.441 | 43.199 | 54.788 | 78,065 |
| E. N. Central | 258,928 | 206.581 | 275,471 | 362,682 | 2, 108 | 41,112 | 258,928 | 206,581 | 277.579 | 403.794 |
| Minn. | 61.696 | 48,329 | 64,672 | 79,076 | 782 | 10,497 | 61,696 | 48,329 | 65,454 | 90,473 |
| Iowe | 100.779 | 71,835 | 106,747 | 130,564 | 159 | 30,396 | 100,779 | 71,835 | 106,906 | 160,960 |
| Mo. | 46,750 | 37.672 | 47,250 | 56,644 | 929 | 11,825 | 46.750 | 37.672 | 48,179 | 68,469 |
| N. Dak. | : 12,380 | 12,659 | 17.738 | 9,250 | 9,812 | 3.837 | 12,380 | 12,659 | 27.550 | 13.087 |
| S. Dak. | : 16,717 | 19,119 | 13.919 | 14,229 | 2,824 | 7.462 | 16.717 | 19.119 | 16,743 | 21,691 |
| Nebr. | 63,439 | 45.386 | 74.045 | 61,834 | 3.028 | 14,523 | 63,439 | 45,386 | 77.073 | 76.357 |
| Kans. | 58,392 | 40,556 | 51,657 | 73.561 | 9.379 | 11,208 | 58,392 | 40,556 | 61,036 | 84,769 |
| W. N. Contral | 360.153 | 275.556 | 376,028 | 426,058 | 26.913 | 89.748 | 360,153 | 275.556 | 402,941 | 515.806 |
| Del. | 2.458 | 1,724 | 2,351 | 2,988 | 10 | 42 | 2,458 | 1,724 | 2,361 | 3.030 |
| Md. | 9,903 | 7,558 | 9.549 | 11.538 | 60 | 338 | 9.903 | 7.558 | 9,609 | 11,876 |
| Va. | 17,964 | 14,201 | 22,385 | 21,149 | 468 | 996 | 17.964 | 14,201 | 22,853 | 22,145 |
| T. Va. | 6,098 | 4.876 | 5.979 | 6.516 | 10 | 194 | 6,098 | 4,876 | 5.989 | 6.710 |
| H. C. | 18,766 | 15,332 | 30,868 | 20.059 | 3.713 | 7.338 | 18,766 | 15,332 | 34,581 | 27.397 |
| S. C. | : 18,175 | 10.813 | 19.532 | 14.440 | 4.471 | 2,237 | 18,175 | 10,813 | 24,003 | 16.677 |
| G8. | : 25,032 | 13,395 | 20,105 | 19.476 | 5.211 | 2,192 | 25,032 | 13.395 | 25,316 | 21,668 |
| Fla. | 46,915 | 34,857 | 42,194 | 41.355 | 171 | 268 | 46,915 | 34,857 | 42,365 | 41,623 |
| S. Atlantic | 145.311 | 102,756 | 152,963 | 137.521 | 14,114 | 13,605 | 145.311 | 102,756 | 167.077 | 151,126 |
| Ky. | 32,994 | 30.275 | 41,802 | 44.872 | 88 | 5,297 | 32,994 | 30,275 | 41,890 | 50.169 |
| Tena. | 23.870 | 21,312 | 27.691 | 31.493 | 1,400 | 2,799 | 23.870 | 21,312 | 29,091 | 34,292 |
| Ala. | - 25,175 | 14,022 | 26,617 | 20,437 | 4,013 | 1.877 | 25,175 | 14,022 | 30,630 | 22.314 |
| M188. | : 28,250 | 17,471 | 22,943 | 20,697 | 5.888 | 3.547 | 28,250 | 17.471 | 28,831 | 24, 244 |
| Ark. | : 29,167 | 15.173 | 23.378 | 17.947 | 5.087 | 4,580 | 29.167 | 15.173 | 28,465 | 22,527 |
| La. | : 16.582 | 13,942 | 20,943 | 18,053 | 2,405 | 5,015 | 16,582 | 13,942 | 23,348 | 23.068 |
| Okla. | : 25.245 | 18,544 | 31,231 | 31,372 | 8,036 | 9.273 | 25,245 | 18,544 | 39,267 | 40,645 |
| Tex. | 86,420 | 67.934 | 82,046 | 78,040 | 17.913 | 23,498 | 86,420 | 67.934 | 99,959 | 101,538 |
| S. Central | 267.703 | 198,673 | 276,651 | 262,911 | 44,830 | 55,886 | 267.703 | 198,673 | 321,481 | 318,797 |
| Mont. | 7.384 | 7.779 | 9.585 | 10,287 | 4,239 | 2,578 | 7.384 | 7.779 | 13.824 | 12.865 |
| Idaho | : 11,289 | 9.125 | 16,054 | 16,517 | 2,334 | 2,223 | 11,289 | 9.125 | 18,388 | 18,740 |
| Tyo. | : 4,721 | 3.534 | 5.732 | 5,209 | 281 | 944 | 4,721 | 3.534 | 6.013 | 6,153 |
| Colo. | : 19,671 | 14,877 | 23.995 | 24,302 | 1,205 | 4,368 | 19.671 | 14.877 | 25,200 | 28,670 |
| N. Mex. | : 6,165 | 5.179 | 6,120 | 5,449 | 454 | 1,075 | 6,165 | 5,179 | 6.574 | 6,524 |
| Ariz. | . 10,426 | 7.94] | 13.683 | 11,908 | 308 | 423 | 10,426 | 7.491 | 13.991 | 12,331 |
| Utah | . 6,840 | 4,975 | 7.013 | 7.571 | 223 | 1,236 | 6,840 | 4,975 | 7.236 | 8,807 |
| Wev. | . 2,634 | 1,477 | 2,382 | 2,729 | 5 | . 49 | 2,634 | 1.477 | 2,387 | 2,778 |
| Tash. | ..: 22,178 | 19,020 | 26,726 | 29,170 | 3.964 | 3.445 | 22,178 | 19.020 | 30,690 | 32,615 |
| Oreg.. | $\ldots: \quad 11,481$ | 9,174 | 11,900 | 14,224 | 1,768 | 987 | 11,481 | 9,174 | 13.668 | 15, 211 |
| Calif. | : 96,868 | 74,121 | 96,863 | 134.131 | -947 | 1,949 | 96,868 | 74.121 | 97.810 | 136,080 |
| Hestern .... | . . 199,657 | 157,202 | 220,053 | 261,497 | 15,728 | 19,277 | 199,657 | 157.202 | 235,781 | 280.774 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^7]

Cash receipts from: the sole of principal fermi products wore $\$ 193,000,000$ in May 1935, compared with $\$ 43,000,000$ in May 1934, a gain of rpproxiaatuly 16 percent. The distribution of receipts in this month Was similar to the of April. The greatest advance mes recorded in the East North Control region while receipts in the South Atlantic region were practically uncharged relative to May a year ago.

For the United States as a Thole, receipts from crops weir 8 percent below My 193: with receipts in all regions except the East North Central and Wester areas showing mreater declines from a year ago. Marketing of the grains were about the same as a your ago and as the prices of these comoditics were almost 50 pore mit nigher than in May 1934, income was considerably larger. This increase mas especially prominent in the East North Central States. Large losses in income fro: potatoes, resulting from low prices iclativo to a yer ago, wore sustained in Maine and in tine early potato producing states. Income from cotton Was below May last year as maxetines of this commodity continued to zecinc. Reduced income from strawberries adversely affected receipts in many one Southern States.
$\therefore$ gain of 28 percent in receipts from livestock items was more then sufficient to offset the decline in receipts from crops for the United States. Receipts from this group wore the largest for this month in all regions since 1930. Prices of critic and hogs continued to acirance in May. Heavy shiprents of cattle from the Worth Atlantic, Fast North Centred and Southern States wore reflected in greatly increased income from this source in these areas. The severe reduction in the morkctingsof hogs, especially in the Test North Central area, was offset by higher prices, and income from hogs ir May 1935 vas ijgher in all regions than a year ago. Increases in income from dairy products, chickens ant eggs, due largely to higher prices compared with lost year, continued to be important in all regions. Lover wool prices than a year ago depressed receipts in many of the Mountain States.

Government payments received by farmers in hay 1935 were more than twice as large as a year ago and further improved receipts in all rocions, cxcont the South Atlantic, where cotton ard tobacco payments were larger in Maj 1934 than in Mow 1935. Total receipts including rental and benefit payments wore 20 percent above icy 1934.
I/ ilontily estimates of cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products fere? January 1939 to December 1934 have boon prepared for each state are row available in a mimeographed release upon request to this Bureau. Information as to the method and scope of the estimates as well as tentative measures of the seasonality of receipts in the several regions and a discussion of regional changer in receipts, 1929-1934, are also ineluded.

North Atlantic States
Receipts in the North Atlantic regjon in May 1935 werc 18 percent greater thon in May 1934. Reduced income from potatocs was more than offsct by incrcases in jincome fror daim products, aatile and ejgs. Most states made substantial gains in incone over hay 1904 and only Waine recorded smiler rcceipts in $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{j}}$ this year corpared with a year ago. SomeFhat smaller inconie from tobacco in Connecticut compared with Kify 1934, lesscncd the irprovement in this state reletive to the other states in this region. Receipts in Waine for the first 5 months of 1935 were 42 porcent below the corresponding period a year ago but were larger than in 1933. Receipts in all other states were the largest for this period in 4 years.

## East Morth Central Stiotes

Increased income from com and wheat and a marked gain in reccipts from Jivestock items raised receipts fror farm markctines in this recion to 36 percent above May 1934. Marketings of cattle were larger than a year iso reflccting the relatively more favoroble feeding conditions in this area, although a reduction in the marketings of hogs was pronounced. The regional prices of hogs and cattle mere about twice as hi gh as a year ago and large increases in income were received from these comodities. Increased marketings and hieher prices of dair; products and eggs relative to Moy 193: resulted in large grins in oll statcs. Iarge payments on the com-hog and sugar programs in May 1935 raised the totol regional receipts to 42 percent above a year ago. Receipts in Indiana and Ohio werc 67 percont and 51 percent respcetivcly above hay 1934 and vere about twice as large as in May 1932. Receipts in all statos for the first 5 months of 1935 were the larest for any similar period in 4 ycars.

## West Worth Central States

Althoush receipts from farm marketines for the rosion as a whole were 12 percent above inay l93s, therc was considerable variation mone the scveral states above and belon this average. As a result of the smaller production of fam commoditics in this region in the l93.1-35 season, marketings of most fam products in May verc smaller than in May a year ago. In North Dakota, South Dakota and Jcbraskn, marketinys of com, wheat, cattle and hogs were reduced too sevoroly to be offset by hicher prices. In the remaining statcs, the reduction in marketings was somewhat less extended and receipts in these states were above last ycar. Govermment payments in May 1935 werc larger in ell states, except Iowa, than a ycar afo and total regional rcceipts were 16 percent dove llay 1934. However, receijuts in North Dakote, South Dakota, and Ncbrasikn were still 37 percent, 8 percent, and 12 percent, respcctively, below lay last year but wore larger than in May 1932. Somemhat greater improvement in recoipts over 1931 is shown in the comparison of the Januam-Way period. Only in Nortil Dakota vere reccipts in the 5-month period considerably belo:1 193.1. Receipts in Iowa and Kansas were 44 percent and 41 percent above 1934 and about twice as large as in the January-lilay period 1933.

During May, reduced income in the cotton states was offset by larger receipts in Delaware, Maryland, Vircinia, and West Virsinia, mostly due to increased income from livestock itens. The regional reccipts from farm marketings werc about the same as a yeur ago. Large payments on the cotton and to incco prozram in North Carolina and Goorgia last jear rendered the comprison of receipts with $193 \pm$ still more unfarorable, receipts in these states alling 35 percent and 23 percent respectively below May 1934. The Soutr Atlantic is the orly recion to show smailer receipts in the ifirs $\overline{5}$ months of 1935 compared mith a yoar ago, larecly a result of the sinap declino in cotton marketings in 1935. Nevertheless, receipts in 1935 wore considuraily larger than in the 5-month period, 1932 and 1933.

South Central State:
Heavy shipments of cattle fron the South Central States continued during May, partly as a result of the higher prices and partlÿ due to drount conditions in Oklaliona and Texas. In addtion to the lar, increases in income from cattle, income from hoes, esis and dairy procucts made modercte keins over Mey 1934. Consequently, the rovional recoipts from livestocer items were 49 pereent lorger than in May a year ago, with out littlo dispersion from this average among, the several states. However, notwithstending the sreat improvement in income from livestock itena, maller recuipts than a Jear aso from cotton, potetces and strawberrics depreswed recuipts from farm marleuings in Alabana, frimasas and Lowisiann below May last year. Then gove:nment payments are considered, receipts in Olel inoma and Texas were 43 percent above May 1934, receipts in Kentuclay 49 pereent larger, while Alabama and Louisiona had 34 pereent and 24 pereent smaller receipts tian a. year asc. Total rosional receipts werc 23 percent abovo May last year. An increasc in receipts in the South Central region during March, April, and hay compared with a year ajo, offset lower receipts in Jenuary and February - Total receipts for the first 5 ronths of 1935 were 3 percent larejer than last year ond consideraiby above 1932 and 1933.

## Western States

Althoush the resional receipts from marketings were 15 pereent greater than 3. yoar aso, receipts in the kountain States avarajed only 1 percent abovi Ney 1934. Reduced income fron wool, an important comrodity in this area, retarded the advance in receipts from livestock and depressed receipts from markotings in Wyoming and Nevada belov May 1934. Smaller cotton marketings tran a year ago were mainly responsible for a decline of 22 percert in receipts in New Mexico. Receipts in California were supported at 22 percent above itay 1931 ber increased incorve from eattle, egss, lambs, dairy and eitrus folxits. Altiourfh covermment parments in :ian 1935 were larger in all statos then a year ago, the relationship of receipts in 1935 with 1934 Was not greatly affectocd. A comprison of receipts in the first 5 months of 1935 reveals that with the exception of califomia, there were no warked changes from 193'. Receipts in Califomia ware $3: 4$ pereent above the Jmumy-ifay period 193.1 and 76 pereent c.bovc 1933.

Tables 1 to 4 contain the estimates of receipts fron the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by states for May 1932 to 1935 end for the first 5 months of the year from 1932 to 1935. The estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock ond livestock products. Rental and benefit paymen, including income iron the onergency sile of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificatos with doductions for purchases or cotton certificates by farmers, are clso show. For comparativc purposes, the United Stries estimates of totol cish income from crops and from livestock itens for the montin are entered in the tables on the line belor the totals of the state cstimotes of cash receipts. The Unitcd Statos ostimatos of cash income are adjustod to reprosent income from all farm products marketed whereas the state estimates are based upon income irom 33 of the more important farm products and no edjustrient is made for the inshipmont of livestock.

Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products by states, Mey 1932 - 1935

| State | : | Crops |  |  |  | : | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M}_{18} \\ & 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K}_{8 \mathrm{y}} \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | : May | $: \quad$ May $: \quad 1935$ | : | $\mathrm{M}_{8 \mathrm{y}}$ | : $\quad 193$ $: \quad 1933$ | $\begin{aligned} & M_{8 \mathrm{~N}} \\ & 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mesy } \\ & 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollars |  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ke. |  | 1.143 | 842 | 2.132 | 530 |  | 1,537 | 1.751 | 1.559 | 2,115 |
| N. N. | : | 67 | 107 | 125 | 63 |  | 1,041 | 809 | 986 | 1,396 |
| Tt. |  | 126 | 103 | 165 | 90 |  | 2.186 | 1.714 | 2.374 | 3,270 |
| Mess. |  | 1.352 | 2,225 | 2.722 | 2,643 |  | 2.707 | 2,341 | 2.775 | 3.582 |
| R. I. |  |  | 11 | 8 | 7 |  | 475 | 385 | 474 | 559 |
| Conn. |  | 247 | 528 | 201 | 123 |  | 2,209 | 1.733 | 2.370 | 2.591 |
| N. Y. |  | 1,992 | 2,180 | 1,828 | 1.420 |  | 12,549 | 12,603 | 16,168 | 20, 375 |
| K. J. |  | 2.078 | 1.978 | 2.506 | 2,579 |  | 2,879 | 2.959 | 3.767 | 4.533 |
| Pa. |  | 2.531 | 2,793 | 3.280 | 3,697 |  | 9,970 | 10,782 | 13.585 | 17.061 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 2,545 | 10.767 | 12,967 | 11,152 |  | 35,553 | 34,677 | 44,058 | 55,482 |
| Ohio |  | 2.303 | 2,838 | 2.391 | 3.600 |  | 10,645 | 12,028 | 12.329 | 17.415 |
| Ind. |  | 1.748 | 2,626 | 1.643 | 3.195 |  | 9.343 | 11,822 | 10.713 | 16,832 |
| 111. |  | 6.132 | 11,215 | 5.476 | 7.503 |  | 14.482 | 18.049 | 17.648 | 23.862 |
| Mich. |  | 1,774 | 2,901 | 3.214 | 2,633 |  | 6,873 | 7.653 | 8.675 | 11,175 |
| T1s. |  | 435 | 1.039 | 2.280 | 1,518 |  | 12,686 | 15,253 | 16.294 | 22, 344 |
| E. N. Central |  | 12.392 | 20,619 | 15,004 | 18,449 |  | 54,029 | 64.805 | 65,659 | 91,628 |
| Minn. | : | 1.720 | 4.662 | 3.050 | 3.869 |  | 11,239 | 14.676 | 15.653 | 19.648 |
| Iowa | : | 1.771 | 4.470 | 2,667 | 2.786 |  | 19.589 | 25.472 | 27.826 | 34.746 |
| Mo. | : | 2.335 | 2,342 | 2,195 | 1,629 |  | 11,238 | 13.757 | 14.181 | 17, +57 |
| 17. Dak. |  | 682 | 4.871 | 2,879 | 941 |  | 1,892 | 2,349 | 2,307 | 2.091 |
| S. Dak. |  | 276 | 3.572 | 113 | 86 |  | 2,946 | 4,976 | 4.734 | 3.845 |
| Nebr. |  | 1.989 | 4.567 | 3.183 | 1,267 |  | 11,052 | 13.872 | 17.082 | 14.797 |
| Eans. | : | 3.672 | 6.714 | 2.493 | 4,402 |  | 9,115 | 10,904 | 11,754 | 16,318 |
| T. N. Central |  | 12.45 | 31.198 | 16.580 | 14.980 |  | 67.071 | 86,006 | 93.537 | 108.902 |
| Del. |  | 281 | 303 | 355 | 464 |  | 464 | 390 | 485 | 695 |
| Ma. |  | 1.309 | 1,101 | 1.301 | 1,625 |  | 2.147 | 2,050 | 2,543 | 3,186 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{a}$. |  | 2.503 | 2.469 | 3.281 | 3.242 |  | 2,361 | 2.444 | 2.679 | 3.530 |
| \%. Va. |  | 484 | 564 | 670 | 661 |  | 1.391 | 1.573 | 1.720 | 2.218 |
| N, C. |  | 2,721 | 4,030 | 6,017 | 3.956 |  | 1,314 | 1.447 | 1.564 | 2,270 |
| S. C. |  | 2,310 | 4,320 | 3.139 | 2.736 |  | 590 | 651 | 662 | 865 |
| 0 a . |  | 1,629 | 3,933 | 2.223 | 2,683 |  | 1,008 | 1,057 | 1,110 | 1,450 |
| Fla. |  | 7.266 | 6,059 | 8,867 | 6.729 |  | 803 | 938 | 994 | 1,250 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 18.503 | 22.779 | 25,853 | 22,096 |  | 10,078 | 10,550 | 11.757 | 15,464 |
| K\%. |  | 1,423 | 804 | 1.013 | 1,215 |  | 3.283 | 3.715 | 3.759 | 5.230 |
| Tenn. |  | 1,868 | 1,997 | 2,176 | 2,941 |  | 2.527 | 3,217 | 3.208 | 4.421 |
| Ala. |  | 3.758 | 4.181 | 7.065 | 3.370 |  | 876 | 1,209 | 1,161 | 1,659 |
| Hiss. |  | 2.906 | 3.895 | 2.892 | 2.675 |  | 1.130 | 1,191 | 1,285 | 1,814 |
| Ark. |  | 4.019 | 5.055 | 3. 285 | 2,531 |  | 1,142 | 1,421 | 1.253 | 1.736 |
| La. |  | 3.839 | 4,847 | 5.985 | 3.974 |  | $87 ?$ | 956 | 1.050 | 1,439 |
| Okla. |  | 2.077 | 3.985 | 2,971 | 2,837 |  | 3.591 | 4,654 | 4,289 | 7.126 |
| Tex. |  | 8.867 | 11.474 | 10.297 | 7.260 |  | 8.485 | 14, 134 | 12.330 | 18,950 |
| S. Central |  | 28.762 | 36,238 | 35, 584 | 26.303 |  | 21,906 | 30,497 | 28.355 | 42.375 |
| Mont. |  | 227 | 2,990 | 821 | 1.568 |  | 1,392 | 1.876 | 2.571 | 2,391 |
| Idaho |  | 878 | 1,287 | 1.331 | 1,504 |  | 1,490 | 1,851 | 2,816 | 3.259 |
| T\%o. |  | 68 | 146 | 124 | 210 |  | 796 | 1,323 | 1.759 | 1.352 |
| Colo. |  | 449 | 486 | 607 | 448 |  | 3.454 | 3.649 | 4.396 | 4.986 |
| N. Mex. |  | 227 | 279 | 882 | 179 |  | 979 | 1. 504 | 1.324 | 1.459 |
| 4riz. |  | 102 | 263 | 540 | 264 |  | 1,182 | 1,117 | 1,238 | 1.555 |
| Utah |  | 166 | 194 | 275 | 175 |  | 1, 154 | 1,348 | 1,676 | 1,924 |
| Nev. |  | 29 | 27 | 27 | 23 |  | 292 | 437 | 469 | 432 |
| Wash. |  | 1.421 | 1.808 | 1.797 | 1,866 |  | 3.352 | 3.704 | 4.897 | 5.525 |
| Oreg. |  | 729 | 727 | 850 | 886 |  | 2.431 | 2.570 | 3.177 | 3.735 |
| Calle. |  | 19,402 | 12518 | 23.272 | 25,225 |  | 15.867 | 15, 393 | 19,078 | 26.525 |
| Wester |  | 23,598 | 24.816 | 31.226 | 33.039 |  | 32,280 | 35.272 | 43.401 | 53.143 |
| Total all statss | : | 105.345 | 146,417 | 137314 | 125.719 |  | 220,917 | 261.807 | 286,767 | 366.994 |
| U. S. cash income | . | 145.200 | 185.000 | 173.000 | 160,000 |  | 212.000 | 240,000 | 249,900 | 324.000 |

[^8]Tabls 2.-Recelpts from sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit peyments, by states, for May 1932 - 1935

| State | : Total recelpts from sale :- of principal farm products |  | : Bental and :benefit payments: | Total including rental and benef1t pegments |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mey ! M8y : $\vdots 1932: 1933:$ | May $:$ May : 1934 : 1935 : | May : KEy : 1934 : 1935 : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mes : } \\ & 1932: \end{aligned}$ | May : 1933 : | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{May} \\ & 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mav }_{2} \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yo. | 2,680 2,193 | 3,691 2,545 |  | 2,680 | 2,193 | 3,691 | 2,846 |
| N. | 1,108 916 | 1,111 1,459 | - 6 | 1,108 | 916 | 1,111 | 1,465 |
| Vt. | 2,312 1,817 | 2,539 3,300 | 8 | 2,312 | 1,817 | 2,539 | 3,368 |
| Kass. | 4,059 4,566 | 5,497 6,225 | 227 | 4.059 | 4,566 | 5,504 | 6,452 |
| R. I. | 484396 | 482566 |  | 484 | 396 | 482 | 566 |
| Conn. | 2,456 2,261 | $2,571 \quad 2,714$ | $18 \quad 72$ | 2,456 | 2, 261 | 2.589 | 2,786 |
| N. | $14.541 \quad 14.783$ | 17.996 21,795 | 46 | 14,541 | 14,783 | 17,997 | 21,841 |
|  | 4,957 4,937 | 6,273 7,112 | 34 | 4.957 | 4.937 | 6,273 | 7.146 |
| Pa . | 12,501 13,575 | $16,865 \quad 20,758$ | $24 \quad 296$ | 12,501 | 13.575 | 16,889 | 21.054 |
|  | $45.098 \quad 45,444$ | 57.025 66,634 | $50-690$ | 45.098 | 4, 444 | 57.075 | 67,324 |
| Obio | 12,948 14,866 | 14,720 21,015 | $35-265$ | 12,948 | 14,866 | 14,755 | 22,280 |
| Ind. | : 11,091 14,448 | 12,356 20,027 | 9639 | 11,091 | 14,448 | 12,365 | 20,666 |
| 11 | : 20,614 29,264 | 23,124 31,365 | 19 2,105 | 20,614 | 29, 264 | 23,143 | 33.470 |
| Kich. | : 8,647 10,554 | 11,889 13,808 | 5688 | 8,647 | 10,554 | 11,894 | 14,496 |
| W1s. | : 13,121 16,292 | $18,574 \quad 23,862$ | $16 \quad 251$ | 13, 121 | 16,292 | 18,590 | 24,113 |
| E. N. Contral | 66,421 85,424 | $80,663110,077$ | $84 \quad 4,948$ | 66,421 | 85.424 | $80,747115,025$ |  |
| unn. | 12,959 19,338 | 18,703 23,517 | $62 \quad 631$ | 12,959 | 19.338 | 18,765 | 24, 148 |
| Iowe | : 21,360 29,942 | $30.493 \quad 37.532$ | 1,945 1,476 | 21,360 | 29,942 | 32,438 | 39,008 |
| Mo. | : 13,573 16,099 | 16,376 19,086 | 35906 | 13,573 | 16,099 | 16,411 | 19,992 |
| N. D | : 2,574 7,220 | 5,186 3,032 | 197385 | 2,574 | 7,220 | 5,383 | 3.417 |
| S. Da | 3,222 8,548 | 4,847 3,931 | $55 \quad 572$ | 3,222 | 8.548 | 4,902 | 4.503 |
| Nebr. | 13,041 18,439 | 20,265 16,264 | 46 1,724 | 13,041 | 18,439 | 20,311 | 17,788 |
| Kans. | $: 12,787 \quad 17,618$ | $14,247 \quad 20,720$ | 133 998 | 12,787 | 17,618 | 14,380 | 21,718 |
|  | 72.516117 .204 | 110,117 123,882 | 2,473 6,692 | 79,516 117, $204112,590130,574$ |  |  |  |
| Del. | 745693 | $840 \quad 1,159$ | 4 | 745 | 693 | 840 | 1,163 |
| ud. | 3.456 3,151 | 3,844 4,811 | $26 \quad 22$ | 3.456 | 3.151 | 3,870 | 4,833 |
| Va . | 4,864 4,913 | $5.960 \quad 6,772$ | 166575 | 4.864 | 4,913 | 6,126 | 7.347 |
| T. Va | 1,875 2,137 | 2,390 2,879 | 3042 | 1,875 | 2,137 | 2,420 | 2,921 |
| H. | 4,035 5,477 | 7,581 6,226 | 2,658 388 | 4,935 | 5.477 | 10,239 | 6,614 |
| S. | : 2,900 4,971 | 3,801 3,601 | 1,386 1,997 | 2,900 | 4.971 | 5,187 | 5.598 |
| Ga. | 2,637 4,990 | 3,333 4,133 | 2,181 $\quad 87$ | 2,637 | 4.990 | 5.514 | 4.220 |
| Fla. | - 8,069 6,997 | 9.861 T. 279 | $22 \quad 56$ | 8,069 | 6.997 | 9.883 | 8.035 |
|  | : 28,581 33,329 | $37.610 \quad 37.560$ | $6.469-3.171$ | 28,581 | 33,329 | 44,079 | 40,731 |
| Ky. ......................... | . 4,711 4,519 | 4,772 6,445 | $727 \quad 1,768$ | 4,711 4.519 |  | 5,499 | 8,213 |
| Tenn. ........... | .: 4,395 5,214 | 5,384 6,462 | $74 \quad 864$ |  | 5,214 | 5.458 | 7,326 |
| Ala. | 4,634 5,390 | 8,246 5,029 | 1,940 1,104 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,395 \\ & 4,634 \end{aligned}$ | 5.390 | 9,286 | 6,133 |
| M1s | 4,036 5,086 | 4,177 4,489 | 553 1,339 |  | 5,086 | 4,730 | 5,828 |
| Ark | 5,161 6,476 | $4,538 \quad 4.367$ | 828 2,254 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,036 \\ & 5,161 \end{aligned}$ | 6,476 | 5,366 | 6,621 |
| La. | : 4,711 5,803 | 7,035 5,413 | 657462 | 4.711 | 5.803 | 7,692 | 5,875 |
| Okla. | : 5,668 8,639 | 7,260 9,963 | 88509 | 5.668 | 8,639 | 7.348 | 10,472 |
| Tex. | : 17.352 25,608 | 22,627 26,210 | 2.151 9,279 | 17.352 | 25,608 | 24,778 | 35,489 |
| S. Central | :50,668 66,735 | $64,039 \quad 68,378$ | 6.118 17.579 | 50,668 | 66.735 | 70,157 | 85,957 |
| Mont. | : 1,619 3,966 | $3.392 \quad 3.959$ | 110396 | 1,619 | 3.966 | 3.502 | 4,355 |
| Idaho | : 2,368 3,138 | 4.147 4,763 | 29155 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,368 \\ 864 \end{array}$ | 3.138 | 4,176 | 4,918 |
| \#yo. | 864 1,469 | 1,883 1,562 | 1101 |  | 1.469 | 1,884 | 1,663 |
| Colo. | 3,903 4,135 | 5,003 5,434 | $21 \quad 534$ | 3,903 | 4,135 | 5,024 | 5,968 |
| N. Mex | 1, 1,197 1,774 | 2,206 1,629 | $70 \quad 135$ | $1,197$ | 1,774 | 2,276 | 1,764 |
| ariz. | .: 1,284 1,380 | 1,778 1,819 | 481 | 1,284 | 1,380 | 1,782 | 1,900 |
| Otah | 1,220 1,542 | 1,951 2,099 | 263 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,220 \\ 321 \end{array}$ | 1,542 | 1,953 | 2,162 |
| Nev. | : 321 464 | 496455 | 5 |  | 464 | 496 | 460 |
| We.sh. | - 4,773 5,512 | 6,694 7,291 | 24606 | 4,773 | 5.512 | 6,718 | 7,097 |
| Oreg. | : 3,160 3,297 | 4,027 4,621 | $13 \quad 88$ | 3.160 | 3,297 | 4,040 | 4,709 |
| Callif. ........ | : 35,262 33,411 | 43,050 52,450 | 309343 | 35,262 | 33,411 | 43, 259 | 52. 793 |
|  | : 55,978 60,088 | 74,627 86, 182 | 583 2, 507 | 55, 278 | 60, 088 | 75.210 | 88,689 |
| Total all states | :326,262 408,224 | 424,081 492,713 | 15.717 35,587 | 326,262 | 408, 224 | 439.858 | 528,300 |

U. S. cash income ....:357,000 425,000 422,000 484,000 16,000 36,000 357,000 425,000 438,000 520,000

Division of Statistical and Elstorical Research and Crop and Livestock Istimates.
1/ These totals differ fron the montbly estimates of United States cash income because they include $0^{-i}$ income from 33 of the more important farm commodities and no deductions are mads for the 1.2htpment of livestock.

Table 3.-Receipte from the sals of principal farm producte, by states, January - Wey 1932-1935

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Jan.-Kay | :Jan.-K8\% : 5 | :Jan.-Kay : | :Jan.-Ked | :Jan,-Kay : | :Jan.-Kıy : | : Jan. May | :Jan. - Mey |
|  | : 1932 | : 1933 : | - 1934 : | - 1935 | : 1932 | : 1933 : | \% 1934 | : 1935 |
|  | - 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara | dollars |
|  | : 7.367 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mo. | 7.367 | 6.755 | 17.907 | 5.467 | 7.599 | 6.158 | 6,819 | 8.859 |
| \$. H. | 738 | 659 | 886 | 582 | 4.443 | 3.816 | 4.449 | 5.667 |
| $\nabla t$. | 706 | 590 | 794 | 529 | 9,191 | 7.806 | 10,246 | 12.775 |
| Mass. | 3.500 | 4.046 | 4,681 | 4.557 | 12,335 | 10,441 | 11,876 | 14.972 |
| B. I. | 55 | 58 |  | 23 | 1,951 | 1,680 | 1.925 | 2.344 |
| Conn. | . 5 , 358 | 3.841 | 3.622 | 4.038 | 10,110 | 7,919 | 10,234 | 11,420 |
| N. 1. | 16.409 | 17.332 | 22,576 | 17.691 | 59.658 | 49,368 | 66,761 | 79.926 |
| N. J. | 4,248 | 3.793 | 4.942 | 5,206 | 13.736 | 11,854 | 15,557 | 17.941 |
| Pa. | 17,230 | 12,622 | 17.747 | 17.100 | 48,700 | 41,869 | 53.099 | 65.028 |
| N. Atlantic | 55,611 | 49,696 | 73.211 | 55.193 | 167.723 | 140,911 | 180,966 | 218.032 |
| Ohio | 15,376 | 10.299 | 15.319 | 15.369 | 47.729 | 45.410 | 52.340 | 73.946 |
| Ind. | 10.774 | 7.853 | 10,930 | 13.919 | 43.289 | 40.555 | 48,421 | 75,187 |
| 111. | : 25.584 | 21,874 | 23.204 | 23.522 | 72,299 | 65.914 | 78.372 | 112,126 |
| Mich. | 10,201 | 11,117 | 18,491 | 14,541 | 32,335 | 29.492 | 35,804 | 46,341 |
| Wis. | 5.764 | 3.745 | 7.169 | 7.653 | 61.798 | 55,746 | 66,084 | 90.155 |
| E. N. Central | 67.799 | 54,888 | 75,113 | 75,004 | 257.550 | 237.117 | 281,021 | 397.755 |
| Minn. | 10,972 | 11.035 | 16,095 | 14.051 | 63.683 | 56,632 | 67,280 | 89, 442 |
| Iowa | 9,815 | 9.445 | 15.241 | 11,446 | 112.324 | 92,332 | 121.999 | 156,650 |
| Mo. | 8,881 | 5.830 | 9.633 | 5.915 | 51.442 | 47.941 | 53.993 | 69.815 |
| N. Dak. | : 4,634 | 11,289 | 14.897 | 3.669 | 10,320 | 8.590 | 8,027 | 8,613 |
| S. Dak. | 2,055 | 7.749 | 766 | 291 | 17,884 | 19.918 | 18,000 | 17,869 |
| Nebr. | : 13,062 | 10.411 | 20.425 | 5.024 | 63.418 | 53.414 | 73,885 | 72,874 |
| Kans. | 22,963 | 14.971 | 14, 150 | 14,982 | 48,216 | 43,203 | 51.754 | 79,299 |
| 7. N. Central | 72,382 | 70.730 | 91,207 | 55.378 | 367.287 | 322,030 | 394, 938 | 494.562 |
| Del. | 917 | 723 | 1.142 | 1.403 | 2,286 | 1,694 | 2.049 | 2.744 |
| Ma. | - 3.515 | 2.160 | 3.228 | 4.025 | 9.884 | 8,549 | 10,165 | 12,324 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{A}$. | : 11,654 | 8.902 | 16,959 | 13,321 | 11,174 | 10,212 | 11,386 | 14,600 |
| 7. Ve. | 1,918 | 1.336 | 2,240 | 1,765 | 6,055 | 5,677 | 6,129 | 7.630 |
| \$. C. | 15,997 | 14.510 | 31.135 | 16,966 | 6,804 | 6.299 | 7.314 | 9.319 |
| S. C. | : 17,841 | 12,854 | 20.178 | 14,161 | 3.234 | 2.930 | 3.155 | 3.880 |
| Qa. | 20,890 | 13.276 | 17.639 | 15.976 | 6.779 | 5.109 | 5.799 | 7.633 |
| Fla, .......... | 50,080 | 37.561 | 47.315 | 43,678 | 4.904 | 4,293 | 4.740 | 5.656 |
| S. Atlantic | 122, 812 | 91,322 | 139.836 | 111, 295 | 51,080 | 44.763 | 50.737 | 63.786 |
| 四. | : 15,625 | 23.214 | 33.717 | 31,421 | 12,080 | 11.580 | 12,857 | 19.896 |
| Tenn. | : 17,243 | 15.438 | 21,549 | 20,629 | 11,022 | 11,088 | 11,526 | 17.326 |
| Ala. | : 25,023 | 14.322 | 29.484 | 17.917 | 4.786 | 5.090 | 5.379 | 7.549 |
| Y188. | : 26,684 | 17.757 | 21,642 | 17.385 | 5,602 | 4,800 | 5.478 | 7.801 |
| Ark. | : 28,946 | 15.975 | 22,265 | 14,155 | 5.382 | 5.674 | 5.651 | 8.159 |
| La. | 16,083 | 15.445 | 23,163 | 17.316 | 5.210 | 4.300 | 4.815 | 6,150 |
| Okla. | : 23.318 | 9,929 | 20,317 | 9.302 | 17.595 | 17.254 | 18,174 | 32.033 |
| Tex. ........... | : 61.787 | 52,295 | 58,867 | 40.174 | 41.985 | 41,247 | 45.806 | 64.076 |
| S. Central | . 214.709 | 164,375 | 231,004 | 168,299 | 103.662 | 101.333 | 109,686 | 162.990 |
| Mont. | : 1,865 | 5.174 | 4.776 | 5.399 | 7,138 | 6.571 | 8,201 | 8.847 |
| Idaho | : 5.973 | 5.996 | 11,064 | 9.259 | 7.684 | 6. 267 | 9.137 | 12.021 |
| \#yo. | : 1,242 | 679 | 1,381 | 1,054 | 4.343 | 4.324 | 6,234 | 5.717 |
| Colo. | : 3,884 | 2,869 | 7,108 | 3.005 | 19.690 | 16,143 | 21,890 | 26.731 |
| M. Mex. | : 2,344 | 1.479 | 2,567 | 1.575 | 5.018 | 5.474 | 5.759 | 5.503 |
| Ariz. | . 6,327 | 5.224 | 9.927 | 7.374 | 5.383 | 4.397 | 5.534 | 6.353 |
| Otab | : 1,209 | 865 | 1.589 | 763 | 6,851 | 5.652 | 7.375 | 8,907 |
| Nev. | : 256 | 191 | 226 | 158 | 2,699 | 1,750 | 2.652 | 3.026 |
| Wash. | : 11,435 | 10.383 | 15.775 | 14,707 | 15.516 | 14.149 | 17.645 | 21,854 |
| Oreg. | : 3,544 | 3.193 | 4.400 | 4.088 | 11,097 | 9.278 | 11,527 | 14.757 |
| Callf. | : 67.755 | 54.459 | 76.350 | 100.137 | 64,382 | 53.073 | 63.563 | 86.44 |
| Nestern | $:-105,834$ | 90.512 | 135,163 | 147.519 | 149.801 | 126.778 | 159,517 | 200, 160 |
| Total all states | $1:-639,147$ | 521.523 | 745.534 | 612.588 | $\underline{1297.103}$ | 972.632 | 1,176.865 | 1.538, 185 |
| O. S. cash income | : 827,000 | 672.900 | 927.000 | 774,900 | 1,063,000 | 937.000 | 1,090,000 | 1.393.000 |

Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Ivestock Estimates.
1 These totals differ from the monthly estinates of United States cash income because they include only incone from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshifugnt of livestock.

## Table 4.-Receipts from sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit paynents, by states, Jamuary - Kay 1932-1935



Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash incore becearse they include only facome from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of liveztock.

RECEIPTS FROM THE SAIE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, INCIUDING RENTAL AND BENPFIT PAYMENTS JUNE 1932 - 1935 and JANUARY JUNE 1932-1935

BK STATEST, 81935 大
す. \$. Department of Agrioulture

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in June 1935 were $\$ 434,000,000$ compared with $\$ 408,000,000$ in June 1934, a gain of approximately 6 percent. The greatest advances in income over a year ago were recorded in the East North Central and North Atlantic regions, while receipts in the South Atlantic and Western regions were somewhat below June 1934. Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the first 6 months of 1935 were $\$ 2,585,000,000$ compared with $\$ 2,330,000,000$ in the same period in 1934.

Tho distribution of farm receipts in the first half of 1935 rolative to the same period in 1934 shows marked changes in the receipts in the several states compared with a year ago. The greatest advance in receipts occurred in Indiana and neighboring states due to the relatively favorable fecding conditions this ycar, and the large corn-hog rontal and benefit payments in this area. Substantial gains were also recorded in Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri and Kansas due to increased income from cattle, hogs, and dairy products and considerably larger Government payments in 1935 than a year ago. The greatest decline in receipts occurred in North Dakota, where the reduction in supplies of wheat have been most severe this year. The extremely low price of potatoes has reduced farm receipts in Maine to a lcvel far bclow receipts in 1934. Farm receipts in the Cotton Belt in the first 6 months of 1935 have been smaller than a yoar ago, primarily due to the declino in cotton marketings and the somewhat smaller rental and benofit payments than a year ago.

The volume of marketings of most crops in June continued small as a result of the low 1934 output and prices declined from May to June in response to the larger prospective output in 1935. Consequently, receipts from crops were 23 percent smaller than in Junc a year ago. Income from wheat in the North Central States was considerably less than a year ago, as the fam price of this commodity declined below the Junc 1934 price and marketings continued at a low level relative to last year. Narketings of cotton during Junc were the smallest for the month in 10 years and depressed receipts from crops in the Southern States. Most of the declino in income from potatocs, resulting mainly from lower prices, was centered in the Southern States, where a large part of the 1935 crop moved to market in Junc. A severc decline in pricesfor citrus fruits reduced income in California below the corresponding month a year previous. This was the first time in 1935 that farm reccipts in that State wore less than a year ago.

Receipts from livestock items were 21 percent greater than in June 1934 and, for the Unitcd States as a Thole, more than offset the decline in receipts from crops. Although marketings of cattlc and hogs were considerably reduced compared with Junc 1934, the prices of these commodities were high cnough to yicld substantial gains in income over last year in all regions, except the West North Central, where the roduction in marketings was most severc. Large increases in income from dairy products, chickens and eggs, due in most part to hisher prices compared with a year ago, were important in all recions.

Government payments in June 1935 amounted to $\$ 29,564,000$ compared with \$28,992,000 a year ago. Paynents were larger than a year ago in the North Atlantic, East North Central and Western regions and somewhat less than in June 1934 in the West North Central, South Atlantic and South Central regions.

Trends_in Receipts_by Regions, June 1932-1935

## North Atlantic_States

Receipts in the North Atlantic region during June mere 15 percent greater than in June 1934 and were the largest for this month since 1930. Increased income from dairy products, eggs and cattle resulted in substantial gains in receipts from farm marketings in all states except Mainc and Conncctiout. Due to the increase in income from livestock items the decline in receipts in Maine, resulting from lower income from potatoes, was only 10 percent below June 1934. However, receipts in this state were substantially larger than in June 1932 and 1933. Somewhat smallcr income from tobacco and dairy products in Connecticut were reflected in an increasc in receipts from farm markctings of only 4 percent above a year ago. However, a large payment on the tobacco program in Junc this year raised total reccipts in Connecticut to 16 percent above June 1934.

## East_North_Central_States

A marked gain in receipts from livestock itcms raised receipts from farm marketings in this region to 24 percent above Junc 1934. Reduced income from wheat was almost offset by incrcased income from corn and the regional receipts from crops were about the same as a year ago. Despite a pronounced decline in the marketings of hogs, the prices of hogs and cattlc werc about twice as high as a yoar ago, and substantial increases in income mere reccived from these commodities. Increased marketings and higher prices for eggs made additional important gains in all states. Agricultural Adjustment Administration payments, chiefly on the corn-hog program, werc substantially larger than a year ago in all states. Reccipts in Indiana werc 49 percent above Junc 1934 and were the highest for any June in 5 years. The improvement in income in Michigan over last year was somowhat less than in the ncighboring states duc to reduced income from mheat and potatocs. Total regional receipts in June 1935 were 28 percent above Junc 1934 and 70 percent abovo June 1932.

## Wicst_North_Central_States

A declinc of 44 percent in reccipts from crops was counterbalanced by an increase of 10 percent in receipts from livestock items. Total regional reccipts from marketings were about the same as in June 1934, but were somewhat bclow Junc 1933. Income from wheat and corn was considerably less in June this year than a ycar ago. Marketings of cattle and hogs were scverely reduced compared with Junc 1934. Despite higher prices for these commoditics, reccipts from farm markctings in North and South Dakota and Nebraska mere 35 percent, 20 percent, and 31 percent, respectively, below June 1934. Receipts in this region in June 1933 were somowhat larger than in June this ycar due to heavy marketings of corn, wheat and hogs in June 1933. Rental and bencfit parnents in this region were somewhat loss in June 1935 than a year previous. Most of the reduction was in Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri, where corn-hog paments were larger last Junc than in the same month this year.

## South Atlantic States

A marked reduction in income from cotton and potatoes as well as smaller rental and benefit payments compared with a year ago were mainly responsible for an 8 percent decline in total receipts compared with June 1934. All states show very large gains over June 1932, and with the exception of South Carolina and Florida, over June 1933. Gains in income from cattle, eggs and dairy products prevented the dccline in receipts compared with 1934 from being more severe. Receipts in Delaware and Maryland wore 29 percent and 14 percent, respectively, above June 1934, while North Carolina and South Carolina recorded declines of 23 percent and 45 percent bclow last ycar. Large shipments of citrus fruits during Junc 1935 supported receipts in Florida 41 percent above Juno a year ago.

## South Central States

Despite the marked reduction in income from cotton and potatocs, income from livestock items was improved sufficiently to increase receipts from marketings, for the region as a whole, to 6 percent above June 1934. Higher prices for cattle in recent months have bcen accompanied by very large shipments from this region. Consequently, income from livestock items has been at a level considerably above 1934. This has been a sustaining factor in income in the cotton states of this region, moderating the scvere declines in income from cotton. Government payments during June were somewhat less than a yoer ago, especielly in Alabama, Mississippi, end Texas. However, larger tobacco payments than lest year in Kontucky and Tennessee holped to reisc total reccipts in these ste.tes to 60 percent end 25 percent above June 1934, and more then twice as high as in Junc 1932. Total roccipts in Alabama and Arkansas :rere 27 percent below Junc last year, while Oklahome had 8 percent larger receipts and Texas 4 percent smaller receipts then a. year a.jo.

Western Ste.tes
Receipts from crops in all the mountain states were materinlly smaller in June 1935 than a year ago, mostly due to reduced income from wheat, potatoes and dry edible beans. However, in most of these ste.tes moderate gains in income from livestock were sufficient to offset the lower income from crops. Only in Wyoming and Arizona did farm receipts fell considerably below Junc 1934. Income in this area ves aided by substantial Government payments on the sugar progrem in Junc this year, raising receipts in Colorado end Utah to 19 percent and 30 percent :bove last year. Improvement in income from livestock itcms
 respectively, above June 1934. A severe declinc in citrus fruit prices compared with a year e.go was the principal factor in the declinc of 7 percent in receipts in California.

Trends in receipts, January to Junc 1935 , compred with
Jonuary to June 1934
"he accompanying map shows the percentrec change in receipts from the sale of principal farm products and for rental end bencfit payments by statos in the first half of 1935 compered with the seme period in 1934. The variation emong the states may be explained in pert by drought conditions in certain arees in 1934 and 1935, by earlier marketings of many ce.sh crops in some regions of th Unitcd States during the 1934-35 season, and by the lorger rental end benefit payments than a yoar Ego, especially in the mejor corn-hog producing states.


Hicher prices for dairy products and large shipments of cattle relative to 1934 from the North Atlantic States were reflected in increases in income in all states, except Maine, from 10 to 20 percent above the first $G$ montris of 1934. In Maine, the largest potato producing state in the United States, incone was curtailed soverely by low potato prices, although receipts from livestock items made a considerable advance over 1934.

The largest increase in income was in the East North Central States, where feeding conditions during the past year have been relatively more favorable than in the othor principal cattle and hog producing areas. Higher prices for cattle have been accompanied by larger marketings during the first 6 months of 1935 than a year ago. Although hog shipments have been materially reduced compared with last year, the price has averaged more than twice as high and income from hogs has been considerably larger. Rental and benefit payments, particularly on the corn-hog program, have been consicerebly larger than in the first half of 1934. The advance in income in Michigan was retarded compared with the neighboring states by smaller receipts from potatoes, an important commodity in this state.

In the West North Central region, the curtailment of crop production in 1934 : 2 as most severe and marletinge of wheat and corn were mach smaller in the Jonuary to June period this year thon in 1934. The decline in receipts in North Dakota vies mainly due to the marked reduction in wheat supplies. In Nebrasiza, the chief reduction in income has been from whoat and corn and income from livestock has been somewhat smaller than a year ago. Prices of cattle and hogs have been high enough to offset in most states the pronounced declinc in tine marketings of these animals resulting from reduced inventories. Larser income from livestock as well as heavy Agricultural Adjustment Administration payments in 1935 have resulted in substantial increases in receipts in Minnosota, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas. The increase in rontal and bencfit payments was mostly in corn-hog payments.

Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia are the only states in the Solth Atlantic resion to show increases in income compared with the first half of 1934. Income from livestock items ir. these states made great improvement over last year. In the other states of this resion income in the first 6 months of 1935 was less than a vear ago, due to the very small marketings of tobacco and cotion this year followine the heavy marketings of these crops in the last half of 1934. Rental and benefit paymerts in these states have also been less then a year aso.

Receipts in Kentucky, Tennessee, Okl ahoma, and Texas were larger in the first half of 1935 thon 2 year ago, principally a result of increased marketings of livestock and larger rental and bonefit parments. Income in the remaining, South Central States was amaller than in 1934 es marketinḡs of cotton continued to decline during 1935 and Ajricultural Adjustment Administration payments were somewhat less than last jear.

In the Western States only Wyoming and Arizona had smaller income than a year ago due to reduced income from cattle and wool in the first state and smoller income from cotton and wheat in Arizona. Income in Colorado and Utah was increased substantially by large sugar payments in 1935. Washington, Oregon and Nevada made moderate gains over last year, chicfly from increased income from livestock items. The groatest advonce in income in this region was recorded in Califomia where income from citrus fruits made large Eains corpared with 1934 prior to June 1935.

Tables 1 to 4 cortain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more importont farm products by states for June 1932 to 1935 and for the first 6 monthis of the $\%$ from 1933 to 1935. The estimates are subdivided into reccipts from crops and reccipts from livestock and livo stock products. Rental and benofit payments, including income from the emergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and salc of cotton certificates with deductions for purchascs of cotton certificates by farmers, ure also shown. For conparative purposes, the United States estimates of total cosh income from crops and from livestock items for the month are entered in the tables on the line bolow the totals of the state estimates of cosh receipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjustud to reprosent income from all farm products marketed whereas the state cstimates are based.upon income from 33 of the tore important farm products and no adjustment is made for the insinipnent of livestock.

Trble 1．－Recoipts from the selo of principal farm procucts by states，June 1932－1935

| State | Orops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestook products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ：Juno | Juns | June | June | June | Juno | an | June |
|  | － 1932 | － 1233 | 1934 | － 1935 | － 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 |
|  | －1．000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 |
|  | dollars | dollers | dolla： | dollare | dollarg | dollars | doliars | dollars |
| Ue． | ． 647 | 625 | 1，034 | 439 | 1.504 | 1，329 | 1.519 | 1，567 |
| צ．H． | 153 | 124 | 138 | 156 | 9 | S15 | 1，025 | 1．226 |
| Tt． | 157 | 113 | ． 163 | 159 | 2，041 | 1，399 | 2.44 | 2，863 |
| Liass． | 580 | 664 | 686 | 761 | 2，526 | 2． 47. | 2，512 | 3．320 |
| צ．I． | 37 | 31 | 41 | 48 | 431 | 403 | 454 | 534 |
| Conn． | 260 | 391 | 312 | 320 | 1.500 | 1.799 | 2．349 | 2，456 |
| \％． 7. | 2.505 | 2，428 | 2.930 | 2，900 | 12，040 | 12，760 | 15，515 | 27， 523 |
| フ．J． | 2.482 | 2，274 | 2，262 | 2,604 | 2，865 | 3.054 | 3，697 | 4．186 |
| よヵ， | 2.102 | 2,096 | 2，885 | 2，556 | 10,026 | 10．410 | 15.520 | 16.273 |
| N．Atlantic | 8.930 | 8,746 | 10．452 | 10,353 | 34，277 | 34.938 | $43-61$ | 50.748 |
| Ohio | 2，229 | 3，669 | 3.451 | 3.302 | 9，405 | 11．440 | 11，602 | 15.582 |
| Ind． | 1，362 | 2，863 | 1，818 | 2.145 | 8.454 | 11，272 | $\underline{10,541}$ | 15，668 |
| I11． | 3.158 | 11， 848 | 5，100 | 5.314 | 13，343 | 17，256 | 10，397 | 20，407 |
| Mich． | 1，839 | 3.090 | 3.416 | 2，882 | 6，231 | 7.138 | 8,104 | 9，934 |
| Tis． | 677. | 1，292 | 947 | 949 | 12， 043 | 14.870 | $18_{2} 283$ | 20， 249 |
| E．L．Central | 9.265 | 22.762 | 14.732 | 14.652 | 42,386 | 61.976 | 62,927 | 81.640 |
| Mian． | 857 | 3，582 | 2，477 | 1，760 | 10，265 | 14，072 | 15．717 | 18.959 |
| Iowe | 1.574 | 5．864 | 3.565 | 2，408 | 17.541 | 26，668 | 28．316 | 33.540 |
| Mo． | 907 | 1．744 | 1． 395 | 977 | 9，644 | 14，173 | 13．229 | 15.773 |
| N．Dak． | 398 | 3.741 | 2，971 | 636 | 2，035 | 3，080 | 2.766 | 3.084 |
| S．Dak． | 131 | 1．858 | 137 | 151 | 2，849 | 6.784 | 6，602 | 5，268 |
| Nobs． | 749 | 4.500 | 3.576 | 662 | 10，044 | 14，217 | 15，505 | 12，453 |
| Eanc． | ： 3.083 | 8.296 | 5.010 | 4，030 | 2921 | 10， 193 | 2.552 | 11.404 |
| \％．N．Certral | 7.699 | 29.625 | 12.131 | 10，624 | 60，292 | 89,192 | 91.694 | 100，481 |
| Del． | 428 | 476 | $57^{8}$ | 766 | 447 | 389 | 490 | 612 |
| Ma． | 2． 215 | 2，392 | 2，298 | 2，571 | 1，985 | 1，948 | 2，424 | 2.782 |
| Va． | 2，780 | 2，925 | 5.091 | 3，008 | 2，557 | 2.745 | 2，776 | 3.431 |
| F．Ve． | 262 | 417 | 395 | 371 | 1，252 | 1，369 | 1，434 | 1，689 |
| N．C． | 2，825 | 5.750 | 7.231 | 4，907 | 1．191 | 1.330 | 1，560 | 1，789 |
| S．C． | 1，271 | 3.938 | 3.490 | 2，358 | 537 | 602 | 621 | 727 |
| Oa． | 2，012 | 5，180 | 4.137 | 3.798 | 848 | 902 | 1，031 | 1，202 |
| Fla． | 1，592 | 2.697 | 1，381 | 2.244 | 769 | 864 | 009 | 1，043 |
| S．Atlentic | 13，385 | $2{ }^{2}$ | 24，501 | 20，023 | 9，586 | 10，149 | 11，245 | 13，275 |
| 对． | ．－ 675 | 694 | 645 | 927 | 3.489 | 4.437 | 3.866 | 5.544 |
| Tern． | ：1，735 | 2，738 | 2.759 | 2，548 | 2,092 | 2.932 | 2,765 | 4，259 |
| Ala． | 1．895 | 4.326 | 3.855 | 2，675 | 822 | 933 | 935 | 1，217 |
|  | 3，253 | 5.349 | 3.088 | 3.778 | 98. | 1，275 | 1.355 | 1.899 |
| Ark． | 1，629 | 3.358 | 3． 233 | 2，086 | 975 | 1，357 | 1，228 | 1，606 |
| La． | 1.093 | 2，459 | 1，971 | 1．439 | 358 | 887 | 977 | 1，236 |
| 0icla． | 2，589 | 7.020 | 7.857 | 5.128 | 2.771 | 4.321 | 3.599 | 6，003 |
| Tex． | ：－9，025 | 9.929 | 12.370 | ${ }_{3} 1625$ | 7.309 | 10， 734 | 9,715 | 14.930 |
| S．Central | －27，855 | 35.873 | 35.778 | 27.204 | 19，296 | 26，876 | 24.440 | 36.594 |
| Hont． | ： 213 | 1.553 | 1，072 | 850 | 1，228 | 2，142 | 2，467 | 2，537 |
| Idaho | ： 543 | 915 | 927 | 818 | 1，905 | 2，627 | 3，772 | 4，117 |
| \＃yo． | 59 | 110 | 125 | 97 | 715 | 1.339 | 1． 637 | 1．372 |
| Colo． | 435 | 599 | $6 \div 3$ | 458 | 2，341 | 2，398 | 3.210 | 3.510 |
| H．Mex． | 125 | 134 | 233 | 129 | － 694 | 942 | 927 | 1，001 |
| Ariz． | 299 | 356 | 1，063 | 533 | 711 | 1，017 | 925 | 081 |
| Otah | ： 328 | 303 | 302 | 189 | 1，071 | 1，4こ8 | 1.612 | 1．999 |
| \＃ev． | 27 | 26 | 28 | 22 | 224 | 360 | $47^{14}$ | 538 |
| 7ash． | 1，772 | 1．559 | 1，856 | 1，696 | 3.165 | 3.901 | 4，223 | 5.014 |
| Oreg． | ．：1，113 | 582 | 1.069 | 1，115 | 2，607 | 2，931 | 3， 222 | 4，255 |
| Calif． | ：14．740 | 18，364 | 25，533． | 17.531 | 11，738 | 15.56 | 14.354 | 12.734 |
| Festern | 12，659 | 24，661 | 32，886 | 23，438 | 26，399 | 32,671 | 36,316 | 45.058 |
| Total all states If | 80，833 | 145.432 | 137.579 | 106．29 | 109.243 | 255.802 | 270，483 | 328.096 |
| U．S．cash income | ：90，000 | 190，000 | 166，000 | 133，000 | 198，000 | 251.000 | 256， 003 | 305，000 |

Divisions of Statistical and Eistorical Reeeerch and Crop and Livestock ratimstag．
1／Tnese totals differ fron tin monchly estimites of Tinitod Statee cest income because they include only insove from 33 of the mare imporiant fam comocifies and no daductlons are made for the inshipment of livestock．

Fable 2.-Recoipts from salo of principal farm products and irow rental and benefit pegmente, oy states, for June 1932-1935

U. S. cask 1ncose ...:288,000 441,000 422,000 438,000 $29,000 \quad 30,000 \quad 288,000441,000451,000468,000$

Divisions of Statisticnl and Ristorical Resoarch and Crop and Livostock Eatimates.
1/ These totals differ froal the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more fimportant farm oosmodities end no deductions are made for the fashipment of livestock.

Table 3.-Reoeipte fron the sale of principal farm producte, by states, Jamary - June 1932-1935


Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research anc Crop and Livestock Istimates.
1/ These totals differ from the monthis estimater of Onited States ocsh income because they include only incone from 33 of the more luportant farm comoditios and no doductions are made for the 1ashifment of livestock.

Table 4.-Eqceipts from eale of principal fara products and from reatal and benefit pagments, by states, Jenaary - June 1932-1935


# RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUOTS, BY STAIES INCLUDING RENTAL AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS, JULY 1932 - 1935 AND JANUARY JULY i932-1935 I/ 

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products including rental and benefit payments in July 1935 recorded losses as compared with July 1934 in all regions, except the North Atlantic. The severest declines occurred in the West North Central, South Atlantic and South Central regions.

The volume of marketing of most crops continued small in July as a result of the low 1934 output and the later harvesting season of the small grains this year. Furthermore, prices of many crops continued to decline in July to a level below July 1934, in response to the larger prospective: crop production this year. In July 1934, rapidly advancing prices reflecting the drought situation wore accompanied by a heavy movement of crops, largely from old supplies. Consequently, receipts from crops were 37 percent smaller in July 1935 than in July a year ago. Receipts of wheat and corn in July 1935 at 11 primary markets were the smallest for the month in 15 years and income from these commodities was reduced well below July 1934 in all regions, particularly in the North Central States. Marketing of cotton continued considerably smaller than last year during the last month of the 1934-35 cotton marketing season and depressed cash receipts in the Southern States. Losses in income from potatoes, resulting largely from lower prices were especially prominent in the South Atlantic region . Larger marketing of citrus fruits increased cash receipts in Florida and were a sustaining factor in California, almost offsetting marked declines in income from peaches and grapes in this State.

An increase of 18 percent in receipts from livestock items tended to offset somewhat the severe declines in receipts from crops in most regions. Although there was a marked reduction in the marketings of cattle and hogs compared with a year ago, the prices of these commodities Were high enough to yield gains in income in all regions except the West North Central. Larger marketings and about 50 percent higher prices for eggs compared with July last year made important gains in income in all regions. Despite the marked decline in the prices of dairy products from April to July, prices in the latter month were still somewhat above July 1934 and larger marketings resulted in moderate increases in income from this source in the several regions.

1/ The monthly estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, have been revised for the period, January 1934 to date. The revised estimates for each state are published in release "Rovisod Estimates of Reoripts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products, u' states, January 1934 to June 1935".

Rental and benefit payments in July 1935 amounted to $\$ 19,391,000$ compared with $\$ 29,905,000$ in July 1934. Most of the reduction in rental and benefit payments comparen with last year was in the West North Central and South Central regions. In the West North Central region, corn-hog payments were mach smaler in July l935 then com-iog payments last July Payments to farmers for" government purchases of surplus livestock also increased receiptsinJuly lest year. In the South Central region, the principal reduction was in the payments for surplus livestock in Texas, and in the smaller payments on cotton contracts.

North Atlantic_States:
Cash.receipts from the sale of farm products in the North Atlantic region in July 1935 were, 7 percent Ereater than in July last year and were the largest for this month since 1930. Inasmucir as marketings of potatoes from this region in July are a very small share of the yearly total, losses in income from this commodity, resulting from lower prices, were counterbalanced in most states by increased income from egss, cattle and dairy products. For trie first time this year receipts in Maine were larger than in the corresponding montin in 1934. Only in Rnode Islana and Connecticut, where prices of milk were lowcr in July 1935 than a yuar ago, :Jere receipts less than in Jule 1934. Receipts in the January - Juiy period of 1935 were 10 percent above the same period last Jear and 39 percent above the low point in receipts in 1933. Receipts in Maine in the first 7 montis of 1935. were 32 percent below the same period in 1934 but were somewhat hisher than in 1932 and in 1933.

East_Orth_Centrol_States
The marked decline in income from wheat ard com Was almost offset, for the East North Central region as a Whole, by a substontial gain in income from livestock items, and total receipts from marietings wore only 2 porcont below July 1934. Marketings of cattle were somewhat larger tinen a ycar ago, and, while thore was a pronounced reduction in the marketings of hogs, higher prices for these animals resulted in substantial gains in income in all states. Increased incomes from eess and dairy prodicts were important in most states. When rental and bonefit painents, whicin wure a relatively mimportart part of the total receipts in this month, are considered, Ohio, Irdiana and Illinois showed moderate declines in receipts compared with last year, while Michigan and Wisconsin recorded the largest receipts for July in at least 4 years. Receipts in the Jomary-July period in 1935 ranged from 21 percent above the same period in 1934 in Nichigem to a gain of 53 percent in Indiana and avcrased 61 percent above the first 7 months of 1932.

## Wost_Torth_Centrol_States

The severe reduction in marketings of whont, corm, cattle nd hofs Were mainly responsible for $\imath$ decline of 16 percent in receipts from morketings in the Nest liorth Central region. Minmesota, where marketings of crittle and hoes were not reduced as severely as in the other states in this region, was the only state to record a gain in receipts from form markctings compared with July 1934. Receipts in North and South Dakota mere 27 percent and 42 percent below July last $\ddot{\sim}$ ear, lorgel ${ }_{\sim}^{\circ}$ due to the
substontial payments for goverrment purchoses of cattle last year. Receipts in Nobraska and Kansas were 35 poreent and 35 percent velow üuly 1934, chiefly due to the reduction in wheat, com and hor marketines. Total regional receipts were the smaliest for July sillee 1932.

Cash receipts for the first 7 months of 1935 in this region were 16 percont largei tion in the same neriod a erear afy m a 45 percent above 1932. ITow in Dakota with a 37 percent declinc in receipts compared with the Jomuery - Jul: period in 1934 nd Hobras'ia \#ith a 6 percent reduction, were the only states in this resion where reduced production of crops last year Was reflectea in smaller receipts thon a yeer ago in the 7-month period of 1935.

## South Atlontic_Statos

Receipts from form marketings in the South Atlontic region in July wero 15 percent smaller than a year 0.00 , but were 46 percent larger thon ill July 1932. Reduced income from whent and potatocs depressed cash receipts in Dolaware, Mar, land and Virginia beln. Tuly last year, while the more suvere reduction in receipts in North Caiolina, South Caroline and Georgia was primarily due to the shero decliae in cotton merketinss this そocr. Substantiol gains in income from cattle and egis moderated somewhot the declines in receipts from crops. In West Virsinia increased income Irom livestock itens raised receipts from marketings to 20 percent above July 1934. Larger snipments of citrus fruits and $\because$ substantial payment on sug-r contracts this year supported receipts in Florida 46 percent above July last year. Total resional receipts in the first 7 months of 1935 were 5 percent below the same period last year but were 36 percent above the iow point in receipts in 1933. Most of the decline in receipts wes contered in North Carolina and South Carolina where smeller marketings of cotton and the lower price of potatocs reduced income materially.
South Control States
Despite the large shipments of cattle from this resion during July, a sharp reduction in income from wheat, cotton and potatoes resulted in recoipts from marketings for the resion as co whole fillinf 19 percent below July 1934. Smaller government payments thon a jear aso furtiner dopressed reccipts to 21 percent below July 1934, but receipts this July were still 57 percent above July 1932. Receipts in Mississipri ard Louisiona were lerger in July 1935 thon a yoar ezo, mostly duc to the extremely small cotton marketines from these states in July 1934. Receipts in Oklainora and Texas were 21 percent and 40 percent below July 1934 primarily due to reduced marketins of wheat and cotton and smaller rental and bonefit payments than a year ago in Texas. Total regional receipts in the first 7 months of 1935 were 3 percent above the some period last year due primarily to the improvenent in income from livestock items and the lergci rontel and benefit payments which offsct the declines in income from wheat and cotton. All states recorded Eains in receipts ovor the Jounery-July pcriod in 1932 and 1933.

## Western States

A decline of 13 percent in receipts from crops was offset by an increase of 15 percent in receipts from livestock items and the regional receipts from marketings in July 1935 were about the same as in July 1934, al though substantial gains over July 1932 and July 1933 were noted. Rental and benefit payments in July 1935 were somerhat less than in July 1934, largely due to the heavy payments for surplus livestock in most of the Mountain States last year. Reduced income from dry cdible beans, cattle and wool depressed cash receipts in Wyoming 27 percent bclow July 1934, While the principal factors in the declines in receipts of 23 percent and 24 percent in New Mexico and Arizona were reduced income from cotton, wheat and potatoes and smaller government payments than last year. Receipts in California were 3 percent above July 1934 chiefly due to increased income from livestock.

Total regional rocoints in the first 7 months of 1935 were 12 percent above the same period a year ago and 54 percent above the low point in 1933. The Mountain States, as a group, recorded a gain of 7 percent over last year while receipts in California, which supplics about one half of the total regional receipts, showed a gain of 17 percent above the 7 -month period in 1934. The marked gain in receipts in California was primarily due to increased income from citrus fruits and livestock itcms.

Tables $l$ to 4 contain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by states for July 1932 to 1935 and for the first 7 months of each year. The estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. Fental and benefit payments, including income from the omergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers, are also shown. For comparative purposes, the United States estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock items for the month are entored in the tables on the line belon the totals of the state estimates of cash recoipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjusted to represcnt income from all farm products marketed whereas the state estimates are based upon income from 33 of the more important fann products and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestock.


[^9]by Etates, for July 1932-1935

| state | : Yotal recelpte from salo <br> : of principal farn prodecta |  |  |  | : Bontel and : shersplif peqmants: |  | Total inolnding rental and bonofit peymont: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3415 \\ & : 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5017 \\ & 1933: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 n 17 \\ & 1934: \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline: \sqrt{218} \\ & 81935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 544 \\ & 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \boxed{31 y} \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : 5017 \\ & : 1932 \end{aligned}$ | : Ju1y <br> $: 1933:$ | $\begin{aligned} & : 5015 \\ & : 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{J} 2 \mathrm{y} \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : 1,000 | 2,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollara | dollare | dollars | dollaro | dollar | dollare | dollerer | dollara | dollare |
| Ke | 1.736 | 2,243 | ?.138 | 2.198 |  | 1 | 1.736 | 2.243 | 2,138 | 2.199 |
| H. H | : 1.037 | 1,301 | 1.178 | 1,308 |  | 3 | 1.037 | 1.301 | 1,178 | 1,311 |
| Tt. | 1,969 | 2,200 | 2.304 | 2.575 |  | 10 | 1.969 | 2.200 | 2,364 | 2,585 |
| Kass | - 2,830 | 3.224 | 2.799 | 3.306 | 2 | 93 | 2,830 | 3.224 | 2,801 | 3.399 |
| R. I. | 625 | 311 | 833 | 793 |  |  | 625 | 811 | 833 | 793 |
| Conn. | 2,774 | 3,584 | 3,891 | 3.504 | 23 | 128 | 2.774 | 3.584 | 3.914 | 3.632 |
| 耳. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | : 13.241 | 15.654 | 18,241 | 19.787 | 1 | 44 | 13.641 | 15.654 | 18.242 | 19.831 |
| T-3]. | : 10,160 | 9.959 | 11,225 | 11,688 | 1 | 70 | 10,160 | 9.959 | 11, 226 | 11.758 |
| 82. | 11,161 | 13.099 | 15,884 | 16.855 | 6 | 107 | 11,161 | 13.099 | 15,390 | 17.062 |
| V. Atlastic | 45.933 | 52,075 | 58.553 | 62,114 | 33 | 456 | 45.933 | 52,075 | 58.586 | 62.570 |
| Onio | 12.328 | 18,836 | 18,757 | 18,867 | 1,940 | 920 | 12,328 | 18,836 | 20,697 | 19.787 |
| Iad. | : 11.466 | 18,954 | 19.731 | 18,408 | 672 | 599 | 11.466 | 18,954 | 20,403 | 19.007 |
| 111. | : 20,975 | 43.958 | 32.744 | 27,627 | 50 | 540 | 20,975 | 43,958 | 32,794 | 28.167 |
| M1 ch. | 7.866 | 10,670 | 11,336 | 12,274 | 2 | 175 | 7. 266 | 10,670 | 11.340 | 12,449 |
| fis. | : 13,224 | 17,284 | 17.855 | 21,484 | 634 | 342 | 13,224 | 17.284 | 18.489 | 21.833 |
| E. H. Contr | 65.8591 | 109,702 | 100,425 | 98, 560 | 3.298 | 2,583 | 65.859 | 109,702 | 103.723 | 101.243 |
| Minn. | - 11,200 | 17.678 | 16,175 | 28.977 | 2,822 | 519 | 11,220 | 17.678 | 18,997 | 19,495 |
| zowa | : 20,908 | 35,793 | 36,528 | 54.275 | 1,606 | 2.719 | 20,908 | 35,793 | 38,134 | 36,994 |
| Mo. | 13,824 | 19.582 | 18,955 | 17,656 | 2,339 | 1,257 | 13,824 | 19,582 | 21,294 | 18.913 |
| 11. Dak. | 3,117 | 5,098 | 3.673 | 3.544 | 1.924 | 555 | 3.117 | 5,09\% | 5.597 | 4,099 |
| S. Dak. | 3.659 | 6.921 | 5.155 | 4.704 | 3,203 | 164 | 3.659 | 6,921 | 8,363 | 4,368 |
| Mobe | : 12.376 | 21,119 | 20,750 | 12.943 | 1,347 | 1,500 | 12,376 | 21,119 | 22,097 | 14. 443 |
| Tans. | 16,828 | 23.185 | 29,632 | 18.311 | 463 | 858 | 16,828 | 23.185 | 30,095 | 19,169 |
| E. E. Centreal | 81,932 | 129.376 | 130.868 | 110,410 | 13.709 | 7.572 | 81.932 | 129,376 | 144.577 | 117,982 |
| Dal. | 2.014 | 990 | 1.389 | 3.319 | - | 1 | 7.014 | 990 | 1.389 | 1,320 |
| 4d. | - 6,544 | 8,549 | 11.034 | 10,250 | 7 | 50 | 6.544 | 8,549 | 11,041 | 10,300 |
| 7a. | -6,369 | 8.425 | 9.444 | 7. 732 | 157 | 310 | 6.569 | 8.425 | 9.601 | 8,042 |
| T. Tt | 1.776 | 1,997 | 2,235 | 2.689 | 18 | 45 | 1.776 | 1.997 | 2,253 | 2,734 |
| \%. | : 2,779 | 4.944 | 5.127 | 3.973 | 1.211 | 410 | 2,779 | 4.944 | 6,338 | 4.383 |
| 8. | - 1,429 | 3,606 | 4.848 | 2,202 | 277 | 76 | 1.429 | 3.606 | 5,125 | 2,278 |
| $0 \times$ | : 3,828 | 9.840 | 7.464 | 6,876 | 540 | 214 | 3.828 | 9.840 | 8,004 | 7.090 |
| Ela. | 1,307 | 1.622 | 1.682 | 1,871 | - 13 | 607 | 1,307 | 1,622 | 1.695 | 2,478 |
| 8. Atisatic | 25.245 | 39.973 | 43.223 | 36,912 | 2.223 | 1.713 | 25.246 | 39.973 | 45,446 | 38,625 |
| I5. | 4.301 | 5.614 | 5.938 | 6,620 | 278 | 666 | 4.301 | 5.644 | 6,216 | 7.286 |
| Tonn. | : 3.777 | 4.708 | 5.603 | 5.451 | 732 | 298 | 3.777 | 4.708 | 6.335 | 5.749 |
| 11a. | : 3.529 | 5,669 | 5.968 | 4,046 | - 404 | 417 | 3.529 | 5.669 | 6.372 | 4,463 |
| Kiss. | : 1,766 | 5.039. | 1,691 | 3,020 | -687 | 266 | 1.766 | 5.039 | 2,378 | 3.285 |
| 4 | : 2,827 | 5,463 | 4.011 | 3.929 | 537 | 509 | 2,817 | 5.463 | 4.548 | 4,438 |
| La | .: 1,163 | 1,952 | 1,435 | 1,699 | 259 | 354 | 1.163 | 1.952 | 1,694 | 2,083 |
| Ocis. | . 6,909 | 16,283 | 15,016 | 10,691 | 1,115 | 2,069 | 6.909 | 16,283 | 16,131 | 12,760 |
| Tez. | 11.434 | 27.943 | 22.307 | 14,688 | 4,573 | 1,308 | 11,434 | 17.943 | 26,880 | 15,996 |
| S. Contral | 35.696 | 62.701 | 61,969 | 50,144 | 4.585 | 5.917 | 35,696 | 62.701 | 70.554 | 56,061 |
| Mont. | : 1.543 | 2.785 | 4,284 | 4,190 | -635 | 175 | 1.543 | 2,785 | 4.919 | 4.365 |
| Idabo | 2,575 | 4.409 | 5.549 | 5.648 | 19 | 91 | 2.575 | 4.409 | 5.568 | 5.739 |
| W\% | 893 | 1,501 | 2.551 | 1,968 | 245 | 62 | 893 | 1.501 | 2,796 | 2.030 |
| Colo. | 8,189 | 3,968 | 4.403 | 4,250 | 186 | 259 | 3,189 | 3,968 | 4.589 | 4,509 |
| 18. Hex. | - 816 | 1,485 | 1.552 | 1.471 | 1319 | - 29 | 816 | 1.485 | 1.871 | 1.442 |
| Ariz. | : 1,344 | 1,617 | 1.899 | 1,669 | 316 | 7 | 1,344 | 1.617 | 2.215 | 1.676 |
| T¢ch | . 1,367 | 1.935 | 1.995 | 2,401 | 131 | 40 | 1.367 | 1.935 | 2.126 | 2,441 |
| Yev | . 238 | 451 | 638 | 682 | 23 | \% | 288 | 451 | 673 | 690 |
| Tash. | : 6,144 | 8. 269 | 9.434 | 8,469 | 88 | 120 | 6,144 | 8. 269 | 9.532 | 8,589 |
| Oreg. | . 4.007 | 6,212 | 6.722 | 6.651 | 12 | 162 | 1,007 | 6,212 | 6.734 | 6,813 |
| Calif | . 29,565 | 31.417 | 44.932 | 46.331 | 131 | 255 | 29.565 | 31.417 | 45.063 | 46.586 |
| Tostern | . 51.731 | 64.049 | 83,969 | 83.730 | 2,117 | 1,150 | 51.731 | 64,049 | 86.086 | 84.880 |
| Total all itates | . $: 306,397$ | 457.876 | 479.007 | 441,970 | 29,965 | 19,391 | 306,397 | 457.876 | 508.972 | 461.361 |
| O. S. cash incomo | :. : 301,000 | 496,000 | 502,000 | 451,000 | 30,000 | 19,000 | 301,000 | 496,000 | 532,000 | 470,000 |

[^10]| state | : Cropa |  |  |  |  | Levetook and livestock producta |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { July } \\ & 1030 \end{aligned}$ $1932$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jea. - } \\ & \text { Jaly } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jan. - } \\ & : \text { Juit } \\ & : 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Jan, } \\ & \vdots \text { Julj } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jan. } \\ & : \text { July } \\ & : 1933 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jan. } \\ & : \text { Jaly } \\ & : 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | : Jen. <br> : July <br> : 1935 |
|  | 8 | 1,000 | ,1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | 8 | dollar: | collara | gollara | dollara | doller | dollars | dollare | dollare |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yo. | : | 8,282 | 7.997 | 18.746 | 6,985 | 10.571 | 9,183 | 10,039 | 12,661 |
| 1. 8. | : | 984 | 915 | 1,174 | 876 | 6,331 | 5,800 | 6,807 | 8,282 |
| Vt. | 8 | 977 | 792 | 1,005 | 55 | 13.087 | 12. 516 | 14.805 | 18,225 |
| Kess. | 8 | 4,277 | 4.898 | 4,709 | 4.580 | 17.494 | 25,947 | 17,007 | 21.305 |
| 1. 1. |  | 295 | 438 | 537 | 406 | 2,804 | 2,544 | 2.838 | 3.445 |
| Comm. |  | 6.469 | 5.590 | 5.699 | 5.604 | 13.933 | 11,944 | 14,888 | 16,354 |
| E. I. |  | 21,266 | 22,077 | 29.640 | 24,258 | 82.987 | 74,664 | 94.953 | 112,644 |
| 月. J |  | 13.968 | 13.030 | 14.344 | 15.121 | 19.523 | 17.904 | 22,976 | 26,774 |
| Pa. |  | 20.517 | 16,877 | 22,008 | 22,785 | 68,709 | 63,219 | 79,940 | 94.737 |
| 3. Atlantio | : | 77.035 | 73.345 | 98,102 | 81,529 | 235.439 | 213.021 | 264, 253 | 314.426 |
| Oblo | : | 20,497 | 21,231 | 26,831 | 26,006 | 66,580 | 58.423 | 76,629 | 108,186 |
| Ind. |  | 14.910 | 18.951 | 22,651 | 21.373 | 60,545 | 62,546 | 67.337 | 105, 634 |
| 111. |  | 35,579 | 61,736 | 39,091 | 37,359 | 99,780 | 99,114 | 106.642 | 148.240 |
| Mich. |  | 74,188 | 17,967 | 23.744 | 21,630 | 4.284 | 43.540 | 49.575 | 64,000 |
| V1a. | - | 7.987 | 7.631 | 11,697 | 12,932 | 85,519 | 85.306 | 93.429 | 126,747 |
| E. H. Contral | : | 93.151 | 127.516 | 124,044 | 119.340 | 356,708 | 358.929 | 395,612 | 553.007 |
| Minn. | : | 13,260 | 18,845 | 20,749 | 18,690 | 83.737 | 64,154 | 89,984 | 119,620 |
| Iowa |  | 13.053 | 25.957 | 26,132 | 15,737 | 149.109 | 144.135 | 168,530 | 214.551 |
| Y. |  | 12,648 | 14,455 | 18.375 | 11,6\% | 72.050 | 74, 815 | 73,019 | 92,090 |
| 1. Dek. |  | 5,606 | 16,282 | 17.514 | 7.413 | 14.898 | 15,516 | 13,802 | 14.826 |
| 3. Dak. |  | 2.584 | 10,246 | 3.754 | 1,966 | 23.994 | 33.014 | 24,985 | 25.104 |
| Febr. |  | 15.069 | 23,620 | 24,673 | 10,259 | 84.560 | 80,041 | 92,767 | 85.485 |
| Kan. |  | 33.008 | 36,594 | 43,685 | 25,925 | 66,003 | 63.259 | 69.784 | 100,654 |
| 1. H. Central |  | 95.248 | 146,009 | 154, 883 | 91,618 | 494,351 | 494,934 | 532,871 | 652.340 |
| D01. |  | 1.969 | 1.515 | 2.980 | 3.159 | 3.123 | 2.457 | 3.173 | 3.953 |
| Ma. |  | 10.484 | 11.251 | 14,732 | 15.406 | 13.619 | 12.347 | 14,932 | 17.999 |
| Ve. |  | 18,404 | 17.551 | 25.365 | 19.540 | 16,250 | 15.658 | 15,861 | 20,446 |
| 1. Va |  | 2.474 | 2,150 | 3.281 | 2,517 | 8.789 | 8.646 | 10,082 | 13.472 |
| 1. c. |  | 20,426 | 23.913 | 41,208 | 26, 85 | 9.170 | 8.920 | 9,515 | 11,524 |
| S.c. |  | 20,011 | 19,811 | 26,001 | 19.951 | 4,301 | 4.119 | 4.275 | 5.149 |
| On. |  | 25,787 | 27.189 | 27.351 | 29,653 | 8.570 | 7.118 | 7.706 | 10,232 |
| T1. |  | 52,289 | 41,019 | 58,776 | 55.283 | 6.463 | 6,018 | 6,424 | 7.235 |
| 8. Atiantio |  | 151,824 | 144.699 | 199,694 | 172,692 | 70,285 | 65.283 | 72.268 | 90,010 |
| 5. |  | 17,028 | 25,627 | 36.519 | 34,152 | 19.342 | 19.942 | 21,096 | 33.019 |
| foun. |  | 20,595 | 20,530 | 28,034 | 25.486 | 15.275 | 16,374 | 25,264 | 23.627 |
| 4la. |  | 29,593 | 23,362 | 37.084 | 27.700 | 6.4.62 | 6,978 | 6.515 | 8.953 |
| Mis. |  | 30,690 | 27.111 | 23.478 | 25,789 | 7.595 | 7.109 | 5,968 | 8.457 |
| Art. |  | 32,282 | 23.527 | 27.421 | 20,621 | 7.467 | 8.300 | 8.477 | 12.57 |
| Ls. |  | 17.590 | 19.022 | 25,064 | 20,777 | 6,817 | 6.021 | 6,035 | 7,418 |
| Oclas |  | 28,751 | 28, 692 | 40,272 | 20.420 | 24,431 | 26, 115 | 24.077 | 42,399 |
| zex. |  | 75,343 | 70, 727 | 81,829 | 55.771 | 56.197 | 61.421 | 54,256 | 70,917 |
| S. Coatral | . 8 | 251.872 | 238.598 | 299.701 | 230.716 | 143.385 | 152.260 | 141,685 | 207.364 |
| Moat. |  | 2.547 | 7.507 | 7.597 | 8,023 | 9.440 | 10.718 | 14,75 | 15.398 |
| $1{ }^{\text {deaso }}$ |  | 6,959 | 7.707 | 11.479 | 12,756 | 11.721 | 12,507 | 17,006 | 21,293 |
| \%ro. |  | 1,368 | 1,004 | 1,923 | 1,473 | 5,864 | 6.949 | 10. 306 | 8,753 |
| colo. |  | 4,885 | 4.934 | 9,098 | 4.777 | 24,654 | 27.043 | 27.466 | 32,65 |
| I. Mex. |  | 2.670 | 2,167 | 3.506 | 2,337 | 6,327 | 7.397 | 8,317 | 8,109 |
| Arim. |  | 7.157 | 6. 313 | 11,107 | 8.859 | 6.907 | 6,008 | 7.560 | 8,846 |
| Utab |  | 1,977 | 1.764 | 2,107 | 1.792 | 8.849 | 8.419 | 8.671 | 10,582 |
| Iov. |  | 356 | 289 | 374 | 324 | 3.138 | 2,489 | 2,945 | 3,242 |
| Tan. |  | 16,207 | 16,502 | 25.096 | 23.075 | 21. 825 | 21.759 | 24,735 | 30.506 |
| Oras. |  | 5,861 | 6,492 | 7.966 | 8.040 | 16,512 | 15, 804 | 19.472 | 24,360 |
| Calif. |  | 99,302 | 92,306 | 134.764 | 140,812 | 88, 878 | 78.593 | 88, 267 | 118,672 |
| Testerm |  | 149,309 | 146.985 | 215.017 | 212,268 | 204.115 | 191,686 | 229,463 | 282,615 |
| Total all states.. |  | 818.439 | 877.152 | 1,091,441 | 908,163 | 1,504,284 | 1,476,113 | 1,636,155 | 2,099,762 |
| O. S. cash income |  | $1,018,000$ | 1,110,00 | 1,346,000 | 1,123,000 | 1,461,000 | 1.443.000 | 1,622,000 | 1,998,000 |

Divisions of statietical sad Hivtorical Resoarch and Crop and Liventock Eitimate.
If These total differ from the monthy estimates of United States cash incone beoame they include only income frow 33 of the more inportant farm comodities and no dedactions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

## Table 4.- Recoipte from alo of principal fari produots and from rental and bonef1t parmens,

自 states, Jemary - July 1932 - 1935

## Divinione of Statistical and Historical Snmearoh and Crop and Iiventock Intimaten.

If These total asfier from the monthly antinates of Duitsi steten ches lncome becmoue they isclade only lucome fran 33 of tho more importent far oomadities an so fadactione are node for the inehipmet of livestack.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENI OF AGRICULTURE Bureau of Aericultural Economics

## REVISED ESTMATES OF RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, BY STATES, JANUARY 1934-JUNE 1935

The accompanying tables contain the revised estimates of receipts from the salc of principal farm products for each state from January 1934 to June 1935. Additional data affording a more accurate measure of farm marketings during this perio $\dot{c}$ have become available recently and the monthly estimates of receipts by states have been revised in line with this new information.

The principal changes in the revised estinates for the year 1934 occurred in the Cotton Belt States, where the monthly data. on cotton marketings did not fully reflect the marketings as they checked out at the end of the season. The revisions havo been extended through the first half of 1935, completing the marketing scason for some of the important crops. A discussion of the mothods and data used in proparing these estimates may be . found in "Monthly Feceipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products, by States with Rental and Benefit Payments, January 1929 to December 1934".

The revised figures for the year 1934 and the first 6 months of 1935 are to be substituted for the estimates published in "Monthly Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products, by States, with Rental and Benefit Payments, Jan 1929 to December 1934" released in June 1935, and in the monthly relcases of farm. receipts for the first 6 months of 1935. Tables 2 and 3 following. are continuations of the tables on pages 15 and 17 of the above pamphlet. A complete file of the cstimates of Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products, by States, with Rental and Benefit Payments, from January 1929 to June 1935, can be had by inserting the following tables on the odd numbered pages of the above mentioned pampnlet.

Table 2.- Cash income from farm marketings, United Statos, by months, January 1934 - June 1935 Cont'd.

| Year and month | : Receipts from farm marketings |  |  |  | Rental <br> and benefit payments | : Total <br> :including <br> : rental <br> : and benefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Crops | ```: Iivos tock :: and :livostock :products``` | Total |  |  |
|  | : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 222 | 208 | 430 | 60 | 490 |
| Feb . | : | 190 | 201 | 391 | 28 | 419 |
| Mar. | : | 190 | 226 | 416 | 9 | 425 |
| Apr. | : | 162 | 221 | 383 | 6 | 389 |
| May | : | 168 | 256 | 424 | 16 | 440 |
| June | : | 166 | 256 | 422 | 29 | 451 |
| July | : | 248 | 254 | 502 | 30 | 532 |
| Aug. | : | 303 | 233 | 536 | 72 | 608 |
| Sept. | : | 383 | 240 | 623 | 76 | 699 |
| Oct. | : | 438 | 254 | 692 | 104 | 796 |
| Nov. | : | 276 | 263 | 539 | 73 | 612 |
| Dec. |  | 219 | 254 | 473 | 53 | 526 |
| Total | : | 2,965 | 2,866 | 5,831 | 556 | 6,387 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 189 | 261 | 450 | 70 | 520 |
| Feb. | : | 157 | 24.5 | 402 | 52 | 454 |
| Mar. | : | 159 | 270 | 429 | 50 | 479 |
| Apr. | : | 173 | 295 | 468 | 49 | 517 |
| May | : | 160 | 323 | 483 | 36 | 519 |
| June | : | 133 | 305 | 438 | 30 | 468 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITov. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.- Totals of state estimates of receints from the sale of principal fam products, January 1924 - June 1935 Cont'd.

| Year and month | : Receints from farm mariotings |  |  | Kental <br> and <br> benefit <br> payments | : Total <br> : including <br> : rental <br> : and benefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | : Livestock : and. :livestock : oioducts | Total |  |  |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | ].,000 | 1, 000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | collors | dollars |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 173,881 | 200, 553 | 374,434 | 59, 6.48 | 434,082 |
| Feb. | : 153,302 | 197,254 | 350, 566 | 28,431 | 378,997 |
| Mar. | : 250,953 | 214,112 | 355,071 | 9,367 | 374, 538 |
| Apr. | : 124,78.1 | 239,330 | 364, 114 | 6,565 | 370,679 |
| May | : 128,353 | 271,708 | 400,066 | 15,77\% | 415,843 |
| June | : 187,105 | 257,233 | 324,3.38 | 23,932 | 423, 330 |
| July | : 223,052 | 255,955 | 479,007 | 29,9:5 | 508,972 |
| Aug. | : 275,733 | 253, 097 | 529, '119 | M1, 63, | 601,343 |
| Scpt. | - 350, 852 | 277,835 |  | $7 \mathrm{C}, 3.35$ | 710,862 |
| Oct. | : 395,613 | 2,83,807 | 68t 40 | 105,196 | 7190, 606 |
| Nov. | : 249,090 | 274,790 | 523,380 | 7.), 051 | 593,931 |
| Dec. | : 186,093 | 260,6.19 | 4.16, 742 | 53,076 | 499,818 |
| Total | :2,554,821 | 2,092,273 | 5, $5 \cdots, 054$ | 555,80 ? | 6,102,901 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 153,977 | 267,179 | 421, 1.56 | 70,275 | Cs91,431 |
| Feb. | : 123,339 | 254, 83 | $378,2 \mathrm{Cl}$ | 51,671 | 429,872 |
| Mar. | - 123,224 | 281,807 | 409, 351 | 40.810 | 453,141 |
| Apr. | : 123,636 | 331,820 | 450, 56 | 49,031 | 509,537 |
| May | : 120,890 | 343, 335 | 470, 225 | 35,537 | 505,813 |
| June | : 113,595 | 313,030 | 427,585 | 29,50. | 457,149 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Seot. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dcc. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Iotal | : |  |  |  |  |

iANT - Receipts from the sale of principal fam products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd Jonuary 1834 - Iune 1935

| Year and month |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dolvers } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollsrs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,7.57 | 1,350 | 5,107 |  | 5,107 |
| Fob. | 3,342 | 1,235 | 4,577 |  | 4,57.7 |
| Mur. | 4,81? | 1,34.2 | 6,159 |  | 6,159 |
| Apr. | 3,522 | 1,598 | 5,121 |  | 5,121 |
| May | 1,838 | 1,4:81 | 3,319 |  | 3,319 |
| June | 855 | 1,505 | 2,364 | - | 2,364 |
| July | 611 | 1,527 | 2,138 |  | 2,138 |
| Ang. | 904 | 1,006 | 2,510 |  | 2,510 |
| Sept. | 1,355 | 1,516 | 2,871 | : | 2,87.1 |
| Oet. | 1,177 | 1,563 | 2,710 |  | 2,740 |
| Nov. | 901 | 1,774 | 2,675 | 2 | 2,677 |
| Dec. | 903 | 1,481 | 2,284 | --- | 2,384 |
| Total | 23,986 | 27,979 | 41, 965 | 2 | 41,967 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 1,272 | 1,527 | 2,790 | --- | 2,790 |
| Feb. | 1,37? | 1,595 | 2,972 | --- | 2,972 |
| Mar. | 1,25: | 1,723 | 2, 877 | --- | 2,077 |
| Apr. | 1,568 | 2,004 | 3,602 | --- | 3,662 |
| May | 682 | 2,051 | 2,733 | 1 | 2,734 |
| June | 439 | 1,886 | 2,305 | --- | 2,305 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. |  |  |  | . |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  | ; | . |
| Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

NETH HAMPSHIRE - Receipts from the seile of principal farm products plus rental and bonefit paymonts, by months, Cont'd

January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollurs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l, 000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 206 | 789 | 995 | 1 | 996 |
| Feb. | 157 | 901 | 1,058 |  | 1,058 |
| Mar. | 210 | 962 | 1, 172, |  | 1,17\% |
| Apr. | 220 | 1,084 | 1,504 |  | 1,304 |
| May | 116 | 990 | 1,106 |  | 1,106 |
| June | 128 | 1,040 | 1,168 |  | 1, 1088 |
| July | 137 | 1,041 | 1,178 |  | 1,178 |
| Aug. | 239 | 1,033 | 1,272 | 2 | 1,274 |
| Scpt. | 306 | 988 | 1,204 | 8 | 1,302 |
| Oct. | 298 | 955 | 1,253 | 1 | 1,254 |
| Nov. | 118 | 1,170 | 1,288 | 7 | 1,295 |
| Dec. | 63 | 948 | 1,011 | 5 | 1,016 |
| Total | 2,198 | 11,801 | 14,090 | 24 | 14,123 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jin. | 131 | 321 | 1,052 | 1 | 1, 0.53 |
| Feb. | 139 | 1,051 | 1,190 | $\leq$ | 1,194 |
| Var. | 122 | 1,1e6 | 1,288 | 4 | 1,292 |
| Apr. | 116 | 1,365 | 1,481 | 11 | 1,492 |
| May | 73 | $\cdot 1,387$ | 1,460 | 6 | 1,466 |
| Juno | 156 | 1,222 | 1,378 | 2 | 1,380 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

VARJONT - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and henefit payments, by months, cont'd Jrinusry 1934 - June 1935


MASSACHUSETMS - Receipts from the sale of urinciprl farm products plus rental and כeriofit parmants, by months, Jont'd January 1.934 - June 1835


RHODE ISLADD - Receipts from the sule of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by montbs, Cont'd January 1034 - June 1235

| Ycar and montr |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { doljurs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollurs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollrs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dol152s } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1034 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jen. | 44 | 319 | 363 |  | 363 |
| Fob. | 24 | 359 | 383 |  | 383 |
| Mar. | 31 | 381 | 412 |  | 412 |
| Apr. | 22 | $\leq 00$ | 482 |  | 422 |
| May | 11 | $\leq 58$ | 437 |  | 467 |
| June | 1 | $\therefore 54$ | 405 |  | 495 |
| July | 364 | - 69 | 833 |  | 833 |
| Aug. | 25.7 | 458 | 715 |  | 715 |
| Sopt. | 131 | 427 | 558 | --- | 558 |
| Oct. | $0 \cdot$ | i 5 | $50 \%$ | 2 | 509 |
| Nov. | 20 | 452 | 472 | --- | 472 |
| Dece | 13 | 398 | 411 | --- | ¢11 |
| Total | : 1, 022 | 5,016 | 6,038 | 2 | 0,040 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jin. | 11 | 389 | 410 | 1 | 411 |
| Fub. | $1]$ | ${ }_{4}^{1} \leq 0$ | 4.51 | --- | 451 |
| Majr. | 11 | ¢83 | 48\% | -- | 'r94 |
| Apr. | $\varepsilon$ | 542 | 550 | 2 | 552 |
| Mry | 「 | 561 | 568 | --- | 568 |
| Jxue | $={ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 538 | 585 | 1 | 586 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supt. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| IVov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

CONNECTICUT - Receipts from the sale of princinal farm products olus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts <br> $:$ Crops <br> $:$ | ```from farm marketings :``` | Rental and benefit paymerits | ```Total including rental and benefit payments``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000: 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars qollars | dollars | d.oilars |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1,011 | 1,84.5 2,356 | 13 | 2,874 |
| Feb. | : 1,095 | 1,803 2,988 | 3 | 2,996 |
| Mar. | : 1,105 | 2,032 2,127 | 2 | 3,139 |
| Apr. | : 605 | 2,215 2,820 | - | 2,820 |
| May | : 2.30 | 2,282 2,512 | 18 | 2,530 |
| June | : 246 | 2,237 2,583 | 11 | 2,594 |
| July | : 1,507 | 2,384 3,891 | 23 | 3,914 |
| Aug. | : 1,080 | 2,155 3,235 | 33 | 3,268 |
| Sept. | : 676 | 2,116 2,792 | 25 | 2,817 |
| Oct. | : 353 | 2,226 2,579 | 12 | 2,591 |
| Nov. | : 443 | 2,457 2,900 | 420 | 3,320 |
| Dec. | : 995 | 2,078 3,073 | $10 \pm$ | 3,17\% |
| Total | : 9,440̈ | 25,920 35,360 | 674 | 36,040 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1,08\% | 2,071 3,153 | 53 | 3,221 |
| - Feb. | : 1,173 | 2,111 3,284 | 14 | 3,298 |
| Mar. | : 1,164 | 2,252 3, $=16$ | 14 | 3,430 |
| Apr. | : 621 | 2,513 3,214 | 111 | 3,325 |
| May | : 127 | 2,566 2,083 | 72 | 2,755 |
| June | : 320 | 2,139 2,759 | 527 | 3,086 |
| July | : |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |
| Scpt. | : |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |

NEN YORK－Receipts from the s：lc of princije．l ferm products zlus renti．l ind borefit peyments，by months，Cont，d． Jonuery le3s－Junc 1935

| Yer $r$ end morith | $\frac{\text { Reccist }}{\text { Crops }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rom fivestoc } \\ & \text { ind live } \\ & \text { stcok } \\ & \text { jrou cts } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kotings } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Rer．tc．］ crid bencfit peymonts： | Tote． 1 including runtil <br> ird benefit pe yments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lollors } \\ & \text { dollor } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { doin } 18 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { doll:rs } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Y}, 000 \\ & \text { dollers } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dolirs } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1ヶご，： |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jrn． | 5，685 | 11，305 | 16，090 | 18 | 17，008 |
| licb． | 5，168 ： | 11，126 | 16，294 | $4_{5}$ | 16，258 |
| Ver． | 6，521 | 12，075 | 19，485 | 2 | 15，457 |
| Lipr． | 4，008 | 13，748 | 17，757 | 2 | 17，750 |
| vic．y | 2，034 | 15，353 | 17，377 | 1 | 17，378 |
| Junc | 3，114 | 15，325 | 18，430 | －－ | 18， 230 |
| July | 3，110 | 15，122 | 18，26．1 | 1 | 18，242 |
| Aug． | 4,842 | 14，151 | 18，©®3 | 6 | 18，989 |
| Scpt． | 8，165 | 14，032 | 22，107 | 22 | 22，210 |
| Oct． | 7，768 | 13，717 | 21，485 | 77 | 21，562 |
| Nov． | 5， $4 \times 1$ | 11，800 | 17，241 | 56 | 17，207 |
| Dec． | $4_{5,563}$ | 11，¢01 | 16， 264 | 18 | 16， 482 |
| Total | 60， 510 | 160，55\％ | 250,573 | 207 | 221，180 |
| 1¢35－ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten． | 4，620 | 13，322 | 17，542 | 17 | 17，550 |
| Fcb． | 4，670 | 12，¢3： | 17，00： | 44 | 17，653 |
| Me．r． | 4,363 | 15,404 | 14，767 | 24 | 19，751 |
| fpr． | 3，100 | 17，098 | 20，187 | 65 | 20，261 |
| Msy | 1，421 | 10，5is | 20，565 | 45 | 21，011 |
| June | 2，03： | 17，606 | 20，635 | 16 | 20，651 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| flig． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yov． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Doc． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tcts． | ： |  |  |  |  |

NEW JERSEY - Receipts from the sile of principel ferm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. Janusty 1934 - June 1935


FMncylvilita - recoipts from tre sic of prireipl ferm products plus rort-l ind fonorit peymonts, by wonths, Conted. Jryurivy 193ix - June 1935

| Ye: r ind month | Recei <br> Crops | $\begin{gathered} \text { from firm } \\ \hline \text { Iivestoc } \\ \text { rid live } \\ \text { stock } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { rkotings }}{\text { Totel }}$ | Rentel 1 r.nd venofit pi.yment | Totel <br> including rentil <br> ? $n d$ bencfit p: yments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dolleris } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dojusens } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollers } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollers } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollirs } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1235 - - - - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jin. | 4,253 | 8,929 | 13,222 | 185 | 13,40\% |
| For. | 3, 4!2 | 8,762 | 12,254 | 12 | 12,266 |
| Mrix. | 3, 565 | 10,237 | 13,602 | 13 | 13,615 |
| Apr. | 2,395 | 11,577 | 15,972 | 3. | 1<,006 |
| Mry | 2,618 | 15,312 | 15,9.30 | $2 s^{2}$ | 15,95: |
| Junc | 3,370 | 15.74 | 17,084 | 9 | 17,093 |
| July | 2,375 | 13,509 | 15,88c | 6 | 15,890 |
| fue. | 3,362 | 1~, 880 | 16,842 | 37 | 16,879 |
| Sept. | 6,218 | 12, 251 | 19,070 | 40 | 19,110 |
| Oct. | 7,136 | 12, 290 | 19,526 | 185 | 19,711 |
| liov. | $4_{5}, i_{x} 2.1$ | 11,187 | 15,608 | 57 L | 16,180 |
| Dec. | $3,1 \div 2$ | 10,838 | 13,980 | 83 | 14.063 |
| Totisl | $\dot{x}$ ¢,788 | 140,186 | 186,974 | 1,200 | 188.174 |
| 1935- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tin. | 4,102 | 11, $0<5$ | 15, $14 \times 7$ | 132 | 15,279 |
| Fob. | $i_{r}, 050$ | 10,484 | 14, 53 $4_{x}$ | 100 | $1.4,634$ |
| lis r . | 3, 353 | 11, 8 \% | 15, 4.8 | 66 | 15, 514 |
| t-pr. | 2,677 | 14, 274 | 10,951 | 160 | 17,111 |
| lis y | 3,403 | 16, 168 | 19,612 | 206 | 19,508 |
| Junc | 3,113 | 15,765 | 18,878 | 219 | 19,097 |
| Tuiy |  |  |  |  |  |
| jug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| licy. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dcc. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tot: 1 | : |  |  |  |  |

NORTH ATLiNTIC STATES - Rocoipte Irom tho s le of principil f:rm products plus rent: 1 ind bonofit jomonts, by months, contrd. Jinu: ry 1934 - Junc 1935


OHIO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Receipt } \\ & : \text { Crops } \\ & : \\ & : \end{aligned}$ | 3Mm fin <br> :L.vestock <br> and <br> :livestock <br> :products | rketings <br> Total | Rental and benefit payments | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Total } \\ & \text { :including } \\ & \text { : rental } \\ & \text { : and benefit } \\ & \text { : payments } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 3,691 | 11,165 | 14,856 | 208 | 15,064 |
| Feb. | : 3,732 | 10,115 | 13,847 | 53 | 13,900 |
| Mar. | : 3,999 | 10,216 | 14,215 | 36 | 14,251 |
| Apr. | : 2,354 | 10,684 | 13,038 | 13 | 13,051 |
| May | : 2,407 | 11,912 | 14,319 | 35 | 14,354 |
| June | : 2,972 | 11,456 | 14,428 | 110 | 14,538 |
| July | : 7,676 | 11,081 | 18,757 | 1,940 | 20,697 |
| Aug. | : 7,863 | 11,299 | 19,162 | 4,865 | 24,027 |
| Sopt. | : 7,465 | 13,059 | 20,524 | 680 | 21,204 |
| Oct. | : 7,135 | 13,542 | 20,677 | 677 | 21, 354 |
| Nov. | : 4,939 | 13,505 | 18,444 | 820 | 19,264 |
| Dec. | 4,211 | 11,371 | 15,582 | 2,044 | 17,626 |
| Total | : 58,444 | 139,405 | 197,849 | 11,481 | 209,330 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan。 | : 3,853 | 16,442 | 20,295 | 2,116 | 22,411 |
| Feb. | : 2,981 | 13,956 | 16,937 | 1,076 | 18,013 |
| Mar. | : 3,418 | 15,439 | 18,857 | 2,259 | 21,116 |
| Apr. | : 3,511 | 15,879. | 19,390 | 1,652 | 21,042 |
| May | : 3,453 | 17,009 | 20,462 | 1,265 | 21,727 |
| June | : 4,037 | 15,347 | 19,384 | 844 | 20,228 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

INDIANA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd.

January 1934 - Junc 1935

| Ycar and month | : Receipts from farm marketings: |  |  | Rental and benefit payments | $\begin{aligned} & \because \text { Total } \\ & : \text { including } \\ & : \text { rental } \\ & : \text { and benefit } \\ & : \text { payments } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ```: Livcstock : and :livestock : products``` | Total |  |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 2,436 | 8,373 | 10,809 | 256 | 11,065 |
| Fob. | : 2,409 | 8,968 | 11,377 | 68 | 11,445 |
| Mar. | : 2,067 | 9,543 | 11,610 | 44 | 11,654 |
| Apr. | 1,784 | 10,249 | 12,033 | 17 | 12,050 |
| May | 1,911 | 10,625 | 12,530 | 9 | 12,545 |
| June | : 1,743 | 10,179 | 11,922 | 91 | 12,013 |
| July | : 10,331 | 9,400 | 19,731 | 672 | 20,403 |
| Aug. | 8,600 | 10,104 | 18,710 | 4,213 | 22,923 |
| Scpt. | 5,736 | 10,978 | 17,714 | 4,058 | 21,772 |
| Oct. | 4, 371 | 11,582 | 15,953 | 2, 22 | 18,375 |
| Nov. | 3,215 | 12,481 | 15,69i | 956 | 16,652. |
| Dec. | 3,023 | 12,616 | 15,639 | 3,037 | 18,676 |
| Total | $: 48,632$ | 125,098 | 173,730 | 15,343 | 189,573 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 2,725 | 12,075 | 15,700 | 3,062 | 18,762 |
| Fcb. | :, 2,533 | 13,638 | 16,171 | 1,000 | 17,171 |
| Mar. | : 2,418 | 14,864 | 17,282 | 5,037 | 22,319 |
| Apr. | 3,891 | 17,620 | 21,511 | 1,004 | 22,515 |
| May | : 3,023 | 17,539 | 23,562 | 639 | 21,201 |
| Junc | : 2,158 | 15,415 | 17,573 | 659 | 18,272 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aus. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |

ILIIIOIS - Receipts from the sale of pricipal farm products plus rental ard bencfit najments, by months, Cont d. Januery 1934 - Jure 1335

| Year and month | Receipts from farm marketings |  |  | : Rental <br> : and <br> : benefit <br> -payinets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Total } \\ & \text { :including } \\ & \text { : rental } \\ & \text { : and benefit } \\ & \text { : parments } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934 - | : 1,000 | 1,(00) | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dol ars | dollars | dollos | dollars |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |
| Jen. | : 3,295 | 16,034 | 19,329 | 252 | 20,191 |
| Teb. | : 3,573 | 14,145 | 17,718 | 32 | 17,80) |
| Mor. | : 3,809 | 14.053 | 17, 362 | 95 | 17,961 |
| Apr. | : 2,292 | 15, 007 | 17,399 | 33 | 17,733 |
| 1,2y | : 4,382 | 17,158 | 21, 540 | 19 | 21,559 |
| June | : 4,352 | ]., 487 | 20,341 | 1 1 | 20,857 |
| July | : 17,388 | 15,356 | 22,744 | 50 | 32,794 |
| Aug. | : 21,163 | 15,97\% | 0r, in | 1,039 | 38,179 |
| Sept. | : 8,405 | 16,86"3 | 25,268 | 5,9:18 | 31,360 |
| Oct. | : 8,286 | 17,639 | 25,925 | 9,720 | 25,645 |
| iNov. | : 4,262 | 12,057 | 25,319 | 2,297 | 25,616 |
| Dec. | : 4,351 | 20,154 | 24,505 | 1,985 | 26,490 |
| Total | : 85,563 | 193, 327 | 283,890 | 22,203 | 306,096 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 3,467 | 23, 45. | 25,331 | 5,573 | 32,509 |
| - Feb. | : 3, 053 | 18,80: | 22,259 | 4,571 | 26,83) |
| Var. | : 3,716 | 20, 40 | 2, 16\% | 2,113 | 26,275 |
| Apr. | : 6,424 | 23,559 | 2,8,983 | 5,277 | 34,260 |
| May | : 6,987 | 23,240 | 20,227 | 2,105 | 32, 332 |
| June | : 5,327 | 2),123 | 25,550 | 1,035 | 26,515 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| INov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sotill | : |  |  |  |  |

MICHIGAN - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and bencfit payments, by months, Cont'd.

January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | Roccipts | from farm in <br> :Livestock <br> : and <br> :Iivestock <br> : products | risetings : <br> Total | Rental <br> and <br> benefit <br> payments | : Total <br> : including <br> : rental <br> :and benofit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { doliars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}$ |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,623 | 5,923 | 9,546 | 156 | 9,702 |
| $\cdots \mathrm{cb}$. | 3,666 | 6,000 | 9,66் 6 | 40 | 9,706 |
| Mar. | 4,099 | 5,561 | 10,650 | 15 | 10,675 |
| Apr. | 3,337 | 7, 377 | 10,724 | 11 | 10,725 |
| May | 2,665 | 8,227 | 10,892 | 5 | 10,897 |
| June | 2,632 | 7,871 | 10,503 | 2 | 10,505 |
| July | 3,722 | 7,616 | 11,338 | 2 | 11,340. |
| Aug. | 5,515 | 7,458 | 12,973 | 46 | 13,019 |
| Scpt. | 5,069 | 7,753 | 12,822 | 462 | 13,284 |
| Oct. | 8,371 | 8,532 | 16,903 | 1,009 | 17,912 |
| Nov. | 5,274 | 7,904 | 13,178 | 371 | 13,549 |
| Dec. | 4, 104 | 7,719 | 12,123 | 245 | 12,368 |
| Total | 52,377 | 83,941 | 141,318 | 2,364 | 143,682 |
| 1935 - | - |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,243 | 7,977 | 11,220 | 402 | 11,622 |
| Feb. | 3,392 | 7,785 | 11,177 | 590 | 11,767 |
| Mar. | 3,182 | 8,364 | 11,546 | 618 | 12,164 |
| Apr. | 2,823 | 10,338 | 13,161 | 633 | 13,799 |
| May | 2,517 | 10,853 | 13,470 | 688 | 14,158 |
| Junc | 3,092 | S,690 | 12,782 | 268 | 13,050 |
| July | - |  |  |  |  |
| Alug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scpt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

WISCO:SIN - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rontal and bencfit vayments, by months, Contid. Jonuary 1934 - Junc 1935


Total

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STAIES－Keceipts from the sale of principal farm product＇s plus rental ard venefit payments，by months，Cont＇d． January 1934 －June 1935


MINNSOTA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm produots plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contla January 1934 - June 1935


IOWA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and bencfit payments, by months, Cont'd.

January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts from faim norketings : |  |  | : Rental and :bonefit :payments | : Total <br> :including <br> : rental <br> : and benefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $:$ Crops | : Livestock : and :livostock :products | To tal |  |  |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | , |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 2,438 | 23,226 | 25.664 | 80 | 25,744 |
| Feb. | : 3,076 | 21,974 | 25,050 | 23 | 25,073 |
| Mar. | : 3,309 | 21, 368 | 24,677 | 10 | 24,637 |
| Apr. | : 1,637 | 22,358 | 23,995 | 46 | 24,041 |
| May | : 1,790 | 27,048 | 28,838 | 1,94.5 | 30,783 |
| Junc: | : 2,904 | 27,006 | 29,910 | 3,013 | 32,923 |
| July | : 10,978 | 25,550 | 36,528 | 1,506 | 38,134 |
| Aug. | : 23,017 | 24,833 | 47,850 | 3,471 | 56, 321 |
| Scpt. | : 12,699 | 26,538 | 39,287 | 12,996 | 52,283 |
| Oct. | : 4,553 | 27,091 | 31,644. | 3,66? | 35,311 |
| Nov. . | : 1,945 | 31,787 | 33,732 | 1,000 | 34,732 |
| Dec. | : 2,652 | 33,109 | 35,761 | 7,271 | 43,032 |
| Total | : 70,998 | 311,938 | 382,936 | 40,128 | 423,064 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1,769 | 29,778 | 31,547 | 9,238 | 40,785 |
| Feb. | : 1,739 | 28,032 | 29,771 | 1,403 | 34, 174 |
| Mar. | : 2,051 | 27,436 | 29,537 | 7,618 | 3\%, 155 |
| Apr. | : 2,453 | 32,065 | 34,518 | 9,137 | 43,655 |
| May | : 2,672 | 33, 847 | 35,519 | 1,476 | 37,995 |
| Junc | : 2,407 | 31,714 | 34,121 | 1,582 | 35,703 |
| July | , |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |

Total
:

MISSOURI - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. Jantary 1934-June 1935


NORTY DAKOTA - Rcceipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld. Januari 1934 - Juno 1935


SOUTII DAKOTA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld. January 1934 - June 1935


NEBRASKA - Rcceipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and bonefit paymonts, by months, Contld. January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | : Rocoipts from farm marketings : |  |  | Rental and benefit payments | : Total <br> :including <br> : rental <br> : and bonefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $:$ Crops | : Livestock <br> : and <br> : livestock <br> : products | Total |  |  |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | doll 12 s | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 4,868 | 11,998 | 16,866 | 2,421 | 19,287 |
| Feb. | : 4,303 | 11,971 | 16,274 | 287 | 16,561 |
| Mar. | : 4,520 | 12,403 | 16,923 | 241 | 17,164 |
| Apr. | : 2,062 | 12,785 | 14,847 | 79 | 14,926 |
| May | : 1,60o | 14,677 | 16,283 | 46 | 16,329 |
| June | : 2,486 | 13,011 | 15,497 | 44 | 15,541 |
| July | : 4,828 | 15,922 | 20,750 | 1, 347 | 22,097 |
| Aug. | : 6,780 | 13,571 | 20,351. | 6,054 | 26,405 |
| Sept. | : 4,501 | 13,710 | 18,21]. | 6,271 | 24,482 |
| Oct. | : 2,931 | 15,860 | 18,791 | 7,421 | 26,212 |
| iNov. | : 1,915 | 13,455 | 15,370 | 3,133 | 18,503 |
| Dec. | $: \quad 2,130$ | 12, 385 | 14,515 | 2,572 | 17,087 |
| Total | : 42,930 | 161, 748 | 204,673 | 29,916 | 234,594 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1, 362 | 12,255 | 13,617 | 3,474 | 17,091 |
| Feb. | : 1,336 | 12,527 | 13,863 | 4,038 | 17,901 |
| Mar. | : 1,193 | 12,016 | 13,209 | 1,322 | 14,531 |
| Apr. | : 1,401 | 14, 325 | 15,726 | 5,689 | 21, 415 |
| May | : 1,541 | 13, 409 | 14,950 | 1,724 | 16,674 |
| June | : 663 | 10,773 | 11,435 | 709 | 12,145 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

KANSAS - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd.

January 1934 - June 1935


WEST NORTH CEITRRAT, STATMS -Rocerptr.from the saie of principal farm products plus rontal and benefit payments, by montrs, Contld. Jamare 2934 - June 1935

| Year and month | : Eeceipts | from fam marisetinss : | Rental $:$ Total <br> and including <br> benefit $:$ rental <br> payments $:$ and benefit <br>  payraents |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : crops |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ : \text { doilang } \end{gathered}$ | I,00C 1,000 <br> dollars dollars | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & d o z=1.2 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 18,578 | 68,968 87,546 | 13,951 | 101,497 |
| Fcb. | : 20,222 | $6 \mathrm{6}, 067$ 86,889 | 7,848 | 94,737 |
| Mar. | : 20,338 | 68,851 89,179 | 4,089. | 93,268 |
| Apr. | : 12,998 | 74, 439 3r, 437 | 1,025 | 83,462 |
| May | : 15, 157 | 85,657 102,214 | 2,473: | 104,587 |
| June | - 21,975 | 81,745 103,721 | 6,120 | 109,841 |
| Jriy | : 45, 325 | 85,543 130,868 | 13,709 | 144,577 |
| Allg. | : 52,117 | 82,007 134,124 | 38,818 | 172,942 |
| Scpt. | : 41,549 | 91,097 1,32,646 | 43, 343 | 175,989 |
| Oct. | : 31,895 | 93,460 125,355 | 47,040. | 172,395 |
| Nov. | : 19,493 | 91,245 110,739 | 21,734 | 132, 173 |
| Dac. | : | 88,004 106, 198 | 20,710 | 127,148 |
| Total | : 310,371 | 978,685 2,297,056 | 220,860 | 1,517,916 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 11,636 | 88,503 100,269 | 25,731 | 126,000 |
| Feb. | : 11,423 | 83,825 96, $2 \times 9$ | 19,314 | 114,563 |
| Mar. | : 11,770 | 87,094 98,854 | 18,971 | 117,835 |
| Apr. | : 12,794 | 105,350 118, 574 | 25,732 | 144,406 |
| May | : 14,898 | 10:,117 118,015 | 6,692 | 124,707 |
| June | : 10,532 | 91,915 102,477 | 4,147 | 106, 624 |
| July | : |  |  |  |
| Aue. | : |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |
| ITov. | : |  |  |  |
| Doc. | : |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |

DNAMARE - Receipts from the sale of primeipal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, $b_{u}^{r}$ months, Contld Jenuzry 1934 -. June 1935


MARYLAND - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month |  | Receipts from farm marketings |  |  | Rental and benefit payments | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Total } \\ & : \text { including } \\ & : \text { rental } \\ & : \text { and benefit } \\ & : \text { payments } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Crops | Livestock and livestock products | Total |  |  |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| 1934 - | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Jan. | : | 629 | 1,744 | 2,373 | 29 | 2,402 |
| Feb. | $\vdots$ | 349 | 1,699 | 2,048 | 21 | 2,069 |
| Mar. | : | 507 | 1,971 | 2,478 | 7 | 2,485 |
| Apr. | : | 399 | 2,172 | 2,571 | 3 | 2,574 |
| May | : | 1,296 | 2,688 | 3,984 | 26 | 4,010 |
| June | : | 2,768 | 2,408 | 5,176 | 14 | 5,190 |
| July | : | 8,784 | 2,250 | 11,034 | 7 | 11,041 |
| Av.E. | : | 4,097 | 2,235 | 6,332 | 52 | 6,384 |
| Sept. | : | 2,134 | 2,250 | 4,384 | 217 | 4,601 |
| Oct. | : | 1,907 | 2,326 | 4,233 | 531 | 4,764 |
| Nov. | : | 1,114 | 2,393 | 3,507 | 75 | 3,582 |
| Dec. | : | 1,014 | 2,517 | 3,531 | 85 | 3,616 |
| Total | : | 24,998 | 26,653 | 51,651 | 1;067 | 52,718 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| J an. | : | 651 | 2,025 | 2,676 | 109 | 2,785 |
| Feb. | : | 540 | 1,995 | 2,535 | 103 | 2,638 |
| Mar. | : | 639 | 2,431 | 3,070 | : 23 | 3,093 |
| Apr. | : | 897 | 2,798 | 3,695 | : 103 | 3,798 |
| May | : | 1,636 | 3,387 | 5,023 | 22 | 5,045 |
| June | : | 3,339 | 2,817 | 6,156 | 41 | 6,197 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Av.E. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| ITov. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |  |

## Total

VIKGINIA - Receipts from the salc of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month |  | Receipts from farm marketings |  |  | Fental <br> and bencfit payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Crops | Livestock and livestock products | Total |  |  |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| 1934 - | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | collars |
| Jan. | : | 4,623 | 1,943 | 6,566 | 91 | 6,657 |
| Feb. | : | 2,986 | 1,874 | 4,860 | 41 | 4,901 |
| Mar. | : | 2,579 | 1,885 | 4, 464 | 15 | 4,479 |
| Apr. | : | 1,853 | 2,152 | 4,005 | 321 | 4,326 |
| May | : | 2,680 | 2,508 | 5,188 | 166 | 5,354 |
| June | : | 3,955 | 2,744 | 6,699 | 130 | 6,829 |
| July | : | 6,689 | 2,755 | 9,444 | 157 | 9,601 |
| Aug\%. | : | 2,144 | 3,410 | 5,554 | 581 | 6,135 |
| Sept. | : | 3,872 | 3,838 | 7,710 | 121 | 7,831 |
| Oct. | : | 12,226 | 4,743 | 16,969 | 255 | 17,224 |
| INov. | : | 7,565 | 4,094 | 11,659 | 201 | 11,860 |
| Dec. | : | 3,909 | 3,352 | 7,261 | 242 | 7,503 |
| Total | : | 55,081 | 35,298 | 90,379 | 2,321 | 92,700 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 3,922 | 2,400 | 6,322 | 255 | 6,577 |
| Feb. | : | 2,256 | 2,230 | 4,486 | 305 | 4,791 |
| Mar. | : | 1,780 | 2,367 | 4,147 | 243 | - |
| Apr. | : | 1,823 | 3.033 | 4,861 | 193 | 5,054 |
| May. | : | 2,638 | 3,246 | 5,881 | 575 | 6,459 |
| June | . | 3,026 | 3,523 | 6,55-1 | 399 | 6,953 |
| July | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Au.E. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |

WEST VIRGINIA -- Roceipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, contld

Jantary 1954 - June 1935


Total

NORTH CAROLINA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | Receipts from farm marlretings |  |  | Rental <br> and benefit payments | : Total <br> : including <br> : rental <br> : and benefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | Livestock and livestock products | Total |  |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollors | dollars | dollars | dollors |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jen. | 8,652 | 1,323 | 9,975 | 1,382 | 11,357 |
| Feb. | 5,865 | 1,291 | 7,156 | 541 | 7,697 |
| Mar. | 5,696 | 1,365 | 7,061 | 168 | 7,229 |
| Apr. | 4,800 | 1,407 | 6,207 | 1,622 | 7,829 |
| May | 5,774 | 1,445 | 7,219 | 2,658 | 9,877 |
| June | 6,752 | 1,526 | 8,278 | 1,855 | 10,133 |
| July | 3,669 | 1,458 | 5,127 | 1,211 | 5,338 |
| Aus. | 17,527 | 1,634 | 19,161 | 314 | 19,475 |
| Sopt. | 49,417 | 1,775 | 51,193 | 278 | 51,471 |
| Oct. | 55,853 | 1,923 | 57,776 | 628 | 58,404 |
| IJov. | 25,239 | 2,048 | 27,287 | 1,295 | 28,582 |
| Dec. | 9,026 | 2,175 | 11,201 | 627 | 11,828 |
| Total | 198,270 | 19,371 | 217,641 | 12,579 | 230,220 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| $J$ an. | 5,284 | 1,480 | 6,764 | 787 | 7,551 |
| Feb. | 3,316 | 1, 467 | 4,783 | -316 | 4,467 |
| Mar. | 3,717 | 1,610 | 5,327 | 5,304 | 10,631 |
| Apr. | 3,231 | 1,82,2 | 5,053 | 1,563 | 6,616 |
| May | 3,967 | 1,911 | 5,878 | 388 | 6,266 |
| June | 4,981 | 1,648 | 6,629 | 1,496 | 8,125 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

SOUTH CAROLINA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld.

January 1934 - June 1935


G표 RGIA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts from farm marisetings : |  |  | Rental : includingand $\cdot$ rentalbenefit : and benefitpayments: payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ```:Livestock : and :l.ivestock :products``` | Total |  |  |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - $\quad$ - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 4,025 | 1,432 | 5,457 | 2,872 | 8,329 |
| Feb. | : 4,662 | 1,139 | 5,801 | 1,17.8 | 6,979 |
| Mar. | : 3,370 | 1,039 | 4,409 | 302 | 4,711 |
| Apr. | : 2,752 | 993 | 3,745 | 859 | 4,604 |
| May | : 2,053 | 1,000 | 3,053 | 2,181 | 5,234 |
| June | : 4,062 | 1,066 | 5,128 | 1,330 | 6,458 |
| July | : 6,427 | 1,037 | 7,464 | 540 | 8,004 |
| Aug. | : 14,736 | 1,093 | 15,829 | 267 | 16,096 |
| Sept. | : 16,969 | 1,471 | 18,440 | 236 | 18,676 |
| Oct. | : 16,395 | 1,466 | 17,861 | 1,521 | 19, 382 |
| Nov. | : 9,877 | 1,715 | 11,592 | 1,659 | 13,251 |
| Dec. | : 6,963 | 1,708 | 8,671 | 1,270 | 9,941 |
| Total | : 92,291 | 15,159 | 107,450 | 14,215 | 121,665 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 4,522 | 1,965 | 5,487 | 1,595 | 8,083 |
| Feb. | : 4,548 | 1,507 | 6,055 | - 423 | 5,627 |
| Mar. | : 4,372 | 1,414 | 5,786 | 648 | 6,434 |
| Aprc | : 3,174 | 1,387 | 4,561 | 376 | 4,937 |
| May | : 3,196 | 1,375 | 4,571 | 87 | 4,658 |
| June | : 4,235 | 1,314 | 5,549 | 2,316 | 7,865 |
| $J$ Juy | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  | . |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  | : |  |

FIORIDA - Receipts from the saln of principal farm products plus rontal and beiefit payments, by months, Contid.

さanuary 1934-June 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts from farm marketings |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Rerital } \\ & \text { : and } \\ & \text { : benefit } \\ & \text { : paymonts } \end{aligned}$ | : Jotal <br> : including <br> : rental <br> : and benefit <br> : pajments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ```:Livessoci= end :livestocir :products``` | Tutal |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { doliars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I,000 } \\ \text { dollers } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,020 \\ & \text { don } 17 \mathrm{rs} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - | - |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 10,327 | 1,0.50 | 1.1,377 | 51 | - 11,423 |
| Feb. | : 10,517 | 897 | 11, 414 | 20 | 11,434 |
| Mar. | : 13,690 | 995 | 11,675 | 7 | 14,682 |
| Apr. | - 11,859 | 856 | 12,725 | 93 | 12,818 |
| May | : 9,662 | 8'6 6 | 10,5:38 | 22 | 10,560 |
| Junc | : 1,967 | 822 | 2,785 | 72 | 2,861 |
| July | : 744 | 9.33 | 1.682 | 13 | 1,695 |
| Aug. | : 1,300 | 91.2 | 3,272 | 130 | 2,402 |
| Scpt. | : 1, 4is | 1,053 | 2, 5ıri | 243 | 2,760 |
| Oct. | : 3,517 | 1,165 | 4,632 | - 98 | - 4,780 |
| Nov. | : 6,585 | 1,256 | 7, 542 | 70 | - 7: 712 |
| Doc. | : 5,538 | I, 890 | 7,078 | 41 | r, 1119 |
| Total | : 77, 1.91 | 22,200 | 89,331 | 860 | 90,251 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 7.508 | 1,183 | 8,59] | 63 | 8,754 |
| Fcb. | : 10, 3.11 | 1,057 | 11.,198 | 1.3 | 11,211 |
| Mar. | : 12,534 | 1,111 | 1.3,695 | 145 | 13,840 |
| Apr. | : 13,8\%5 | 900 | 14,305 | 47 | 14,852 |
| May | : r, 617 | 985 | 8,612 | 56 | 3,668 |
| June | : 2,73 | 912 | 3, 6.46 | 43 | 3,639 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Alng. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| ITov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

SOUTH ATMANTIC STATES - Keceipts from the sale of principal fam products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld. January 1934 - June 1935


KENTUCKY - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit nayments, by months, Contld. January 19.34--Tune 1935

| Year and month | Receipts from farm marketings |  |  | Rental and <br> : benefit <br> : payments | : Total <br> : including <br> : rental <br> :and benefit <br> : pamments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | : Iives tock <br> : and <br> :livestock <br> : products | Total |  |  |
|  | . 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollnis | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 15,373 | 2,142 | 17,515 | 66 | 17,581 |
| Feb. | 11,624 | 1,978 | 13,602 | 11 | 13,613 |
| Mar. | 4,233 | 2,238 | 6, 4r7 $^{\text {r }}$ | 8 | 6,479 |
| Apr. | 1,184 | 2,733 | 3,3r7 | 3 | 3,980 |
| May | 1,018 | 3,925 | ¢, 343 | 727 | 5,670 |
| Junc | $7{ }^{7} 9$ | 4, 290 | 5,169 | 1,199 | 6,368 |
| July | 2,308 | 3,630 | 5,938 | 278 | 6,215 |
| AuE. | 1,500 | 3, 745 | 5,245 | 367 | 5,612 |
| Sept. | 1,507 | 4,089 | 5,596 | 207 | 5,803 |
| Oct. | 1,103 | 3,927 | 5,090 | 1,564 | 6,654 |
| Nov. | 80.7 | 3,662 | 4,469 | 320 | 4,795 |
| Dec. | 9,054 | 3,055 | 12,119 | 328 | 12,447 |
| Total | 50,550 | 39,584 | 90,134 | 5,084 | 95,213 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 22,715 | 3,532 | 26,247 | 2,308 | 28,555 |
| Feb. | 5,123 | 3,230 | 8,353 | 1,982 | 10,335 |
| Mar. | 1,5\%3 | 3,94\% | 5,470 | 507 | 5,977 |
| Apr. | 1,421 | 4,757 | 6,178 | 500 | 6,678 |
| May | 1,223 | 5,443 | 6,665 | 1,768 | 8,433 |
| Junc | 985 | б,653 | 7,638 | 2,694 | 10,352 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aus. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| lov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

TRNNESSEE - Receipts from tho sele of principal farm products plus rental and benəfit payments, by months, Contld.

January 1934 - Junc 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts from famm marletings |  |  | Rental and benefit pavments | ```: Total :including : rental :and benefit : paynents``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | : Livestocir and <br> : I ivestock <br> : products | Total |  |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollurs | Q? 1 ars | dollars |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 6,207 | 1,704 | 7,911 | 809 | 8,820 |
| Feb. | 6,211 | 1,814 | 8,025 | 389 | 8, 21.14 |
| Mar. | 5,066 | 1,823 | 6,889 | 86 | 6,975 |
| Apr. | : 2,298 | 2,214 | 4,512 | 16 | 4,528 |
| May | : 2,231 | 3,050 | 5,281 | 74 | 5,355 |
| June | : 2,025 | 2,452 | 5,077 | 841 | 5,918 |
| July | : 3,396 | 2,207 | 5,603 | 732 | 6,335 |
| Aug. | 1,274 | 2,458 | 3,732 | 418 | 4,150 |
| Sept. | 4,495 | 3,283 | 7,879 | 687 | 8,566 |
| oct. | 10,165 | 3,600 | 13,765 | 1,021 | 14,786 |
| Nov. | 7,300 | 2,801 | 10,101 | 9.49 | 11,050 |
| Dec. | 6,981 | 2,555 | 9,523 | E24 | 10,060 |
| Total | 58,250 | 30.061 | 88,311 | 6,646 | 94,957 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  | 6, |  |
| Jan. | 7,786 | 2,586 | 10,372 | 973 | 11,345 |
| Feb. | : 4,747 | 2,749 | 7,496 | 972 | 8,463 |
| Mar. | : 3,039 | 3,103 | 6,142 | 281 | 6,423 |
| Apr. | : 3,064 | 3,640 | 6,704 | 573 | 7,277 |
| May | 2,075 | 4,290 | 6,365 | 864 | 7,229 |
| June | 2,608 | 3,975 | 6,583 | 1,1969 | 7,752 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aus. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | : |  |  |  |  |
| oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov, | ; |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

ALABAMA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld.

January 1934 - June 1935


MISSISSIPPI - Reccipts from the sale of principal farm productsplus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contld. January 193s - Jiune 1935

| Year and month | : Receipts | from farm markotings | Rental and cencfit $\because$ paments | : Total <br> :including <br> : rental <br> : and berefit <br> :paments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | ```:Livestock : : and : Total :livostock :products``` |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : ~ 1,000 \\ & : \text { doll ars } \end{aligned}$ | 1,000dollars $\quad$1,000 <br> dollars | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 5,866 | 655 6,521 | : 3,836 | 10,357 |
| Feb. | : 7,304 | 753 8,057 | : 1,630 | 9,687 |
| Mar. | : 3,422 | 867 4,289 | : 371 | 4,660 |
| Apr. | : 1,448 | 760 2,208 | : 51 | 2,259 |
| May | : 2,222 | 1,064 3,286 | 553 | 3,839 |
| June | : 2,468 | 926 3,394 | 2,832 | 6,226 |
| July | : 748 | 943 1,691 | 687 | 2,378 |
| Aug. | : 2,509 | 1,160 3,669 | 494 | 4;163 |
| Sept. | : 16,167 | 1,806 17,973 | 235 | 18,208 |
| Oct. | : 24,467 | 2,202 26,063 | 4.67 | 27,136 |
| Nov. | : 14,428 | 2,663 17,091 | 3,397 | 20,488 |
| Dec. | : 11,072 | 1,298 12,370 | 1,166 | 13,536 |
| Total | : 92,121 | 15,097 107,218 | 15,719 | 122,937 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 6,819 | 892. 7,711 | 2,314 | 10,025 |
| Feb. | : 4,557 | 1,039 5,596 | 746 | - 6,342 |
| Mar. | : 4,286 | 1,306 5,592 | 309 | 5,901 |
| Apr. | : 2,536 | 1,156. 3,692 | 178 | 3,870 |
| May | : 2,460 | 1,555 4,016 | - 1,339 | 5,355 |
| June | 3,306 | 1,310 4,616 | - 2,205 | 6,821 |
| JuIy | : |  | : |  |
| Aug. | : |  | : |  |
| Sept. | : |  | : |  |
| Oct. | : |  | : |  |
| Nov. | : |  | : |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  | . |  |

LRKaNSAS - Roccintis from the s. 15 of principl f. moroducts plus rent 1 nd bencfit pirments, by moriths, Cont'd. J.nuiry IGS4 - Junc 1035


Tot•1

LOTLEPANA - Receipts from the sale or principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd January le34 - June 1935

| Year and month | Receipts <br> Crops | farm vestock end vestock raducts | Total | Rental Total <br> and including <br> beneitit $:$ <br> peyments $:$ mal benefit <br> $:$ payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1, 000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollais | dollars | doilars | dollers | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 7,207 | 790 | 7,997 | 1,574 | 9,5'11 |
| Feo. | 4,744 | \%39 | 5,4.83 | 661 | 6, 1¢ 4. |
| Mar. | 2,06: | 722 | 2,789 | 150 | 2,938 |
| Apr. | 3, C6I | 721 | 3,782 | 20 | 3,802 |
| İ3y | 5,528 | 802 | 6,330 | 657 | 6,987 |
| June | I, 878 | I, 404 | 3,283 | 1,130 | 4,413 |
| Juily | 578 | 857 | 1,435 | 259 | 1,694 |
| Aug. | 3,031 | 748 | 3,779 | 122 | 3,961 |
| Sept。 | 9,501 | 813 | 10,314 | 1.52 | 10,466 |
| Oct. | 12,C14 | 982 | 12,99\% | 1,097 | 14,085 |
| INOV. | 13, c39 | 1,501 | 14,540 | 1,175 | 15,715 |
| Dec. | 7, 002 | 1,1.53 | 3,155 | 823 | 8,978 |
| Total | 89,651 | 11,232 | 80,883 | 7,880 | 88,763 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,35.3 | 824 | 4,177 | 818 | 4,995 |
| Feb. | 4,090 | 803 | 4,993 | 2,080 | 7,083 |
| Var. | 3,22i | 255 | 4, 781 | 1,472 | 6,255 |
| Apr. | 3,285 | 930 | 4,215 | 655 | 4,850 |
| May | 4, 062 | 1,030 | 5,092 | 402 | 5,554 |
| June | 1, 475 | 1,763 | 3,238 | 1,325 | 4,563 |
| Tuly |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alug. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOV. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |

OKIAHONA - Receipts rrom the sile of principal farm products wus rentai as bonefit varments, by months, Contrd. Jenuery 1934 - June 1935


TEXAS - RUCEipts from the sele of rincipal ferm products plus rantil and benufit payments, by months, contid. Januery 1934 - June 1935


SOUTH CENTRAL STATES - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contla. January 1934 - June 1935


MONTANA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd. Janlary 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | Feceipts from farm marketings : |  |  | : Rental : Total: including: and : rental:- benefit : :and benefit: payments : payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ```:Livestock and :livestock :products``` | Total |  |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1,033 | I, 687 | 2,770 | 883 | 3,653 |
| Feb. | : 1,231 | 1,471 | 2,702 | 2,327 | 5,029 |
| Mar. | : 1,168 | 1,236 | 2,404 | 472 | 2,876 |
| Apr. | : 1,147 | 2,058 | 3,205 | 557 | 3,762 |
| May | : 1,153 | 2,565 | 3,718 | 110 | 3,828 |
| June | : 747 | 2,482 | 3,229 | 69 | 3,298 |
| July | : 1,068 | 3,216 | 4,284 | 635 | 4,919 |
| Aug. | : 3,397 | 3,406 | 6,803 | 2,094 | 8,897 |
| Sept. | : 6,387 | 6,207 | 12,594 | 1,374 | 13,968 |
| Oct. | : 6,593 | 7,180 | 13,773 | 2,837 | 16,610 |
| iNov. | : 5,105 | 2,979 | 8,034 | 2,552 | 10,636 |
| Dec. | : 3,177 | 2,354 | 5,531 | 1,174 | - 6,705 |
| Total | : 32,256 | 36,841 | 69,097 | 15,084 | 84,181 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 1,251 | 1,962 | 3,213 | 863 | 4,076 |
| Feb. | : 864 | 1,586 | 2,450 | 430 | 2,880 |
| Mar. | : 1,278 | 1,775 | 3,053 | 488 | 3,541 |
| Apr. | : 1,454 | 1,959 | 3,413 | 797 | - 4,210 |
| May | : 1,375 | 2,352 | 3,727 | 396 | - 4,123 |
| June | : 849 | 2,526 | 3,375 | 275 | - 3,650 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Scpt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

IDAHO - Receipts from tho sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit paymonts, by morths, Cont'd.

January 2034 - Jure 1935


WIONING - Receipts fror the sale of principal farr products plus rental and boncfit paymonts, by ronths, Contid. Jenuary 1934-Junc 1935


COLORADO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Contid. January 1934 - June 1935

| Year and month | Eeccints fro formars |  | ketinss |  | Total. <br> :including <br> : rental <br> :and benefit <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ```: Livestock : and : lives ちocle : products``` | Total | reatal <br> and kenefit poyments |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { do? } 1 \mathrm{Iar} \mathrm{~s} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,000 \\ & \text { allars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934- | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 2,251 | 2,504 | 5,185 | 873 | 6,058 |
| Feo. | 1,638 | 3,444 | 5,082 | 180 | 5,262 |
| Mar. | 1,651 | 4,879 | 6,530 | 112 | 6,642 |
| Apr. | 875 | 5,776 | 6,651 | 40 | 5,691 |
| May | 079 | 4,326 | 5,005 | 21 | 5,020 |
| June | 027 | - 3,081 | 3,708 | 22 | 3,730 |
| July | 1,347 | 2,056 | 4, 103 | 186 | 4,589 |
| Aus. | 2,984 | 2,085 | 5,970 | 793 | 6,763 |
| Sept. | 2,685 | 4,755 | 7,144 | 627 | 8,071 |
| Oct. | 5, 113 | 7,438 | 13,051 | 2,055 | 15,106 |
| lov. | 3,150 | 5,210 | 8,250. | 1,993. | 10,253 |
| Dec. | 3,077 | 3,405 | 6,482 | ?, 137: | 7,619 |
| Total | 26,511 | 51,260 | 77, 771 | 8,039 | 85,810 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 918 | 3,577 | 4,495 | 1,003 | 5,498 |
| Feb. | 711 | 4, 063 | 5,374 | 935 | 6,309 |
| Mar. | 541 | 6,074 | 6,715 | 904 | 7,619 |
| Apr. | 577 | 6,940 | 7,51\% | 1,526 | 9,043 |
| May | 441 | 4,952 | 5,393 | 534 | 5,927 |
| June | 461 | 3,426 | 3,887 | 689 | 4,570 |
| July | : |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Sopt. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | : |  |  |  |  |
| Total | : |  |  |  |  |

NFw MiEXICO .. Receipts from tho sale of principel farm products plus rental and bonefit payments, by months, Cont.d. Januery is34 - June 1935


ARIZONA - Receipts from the sule of princinal farm products plus rental and benefit parments, by months, Cont'd Juruciry 1934 - Jine 2035


UNE - Receipterrom the sile of principal farm products olus reutai and benefit puyments, by months, Cont'd. Jinuary is $i$ 34 .. Tune 1935


IIVADA - Rocuipts from the seie of princiusi firm arotucts plu* rentel crid canefit pejuents, hy montha, cont'd. Jinuary 1934 - Jurce Ie35


Whationos - Recoints fron tho sule of principil forn products plus ront l ad bencfit peyments, hy months, cont'd. Jonu: ry 1834 - Tunc 1935


OREGON - Recciots from the s: lu of principil firm products plus rent:l ind briofit f:yments, by months, cont'd. Jenurry lobe - Jur. 31935


CALIFORNIA - Receipts from the sale of principel farm products plus rental and benefit payments, by months, Cont'd January 1934 .. June 1035

| Year and month |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollare } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l, coo } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 13,063 | 7, 884 | $20,9 \leq 7$ | 531 | 21,478 |
| Fed. | 3,335 | 8, 035 | 17,400 | 238 | 17, ¢38 |
| Mar. | 13, 754 | 11, ¢18 | 25,272 | 139 | 25,411 |
| Apr. | 15,386 | 15,521 | 30, ¢07 | 39 | 30,946 |
| May | 2\%,801 | 18,711 | 42,512 | 309 | 42,821 |
| June | 27,489 | 13,572 | 41,061 | 51 | 41,112 |
| July | 31,936 | 12,996 | 44,932 | 131 | 45,063 |
| Auc. | 32,320 | 12,781 | 45,101 | 952 | 46,053 |
| Sept. | 29, 112 | 11,514 | 40,626 | 278 | 40,904 |
| Oct. | 31,439 | 11,690 | 45,123 | 271 | 43,400 |
| Nov. | 20,422 | 11,321 | 31, 743 | 592 | 32,335 |
| Dec. | 13,108 | 12,573 | 25,771 | 342 | 26,113 |
| Total | 261,255 | 1.48, 146 | 409,401 | 3,873 | 413,274 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 13,367 | 10,640 | 24,307 | 595 | 24,902 |
| Fe . | 13,372 | 11,032 | 24, 454 | - 4 | 24, 207 |
| Mar. | 18,553 | 15,52S | 34,481 | 784 | 35,265 |
| Apr. | 22,701 | 20,113 | 12,814 | 617 | 43,431 |
| May | 22,105 | 25,510 | 47,705 | 343 | $48,0 \div 8$ |
| June | 20,677 | 18,715 | 39,392 | 258 | 39,650 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aus. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |
| n'ov. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |

Total

WESTERN STATES－Rocejpts from the sale of prircipal frm procucts plus rental．and renefit，peyments，by months，cont＇d January 1034－june 10.35

| Year and month | geceints Crops |  | Total | Rental <br> and <br> benałさ亡 <br> peynernte | Tots 1 including rental and benef payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 6011 \mathrm{irs} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { i,000 } \\ & \text { acliars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 10514 \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { aOl } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1834 － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jin． | 31． $3 \times 3$ | ：2，864 | 54， 207 | 8，609 | －32，816 |
| $F \in b$ 。 | 20，505 | ล\％， 222 | 43，617 | $4,8{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 18， 484 |
| Par． | 25，226 | 29， 1.51 | 55， 077 | 1，413 | $5 \mathrm{r}, 182$ |
| Apr． | 25，461 | 38：．08 | 15，809 | 837 | 61，706 |
| May | 3？，3．2\％ | $42,-46$ | 73,702 | 583 | 74，3．15 |
| June | 3．， 01.5 | 55,503 | $5: 978$ | $57:$ | 70，550 |
| Tuly | 4j，368 | 3r，¢0． | 83， 36 | 2，117 | 83， 086 |
| Aug． | 60， 037 | 567， 2.4 | 10．6，931 | 7，830 | 111，791 |
| Sept． | 6．3，188 | $43, \therefore 24$ | 105， 2.2 | 6，心2？ | 113，230 |
| Oet． | ＜8， 050 | 420,40 | 11．10， 12.5 | 23， 868 | 139，003 |
| Nov． | 45， 01.2 | 35，900 | 80，7：4 | 12，265 | ง3，008 |
| DEC． | 33，632 | 34，OE\％ | 37,74 | c， 249 | 174，713 |
| Total | 43．2， 5 ？ 6 | 457， 038 | 810，606 | C8， 0 | 50．5， |
| 1925 － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan． | 2：，80～ | 5．3：70 | 50，772 | ¢， | －3， 0.3 |
| Feb． | 25，098 | 2． 52.3 | 53,105 | 4，003 | 57， 128 |
| rar． | 27，751 | 32,101 | －5，702 | 1， 0 ， 3 | 71， $8 \times 5$ |
| Aur． | 30，255 | 43．Fl： | 31， $07=$ | 4，270 | 85， 344 |
| Midy | 20， 2. | CEO | 81，，384． | 2，507 | 93， $8: 1$ |
| Juno | 37，160 | 40， 0.4 | 72， 0 ，i | 2，263 | 73，334 |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scpt． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oet． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totias |  |  |  |  |  |

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, BY STATES, ATGUST 1932゙-1935 AND JANUARY TO AUGUST 19ふ2-1935 I/

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in August made seasonal gains over July in all regions except tho North Atlantic. Receipts mere slightly larger than in August a year ago in all regions except the West North Central States and in all states averaged 4 percent higher.

The larger production of some crops this year increased marketings in August but the income from crops was less than in August a year ago. Following the very small marketing of grains in July, shipments of wheat and oats increased more than seasonally during August and were the largest for that month in several years, but the markctings of corn from old supplies continued at very low levels in contrast with the unusually heavy marketings in August last year. The smaller income from corn more than offset the gain in wheat and oats and was the principal factor in reducing income in the West North Central States to a level below that of August last year. While farmers' marketings of cotton were somewhat higher than in August last year, the lower level of cotton prices reduced income from cotton and cottonseed as compared with a year ago. Increased marketings of tobacco in the South Atlantic States were large enough to yield substantial gains in income despite the lower level of tobacco prices in this region this year. Reduced income from crops in the North Atlantic region was primarily due to smaller marketing and. lower prices of potatoes. Income from truce crops in August was materially lower than a year ago in all regions, due to lower prices. Prices of potatoes were materially lower than in August a year ago in spite of reduced marictings, so that income from potatoes was greatly reduced. As a result of these changes in marketings and prices, receipts from crops for the United States as a whole were 14 percent below August a year azo.

An increase of 23 percent in the income from livestock products was more than sufficient to offset the declines in income from crops in all regions except the West North Central. Prices of meat animals rose considerably from July to August and while there was a reduction in marketing of cattle, cilvos, and hogs compared with a year ago, income from meat animals $\because=s$ substantially larger in all regions. Increased marketing: and higher prices for eggs made moderate gains in income in the several rocions. Income from dairy products was not materially changed from August 1934.

1/ Due to an unavoidable delay in obtaining the rental and benefit payments received by farmers during August, this release does not contain the customary tables on Government payments. The Government payments during August will be included in the release on income from farm marketing in September.

## North Atlantic States

Farmers' cash recoipts from the sale of farm products in the North Atlantic States were 2 percent larger in August 1935 than in August 193A. Income from both potatoes and truck crops Was greatly reduced in August, and due to their importance in this region, August receipts did not make the usual seasonal increase. Income from crops in these States in August was 25 percent below last ycar. Howercr, the major source of income in these States is livestock and livestock products, and an increase of 14 percent in income from those sources morc than offset the declinc in income from crops for the rogion as a wholc. But in cortain statos income was sharply roduced. In Now Jerscy, where potatocs and truck crops provide an unusually large proportion of the income, roceipts werc 15 porcont below August last year, and in Rhode Island and Connecticut rocoipts more 5 and 6 percent rosnoctively below August a yoar ago.

The cash roceipts of the North AtIantic Statcs in the first 8 months of $19: 35$ wore 8 percent largor than last year. Only in Mainc, Where income from potatocs is a very important factor, worc receipts in the Jamuary to August period this year less than last year. However, reccipts in this State were larger than in the similar period of 1932 and 1933.

East North Contral_States
Cash recoipts from the salc of principal farm products in August 1935 werc 4 percont above August 1934 and 47 percont larger than in August 1932. Al though income from wheat and oats in this region made a sharp advance in August comparcd $\because$ ith the same month of last year, a severe reduction in the marketings of corn mas reflected in the decline in receipts from crops 26 percent bclow last year. Reduced income from truck crops was also an unfavorablo factor. Marketings of cattlc more fairly well maintaincd, and mhilc thore was a severo roduction in shipments of hogs, income from these commoditios was considerably groater than in August 1934, as a rosult of the marked incroase in farm prices. Recoipts in all states except Illinois worc matcrially higher than in August last ycar. Reducod income from corn, whoat and dairy products depresscd cash roceipts in Illinois to 15 percont below last year, but they wore substantially higher than in August 1932 and 1933.

Rcceipts from farm marketings in tho first 8 months of 1935 in this region wore greator whon comparcd with the samo period in 1934 than in anj othor resion becausc of the rolative importanco of reccipts from livestock and livestock products in farmers' total income. From January to August seceipts havc bcon 25 percent greator than in tho samo poriod last yoar and wore 43 percont greator than in the same period in 1932.

West_North Central_States
Although receipts from marketings in the West North Central region were 3 percent less than a year ago there were marked variations in the percentages of change of receipts from last year among the several states. Receipts in Iowa were 28 percent below last year due largely to the extremely small marketings of corn. On the other hand, cash receipts in North and South Dalsota were increased sharply by the heavier marketings from the new wheat crop. The lower level of prices of dairy products reduced income from these commodities in all states.

Cash receipts in the first 8 months of 1955 were 6 percent larger than in the same months of 1934. North Dakota and Nebraska were the only States to show smaller receipts in this period than a year ago, chiefly due to the sharp curtailment of crop production last year.

South Atlantic_States
Cash receipts from marketings in the South Atlantic region in August 1935 were 3 percent larger then in August 1934. Reduced income from cotton, swect potatoes and truck crops was almost offset by the marked gain in income from tobacco which was marketed in considerable volume during sugust and receipts from crops were only 3 percent below August 1934. Heavier marketings of cattle, together with the higher level of prices, increased income from livestock items in all states. In North Carolina smaller marketings of tobacco resulted in a 24 percent decline in receipts below last year, while larger marketings than a year ago in Georgia increased receipts in that Stato to 24 percent above last year.

Although there was a substantial reduction in the income from cotton from this rejion during the first 8 months of 1935 , increased income from livestock has resulted in a decline of only 2 percent in receipts from marketings compared with last year. The greatest decline occurred in North Carolina where receipts were 25 percent smaller than in the first 8 months of 1934. In West Virgiria receipts advanced 22 percent for the same period largely due to increased income from livestock.

Soutn Central States_
The unusually heavy movement of livestock from this region during August was an important factor in maintaining receipts from marketings at a level 11 percent greater than in August last year. All states in this region recorded marked losses in income from crops as a result of the low volume of marketings and lower prices of cotton and wheat. On the other hand, income from livestock and livestock nroducts in this region in August was 69 percent highor than in August 1934. In states where receipts from livestock were a large proportion of the total inconc, income was considerably higher than a year ago. This Was particularly true in $0=1$ ahoma, Tonnessec and Kontucky. The groatost decline in receipts occurrod ir Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, where reccipts from cotton aro an imortant sourcc of income in Ausust.

Total receipts from marketings in the first 8 months of 1935 were not materially changed from the same period last year. Kentucky and Tennessee recorded gains of 18 percent and 16 percent respectively over the 8-month period last year, minilc receipts in Alabama and Louisiana were 16 to 9 percent less than in 1934.

## Western Statos

The larger income received from cattle, lambs and hogs Was mainly resonsiblo for an increasc of $S$ percont in roccipts from marketings in this rogion compared with last year. Income from crops in Aligust this yoar was slightly larger than a yoar ago as the smallor income from dry edible bcans, potatoes and truck crops was offsct for the region as a wholc by increased income from wheat, peaches, pears and citrus fruits. Receipts from livestock and livestock products in August were 23 porcont highor than in August 1934. The only marked reduction was in Wyoming where marketings of cattlc and lambs were sharply reduced. Marked advances in income occurred in Montana, Utah, and Nevada. Recoipts in California worc 9 percent larger than last year primarily due to the increase in income from livestock. Regional receipts for the first 8 months of 1935 wore 11 percent greater than last year. Only \#yoming, Now Mexico and Arizona had smallcr receipts this year than in 1934, although thesc states show a moderate improvement over. 1932 and 1933.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by states for August 1932 and 1935 and for the first 8 months of cach ycar. The August cstimatos are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. For comparative purposes, the United States estimatcs of total cash income from crops and from livcstock itcms for the month are entered in the tables on the line below the totals of the state estimatos of cash recoipts. The Unitcd States estimates of cash income arc adjusted to represent income from all farm products marketod, whereas the state cstimates arc based upon income from 33 of the more important farm products and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestock.

| State | crope |  |  | Ifreatock and 11ventoot prodawts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 128 . \\ \therefore \quad 1932 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Auk． <br> 1935 | $\begin{array}{r} 245 \% \\ \therefore \quad 2934 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 . \\ & 1030 \end{aligned}$ | $1932$ | A드․ <br> 1933 | $\begin{array}{r} 1988 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AUE. } \\ & 2935 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ：1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 2，000 | 1，020 |
|  | ：dollars | coltasa | S0212ra | 1021ere |  | Gollara | dellere | L2liger |
| Mo． | ：50g | 832 | 904 | 637 | 1.593 | 1，4593 | 1，605 | 2，849 |
| ㅍ．E． | ： 159 | 251 | 259 | 193 | 1，030 | 973 | 1，033 | 1，1．47 |
| P\％． | ： 130 | 160 | 147 | 222 | 1.922 | 2.972 | 2.150 | 2，400 |
| Kasa． | ： 1.180 | 2.175 | 1.858 | 1．362 | 2，816 | 2，682 | 2，657 | 3.172 |
| R． 1. | ： 143 | 233 | 257 | 174 | 8 sc 1 | 430 | 403 | 5.03 |
| Corn． | －522 | 1．321 | 1，080 | 568 | 入，วセ E | 2．053 | ？．，155 | 2．357 |
| H． X ． | 3，230 | 5， 233 | 3，342 | 3，5？2 | 20．285 | 12，83\％ | 24，16： | 16.161 |
| II，J． | 3，842 | 6，306 | 6．23\％ | 3，648 | 2，836 | 3，328 | 2，835 | 4.244 |
| Fe． | 2.171 | 3，002 | 3.852 | 3， 561 | 10．0．c | 12.782 | 12，880 | ： 6.043 |
| 区．6tlentic ．．．． | 11,001 | 17，528 | 18，420 | 23.747 | 32，880 | 36，489 | 4，wes | 46，790 |
| çic ．．．．．．．．．．． | －3，83i | 5.128 | 7， 563 | ？，270 | 3.934 | 82.450 | 21，299 | 14，899 |
| 】ac． | －4，6．33 | 4.153 | 8，605 | 7，550 | 9，403 | 9， 533 | 10．104 | 15，348 |
| 112. | －ic，170 | 20，553 | 21.268 | 12，219 | 14，433 | 15．145 | 15，972 | 19，333 |
| 410b． | ：2，859 | 4.401 | 5，51E | 5，078 | ع， 219 | 6．241 | 7.458 | 8，372 |
| 718． | 865 | 1，574 | 2，370 | 1.870 | 11.828 | 13．612 | 14．402 | 17， 125 |
| E．8．Contral | ？2，449 | 26，139 | 46，022 | 33.933 | 31， 517 | 54， 217 | 59．235 | 75.08 |
| Mina． | ：4，437 | 5，357 | 7，817 | 7，254 | 9.506 | 11，245 | 12．032 | 2～， 754 |
| 308， | －3．98E | 4．5s2 | 23.017 | 6，336 | 20.665 | 24，218 | 24， 653 | 27， 5 こ0 |
| ${ }_{6}$ | － 2.119 | 2，728 | 3.241 | 3，574 | 12，84： | 12，473 | ：1， 553 | 16．559 |
| S．Dak． | 8 \＄，292 | 4，007？ | 2，6el | 6.175 | 2，53c | 3，208 | 2，721 | 2，6，83 |
| \＆．Mr． | 1 1，899 | 243 | 1．4n5 | 5.13 .5 | 3.619 | E． 23 2 | 1，025 | 3，55s |
| Sebse． | － 2.359 | 3，954 | 5.780 | 5，812 | 11，934 | 11． 353 | 15，571 | 12， 685 |
| Yans． | 4,300 | 3.844 | 7， 225 | 5,019 | 12，37\％ | $10_{2} 202$ | 13，278 | 15.172 |
| 6．H．Certsas | $23.39 i$ | 25.193 | E2．117 | 39，003 | \％3， 380 | \％ 4.658 | S2，cor | 92．159 |
| DG1． | $85 ?$ | 567 | 1，055 | 1.350 | 301 | 290 | 459 | 28 |
| 性，．．．．．．．．．．． | 12.308 | 3.258 | 4，037 | 3，518 | 1，786 | 1， 56 | 2，236 | 2．4P3 |
| 7a．．．．．．．．．．．．． | \％1，319 | 1．760 | 2，14 | 2，778 | 2．979 | 2，899 | 3，110 | 2， 512 |
| R．VR． | － 328 | \％ 371 | 654 | 465 | 1.854 | 2.214 | 2，150 | 2，97？ |
| K．C． | －2，900 | 6．371 | 17，527 | 12，715 | 1，245 | 1，385 | 1， $83 \%$ | 1， 2.32 |
| 8． 6. | －2．129 | 4，322 | 8，673 | 9，332 | 545 | 535 | 610 | 726 |
| O． | 13.896 | 11， 204 | 12．730 | 18．215 | 2.019 | 1．022 | 1.050 | 2．220 |
| 22． | 430 | 1，002 | 1，350 | 2．87？ | 88 | － | \＄12 | 2，08？ |
| S，Atlentis | 23.856 | 29，12？ | 50.824 | 44，238 | 19．963 | 11． 129 | 12.503 | 15.735 |
| AJ． | 1731 | 313 | 1． 500 | 1.123 | 3.202 | 3，488 | 3，745 | 6，966 |
| Tann． | 8726 | 818 | 1，274 | £8 | 2，550 | 2，198 | 2， 468 | 4，322 |
| ATa． | 2．540 | 1．785 | 4．456 | 2，987 | 883 | 903 | 211 | 1.275 |
| Miss． | 934 | 1，435 | 2． 008 | 1．755 | 1．04？ | 2.214 | 2，16C | 3，585 |
| Arí． | ： 502 | 868 | 1，201 | 924 | 1． 123 | 1.093 | 1，00\％ | 1，348 |
| Jxia．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | －1，215 | 92\％ | 3， 031 | 2.286 | 945 | 321 | 788 | $-.007$ |
| Jkia．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | －1，977 | 2，300 | 3，755 | 3，568 | 5．2＇44 | 2， 203 | $¢ 051$ | 2.125 |
| Eez． | 8 9，185 | 21，800 | 24．543 | 20.817 | 7，285 | 7， 485 | 7.156 | 11，CS1 |
| S．Cantrat ．． | ${ }^{2}$ 17，087 | 31， 23 U | 42，309 | 38.811 | 22，980 | 27，161 | 21，272 | 36．001 |
| sort． | 1，740 | 1，587 | 3，39\％ | 4，154 | 2.734 | \％． 632 | 3，406 | 4，＋85 |
| cdaso | －1．822 | 2.525 | －． 234 | 3.338 | 2，585 | 4．120 | 4，208 | 5.557 |
| Po． | 111 | 185 | 287 | 270 | 1，：02 | 1．785 | 2，382 | 2.818 |
| 3 c 20. | 1．795 | 2，926 | 2.884 | 2，473 | 2，668 | 2，553 | 3，08 | 3，661 |
| ¢．Yex． | 339 | 573 | 542 | $37 ?$ | 723 | 715 | 929 | 1，240 |
| －128． | 130 | 221 | 428 | 313 | 913 | 809 | 541 | 1，042 |
| Jtar | 43 ？ | 363 | 879 | 549 | 936 | 1，3s？ | 1，438 | 1，308 |
| ？${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | IS | 78 | 9 | 85 | 236 | SEも | 771 | 829 |
| Teah． | 8 6，436 | S．852 | 14．466 | 14，582 | ㄹ． 53. | 3．7E1 | 3，944 | 4，235 |
| prec． | 3，219 | 4， 235 | 6，231 | E，756 | 3． 206 | 3，558 | こ，980 | 5，161 |
| ＇elit． | 25．242 | 24，187 | 32.320 | 33.121 | 12，623 | 1i． 418 | 12，781 | 26.184 |
| Fwuters | 36．575 | 47.631 | 66，087 | 66， 236 | 3i．035 | 33，108 | 37，924 | 45，808 |
| fobs－Ll ekitue | 125，31y | 175．227 | 275，722 | 237，088 | 223.438 | 234.425 | 253，587 | 311.871 |
| ग．S．cash incose | $12.2,000$ | 190，000 | 303，000 | 201．000 | 202．000 | 229，000 | 233，000 | 285，000 |




1vestxis．






RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF FRINCIFAL FAN IRODUCIS, SEPTEMBER 1932-1935 ATD JANUARY TO SEPTLTPER 1932
 Noyeraber 9,1935

PY. STATES, He of cumulate 1935 I/

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products increased from August to September in all regions except the Fast North Central, where a decline in receipts in this month is usual. Receipts were larger in September than in the same month of $19 \mathrm{~J}_{4}$ in all regions except the South Atlantic and South Central States where lower cotton prices more than offset increased marketings.

Receipts for the country as a whole were 4 percent higher in September than in the same month of 1934, as the increase in receipts from livestock and livestock products more than offset the decline in cash receipts from crops. In spite of considerably larger marketing of many crops in September as compared with that month last year, the lower level of farm prices for crops resulted in a decline of 8 percent in the cash receipts from all crops. However, in the West North Central States and the western States, where crop production has shown the greatest increase, income from crops in September this year was somewhat larger than a year ago when crop output was greatly reciuced by the drought. Furthermore, the later harvest of the small grains this year resulted in a large movement of wheat and oats from these areas during September. Larger marketing of flaxseed made additional gains in income in Minnesota and North and South Dakota. The lower prices for potatoes and truck crops were the major factors in the decline in income from crops in the North Atlantic States. Although farm marketing of cotton and tobacco were larger this year, the farm prices of these commodities were considerably less, and lower income frore cotton and tobacco resulted in smaller receipts from crops in the South Atlantic and South Central states than in septeraber last year.

An increase of 19 percent in the income from livestock items more than offset the decline in income from crops for the United States. Marketines of cattle, calves and lambs during september were maintained in such volume at the higher level of prices as to yield marked gains in income from these commodities in all regions. Prices of hogs were high enough to offset the pronounced reduction in inkretings, and gains in income from hogs were recorded in all regions, except the hest North Central. Larger markutires of eggs accompanied by higher prices than a year ago resulted in moderate gains in income throughout the United States. Income from dairy products was somewhat larger than a year ago.

The accompanying chart shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products for each region in the United States for 1953, 1934 and the first 9 months of 1955 . This chart shows graphically the gains in farm income since January 1933 in the several regions and provides a comparison of the current position of the regional farm receipts

1/ The rental and benefit payments received by farmers in August 1033-1935 and in the first 8 months of tach year are shown in Table 3. Table 4 shows the total recuipts from marketings, both excluding and including the rental and benefit payments for the first 8 months of 1932-1935.
FARM PRODUCTS，


U．S．DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

## JAN．APR．JULY OCT．JAN．APR．JULY OCT．


BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS NEG． 29566 IN REGIONS SUCH AS THE SOUTH ATLANTIC AND SOUTH CENTRAL STATES．WHERE A LARGE
PROPORTION OF THE FARM INGOME IS RECEIVED FROM CROPS．THERE IS A MARKED INCREASE IN －ЗAIT WO甘s उWOONI A THLNOW 3HL sLalヨコヨy 10 NOILR日I女lsio NヨA3 30ynos yorvm 3H1 3y3HM 831V1S 2 CASH RECEIPTS IH THE FALL MONTHS．THE REGULARITY IN STOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS TENDS TOWARD A MORE throughout the year．particularly in the north atlantic OF INCOME IS DAIRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS，
with recoipts in varlior months and in the same month of the two previous jears. The chart providus an indication of the soasoral changus in the volums of ferm recuipts in eech region. These monthly changes are most marked in the Southcrn States, whero e larec proportion of the annual farm income is received in the fall months when farmers markct i. large share of the cotton and tobecco crops. On the other hend, recuipts in the North Atlintic and North Centril States tond to be mor's cvonly distributed throughout the year as most of the incone in tileso regions is reccived from livestock. and livestock products.

Varied clinetic conditions throughout the vast area of the Western States have resulted in the setting up of a large number of areas specializing in the production of different conmodities. In California, vihere a major part of the income from crops in this region is received, the successive marketings of a large variety of crops, particularly fruits, usually result in a steadily increasing income throughout the first 6 months of the year which then levels out until November when a sharp decline occurs. In the other Pacific Coast States the lare part of the farm income is received in the last half of thic year, with the peak usually occurring in August, due to the heavy moverent of wheat. Although there is some variation in the seasonal trend of income in the Mountain States, the inportance of cattle and lambs as a source of income results in a marked increase in income in the fall months when livestock is being moved off the runges. As a result of these various seasonal chan'es, cash receipts from marketings in the Western region tend to incruase throughout most of the jear, reach a peak in October, and then fall rather sharply in Novenber asd December as the volume of marketings of both crops and livestock declines.

North thtantic States
Cash receipts from the saie of farm products in the North Atlantic region in september were only 2 rercent lareer than a year ago, as the larger incone frorl livestock ard livestock products was nearly offset by the smaller income from crops. Smaller incone from potatoes and truck crops resulted in cash receipts in Liaine and lyew lork being shaller then a year $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{O}$, while other States showed moderate gains. During the first 9 montis of 1935 cash receipts totaled about 7 percent greater than in the same period of 1934. A hieher level of prices for livestock and livestock products is expected to maintain income from these commodities during the next few months somewhat above the same period last yeal. If the improvemort in potsto prices in this region during the last month is mairtained, income from crops should also be larger in the noxt few months than in the same period of 1934-35.

East Morth Central_States
Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the East IVorth Central region in September were 12 percent greater than in that month a year ago. In September, as ir previous months, a substantial gain in income from livestock itens, Iarticularly cattle, hogs and eggs, Was liuge enouth to more than offset tie decline in income from crops, chiefly a result of the severe remetion in marketings of corn when compared with the unusually heavy marketings of a year aeo. The improvement in income ranged from a 5 percent gain over September 1934 in Illinois to a 19 percent eain in Indianc. If farmers in this reezion maintain the volume of marketings of rest animals at about the sume level compared with
last year for the remainder of 1935 and there is no material decline in prices for cattle, calves and hogs, cash receipts in this region for the next 3 months should continue to show considerable improvement over the corresponding months in 1934. The larger prospective corn output this year is another favorable factor indicating higher income in this period.

For the first 9 months of 1935, cash receipts from marketings vere 23 percent larger than in the same period a year ago. This increase in income has been mostly due to the higher level of income from livestock items, reflecting the relatively favorable feeding conditions in this area and the marked increase in the farm prices of livestock and livestock products.

West_North_Central_States
The larger crop poduction in this area in 1935 began to move to narket in volume in September and was accompanied by a narked advance in income from farm marketin€s. Cash receipts in September 1935 vere 16 percent greater than in the same month last year and receipts from farm marketings are likely to continue larger than in the same months a year earlier during most of the crop marketing season, as the production in cash crops in this area has been greatly increased and larger supplies of feed will permit a more extensive feeuing program during the 1935-36 feeaing season.

Most of the advance in cash receipts from August to September was due to increased income from wheat, oats, barley and flaxseed. Larger income from cattle and eggs was another important factor, while the sharp reduction in hog marketings resulted in a marked decline in income from this commodity. The increase in incone was Ereatest in North and South Dakota where larger marketings of wheat increased total receipts to over 100 percent above that of a year ago. Smalior marketings of corn and hogs in Iowa vere mainly responsible for a decline in income of 14 percent in this State.

Receipts for the first 9 months of 1955 were greater than last jear in all States except Nebraska there corn marketings so far in 1935 have been much smaller than a year ago.

South Atlantic States
Despite increased marketings of cotton and tobscco, and gains in income from livestock items in all States in the fouth Atlantic region, the lower prices of tobacco, cotton, and cottonseed this year resulted in a decline of 18 percent in cash receipts from marketings in September 1935. The lover level of prices of tebacco and cotton indicate somewhat smaller income from marketings in this region for the remainder of 1935 compared with the same period a year previous. The lower price of cotton this jear will be largely offset by the price adjustment payments, but these are not expected to be made in volune until after the und of the vear. The most severe decline in income in Septumber occurred in North Carolina rhere total ruccipts from marketings wure 29 percent luss than in septumbur last year, principally due to smallur income from tobacco and cotton. Foceipts in Dolaware and Naryland ::cro 8 and 10 percent larger than last year as a result of the improvement in income from livestock items.

Cash receipts from farm iuarketings in this area for the first 9 months of 1935 were 6 percent less than in the same period a year ago. Receipts in North Carolina vere 27 percent less than in the JanuarySeptember period last year while west Virginia recorded a 21 percent increase.

South Central States
Receipts from farm marketings in the South Centril States increased somewhat less from August to September this year than in 1934 and in September 1935 were 6 percent less than a yoar ago. The severe decline in income from cotton and cottonsced, chiefly due to lower prices, was partially offset by incruased income from livestock, mostly due to the continued heavy movement of cattle from these States during septeraber. The higher level of income from livestock and the larger cotton crop in this area may maintain receipts from marketines in these States for the remaindor of 1935 at a level not greatly difforent than last yoar. In Kentucky, wincu income from livestock and livestock products is a large proportion oi the total income in Suptumber, receipts were El percent larger than a yuar ago. Howevur, in Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana, where incomes from cotton and cottonseud are most important, receipts ت.ere from 16 percent to 24 percent less than in September 1934. The marked increase in receipts in Oklahoms was due partly to the increase in wheat and cotton marketings and to the heavy movernent of cattle from this State.

Total receipts from marketings in the first 9 months of 1935 were only 1 percent less than in the corresponding period a year ago, due to the marked gains in income from livestock items, especially cattle, which have almost offset the declines in income from crops. Keceipts in Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Texas were from $b$ percent to 18 percent less tran in 1934, while Kentucky and Tennessee had 19 percent and 14 percent greater receipts than last year.

Western States
Increased. receipts in September 1935 were recorded in all States in the iestern region, except New liexico, and total regional receipts were 16 percent greater than last year. Increased income from wheat, dry edible beans, cattle and lambs were the most important factors increasing receipts in this area. Larger production of wheat, sugar beets, and dry edible beans in $19: 55$, together with the higher level of prices for livestock items, points toward larger income in this region for the remaining 3 months of 1935 than a yoar ago. In Suptember, receipts in New liexico, where marketings of cattle have been reauced severely in recent months, were 29 percont less then in Septumber 1934.

Farm receipts in this region for the first 9 months of 1935 were l2 percent greater than in the same period in 1934. Only wyoming, New Mexico and Arizona had sraller receijts from waretings thus far in 1935. Receipts in California were 15 percent above the 9 -month period a year ago, largely due to improved income from livestock iterns and from citrus and other fruits.

Rental and Lenefit Payments, August 1933-1935, and January-August, 1933-1935

Rental and benefit payments received by farmers during August 1935 amounted to $\$ 44,000,000$ compared with $\$ 72,000,000$ in August 1934. The decline in Government payments was chiefly due to the smaller corn-hog disbursements this year and to the payment of $26,000,000$ for the purchase of surplus livestock in drought areas in August 1934. However, benefit payments for the first 8 months of 1935 were $\$ 350,000,000$ compared with $\$ 250,000,000$ in the same period a year ago, with the greatest increases occurring in the North Central States.

Total receipts, including rentel and benefit payments, in the January-August period of 2935, were 11 percent greater than in the 8 month period a year ago. In the East North Central States, where the increase in receipts from marketings and from rental and benefit payments has been greatest, a gain of 31 percent over the preceding jear was noted, ranging from 19 percent above 1934 in Michigan to a 44 percent gain in Indiana. Other regions, except the South ftlantic recorded more moderate gains. In the South Atlartic rcgion, both recuipts from marketings and Government payments were loss in 1935, but total rocuipts in this area were only 3 percent below the first 8 months of 1934.

Tables 1 and 2 contain estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products by States for September 1932-1935 and for the first 9 months of each year. The Septernber estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. Table 3 contains the rental ard benefit payments received by farmers for the month of August 1933-1935 and in the first 8 months of Each year. These paynents also include income from the emergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers. The cash receipts, both excluding and including the rental and benefit payments, for the first 8 months of 193\&-1935 are given in table 4 . For comparative purposes, the United States estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock itens for the month are entered in the tables on the line below the totals of the silate estimates of cash receipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjusted to represent income from all farm products marketed, whereas the state estimates are based upon income from 33 of the more important farm products and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, September 1932-1935

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { : Sept. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \hline 1933 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1934 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1933 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1934 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Ko. | : 656 | 2,198 | 1.355 | 994 | 1.385 | 1.414 | 1.516 | 1.740 |
| N. H . | 240 | 364 | 306 | 285 | 890 | 965 | 988 | 1,127 |
| $V \mathrm{t}$. | 324 | 293 | 165 | 297 | 2.044 | 2.122 | 2,170 | 2.501 |
| Mass. | 907 | 1.502 | 1.325 | 1.148 | 2,463 | 2.555 | 2.432 | 3.004 |
| E. I. | 99 | 158 | 131 | 130 | 349 | 414 | 427 | 507 |
| Conn. | 494 | 760 | 676 | 664 | 1.757 | 2,141 | 2,116 | 2,277 |
| N. Y. | 5,231 | 8,971 | 8,165 | 6,816 | 10,671 | 12,633 | 14.032 | 14,762 |
| N. J. | 1,683 | 2,588 | 2,384 | 2,046 | 2,808 | 2,991 | 3,368 | 3.807 |
| Pa. | 3,771 | 5,351 | 6,219 | 5,299 | 2.936 | 10,749 | 12,851 | 14,259 |
| N. Atlantic ........: $=13.405,22,185 \quad 20,726=17,670 \quad 32,303=35,084,39,000,43,984$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 4,257 | 5,701 | 7.465 | 7.276 | 10,293 | 10.757 | 13.059 | 15,214 |
| Ind. | 5.013 | 4.931 | 6.736 | 6.482 | 9.375 | 9.241 | 10.978 | 14,569 |
| 111. | 9.395 | 10,675 | 8,405 | 8,239 | 13.326 | 14.593 | 16,863 | 18, 346 |
| Mich. | : 2,810 | 3,962 | 5.069 | 4,961 | 5.938 | 6,039 | 7.753 | 9,209 |
| Wis. | - 836 | 1,599 | 3.408 | 2.704 | 12,128 | 12,645 | 13,868 | 17.670 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kinn. | 3.439 | 6.132 | 7.304 | 9.234 | 10.144 | 9.870 | 13.716 | 15.707 |
| Iowe | : 4,367 | 6,251 | 12,699 | 5.598 | 20,906 | 18,214 | 26,588 | 28,102 |
| Mo. | 2.748 | 3,281 | 4,560 | 4,098 | 13,057 | 11,060 | 12,708 | 16,247 |
| N. Dak. | : 7.638 | 9.048 | 5.527 | 15.697 | 3.203 | 3.831 | 4.093 | 4,151 |
| S. Dak. | 2,387 | 375 | 1,060 | 7.071 | 4.133 | 4.655 | 5,027 | 5,241 |
| Nebr. | 2,043 | 3,384 | 4,501 | 4,257 | 11,089 | 10,043 | 13.710 | 15.752 |
| Kans. | - 3.843 | 3.396 | 5,898 | 4,090 | 12,069 | 10,021 | 15,255 | 18, 142 |
| T. N. Contral . . . . . $=2$ 26,465 31,867 $41,549 \quad 50,945 \quad 74,601 \quad 68,594 \quad 91,097 \quad 103,342$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Del. | $25^{4}$ | 241 | 453 | 437 | 405 | 383 | 463 | 548 |
| Nd. | : 1.370 | 1.775 | 2,134 | 2,207 | 1.734 | 1,782 | 2,250 | 2,625 |
| Va. | 1,438 | 1,746 | 3,872 | 2,748 | 2,858 | 2.785 | 3.838 | 4,910 |
| ท. Va. | 581 | 499 | 988 | 967 | 2,214 | 2,166 | 2,366 | 3.058 |
| N. C. | : 11,313 | 9,846 | 49.417 | 34.123 | 1.510 | 1.410 | 1,776 | 2,034 |
| S. C. | : 5.010 | 7.656 | 11.774 | 11,898 | 681 | 650 | 675 | 829 |
| 08. | 3.364 | 12,100 | 16,969 | 12,554 | 1,220 | 1.017 | 1,471 | 1,871 |
| S. Atlantic | 278 | 721 | 1,464 | 850 | 969 | 1,400 | 1.053 | 1,099 |
|  | 23,608 | 34,584 | 87,071 | 65.784 | 11,591 | 11,593 | 13,892 | 16,974 |
| K5. | : 1,034 | 1,152 | 1.507 | 1,421 | 3.438 | 2.994 | 4.089 | 5.887 |
| Tenn. | : 2,040 | 2,113 | 4,496 | 2,850 | 2.455 | 2,268 | 3.383 | 5,120 |
| Ala. | : 3.514 | 5,660 | 12,598 | 8.932 | 1.089 | 1,014 | 1,260 | 1,603 |
| M1ss. | 4,939 | 7.370 | 16,167 | 12,067 | 1,274 | 1,425 | 1,806 | 2.763 |
| Ark. | : 6,007 | 6,488 | 10,295 | 7.436 | 1,112 | 1,086 | 1,204 | 1,913 |
| La. | : 4.790 | 5,698 | 9.501 | 7.477 | 962 | 848 | 813 | 1,165 |
| Okla. | : 5,894 | 9.415 | 5,464 | 7.419 | 4,806 | 3.697 | 4,406 | 7.416 |
| Tex. ......... | :-29,198 | 41,051 | 53,207 | 45,679 | 6,830 | 7.407 | 10,090 | 12. 208 |
|  | 57.416 | 78.24 | 113,235 | 93,281 | 21.966 | 20,739 | 27,051 | 38, 175 |
| : 3, 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ideho | : 1,868 | 3.135 | 4,648 | 4,579 | 2,522 | 2,856 | 2,816 | 4.477 |
| \#yo. | 321 | 826 | 626 | 1,050 | 3.155 | 2.726 | 4.480 | 4,625 |
| Colo. | : 1,817 | 3.470 | 2,689 | 3.233 | 4,029 | 3.483 | 4.755 | 5.937 |
| N. Mex. | : 1,.114 | 956 | 1,432 | 1,182 | 866 | 820 | 2,086 | 1.327 |
| Mriz. | : 405 | 201 | 1,266 | 964 | 1.024 | 976 | 1,002 | 1.496 |
| Utah | : 862 | 1,127 | 1,086 | 1,481 | 1,561 | 1.979 | 1,713 | 3,217 |
| Nev. | : 56 |  |  | 64 | 521 | 734 | 837 | 989 |
| Tasb. | : 5,304 | 8.098 | 11,558 | 11.985 | 3.622 | 3,623 | 4,311 | 4,928 |
| Oreg. | : 2.719 | 3,325 | 4.330 | 4, 224 | 3.214 | 3.072 | 3.703 | 4,530 |
| Callf. | : -24.690 | 28,537 | 29.112 | 31.241 | 11,252 | 10,516 | 11,514 | 14.888 |
| Hestern | : 42,210 | 52.736 | 63, 188 | 70.961 | 35.555 | 34,561 | 43, 424 | 52.598 |
| Fotal all states I/ $\cdots: 135,415=247,287=356,952=328,312=227,176 \quad 224,846 \quad 227,885=330,081$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. casb in | : 191,000 | 281,000 | 333.000 | 356,000 | 200.000 | 207,000 | 240.000 | 230,100 |

Divisions of Statistical and Historical Researcb and Crop and Livestock Estirates.
1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United Staies cash incove beceuse they Include only income from 33 of the more important farm comeoditios and no deductions are made for the :hahipment of ilvestock.


Table 3.-Rental and benefit payments, by states, August 1933-1935 and Jamary-August 1933-1935


Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

Table 4.-Receipts from sale of principal farm products and from rental and benefit payments, by states, January-August, 1932 - 1935


Total all states I/ $\ldots: 2,671,480 \quad 2,766,920 \quad 3,257,315,3,556,824,2,671,480,2,774,437,3,507,684,3,906,438$ U. S. cash income ....: 2,303,000 2,972,000 $3,504,000 \quad 3,668,000 \quad 2,803,000 \quad 2,980,000 \quad 3,754,000 \quad 4,018,000$

Divisions of Statistical and Eistorical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
1/ These totale diffor from the monthly estimates of United States cash income becase thoy incluie only income fron 33 of the more $2 m p o r t e n t$ fara compodities and no dedactiong are made for the insinpment of livestock.

UNITEU STATES DEPARTNENT OF AGRICULTURE Bureau of Agricultural Fcononics Division of Statisticul and Fistorical Research

RECEIPTS FPOM TFE SALE OF PIINCIPAL TARI FEODUCTS, OCTOBER 1932-1905 AID JAIUAKY TO OCTOBTAK 1932-1935 I/

Cash leceipts from the sale of principal farm prooucts increased more than usual in all regions from September to october, with the largest increases occurring in the lestern and West North Centrul States. Cash receipts were larger than in the same month last jear in all legions except the South Atlantic where a decline of a pelcert was registered. The ereatest eains in income compared with October 1934 were in the hestern States and in North and iouth Dakota. For the country es a whole, receipts from famm marketings in Octobor $19 z 5$ were 17 purcont larger than a yar ago.

Receipts from farm marketings in the first 10 months of 1935 for all States averaged 10 percent above the same period last year, all regions except the jouth Atlantic showing larger incone so far this year.

In October 1935 , both receipts from crops and receipts from livestock were considerably larger than in the same month lest jear. Larger marketines of many ciops offset the eunerally lower level of fam prices for crops, and cash receipts from crops were 10 poreent larger than in October 1934. Narketings of the small grains continued large in Octcber compared with the small marketings a yuur ago and incruased receipts from crops in the Noith Central and Westurn States. Despite a markod reduction in the farm price of apples, increased marketings of this commodity during October resulted in substantial gains in receipts from crops in the North Atlantic and Bast North Central States. Larger marketings of tobacco from the South Atlantic region almost offset the lower prices for tobacco. Larger rarketings of cotton from the increasec production in Oklahoma and Texas resulted in substantiul gains in incore from crope in trese suates. In the remaining South Central and South atlantic States, wheie cotton is the most important source of income, marketings were not incruased sufficiently to offset the lower prices and receipts fron crops in these itates were less than in Octobur 1934.
an increase of 26 percent in the receipts from livestock iter:s was chiefly due to the heavy movement of cattle, calves, and lambs which reaches a peak in October when these animals are being moved off the western rankes. As the farm prices of cattle, calves and lambs vere about 50 purcent higher than in October last vear, marled gains in income from livestock were recoraed in the Wusturn and South Central rogions. While thore vias a severu ruduction in marketings of hogs, prices were high enough so that income from hogs was larger than a yuar ago in all regions except the West Norti Central States. Increesed income from chickers and

1/ The runtal and buiefit payincrits recujved by fumers in Soptumber 1933-1935 and in the first 9 months of each juar are shown in tahle 3 . Table 4 shows the total ruccipts from rarketings, both excludinis and including the rurtal and bonefit payments for the first 9 months of 19.32-1935.





 u．S．DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
neg． 29566 bureau of agricultural economics

PROPORTION OF THE FARM INCOME IS RECEIVED FROM CROPS CENTRAL STATES，WHERE A LARGE NI ヨSVヨ甘ONI OЗXYVW YSI ヨ －3AIT WOY」 3 WOJNI A YHINOW


eggs, mostly due to ligher prices, made additional gains in all regions. A small gain in incone from dairy products was centerod largely in the South Central and Western regions.

The accompanying chart shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each region from January 1933 to Octoler 1955. The marked increase in the Western region in Octobor was mainly que to the heavy rarketings of cattle and lambs. Larger production of the grains this jear in the West liorth Central region has been reflected by increased income in recent montins. In the North Atlantic region the advance in October was largely due to heavy merketings of applos fron the increased production in this area this year.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic region in October were 12 percent larger trian a year ago and were the largest for the month since 1930. The marled increase in apple production in this area this year was reflected in considerably larger incone from apples in most States. Increased incone from truck crops, muat animals and eggs also contributed to the larger receipts this year. In Maine, the farm price of potatoes in October was above that of a year ago for the first time this year and was an important factor in increasine total rectipts in this state to 31 percent above October last year. A further sharp rise in potato prices in this Stete in November will probably be reflected in another substantial gain in reccipts.

East North Central States.- Cash receipts from farm marketings in the East North Central region increased substantially in October to the highest point so far this year, although the seasonal peak in receipts is usually reached in July or August. For the region as a whole, cash receipts were 18 percent larger than in October 1934, ranging from 11 percent above last year in Illinois and Micnigan to, a 27 percent eain in Ohio. The marked increase in receipts during October was principally due to a more than seasonal increase in the volume of hog and cattle marketings. While the marketings of these animals wore less than in October 1934, the farm prices were sufficiontly high to increase incone substantially in all States. Larger income from apples and wheat was another important factor increasing receipts in these States.

Keceipts from marketings for the first 10 months of 1935 were 23 percent larger than in the January -October neriod a year ago. This increase in income has been chiefly due to the higher level of income from livestock and livestock products, reflecting the relatively favorable feeding conditions in this area anc the marked increase in the farm prices of these commodities.

West North Central States.- Marketines of wheat, oats, barley, and flaxseed from the West North Central region continued to move to market in volume during October and were much larger than the small marketings from the drought stricken crops in this area a year ago. Casi: receipts from merketings in October 1935 were 28 percent larger than in October last year. Increased income from cattle and chickens was another important factor, while the severe reduction in hog marketings resulted in a moderate decline in income fron this comodity. The increase in income was greatest in North and South Dakota, where larger marketines of wheat
and flaxseed increased receipts in October to 128 percent and 129 percent over that of a year ago. Cash receipts for the first 10 months of 1935 averaged 10 percent highti than in the same period last year and Nebraska was the only state to recora smaller reccipts so far this yoar due principally to the severe reduction in corn marketings.

South Atlantic States.- In October 1935, the lower prices of cotton, cottonseed and tobacco were alrost offset, for the region as a whole, by increased marketings of these comnodities and a substantial gain in income from livistock itens. Receipts from fam marketings in the South Atlantic region wire only 2 purcent less than in October 1934 and, uxcluding last year, were the lareest for the month since 1929. As a substantial part of the total annuil rucuipts from fam marketings in this region is received in Octobur, this indicatus that receipts in 1935 in the Soutn Atlantic region will not be changed materially from last year when the annual recejpts Ior the region ds $\varepsilon$ whole wure the largest since 1930. The greatest decline in reccipts in Octobor was in Florida where smaller citrus fruit marketings were minly $\begin{gathered}\text { ésponsible for a } 20 \text { percont decline compered with }\end{gathered}$ October los 4. On the other herd, incressed income from applus, wheat, cettle and hogs incrensud recuipts in West Virginic 26 percent above October last yoar.

For the first 10 months of 1935 , casl receipts from marketings in this region were 5 purcont less then in the seme period lest year. Nost of the decline in incorio from marketings was centered in North Carolina whore income from cotton and tobacco has buen less than a yoar ago.

South Central States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the South Central region increased sharply from September to October and in the latter month were 13 percent greater than a year ago. Marketines of cotton, which supplies more than half of the regional receipts in October, were much larger than a year a६o and, in snite of the lower price this year, resulted in a moderate gain in income from crops. Shipments of cattle continued in large volune during October and, together with the higher piices for beef cattle, resulted in marked gains in income from livestock items in all States. Receipts in I'ennessee, Alabama, and Arkansas showed moderate declines compared with October last year due to shaller income frori cotton and cottonseed, while Kentucky, Oklahoma, and Texas recorded marked.gains due to increased income from livestock items, cotton and cottonseed.

Receipts in the January-Octobor period this year mere 2 percent larger than in the same period in 1954, as the marked increase in income from livestock itums has offset the Recline in income from cotton and cuttonsucd prior to october.

Westurn States.- Markoà incroases in receipts were recorduả in all States irt the hestern reeion in October 1935, and total regional receipts were 30 percent greater than a year ago. Most of this increase in income in tais area was due to the heavy shipments of cattle, calves, and lambs from the Nountain States in October compared vith the sraller commercial marketines a year previous. In October 1934, a considerable number of these animis were boing sold to the Governrient due to the drught emergoncy. Consequently, lareur marketines and hithor prices for meat animals have resulted in riarked fains in income in these States renging from a 13
percent increase over October 1934 in Arizona to a 70 percent increase in Utah. Increased incomes from wheat, dry edible beans, and apples were other important factors increasing leceipts in this area.

Receipts in the Facific Coastal States also made a substantial gain compared with October 1934, largely due to increased income from grapes and citrus fruits in California and increased receipts from livestock items in all three states.

For the first 10 months of 1935, only New liexico and Arizona showed slight declines in receipts cormpared with the same period lest year. This was prinarily due to the smaller cotton and cattle marletings in the first 9 morthe of the year.

Trends in Farm Receipts, Inclucing lental and Benefit Payments, January to Septerber. 1935, Compared wj.th Jnuary to Sentember 1934

The accompanying nap, based on the last two columus of table 4 , shows the percentage change in receipts from the sale of principal farm products anì from rental and benelit payments, by States, in the first 9 months of 1935 comperod with the sume period in 1934. The variation among the States is much less marked than it was in the comparison of receipts in the first 6 months of the year, as larger crop production and letter feeding conditions since July have increased receipts in the drought areas, offsetting the smaller incore in these states in the first half' of 1935.

The improverient in prices of livestock items, together with a greater volune of cattle shipments from the North Atlantic States, have been mainly responsible for the substantial increases in receipts in sll States in this region excapt Maine. While receipts in Naミne for the first 9 months of 1955 were 27 percent less tlian in 1934, the rujid advance in potato prices in this State in rucent months indicates tiat total receipts for the entire vear of 1955 in haine ney not be greatly different then in 1934.

The largest increase in income was in the East North Central reGior where marketings of livestock and livestock products in the first 9 months of 1935 have been maintained in such volume at the hicher prices as to yield marked gains in income from this source. The increase in rental and benefit payments, chiefly on the corn-hof program, has also been greatest in this arca.

In the liest Nortil Central reeion, sulistantial increases in receipts for the e-month period in Minesota, Iowa, Missouri, and kansas have been rrimarily due to improvement in the income from livestock itens and the laref corn-hof payments recuived by faritus in these states. While receipts fron maketings in No: th and South Dakote were substantially increasea hy the iareer procuction of wieat this year, Goverment payments to farmers in these states have been much less than a year ago, when large payments for the purchase of surplus livestock were made.


Consequently, total receipts in IVorth Dakota were somewhat less than last yaar, while reccipts in south Lakota were almost unchanged. During the last quarter of the year, however, receipts of farmers in the Dakotas should be somewhat largur than a year ago. In Nobraska, the chiel reduction in receipts hes reen fron the severely reduced marketings of corn, cattle, and roge.

Although the total receipts in the South Atlantic region in the first 9 monthe of 1935 were 6 percont less then last year, only North and South Carolina and Florida pocorded siviller income. Feduced marketing̈s of cotton and tobucco in the first hall of 1935 and lower prices for these cormodities in recent months rere mainly responsible for the lower income in the Cirolinas. Roduced income fron citrus fruits has been reflectec in a slight decline in Florida. The improvement in income r'rom livestock items was the most important factor increasing leceipts in the remaining States.

Receipts in Kentucky, Tennessee, and Oklahoma vere larger in the first 9 months of 1935 than a year ago, principally a result of increased marketings of livesteck and lark,er rental and benefit payments. Income in the renaining Soutn Central States was less than in 1934 due to smaller income fron cotton and smaller A. A. A. payments so far this year in Alabama, Missis:ippi, and Arkansas.

In the Western Sitates, only Wyoming, New Mexico, and Arizona had smallei incones than a year ago, chiefly due to reduced income from cattle in the first two States and smaller income from cotton in Arizona. The markec gain in Utah was mostly due to increased income from cattle and fron wheat in recent months. A gain of 16 percent in receipts in California was mainly the result or increased income from fruits and livestock itoms. Fental and benefit payments for the region as a whole were somewht less than a year ago. Last year receipts from the emergency sales of livestock vere included in rental and benefit payments and were a large portion of such payments.

Tables 1 and 2 contain estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products, by States, for October 1932-1935 and for tine îirst 10 months of each year. The October estimates are slibdivided into receipts from crops and receipts fiom livestock and livestock products. Tablu 3 contains the rental and benefit payments received by farmers for the month of September $1933-1935$ and in the first 3 months of cach year. Thesc payments also include income from the emergoncy sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotion certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by fismers. 'The cash receipts, both excluding and including the rental and berefit payments for tiee first 9 months of 1932-1935 are biven in tabie 4 . For comparative purposes, the United States ustimatcs of total casit income from crops and from livestock items For the month are entered in the tables on trie line below the totals of the State estimates of cash receipts. The Unitcd States estimates of casn income are adjustecu to represent income from all farm products marketec, whereas the State cistimates are based lipon income from 33 of the more important farris products and no adjustment is made for the insinipment of livestock.


Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
1/ Thase totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of 1ivestock.

Table 2.-Raceipts from the sale of principal farm products, by stetse, October 1932-1935 and Januery-October 1932-1935


## Divisions of Statisticel and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimater.

1/ These totals differ from the monthiy satimates of United Statea ceah income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodities end no deductiona are made for the insbipment of livestock.

Teble 3.-Rental and benefit payments, by states, September $1933-1935$ and Jenuery-September $1933-1935$


Divioions of Statisticel and Eistoricel Eeseerch and Crop end Livestock Estimates.

Table 4.-Receipts from sole of principal ferm products and from rental and benefit payments, by states, January-September, 1932-1935

|  | $\qquad$ |  |  |  | Totel including rentel and benefit payments |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | :Jan.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen.-Sept.:Jen,-Sept. <br> $: 1932: 1933: 1934: 1935: 1932: 1933: 1934: 1935$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollere |
| Me | 22,995 | 23,012 | 34,166 | 24,821 | 2?,995 | 23,012 | 34,166 | 24,824 |
| N. E | 9,634 | 9,268 | 10,547 | 11,909 | 9,634 | 9,268 | 10,558 | 11,946 |
| Vt. | 18,474 | 17,165 | 20,482 | 24,396 | 18,474 | 17,165 | 20,486 | 24,450 |
| Маяs. | 29,153 | 29,722 | 29,968 | 34,570 | 29,153 | 29,722 | 30,136 | 35,157 |
| R. I. | 4.091 | 4,270 | 4,648 | 5,165 | 4,091 | 4,270 | 4,648 | 5,170 |
| Conn. | 25,243 | 23,814 | 26,814 | 28,004 | 25,243 | 23,814 | 26,952 | 28,843 |
| N. Y. | 133,570 | 137,273 | 165,783 | 178,263 | 133,570 | 137, 280 | 105,839 | 178,555 |
| N. J. | 44,639 | 46,147 | 52,182 | 55,440 | 44,639 | 46,153 | 52,184 | 55,763 |
| Pa. | 115.144 | 109,960 | 137. 560 | 155,587 | 115,144 | 109,965 | 138, 220 | 156.993 |
| N. Atlantic | 402943 | 400631 | 482,450 | 518.155 | 402,943 | 400,649 | 483,219 | 521.201 |
| Ohio | 115,414 | 220,690 | 143,146 | 179,851 | 115,414 | 122,456 | 151,086 | 191,636 |
| Ind. | 103,929 | 109,915 | 120ิ,442 | 171,162 | 103,929 | 111,570 | 135,870 | 188,585 |
| 111. | 132,683 | 211,816 | 210,141 | 243,776 | 182,683 | 214,681 | 213,345 | 270,122 |
| \#ich. | 76,308 | 82,050 | 99,114 | 113,250 | 76,308 | 82,400 | 99,853 | 117,269 |
| Wis. | 119,16? | 122.173 | 139,674 | 179,046 | 119,162 | 122,952 | 143.712 | 185.273 |
| E. N. Central | 597496 | 646.644 | 218.517 | 886 | 597.496 | 654,059 | 748, 866 | 952,885 |
| Minn. | 124,883 | 136,084 | 151,601 | 184,189 | 124,883 | 138,131 | 163,317 | 199,811 |
| Iome | 212,084 | 223,267 | 281,799 | 298,254 | 212,084 | 226,551 | 309,989 | 346,042 |
| Mo. | 115,463 | 119,712 | 123,461 | 143,987 | 115,463 | 123,725 | 139,574 | 162,849 |
| N. Del | 38,21.7 | 51,982 | 46,278 | 50,945 | 38,217 | 52,916 | 65,827 | 57,167 |
| S. Dak. | 38,615 | 54,365 | 40,247 | 48,373 | 38,615 | 57,568 | 59,085 | 59,230 |
| Nebr. | 127,074 | 132,431 | 156,002 | 133,051 | 127,074 | 134,695 | 172,792 | 157,108 |
| Eens. | 131,600 | 127.315 | 155.136 | 169,911 | 131,600 | 130.151 | 175.316 | 205.390 |
| H. N. Central | 787936 | 845.157 | 954.524 | 1,028,710 | 787,936 | 863,737 | 1,085,900 | ,187,597 |
| Del. | 7,004 | 6,153 | 9,181 | 9,975 | 7,004 | 6,153 | 9,206 | 10,071 |
| ud. | 31,299 | 32,151 | 40,380 | 44,214 | 31,293 | 32,171 | 40,756 | 44,947 |
| Te. | 43,328 | 42,399 | 54,430 | 54,231 | 43,328 | 42,507 | 56,113 | 57,112 |
| W. $\nabla$ a, | 16,340 | 25,906 | 19,501 | 23,650 | 16,340 | 15,942 | 19,630 | 23,980 |
| N. C. | 16,470 | 51,845 | 121,377 | 89,141 | 46.470 | 52,782 | 131,406 | 100,695 |
| S. ${ }^{\text {c, }}$ | 32,671 | 37,153 | 52,008 | 47,583 | 32,671 | 39,104 | 60,157 | 53,206 |
| Ga. | 43.756 | 59,850 | 69,326 | 73,933 | 43,756 | 62,836 | 79,091 | 79,908 |
| Tre. | 61,209 | 51,023 | 69,989 | 67,398 | 61,209 | 51,209 | 70,640 | 68.423 |
| S. Atla | 282077 | 296.480 | 436,252 | 410.432 | 232, 077 | 302.704 | 466.999 | 438,342 |
| Ky. | 55,275 | 54,112 | 68,456 | 81,566 | 55,275 | 54,366 | 71,322 | 94,250 |
| Tenn. | 43,651 | 44,297 | 54,909 | 62,330 | 43,651 | 45,582 | 59,061 | 68,907 |
| Ale. | 43,081 | 39,709 | 62,824 | 51,450 | 43,081 | 43,850 | 70,986 | 57,108 |
| \%iss. | 46,499 | 45,664 | 51,088 | 52,426 | 46,499 | 48,182 | 61,777 | 61,66? |
| Aric. | 48,638 | 41,368 | 49,601 | 45,119 | 48,698 | 45,295 | 59,842 | 55,057 |
| Ia. | 32,320 | 33,417 | 45,192 | 40,330 | 32,320 | 35,248 | 49,977 | 49,179 |
| Okla. | 61,083 | 74,673 | 82,065 | 90,424 | 61,083 | 82,234 | 95,990 | 111,334 |
| "ex. | 184,050 | 209,894 | 231, 121 | 216, 703 | 184,050 | 233,85? | 276.097 | 262.393 |
| 5. Central | 514,65? | 543,134 | 645.256 | 640,348 | 514,65? | 588,614 | 745,052 | 759,890 |
| Lont. | 22,504 | 29,215 | 41,709 | 48,812 | 22,504 | 29,244 | 50,230 | 52,509 |
| I daho | 27,578 | 32,843 | 44,889 | 52,488 | 27,578 | 32,860 | 47,645 | 55,506 |
| 7yo. | 12,641 | 13,480 | 19,934 | 17,989 | 12,641 | 13,515 | 22,698 | 19,398 |
| Collo. | 39,848 | 38,399 | 49,978 | 52,959 | 39,848 | 38,565 | 52,832 | 59,985 |
| N, Mex. | 11,999 | 12,524 | 16,811 | 14,567 | 11,999 | 12,631 | 20,967 | 16,300 |
| Ariz. | 16,535 | 14,528 | 22,304 | 21,520 | 16,536 | 14,617 | 23,899 | 22,426 |
| Utab | 14,682 | 15,414 | 15,754 | 19,779 | 14,682 | 15,418 | 17,289 | 21,504 |
| Nev. | : 4,392 | 4,161 | 5,071 | 5,704 | 4,392 | 4,161 | 5,424 | 5,772 |
| Tosh. | 56,928 | 63,594 | 84,113 | 89,920 | 56,928 | 63,611 | 88,486 | 94,322 |
| Oreg. | 34,791 | 36,986 | 45,682 | 52,131 | 34,791 | 36,995 | 47,614 | 53,837 |
| Calif. | 257,063 | 245.657 | 308,758 | 355,618 | 257.063 | 245.731 | 311.426 | 360.292 |
| Testern | 498, 962 | 506,807 | 655.053 | 731.487 | 498.962 | 507.348 | 688,510 | 761.851 |

Totel all states $1 / \ldots$.
U. S. cash income .....: 3,194,000 $3,400,000 \quad 4,127,000 \quad 4,306,000 \quad 3,194,000 \quad 3,538,000 \quad 4,453,000 \quad 4,713,000$

## Divisions of Statistical and. Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1) These totala differ from the monthly estimates of United States cesh income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inghipment of livestock.

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, BY STATES, NOVEMBER 1932-1935 AND JANUARY TO NOVEMBER 1932-1935 1/

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products were considerably larger in November 1935 than in the same month a year ago in all regions, the greatest gains in income occurring in the South Central and Western regions. Receipts from marketings for all States averaged 26 percent larger than in November 1934 and Florida was the only State to register smaller receipts than a year ago. Cash receipts from marketings made about the usual seasonal decline from October to November in all regions as the volume of marketings of many crops diminished.

Receipts from farm marketings in the first 11 months of 1935 for the United States as a whole were 11 percent above the same period last year, all regions except the South Atlantic showing larger income so far this year.

In November, as in the previous month, both receipts from crops and receipts from livestock items were substantially larger than in the correl sponding month a year ago. Marketings of many crops continued larger than a year ago, more than offsetting a generally lower level of the farm prices for crops. Cash receipts from crops were 27 percent larger than in November 1934. Larger marketing of corn from the increased production this season more than offset a 25 percent lower price for corn, and increased receipts from crops in the North Central States. Increased income from wheat was also important in North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska. Higher prices for truck crops and potatoes and larger marketings of apples were reflected in substantial gains in income in the North Atlantic and Western regions. In the South, a marked increase in cotton and tobacco marketings compared With 1934 resulted in larger income from crops despite the lower level of farm prices for these commodities. Increased incomes from rice, sugar cane and sugar beets made additional gains in the South Central and Western regions.

Most of the 26 percent increase in the receipts from livestock items was due to higher prices and the continued heavy movement of catile during November, particularly from the South and the Western range States. Farm prices of beef cattle averaged almost 60 percent above November last year and marked gains in income from cattle were recorded in all regions. Part of this increase was due to the larger feeder movement of cattle this year for which no deduction is made in these estimates. Increased income from calves and lambs was primarily due to higher prices. Despite the sharp advance in hog prices the severe reduction in marketings from I/ The rental and benefit payments received by farmers in October 1933-1935 and in the first 10 months of each year are shown in Table 3. Table 4 shows the to $2 l$ receipts from marketings, both excluding and including the rental and benefit payments for the first 10 months of 1932-1935.

FARM PRODUCTS, PRINCIPAL TO DATE*


$$
3 \supset y \vee 7 \vee 3 y \text { 3HM }
$$

OU CENTOA STATE WHCOF ARGE
SOURCE OF INCOME IS OAIRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS.
the West North Central resulted in a substantial loss in the income from hogs in this region. All other regions recorded moderetc gains in income from hogs. Higher prices for chickens and eges made additional important gains in all regions. Income from dairy products was about the same as a year ago in ell:regions.

The accompanying chert shows the montrly cash receipts from the sole of principal. form products in each region from J anuary 1933 to November 1935. Maintenance of the improvemont in income over 1934 in November in the North Atlantic, North Central ind Western regions was principally due to a slight incroase in the income from livestock in contrast with a usual seasomel decline in this month. In the South Atlantic and South Central regions, it was lareely due to a less thon usual decrease in income from cotton.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic region in November 1935 were 18 percent larger than a yecr ago and were the largest for, the month since 1930. Higher prices for potatoes and truck crops and larer marketings of applos were reflected in marked gains in income from crops in all States. Increased incomes from meat animals, chickens and eEgs were other important factors increasing receipts in this region. In Maine, the farm price of potatoes in Novenber was over three times as high as a year ago, and receipts in this State were 60 percent larger than in November 1934. The gains in receipts in Mrine in recent months are tending to offset the severe losses in the first 9 months of the year.

Receipts from marketinss in the January-November period 1935 for tho region as a whole, wore 9 percent larger than in the same period last year. Only in Maine, where a decline of 17 percent was registered, were receipts so for this year less than a year ago.

East North Central States.- Cash receipts from farm marketings in the East North Central region in November 1935 were 19 percent greater than a yenr ago as lareer marketings of com from the new crop and hisher prices for cattle, hogs, chickens and egis were reflected in substantial increases in income in all States, ranging from 11 percent in Michigan to 22 percent in Ohio. Larser income from truck crops and apples was another importont factor increasing receipts in these States.

Receipts from marketings for the first ll months of 1935 were 22 percent larger than in the January-November period a year aso. This region has shown the Ereatest increase in income over 1934, primarily due to the ability of farmers in this region to maintain mnrketings of meat animals in sufficient volume at the risher prices as to yield marked gains in income, particularly in Indiana and Wisconsin where receipts were 32 percent and 27 percent, respectively, larger than a year aso.

West North Central States.- Marketings of wheat, corn, barley, and flaxseed from the West North Central region in November continued to be much larger than the small marketings of these crops a year ago. Increased incomes from cattle, lambs, chickens and efss were recorded in all States chiefly as a result of hirgher prices, while the severe reduction in hos
marketings resulted in a considerable decline in income from this commodity. Cash receipts from farm marketings for the region as a whole were 23 percent larger than in November.1934. The increase in income was greatest in North Dakota and South Dalkota, where larger marketings of wheat, flaxsecd, and corn, and improvement in income from livestock itcms raised receipts in Novomber to 84 percent and 91 percent respectively, above a year ago. Receipts in Iowa were only 6 percent larger than a year ago as reduced income from hogs almost offset increased income from corm.

Cash receipts from marketings in the January-November period this year were 11 percent greater than in the same period in 1934. Receipts in North Dakota and South Dakota werc 33 percent and 38 percent larger than a year ago while Nebraska was the only. State to record smaller receipts so far this year, principally due to the severe reduction in corm marketings.

South Atlantic States.- In November 1935, larger marketings of tobacco, cotton, cottonsced, and apples, more than offset the lower farm prices of these cormodities. Income from livestock items, notably hogs, cattle, and chickens, continued to show marked improvement over last yeer. Cash receipts from marketings for the region as a whole were 23 percent greater than in November 1934 and were the largest for this month since 1929. All States in this region except Florida registered gains in income over November last year, ronging from 10 percent in Delaware to 38 percent in Virsinia. In Florida, a marked declinc in the shipments of citrus fruits was an important factor in the 5 percent decrease in receipts.

Receipts in the first 11 months of 1935 were only 2 percent less than a year ago and it is expected that a gain in receipts during Decomber reflecting larger marketings of cotton will offset this decline. The only marked decline in receipts so far this year was in North Carolina where income from cotton and tobacco has been less than last year.

South Central Statos.- Larger marketings of cotton, especislly from Oklahome and Texas, more than offset the lower farm price of cotton and Was mainly responsible for an increase of 37 percent in the receipts from farm morketings in November in the South Centrol region, the largest for the month since 1929. Other factors contributing to the larger receipts this year were the increased marketings of rice, sugar cane, and the continued heavy movement of cattle. The greatest gains were recorded in Oklanoma and Texas where receipts were 65 percent and 52 percent above November 1934, chiefly due to increased income from cotton, cottonseed, and cattle. A gain of 42 percent in Louisiana was largely due to increased income from cotton and cottonseed, sugar cane and rice, while smallor income from cotton and cottonseed in Tenncssee was reflected in only a 2 percent gain in that State.

Cash receipts in the first ll months of 1935 were 7 percent larger than in the same period a year ago. Only Alabama and Arkansas show smaller income so far this year as a result of the severe reduction in cotton marletings earlier in the year.

Western States.-Cash receipts from the sole of principal farm products in November 1935 for the region 2.5 . wholc were 32 percent inger than a year ago, but most of the Mountain States show still greater improvement in income. The marked advance in receipts in the Monntain States Was manly due to the continuation of the large cattle shinments from these States which reached a peak in October. In November 193s, a Inrge number of cattle were bought by the Government to alleviate the drought emergency, thus dcoreasing the commercial marketings from this area. Larger income from calvos, lambs, chickens, wheat, sugar beets, and potatoes, were other importiant factors increasing income in these States. Receipts were almost double the receipts in November 1934 in Wyoming, New Mexico, and Nevada.

In the Pacific Coastal States, the increase in income was more moderate and was mostly due to the improvement in the prices of livestock itcrus.

For the first 11 months of 1935 , receipts from farm marketines in the Western States averaged 16 percent above the some period last year raning from a 4 percent gain in Arizona to a 37 percent gain in Utoh.

Rental and Benefit Payments, October 1933-1935 and JanuaryOctober, 1933-1935

Government payments received by farmers during October 1935 amounted to $\$ 62,000,000$ compared with $\$ 106,000,000$ in October 1934. The decline in govermment payments was chiefly due to the smaller wheat, com-hog and tobacco rental and benef:.t payments in October this year and to the payment of about $\$ 30,000,000$ for the purchase of surplus livestocis in drourint arecs in October 1934. However, benefit payments for the first 10 months of 1935 were $\$ 469,000,000$ compared with $\$ 433,000,000$ in the same period a yoar aso, the ercatest increases occurring in the East North Contral States.

Total receipts, including rental and benefit payments, in the first 10 months of 1935 were 9 percent greater than in the same period a yoar aso. By far the greatest gains in income were noted in the East North Central States, averaging 25 percent above the $10-m o n t h$ period in 1934 and rangins from a 16 percent gain in Michigan to a 35 percent gain in Indiana. Other regions, except the South Atlantic, recorded more moderate gains in income. In the South Atlantic region, both receipts from merketincos and Eovermment payments were somewhat less in the January-October period in 1935, total receipts in this region falling 5 percent below the receipts in the 10 month period a year ago.

Tables 1 and 2 contain estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products, by States, for November 1932-1935 and
for the first 11 months of each year. The November estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock and livestock products. Table 3 contains the rental and benefit payments received by farmers for the month of October 1933-1935 and in the first 10 months of each year. These payments also include income from the emergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purcheses of cotton certificates by farmers. The cash receipts, both excluding and includine the rental and benefit payments for the first 10 months of 1932-1935 are given in Table 4. For comparative purposes, the United States estimetes of total cash income from crops and from livestock items for the month are entered in the tables on the line below the totals of the State estimates of cash receipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjusted to represent income from all farm products marketed, whereas the State estimates are based upon income from 33 of the more important farm products and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 1.- Receipts from tha salo of principal farm products, by states, November 1932 - 1935


Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Eatimates.
$\sqrt{2}$ These total differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income becauge they include only income from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inghipment of IIvestook.

Table 2．－Recelpts from the male of principal farm produote，by tates．
liovember 1932－1935 and January－Yoveaber 2932－1936

| 8tate | Total recelpta from the ande of principal fam producta |  |  |  | Total recelpts from the sale of principal farm products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Xov: } \\ & \hline \quad 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { Rov. } \\ : & 193: 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \quad \text { Yov. } \\ & : \quad 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 1 \\ : & 1935 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \operatorname{Jan},-10 \vee=1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jan, =10ष. } \\ & : 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan.-Tov. } \\ & 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan.-Nov. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ |
| ： | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 |
|  | dollars | dollers | dollars | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollar | dollars |
| Me． | 2，255 | 3，134 | 2，675 | 4，274 | 27，894 | 30，067 | 39，5\＄1 | 32，672 |
| 8．H．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 | 1.177 | 1，151 | 1，288 | 1，716 | 12，723 | 11，793 | 13，088 | 15，226 |
| Vt． | 1．970 | 2，250 | 2，314 | 2，888 | 22，873 | 22，183 | 25，161 | 30，271 |
| Mass．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3，299 | 3，013 | 3，432 | 4，230 | 36，245 | 36，691 | 37，283 | 43.479 |
| R．I． | 405 | 386 | 472 | 597 | 4，986 | 6，163 | 5，627 | 6，436 |
| Conn． | 2，247 | 2，426 | 2，900 | 3.181 | 29，842 | 28，777 | 32，293 | 34，017 |
| H．I． | 13，812 | 17，510 | 17，241 | 20，128 | 163，136 | 176，566 | 204，509 | 221，080 |
| H．J． | 3，203 | 3，352 | 3，603 | 4，094 | 51，342 | 53， 556 | 60，597 | 64，815 |
| Pa． | 12，345 | 13，821 | 15，608 | 17，319 | 141，402 | 141，164 | 172，994 | 194，711 |
| M．Atlantic ．．．．．．．．． | 40，728 | 47，143 | 49，533 | 58，526 | 689，843 | 504，960 | 591，133 | 642，707 |
| Ohlo | 13，316 | 16，784 | 18，444 | 22，506 | 113，701 | 152，751 | 182，267 | 227，673 |
| Ind．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．： | 11，160 | 13，230 | 15，696 | 18，360 | 125，979 | 135，506 | 158，091 | 208，799 |
| I11． | 15，524 | 20，958 | 23，319 | 28，044 | 215，549 | 254，398 | 259，385 | 300，548 |
| Mich．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \％ | 10，659 | 12，601 | 23，178 | 14，682 | 99，794 | 109，681 | 129，196 | 146，766 |
| T18．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 12，962 | 14，487 | 17，854 | 21，303 | 146，289 | 151，389 | 175，987 | 223，127 |
| צ．I．Ceniral． | 63，521 | 77．060 | 88，491 | 104，895 | 732.312 | 803，726 | 904，925 | 1，106，913 |
| Minn．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 12，310 | 15，740 | 20，038 | 24，171 | 160，493 | 168，391 | 193，215 | 235，274 |
| Iowa ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \％ | 20.416 | 27，668 | 33.732 | 35，905 | 254，655 | 277．196 | 347，175 | 368，754 |
| Mo． | 14，860 | 17，564 | 17，495 | 24，041 | 147，343 | 155，627 | 161，647 | 192，868 |
| II．Dak． | 5，695 | 7，633 | 6，368 | 9，899 | 61，288 | 70，635 | 60，012 | 79.896 |
| S．Dak．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 | 5，854 | 4，544 | 4，557 | 8，696 | 51，049 | 64，367 | 50，236 | 69，499 |
| Hobr． | 10，655 | 15，446 | 15，370 | 18，064 | 151，837 | 166，563 | 190，163 | 172，497 |
| Kans．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． ： | 10，644 | 11，950 | 14，179 | 25，677 | 156，768 | 154，205 | 188，170 | 207，149 |
| V．H．Centrel． | 80，434 | 100，545 | 110，739 | 136，453 | 963，433 | 1，055，984 | 1，190，618 | 1，325，537 |
| Del． | 619 | 717 | 979 | 2，077 | 8，276 | 7．530 | 11，024 | 12，074 |
| Md．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2，733 | 3，036 | 3，507 | 4，165 | 37.113 | 38，815 | 48，120 | 53，018 |
| Va． | 5，923 | 10，899 | 11，669 | 16，034 | 55，789 | 61，141 | 83.118 | 90,113 |
| 明．Va． | 2，203 | 2，294 | 2，820 | 3，542 | 21，865 | 21，448 | 26，071 | 31，930 |
| I．C．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 13，328 | 37，759 | 27，287 | 34，905 | 79，091 | 126，827 | 206，440 | 177．161 |
| S．C． | 5，147 | 7，953 | 10，389 | 12，698 | 43， 231 | 56，537 | 76，563 | 74．517 |
| Ga． | 5，154 | 10，480 | 11，592 | 13，933 | 53，965 | 82，092 | 98，779 | 104，620 |
| Ma．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 4，988 | 4，774 | 7，642 | 7，268 | 68，711 | 58，628 | 82，313 | 78，427 |
| S．Atlantic | 40，095 | 77，912 | 75，876 | 93．522 | 368，040 | 452，018 | 632，428 | 621，850 |
| 5. | 2，948 | 3，441 | 4，469 | 6，802 | 61，573 | 61，702 | 78，015 | 95，238 |
| Tomn． | 6，704 | 9，913 | 10，101 | 10，269 | 56，983 | 63，386 | 78，775 | 84，112 |
| 11a．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 6，026 | 8.653 | 11，889 | 14，419 | 55，317 | 57，377 | 93，800 | 84，036 |
| Mı8．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 8，880 | 15，705 | 17，091 | 22，224 | 63，831 | 80.573 | 94，848 | 101，453 |
| tric．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．： | 11，317 | 13，587 | 14，960 | 18，629 | 71，748 | 70，583 | 84，963 | 83， 256 |
| La．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 11．963 | 12，037 | 14，540 | 20，636 | 51，174 | 55，211 | 72，728 | 74，418 |
| Orla．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 11，622 | 17，924 | 10，861 | 17，951 | 87，219 | 116，613 | 105，487 | 130，878 |
| Tex． | 32，326 | 43，789 | 34，637 | 52，522 | 257，941 | 314，280 | 321，710 | 337，670 |
| S．Central | 91.786 | 125,049 | 118，498 | 162，451 | 705，786 | 819，735 | 930，326 | 991，061 |
| Mont． | 6.086 | 7，012 | 8，084 | 11，223 | 38，016 | 46，545 | 63，566 | 82，015 |
| Idaho ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 4.122 | 5，686 | 5，433 | 7，121 | 37，426 | 46，350 | 58，666 | 70，638 |
| Tro．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 | 2，648 | 3．946 | 2，655 | 5，176 | 20，303 | 22，868 | 27，739 | 31，428 |
| Colo．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．： | 7．167 | 9，995 | 8，260 | 13，200 | 69，028 | 61，112 | 71，289 | 83，710 |
| 8．Mex．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 4．2．44 | 4，761 | 3，948 | 8，185 | 19，944 | 21．653 | 25，795 | 29，163 |
| 良iz．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2，277 | 2，923 | 4，076 | 6，498 | 20，978 | 19，156 | 30.088 | 31，223 |
| 比哈 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 | 3，359 | 3，962 | 2，523 | 4，322 | 22，101 | 23.826 | 21，434 | 29，469 |
| Hev．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 455 | 657 | 455 | 890 | 5，383 | 6，516 | 6，158 | 7，641 |
| Tash．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 6，581 | 7．232 | 8，526 | 9.657 | 73，¢24 | 80，758 | 105，722 | 113，781 |
| Oreg．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3，786 | 4，234 | 5，042 | 6，401 | 43，242 | 46.462 | 56，935 | 66，233 |
| Call1．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 24，375 | 29，218 | 31,743 | 34，933 | 317，498 | 314，646 | 383，630 | 442，951 |
| Tontera ．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 65.089 | 79，626 | 80，744 | 106．606 | 657,443 | 687．792 | 850，922 | 988，242 |
| Total all states $1 /$. | 381，648 | 507，335 | 523，880 | 662，453 | 3，916，857 | 4，324，214 | 6，100，352 | 5，676，710 |
| O．S．cash income ．．．s | : 377,000 | 510，000 | 539，000 | 660，000 | 3，993，000 | 4，542，000 | 5，358，000 | 6，762，000 |

## Divisions of Statistical and Eligtorical Rosoarch and Crop and Livestock Istimates．

d Taese totale differ from the monthly estimatos of United States cash income because they include only incone
from 33 of the sore importont farm compoditios and no deductions are made for the inghipent of livestock．

Table 3.e Rental and bonefit payments, by states, October 1933 - 1935 and Jamuary - October 1933 - 1935


Divisions of Statistical and Eistorical Rosearch and Crop and Livestock Istimates.

Table 4.- Receipts from the ${ }^{-\infty}$ of principel farm products and from rental and benefit payments,
by states, January - October, 1932 - 1935


Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock retimetse.

1. These totels differ irna the monthly sstimates of United States cash income bsceuse they includs only incone from 33 of the more important fanm comoditios and no deduction are made for the ingipwent of livestock.

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products and rental and benefit payments for the year 1935 were 12 percent greater than in 1934 , with the greatest, gains in income occurring in the Eastern Corn Belt States, Kentucky, Oklahoma, and in the Mountain States. The smallest improvement in income over 1934 was in the South Atlantic region where total receipts in 1935 were only slightly greater than a year ago. Maine, Nebraska, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, and New Mexico were the only States which received smaller income in 1935 than in 1934.

In December 1035, cash receipts from farm marketings averaged is percent above the same month a year ago, all States showing larger income in December this year when compared with the same month in 10:4. The greatest gains in income over December 1934 occurred in the South Central, West North Central and western regions, where both receipts from crops and receipts from livestock items were considerably larger then in the same month last year. In the other regions, the increase in income was less marked though of substantial importance. The chief factors in the increase in income over December 1934 were an unusually heavy movement of cattle, lambs, nu hogs, higher prices for all livestock products, and larger marketiligs of cotton and tobacco. The larger movement of feeder cattle, for which no deduction is made in these estimates, in December this year accounts for a substantial part of the increase in income from livestock. In the lest North Central region, the increase in income from livestock items was sufficient to cause on increase in total receipts from November to December in contrast with a usual seasonal decline.

Increased income in 1gisb the result of higher prices.- continuation of the improvement in farm income during 1935 Jas primarily due to a 20 percent increase in the gere. al level of farm prices. The improvement in prices was relatively small for crops but prices for livestock and livestock products advanced considerably, causing a marked variation in the extent of the fmprovement in farm income over 1934 in the different lesions. The accompanying chart shows the percentage changes in the total cash receipts by States from 1904 to 1955. The marked increases in cash receipts in Indiana and neighboring States and in most of the fountain States and Oklahoma was due principally to increased income from livestock which supplies a lares share of the total receipts in these States. In Kentucky and Louisiana, larger rental and bunelit payments in 1955, together with increased income from livestock, were mainly responsible for the later income this y ar. On the other hand, most of the declines in income were due to reduced income from crops. In line, smaller income from potatoes, w he to the lower price during
 not yet available by States. The rental and benefit payments for the year 1935 as shown in table 3 are primirary and are subject to revision.

most of the year, was the chief factor in the decline in receipts. In Nebraska the principal reduction in income was from corn, while in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Alabama, the lower price of cotton for the 1935 crop tas reflected in mocerate losses. The slight decline in income in Florida was due primarily to reduced income from citrus fruits. Smaller rental and benefit payments receivec hy farmers in New liexico resulted in smaller income for this state although receipts from farm marketings were considerably larter in 1935.

The followinf table shows the chances in income by regions, from 1929 to 1832 and 1935. While there has been marked improvement in income in ajll regions from the derression low in 1932, income in 1935 vas only approximately two thirds as lares as in l92e. In the West North Central and South Central recions, Where the decline in income from 182s to 1932 was qreatest und there the drought in $193 \leq$ was reflected in severely reduce marketings of crops and livestock in the early months of 1935 , iricome has not reachea as hieh a level in comparison with 1229 as in the other regions.

Cash recejpts from the sale of rincinal farm products and rental and benefit paymonts, by regions,

1529,1932 , and 1935
$(1929=100)$

| Region | 1929 | 1932 | 1935 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North Atlaritic. | 160 | 54 | 72 |
| East North Central | 100 | 44 | 73 |
| West North Central | 100 | 36 | 57 |
| South itlantic | 100 | 42 | 76 |
| South Centrai | 100 | 58 | 63 |
| Western. | 100 | 43 | 69 |
| United States | 100 | 41 | 66 |

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts in the North Atlantic recion in 1935 were Fercent greater than in 1954. The most important factor increasing income in these States was the improvement in the prices of dairy products winch are the chief fam products in this retion. ilthough receipts fron crops iere 9 percent less than a vear aco larcely because of the lower farm price of potatoes and reduced marketings of apples in the first 9 months of 1935, the increase in income from dairy products and other livestock itens more than offset the decline in income from crops in all States, excut laine. In Maint, where income from potatoes is the most important source of farm income, receipts were 13 percont less than ir 1934. All othor Śtates in this region recorded tains in income in 1035 as compareà with 1934, tre larecst incruase anountine to 20 percent, occurrine in Vermont.

East North Central States.- Cash receipts in the E'ast Nor th Central region in 1935 made the greatest improvement over 1934 relative to the other regions. A decline of 3 percent in the income from crops was much more than counterbalanced by a 32 percent increase in the incone from live-
 from a 16 percent gain in Nichién to 30 percent in Indiana. Rental and benefit payment in 1935 mere sonewhat lareer than a year ago and were a factor in the increase in farm income. Most of the improvement in farm receipts in this region was due to the marked incroase in livestock prices during 1935. The drought was less severe in this region and resulted in relatively favorable feeding conditions which enabled farmers in the East North Central States to market livestock in such volume as to result in large cains in income throughout the year in all States.

West North Central States.- Althouch marketings of most farm commodities from the West lior th Central region during most of 1935 were severely reduced by crop failures and loss of animal inventories in 1934, the sharp rise in the prices of livestock items during 1935 resulted in a 10 percent increase in cash receipts from 1934 to 1935. Receipts from crops were 10 percent less than in 1034 despite the marked increase in marketings of the grains in the latter part of 1935. Higher prices for cattle and hogs much more than offset the marked reduction in the marketings of these animals and income from livestock and livestock products was $2 l$ percent greater than in 1934. Government payments received by farmors in this region were less than in 1934 due to the large paymunts reccived last year from the emergency sales of livestock to the Government. All States, except Nebraska, recorded gains in income corapared with 1934 ranging from a 2 percent increase in North Dakota to a 22 percent gain in Minnesota. The less favorable showing in North Dakota was due mostly to the large government payments received from the sale of surplus livestock which made up a large proportion of the total fama receipts in this State in 1934. The 5 percent decline in receipts in Nebraska was principally due to much smaller corn, cattle, and hog marketings in 1935.

South Atlantic States.- Motal receipts in the South atlantic region in 1935 were only sli htly larger than in 1934 but receipts were at a hifher level relative to 1229 than in any other resion. The States in the northern part of the region, Delaware, Varyland, Virginia, anc Fest Virginia, where receipts fron livestock und livestock procucts are an important part of the total farm incone, had substantially largex income than in 1934. On the other hand, in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Floriảa, vhere income from crops is most importart, recuipts were less than a year ago. Although receipts in North Carolina show a substantial decline from 1834, income in the latter year was lereer than in 1929 and receipts in 1935 wert still at a hieh luvel relative to other States.

Receipts fron crops for the recion as a whole were 7 percent less than a jear ago, chiefly due to the smaller volume of cotton marketings in the first half of 1935 and to the lover price of cotton in the last half of the year. Income from tobacco in this recion in 1935 was not ereatly different than in 1934. Higher prices for cattle in 1935 were accompanied by lareer shipments of cattle from this region and receipts from livestock items were $\& 4$ percent greater tran a year ago. Rental and benefit payments were somewhat lareer in 1035 than in 1934.

South Central States. - All of the 10 percent gain in receipts in the South Central region in 1935 vas due to the markers improvenent in income from livestock iters. Sharply curtailed marketines of cotton in the first half of 1935 and lower prices of cotton for the $1 \Omega 35$ production were the chief factors in a 5 percent decline in the income fron ciops compared with 1934. Rental and benefit payments in 1935 for the recion as a whole were about the same as a year ago. Higher prices for cattle and a marked increase in cattle shipments were reflected in a 50 percent gain in receipts from livestock. Alabama was the only Etate where total receipts in 1935 wore lcss than a : car ago, due primarily to reduced income from cotton. A 40 percent increase in income in Kentucky in 1935 was the greatest gain registered for any state throukhout the country. Larger rental and benefit payments and increased income from livestock were the main factors increasing receipts in Kientucky. In Oklahoma, larger income from livestock were chiefly responsible for a 22 percent increase in cash receipts. Large rental and benefit payments to sugar grovers in Louisiana in 1935 raised total receipts in this State to 19 percert above 1934. Reduced income from cotton in Texas and smaller rental and benefit pajmonts tended to offset the larger income from livestock so that total receipts were only 5 percent above 1934.

Western States.- Although cash receipts in the western region in 1935 show an increase of 15 percent compared with the previous year, there is considerable dispersion from this average among the Mountain States, Where the percentage changes in receipts from 1934 ranged from a 5 percent decline in New Mexico to a 38 percent increase in Utah. The unusually heavy moverant of cattle ana lambs from this area in the last 4 months of the year, when a laree share of the annual income is received, resulted in all the Mountain States showing larger receipts from fam marketings in 1935. However, when the large payments received in 1934 from the emergency sale of livestock to the Government are acded to receipts from marketines in that yuar the porcontage eains in receipts in 1535 ovur 1934 ale eruatly ruduced in most States and in New lexico a fin of 20 percent in the receipts from marketings is reauced to a 5 percent decline in total receipts.

In the Pacific Coastal States, the improvement in income was substantial and was mostly due to the higher prices for livestock and livestock products. In California, increased income from citrus fruits and truck crops was an additional favorable factor.

Tables 1 to 4 contain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products, by States, for December 1932-1935 and for each year since 1932 . The estinates are subdiviced into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock products. Rental and benefit payments, including income from the emercency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options and sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers are now available for all of 1935 , and are also shown for the yuars 1953, 19i4, and 1935 in table 4. Fol comparative purposes, the United Státes estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock itums for the month and for the year are entered in the tables on the line below the totals of the State estimates of cash receipts. The United States estimates of casin income are açjusted to ruprusent income from all farm Iroducts marletua, whereas the state estimates are based upon income fron 33 of the more important farm proaucts and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by tates, December $1932-1935$


Divisions of Statistical and Fistorical Research end Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1) These totals diefer from the monthly edtimater of Uited States cash income because they include only income
from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, 1932-1935


Difisions of Statietical and Historicei Research and Crop and Livestock Fistmates.

33 of the iore important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 3.- Total receipts from the eale of principal ferm products, by atates for December $1932-1935$
and for the yeare. $1932 \sim 1935$

| State | : | Total receipts from the sale of principal fanm producta |  |  |  | Total receipts from the sale of principal farm products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Dec. : 1932 : | Dec. 1933 | Dec. : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | 1932 | 1933 : | 1934 | 1935 |
|  | : | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollarn } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.000 \\ \text { dol1are } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollare } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollar } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Me. | : | 2,575 | 3,449 | 2.384 | 3,937 | 30.469 | 33,516 | 41,965 | 36,609 |
| N. E. | : | 997 | 915 | 1.011 | 1,282 | 13,120 | 12,708 | 14,099 | 16,508 |
| $\nabla t$. |  | 1.751 | 1,957 | 2,099 | 2,543 | 24,624 | 24,140 | 27,260 | 32,814 |
| Maes. |  | 2,810 | 2,557 | 2,916 | 3.542 | 39,055 | 39,248 | 40.199 | 47.021 |
| R. I. |  | 382 | 339 | 411 | 486 | 5,368 | 5,502 | 6,038 | 6,922 |
| Conn. |  | 2,357 | 2,692 | 3,073 | 3,341 | 32,199 | 31,469 | 35,366 | 37,358 |
| N. Y. |  | 12,584 | 16,096 | 16.464 | 18,981 | 175,720 | 191,662 | 220,973 | 240,061 |
| N. J. |  | 2,636 | 2,680 | 3,511 | 3.890 | 53,978 | 56,236 | 64.108 | 68,705 |
| Pa. |  | 10,188 | 11,87? | 13,980 | 15,362 | 151,590 | 153,036 | 186,974 | 210,073 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 36,280 | 42,557 | 45,849 | 53,364 | 526,123 | 547,517 | 636,982 | 696,071 |
| Ohio |  | 11.766 | 13,475 | 15,582 | 19,330 | 155,46.7 | 166,226 | 197,849 | 247,003 |
| Ind. |  | 9.001 | 10,470 | 15,639 | 18,672 | 135,980 | 145,976 | 173,730 | 227.471 |
| 111. |  | 13,112 | 18,541 | 24,505 | 28.919 | 228,661 | 272,939 | 283,890 | 329.467 |
| Mich. |  | 9,108 | 10,574 | 12,123 | 14,128 | 108,902 | 120,255 | 141,318 | 160,894 |
| Tis. |  | 11,727 | 12,256 | 17,172 | 20,948 | 158,016 | 163,645 | 193,159 | 244,075 |
| E. P . Centra? |  | 54,714 | 65,316 | 85,021 | 101,997 | 787,026 | 869,041 | 989.946 | 1,208,910 |
| Mian. |  | 12,699 | 14,100 | 19,040 | 24, 264 | 163,192 | 182,491 | 212,255 | 259,533 |
| Iowa |  | 20,733 | 24,684 | 35,761 | 44,783 | 275,388 | 301,880 | 382,936 | 413,537 |
| Mo. |  | 11,359 | 13,671 | 14,596 | 22,098 | 158,702 | 169,298 | 176,243 | 214,966 |
| N. Dak. |  | 3,992 | 4.692 | 3,318 | 5,322 | 55, 280 | 75,327 | 63,330 | 85,718 |
| S. Daic. |  | 5,605 | 3,411 | 4,279 | 8,037 | 56,654 | 67,778 | 54,515 | 77,536 |
| Sebr. |  | 10,696 | 14,681 | 14,515 | 20,730 | 152,533 | 180,244 | 204,678 | 193. 227 |
| Kans. |  | 10,292 | 11,136 | 14,929 | 16,98n | 167,060 | 165,341 | 203,099 | 224,129 |
| W. H. Central. |  | 75,375 | 86,375 | 106,438 | 142,714 | 1.038,809 | 1,142,359 | 1,297,056 | 1,468,651 |
| Del. |  | 720 | 774 | 1,200 | 1,248 | 8,995 | 8,304 | 12,224 | 13,322 |
| Md. |  | 2,889 | 2,818 | 3,531 | 3,979 | 40,002 | 41,633 | 51,651 | 56,997 |
| Va. |  | 5,312 | ?. 186 | 7,261 | 10,286 | 61,101 | 68,327 | 90,379 | 100,399 |
| 7. Va. |  | 1,738 | 1,644 | 2,250 | 2,569 | 23,603 | 23,092 | 28,321 | 34,499 |
| N. C. |  | 6,755 | 16,635 | 11,201 | 11,598 | 85,846 | 142,452 | 217,641 | 188,749 |
| S. C. |  | 2,988 | 4.105 | 7,308 | 8,434 | 46,219 | 60,642 | 83,871 | 82,951 |
| Ga. |  | 4,346 | 5,941 | 8,671 | 10,263 | 58,311 | 88,033 | 107,450 | $114,983$ |
| Fla. |  | 7.848 | 5,812 | 7,078 | 8,797 | 76.559 | 64,440 | $89,391$ | 87,224 |
| S: Atlantic | : | 32,596 | 44,915 | 48,500 | 57.174 | 400,636 | 496,933 | 680,928 | 679,024 |
| Iy. | : | 12,133 | 4,302 | 12,119 | 22,795 | 73.706 | 66,064 | 90,134 | 118,033 |
| Tenn. |  | 6,557 | 6.333 | 9,536 | 11,600 | 63,550 | 69,719 | 88,311 | 95,712 |
| 12 a |  | 3,749 | 6,250 | 7,573 | 8,850 | 59,066 | 63,627 | 101,373 | 92,886 |
| M88. |  | 6,751 | 8,263 | 12,370 | 15,410 | 70,592 | 88,836 | 107,218 | 116,863 |
| Sric. |  | 6,216 | 7,302 | 10,445 | 12,250 | 77,964 | 77,895 | 95,408 | 95,506 |
| La. |  | 5,211 | 7,969 | 8.155 | 10,325 | 56,385 | 63,180 | 80,883 | 84,743 |
| Okla. |  | 7,127 | 10,812 | 8,052 | 12,553 | 94,346 | 127,425 | 113,539 | 143,431 |
| Tex. |  | 22,772 | 32.408 | 24,920 | 36.113 | 280,713 | 340ิ.688 | 346,630 | 373,783 |
| S. Central |  | 70,536 | 83,699 | 93,170 | 129,896 | 776,322 | 903,434 | 1,023,496 | 1,120,957 |
| Mont. |  | 3,512 | 4,732 | 5,531 | 6,204 | 41,528 | 50,277 | 69,097 | 88,219 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Idabo |  | 3,790 | 5,400 | 5,034 | 6,376 | 41,216 | 51,750 | 63,600 | 77,014 |
| Vro. |  | 1,933 | 2,861 | 2,122 | 4,112 | 22,236 | 25,729 | 29,861 | 35,540 |
| Colo. |  | 5,250 | 7.990 | 6,482 | 10,974 | 64,278 | 69,102 | 77,771 | 94,684 |
| H. Mex. |  | 2,836 | 3,040 | 3,367 | 5,924 | 22,780 | 24,593 | 29,162 | 35,087 |
| Ariz. |  | 2,429 | 4,034 | 4,307 | 5,355 | 23.407 | 23,190 | 34,395 | 36,578 |
| Utah |  | 3,064 | 3,646 | 2,371 | 3,967 | 25,165 | 27,472 | 23,805 | 33,426 |
| Nev. |  | 408 | 697 | 495 | 1,060 | 5,851 | 6,213 | 6,653 | 8,701 |
| Wash. |  | 5.642 | 6,878 | 7,964 | 8,874 | 79,166 | 87,636 | 113,686 | 122,655 |
| Oreg. |  | 3.118 | 3,244 | 4,320 | 4,978 | 46,360 | 49,706 | 61,255 | 71,211 |
| Calif. |  | 16,961 | 20,268 | 25,771 | 30,410 | 334,459 | 334,914 | 409,401 | 473,361 |
| Mestern |  | 49,003 | 62,790 | 67,764 | 88,234 | 706,446 | 750,582 | 918,686 | 1,076,476 |
| Total all states |  | 318,505 | 385,652 | 446,742 | 573,379 | 4,235,362 | 4,709,866 | 5,547,094 | 6,250,089 |
| U. S. cash income | : | 335,000 | 413,000 | 473.000 | 598,000 | 4,328,000 | 4,955,000 | 5,831,000 | 6,360,000 |

Divisions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Istimates.

1. Whese totals differ from the monthly estimates of United Stats cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 4. - Beceipte from sale of principal farm products and from rental and bancit payments, by tater.
1932 - 1935


Divisions of Statistica! and Eistorlcal Researck and Crop and Livestock Eatimates.

1) The firat rental and bonefit payments were made in lugust 1933.

2/ Those totals differ from the monthly obtimates of United States cesh income because they include only income from 33 oi the wore important ferm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshippent of livestock.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE <br> Bureau of Agricultural Economics Division of Statistical and Historical Research 



Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products by States, January 1933 to $1936 \mathrm{I} /$

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products were considerably larger in January 1936 than in the same month a year ago in all regions, the greatest gains in income occurring in the West North Central and South Atlantic States where increases of approximately 38 percent were registered. The smallest increase in income over January 1935 occurred in the South Central States where only a 10 percent gain was recorded. The increase in each of the other three regions was approximately 18 percent. Receipts from marketings for all States averaged 23 percent higher than in January 1935; and Kansas, Delaware, and Kentucky were the only States to show smaller receipts than a year ago. Cash receipts from farm marketings made the usual seasonal increase from December to January in the North Atlantic and East North Central regions and about the usual seasonal decrease in the West North Central and South Atlantic regions. The seasonal decline in cash receipts was slightly more than average in the South Central and Western regions.

Both receipts from crops and from livestock items were substantially higher in January, and for the country as a whole, receipts from crops were 19 percent, and from livestock and livestock products 25 percent higher than in January 1935. Gains in income from crop items over the same month a year ago were recorded in each region with the exception of the South Central States where a 2 percent decline occurred chiefly as a result of the reduced marketings of tobacco in Kentucky and Tennessee. Heavier marketings of corn, wheat, and other grains and improved prices of potatoes and wheat increased the receipts from crops in the North Central States. The heavier marketing of apples and increased income from potatocs were chiefly influential in increasing the receipts from crops in the North Atlantic States. Higher prices and heavier marketings of Florida citrus fruits together with the larger marketings of cotton and tobacco from the Southern States increased the receipts from crops in the South Atlantic region. The increased income from potatoes, wheat, and corn in the Western States was partially offset by the reduced marketing of Califomia citrus fruits.

Generally prevailing higher prices for beef cattle, hogs, and other meat animals over the January 1935 prices increased the receipts from the livestock items in all regions. In addition, the heavier shipments of hogs and cattle from the West North Central States and the heavy movement of beef cattle from the Western rance States and from the South Central States were reflected in the relatively greater increases in income from livestock in these regions. Higher prices for chickens and butterfat and heavier marketings of eggs also contributed to the increases in income from livestock items in each of the regions.

1) The rental and benefit payments received by farmers in November and December 1935 together with comparative figures for the corresponding months of 1933 and 1934 are shown in table 3. The rental and benefit payments for January 1935 and 1936 are shown in table 2.
FARM PRODUCTS,
PRINCIPAL
TO DATE*


DOLLARS
(MILLIONS)
응
i 0
150
100
us department of agriculture

Government payments to firmers in the form of rental and benefit payments were discontinued - pending substitute farm legislation - after January 6 when the Supreme Court invalidated tine collection of processing taxes. The rental and benefit payments made during the first week of January wero \$1,199,000 as compared with \$70,275,000 during the entire month of Jenuary 1935. A comparison of the total cash receipts from marketings of the principal products and from rental and benefit poyments for the different regions during January 1536 wi th the corresponding totals of the same month last year, reflects tine discontinuation of government payments ofter the first week of January, and is particularly noticeable in the West North Central and South Central regions. In the former, total cash receipts including government payments were only 9 percent larger than those of Jonuary 1935, rather than 38 percent, as shown by a comparison of cash receipts from farm marketings alone. In the South Central States cash receipts including rental and benefit payments were 11 percent smaller than in January 1935. In each of the other four regions, total cash receipts includirg government payments, were larger than in January last year. The percentage of increase over January 1935 for each of these regions is not, however, as large as has been indicated in the comparisons of cash receipts exclusive of rental and benefit payaents.

The accompanying chart shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each region from January 1933 to Januery 1936. The slightly more then seasonal decline in the South Central and Western States was largely due to the somewhat more than seasonal decrease in tobacco receipts in the South Central tobacco States and in receipts from citrus fruits in California.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic region in Jenuary 1936 were 17 percent larger than in the same month a year ago and were the largest for the month since 1931. Higher prices for potatoes and heavier marketings of apples increased the receipts from crops in all of the States with the exception of New Jersey where the gains in the above products were offset by the decreased income from hay and sweetpotatoes as a result of considerably lower prices. Larger receipts from meat animals, whole milk, and poultry and eggs, increased the income from livestock items in all of the States with the exception of Connecticut where the receipts from eg5s and milk were lower this month. All of the States in this region, however, showed a gain in total cash receipts over January 1935, the higher income from potatoes and apples and all livestock items more than offsetting the lower receipts from hay, oats, sweetpotatoes, and truck crops. In Maine the farr price of potatoes in January was three times as high as a year ago and total cash receipts were 64 percent higher than in January 1935 and were only 10 percent less than the January 1934 receipts which were the highest for the month since 1931.

East North Central States.-Cosh receipts from farm marketings in the East lorth Central region in Jonuary 1936 were 19 percent higher than in the corresponding month a year aco. Each of the States recorded increases in cash receipts as a result of the heavier marketings of com, wheat, ond other grains, and increased income from hoss and cattle and other livestock items. Increases in income ranging from 13 to 25 percent wore
made in the various States and total cash receipts in January 1935 were the highest for each of the Stites since 1030 . Swaller incones from hay, oats, and tobacco in the various States in this region were more than offset by the increases in the other commodities.

West North Central States.-Cash receipts Arom farm marketings in the West North Central region were 37 peacent greater in January 1936 than in the same month last year. As in the above region, receipts from crops have increased because of larger marketings of corm, wheat, and other grains, and the receipts from livestock reflected increased income from hogs, cattle, poultry and eggs, and other livestock items. Increased cash receipts were recorded in each State with the exception of Kansas where the incornes from wheat, cattle, sheep, and lambs were somewhat smaller than in the same month last year. All of the other States showed increases in the total cash reccipts with the Dakotas showing the largest percentage gains over January 1935. The total cash receipts for Minnesota, Iowa, North Dokota, South Dakota, and Nebraska were the highest for the month since 1931, and for Missouri they were the higinest since 1930.

South Ationtic States.- With the exception of Delaware all of the States in this region showed increases in their total cash receipts in January 1936 over January 1935 ranging from 9 percent in Maryland to 78 percent in Florida. The region as a whole shows an increase of 38 percent in total cash receipts. The higher prices and heavier marketings of Florida citrus fruits was an important factor in the regional increase in receipts from crops, and higher income from hogs, cattle, calves, and chickens in the receipts from livestock. Other factors that contributed to the increased receipts or this region were the somewhat improved prices and larger marketings of cotton lint and seed from South Carolina and Georgia, and tobacco from Virginia and North Carolina. Increases in income in these commodities for the region as a whole more than offset reduced receipts from truck crops and hay. In Delaware a slight increase in income from apples and meat animals was more than offset by the smaller receipts from corm, hay, and eggs which resulted in a 9 percent decrease in the State's total cash receipts as compared with January 1935. The total cash receipts for Maryland and North Carolina were the highest for the ronth since 1931 and for Virginia, West Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida they were the highest since 1930.

South Centrol States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the South Central region were 10 percent larger than in January 1935, the substantial gains in income from livestock in all of the States having been partially offset by the decreased receipts from tobacco in Kentucky and Tennessee. All of the States with the exception of Kentuclyy showed increases in total cash receipts ranging from 3 percent in Tennessee to 38 percent in Texas. In Kentucky, total cash reccipts were 30 percent smaller in the current month than in January 1935. The increased receipts from cotton lint and seed more than offset the smaller receipts from com, hay, wheat, and sweetpotatoes in the various Southern States. The hicher prices and heavy shipments of cattle and hogs as well as calves, sheep, and lambs were reflected in substantial gains in income from livestock and livestock products in each of the States in this region. In Texas, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas, total cash receipts in January 1936 were the largest for the month since 1930 ,

Western States.-For the Western region as a whole, total cash receipts from the marketins̃s of principal farm products were 18 percent larger in January 1936 than in January 1935, the increase, however, being more pronounced in the Mountain States than in the Facific Coastal States, the former reflecting the heavy movement and higher feturns from cattle, calves, sheep and lambs, and the latter reflecting the counteracting influence on the increased income from livestock of the smaller receipts from citrus fruits and truck crops in Califormia and apples in Washington. Montana, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah showed increases over January 1935 of over 40 percent in their total cash receipts, and Idaho, Wyoming, and Arizona recorded increases of over 20 percent. In Washington, Oregon, and California cash receipts were only slightly larger then in January 1935. Larger receipts from potatoes, wheat, corn, barley, and rye were important factors in increasing the January income of receipts from crops in the various States in this region. For the region as a whole, the improvement in receipts from these products as well as from the various meat animals more than offset the smaller receipts from citrus fruits, hay, truck crops, apples, and eggs. In California and Colorado the January income from the sale of principal farm products was the highest for the month since 1931 and in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Montana it was the highest since 1930.

Table l contains estimates of the receipts from principal crops and livestock products by States from January 1933 to 1936, and table 2 contains estimates of the combined recaipts from 33 of the more important crop and livestoci products. It also shows the rental and benefit payments for January 1935 and 1936 and the total cash receipts including govermment payments for the same months. For the United States as a Whole, approximately 93 percent of the total cash farm income was represented by the 33 commodities in 1934. For comparative purposes the United States estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock items for the month are entered in the tables on the line below the totals of the State estimates of cash receipts. The United States estimates of cash income are adjusted to represent income from all farm products marketed, whereas the State estimates are based upon income from 33 of the more important farm products and no adjustment is made for the inshipment of livestack into the principal fueding areas. Table 3-gives the rentai and benefit payments by States for November and Necember 2933 to 1.935.

Sable 1．－Boooipte irom tho sole of princirai fare pracucts，by tates，January 1538－1536

| State | $\because$ Crope |  |  |  |  | Liventock and Ifrentock producte |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ： | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jon. } \\ & 193 \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan } \\ & 1936 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Jan. } \\ 1933 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 19334 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & J a n \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jen, } \\ & 1936 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ： | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dol1 } \mathrm{ar} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollare } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & \text { doll } \mathrm{er} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollgr: } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollare } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Me． |  | 1.421 | 3，757 | 1，272 | 2，925 | 1，276 | 1，350 | 1，527 | 1，668 |
| B． B ． |  | 117 | 206 | 131 | 181 | 764 | 789 | 921 | 1，062 |
| Vt． |  | 81 | 92 | 95 | 111 | 1，675 | 1.827 | 2，117 | 2，353 |
| Kabe． |  | 340 | 491 | 403 | 486 | 2，024 | 2，083 | 2，534 | 2，784 |
| R．I． |  | 16 | 44 | 11 | 22 | 312 | 819 | 399 | 456 |
| Conn． |  | 694 | 1，011 | 1，087 | 1．221 | 1，611 | 1，845 | 2，071 | 1，965 |
| Y． 1. |  | 4.141 | 5，685 | 4，620 | 5，419 | 9，135 | 11，306 | 13，322 | 16，164 |
| \％．J． |  | こと\％ | 422 | 45？ | 472 | 2， 1 ¢ | 2， | $\bigcirc 095$ | －， 151 |
| Pa． |  | 2， $2 \times$ | 4， 233 | 4，7．9？ | 5，09\％ | 7．En， | 8，929 | 11，045 | 11，867 |
| B．Atlentic | ： | 9，699 | 15，991 | 12，208 | 15，935 | 26.459 | 30，974 | 36，868 | 41，465 |
| Ohio |  | 2，490 | 3，691 | 3，853 | 4，393 | 8，154 | 11，165 | 16，442 | 18，586 |
| Ind． |  | 1，590 | 2，436 | 2，725 | 2.971 | 7，162 | 8，373 | 12，975 | 14，987 |
| I11． |  | 1，897 | 3，295 | 3，467 | 6，024 | 11，706 | 16，034 | 23，454 | 27，098 |
| Kich． |  | 1.904 | 3，623 | 3，243 | 3，561 | 5，647 | 5，923 | 7，977 | 9，627 |
| Tis． |  | ． 597 | 1.755 | 1，882 | 2，341 | 10，966 | 10，668 | 16，124 | 20．193 |
| 交．H．Contral |  | 8.478 | 14，800 | 15，170 | 19，290 | 43，6．35 | 52，163 | 76，982 | 90，491 |
| Minn． |  | 1.050 | 2，844 | 2，4．33 | 3，384 | 11，500 | 11， 758 | 15．820 | 19，999 |
| Iowa |  | 901 | 2，438 | 1，769 | 3，293 | 18，797 | 23.226 | 29，778 | 37，938 |
| Mo． |  | 1，491 | 2，492 | 1.702 | 2，354 | 8，558 | 8.389 | 10，875 | 17，776 |
| N．Dak． |  | 1，193 | 2，240 | 984 | 2，510 | 1，909 | 1，263 | 1，564 | 2，84．8 |
| S．Dak． |  | 682 | 556 | 192 | 1，598 | 4，498 | 3，024 | 3，477 | 5，870 |
| －0be． |  | 1，326 | 4，868 | 1，362 | 3．923 | 10.318 | 11，998 | 12，255 | 18，214 |
| Kane． |  | 2，040 | 3，140 | 3，244 | 2，981 | 8，625 | 9，310 | 14，814 | 14，248 |
| 7．y．Contral | ； | 8.683 | 18，578 | 11，686 | 20，043 | 64，205 | 68，968 | 88，58．3 | 116.893 |
| Del． |  | 217 | 261 | 311 | 270 | 318 | 364 | 500 | 465 |
| Le． |  | 307 | 629 | 651 | 617 | 1，625 | 1，744 | 2，025 | 2，295 |
| Ta． |  | 2，916 | 4，623 | 3．922 | 5，581 | 2，003 | 1，943 | 2，400 | 3，131 |
| T．Fa． |  | 399 | 620 | 517 | 521 | 998 | 1，226 | 1，667 | 2.062 |
| H．C． |  | 4，468 | 8,652 | 5，284 | 7．226 | 1，210 | 1，323 | 1，480 | 1，852 |
| Soc． |  | 2，103 | 2，943 | 3，079 | 3，728 | 558 | 539 | 614 | 725 |
| Ga． |  | 2，253 | 4，025 | 4．522 | 5，537 | 1，226 | 1，432 | 1，965 | 2，572 |
| Ma． |  | 7，663 | 10，327 | 7，508 | 14，113 | 1，001 | 1，050 | 1，18．3 | 1，373 |
| S．Atlantic |  | 20，226 | 32，080 | 25，794 | 37，593 | 8，938 | 9，621 | 11，834 | 14，475 |
| EJ． |  | 18，103 | 15，373 | 22，715 | 13， 855 | 1，875 | 2，142 | 3，532 | 4，431 |
| Tenn． |  | 8，048 | 6，207 | 7，786 | 6，302 | 1，652 | 1，704 | 2，586 | 4，734 |
| Ala． |  | 2，308 | 3，492 | 3，412 | 4，235 | 1，071 | 929 | 1，283 | 1，759 |
| Mes． |  | 5，992 | 5，866 | 6，819 | 8，6．33 | 989 | 655 | 892 | 1，700 |
| Ark． |  | 4，389 | 4，215 | 5，380 | 6，508 | 1，000 | 1，082 | 1.581 | 2，311 |
| La． |  | 2，878 | 7，207 | 3，353 | 4，411 | 890 | 790 | 824 | 1，032 |
| Orla． |  | 2，134 | 6,535 | 1，974 | 2，801 | 2，990 | 2，763 | 5，074 | 6，241 |
| Tex． |  | 15，341 | 12，194 | 10，878 | 14，645 | 6，215 | 5，898 | 7，180 | 10，348 |
| 8．Centrel |  | 59，199 | 61，089 | 62，317 | 61，290 | 16.682 | 15，963 | 22，952 | 32，150 |
| Mozt． |  | 705 | 1，083 | 1，251 | 1，715 | 1，3．33 | 1，687 | 1，962 | 2，958 |
| Idaho |  | 1，225． | 2，445 | 2，193 | 2，416 | 1，235 | 1，410 | 2，062 | 2，815 |
| Wyo． |  | 127. | 374 | 248 | 369 | 850 | 937 | 820 | 1，078 |
| Colo． |  | 713 | 2，281 | 918 | 2，082 | 2，719 | 2，904 | 3，577 | 5，485 |
| 11．Mex． |  | 605 | 816 | 1，103 | 1，135 | 847 | 1，284 | 1，425 | 2，418 |
| A「iz． |  | 1，887 | 4，666 | 2，154 | 2，684 | 738 | 899 | 1，187 | 1，409 |
| Utah |  | 235 | 302 | 231 | 365 | 1，3．31 | 1.108 | 1，342 | 1，953 |
| Hev． |  | 45 | 74 | 48 | 96 | 365 | 381 | 521 | 555 |
|  |  | 2，387 | 5，107 | 3，935 | 3.649 | 2，748 | 2，570 | 3，784 | 4，190 |
| Ores． |  | 669 | 1，132． | 1，054 | 1，123 | 1，855 | 1，800 | 2，650 | 7．070 |
| Calif． |  | 8，088 | 13,063 | 13，667 | 13，162 | 9，142 | 7，884 | 10，640． | 11，993 |
| Wedtern |  | 16，687 | 31，343 | 26，802 | 28，796 | 23，16：3 | 22，864 | 29，970 | 37，925 |
| Total all etateo |  | 122，972 | 173，881 | 153．997 | 182，947 | 183，083 | 200，553 | 267，179 | 333，399 |
| J．S．cash income | ： | 158，000 | 222，000 | 189，000 | 227，000 | 190，000 | 208，000 | 261，000 | 331，000 |

Diviuions of Statistical and Historical Rosearch and Crop and Livestock Eetimates．
1）These totale differ from the monthly estinates of United Statee cash income becauee they inciude only inoome from 33 of the more important fanc comoditioe and no doductions are made for the inghipmont of liveotook．

| State | : | Total recoipte from eale of prinolpal farm product.e |  |  |  | Rental and benofit: : paymente : |  | Total including rental and bonefit paymente |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Jan. : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 19.34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Jan. } \\ & \vdots 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1996 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jon. } \\ & \vdots \quad 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Jan. 1976 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1936 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollara } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollare } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollara } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollare } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| No. |  | 2,697 | 5.107 | 2,799 | 4,588 |  |  | 2,799 | 4,588 |
| N. H. |  | 871 | 995 | 1,052 | 1,243 | 1 |  | 1,05. | 1,243 |
| Tt. |  | 1,756 | 1,919 | 2,212 | 2,464 | 2 |  | 2,214 | 2,464 |
| Mass. |  | 2,364 | 2,574 | 2,937 | 7, 270 | 81 | 2 | 3,018 | 3,272 |
| R. I. |  | 328 | 363 | 410 | 478 | 1 |  | 411 | 478 |
| Conn. |  | 2,305 | 2,856 | 3,158 | 3,186 | 63 | 3 | 3,221 | 3.189 |
| N. I . |  | 13,276 | 16,990 | 17,942 | 21,583 | 17 |  | 17,959 | 21,583 |
| N. J. |  | 2,766 | 2,939 | 7,409 | 3,622 | 3 |  | 3,412 | 7,622 |
| Pa. |  | 10,195 | 17,222 | 15,147 | 16,966 | 132 | 2 | 15,279 | 16,968 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 36,158 | 46,965 | 49,066 | 57,40n | 300 | 7 | 49,366 | 57,407 |
| Ohio |  | 10,644 | 14,856 | 20,295 | 22,979 | 2,116 | 9 | 22,411 | 22,988 |
| Ind. |  | 8,752 | 10,809 | 15,700 | 17,958 | 7,062 | 1 | 18,762 | 17,959 |
| 111. |  | 17,603 | 19,329 | 26.931 | 33,122 | 5,578 | 6 | 32,509 | 73,128 |
| Kich. |  | 7,551 | 9,546 | 11,220 | 13,188 | 402 |  | 11,622 | 13,188 |
| W18. |  | 11,563 | 12,423 | 18,006 | 22,534 | 1,282 | 12 | 19,288 | 22,546 |
| E. B. Central |  | 52,113 | 66,963 | 92,152 | 109,781 | 12,440 | 28 | 104,592 | 109,809 |
| Minn. |  | 12,550 | 14,602 | 18,253 | 22. 383 | 2,043 | 2 | 20,296 | 23, 385 |
| Іота |  | 19,698 | 25,664 | 31,547 | 41, 231 | 9,238 | 2) -11 | 40,785 | 41,220 |
| So. |  | 10,049 | 10,881 | 12,577 | 20,130 | 3,332 | 75 | 15,909 | 20,205 |
| M. Dak. |  | 3,102 | 3,503 | 2,548 | 5,358 | 1,420 | 13 | 3,968 | 5,371 |
| S. Dak. |  | 5, ${ }^{1} 80$ | 3,580 | 3,669 | 7,468 | 2,794 | 9 | 6.463 | 7,477 |
| \#ebr. |  | 11,644 | 16,866 | 13,617 | 22,137 | 7, 474 | 6 | 17,091 | 22,143 |
| Kane. |  | 10.665 | 12,450 | 18,058 | 17,229 | 3.430 | 17 | 21,488 | 17,246 |
| พ. 区. Central |  | 72,888 | 87,546 | 100,269 | 136,936 | 25,731 | 111 | 126,000 | 137,047 |
| Del. |  | 435 | 625 | 811 | 735 | 11 |  | 822 | 735 |
| Md. |  | 1,932 | 2,373 | 2,676 | 2,912 | 109 | 2 | 2,785 | 2,914 |
| Va. |  | 4,919 | 6,566 | 6,322 | 8,712 | 255 | 3 | 6,577 | 8,715 |
| T. Va. | : | 1,397 | 1,846 | 2,184 | 2,583 | 34 |  | 2,218 | 2,587 |
| ถ. C. | : | 5,678 | 9,975 | 6,764 | 9,078 | 787 | 90 | 7,551 | 9,168 |
| S. C. |  | 2,661 | 3,482 | 3,693 | 4,453 | 1,11? |  | 4,805 | 4,453 |
| Ga. |  | 3,479 | 5,457 | 6,487 | 8,109 | 1,596 | 26 | 8,08. | 8,135 |
| Fla. |  | 8,664 | 11,377 | 8,691 | 15,486 | 63 |  | 8,754 | 15,486 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 29,165 | 41,701 | 37,628 | 52,068 | 3,967 | 121 | 41,595 | 52,189 |
| 5 m |  | 19,984 | 17,515 | 26,247 | 18,286 | 2,308 | 39 | 28,555 | 18,325 |
| Tean. |  | 9,700 | 7,911 | 10,372 | 10,6.36 | 973 | 22 | 11,345 | 10,658 |
| Ala. |  | 3, 379 | 4,421 | 4,695 | 5,888 | 1,641 | 96 | 6,336 | 5,784 |
| Mier. |  | 6,981 | 6,521 | 7,711 | 10,333 | 2,314 | 16 | 10,025 | 10,349 |
| trk. |  | 5,389 | 5,297 | 6,961 | 8,819 | 1,826 | 81 | 8,787 | 8,900 |
| La. |  | 3,768 | 7,997 | 4,177 | 5,447 | 818 | 63 | 4,995 | 5,506 |
| Okla. |  | 5,124 | 9.298 | 7.048 | 9,042 | 2,118 | 194 | 9,166 | 9,236 |
| Tex. |  | 21,556 | 18,092 | 18,058 | 24,993 | 8,948 | 349 | 27,006 | 25,342 |
| S. Central |  | 75,881 | 77,052 | 85,269 | 93,440 | 20,946 | 860 | 106,215 | 94,300 |
| Mont. |  | 2,038 | 2,770 | 3, 213 | 4,673 | 863 | 8 | 4,076 | 4,681 |
| Idaho |  | 2,460 | 3.855 | 4,255 | 5,231 | 623 | 8 | 4,878 | 5,239 |
| Fyo. |  | 977 | 1,311 | 1,068 | 1,447 | 129 |  | 1.197 | 1,447 |
| Colo. |  | 3,432 | 5,185 | 4,495 | 7,568 | 1,003 | 4 | 5,498 | 7,572 |
| N. Mex. |  | 1,457 | 2,100 | 2,528 | 3.553 | 875 | 21 | 3,403 | 3,574 |
| ¢riz. |  | 2,625 | 5,565 | 3,341 | 4,093 | 349 | 8 | 3,690 | 4,101 |
| Utah |  | 1,560 | 1,410 | 1,573 | 2,318 | 389 | 2 | 1,912 | 2, 220 |
| Nov. |  | 410 | 455 | 569 | 651 | 14 |  | 583 | 651 |
| Tash. | . | 5,135 | 7,677 | 7.719 | 7.839 | 1,910 | 16 | 9,629 | 7,855 |
| Orog. |  | 2,524 | 2,932 | 3,704 | 4,193 | 191 | 2) 13 | 3,895 | 4,206 |
| Calif. |  | 17.230 | 20,947 | 24,307 | 25.155 | 595 | 2) -8 | 24,902 | $25,14 ?$ |
| Testern |  | 39,850 | 54.207 | 56,772 | 66,721 | 6,891 | 72 | 63,663 | 66,793 |
| Total all tates |  | 306,055 | 374,434 | 421,156 | 516.346 | 70,275 | 1,199 | 491,431 | 517.545 |
| U. S. oamb income |  | 348,000 | 430,000 | 450,000 | 558,000 | 70,000 | 1,000 | 520,000 | 559,000 |

Divieione of Statistical and Elstorical Research and Crop and Liveatock Eatimates.
1/ These totale differ from the monthly estimater of United States cash income because they include only income
from 33 of the more important farn comodities and no deductions aremade for the inohipment of livestock.


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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULIURE <br> Bureau of Agricultural Economics <br> Division of Statistical and Historical Research 

Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products by States,
February 1933 - 1936 and January - February 1933 - 1936
Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in February 1936 were larger than in the same month a year ago in all regions. The increases ranged from 17 to 21 percent in the four regions comprising the Atlantic and North Central States, and were 13 and 2 percent respectively for the Western and South Central Regions. The receipts from marketings of the principal products averaged for all States 15 percent higher than in February 1935; Kansas, South Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Louisiana were the only States to show snaller receipts for the month than a year ago.

For the country as a whole, both receipts from croos and from livestock items were materially higher in February than in the same month of 1935; receipts from crops were 17 percent, and from livestock and livestock products 14 percent inigher. Gains in income from crops were recorded in each region except the South Central States where a decrease of 16 percent occurred largoly as a result of the much smaller marketings of rice from Louisiana and Arkansas and the reduced marketings and lower prices of tobacco in Kentuclry and Tennessee as compared with February 1935. Larger marketings of corr, wheat, and other grains, and higher prices of potatoes were largely responsible for the increased income from crop items in the North Central States, and the gains in income from potatoes and apples accounted for the hicher crop income in the North Atlantic Region. In the South Atlantic Region the higher income from crop items was largely due to the heavier marketings and improved prices of Florida citrus fruits and truck crops and to the larger marketings of tobacco and apples from other States in this Region. A moderate increase in the income from crops in the Western Region was chiefly the result of the considerable gains in income from potatoes, truck crops, and apples which offset the reduced income from cotton lint and seed, hay, rice, and citrus fruits.

In general, the gains in income from livestock items recorded in each region, and ranging from 11 percent in the North Atlantic and West North Central States to 29 percent in the South Central Statos, were largely the result of the higher prices paid for all classes of livestock in February 1936 as compared with February 1935. Only in the South Central and Western Mountain States where the greatest percentages of increase in income from livestock items were recorded, were the marketings of meat animals materially heavier than in February 1935. In the other regions marketings of meat animals were either slightly less or about the same as in February of last year. Increasod income from chickens and dairy products were contributing factors in the higher income this month from livestock items and were particularly important in the North Atlantic and East North Central States.

For the first 2 months in 1936 cash receipts from marketings of the principal farm products averaged 19 percont higher for all States than for the some period in 1935; Kansas, Delwaware, Kentucky, and Tennessee being
FARM PRODUCTS,
PRINCIPAL
933 TO DATE




DOLLARS (MILLIONS)

100

*NVr 1
neg. 29566 rureau of agricultural economics * does not include rental and benefit payments

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JAN. APR. JULY OCT.
the only States to shom smaller receipts for the period than a year ago. Each of the regions recorded a gain in income in the first 2 months over the same period in l? percent in the Soutin Atlantic States.

Government payments to fariners as rerital and benefit ?ayments vere not made in February 1936, but for the same month in 1935 these paments amounted to $\$ 51,671,000$, the bulk of which was paid to the States in the West North Central and South Central Resions. The income of the latter two resions in February 1936 compared with their total incomes from marzetings and from rental and benefit paments in February 1935 reflect, therefore, the absence of government payments, and show.a docline in the current month's income of 24 percent for the South Central and 2 cercent for the West North Central States. In each of the other four regions, hovever, the February 1936 income fron marketings is still higher than the total income fron marketinss and from rental and benefit payments of the same month last year.

The chart facing this page shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each region from January 1933 to February 1936 The more than usual decline in income in the West North Central Region from January to February 1936 was larsely a seasonal readjustment from the unusually high income level of the 2 preceding months when exceptionally heavy shiments of livestock vere made from this region. A somevhat more than usual decline from January to February this year is shown in the South Atlentic States where the February income from cotton declined somewhat more than seasonally. In each of the other four regions the chonge in incomo from January to February mas about the usual seasonal change.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic Region in February 1936 were 21 percent larger than in the same month a year ago and vere the largest for the month since 1930. Figher prices for potatoes and heavier marketines of apples and tobacco, as well as higher prices for whole milk and neat animals increased the receipts from crons and livestock items in each of the Statcs. In Maine where the price of potatoes was three ard one-half times as large as that of February 1935, total cash receipts were 83 percent larger than in Februry 1935 and were about the sane as those in Februar. 1931. For the first 2 months of 1936 total cash receipts in this recion mere 19 percent hicher than in the same period in 1905 , the increases raneing from 4 percent in Connecticut to 74 percent in Maine.

Enst North Contral Stntes.- Lnreer reccipts fron cors and other arains, potatocs and npples, and frow nearl all livestock items increased the income in each of the Statos, and for the recion as a whole total cash receipts were 18 percent lareer than in February 1935 and mere the largest for the month since 1930. Illinois, "ith a Gain of 30 percent in total cash receipts, made the lareest incrense over February 1935, the gains in total receipts in each of the other States rancine from 12 to 19 percent. For the first 2 months of 1936 total cash receivts for the region were 19 percent hicher than for the same period in 1935.

West Morth Central States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in this region vere 17 percent hi hher than in February 1935. With the exception of Kansas where marketincs of wheat were seriously reduced, cash income, both from crons and livestocle, "as materially higher in each of the other States. The cain in cash receipts from marcetines for February 1936 is, however, offset by the payment of approximately $\$ 20,0^{\prime \prime}, 000$ as rental and benefit payments to the farmers in this region in Februnry 1935.

The region's total income is therefore 2 percent less than the February 1935 total income including government payments.

South Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from farm marketings were 20 percent higher for the region than in February 1935, and with the exception of South Carolina, total cash receipts were higher in each of the States. Despite the lower receipts from crops in Delaware, Maryland, South Carolina and Georgia, the region as a whole shows a 22 percent gain in income from crops over February 1935. This gain is to be attributed largely to the higher receipts from Florida citrus fruits and truck crops, and to the heavier marketings of apples and tobacco from Virginia and North Carolina. The decline in income from cotton lint and seed in South Carolina resulted in a l percent decline in the total cash receipts of the State for the current month. Income from livestock items was larger than in February last year in each of the States. For the first 2 months of 1936 total cash receipts for the region were 29 percent higher than in the same period last year and were higier for each of the States with the exception of Delaware.

South Central States.- A 29 percent increase in the region's receipts from livestock items was in large part offset by a 16 percent decline in income from crops with the result that total cash receipts for the region in February were only 2 percent hisher than for the corresponding month of the preceding year. Total income however, when compared with the region's total income including government payments was 24 percent less than in February 1935 when nearly $\$ 21,000,000$ were received by the farmers in this region as rental and benefit payments. With the exception of Oklahoma and Texas, each of the other States recorded a drop in the February income from crops as a result of the smaller receipts from tobacco, rice, and cotton. The gains in income from livestock offset the reduced receipts from crops in Alabama and Mississippi but were insufficient to offset the reduced receipts from crops in Kentucizy, Tennessee, Arkansas, and Louisiana where total cash receipts for the month were smaller than a year ago. For the first 2 months of 1936 total cash receipts for the region were 6 percent higher than for the same period in 1935 and were higher for each of the States with the exception of Kentucky and Tennessee.

Western States.- For the Western Region as a whole total cash receiots from the marketings of principal farm products were 13 percent larger in February 1936 than in February 1935. Gains in income were recorded in each State, ranging from 3 percent in California to 48 percent in Colorado. Higher receipts from all classes of meat animals and poultry and dairy products were largely responsible for the increased receipts from livestock items, and increased receipts from potatoes, truck crops, apples, and grains more than offset the smaller receiots from cotton, hay, rice, and citrus fruits. For January and February of 1936 total cash receipts in the resion were 15 percent higher than for the first 2 months of 1935 and were also higher in each of the States by percentages ranging from 3 percent in California to 57 percent in Colorado.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the State estimates of cash receipts from the sale of principal crops and livestock items, and table 3 gives the estimates of the combined receipts from crons and livestock, for February and for January through February 1933-1936. For the United States as a whole, approximately 93 percent of the total cash farm income in 1934 was represented by the 33 commodities included under the "principal farm products". Table 4 gives the rental and benefit payments and the total cash receipts from marketings and from rental and benefit payments for February 1935-36 and for January through February 1934-36. For comparison, the United States estimates of cash income from all farm marketings are shown on the tables below the totals of the State estimates of cash receipts.

Table 1.- Receipts from the ale of principal farm products, by states, February $1933-1936$


[^12]Table 2.- Receifts from the sale of principal farm pruducts, by statea, Jenuary - February $1933-1936$


Divisions of Stetistical and Historicel Research and Crop end Livestock Fstimates.
1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimater of United States cash incme because they include only incoms from 33 of the more important ferm commodities and no deduotions are made for the inshipnent of livestock.


Divibions of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop ond Livestock tstimates.
1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimetes of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more importent ferm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 4. Recelpte from the sale of principel farm products and from rental and benefit parmenta, by statea, Januery-Febriary 1934-1536 and February 1935-1936


Diviaions of Statiatical and Hiatorical Research and Crop and Liveatock Iatimates.
1/ Same e日 for January 1936. No rental and benefit payments made in February 1936.
2/ Credits due to returned checks to Agriculturel Mdjutiment Administration.
3/ Credits due to purchasea by farmers of Bankhead cotton ponl certificetee.
4) The totals of the Stete cash receipts inclusive of rontel and benefit paymenta differ frow the monthly estimetes of United Stetes cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more importent ferm comodities end no deductione arr made for the inshipmont of livestock into the principal feeding areas.

#  <br> Bureau of Agricultural Econonics ACOEIVED Division of Statistical and Eistorical Researchy 1 s 1936 


Reccints frori the Sale of Principal Farr Produdus and Rental and Benefit Payments by States, Marci 1933 - 1300 and

Januar:- March 1933-1936

Cash receints fron the sale of prircipal fin oroducts in March 1936 showed substantial increases over liarch 1965 in four out of the six recions in the United States.: The gains in income from marketings ranged fron 10 percent in the Western Rejion to 2 ? nercent in the West North Central Reoion. Shal.1 decreases vere rucorded in the South Atlantic and South Sentral Statos Where the receipts from maricetin s doclincd 1 and 4 percent respectively. For all States the receiats from the sale of principal farm products averaged 15 percent hicher than in lerch $19: 35$ althouch the majorito of the States in the two Southern Recions showed decreases ia the curront month as compared. with Narch $19: 5$.

For the country as a whole botin receiots from croos and frum livestock ite.ns vere hiehor in March than in the same month of 1930; recciots from crops were 25 bercent and from livestock and livestock products 11 oorcent higher. The South Atlantic and South Central States showed decreases of 2 and 15 percent resnectively in income from crovs, chiofly as a result of reduced marictines of cotton lint and $a$ shary decline in the pricos of truck croys from the very high level of March lost year. The shary gains in income from crovs in the North Central Statas were lareely due to the larser marictires of corn, wheat, and other grains, and to the higher pricos receivec for potatoes end wheat. In the North Atinntic States the bronounced gain in income from crop itens was in large measure the result of the morked improvenent in potato prices and the heavier marketines of apples. A moderate increase in the recei fron crops in the Western Region was principelly due to the hicher prices of yotatoes and citrus fuits and to the lareer marketines of anoles.

Gains in income fron livestock and livestocl: products in Merch 1936 over Narch 1335 were recordec in each region. These gains, however, were noro moderate then in the case of cross and ranged from 2 yercent in the South Atlartic Reçion to 15 percent in the Nest North Central Recgion. Better prices and larger marsetines of hoes was a vory important factor in the increased income fror livestocz in all regions except the North Atlantic States where the eain was from whole mil - chickens, and eses. Lerger receipts Sron dairy and poultr:, products and from sheen and lambs as well as colves were important contributin. factors to the higher inoome from livestock items in the verious rezions.

Government payments to formers in the for: of rental snd benefit payments on contracts ontered into in 1935 were resuncd in March and anounted to $\$ 15,303,000$ as compred with $\$ 49,810,000$ in harch 1935. The smalier government pawmerts of the curront month were roflected in the totsl income from marketines and from rental and venefit payments of eac? of the four refions made un of the North Central and Soutnern Stotes which together received nearly 92 percent of the liarch 1335 re:tal ard benefit noyments. Tiris the South Atlantic and South Central Statos slowd deareqes in their total
income, includinğ government nayments, of 12 and 7 percent res๖ectively rather than 1 and 4 percent as indicated by comparison of income from marisetings alone. In the North Central and Festern Regions total income includinf rental and benefit payments exceeded the corresondine total of March last year but the percentages of increase mere smaller than those indicated bir a comparison of income from marketings alone. Rental and benefit payments were only of minor significance in the Nortn Atlantic States.

For the first quartcr of 1930 cash receiЭts fror the sale of principal farm oroducts averazed. 18 percent higher for all States than for the scme period in 1935; Kansas, Delaware, Kentucky, Tenressee, and Louisiana being the only States to show smaller receipts than a year ago. Each of the regions recorcied a gain in income from marketings in the first 3 months of 1936 over the same period of 1935, the increases ranging from 3 percent in the South Centrał States to 28 percent in the Mest North Central States. Total income from marictinss and rental and venefit payments, horever, averaged only 4 percent higher for all. States for the first quarter of this year than for the corresponding period of 1935, and, except for the South Central Region where total income including governmont payments: itai 14 percent smaller, each of the other resions recorded a gain in total incone ranging from 6 percent each in the Western and West Nortn Central States to 20 percent in the North Atlantic States.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receiots fron the sale of principal farm products in the lorth Atlantic Region in March 1936 vere 23 percent larger than in the same month a year ago and were the lorgest for the montin since 1930. In Maine mhere the price of yotatoes was over four times as hich as the very low price. of March 1935, total receipts from narketines mere 136 percent larger than in March a year aso. In the other States of this region the increases in the montin's cash receipts ranged frorn 4 percent in Connecticut to 23 percent in liew York. The income from marletings for the month was the largest since 1930 for each of the States except Ne: Hampshire and Rhode Island where the nonth's income was the lareest since 1929, and Connecticut where it mas the largest since 1931.

East North Central States.- A 78 percent increase in the March receiots from crop items and a 9 percent increase ir the receiots from livestock itens resulted in a 19 percent increase in the total cash receiots from crop and livestock narizetines in the East Worth Central Region over the March 10.55 receints. Heavier marketings of corr, potatoes, mheat, and other grains and the larger marietings and improved prices of hoss, dairy products, and poultry increased the receipts from marictincs in all 5 States. Because of the much smaller rental and benefit payments received by farmers in these States during the current month the region's total income from marketines and from government payments in Karch 1936 was only 8 percent higher than in March 1935. Indiona received noarly half of the region's March 1935 rental and benefit payments and showed a 14 bercent decrease in the current month's total cash receiots including sovernment payments from the corresnonding total of March 1935.

West Iorth Central States.- Increased recoipts from the lareer marketings of corn, wheat, and other grains in March 1936 more tnan doubled the income from crops over Karch of last year, and the marked incroasc in hog, marletings was mainly responsiblo for the recion's 15 percent gain in income from livestock itens over March 1935. Receipts from crops and livestoci were

29 percent higher for the recion as a whole and vere larger in each of the States excent Kansas rhere reduced marketines of cattle, eges, and butterfat more than offset the gain in income from com and hogs. Total income from marketings and from rental and benefit payments for the region reilect the small Jaments made to farmers in March 1936 as comored with Uarch a year ago, and the gain in total income including government payments for the region in the current month was only 11 percent, Missouri and Kansas shorfing res?ectively docreases for the month of 12 and 20 jercent.

South Atlantic States.- Cash receints in the South Atlantic Region were very nearly the same in Varch 1936 as in March of the previous year, but in consequence of the much smaller rental and benefit payments received in the current month total receipts from marketings and from government payments :ere 12 percent less. Exceot for Virsinia, Florida, and Delamare, each of the other States in this resfion recorded a decrease in income from marketines and in total income from marietines and fovernment payments. North Carolina received over $\$ 5,00 \%, 000$ in rental and benefit payments in March 1935 and showed a decrease in its total cash receipts including government payments in the current month of 49 percent, and South Carolina shomed a decrease of 24 percent. The sharp deciinc in the prices of truck crops and the smaller marketings of cotton lint offset a reqional gain in receivts from the marketings of apples, hoes, calves, and chickens.

South Central Statos.- Reduced receiots from cotton lint, rice, and truck cro?s were larsely responsible for the 4 Eercent decline in the March 1936 income from marketings as compared with the same month a year ago. Because of the substantial rentsl and benefit payments paid out to farmers in this region during the current month total receipts from marketings and from rental and benefit payments showed only a slightly larger decrease than that in the case of income from marketings alone. Except for Oklahoma There total receipts from marketings and from government payments was the same as in March 1935, each of the other states recorded a decrease in total income including government payments, the largest decreases occurring in the case of Louisiana and Arkansas.

Western States.- Cash receipts in this recion from marketings of the principal farm products were 10 percent larger in i.arch of the current year than in the corresponding month a year ago, and total income from marketings and from rontal and benefit payments was 7 percent larser. Except for California and Arizona where cash receipts were smaller, each of the other States shoved substantial increases both in income from marketings and in total income from marketines and from rental and bonefit paments. The region's gain in income from markctincs is to bo attributed largely to the increased recei'Jts from potatoes, citrus fruits, apples, and grains mhich more than cffset the smaller receijts from truci crops, cotton lint, and rice, and to the larger receints from nearly all livestock items.

Trends in Reccipts January to $\operatorname{Zarch} 1930^{\circ}$ Comnared with January to March 1935

The may facing this pare shom the rencenteres of change in the cash receiots from the sale of nrincipal farm roduets, including and excluding reutal and benefit oayments, for the first quarter of 1936 in co parison with the same periodin 1935, by States. The fieures in heavy troe indieate the percentase chanse in total incone from marketincs, incluaing rental and benefit paments, aid the li, ht type figures represent the percentace change in receipts from marketings alone.

Income from marketings of the prineipal fara produets made a suostantial advance for the country as a whole in the first quartcr of 1936 over the same period in 1935, largely in response to a heavicr volume of marikctinfs, since prices of form products have avaraged slightly lower so far in 1936 than they did in 1935. The gains in income from mariotings as between the individual regions shon: a noticeable uniformity in five out of the six regions, the South Central. States being the only region to shew a relativel.r small increase in income. As botreen the individual States, the gains in income from nerketings registercd in 42 of the States show a considerable scatter, the largest kains having taken place in the West Morth Central and Western Nountain States in response to the inereased reccipts from grains, notatoes, and meat animals.

Rental and bencfit payments for the first 3 months of 1936 for the entire country vere $\$ 155,000,000$ less than in the same jeriod in 1935. Despitethis faet, total income from marketings and fron rental and benefit parments mas still larger by 4 pereert for all Stetes then the corresponding total of Januar, - liareh 1935. Gains in total ineome from marketings and government pagments were rceorded in cach region except the South Contral States with the largest gain in the North Atlantic States, mhere rental and benefit parments havc been onl:r of minor sigeificence.

In the North Atlantic States the sharoest advaree in income over the first quartcr of 1935 occurred in laine, where the priee of jot atoes vas unusually low last year and has improve3 considerobly in the eurrent year. In each of the other States except Connecticut the gains in ineomes from marketinss mere substantiol and ranged from 9 to 19 percent. The hieher price of potataes and lareer merkctings of apples, whent, and toivacco, as well as increased receipts fron whole inilk, moat animels, and poultry, increased the income from morketings in the various States. In Connectieut the gein in ineome durine the first quarter of $19 \% 6$ was relatively smaller than in the other Statcs of this region, largely as a result of the deerensed receiots from retail mily mhich partially offset the gnin in income from other livestock products.

In the East North Contral Statos total income from marketings and from rental and cenefit ⿹ayments was 7 rercent larger in the first quarter of 1936 than in Januery - March 1935 and res lareer in each of the States except Indiana, which shared heavily in the corn-hog pamonts a yoar ago. The inereases in the several States ranged from 3 vercent in Orio to 20 percent in Misconsin and mere principally diee ;o the larmer marketings of grains and the heavier marketings ind better orices of hogs, dnires and poultry products.

Konsas was the onl: State in the West Nortl: Centrol Region whieh shomod a smaller income from noretings and from rental and benerit payments for the first quartcr of 1936 as a result of smallcr maratines of whent, cattle, and

butterfat and the smaller rental and benefit payments, as compared with the same period a year ago. Total income in Iowa Was very nearl; the same as in the first 3 months of 1935, but receipts froin marketincs alone were 22 percent hifher. The larcest gains in income vere recorded in North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska, where the marketings of corn, wheat, and hogs were much larger than in January-March 1935. The region as a thole shows a 28 percent increase in receipt from marketings alone and a 6 percent increase in total receipts from marketings. including rental and benefit payments, over the first quarter of 1935.

Total;income from marketings and from rental and benefit payments was 10 percent larger in the South Atlantic Region during the first 3 months of the current year than in the sane period a year ago and was larger in each of the States except Delamare , ..North Carolina and South Carolina, where the decreases occurred, partly as a result of the smaller rental and benefit parments and partly in consequence of the decreased marketings of cotton from North.Carolina and South Carolina, and corn, hay, and eggs, in Delamare. Receipts from marketings alone for the region as a whole were 19 percent hisher than in the first 3 months of 1935. Virginia and Florida recorded the largest gains in income of any of the States in this resion as a result of the heavier marketincs of apples and tobacco from Virginia and the higher prices of Florida citrus fruits.

As a result of the much smaller rental and benefit payments paid to the farmers in the South Central States durine the first quarter of 1936, as well as the smaller receipts from the decreased marizetings of cotton, tobacco, and rice, total income including government payments was 14 percent less for the region than for the first 3 months of 1935. Decreases in total income from marketings, including rental and benefit payments, occurred in each state of the region and ranged frow 1 percent in Alabama to 32 percent in Kentucky. Receipts from marketings alone, however, were 3 percent larger for the resion as a whole and were higher for 5 out of the 8 States.

Total receipts from marketings and from rental and benefit payments in the Western States mere larger by 6 percent for the first 3 months of 1936 than in the same period of 1935 and were larger in each state except Washington and California. In the latter state, income remained unchanged as betmeen the two periods, sli htly smaller receiots from crops having been offset by a slight gain in income from livestock itens. In Washington, the small decrease in total income was due largely to the smaller rental and benefit payments paid thus far in the year. The increases in total income in each of the other states in this region ranged from 5 percent in Arizona to 36 percent in Colorado and reflected the increased income from potatoes, grains, apples, and meat aninals. Receipts from marketings alone were 13 percent higher for the region and were higher for the period in each state except California.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the state estimates of cash receipts from the sale of orincipal crops and livestock iters, and table 3 gives the estimates of the combined recciŋts from crops and livestock, for March and for January through March 1933-1936. For the United States as a wiole, aporoximately 93 percent of the total cash farm income in 1934 was represented by the 33 comodities included undrr the "principal farm products". Table 4 gives the rental and benefit pajments and the total cash receipts froa marketings and from rental and benefit Jayments for March 1935-36 and for January through larch 1934-36. For comparison, the United States estimates of cash income from all farm marketings are shown on the tables below the totals of the state estimetes of cash receipts.

Table 1.- Roceipte from the sal of principal fam products, by etates, Marah 1893-1933


Mivision of Statistical and Zistorical Besoarch and Crop end Livestock Entimates.
 from 33 of the more lxportant fart comoditles and no desuction ere mato for the inghlpasat of 11 vestock.


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$V$ These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income becane they inolude only incose from 33 of the more leportent farm compodities and nc deduction me made for the drahigiont of liventock.

Table 3.- Recelpte from the eal of princlpel farm procucta, by states, March $1 \times 33-1500^{\circ}$ and Sanuary - Karch 1433-1436


MFision of Statistical and Historical Ressarch and Grop and Liveetock latimatoe.
 33 of the more facortant fan comoditien and no enduotions ar made for the inshipment of livestook.
 of principal far produots incloding rentel and benofit payents, vy oteles, Jemury - עaroh 1934-1936 and Mareh 1935-36


[^13]1. The totale of the State canb receipte inclugive of rental and bonefit pavante differ froc tho montbly oetinatee of

United States ceach income because they inolude only incone from 33 of the more laportant farm oommodities and no deduction: are made for the innhipecet of ilvestock into the principel foeding areac.
J. 8. Department of Agrioulture June 17, 1936

Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Prodzeto , ond Government Payments, by States, April 1933-36 and January - April 1933-36

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in April 1936 showed increases over April 1935 in four out of the six regions in the United States. The gains in income from marketings were 7, 8, and 11 percent, respectively, for the West North Central, East North Central, and North Atlantic Regions. A gain of only 1 percent was recorded in the Western Region. Decreases of 11 and 2 percent respectively, occurred in the South Atlantic and South Central States. For all States the receipts from the sale of principal farm products averaged 4 percent higher than in April of last year, although nearly all of the States in the two Southern Regions and one or more States in each of the other regions showed decreases in the current month ranging from 1 to 31 percent.

Cash receipts from crops for the country as a whole, were the same as in April 1935, but receipts from livestock and livestock products were 5 percent higher. The South Atlantic and South Central States showed decreases of 16 and 17 percent, respectively, in income from crops, chiefly as a result of the reduced marketings and somewhat lower prices of cotton lint and tobacco and a sharo decline in the prices of most truck crops from the high level of April a year ago. The 16 percent decreases in income from crops in the Nestern States was principally due to the decline in the prices of truck crops, oranges, wheat, and apples. The relatively sharp gains in income from croos in the North Central States mere mainly due to larger marketings of grains other than wheat and apples and to the higher prices received for potatoes. In the North Atlantic States the pronounced gain in income from crops was in major part due to the markedly higher potato prices and to the larger marketings of apples and tobacco.

Gains in income from livestock and livestock products in April 1936 over April 1935 were recorded in each region except the South Atlantic States, Where the income from livestock items was the same as in April of last year. These gains, however, were small in the case of the North Central and North Atlantic States, ranging from 2 to 4 percent, but were more substantial in the South Central and Western States, where increases of 10 and 13 percent were recorded. The higher prices received by farmers for hogs and wool, together with the larger supplies of hogs marketed, were very important factors in the increase in livestock income in each of the regions. In the North Atlantic States the gain in livestock income was about equally divided between chickens, milk, calves, and hogs. The better prices and somewhat larger marketings of chickens, sheep and lambs, and calves contributed to the increase in receipts from livestock items in the various regions and tended to offset the decreased income in the current monthfrom eggs, butterfat, and in some regions from cattle.
CASH RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,



u.S. Department of agriculture TO DATE*

Government pamonts to firmors as rontal and benefit oayments and as cotton price adjustment payments anounted to aporoximatcly $\$ 37,249,000$ in April 1936 as compared with $\$ 49,081,000$ in April 1935. In the South Contral States where over $\$ 4,000,000$ in cotton prico adjustment payments were made in addition to the rental and benefit payments, the Government payments were twice as much as in Aoril 1935 and more than offset the lower income from farm marketings. For all States total cash reccivts, including Government payments, avcragcd 1 percent higher in April 1936 than in the same month of last year.

The chart facing this pagc shows the monthly cash receipts from the salc of principal farm products in cach region from January 1933 to April 1936. The slightly contra-seasonal decline in the April 1936 income, observable in the North and South Atlantic Regions, was duc largely to a less than seasonal incroase in income from eggs and butterfat in the former region and to a morc than seasonal decline in income from cotton lint, as woll as a smaller than usual incroase in income from truck crops in the South Atlantic Statcs. In the West North Contral States cash recciots in April, contrary to tho usual sonsonal gain, remained at the March level. This was in all probability the rosult of the unusually large gain in tho March income.

For the first 4 months of 1936 cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products averaged for all States 14 percont higher than in the corrosponding period a year ago and was the highest for the poriod sinco 1931. Gains werc recorded in each region and ran fed from 2 percent in the South Central to 22 percent in the West North Central States. When Government payments are includcd total roceipts for all States were, for the 4 months, 3 percent higher than the corresponding total of a yoar ago and woro higher for cach of the regions exceut the South Central States, where a 10 percent decreasc occurred.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic Region in April 1936 were 11 percent larger than in the same month a year ago and were the largest for the month since 1930 , or 1929 , since the 1930 cash receipts were practically equal to those of 19 29. Gains in cash receipts, ranging from 1 percent in Connecticut and Pennsylvania, to 97 percent in Maine, were recorded in each of the States exceot Vermont, where no change was shown, and New Jersey, where a 5 percent decrease occurred. Larger receipts from potatoes, apples, tobacco, as well as chickens, calves, hogs, and milk, more than offset the decreases in receipts from truck crops, hay, grains, and such livestock itens as cattle, egฐs, and butterfat. For the first 4 months of 1936 the region's cash receipts were 18 percent higher than in the same period of 1935 and were the largost for the period since 1930. Gains in income for the 4 -month yeriod were recorded in each of the Statos of this rogion and ranged from 4 percent in Connecticut and Now Jersey to 96 porcont in :iainc.

East North Contral States.- Smaller recciots from wheat, hay, tobacco, and such livestock items as eges and whole milk were more than offset by the region's largor roceipts from all other grains, potatoes, applos, and from such livostock itcms as hocs and wool. Rontal and bencfit payments were only half as largc as in April 1935 and total receipts from marketings and from Government payments were only 2 porcent larger in April 1936 than in

April 1935. For the first 4 months of this jear receipts from marketings were 16 percent larger for the region - the largest for the period since 1930 - and were larger in each of the five States. Total receivts, including Government payments, for the 4 month period were 6 percent higher than in the same כeriod in 1935.

West North Central States.- A 41 percent increase in the region's receipts from crop items and a 3 percent increase from livestock items resulted in a 7 percent gain in the region's receiots from marketings over those of April 1935. Kansas was the only State in the region to show a decrease and the decrease was substantial both in receipts from crops and from livestock. Government payments to farmers in this region were over $\$ 8,000,000$ less in April 1936 than a. year ago and total receipts from marketings, including Government payments, showed no gain for the resion over April 1935. For the first 4 months of 1936 receiots from marketings were 22 percent larger for the region than in 1935 and were larger in each of the States except Kansas.

South Atlantic States.- Smaller receipts from many cro? items, particularlir truck crops and cotton lint and from such livestocir items as eges and cattle, resulted in a 16 xercent decrease in the region's April receipts from crops, no change in receipts from livestock, and a 11 percent decrease in total receipts from markctings. Each of the States in the region showed a decrease in the month's receipts from marketings. For the January - April 1936 period cash receipts, excluding' Government paynonts, were 11 percent larger for the region and, including. Government payments, total receints were only 4 percent larger.

South Central States.- A 10 percent gain in the region's receipts from livestock items was offset by a 17 percent decrease in receipts from crops, with the result that the region's receipts from marketings were 2 percent less in April 1936 than in April 1935. Government payments to farmers in this region were twice as large as in April 1935 and total receipts, including Government payments, were therefore 7 percent larger for the region and Fere larger in all of the States except Kentucky, Tennessee, and Alabana. For the 4 -nonth neriod receipts from marketings were 2 percent lareer than in 1935.

Western States.- Sinaller receipts from truck crops, oranges, wheat and apules were mainly responsible for the region's 16 vercent decrease in the April receipts from crops, which in large measure offsct the 13 percent gain in the region's income from livestock items, with the result that receipts from marketinss were only 1 percent hisher than.in April 1935. Most of the l.'ountain States, however, made substantial gains, both in income from crops and fron livestock. Arizona, Washington, and California mere the only States to show smaller receirts from marketings for the month. The January - April 1936 cash receipts, excludinE Government payments, were 9 percent largor for the region than in 1935 and including Government payments, total receivts were 3 percent larger.

Gcvomannt nnmonts to femors as rental and benefit oayments and as cotton price adjustment paments anounted to aporoximately $\$ 37,249,000$ in April 1936 as compared with $\$ 49,081,000$ in April 1935. In the South Central States where over $\$ 4,000,000$ in cotton price adjustment payments were made in addition to the rental and benefit payments, the Government payments were twice as much as in Aoril 1935 and more than offsct the lower income from farm marlctings. For all States total cash receipts, including Government payments, averaced l percent higher in April 1936 than in the same month of last year.

The chart facing this page shoms the monthly cash receiots from the sale of principal farm products in each region from January 1933 to April 1936. The slightly contra-seasonal decline in the April 1936 income, observable in the North and South Atlantic Regions, was due largely to a less than seasonal increase in income from eggs and butterfat in the former region and to a more than scasonal decline in income from cotton lint, as well as a smaller than usual increase in income from truck crops in the South Atlantic Statcs. In the West North Contral States cash receipts in April, contrary to the usual seesonal sain, remaincd at the March level. This was in all probability the result of the unusually large gain in the March income.

For the first 4 months of 1936 cash roceipts from the sale of principal farm products avoraged for all States 14 percent hisher than in the corresvonding period a year ago and was the highest for the period since 1931. Gains were recorded in each region and ransed from 2 percent in the South Central to 22 percent in the West North Central States. When Government payments are included total receipts for all States were, for the 4 months, 3 percent highcr than the corresponding total of a year ago and werc higher for cach of the regions excent the South Central States, where a 10 percent decrease occurred.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic Region in April 1936 were 11 percent larger than in the same month a year ago and were the largest for the month since 1930, or 1929, since the 1930 cash receipts were practically equal to those of 1929. Gains in cash receipts, ranging from l percent in Connecticut and Pennsylvania, to 97 percent in Maine, were recorded in each of the States exceot Vermont, where no change was shown, and New Jersey, where a 5 percent decrease occurred. Larger receipts from potatoes, apples, tobacco, as well as chickens, calvcs, hogs, and milk, more than offset the decreases in receipts fron truck crops, hay, grains, and such Jivestock iterns as cattle, egés, and butterfat. For the first 4 months of 1936 the region's cash receipts were 18 percent higher than in the same period of 1935 and were the largest for the veriod since 1930. Gains in income for the 4 month veriod were recorded in each of the States of this region and ranged from 4 percent in Comecticut and New Jersey to 96 percent in laine.

East North Central States.- Smaller reccints from wheat, hay, tobacco, and such livostock items as eges and whole milk were more than offset by the region's larger receipts from all other grains, potatoes, apples, and from such livestock items as hocs and wool. Rental and benefit payments were only half as large as in April 1935 and total receipts from marketings and from Government payments were only 2 percent larger in Aoril 1936 than in

April 1935. For the first 4 months of this year receipts from marketings were 16 percent larger for the region - the lareest for the period since 1930 - and were larger in each of the five States. Total receivts, including Government payments, for the 4 -month period were 6 percent higher than in the same veriod in 1935.

West North Central States.- A 41 percent increase in the region's receipts from crop items and a 3 percent increase from livestock items resulted in a 7 percent gain in the region's receiots from marketings over those of April 1935. Kansas was the only State in the region to show a decrease and the decrease was substantial both in receipts from crops and from livestock. Government payments to farmers in this region were over $\$ 8,000,000$ less in April 1936 than a year ago and total receipts from marketings, including Government payments, showed no gain for the region over April 1935. For the first 4 months of 1936 receiŋts from marketings were 22 percent larger for the region than in 1935 and were larger in each of the States except Kansas.

South Atlantic States.- Smaller receipts from many cró? items, particularl: truck crops and cotton lint and from such livestock items as eggs and cattle, resulted in a 16 reent decrease in the region's April receipts from crops, no change in receipts from livestock, and a 11 percent decrease in total receipts from marketings. Each of the States in the region showed a decrease in the month's receipts from marketings. For the January - April 1936 period cash receipts, excluding' Government payments, were ll percent larger for the region and, including Government payments, total receints were only 4 percent larger.

South Central States.- A 10 percent gain in the region's receipts from livestock items was offset by a 17 percent decrease in receipts from crops, with the result that the region's receipts from marketings were 2 percent less in April 1936 than in April 1935. Government payments to farmers in this region were twice as large as in Aoril 1935 and total receipts, including Government payments, were therefore 7 percent larger for the region and tere larger in all of the States except Kentucky, Tennessee, and Alabana. For the 4 -month veriod receints from marketings were 2 percent lareer than in 1935.

Western States.- Smaller receipts from truck crops, oranges, wheat and apoles were mainly responsible for the region's 16 percent decrease in the April roceipts from crops, which in large measure offset the 13 percent gain in the region's income from livestock items, with the result that receipts from marketings were only 1 percent higher than in Aoril 1935. Most of the l.'ountain States, however, made substantial gains, both in income from crops and from livestock. Arizona, Washington, and California wore the only States to show smaller receipts from marketings for the month. The January - April 1936 cash receipts, excluding Government payments, were 9 percent larger for the region than in 1935 and including Government payments, total receiyts were 3 percent lerger.


## Divisions of Statistical and Eistorical Regeerch and Crop and Livestock Ietieates.

i/ These totale differ fros the monthly entimates of United states oash income because they include only income from 35 of the imore important farn oomodities and no deductions are made for the inmhpment of livestook.

Lable 2.- Heceipt: from the sele of principal fan products, by states, January - 4pril, 1938-26


DLFisions of statistical and Bistorical Besearch and Crop and Livestock Istimates.
1 These totale differ from the monthly entimates of United Statss oash incoas because they include only frcome from 33 of the mors important fare comaditios and no deductione aro sede for the inghipment of livestoak,



[^14] Jaruary - 4pril 1934-36, and 4pril 1935-36


Divisieno of statietion and Eietorieal Besearch and Crop and Iivestock Fetimates.
1/ Preliminery.
2/ The tetal of the state cash reooipte inolusive of rental and bonefit payente differ from the month estinate of United States
can incone becmse they include only income fron 33 of the more important fan oommoditiee and no deductione are nade for the
Inebipeent ef investoak into the prinoipa! feoding arsas.


Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in May 1936 were higher than in May 1935 in each of the six regions of the United States. The increases were 1 and 7 percent in the North Atlantic region and the South Atlantic region and were 6 percent in each of the other four regions. For all States the receipts from marketings of the principal farm mroducts averaged 5 percent higher than in May of last year, although all but two of the States in the North Atlantic region and one or more States in each of the other regions showed decreases in the current month of 1 to 27 percent.

Cash receipts from crops for the country as a whole were 20 percent larger than in May 1935 and were larger in each of the regions by gains ranging from 12 percent each in the Western and two Southern regions to 41 percent in the West North Central States. The substantial gains in income from crop marketings during May are to be attributed largely to the heavier marketings of corn and other grains in the North Central States, the higher prices of potatoes and the more than seasonal increase in marketings of cotton lint in the two Southern regions, and to the higher prices of citrus fruits, potatoes, and the larger marketings of the latter in the Western region. In the North Atlantic States the current month's gain in income from crop marketings, as in the orevious months this year, was chiefly due to the much higher prices received from potatoes and the larger marketings of apples.

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products in May 1936 for the country as a whole were the same as in May 1935, but in the separate regions increases were recorded of 1 percent each in the South Central and the two North Central regions and a 2 percent gain in the Western region. Decreases of 5 and 1 percent respectively took place in the North Atlantic region and the South Atlantic region as a result of the lower prices of whole milk and eggs as compared with May 1935 and the smaller marketings as well as lower prices of cattle and butterfat. In the other regions the increased income for the month from the heavier marketings and higher prices of hogs, sheep and lambs, and calves as well as the higher orices received for wool and chickens had offset the lower receipts in cattle, eggs, and butterfat.

Government payments to farmers as rental and benefit payments and as cotton price adjustment payments amounted to $\$ 58,664,000$ in May 1936 as compared with $\$ 35,587,000$ in May 1935. These payments were particularly larger for the month in the North Central States, reflecting the greater payments made on the Theat and corn-hog contracts than in May 1935. The smaller cotton and tobacco payments were reflected in the substantial decrease in Government payments for the montr in the South Central States, which more than offset the region's increase in income from farm marketings. For all States, total cash receipts including Government payments averased 9 percent higher in May 1936 than in the same month a year ago.
CASH RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, TO DATE*

150
100
50
USS. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The chart opposite shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each region, January 1933 - May 1936. The regional changes in income from April to May followed in general the usual seasonal trend.

For the first 5 months of 1936, cash receipts from marketings of the principal farm products averaged for all States 12 percent higher than in the same period a year ago and was the highest for the period since 1931. Gains were recorded in each region and ranged from 3 percent in the South Central States to 18 percent in the West North Central States. When Government payments are included, total cash receipts for all States were for the 5 months 5 percent higher than the corresponding total of a year ago and were higher for each of the regions except the South Central States, where a 9 percent decrease occurred.

North Atlantic States.- Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic region in May 1936 were only 1 percent higher than in May 1935. This regional gain, however, was almost entirely due to the 110 percent increase shown by Maine for the month, since each of the other States in the region except Rhode Island showed decreases in the May receipts as a result of the decline in income from whole milk, eggs, cattle, butterfat, and truck crops. For the region as a whole the gains in receipts from potatoes, apples, wheat, tobacco, and chickens offset the decreases in the afore-mentioned products. For the first 5 months of 1936 the region's cash receipts from marketings were 14 percent higher than in the same period of 1935 and were the largest for the period since 1929 or 1930. Gains in incone for the 5 -month period were recorded in each of the States of this region and ranged from 2 percent in Jew Jersey to 98 percent in Maine.

East North Central States.- Larger receipts from corn, potatoes, hogs, sheep and lambs, chickens, and wool more than offset the region's smaller receints from wheat, truck crops, cattle, eggs, and dairy products. Each of the States in this region except Indiana showed a gain in the May 1936 income from farm marketings. Government payments were more than twice as much as in May 1935 and total receipts from marketings and from Government payments were therefore 11 percent higher for the region than in May of last year. For the first 5 months of this year, receipts from marketings were 14 percent larger for the region - the largest for the period since 1930 - and were larger in each of the five States. Total receipts including Government payments for the 5 -month period were 7 percent higher than in the same poriod of 1935 and were higher in each of the States except Indiana.

West North Central States.- The 41 percent increase in the region's receipts from crop items and the 1 percent increase from livestock items resulted in a 6 percent gain in the region's receipts from marketings over those of May 1935. The products largely responsible for this increase are practically the same as in the East North Central States. Kansas and Missouri were the only States in the resion to show a decrease for the month, the decrease being substantial in the case of Kansas in receipts both from crops and from livestock, and was chiefly due to the smaller marketings and lower prices of cattle and wheat. Government payments to farmers in this region were over $\$ 22,000,000$ more than in llay 1935, and total receipts from marketings including Government paments were therefore 23 percent higher for the region than in May of last year and were higher in each of the States. For the first 5 months of 1936 receipts from marketines were 18 percent larger for the region than in 1935 and were larger in each of the States except Kansas. Total receipts including Governmont payments for the 5 -month period mere 8 percent larger for the resion than in the same period of 1935.

South Atlantic States.- The resion's percent decline in the Nay income from livestock items, as a result of the smaller receipts from egas, cattle, and butterfat, was more than offset by a 12 percent increase in receipts from crop items, as a result of the larger receipts from potatoes, cotton lint, and citrus fruits. Decreases in the month's receipts from marketings, however, were recorded in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia. North Carolina's income from markatings remained unchanged from that of a year ago, while South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida showed substantial increases. For the January May 1936 period cash receipts excluding Government payments were 10 percent larger for the region than in the corresponding period of 1935, and, including Fovernment payments, total receipts were 5 percent larger.

South Central States.- Larger receipts from cotton lint, potatoes, and meat animals other than cattle, as well as from wool and chickens were principally responsible for the region's 6 percent gain in the May 1936 income from marketings over that of May 1935. With the exception of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Oklahoma, each of the other States in the region showed increases in cash receipts ranging from 7 porcent in Texas to 31 percent in Alabama. Government payments to farmers in this region were more than $\$ 7,000,000$ less than in May 1935. Total receipts including Government payments for hay 1936 were therefore 5 percent smaller than in May 1935. For the 5 -month period, receipts from marketings were 3 percent larger for the region than in 1935 and total receipts including Government payments were 9 percent smaller.

Western States.- Smaller receipts from truck crops, eggs, cattle and Whole milk were more than offset by the gain in incone from citrus fruits, potatoes, and such livestock itens as wool, hogs, and calves, with the result that the region's receipts from marketings were 6 percent higher than in May 1935. Each of the States except Arizona and Oregon recorded an increase in the month's receipts from marketings. The January-May 1936 cash receipts excluding Government payments were 8 percent larger-for the region than in 1935, and including Government payments total receipts were 4 percent larger.

Tables 1 and 2 contain the State estimates of cash receipts from the sale of principal crop and livestock items, and table 3 gives the estimates of the combined receipts from crons and livestock for May and for January - Hay 1933-36. For the United States as a whole anomoximately 93 percent of the total cash farm income in 1934 was represented in the 33 comodities included under the principal farm products. Table 4 givos the Government payments and the total receipts from marketings and from Government payments for May 1935 and 1936 and for January through May 1934-36. For comparison, United States estimates of cash income from all farm marketings are shown on the tables below tho totals of the State estimates of cash receipts.


Divisions of Stetistical and Eletorical Rosearch and Crop and Livestock Eatimates.
I/ These total differ frov the monthly setientes of Onited stetse cach inoom because they inolude oniy income from 33 of the mor: lapportant fary comeditise and no deductions are made for the inghipagit of livestoot.


Divisions of Statistioal and Fistorical Roseareis and Grop and Livostock Batieatec.
3) These totale iffor from the monthly astimate of Unitod states oesh income because they holude only incowe from 33 of the more ifportent fars comadities and no deductoze are rade for sto inghipeent of livectook.

Table 3.- Recoipt: from the ale of principal fara productol, by atates, May, and Japuary - May, $1933-36$


Divialons of Statistical and Historical Rasearch and Crop and Livestook Ietimates.
1/ The 33 crop and ilvestock conmocities on mich these estimates are based represented epprozimetoly go percent of then United States cash far income in 1934 free the markitioge of all farm products.
2/ Thee total differ from the monthly enticates of Unltod States oash inoome becaus they have not beon adjusted for the inchipment of ilventock and for the lacome from thos fary products for whicb no monthly date by atates on marketivge and prices are avillable.

Table 4.- Qoverament papeents and receipta from the eale of prineipal fern producte inoluding covernbent permente, by otatel. Jemuary - May 1934-36, and Kay 1935-36


Difiaione of Stetietical and ELetorloal Henearch and Crop and Livestook Eutimatec.
 incone becante they inolude only incone from 33 of the more inportant farm oomoditiee and no deduction are nade for the inabipment of ifvestook into the priscipal fieding areat.

UNITED STATES DEFARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Division of Statistical and Historical Reséarcher f. $C:: V E D$
August $1^{1 /}, 1936$
Receipts from the Sale of Irincipal Farm Products and Goverhment Payments by States in June 1933-36 and January-June 1933-36 . at of Arrioktare

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in June 1950 were higher than in June 1935 in each of the six regions of the United States. In the North Atlantic States the gain was moderate, but the other regions showed sharp gains for the month ranging from $2 l$ percent in the South Central States to 43 percent in the South Atlantic States. For all states the receipts from marketings of the principal farm products averaged 28 percent higher than in June of last year, and all states except Kansas, Florida, and Vermont recorded increases which ranged from 2 percent each in Rhode Island, New Jersey, and Delaware to 108 percent in North Carolina.

Cash receipts from crops in June of this year for the country as a whole were 60 percent larger than in June 1935 and were larger in each of the regions the gains ranging from 29 percent in the South Central States to 117 percent in the West North Central States. In the North Central States the sharp gains in income from crop marketings during June over June 1935 are to be attributed largely to the heavier marketings of corn, wheat, and other grains as well as somewhat higher wheat prices. The sharp advance in potato prices, and the larger marketings of cotton lint and truck crops as well as the higher orices received for trucic crops were mainly responsible for the month's gains in the two Southern regions. In ine Western region the higher prices of citrus fruits, potatoes, truck croos, and heavier marketings of grains, largely explain the current month's increase in income. In the North Atlantic States the current month's gain in income from crop marketings was chiefly due to the sharp advance in potato prices, although larger receipts from grains and truck crops contributed to the increase.

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products in June 1936 for the country as a whole were ly percent greater than in June 1935 and were larger in each of the regions by gains ranging from 3 percent in the North Atlantic States to 30 percent in the Wiest North Central States. The gains in income from livestock items in the various regions was largely due to the larger marketings of hogs and cattle and to the higher prices received for all meat animals other than cattle. Increased receipts from dairy products, chickens, and wool also contributed to the regional gains in income from livestock items and more than offset the smaller receipts from egg marictings. Although cattle slaughter increased more than usually in June, the increase was not due to any noticeable forced movement of cattle from the drought areas since the number of such cattle reaching: public markets in June was very small.

Government payments to farmers as rental and benefit payments and as cotton price adjustment payments amounted to $\$ 56,795,000$ in June 1936 as compared with $\$ 29,564,000$ in June 1935. These payments were particularly largorfor the month in the $\mathbb{W e s t ~}_{\text {es }}$ North Central States, reflecting the greater payments made on the wheat and corn hog contracts than in June 1935. Government payments in the South Central States vere somewhat smaller than in June 1935 as a result of the smallor tobacco payments made in the current month. For all states total cash recciyts including goverment payments avera₹ed 32 percent higher in June 1936 than in the same month a year ago, and mere higher in each of the regions.


Trends in Receiots, January to June 1936, compared with January to June 1935

Cash recciots from the sale of principal farm products averaced 15 porcent higher for all states in the first half of 1936 than in the samc period of 1935. Gains for the 6 -month period worc recorded in each region and ranged from 6 percent in the South Contral States to 22 percent in the West North Central States. In the individual states, as shown in the map oppositc, the gains in incomc from marketings alone registered in 43 of the states show a considerablc scatter, the lergest gains havine taken place in most of the North Contral States mhoro marketines of corn, wheat and hogs in the first 6 months of 1935, were Greatly roduced by the 1934 drought, and the Rocky Mountain Statos. In general the gain in income from farm marketings in the first half of this year was duc to larger supplics markctod since farm pricos averaged slifhtly below the January - Junc 1935 lovel. Separate groups of commodities hovover such as meat animals, dairy products, and fruits averaged higher in pricc than during the first half of 1935.

Government nayments to farmers for the first 6 months of 1936 for the entire country were anoroximately $\$ 117,000,000$, or 40 percont loss than in the same period of 1935. Nevcrtheless, the gain in income from marketings more than offset this decreasc and total income from marketincs and from government payments was still largor by 9 percent for all states than the corresnonding total of January - June 1935. Gains in total reccipts from marketings and govornmont vayments wore rocorded for the 6-month period in each rogion excopt the South Central States where a dccrease of 5 percent occurred.

Morth Atlantic States.- Cosh receiots from the solc of orincipal farm products in the North Atlantic region for the first half of 1936 were 13 percent larger than in the corresponding ocriod of last ycar. haine ncarly doubled its income during this period. Gains of 2 to 13 percent wore recorded in tho other statcs in this region. The higher prices received for potatoes and the larger marketings of apples, tobacco, and wheat together with the increased receints from nearly all livostock itcms largel-r accounted for the rceion's gain in income from markctings during the first half of this year.

## East North Central States.- A 48 percent increase in the rogions

 income from crop markctincs during the first half of 1936 together with a 10 porcent increase in the incomo from livestock itcms resulted in a 16 percent incresse in the rogion's cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products ovor the roceipts in the first half of 1935. Larger marketings of corn and hogs and the higher prices received for the lattor were in large part rosponsible for the region's gain in income although increased receipts from other grains, yotatocs, and aŋolos as well as from nearly all livestock items other than ceggs contributcd to the region's largor cash roceipts. Gains were rocorded in cach of the statos of this roçion and ranged from 9 percent in Indiana to 26 norcont in Illinois. Govornment payments to farmers in this resion werc only half as large as in the first 6 months of 1935 but total cash receipts from marictincs and from government payments wore 11 yercent larger than the corresponding total of lest year.$$
-4-
$$

West North Central States.- dash receipts from the marketings of the principal farm products for the first 6 months of this year were 22 percent larger in the West North Central States than in the corresponding period of 1935. Kansas was the only State in this region to show a decrease for the period as a result of heavily curtailed marketings of wheat and cattle. In each of the other states in this region substantial gains in the income from marketings were recorded for the period and ranged from 18 percent in Missouri to 85 percent in South Dakota. The products responsible for this region's gain are the same as in the case of the East North Central States. Government payments to farmers in this region were approximately three-fourths as large as those made in the first half of 1935. Total income from marketings of the principal farm products and from government payments for the region as a whole, however, were 15 percent larger during the 6 -month period of this year than in the same period in 1935.

South Atlantic States.- Larger receipts from potatoes, citrus fruits, tobacco, and apples as well as from hogs, cattle, and calves more than offset the region's smaller income from truck crops, hay, and eggs, and resulted in a gain of 15 percent in income from marketings for the first half of 1936 as compared with the same period in 1935. Delaware and Naryland were the only States in this region to show smaller receipts from marketings, largely the result of smaller income from eggs and truck crops. Govermment payments in this region were only about half as large as those made in the first half of 1935, but cash receipts from marketings, including government payments, were nevertheless 10 percent larger than in the same period in 1935,

South Central States. - For the first half of 1936 cash receipts from crop marketings alone in this region were 2 percent smaller than in the same period a year ago, but receipts from livestock items were 15 percent higher. Total cash recejpts from crop and livestock marketings were therefore 6 percent higher during the current 6 -month period. The smaller income from crop items was largely due to the smaller receipts from tobacco in Kentucky and Tennessee, and from wheat and truck crops respectively in Oklahoma and Texas, and from rice in Louisiana. The region's gain in income from cotton, potatoes, and corn was not quite sufficient to offse the smaller receipts from the above crops. Nearly all livestock items participated in the region's gain in income from livestock marketings. The region's decrease of approximately $\$ 46,500,000$ in payments received from the Government during the first half of 1936 offset the gain in income from marketings and resulted in a regional decline of 5 percent in the total cash receipts from marketings and from government payments. Alabama and Mississippi were the only States to show higher total incomes from marketings, including government payments, during the first half of 1936 .

Western States.- Larger receipts from potatoes, citrus fruits, and grains, and from nearly all livestock items resulted in a 12 percent increase in this region's receipts from the marketings of the principal farm products durine the first half of 1936. Each of the states in this region shared in the increase and showed gains ranging from 3 percent in Arizona to 41 percent in Colorado. In California larger receipts from citrus fruits in the 6 -month period more than offset the smaller receipts from truck crops as a result of the lower prices received for the latter. Total receipts from marketings and from government payments in the Western States were 9 percent larder in the first half of 1936 than in the same period of 1935 , and were lareer in each of the states of this region. The state estimates of cash receipts from the sale of princioal farm oroducts and government payments are presented in the four tables which follow.


Divieions of Statistical and Historical Ressarch and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1) These totale differ frow the monthly estimates of Onited States cash income beceuse they include only income from 33 of the are importent farm comoditios and no doduction aro made for the inshipment of ilvestock.

| Stat* | Crops |  |  |  |  | Ifvertock and Ifvestock Eroducts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. Wune: } \\ 1933 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \quad 30008 \\ 1934 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jen. June: } \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. June } \\ 1936 . \end{gathered}$ | : Jan. June <br> : 1933 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } 50 n 0 \\ & : \quad 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o: Jan. Jwoe } \\ & \text { \& } 1935 \end{aligned}$ | : Jan. Juns <br> : 1936 |
|  | ! | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollara |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| K。 | : | 7.380 | 18,135 | 6,592 | 23.039 | 7.487 | 8,512 | 10,856 | 11,17? |
| 喑, H. | : | 783 | 1,037 | 737 | 1,160 | 4,631 | 5,766 | 7,112 | 7.564 |
| $\nabla t$. |  | 703 | 898 | 750 | 1,059 | 9.705 | 12,548 | 15.751 | 16,008 |
| Mass. |  | 4,710 | 4,502 | 4.374 | 4,625 | 12,911 | 14,415 | 18.205 | 19,583 |
| E. I. |  | 89 | 173 | 95 | 180 | 2,082 | 2,369 | 2,063 | 3.140 |
| Comp. |  | 4,232 | 4,392 | 4,472 | 4,883 | 9.718 | 12,504 | 14,042 | 14,178 |
| 8. I. |  | 19,760 | 26.521 | 21,122 | 27.571 | 62,128 | 19,831 | S5.993 | 104.350 |
| E. J. |  | 6,067 | 6.912 | 7.697 | 7,663 | 14,908 | 19,223 | 22,510 | 23,030 |
| Pa. |  | 14,718 | 19,633 | 20,981 | 26.573 | 52.279 | 66,431 | 79.589 | 80.737 |
| M. Atlantic |  | 58, 442 | 82, 203 | 66,820 | 96.753 | 175.849 | 221, 292 | 267.021 | 279.272 |
| Ohio | : | 13,968 | 19,155 | 21,253 | 26,228 | 56,850 | 65.548 | 94,072 | 101.058 |
| Ind. |  | 10.716 | 12.350 | 16,748 | 19.870 | 51,827 | 57.937 | 92,051 | 98.560 |
| 111. |  | 33.722 | 21.703 | 29,374 | 56,728 | 83.170 | 93.286 | 128,638 | 142,003 |
| Yich. | : | 14,207 | 20.022 | 18,349 | 23.243 | 36.630 | 41,959 | 55,007 | 61.904 |
| T19. |  | 5.037 | 7.879 | 9.094 | 14,240 | 70,616 | 72.392 | 109, 101 | 122.575 |
| II. H. Contral |  | 77, 650 | 81,109 | 94.818 | 140,309 | 292.093 | 338.122 | 478.869 | 526,100 |
| Minn. | : | 14,617 | 17.016 | 16,818 | 25.240 | 70,704 | 77.542 | 102,515 | 125,420 |
| Iowe | . | 15,309 | 15.154 | 13,091 | 27,084 | 119:000 | 142.980 | 182,922 | 207.631 |
| \%o. | 8 | 7.574 | 12,498 | 7.881 | 11,285 | 62,114 | 59,941 | 73,181 | 89.972 |
| N. Dak. | . 8 | 15.030 | 16,982 | 6,645 | 15.705 | 11,670 | 10,661 | 12,050 | 17.274 |
| 9. Dare. | 8 | 9.637 | 3.054 | 1,269 | 9,703 | 26,702 | 20.530 | 21,097 | 31.718 |
| Nebr. | . 8 | 14,911 | 19,845 | 7.496 | 22,649 | 67,631 | 76,845 | 75.305 | 96,300 |
| Eans. | : | 23.267 | 25,009 | 12.933 | 15,565 | 53.401 | 58,829 | 88.345 | 75.065 |
| W. H. Central |  | 100, 345 | 109,558 | 73.133 | 127.231 | 411,222. | 447.328 | 560.415 | 643.380 |
| Dol. | : | 1,199 | 2,034 | 2,382 | 2,151 | 2,083 | 2,730 | 3.412 | 3.351 |
| Md. |  | 4,552 | 5.948 | 7.702 | 7.222 | 10,497 | 12,582 | 15,453 | 25.771 |
| TB. | . | 11,827 | 18,676 | 15,445 | 23,366 | 12.957 | 13,106 | 16,809 | 18,003 |
| T. Va, | - | 1,753 | 2,784 | 2,356 | 2,767 | 7.046 | 8,344 | 11, 244 | 11,161 |
| N. C. | : | 20,260 | 37.539 | 24,496 | 31,897 | 7,629 | 8,357 | 9.938 | 11,280 |
| S. C. | . | 16.792 | 21,751 | 18,428 | 19,774 | 3.532 | 3.677 | 4.470 | 4,889 |
| Ca. | : | 18,456 | 20.924 | 24,047 | 25,854 | 6,011 | 6,669 | 8,962 | 10, 444 |
| 7a. | : | 40,258 | 58.032 | 54, 429 | 65,674 | 5.157 | 5.486 | 6,218 | 6.631 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 115,097 | 167.688 | 149.285 | 178, 705 | 54.912 | 62,051 | 76,505 | 81.530 |
| 5. | . 8 | 23.908 | 34,211 | 32,990 | 21,040 | 16.017 | 17,466 | 27.561 | 29.990 |
| Tenn. |  | 18,176 | 24,638 | 23,319 | 18,604 | 14,020 | 13.057 | 20.343 | 24.292 |
| 11a. | . 8 | 18,648 | 31,961 | 24,731 | 26,694 | 6,023 | 5,670 | 7,876 | 9.500 |
| M188. | 8 | 23,106 | 22,730 | 23,964 | 26,157 | 6.075 | 5,025 | 7.259 | 8.778 |
| Ark. |  | 29.333 | 24,644 | 18,641 | 19,573 | 7.031 | 7,243 | 10,628 | 12,672 |
| La. |  | 17.904 | 24,486 | 20,091 | 21,115 | 5.187 | 5.178 | 6,405 | 7.445 |
| Okla. | . 8 | 16.949 | 28.874 | 15.296 | 17,219 | 21,575 | 20.459 | 36.832 | 39.135 |
| Tex. |  | 62,224 | 67,630 | 51.922 | 55.447 | 51,981 | 46,148 | 60.978 | 72,229 |
| S. Central |  | 200,248 | 259,274 | 210.954 | 205,849 | 127.909 | 120,246 | 176982 | 204.042 |
| Mont. |  | 6.727 | 6,529 | 7.071 | 9,003 | B,713 | 11.499 | 12,160 | 14,973 |
| ICabo |  | 6,911 | 10,179 | 12,065 | 13,562 | 8,894 | 12,757 | 16,336 | 19,081 |
| Tyo. |  | 789 | 1,683 | 1,256 | 1,727 | 5,663 | 7.995 | 7,002 | 9.42 |
| Colo. |  | 3.468 | 7.751 | 3.749 | 9.732 | 18.541 | 24,410 | 29,632 | 37.425 |
| 8. Mex. |  | 1,663 | 3.007 | 2,071 | 2,123 | 6,416 | 7.264 | 6.904 | 9,824 |
| Ariz. |  | 5.590 | 10,154 | 8,249 | 7.619 | 5,114 | 6,614 | 7,787 | 8,819 |
| Utab |  | 1,168 | 1,498 | 1,090 | 1,840 | 7.080 | 7.285 | 8,883 | 11,234 |
| Nov. |  | 217 | 291 | 229 | 432 | 2,110 | 2,390 | 2,655 | 3,061 |
| Mash. |  | 11,942 | 19.615 | 18.995 | 19,721 | 18,050 | 20.775 | 26,117 | 28,136 |
| Oreg. |  | 3,875 | 5,122 | 6,011 | 6,426 | 12,209 | 15.594 | 19.738 | 21,585 |
| calle. |  | 72.823 | 102,828 | 111.165 | 119,128. | 66,659 | 75,271 | 101.988 | 104,275 |
| Western |  | 115,173 | 168,657 | 171.251 | 191, 313 | 159.442 | 191, 854 | 232.202 | 267852 |
| Total all states |  | 666,955 | 868.389 | 766.961 | 940,160 | 1,228,434 | 1,380,200 | 1.798.994 | 2,002,676 |
| ర. 8. cash inoone |  | 865,000 | 1,098,000 | 971,000 | 1,196,000 | 1,192,000 | 1,368,000 | 1,699,000 | 1,936,000 |

Divisione of Statistical and Eistorical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

1) These totals differ from the monthly estimate of United States cash income because they include only facome from 33 of the more important farm commoditios and no deductione are wide for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 3.-Rocelpte from tho eale of prinoipal farm productel. by itston, June, and jamary - June, 1933-36


Divisions of Statistioal and Hi torical Resoarch and Crop and Livestook Retiaates.
1/ The 33 crop and livetock comodities on تhich these sotimates are based ropresented approxizately 93 porcont of the United State cash farm income in 1934 from the marketinge of all farm producte.
2/ These total diffor from the monthly ontmates of United Statee cash income because they have not been adjusted for the inshipment of livestock and for the income from tho farm product for shioh no monthly data by otate on marketinge and prices are available.

Table 4. - Government pagnente and reonipt from the sale of prinoipal farm producte inolving corerreont peonente, by states, Jamonry $=$ June, 1934 - 36, and June,1935-36

| 8tate | Governioat peymant |  |  |  |  | Fotal liscluding rovornegnt perwente |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - June |  |  | Jume |  |  | Jano - Jano |  | 50n0 |  |
|  | 1.1934 | 1 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 81936 | 12934 |  | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 |
|  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollare | dollare | dollare | dollare | dollara | dollara | dollare | dollare | dollari |
| x. | : - | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 26,647 | 17.449 | 34,213 | 2,305 | 4,219 |
| \%. $\mathrm{B}_{\text {. }}$ | : 1 | 28 | $\theta$ | 2 | 6 | 6,804 | 7.877 | 8.733 | 1,380 | 1,430 |
|  | 8 -- | 40 | 5 |  | 5 | 13.446 | 16,541 | 17.072 | 3.012 | 3.012 |
| עass. | 28 | 452 | 269 | 54 | 261 | 18,945 | 23.031 | 24,477 | 4.072 | 4,455 |
| 2. 1. | : -- | 4 | 1 | 1 | --- | 2,542 | 3.062 | 3.321 | 586 | 595 |
| Conn. | 57 | 601 | 313 | 327 | 31 | 16,953 | 19,115 | 19.374 | 3.086 | 2,896 |
| I. 7. | 27 | 211 | 52 | 16 | 32 | 106.379 | 117.326 | 131,983 | 20,651 | 22,136 |
| H. J. | 1 | 217 | 39 | 1 | 35 | 26,136 | 30,424 | 30,732 | 7.199 | 7.349 |
| Pa. | 277 | 973 | 743 | 219 | 509 | 86,341 | 101.543 | 108,053 | 19,097 | 20,706 |
| H. Atlantic | 391 | 2.527 | 1,432 | 628 | 380 | 304,193 | 336, 368 | 377.958 | 61.388 | 66,798 |
| Obio | 455 | 9.212 | 4,784 | 844 | 1.726 | 85, 158 | 124.537 | 132,070 | 20,228 | 25.464 |
| Ind. | 485 | 11,41 | 6.040 | 699 | 2,335 | 70.772 | 120.240 | 124,470 | 18,272 | 24, 247 |
| 111. | 1,117 | 20,709 | 11,580 | 1,065 | 2,674 | 116,106 | 178,721 | 210.311 | 26,515 | 41,014 |
| Huch | 229 | 3,204 | 1,478 | 268 | 568 | 62,210 | 76,560 | 86,625 | 13.050 | 16,552 |
| 1 | 263 | 4.521 | 2,117 | 151 | 1,253 | 87.534 | 122, 716 | 138,932 | 20,664 | 25,034 |
| F. H. Contral | 2.549 | 49,087 | 25,999 | 3.027 | 8,556 | 421,780 | 622,774 | 692,408 | 98.729 | 132,311 |
| 4 mm . | 2,278 | 11,648 | 5.883 | 520 | 2.875 | 96.836 | 130,982 | 156.543 | 19.197 | 29.055 |
| Iowe | 5.117 | 33.454 | 19,440 | 1.582 | 4,675 | 163.251 | 229.467 | 254, 155 | 35,703 | 53,909 |
| \%о. | 2,044 | 13,215 | 8,163 | 484 | 3.224 | 74.503 | 99,277 | 109.420 | 15.648 | 20,667 |
| N. Dsik. | 10,178 | 4,372 | 7.680 | 150 | 2.841 | 37.821 | 23,067 | 40,659 | 3.594 | 9.617 |
| 3. Dat. | 3.125 | 8,282 | 6.050 | 248 | 3,479 | 26,709 | 30,648 | 47.471 | 4.719 | 12,090 |
| Hebr. | 3.118 | 16,956 | 10,136 | 709 | 5.077 | 99.808 | 99.757 | 129,085 | 12,145 | 23,888 |
| Ians. | 2,626 | 12,660 | 15.315 | 454 | 1,030 | 93,464 | 120.938 | 105.245 | 15,618 | 16,024 |
| ®. Contral | 35,506 | 100.587 | 72.667 | 4.147 | 23,201 | 592.392 | 734, 135 | 843,278 | 106.624 | 165,251 |
| Del. | 111 | 47 | 65 | 1 | 16 | 4,775 | 5.840 | 5.567 | 1.400 | 1,4460 |
| He. | 100 | 401 | 509 | 41 | 141 | 18.730 | 23.556 | 23.502 | 6,197 | 6,710 |
| 7 a . | 764 | 1,970 | 639 | 399 | 328 | 32.546 | 34,224 | 42,008 | 6,953 | 11,302 |
| จ. | 50 | 256 |  | 20 | 30 | 11,178 | 13,856 | 14,004 | 2,550 | 2,888 |
| ヌ. c. | 8,226 | 9. 222 | 2,246 | 1,496 | 1,187 | 54,122 | 43,656 | 45.423 | 8.125 | 14,987 |
| 8. c | 7.538 | 4.331 | 2,569 | 97 | 1,143 | 32,966 | 27.229 | 27.232 | 3.267 | 5.754 |
| Ga. | 8.722 | 4.595 | 5.087 | 2,316 | 1,387 | 36.315 | 37.604 | 41,385 | 7.865 | 8,725 |
| PI | 265 | 367 | 400 | 43 | 99 | 63.783 | 61,014 | 72,705 | 3,689 | 3.432 |
| 3. 4 t180t10 | 25.676 | 21.189 | 11.521 | 4.423 | 4.331 | 254.425 | 2468979 | 271.826 | 40,046 | 55.245 |
| $\underline{5}$ | 2.914 | 9.759 | 1,331 | 2,694 | 859 | 53.691 | 70.310 | 52,361 | 10,332 | 9.908 |
| Tom | 2,315 | 4,832 | 1.970 | 1,169 | 977 | 40,010 | 43.494 | 44,866 | 7.752 | 8,584 |
| 11a. | 7.138 | 4.100 | 4.169 | 1,119 | 1.960 | 44,769 | 36.707 | 40.363 | 4.988 | 7.771 |
| 13108 | 9. 273 | 7.091 | 5.854 | 2,205 | 1,337 | 37.028 | 38,314 | 40.789 | 6.821 | 7,247 |
| srk. | 8,138 | 7,997 | 2,838 | 1,163 | 1,118 | 40.025 | 37.266 | 35,083 | 4;983 | 6,552 |
| Ia. | 4.192 | 6,802 | 3.444 | 1,325 | 1,230 | 33.856 | 33.298 | 32,004 | 4.563 | 6.046 |
| 0 kla | 8,653 | 11,654 | 6.808 | 1, 872 | 1.451 | 57.986 | 63,782 | 63.162 | 12,746 | 14.479 |
|  | 26,052 | 36,311 | 15,624 | 3.534 | 4.695 | 139.830 | 14.311 | 143,300 | 24, 843 | $\frac{27,443}{88,530}$ |
| 8. Contral | 67,715 | 88,546 | 42.038 | 15.081 | 13.627 | 447125 | 476.482 | 451,928 | 77.028 | 88.530 |
| Hont. | . 4.418 | 3.249 | 3.155 | 275 | 1.357 | 22.446 | 22,480 | 27.128 | 3.650 | 6.248 |
| 1 dabo | . 2.375 | 2,708 | 1.801 | 330 | 894 | 25.311 | 31,109 | 34.444 | 5.657 | 7.012 |
| 和0. | 283 | 1,149 | 459 | 104 | 85 | 9.961 | 9.407 | 11,638 | 1.535 | 2.373 |
| colo. | 1,248 | 5.591 | 2. 200 | 689 | 825 | 33.409 | 38,972 | 49.357 | 4.576 | 6.585 |
| 5. Hox | 676 | 1,280 | 476 | 70 | 144 | 10.947 | 10,255 | 12., 423 | 1.293 | 1,866 |
| Aris. | 448 | 634 | 346 | 130 | 89 | 17.266 | 16.670 | 16.784 | 1,709 | 1.726 |
| Otah | 229 | 1,604 | 389 | 305 | 182 | 9.012 | 11,577 | 13.463 | 2,166 | 2.525 |
| Iev. | . 20 |  |  | 1 | 17 | 2,701 | 2.939 | 3.518 | 476 | 592 |
| Waub. | . 4.085 | 4.131 | 2,956 | 80 | 1,618 | 44.475 | 49.243 | 50,813 | 6.905 | $9.694$ |
| $00_{08}$ | . 1,794 | 1,101 | 1.355 | 26 | 294 | 22.510 | 26,850 | 29,366 | 5,717 | $6.476$ |
| Calli. | 1,307 | 2.550 | 2.311 | 258 | 695 | 179.406 | 215,703 | 225,744 | 39,650 | 52,009 |
| Teatern | 16,883 | 24.552 | 15.483 | 2,268 | 6,200 | 377394 | 435,205 | 474,648 | 73.334 | 97,106 |
| Total all otateo $1 /$ | 148,780 | 285,988 | 169,210 | 29,564 | 2) 56.795 | 2,397.369 | 2.851,943 | 3,112,046 | 457.149 | 605.241 |
| O. 8. oash 170000 | . 149.000 | 286.000 | 169,000 | 30,000 | 57.000 | 2,615,000 | 2,956,000 | 3.301,000 | 468,000 | 639.000 |

Divisione of Statletical and Eletorical Reeearch and Orop and Liventock Fetiveten.
1/ Tho total of the etate cesh reooipte includin foverment paymente to farmer diffor from the monthly setinates of United Statee cash incone bocauge they include only incone from 33 of the more foportant far oomoditiof and no deductione are asde for the inghipant of 11vestock into the principal looding areas.
2) Includee $\$ 458,756$ in cancellod check unaiotributed by etatee.

# RECEIPTS FRO: THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL PAR: PRODUCTS AND GOVERNEENT PAYIENTS BY STATES IN JULY 1933-36 AND JANUARY TO JULY 1933-36 

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in July 1936 were markedly higher than in July 1935 in each of the six regions of the Unite: States. The gains ranged from 22 percent in the North Atlantic States to 75 percent in the West North Central States. For all States the receipts from the sale of principal farm products averaged 49 percent higher than in Jul., of last year. Florida and Alabama were the only States to register a decrease for the month and the increases in each of the other States ranged from 4 percent in Massachusetts to 180 percent in Illinois.

The more than seasonal increase in cash receipts from the principal farm products in Juiy was more pronouncod in the receipts from crops than in the receipts from livestock. Cash receipts from the principal crops in July averaged for all States 107 percent lerger than in July of last year and were lareer in each of the regions by gains ranging from 54 percent in the North Atlantic States to 275 percont in the West North Central States. Unusually hervy marketines of whent, corn and other grains induced by the cxcoptionally favorable grain prices as well as 3y an earlicr ripening of the crops, were chiefly responsible for the sharp eains in the cash receipts from the principal crop items in each of the regions. The higher prices received by farmers for notatoes, truck croos and fruits were important contributing factors to the increased cash receipts from crops in the several regions, particularlv in the North Atlantic and the Western States. This year, as in 1934, earlier marketings of grains and other crops under very favorable price conditions has offset, for the time being, the effects on income of curtailed production resulting from the drought.

Cash reccipts from livestock and livestock products in July 1936 also registered more than a seasonal gain and averaged for all States 22 percent greater than in July 1935, and wore larger in each of the regions by aains ranging from 9 percent in the South Contral States to 35 percent in the West North Central States. Unusuall. heavy marketings of hogs and cattle, together with the higher prices received for dairy products and all meat animals other than cattle, were principally responsible for the gains in cash receipts from livestock items in each of the regions. Marketings of cattle and hogs mere ?articularly heavy in the West North Central States where the effects of the drought on feed sunplies and pastures were ospecially severe. In the North Atlantic States the gains in cash receipts from dairy products were more imortant than the gains from sales of meat animals.

Government payments to famers as rental and benefit payments and as cotton ?rice adjustrent payments amounted to $\$ 23,798,000$ in July 1936, as compared with \$19,391,000 in July 1935. These nayments were larger for the month in each of the regions excent the East North Central States. For all States total cash receipts fron the sale of principal farm products and fron Government payments averaged 48 ne rcent higher in July 1936 than in the same morth a vear ago and mere higher in each of the regions.
FARM PRODUCTS,
CASH RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL


The chart opposite shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in eacin region from January 2933 to July 1936. Only in the South Atlantic and South Central States doos the changc in cash receiots from June to July follow about the usual vattern but in each of the other regions the more than seasonal increase in cash rcceipts from June to July is apoparent.

For the first 7 months of 1936 cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products averaged for all States 20 percent higher than for the same period a year ago and was the highcst for the period since 1930. Gains for the 7-nonth period were recordcd in cach of the regions and in each of the Ste.tes excent Kentucky. Government payments for the first 7 months nf 1936 werc $\$ 112,431,000$ lcss than in the sane period of 1935. Totsl cash reccipts including government payments for all States for the 7 -montr period were nevertheless 15 percent hi her than the corresponding total of a year ago and verc hi ther in each of the recions except the South Central States where the total was about the samo as that of a yoar ago.

North Atlantic Stotes.- Cash receipts fron the salc of orincionl farm products in the North Atlantic region in July 1936 ware 22 percent highcr than in July 1955. Lareer receints from notatoes, truck crops and grains, as well as from whole milk and meat animals, were chicfly rosponsible for the iiEhcr rcceipts shown in cach of the States in this region. For the first months of 1936 the region's cash rcceipts from marketings were 14 percent higher than in the same neriod of 1935 and were the lergest for the period since 1930. Each of the States rccorded an increasc for the 'r-month period which ranged from 4 percent in Vermont, to 90 percerit in Maine.

Esst North Centrn? Statcs.- The larger reccipts from whent, corn and other frains and from whole milk, ho s and cattle vere primarily resoonsible for the 50 rercent increasc in the region's cash recciots from the sale of כrinci?al form products in July of this ycar as comarcd with the same month a ycar ago. Sharp increascs were rccorded in cach of the Statcs and ranged from 26 jercent in Wisconsir to 180 perecnt in Illinois. Government poyments to fomers in this resion were slightly less than in July 1.935 and the regior's total cash rccciots including govermment payments for the month vere 48 percent higher. For the first 7 months of 1936 the region's recciots from marketines werc 21 Jorcent hieker than for the smme yeriod in 1935. Tutal receipts including, 心overnment 2ayments, for the 7 -month period, werc 16 percont hisher for the region than in the samc ocriod of 1935 and wore highor in cach of the States.

West inpth Contral States.- A 275 percent incroase in the region's rcceints fror crop items and a 35 percent increasc from livestock itcms rosulted in a 75 percont gain in the region's reccipts from the salc of principal farm rroducts over thoso of July 1935. The larger recciŋts from grains, moat animals and butterfat werc primarily responsible for the region's sharp gain in cash rcceipts for the current month. Each of the Statcs in this region showed shar? increascs, with the largcet gains occurring in Neoraska and Kansas. Kansas, which in ever.j previous month of this year had recorded 2 smaller incorne from farm marketings tian in the corresponding months of 1935, has in July of this year made such a shary advance as to result in a 9 percent increase in the cash rccoiots for the entire 7 montlis of 1936 over the corrcsyonding pcriod of 1935. This was lnrgely duc to the heavy winter wheat mrractings in Kansas from a crop that by nroscit indications, ancars to be almost twicc as large as the very short cro of 1935. For the refion as a

Wholc cash receipts from the sale of orincipal. farm products for the first 7 months of $193 \dot{\circ}$ were 30 percent lamer than in the corresponding period of 1935. Including governmont pajacris total cash receints for the 7-month period mere 23 percent larger for the region and were larger in each of the States.

South Atlantic Statcs.- Except for Floriतa, where a Cocrease occurrod in July compared with July 1935 as a rosult of roduced marketings of swectiotatocs and citrus fruits, the cash receipts from the sale of principal fara ?roducts in cach of the other States in this region showed substantial gains for the month as a result of higher orices reccived for potatoes, wheat, truck crops and pcaches, as moll as laneer receints from all livestcck itcms. For the resion as a wholc, total cash receiots excluding government payments for the first 7 months in 1936 wcre 19 percent higher and including eovernment payments 15 porcent higher than in the corresponding pcriod of 1935.

South Contral States. - Lare gains in incomc from grains, cotton lint, hoss, dairy products and wool more than offset the slisht decreascs in the region's income from sweetpotatoes, cattle and calvos, and rosulted in a 39 porcent reçional increase in cash rcceipts over iuly 1035. In Alabama the smellor reccipts from markctines werc moro than offsct by largcr govermment pajmonts so that total cash rcccipts in Alabuna, including government namonts, were higher in July of this year than for the same month last ycar. Each of the other States in this region recorded a gain in the month's cash recoipts including and excluding eovernment payments. The rcgion's cash receipts from marketings of the principal far. products for the first 7 months of 1936 wore 10 rercent highor than in the correspondins period of 1935. Government payments, howevcr, durine the current 7-month period were slightly more than half as larec as during the first 7 months of 1935 and offsct the refion's sain in income from markctings. Total cash roceipts including government parments worc, thereforc, for the resion as a whole, for the first 7 months of this year, practically the same as the corrcsponding total of a year aco.

Western Statcs.- Cosh reccipts from the salc of principal fam products in the Westorn States were 42 percent nigher in July 1930 than in July 1935 and werc hisher for cach of the States of the region. The region's cash receipts for the month pere the hi hest since, and exceeded slightly, the July 1929 rcceiots. Larger rocciots from wheat, potatoes, barley, citrus fruits, truck crops, other fruits, as well as from meat animals and dairy products, all contributed to the region's eain in incone durine the current month. For the first 7 months of 1936 cash receipts from marketin $\because$ s ware 17 percent higher for the rogion as a whole and including government payments total cash roccipts more 14 percent higher than for the first 7 months of 1935. Cash reccipts in each of the Statcs durinj the current 7 -month poriod were also hifher than for the same period last year.

The Statc estimates of cash rcceipts from the snle of principal farm products and government paments are nrescnted in the 4 tables wich follow. For comperison, United Statos cstim tos of casn income from all famm morketines arc shown on the tablos bolow the totals of the Sta.te cstimates of cash reccipts.

Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, July 1933 . 36

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income } \ldots \ldots & 245,000 & 248,000 & 152,000 & 343,000 & 251,000 & 254,000 & 299,000 & 368,000\end{array}$

1) These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the mere important farm comoditios and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 2.-- suceipts from the sale of princtpal farm products, by states, January - July $1933-36$

|  | Cropa |  |  |  |  | ITvestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | : | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan, JuLu } \\ 1933 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} : \text { Jan, July } \\ : \quad 1934 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Jen. July } \\ & 1.1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline: \text { Jan. July } \\ & : 1036 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} : J \text { Jan. -July } \\ \vdots \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Jan, July } \\ & : \quad 1234 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} : \text { Jon. -July } \\ : \quad 1935 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { : Jan. July } \\ : 1936 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollers |
| Mo. | .: | 7.927 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 16,746 | 6,985 | 24.251 | 9,183 | 10,039 | 12,661 | 13,029 |
| N. H. | : | 915 | 1,174 | 876 | 1,331 | 5,800 | 6,807 | 8,281 | 8,748 |
| $\nabla t$. | . | 792 | 1,005 | 851 | 1,172 | 11,816 | 14,805 | 18,225 | 18,609 |
| Мавs. | : | 4,898 | 4.709 | 4.580 | 4,812 | 15,947 | 17,007 | 21,305 | 22,850 |
| B. I. . | : | 435 | 537 | 406 | 907 | 2,544 | 2,838 | 3.445 | 3,649 |
| Conn. - | . | 5.590 | 5,899 | 5,664 | 7.596 | 11,944 | 14,888 | 16,354 | 16,676 |
| N. 7. | .: | 22,878 | 29,640 | 24,258 | 31,300 | 74,564 | 94,953 | 112,644 | 124,544 |
| N. J. | , | 13.030 | 14,384 | 15,121 | 17,878 | 17,904 | 22,976 | 26,774 | 27.533 |
| Pe. |  | 16,877 | 22,008 | 22,788 | 30,155 | 63,219 | 72, 010 | 94,737 | 97.312 |
| N. Atla |  | 73.345 | 98,102 | 81,529 | 112.402 | 213,021 | 264,253 | 314.426 | 332.950 |
| Ohio | -: | 21,231 | 26,831 | 26,006 | 37.807 | 68.423 | 76,629 | 108,186 | 117,661 |
| Ind. | : | 18,951 | 22,681 | 21, 373 | 31.442 | 62,546 | 67.337 | 105.834 | 114,302 |
| 111. | : | 61,736 | 39.091 | 37.399 | 82,163 | 99,114 | 108,642 | 148,240 | 166,259 |
| Kich. | . | 17.967 | 23.744 | 21,630 | 28,524 | 43.540 | 49,575 | 64,000 | 72,524 |
| T18. |  | 7,631 | 11,697 | 12,932 | 19,096 | 85, 306 | 93.129 | 126.747 | 144,804 |
| E. N. Central |  | 127.516 | 124,044 | 112.740 | 199,032 | 358.929 | 395,612 | 553.007 | 615.550 |
| $M_{10 n}$ | . | 18,845 | 20.749 | 18.690 | 29,552 | 84.154 | 89,984 | 119.620 | 147.860 |
| Iowa | . | 25,967 | 26,132 | 15.737 | 36,149 | 144. 135 | 168,530 | 214.551 | 250,510 |
| Mo. | .: | 14.455 | 18,375 | 11,628 | 21,619 | 74,815 | 73,019 | 92,090 | 105,344 |
| N. Dak. | $\bullet$ | 16,282 | 17.514 | 7.413 | 16,380 | 15,516 | 13,802 | 14,826 | 22,800 |
| S. Dak. | . 8 | 10,246 | 3,754 | 1,966 | 10,591 | 33.014 | 24,985 | 25,104 | 38,794 |
| Nebr. | .: | 23,620 | 24,673 | 10,259 | 32,640 | 80,041 | 92,767 | 85,185 | 113,068 |
| Kans. |  | 36,594 | 43,686 | 25,925 | 42,590 | 63,259 | 69,784 | 100,664 | 88,067 |
| 7. N. Central |  | 146,009 | 154,883 | 21,618 | 196,521 | 494.934 | 532.871 | 652.350 | 767.343 |
| Del. | -: | 1,815 | 2,980 | 3.159 | 3.469 | 2,457 | 3.173 | 3.953 | 3,984 |
| Ma. | . | 11,251 | 14.732 | 15.406 | 19,226 | 12,347 | 14,932 | 17.999 | 18,533 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{F}$. | .: | 17.551 | 25,365 | 19,540 | 34,071 | 15,658 | 15,861 | 20.446 | 21,842 |
| T. $\mathrm{\nabla a}$. | . | 2,150 | 3,281 | 2,817 | 3, 363 | 8,646 | 10,082 | 13,472 | 13,727 |
| F. C. | $\cdot:$ | 23,913 | 41,208 | 26,883 | 35,821 | 8,920 | 9,815 | 11,524 | 13,088 |
| S. c. | : | 19,811 | 26,001 | 19,951 | 21,811 | 4,119 | 4,275 | 5,149 | 5.615 |
| O. | . | 27,189 | 27,351 | 29.653 | 32,640 | 7.118 | 7,706 | 10,232 | 11,921 |
| Fla, |  | 41,019 | 58,776 | 55,283 | 66,012 | 6,018 | 6,424 | 7.235 | 7.705 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 144.699 | 199.694 | 172,692 | 216,413 | 65.283 | 72,268 | 90,010 | 96, 415 |
| Ky. . | -: | 25,627 | 36.519 | 34,152 | 24,4147 | 19,942 | 21,096 | 33.019 | 35.457 |
| Tenn. | : | 20,530 | 28,034 | 25,486 | 22,666 | 16,374 | 15,264 | 23,627 | 27.634 |
| Als. | . 8 | 23.362 | 37,084 | 27.700 | 29,150 | 6,978 | 6,515 | 8,953 | 10,830 |
| W1ss. | - | 27,111 | 23.478 | 25,789 | 28,204 | 7,109 | 5,968 | 8,454 | 10,181 |
| Ark, | . | 23.527 | 27,421 | 20,621 | 21,881 | 8,300 | 8,477 | 12,577 | 14,944 |
| La. . | - | 19,022 | 25,064 | 20,777 | 21,921 | 6,021 | 6,035 | 7.418 | 8.733 |
| 0 kla . | . | 28,692 | 40,272 | 20,420 | 27,595 | 26,115 | 24,077 | 42,399 | 45,181 |
| тex. |  | 70.727 | 81, 829 | 55.771 | 66.732 | 61,421 | 54,256 | 70,917 | 84,199 |
| S. Central |  | 238,598 | 299.701 | 230.716 | 242.596 | 152,260 | 141,688 | 207.364 | 237.159 |
| Yont. | : | 7.507 | 7.597 | 8,023 | 10,092 | 10,718 | 14,715 | 15,398 | 19.551 |
| Idaho | : | 7,707 | 11,479 | 12,756 | 14,968 | 12,507 | 17.006 | 21,293 | 24,709 |
| 7ro. | : | 1,004 | 1,923 | 1,473 | 2,085 | 6,949 | 10,306 | 8.753 | 13,203 |
| Colo. | - | 4,934 | 9,098 | 4,777 | 12,429 | 21,043 | 27,466 | 32,854 | 41,651 |
| \%. Мех. | - | 2,167 | 3.506 | 2,337 | 2,680 | 7.397 | 8,317 | 8,109 | 11,421 |
| Ariz. | - | 6,313 | 11,107 | 8.859 | 8,633 | 6,008 | 7.560 | 8,846 | 9,976 |
| Otah | : | 1,764 | 2,107 | 1.792 | 2.978 | 8,419 | 8,671 | 10,582 | 13. 290 |
| Nev, | . | 289 | 374 | 324 | 549 | 2,489 | 2,945 | 3,242 | 3,783 |
| Wash. | : | 16,502 | 25,096 | 23.075 | 27.789 | 21,759 | 24,738 | 30,506 | 33,634 |
| Ores. | . | 6.492 | 7,966 | 8,040 | 10,890 | 15,804 | 19,472 | 24,360 | 27.190 |
| Callf. |  | -92,306 | 134, 764 | 140,812 | 165,001 | 78,593 | 88, ? 67 | 118,672 | 121,530 |
| Vestern |  | 146,985 | 215,017 | 212,268 | 258,094 | 121,686 | 229,463 | 282.615 | 312.938 |
| Total all states |  | 877.152 | 1,091,441 | 908,163 | 1,232,058 | 1,476,113 | 1,636,155 | 2,099,762 | 2,369,355 |
| ס. S. cash income | :1 | 1,110,000 | 1,346,000 | 1,123,000 | 1,526,000 | 1,443,000 | 1,622,000 | 1,998,000 | 2,305,000 |

1) These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income frow 33 of the wore important farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 3.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products $1 /$, by states, July, and Jamuary $-J u l y, 1933-36$


1/ The 33 crop and livestock commodities on which these eatimates are based represented approximately 93 percent of the United States cash farm income in 1934 from the marketings of all farm products.
2) These totals differ frow the monthly estimates of United States cash income becearee they have not been adjusted for the inshipment of livestock and for the income from thoee farm products for wich no monthly data by states on marketings and prices are avallable.

Table 4 , - Wrernment peyments and recelpts from the sale of principal farm producte including government paymonte. by etates. Jamary - July 1934-36, and July 1934-36


[^15]
# RECEIPTS FROM THE SAIE OM PRINCIPAL FARM FRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYLENTS, BY STATES, AUGUST 1933-36 ATD JANUARY TO AUGUST 1933-36 

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in August 1936 were substantially higher than in August 1935 in four of the six regions in the Unitcd States. Decreases in such receipts of 7 and 5 per cent, respectivcly, occurred in the South Atlantic and South Central regions. In each of the other four regions gains ranging from 17 percent in the Nestern States to 30 percent in the West North Central Statcs were recorded.

Decreases in cash receipts from crops in August of this year compared with August last year occurred in the South Atlantic and South Central regions largely bccause of smaller morketings of tobacco in the former region and smaller cotton marietings in the latter one. The higher receipts from crop marketings in Augast of this year in the other four regions were mainly due to the higher prices and larger marketings of corn in the lorth Central States and the higher prices of truck crops, potatoes, and barley, together with the larger marketings of the latter two commodities, in each of the four regions.

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products in August 1936 were larger than in August 1935 in each of the regions except the South Central States, where a 1 percent decrease occurred. The gains ranged from 1 percent in the South Atlantic States to 33 percent in the West North Central States. The higher prices of dairy products together with the larger marketines of meat animals, particularly hoes and cattle, were mainly responsible for the goins in cash receipts from livestock items in the North Central, Noith Atlantic, and Nestern States. In the South Central States smaller marketings and the lower prices of cattle and calves offset the region's gains in the receipts from dairy products, hogs and wool. In the Soirth Atlantic States, however, larger receipts from dairy products, hogs, calves, and poultry offset the smaller receipts from cattle and sheep.

Government paynents to farmers as rental and benefit payments and as cotton price adjustment payments amounted to $\$ 10,541,000$ in August 1936 as compared with $\$ 44,235,000$ in August 1925. The much smaller government payments in August of this year were largely felt in the North Central States where the payments in Angust 1935 were nearly six times as large as in August of this year. In the South Central States govermment payments during the current month wera less than one-third of those made to farmers in this region in August 1935. The gains in the receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in August this year, however, more than offset the smaller goverument payments in each of the resions eacept the South Atlantic and South Central States.

The chart on the next page shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal fierm products in each region from January 1933 to August 1936. The contra-seasonal decline in the North Central States from July to August in the cash receipts was mainly due to the unusually heavy and early movement of wheat to market during July. In each of the other regions the change in cash receipts from July to August follows about the usual seasonal movement.

Table 4.-Govarnent peypents and recelpts from the eale of principal farm producto including government payments, by states, Jamary = July 1934-36, and July 1934-36


[^16]October 16, 1936
RECEIPMS FROM THE SAIE OF PRINCIPAL FARM FRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT
PAYMENTS, BY STATES, AUGUST 1933-36 AND JAINARY TO AUGUST 1933-36
Cash receipts from the sale of princival farm products in August 1936 were substantially higher than in August 1935 in four of the six regions in the Unitcd States. Decreases in such receipts of 7 and 5 percont, respectively, occurred in the South Atlantic and South Central regions. In each of the other four regions gains ranging from 17 percent in the Nestern States to 30 percent in the West North Central Statcs were recorded.

Decreases in cash receipts from crops in August oi this year compared with August last year occurred in the South Atlantic and South Central regions largely bccause of smaller morketings of tobacco in the former region and smaller cotton marketines in the latter one. The higher receipts from crop marketings in August of this year in the other four regions were mainly due to the higher prices and larger marketings of corn in the liorth Central States and the higher prices of truck crops, potatoes, and barley, together with the larger marketings of the latter two commodities, in each of the four regions.

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products in August 1936 werc larger than in Aublest 1935 in each of the regions except the South Central States, where a 1 percent decrease occurred. The gains ranged from I percent in the South Atlentic States to 33 percent in the Wost North Central States. The higher prices of dairy products togethor with the larger marketings of meat animals, particularly hoes and cattle, were mainly responsible for the geins in cash receipts from livestock items in the North Central, Noith Atlantic, and Nestern States. In the South Central States smaller marketings and the lower prices of cattle and calves offset the region's gains in the receipts from dairy products, hogs and wool. In the South Atlantic States, however, larger receipts from dairy products, hogs, calves, and poultry offset the smaller receipts from cattle and sheep.

Govermment paynents to farmers as rental and benefit payments and as cotton price adjustment payments amounted to $\$ 10,541,000$ in Augrst 1936 as compared with $\$ 44,235,000$ in August 1905. The much smaller government payments in August of this year were lorgely felt in the North Central Statos where the payments in August 1935 were noarly six times as large as in August of this year. In the South Central States govorment payments during the current month wera lass than one-third of those made to farmers in this region in August 1935. The gains in the receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in August this year, however, more than offset the smaller govermment payments in each of the regions except the South Atlantic and South Central States.

The chart on the next page shows the monthly cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each region from Jonuary 1953 to August 1936. The contra-seasomal decline in the North Cuntral States from July to August in the cash receipts pias mainly due to the unusually heavy and early movement of theat to market during July. In each of the other regions the chanse in cash receipts from July to August follows about the usual seasonal movement.
Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products,
 JAN. APR. JULY OCT. JAN.


JAN. APR. JULY OCT. JAN. APR. JULY OCT.
u.s department of agriculture

## Table 1.-Receipts irom the asle of principal farm products, by states, August $1933-36$


/ These totale differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

Table 2.-Receipt: from the sale of principal farm products, by states, Jamuary - August 1983 - 36


[^17]Table 3.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products by states, Aueust and January - August 1933 - 36


1) These totale differ from the monthly estimater of United Statse cash incoms bscause they have not been edjusted for the inghpment of livestock anc for the income from tho fe farm products for which no monthly data by otates on marketings and prices are avallable.

Table 4 . Government payments and recsipts frow the sale of principal farm products including gorernment payaste, by statea. Jomuary - Aueust 1934-36, and 山uFust 1935-36

|  |  | ORV | ment pevo |  |  |  | tal includ | Lig aver | t porme |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State |  | Aug. |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| - - | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 |
|  | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollnre | dollars | dollara | dollars | dollar3 | dollars | dollara | dollars |
| Me. . . . . . . . . . . . $\%$ |  | 3 | 1 | 2 | --- | 31,295 | 22.090 | 40,433 | 2,442 | 3.152 |
| N. H. . . . . . . . . . |  | 35 | 11 | 4 |  | 9,256 | 10,532 | 11,584 | 1,344 | 1, lig4 |
| Vt. . . . : . . . . . . . | 2 | 54 | 10 | 4 |  | 18,140, | 21,652 | 22,740 | 2,526 | 2,952 |
| Mase. . . : . . . . . . . | 180 | 578 | 327 | 33 | 17 | 26,391 | 30,996 | 33.619 | 4,566 | 5.647 |
| R. I. . . . . . . . . . . 8 |  | 5 | 1 | 1 |  | 4,090 | 4.533 | 5.545 | 678 | 988 |
| Conn. . . . . . . . . . . | 113 | 758 | 636 | 29 | 81 | 24,135 | 25,821 | 29,115 | 3,074 | 4,288 |
| N. Y. . . . . . . . . . . | 34 | 280 | 93 | 25 | 7 | 143,620 | 156,965 | 181,428 | 19,808 | 25.498 |
| N. J. | 2 | 323 | 78 | 36 | 1 | 46,432 | 49,910 | 57,280 | 7,728 | 11.792 |
| Pa. ... . . . . . . . . . | 320 | 1,164 | 895 | 84 | 52 | 119,110 | 137.193 | 149,075 | 18,588 | $20,765$ |
| M. Atlantic . . . . . | 654 | 3.200 | 2,052 | 217 | 161 | $\frac{112,110}{42,178}$ | 452,692 | 530,819 | $60,754$ | $\frac{20,576}{}$ |
| Ohio . . . . . . . . . . | 7.260 | 11,130 | 5.559 | 998 | 333 | 129,882 | 167.491 | 186,415 | 23.167 | 25,721 |
| Ind. . . . . . . . . . | 5,370 | 14,733 | 6,587 | 2,693 | 202 | 114,098 | 164,844 | 177.528 | 25,597 | 25.399 |
| 111. . . . . . . . . . | 2,206 | 22,653 | 12,687 | 1,404 | 396 | 187,079 | 239,844 | 304.979 | 32,956 | 4.,266 |
| Nich. | 277 | 3.673 | 1,624 | 294 | 60 | 86,569 | 102.753 | 120,494 | 13.744 | 17,882 |
| Fis. | 2,076 | 5.625 | 2,368 | 755 | 59 | 124,474 | 164,297 | 192.430 | 19.748 | 26, 221 |
| E. N. Contral | 17,189 | 57,814 | 28,825 | 6.144 | 1.050 | 642,102 | 839,229 | 981,846 | 115,212 | 139,489 |
| M1nn. | 7.451 | 14.151 | 7.102 | 1,984 | 283 | 138,002 | 173.399 | 217.147 | 22,922 | 32,916 |
| Iowa | 15,194 | 42,355 | 20.675 | 6,182 | 353 | 257.706 | 306,909 | 355,404 | 40.448 | 48,423 |
| Mo. | 9,998 | 16,934 | 9.599 | 2,462 | 298 | 116.191 | 140.576 | 159,237 | 22,386 | 22,973 |
| N. Dak. . | 16,130 | 5,337 | 9.003 | 410 | 550 | 52,788 | 36,434 | 55.879 | 9,268 | 8.156 |
| S. Delk. . | 14,001 | 9.049 | 7.334 | 603 | 381 | 46,161 | 45.110 | 67,295 | 9.594 | 10,957 |
| Nisbr. | 10.519 | 21,285 | $14.07{ }^{12}$ | 2,829 | 1,614 | 148.310 | 134,327 | 183,127 | 20.127 | 24,959 |
| Kans, . | 14,770 | 22,183 | 17,021 | \$.665 | 600 | 148,753 | 168.962 | 180, 371 | 28.855 | 25,393 |
| 下. N. Central | 88,033 | 131,294 | 84,898 | 23.135 | 4,079 | 909. 011 | 1,005,717 | 1,218,460 | 153,600 | 173,777 |
| Del. | 12 | 50 | 93 | 2 | 19 | 8,277 | 9.041 | 10,095 | 1,881 | 2.568 |
| \%d. | 159 | 503 | 632 | 52 | 4 | 36.155 | 79.885 | 45.517 | 6,029 | 7.173 |
| Ta. | 1,502 | 2,545 | 873 | 265 | $\because$ | 48,282 | 49,118 | 63,522 | 6,852 | 6.777 |
| T. Va . | 104 | 308 | 114 | 7 | 21 | 16,251 | 19,039 | 20.261 | 3,349 | 3.078 |
| s. C. | 0.751 | 10,018 | 3,634 | 386 | 278 | 79.935 | 63,002 | 60.115 | 14.963 | 8,150 |
| S. c. . . . . . . . . | 8,033 | 4,721 | 3,609 | 314 | 167 | 47.592 | 39,877 | 37,256 | 10,370 | 6,388 |
| Oa. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9.529 | 5,464 | 5.617 | 655 | 170 | 60.415 | 64,972 | 74,066 | 20.278 | 24,058 |
| Fle. | 408 | 1,009 | 134 | 35 | 16 | 67.880 | 66,458 | 77.290 | 2,966 | 3,155. |
| S. Atlentic | 29,498 | 24,628 | 15,206 | 2.716 | 759 | 364.787 | 352.292 | 388.422 | 66,688 | 62.347 |
| Ky. . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.659 | 10,926 | 2,354 | 501 | 309 | 65.519 | 85,184 | 70,299 | 7.588 | 8,350 |
| Tenn. | 3.465 | 5,361 | 2.435 | 231 | 107 | 50,495 | 59.721 | 57.891 | 5.478 | 5,263 |
| A1a. | 8,057 | 5.179 | 5,963 | 662 | 304 | 57,023 | 46,094 | 49,884 | 4.924 | 4.245 |
| Miss. . . . . . . . . . .t | 10,454 | 7.713 | 6,643 | 356 | 185 | 43.569 | 45.309 | 48,607 | 3.709 | 3.764 |
| Ark. . . . . . . . . . . | 9,398 | 8.970 | 4,861 | 464 | 705 | 47.500 | 44.740 | 44,248 | 3,036 | 3,267 |
| La. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,633 | 8,055 | 4.158 | 869 | $28^{7}$ | 39.511 | 39.743 | 38,862 | 4,362 | 4.337 |
| 0 kle . | 11,406 | 17.040 | 7.885 | 3.317 | 396 | 83.601 | 92,629 | 90,841 | 16,087 | 10,576 |
| Tex. | 38,093 | 41,969 | 20, 342 | 4,350 | 1,050 | 205,917 | 200,685 | 201,073 | 36, 378 | 31,150 |
| S. Central | 88,165 | 105.213 | 54,341 | 10, 750 | 3.343 | 593.135 | 614.105 | 601.705 | 81,562 | 70,952 |
| Kont. . . . . . . . . . . .: | 7.147 | 3,610 | $3.945$ | 186 | 326 | 36,262 | 35,980 | 40,007 | 9.135 | 6,745 |
| Idaho . . . . . . . . . . | 2,515 | 2,904 | 2.184 | 105 | 142 | 39,940 | 46,336 | 52,308 | 9.488 | 10,589 |
| \#yo. . . . . . . . . . . 8 | -1,549 | 1,305 | 505 | 94 | 6 | 16,427 | 13,619 | 19,344 | 2.182 | 3.557 |
| Colo. . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,227 | 6,218 | 2,624 | 368 | 121 | 44,761 | 50,007 | 65.647 | 6,526 | 9.064 |
| H. Mex. . . . . . . . . . . | 2,405 | 1336 | 654 | 85 | 54 | 15,698 | 13,394 | 16,743 | 1.697 | 2,042 |
| Arlz. . . . . . . . | 1,303 | 695 | 380 | 54 | 7 | 21,339 | 19,755 | 20,588 | 1,409 | 1.606 |
| Otah . . . . . . . . . . | 1,967 | 1,695 | 443 | 51 | 24 | 13,922 | 16,776 | 20,126 | 2,758 | 3,439 |
| Ner. . . . . . . . . . | 181 | 4. 67 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 4,361 | 4.718 | 5.445 | 1.089 | 1,086 |
| \#ash. . . . . . . . . . . | 4,317 | 4.343 | 3.394 | 92 | 215 | 72.561 | 77, 350 | 84, 918 | 19.518 | 20,316 |
| Oree. . . . . . . . . . . | 1,820 | 1,294 | 1,584 | 31 | 124 | 39,478 | 44,671 | 53,647 | 11,008 | 14,107 |
| Callf. . . . . . . . .: | $2,390$ | 4,008 | 2,726 | 1,203 | 128 | 270,522 | 312,797 | 349,558 | 52,508 | 60,429 |
| Testern | $26,830$ | 27.475 | 18,468 | 2,273 | 1.249 | 575,271 | 635,403 | 728.331 | 115.318 | 132,980 |
| Total all statos $1 /$ | 250.369 | 313.514 | 203.590 | 44,235 | v/ 10.541 | 3,507,684 | 3,906,438 | 4,449,583 | 593.134 | 655,121 |
| U. S. cash lacome . . . | 250.000 | 350,000 | 204,000 | 44.000 | 11,000 | 3,724,000 | 4,125,000 | 4,676,000 | 610,000 | 648,000 |

 income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodities and no deductions are made for the inghipmont of livestock into the principal feeding areas.
2 Includes 466,506 in cancsiled checks undistributiad by states.
3) Include: \$7,750 in cancelled chacke urdietributed by itats.

Gains in cash receipts from the sale of principal farm produetg-in September 1936 over September 1935 were recorded in each of the six regions of the United States. The more pronounced gains of 18,22 , and 32 percent, respectively, occurred in the North Atlantic, Nast North Central, and South Central regions. Gains of 3 and 8 percent, respectively, took place in the West North Central and South Atlantic resions, while in the Westerm States cash receipts wore 13 percent hicher than in September 1935. Reccipts were larger in all but 11 of the States. For the United States as a whole, cash income from marketings of farm products, amounting to $\$ 754,000,000$, were 16 percent larger than in September of last yoar.

Cash receipts from marketings of the principal crop items alone in this September exceeded the corresponding 1935 recuipts in each region except the West North Central States, by gains ranging from 6 percent in the Western States to approximately 44 percent both in the South Central and Worth Atlontic States. In the West North Contral States income from principal crops was 35 percent less than in 1935 as a result of smaller marketines of wheat, flaxseed, and oits, in consequence of the reduced production following the drousint. In the Southern States the gains in income from crows reflected chiofly the heavy marketings and higher prices of cotton and cottonseed, while in tho East North Central and North Atlantic States the gains in income from principal crops reflected the larger receipts from corn, potatoes, and truck crops. In the Nestern States the Gain in income from principul crops this September over September 1935 also reflected the largur receipts from potatoes, truck crops, barley, fruits i and some miscellencous crops.

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products in Seotember 1936 for the country as a whole were 18 percent greater than in September 1935 and were larger in each of the regions by gains ranging from 2 percent in the South Atlantic States to 22 percent each in the East North Contral, West North Central, and Western States. The heavy marketings of hogs and cattle from the North Central Stetes and the larger receipts from deiry products and meat animals in the South and North Atlantic States were mainly responsible for the gains in income from livestock items in these regions. In the Westem States increased receipts from nearly all livestock items contributed to the current month's gain in income.

Government payments to farmers in September 1936 were approximately $\$ 5,000,000$ compred with $\$ 57,000,000$ in September 1935. The gein in income from marketings in September for the country as a whole had, however, more than offsct the much smaller government payments. Total cash receipts incluגing government payments, exceeded the September 1935 receipts in each resion except the Nest North Central States.

$$
\frac{\text { Trends in Receipts, January to Scptember } 1936}{\text { Compared with Jonuary to Soptembor } 1935}
$$

Cash income from farm marketiñs for the first 9 months of 1936 amounted to $\$ 5,224,0 j \%, 00$ for the country as a whole. This represented a gain of 18 percent over the United States cish income from farm marketings for the

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first 9 months of 1935. Gains in receipts from the sale of principal farm products for the 9 -month period were recorded in each region and ranged from 13 percent each in the South Atlantic and South Central States to 26 percent in the West North Central Ste.tes. Kentucky was the only State to show a decrease for the period, while receipts from merketings of the principal products were aproximetely the same in West Virginia and Montana for the first 9 months of 1936 as in the correspondins period of 1935 . In the remaining States, is shom on the map opnosite, the gains ranged from 1 percent in North Coroline to 80 percent in Maine. In general, the gain in income from farm marketings for the first 3 months of this year was due both to a somewhat higner level of farm prices and to a larger volume of marketings. Prices of all farm: commoditics averaged about 4 percent higher for the first 9 months of 1936 compared with the similar period of 1935 , the gein hoving resulted largely from the marked ginis in prices of moat animals and dairy products. Prices of छrains, cotton and cottonseed, tmack crops and poultry products averaged somewhat lower thus far in 1936. The marketinos of grains, cotton, and meat animals were considerably heavior in volume in the first 9 months of 1936 than in the same period of 1935. The lerger narizetings of grains were due largely to the more favorable 1935 production and were partly the result of enrlier marketings of the 1936 crop. The larger volume of marketincs of meet animals reflected some liquidation of livestock in the drought area, although the extont of such liquidation cannot at the present time be ascertained.

Goveriment payments to firmers for the first 3 months of 1936 for the entire country were ajproximately $\$ 210,000,000$. This amount was 48 percent less than in the same period of 1935. Nevertheless, the gain in income from marketings more than offset the smaller sovornment payments, and the total United Stetes income fron marketings and from government payments was $\$ 5,434,000,000$, or 12 perceat larger than the corresponding total of $\$ 4,830,000,000$ for January to Scptomber 1935. Gains in total receipts from marketings and goverminent payments were recorded for the 9-month period in each region, and ranged from 2 percent in the South Central States to 16 percent each in the North Atlantic, East North Central, and West North Central States.

North Atlentic States.- Cash receipts from the salc of principal farm products in the North Atlentic recion for the first 9 months of 1930 were 16 percent larger than in the corresponding period of last year. Maine's income was 80 percent higher for this period. Gains of 4 to 21 percent were recorded in the other States in this region. The hisher prices of potatoes and the larger marketiñs of truck crops, apples, and tobacco, as well as the lerger receipts from necrly :ull classes of liveatocl items other tran eges largely accounted for the region's sain in income from marketings during the first 9 months of this ycar.

East Morth Central States.- A 56 percent increase in the region's income from crop naretings together with a 13 percent increase in income from livestock items resulted in a 22 percent increase in the resion's cash receipts from the sole of principal farm products in the first 9 months of 1936 over the corresponding period of 1935. Larcer receipts from corn and other grains as well as from hoŋs and dairy products were in large part responsible for the region's eoin in income, although increased receipts from potatoes, truck crops, as well as from other livestock items contributed to the region's larger cash receipts. Gains were recorded in each of the States of this region ani ranged from 13 percent in Indiana to 39 percent in Illinois. Govermment payments to farmers in this region were less than half as large as in the first

9 months of 1935 , but total cash receipts from marketings and from government payments were nevertheless 16 percent higner than the corresponding total of lest year.

West North Central States.- Cask receipts from marketings of the principal farm products for the first 9 montias of the year were 26 percent larger in the West North Central States than in the corresponding period of 1935. Each of the States recorded a Eain which ranged from 10 percent in Konsas to 44. percent in Nebraska. Income in North Dakota and South Daikota has begun to reflect definitely the eifects of the drought on their 1936 wheat crops, and the percentage eains in income over 1935 shown by these two States has been declining since June of this year. The products responsible for this region's gain are generally the same as in the case of the East North Central States. Governnent payments to farmers in this region were approximately 45 percent less than those made in the first 9 months of 1935. The total income from marketings of the principal farm products and from govermment payments for the region as a whole, however, were lo percent larger durinf the 9 -month period of this year than in the scme period of 1935.

South Atlantic States.- Larger receipts from potatoes, citmus fmaits, and cotton, and from hogs, calves, and dairy products, more than offset the region's smaller income from tobacco, corn, sweetpotatoes, and eggs, and resulted in a gain of 13 percent in income from marketings for the first 9 months of 1936 as compared with the same period of 1935. West Virginia was the only State in this region to show no increase in its receipts for this period, as a result of declines in receipts from דheat, cattle, and sheop. In the other States the gain has ranged from 1 percent in Morth Carolina to 28 percent in Virginia. Government payments to farmers in this rozion were approximately 45 percent less than those made in the first 9 months of 1035 . Cash receipts from marketings, including government payments, were, however, 9 percent larger than in the same period of 1935.

South Central States.-A 14 percent increase in this region's income from crop marketing together with an 11 percent increase in income from livestock items resulted in a 13 percent gain in the resion's receipts from farm marketings for the first 9 months of 1936 compared with the same period of 1935. The larger receipts from cotton and cottonseed as well as from all livestock items other than eggis more than offset the somewhat smaller receipts from tobacco and largely accounted for the region's gain in income during the January-September 1936 period. Kentucky was the only State in this resion to record a decrease in income for the $9-m o n t h$ period, largely as a result of smaller merketings of tobacco. Gains from marketings in the other States of this region ransed from 3 percent in Tennessee to 32 percent in Mississippi. Government payments to farmers in this region were somewhat less than half of those made in the first 9 months of 1935. The gain in income from marisetings had offset the smaller government payments and resulted in a 2 percent increase in the recion's total receipts from marketings and government payments over the corresponding total of the first 9 months of 1935 .

> Western States.- Iarger reccipts from potatoos, barley, fruits, and truck crops as well as from nearly all clesses of livestock items have more than offset the smaller receipts from wheat, oats, and eges, and resulted in a 16 percent increase in this region's receipts from the rarketings of the principal farm products for the first 9 months of 1936. Montana was the only State in this resion to show no increase for the period in its receipts from marketings as a result of smaller wheat marketings, from this year's shor frop. 8 Each of the otiner states in this region recorded gains which ranged

 croducts and


Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of priacipal farm products, by tates, September 1933-36

| State | Crops |  |  |  | : Livestock and 11vertock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sopt. } \\ & : 1033 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sspt. } \\ & 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $: \text { Sept. }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sopt. } \\ & 1936 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sopt. : } \\ & 1933 \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | 1934 : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sopt. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sopt. } \\ & 1936 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1, 000 |
|  | dollars | dollara | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara |
| Me. | 2,198 | 1.355 | 994 | 2,397 | 1,414 | 1.516 | 2,740 | 1,761 |
| \%. H. | 364 | 306 | 285 | 359 | 965 | 988 | 1,127 | 1.135 |
| Vt. | 293 | 165 | 297 | 186 | 2,122 | 2.170 | 2,501 | 2,411 |
| Mass. | 1.502 | 1.325 | 1.150 | 1,607 | 2,555 | 2.432 | 3.004 | 3.085 |
| R. 1. | 158 | 131 | 130 | 203 | 414 | 427 | 507 | 501 |
| Conn. | 760 | 676 | 667 | 1,004 | 2,141 | 2,116 | 2,277 | 2,234 |
| N. Y | 8,971 | 8,165 | 6.816 | 9.447 | 12,633 | 14.032 | 14,762 | 17.320 |
| N. J. | 2,588 | 2.381 | 2,046 | 3,202 | 2.991 | 3.368 | 3.807 | 3.696 |
| Pa . | 5.351 | 6,219 | 5.299 | 7.058 | 10.749 | 12,851 | 14,259 | 14.876 |
| N. Atlantic | 22.185 | 20, 726 | 17.684 | 25,463 | 35.984 | 32,900 | 43.984 | 42.019 |
| Ohio | 5,701 | 7.465 | 7.276 | 7.953 | 10,757 | 13.059 | 15,214 | 17.477 |
| Ind. | 4,831 | 6.736 | 6.482 | 6,890 | 9.241 | 10.978 | 14.569 | 16,285 |
| 111. | 10,675 | 8,405 | 8,239 | 11,036 | 14,593 | 16.863 | 18,346 | 23,211 |
| Mich. | 3.962 | 5,069 | 4,961 | 5.714 | 6,039 | 7.753 | 9,?09 | 11,558 |
| H1s. | 1.599 | 3.408 | 2.704 | 4.411 | 12,645 | 13,868 | 17,670 | 23,309 |
| E. N. Central | 26.768 | 31,083 | 29,662 | 36,004 | 53,275 | 62,521 | 75,008 | 91,840 |
| Mian. | 6,132 | 7.304 | 9.234 | 7,820 | 9.870 | 13.716 | 15.707 | 20.764 |
| Iowe | 6,251 | 12,699 | 5.598 | 6,921 | 18,214 | 26,588 | 28,102 | 35,629 |
| Mo. | 3,281 | 4.560 | 4,098 | 4,399 | 11,960 | 12,708 | 16,247 | 18,976 |
| N. Dak. | 9.048 | 5.527 | 15.697 | 3.316 | 3.831 | 4,093 | 4,151 | 6,810 |
| S. Dak. | 375 | 1,060 | 7.071 | 1,208 | 4,655 | 5.027 | 5,241 | 8,164 |
| Nebr. | 3,384 | 4,501 | 4,257 | 3,793 | 10,043 | 13.710 | 15,752 | 18,840 |
| Kans. | 3.396 | 5.898 | 4.990 | 5.846 | 10,021 | 15,255 | 18,142 | 16,995 |
| V. N. Central | 31,867 | 41.549 | 50,945. | 33.303 | 68.594 | 21.097 | 103.342 | 126,178 |
| Del. | 241 | 453 | 437 | 478 | 383 | 463 | 543 | 542 |
| vd. | 1,775 | 2,134 | 2.326 | 2,254 | 1,782 | 2.250 | 2,625 | 2.825 |
| $\nabla$ a. | 1,746 | 3.872 | 2,748 | 2,338 | 2.785 | 3.838 | 4.910 | 4,348 |
| п. Va. | 499 | 988 | 967 | 771 | 2,166 | 2.366 | 3.058 | 2,690 |
| N. C. | 9.846 | 49.417 | 36,446 | 33.573 | 1,410 | 1.776 | 2,034 | 2,160 |
| S. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 7.656 | 11,774 | 12,304 | 15.544 | 650 | 675 | 829 | 939 |
| Ga. | 12,100 | 16,959 | 12,554 | 17.720 | 1,017 | 1.471 | 1,871 | 2,275 |
| Pla. | 721 | 1, 464 | . 878 | 2,163 | 1,400 | 1,053 | 1.099 | 1,474 |
| S. Atlantic | 34.584 | 87071 | 68,660 | 74,841 | 11.593 | 13,892 | 16.974 | 17,253 |
| Ky. | 1,152 | 1.507 | 1,421 | 1,443 | 2,994 | 4,089 | 5.887 | 5.635 |
| Tenn. | 2,113 | 4.496 | 2,850 | 4,118 | 2,268 | 3.383 | 5,120 | 4,849 |
| Ala. | 5,660 | 12,598 | 8.932 | 13,794 | 1,014 | 1,260 | 1,603 | 1,672 |
| Mise. | 7.370 | 16.167 | 12.067 | 24,285 | 1,425 | 1,806 | 2.763 | 3.187 |
| Ark. | 6,488 | 10,295 | 7.436 | 12,335 | 1,086 | 1,204 | 1,913 | 2,670 |
| La. | 5,698 | 9.501 | 7.477 | 13,702 | 848 | 813 | 1.165 | 1,723 |
| Okla. | 9.415 | 5.464 | 7.419 | 3.304 | 3.697 | 4.406 | 7,416 | 8,283 |
| Tex. | 41,051 | 53, 207 | 45,679 | 60,831 | 7.407 | 10,290 | 12,308 | 11,658 |
| S. Contral | 78,947 | 113.235 | 93.281 | 133,812 | 20.739 | 27.051 | 38,175 | 39,677 |
| Moat. | 3.016 | 6.387 | 10,258 | 2,293 | 3.776 | 6,207 | 6,184 | 10.483 |
| Idaho | 3.135 | 4,648 | 4,579 | 4,750 | 2,856 | 2,816 | 4.477 | 4,755 |
| Tyo. | 826 | 626 | 1.050 | 1.184 | 2,726 | 4.480 | 4,625 | 6.349 |
| Colo. | 3.470 | 2.689 | 3.233 | 4,992 | 3.483 | 4.755 | 5.937 | 7.551 |
| \#. Mex. | 956 | 1,432 | 1,182 | 1,520 | 820 | 2,086 | 1,327 | 1.453 |
| Ariz. | 201 | 1,266 | 964 | 1.635 | 976 | 1,002 | 1,496 | 1,424 |
| Uteh | 1,127 | 1,086 | 1,481 | 1,520 | 1.979 | 1,713 | 3,217 | 2.744 |
| Hev. | 45 | 54 | 64 | 81 | 734 | 837 | 989 | 1.494 |
| Faoh. | 8.098 | 11.558 | 11.985 | 10,071 | 3.623 | 4.311 | 4,928 | 5.993 |
| Oreg. | 3.325 | 4.330 | 4,224 | 5,153 | 3.072 | 3.703 | 4.530 | 5.546 |
| Callf. | 28,537 | 29,112 | 31,735 | 41,972 | 10,616 | 11,514 | 14.888 | 16,602 |
| Westera | 52.736 | 63,188 | 70.755 | 75,171 | 34,661 | 43.424 | 52.598 | 64.394 |

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { T. S. casb income 1/ } \ldots \text { : } & 281,000 & 378,000 & 354,000 & 406,000 & 207,000 & 242,000 & 294,000 & 345,000\end{array}$

[^18]Table 2.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, Jamary-September, 1933-36


[^19]Table 3.-Receipts from the eale of principal farm products, by states, September, and January-September, 1933-36

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income l/: } & 488,000 & 620,000 & 648,000 & 754,000 & 3,460,000 & 4,094,000 & 4,423,000 & 5,224,000\end{array}$

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state estimates because it has been adusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by states.

Table 4. -Government payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm products includine govarnment payments, by states, January - September, 1934-36, and September, 1935-36


[^20]Receipts From the Sale of Principal Farm Products and covernment A R Y Payments by States in October 1933-36 and January - October 1933-36

Gains in cash receipts from the sale of principal ober 1936 over October 1935 were recorded in each of the United States. The largest gains of 15 and 12 percent, respectivaly, occurred in the East North Central and South Central States, while fairly uniform increases ranging from 6 to 9 percent took place in the other four regions. Cash receipts were simaller than in October 1935 in ll states, with one or more of these States located in each of the regions other than the North Atlantic States. For the entire country cash income from farm marketings this october amounted to $\$ 336,000,000$ - a gain of 10 percent over October 1935.

Receipts from marketings of principal crops alone were larger this October than a year ago in every region except the West North Central States, and recoipts from livestock and livestock products wore larger in all regions other than the South Central and Western States. The gains in income from crop items in the various regions resulted mainly from the larger receipts from potatoes, corn and barley in the North Atlantic and East North central States, from cotton in the two Southern regions, and from sugar beets, cotton, and some miscellaneous crops in the Western States. Income from apples and wheat was less than in October a year ago in every rogion. The gains in income from livestock and livestock products reflected chiefly the higher prices received for dairy products and the larger marketings of hogs. In the Snuth central and Western States the smaller marketings of cattle and calves, together with their somewhat lower prices, had offset the gains from dairy products.

North Dakota and South Dakota were among the States to show substantial decreases in their October receipts from the sale of principal farm products compared with a year ago as a result of very small marketings of wheat and flaxseed following this year's short crops. In Virginia where income from apples, tobacco and meat animals was considerably less than in october 1935, receipts from farm marketings were down 29 percent. Small marketings of cotton from Oklahoma and wheat from Niontana, together with the smaller receipts from cattle and calves in both of these states, reduced their cash receipts from farm marketings by 38 and 33 percent, respectively, from those of October 1935.

Government payments to farmers in October 1936, were approximately $\$ 22,000,000$ compared with $\$ 62,000,000$ in October 1935. The gains in receipts from marketings had, however, more than offset the smaller Government payments so that total cash roceipts, including Government payments, were larger this cotcber in each region than in October 1935. The October 1936 Government payments included for the first time payments on the 1936 Agricultural Conserration Program amounting to $\$ 3,000,000$.

For the first 10 months of 1936 the United States cash income from farm marketings, amounting to $\$ 6,108,000,000$, was 17 percent higher than in the corresponding period of 1935 . Gains in receipts from the sale of principal farm products for this 10 -month period were likewise recorded in each region and ranged from 11 percent in the South Atlantic States to 23 percent in the West North Central States. Cash receipts from marketings for the first 10 months of 1936 were also highcr in each State except North Dakota, West Virginia, Kentucky, Oklahoma and Montana. Including Government payments the country's total cash farm income for the first 10 months of 1936 was 11 percent higher than for the same period of 1935 .
CASH RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by states, October 1933-36


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by states.

Table 2.-Receipte from the sale of principal farm products, by states, January-October 1933 - 36

| Stato | Crope |  |  |  | Livestock - nd 1ivestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jen. - oct. |  |  |  | Jan - oct. |  |  |  |
|  | 1-1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1933 | 1935 | 1935 | 1936 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollers | dol1ars | dollars | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollara |
| Me. | : 13,458 | 22,182 | 10,373 | 30,025 | 13,475 | 14,724 | 18,025 | 18,740 |
| it. H. | 81,985 | 2,017 | 1,782 | 2,370 | 8,657 | 9,783 | 11,729 | 12,399 |
| Vt. | \% 1,726 | 1,611 | 1,688 | 1,979 | 18,207 | 21,236 | 25,595 | 26,244 |
| Mass. | : 10,196 | 9,235 | 8,805 | 10,499 | 23,482 | 24,616 | 30,446 | 32,474 |
| R. I. | : 1,021 | 389 | 905 | 1,737 | 3,756 | 4,166 | 4,934 | 5,195 |
| Conn. | 8 8,180 | 8,008 | 7,537 | 11,062 | 18,165 | 21,385 | 23,302 | 23,727 |
| $N$. Y . | 845,136 | 50,415 | 43,569 | 55,743 | 112,920 | 136,853 | 157,383 | 177,721 |
| N. J. | 23.055 | 23,333 | 22,051 | 30,082 | 27,149 | 33,661 | 38,670 | 39,906 |
| PA. | 31,029 | 33, 225 | 38.834 | 49,642 | 96.214 | 118,161 | 135.558 | 143,826 |
| N. Atlantic | 130.742 | 157,015 | 130,544 | 193,139 | 322.025 | 384,585 | 443,642 | 480,232 |
| Ohio | 37,458 | 49,294 | 49,609 | 62,370 | 99,509 | 114,529 | 15.5, 555 | 169,917 |
| Ind. | : 30,647 | 42,394 | 39,005 | 50,762 | 91,629 | 100,001 | 150,834 | 163,930 |
| I11. | 89,781 | 76,950 | 66,498 | 123,927 | 143,059 | 159,116 | 206,006 | 236,942 |
| Mich. | 34,130 | 42,699 | 40,953 | 51,040 | 62,945 | 73,318 | 91,131 | 106,775 |
| Wis. | 12,115 | 20.609 | 20,422 | 32,591 | 124.787 | 137,524 | 181,403 | 215, 253 |
| E. N. Central | - 204.136 | 231,946 | 217,086 | 320,690 | 522,529 | 584,458 | 784,93? | 393, 417 |
| Minn. | 34,696 | 42,047 | 43,584 | 59,505 | 117,955 | 131,130 | 167,519 | 213,752 |
| Iowa | : 42,458 | 66,401 | 32,806 | 59,271 | 207,070 | 247,042 | 300, 647 | 361,770 |
| VO. | : 26,223 | 34,070 | 26,559 | 38,771 | 111,840 | 110,082 | 142,268 | 162,740 |
| N. Dak. | 35,051 | 29,847 | 42,481 | 26,000 | 27,951 | 24,797 | 27,516 | 41,628 |
| S. Dak. | : 21,248 | 6,936 | 2.0, 229 | 14,503 | 48,575 | 38,743 | 40,474 | 64,351 |
| Nobr. | : 36,500 | 38,885 | 25,981 | 49,339 | 113,617 | 135,908 | 128,452 | 168,649 |
| Kens. | 46, 799 | 62,258 | 41, 261 | 71.812 | 95,456 | 111.733 | 150,211 | 135,754 |
| TV. N. Central | 23? , 975 | 280, 444 | 233.001 | 319.205 | 722,464 | 799,435 | 950,483 | 1,148,644 |
| Del. | \% 3,135 | 5.477 | 5,303 | 6,315 | 3,678 | 4,568 | 5,694 | 5,765 |
| Md. | : 17,082 | 22,870 | 23,200 | 28,001 | 18,097 | 21,743 | 25,772 | 26,890 |
| Va. | : 25,886 | 43, 207 | 37,876 | 48,098 | 2.4,356 | 27,852 | 36,203 | 35,253 |
| $\pi$. Ve. | 1 3,897 | -, 229 | 6,102 | 5,753 | 15,257 | 17,022 | 22,286 | 22,606 |
| N. C. | : 74,900 | 164,005 | 12.7,100 | 130,130 | 13,268 | 15,148 | 17,469 | 19,861 |
| S. C . | $: 42,512$ | 59,873 | 54,772 | 59,737 | 6, 072 | 6,301 | 7,553 | 8,485 |
| Ga. | : 61,245 | 75,451 | 75,342 | 89,755 | 10,367 | 11,736 | 15,345 | 18,212 |
| Fle. | 44,601 | 65.117 | 60,751 | 74,718 | 9,253 | 9,554 | 10.436 | 11,996 |
| S. Atlantic | 273,758 | 442,629 | 3,90,446 | 442,507 | 100,348. | 213,924 | 140,758 | 149,068 |
| Ky. | 28,592 | 40,689 | 37,604 | 28,344 | 29,669 | 32,857 | 51, 83 ? | 53,433 |
| Tenn. | \% 30,104 | 43,969 | 35,998 | 37,755 | 23,369 | 24,705 | 37,845 | 41,794 |
| Ala. | : 38,663 | 71,937 | 55,997 | 65,029 | 10,061 | 10,024 | 13,620 | 15,617 |
| Mis8. | : 53,706 | 66,621 | 63,095 | 93,514 | 11,162 | 11,136 | 16,134 | 17,899 |
| Ark. | : 45,426 | 57,832 | 46,539 | 59,692 | 21,580 | 12,171 | 18,088 | 21,333 |
| Le. | : 34,381 | 49,610 | 43,076 | 56,381 | 8,793 | 8,578 | 10,707 | 13,362 |
| Okla. | : 61,002 | 58,153 | 45,719 | 40,210 | 37,687 | 36,473 | 67,208 | 68,307 |
| -ех. | 184.453 | 205,901 | 176,184 | 2002247 | 86, 038 | 81.172 | 108, 964 | 119.843 |
| S. Central | 476.327 | 594.72 ? | 504.212 | 580.172 | 218.359 | 217.116 | 324.398 | 351.588 |
| Mont. | 15,889 | 23,974 | 32,178 | 18,069 | 22,644 | 31,508 | 38,614 | 45,433 |
| Idaho | : 18,711 | 26,620 | 27,653 | 31,470 | 21,953 | 26,513 | 35,864 | 39,355 |
| Tyo. . | : 3,639 | 4,254 | 4,717 | 6,234 | 15,283 | 20,830 | 21,535 | 28,826 |
| Colo. | 1 18,925 | 20,284 | 17.076 | 31,820 | 32,192 | 42,745 | 52,834 | 62,776 |
| N. Mex. | : 5,631 | 7,681 | 5,935 | 7,053 | 11,161 | 14,166 | 15,043 | 18,345 |
| Ariz. | : 7,110 | 15,050 | 12,374 | 13,684 | 9,123 | 10,962 | 13,351 | 15,682 |
| Utah... | . 6.134 | 5,304 | 6,172 | 7,912 | 13,730 | 13,607 | 18,965 | 21,292 |
| Nov. | : 490 | 605 | 586 | 933 | 4,369 | 5,098 | 6,165 | 7,532 |
| Tash. | 840,776 | 60,255 | 58,960 | 60,900 | 32,750 | 36,942 | 45,164 | 51,780 |
| Oreg. | . 10, 574 | 21,230 | 20,511 | 26,934 | 25,654 | 30,663 | 39,321 | 44,561 |
| Calif. | - 174.314 | 227,635 | 243,306 | 294,387 | 111.114 | 124.252 | 164,506 | 172,978 |
| Hestern | - 308.193 | 42 , 992 | 430,068 | 499.396 | 299,973 | 357,286 | 451,362 | 508,550 |
| U. S. casn in | /: 1,939,000 | 2,401,000 | 2,213,000 | 2,624,000 | 2,093,000 | 2,381,000 | 3,012,000 | 3,484,000 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the eum of the state ostimates because it has been adjueted domnerd for interstate sale of ifvestock, and includee income from some farm productm which is not distributed by etates.

Table :.-Receipto from the sale of principal fam producto, by etates, October, and January-0ctober, $1933-36$


1/ The eatimeted United State cash income is not equal to the rum of the sare ostrmates beoars it hae been adjustod dompard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distrituted by tates.

Table 4.-Government payments and receigts from the sale of principal farm orcducts including government peyments, by steter, January - October 1934-36 and October 1935-36


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the cum of the state estimates because it has been edjusted domamard for interstete sele of livestock, end includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by stetes.
2) Includes $\$ 476,820$ in cancelled checks undistributed by atates.
3) Includes $\$ 20,314$ in cancelled checks undistributed by states.
4) Yinus payments =epresent credits revulting from purchases by farmers of Banchead cotton pool certificetes.

# REVISED ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL Fard products aid government payments by states, jaiduary 1934 -DECEMBER 1936 

The accompanying tables contain the revised estimates from the receipts of principal farm products for each State from January 1934 through December 1936. The 1934 revisions are based both on the production data revised in line with the 1935 census of agriculture and on more complete data regarding the monthly marketing of farm products. The 1935 revisions incorporate the more complete information that has recently become available concerning the year's production, disposition and monthly marketings of the principal farm products. The revised receipts from crops thus cover the two full crop-marketing years beginning with July 1934. The revised receipts from livestock and livestock products cover the calendar years 1934 and 1935. The 1936 figures, while still preliminary, have nevertheless been partially revised to make them more comparable with the 1934 and 1935 revisions of production and sales.

The estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products as contained in the following tables supersede all previous estimates for the January 1934-December 1936 period. A comparison of the revised estimates with the preliminary ones indicates that the changes in the yearly sums resulting from the revision were generally small, and were due chiefly to revisions in the annual production estimates and corresponding changes in the quantities sold. Thus in 1934 there were only five States in which the revised sum of the 12 months' receipts differed from the preliminary yearly total by more than 5 percent. In these five States (South Dakota, Alabama, Montana, Arizona, and Utah) the changes ranged from 6 to 10 percent and were largely due to the inadequate current data on livestock marketings. In 1935, while there was a larger number of States showing a change of more than 5 percent in their revised yearly receipts, in only 5 of these States (North Dakota, Louisiana, Myominç, Arizona, and Nevada) was the change greater than 10 percent, with the largest changes occurring in the last three of the above States where the current indicators of cattle marketings are very meager. Taking each region as a whole, the revised amual estimates for 1934 compered with the preliminary estimates show a change of less than l percent in true of the regions, and of only 1 percent each in the other three rogions. In 1935 the regional changes ranged from leas then 1 percent in the Nortin Atlantic States to 4 percent in the Western States.

The differences between the revised and the preliminery estimetes for some of the individual months are considerably larger than in the yearly totals. This is due largely to the changes in the secsonal movement of the various farm products to market. Current nonthly estimates of receipts are based upon on averege or usucl seasonal novement to market of the various farm products and modified only slightly by the available indicetors pointing to a deperture from the usual seasonal movement. The acturl monthly morketings of the various farm products as they check out at the end of any given year, however, may differ markedly from the average rate of monthly marketings. This was particulorly true in 1934-35 and in 1936 when the abnomel conditions resulting from droughts considerably affected the usual marketing schedules of meny commodities.

The"Governmont payments" figures shom in the following tables represent the payments made to farmers oy the Agricultural Adjustrient Administration. In addition to the rental and benefit payments they also include the cotton option, cotton pool, and cotton price adjustment pajments. The value of Government purchases of cattle, calves, sheep and lambs in the Emergency Drought Purchase Program of 1934-35 have been included in the "Govemment parments" figures rather than in the receipts from livestock because of the difficulty of separating the benefit payments from the purchase price payments. Beginning with October 1936 tise Government payments also included Agricultural Conservation payments.

Table 1 contains the United States estimates of cash income from farm marketings. The estimated United States cash income is not equal to tho sum of the State estimates; first, because the United States cash income includes income from some farm products which, for the lack of data, is not distributed by States. Secondly, the United States cowh income from farm marketings his been acijusted domword for interstate sales of livestock, while no similar adjustment has been made in the State estimates. Whe State tables follow in the order of their usual regional arranement.

- 3 -

Table l.- United States cash income from farm marketings and Government payments, by months,
January 1934 - December 1936


MAINE - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -Decembor $193^{\circ}$


NEV HAMPGIIRE - Reooipte from the salo of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936

| Year and month | Reoelpts from selos |  |  |  | Government payments | $\begin{array}{ll}  \\ : & \text { Total } \\ : & \text { Government } \\ : & \text { payments } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Crops | : Iivestook <br> : and <br> : livestock <br> : produats | Total |  |  |
|  | : | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollats } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 206 | 815 | 1,021 | 1 | 1,022 |
| Feb. | : | 155 | 939 | 1,094 | -.- | 1,094 |
| liar. | : | 206 | 1,000 | 1,206 | --- | 1,206 |
| Apr. | : | 219 | 1,127 | 1,346 | --- | 1,346 |
| hay | : | 121 | 1,040 | 1,161 | --- | 1,161 |
| Junc | : | 129 | 1,098 | 1,227 | --- | 1,227 |
| July | : | 141 | 1,086 | 1,227 | -.- | 1,227 |
| Aug. | : | 252 | 1.072 | 1.324 | 2 | 1,326 |
| Sept. | : | 324 | 1,030 | 1,354 | 8 | 1,362 |
| Oct. | : | 312 | 990 | 1,310 | 1 | 1,311 |
| Nov. | : | 87 | 1,217 | 1.304 | 7 | 1,311 |
| Dec. | : | 114 | 987 | 1,101 | 5 | 1,106 |
| Total |  | 2.266 | 12,409 | 14,675 | 24 | 14,699 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 118 | 885 | 1,006 | 1 | 1,007 |
| Feb . | : | 121 | 944 | 1,065 | 4 | 1,069 |
| liar. | : | 92 | 1.120 | 1,212 | 4 | 1,216 |
| Apr. | : | 64 | 1,158 | 1. 222 | 11 | 1,233 |
| May | : | 44 | 1,357 | 1,401 | 6 | 1,407 |
| June | : | 119 | 1,362 | 1.481 | 2 | 1,483 |
| July | : | 173 | 1,279 | 1.452 | 3 | 1,455 |
| Aug. | : | 281 | 1,361 | 1,642 | 4 | 1,646 |
| Sept. | : | 476 | 1,298 | 1.774 | 2 | 1,776 |
| oct. | : | 373 | 1,342 | 1.715 | 1 | 1,716 |
| Nov. | : | 117 | 1,262 | 1.379 | --- | 1.379 |
| Dec. | : | 70 | 1,143 | 1.213 | 1 | 1,214 |
| Total | : | 2,048 | $1: 514$ | 16.562 | 39 | 16,601 |
| 1936 - : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 79 | 1,062 | 1,141 | --- | 1,141 |
| Feb . | : | 149 | 1,238 | 1,337 | --- | 1,387 |
| Mar. | : | 91 | 1,303 | 1,394 | --- | 1,39't |
| Apr. | : | 35 | 1.448 | 1,483 | 3 | 1,436 |
| May | : | 22 | 1,279 | 1,301 | 3 | 1.301 |
| June | : | 131 | 1,234 | 1,365 | 6 | 1.371 |
| July | : | 171 | 1,184 | 1.355 | 2 | 1,357 |
| Aus. | : | 295 | 1,199 | 1,494 | -- | 1.494 |
| Sept. | : | 359 | 1.135 | 1,494 | --. | 1.494 |
| Oct. | : | 385 | 1.317 | 1,702 | --- | 1.702 |
| liov. | : | 146 | 1,326 | 1,472 | 11 | 1,483 |
| Dec. | : | 117 | 1,163 | 1,280 | 28 | 1,308 |
| Total | : | 1,980 | 14.888 | 16,868 | 50 | 16.918 |

VERiONT - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -Deceraber 1936́

| Year and month | Receipts froin sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Crops | ```: Livesto \(k\) and : livestock products``` | Total | Government payments | : Total <br> : including <br> : Government <br> : payments |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 92 | 1,849 | 1,941 | --- | 1,941 |
| Feb. | : | 110 | 1,818 | 1,928 | --- | 1,928 |
| Mar. | : | 203 | 2,066 | 2,269 | --- | 2,269 |
| Apr. | : | 208 | 2,155 | 2,363 | --- | 2,363 |
| Hay | : | 169 | 2,329 | 2,498 | --- | 2,498 |
| June | : | 120 | 2,341 | 2,461 | --- | 2,461 |
| July | : | 109 | 2,280 | 2,389 | --. | 2,389 |
| Aug. |  | 155 | 2,210 | 2,365 | 2 | 2,36́7 |
| Sept. | : | 287 | 2,169 | 2,456 | 2 | 2,458 |
| Oct. | : | 21:4 | .2,035 | 2,329 | 21 | 2,350 |
| Nov. | : | 127 | 2,123 | 2,250 | 12 | 2,262 |
| Dec. | : | 118 | 2,025 | 2,143 | 1 | 2,144 |
| Total | : | 1,942 | 25,450 | 27,392 | 38 | 27,430 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 95 | 2,119 | 2,214 | 2 | 2,216 |
| Feb. | : | 95 | 2,043 | 2,138 | 10 | 2,148 |
| Mar. | : | 150 | 2,477 | 2,627 | 4 | 2,631 |
| Apr. | : | 136 | 2,642 | 2,778 | 8 | 2,786 |
| May | : | 39 | 3,190 | 3,229 | 8 | 3,237 |
| June | : | 116 | 3,186 | 3,302 | 8 | 3,310 |
| July | : | 153 | 2,600 | 2,753 | 10 | 2,763 |
| Aug. | : | 162 | 2,528 | 2,690 | 4 | 2,694 |
| Sept. | : | 479 | 2,452 | 2,931 | --- | 2,931 |
| Oct. | : | 389 | 2,380 | 2,769 | 6 | 2,775 |
| inov. | : | 209 | 2,342 | 2,551 | 3 | 2,554 |
| Dec. | : | 98 | 2,298 | 2,396 | --- | 2,396 |
| Total |  | 2,121 | 30,257 | 32,378 | 63 | 32,441 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 61 | 2,353 | 2,414 | --- | 2,414 |
| Feb. | : | 136 | 2,535 | 2,671 | --- | 2,671 |
| Mar. | : | 175 | 2,720 | 2,895 | --- | 2,895 |
| Apr. | : | 220 | 2,702 | 2,922 | --- | 2,922 |
| May | : | 44 | 2,883 | 2,932 | --- | 2,932 |
| June | : | 187 | 2,810 | 2,997 | 5 | 3,002 |
| July | : | 113 | 2,601 | 2,714 | 2 | 2,716 |
| Aug. | : | 172 | 2,777 | 2,949 | 3 | 2,952 |
| Sept. | : | 186 | 2,411 | 2,597 | 1 | 2,593 |
| Oct. | : | 449 | 2,447 | 2,896 | 7 | 2,903 |
| Nov. | : | 315 | 2,281 | 2,596 | 73 | 2,669 |
| Dec. |  | 87 | 2,140 | 2,227 | 77 | 2,304 |
| Total |  | 2,145 | 30,665 | 32.810 | 168 | 32,978 |

MASSACHUSETTS - Receipts from the Gale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -December 1936


RHODE ISLAAD - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Covernment payments, by months,

January 1934 - December 1936


CONNECIICUT - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Govermment payments, by months,

January 1934 - December 1936


NHW YORK - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government poyments, by months,

Jenuary 1934 -Dêcemver 1936


IFWH JERSEY - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government pajments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


PEINNSYLVANIA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


IORTH ATLAITIC STATES - Receipts from the sale of principol farm products and Government porments, by mortins, Jonuar: 193t - December 1936


OHIO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -Decomber 1936

| Year and month |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollors } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jon. | 3,691 | 9,841 | 13,532 | 208 | 13,740 |
| Feb. | 3,728 | 9,061 | 12,789 | 53: | 12,042 |
| Mar. | 3,994 | 10,239 | 14,233 | 36 | 14,269 |
| Apr. | 2,353 | 11,124 | 13,477 | 13 | 13,490 |
| May | 2,415 | 12,312 | 14,727 | 35 | 14,762 |
| June | 2,972 | 11,825 | 14,797 | 110 | 14,907 |
| July | 8,102 | 11,566 | 19,668 | 1,940 | 21,608 |
| Aug. | 7,040 | 11,805 | 18,845 | 4,865 | 23,710 |
| Sept. | 7,164 | 13,460 | 20,624 | 680 | 21,304 |
| Oct. | 7,243 | 13,903 | 21,146 | 677 | 21,823 |
| Nov. | 5,108 | 13,650 | 18,758 | 820 | 19,578 |
| Dec. | 4,327 | 13,894 | 18,221 | 2,04't | 20,265 |
| Total | : 58,137 | 142,680 | 200,817 | 11,481 | 212,298 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,647 | 16,590 | 20,237 | 2,116 | 22,353 |
| Feb . | : 3,231 | 13,682 | 16,913 | 1,076 | 17,989 |
| Mar. | : 3,646 | 16,434 | 20,080 | 2,259 | 22,339 |
| Apr. | 4,342 | 18,018 | 22,360 | 1,652 | 24,012 |
| May | 2,841 | 18,715 | 21,556 | 1,265 | 22,821 |
| June | 4,291 | 17,265 | 21,556 | 844 | 22,400 |
| July | 4,223 | 15,556 | 19,779 | 920 | 20,699 |
| Aug. | 10,352 | 16,880 | 27,232 | 998 | 28,230 |
| Sept. | 8,776 | 15,414 | 24,190 | 1,655 | 25,845 |
| Oct. | : 10,119 | 16,925 | 27,044 | 1,544 | 28,530 |
| Nov. | : 5,226 | 15,726 | 20,952 | 725 | 21,677 |
| Dec. | 4,830 | 15,742 | 20,572 | 156 | 20,720 |
| Total | 65,524 | 196,947 | 262,471 | 15,210 | 277,681 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 5,089 | 18,586 | 23,675 | 7 | 23,684 |
| Feb. | : 3,642 | 15,322 | 18,964 | - 1 | 18,963 |
| Mar. | : 4,934 | 15,543 | 20,477 | 543 | 21,020 |
| Apr. | : 3,310 | 16,559 | 19,869 | 891 | 20,760 |
| May | 3,154 | 17,382 | 20,536 | 1,615 | 22,151 |
| June | : 4,161 | 17,666 | 21,527 | 1,726 | 23,553 |
| July | : 11,648 | 16,603 | 28,251 | 443 | 28,694 |
| Aug. | : 9,957 | 16,766 | 26,723 | 333 | 27,056 |
| Sept. | : 8,679 | 17,477 | 26,156 | 115 | 26,271 |
| Oct. | : 7,988 | 18,013 | 26,001 | 391 | 26,392 |
| Nov. | : 7,225 | 17,540 | 24,765 | 745 | 25,510 |
| Dec. | : 8,127 | 18,269 | 26,396 | 1,194 | 27.590 |
| Total | : 77,914 | 205,726 | 283,640 | 8,004 | 291,644 |

II:DIANA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Decemberl936


ILIIFOIS - Reoeipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

Jenuary 1934 - December1936

| Year and month | Crops | LIvestock <br> and <br> livestock <br> products | ales <br> Total | Government paynents | Total <br> including Government payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,295 | 16,602 | 19,897 | $\varepsilon 62$ | 20,759 |
| Feb. | 3,573 | 14,675 | 13,248 | 82 | 18,330 |
| Mar. | 3,809 | 14,553 | 18,362 | 99 | 18,461 |
| Apr. | 2,292 | 15,952 | 18,244 | 39 | 18,233 |
| May | 4,382 | 17,800 | 22,182 | 19 | 22,201 |
| June | 4,463 | 17,079 | 21,542 | 16 | 21,558 |
| July | 20,678 | 15,756 | 36,434 | 50 | 36,484 |
| Aug. | 12,646 | 16,556 | 35,202 | 1,039 | 36,241 |
| Sept. | 7,582 | 17,451 | 25,033 | 5,998 | 31,031 |
| Oct. | 8,591 | 13,194 | 26,785 | 9,720 | 36,505 |
| Nov. | 4,425 | 19,516 | 23,941 | 2,297 | 26,238 |
| Dec. | 3,383 | 20,741 | 24,624 | 1,985 | 26,609 |
| Total | 85,519 | 204,875 | 290,494 | 22,206 | 312,700 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,029 | 25,206 | 28,235 | 5,578 | 33,813 |
| Feb. | 2,878 | 20,187 | 23,065 | 4,571 | 27,636 |
| Mar. | 3,400 | 21,276 | 24,676 | 2,113 | 26,789 |
| Apr. | 5,935 | 23,673 | 29,608 | 5,277 | 34,885 |
| May | 7,200 | 24,574 | 31,774 | 2,105 | 33,379 |
| June | 5,533 | 21,188 | 26,721 | 1,065 | 27,786 |
| July | 9,604 | 20,552 | 30,156 | 540 | 30,696 |
| Aug. | 13,254 | 20,361 | 33,615 | 1,404 | 35,019 |
| Sept. | 8,498 | 19,260 | 27.758 | 3,693 | 31,451 |
| Oct. | 9,033 | 21,497 | 30,530 | 4,752 | 35,282 |
| Nov. | 7,324 | 20,992 | 28,316 | 2,507 | 30,823 |
| Dec. | 5,677 | 24,005 | 29,682 | 405 | $3 \mathrm{c}, 067$ |
| Total | 81,365 | 262,771 | 344,136 | 34,010 | 370,146 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 5,846 | 27.098 | 32,944 | 6 | 32,950 |
| Feb. | 7,244 | 22,267 | 29,511 | - 1 | 29,510 |
| Mar. | 10,428 | 22,134 | 32,562 | 160 | 32,722 |
| Apr. | 7,478 | 23,456 | 30,934 | 3,306 | 34,240 |
| May | 8,066 | 23,692 | 31,758 | 5,434 | 37,192 |
| June | 11,603 | 23,356 | 34,958 | 2,674 | 37.633 |
| July | 26,569 | 24,256 | 50,825 | 712 | 51,537 |
| Aug. | 20,483 | 22,621 | 43,104 | 396 | 43,500 |
| Sept. | 8,935 | 23,211 | 32,146 | 159 | 32,305 |
| oct. | 9,479 | 24,851 | 34,330 | 723 | 35,053 |
| Nov. | 13,188 | 27,982 | 41,170 | 901 | 42,071 |
| Dec.Total | -13,368 | 29.079 | 42, 447 | 1,899 | 44,346 |
|  | 142,687 | 294,003 | 436,690 | 16,369 | 453,059 |

MICHIGAN - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -Decemler 1936

| Year and month | Receipts froun sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Crops | Livestoc and livestoc products | : Total | Government payments | Total <br> including <br> Government <br> payments |
|  | : | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollırs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { doll ars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 - : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 3,614 | 6,131 | 9,745 | 156 | 9,901 |
| Feb . | : | 3,635 | 6,192 | 9,827 | 40 | 9,867 |
| Mar. | : | 4,052 | 6,724 | 10,776 | 15 | 10,791 |
| Apr. | : | 3,321 | 7,625 | 10,946 | 11 | 10,957 |
| May | : | 2,750 | 8,452 | 11,202 | 5 | 11,207 |
| June | : | 2,656 | 8,077 | 10,733 | 2 | 10,735 |
| July | : | 3,629 | 7,800 | 11,429 | 2 | 11,431 |
| Aug. | : | 5,245 | 7,666 | 12,911 | 46 | 12,957 |
| Sept. | :; | 5,717 | 8,052 | 13,769 | 462 | 14,231 |
| Oct. | : | 9,623 | 8,750 | 18,373 | 1, 009 | 19,382 |
| llov. | : | 4,873 | 8,166 | 13,039 | 371 | 13,410 |
| Dec. | : | 4,864 | 7,980 | 12,844 | 2.45 | 13,089 |
| Total | : | 53,979 | 91,615 | 145.594 | 2,304 | 147,958 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 2,845 | 8,832 | 11,677 | 402 | 12,079 |
| Feb . | : | 2,921 | 8,042 | 10,963 | 590 | 11,553 |
| Mar. | : | 2,569 | 8,665 | 11, 234 | 618 | 11,852 |
| Apr. | : | 2,451 | 10,401 | 12,852 | 638 | 13,490 |
| May | : | 2,252 | 11,265 | 13,517 | 688 | 14,205 |
| June | : | 3,347 | 9,910 | 13,257 | 268 | 13,525 |
| July | : | 3,020 | 9,361 | 12,381 | 175 | 12,556 |
| Aug. | : | 5,160 | 8,844 | 14,004 | 294 | 14,298 |
| Sept. | : | 5,737 | 9,738 | 15,475 | 346 | 15,821 |
| Oct. | : | 10,040 | 10,422 | 20,462 | 596 | 21,058 |
| Nov. | : | 5,996 | 9,462 | 15,458 | 447 | 15,905 |
| Dec. | : | 4,436 | 10,240 | 14,676 | 1.087 | 15,763 |
| Total | : | 50,774 | 115,182 | 165,956 | 6,149 | 172,105 |
| 1936 - : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $J$ an. | : | 3,103 | 9,627 | 12,730 | --- | 12,730 |
| Feb . | : | 3,000 | 8,790 | 11,790 | -- | 11,790 |
| Mar. | : | 3,734 | 9,434 | 13,168 | 323 | 13,491 |
| Apr. | : | 3,057 | 10,783 | 13,340 | 378 | 14,218 |
| May | : | 3,054 | 11,406 | 14,460 | 209 | 14,669 |
| June | : | 3,802 | 11,864 | 15,666 | 568 | 16,234 |
| July | : | 5,444 | 10,620 | 16,064 | 86 | 16,150 |
| Aug. | : | 7.288 | 10,911 | 18,199 | 60 | 18,259 |
| Sept. | : | 5,881 | 11,558 | 17,439 | 25 | 17,464 |
| Oct. | : | 9,891 | 11,782 | 21,673 | 298 | 21,971 |
| Nov. | : | 6,773 | 11,395 | 18,173 | 292 | 18,465 |
| Dec. | : | 6,180 | 11,628 | 17,808 | 318 | 18,126 |
| Total | : | 61,212 | 129,798 | 191,010 | 2.557 | 193,567 |

WISCONSIN - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -December 1936


EAST NORTH CENTBAL STATES - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Govermment payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936

| Year and months | Receipts from sales |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Govermment |  |
|  | : | : and |  | payments | including |
|  | Crops | : livestock | Total |  | Government |
|  | : | : products |  |  | payments |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 14,790 | 52,189 | 66,979 | 1,559 | 68,538 |
| Feb . | 14,930 | 49,747 | 64,677 | 260 | 64,937 |
| Mar. | : 15,527 | 53,462 | 68,989 | 198 | 69,187 |
| Apr. | : 10,797 | 57,719 | 68,516 | 91 | 68,607 |
| May | : 12,387 | 64,414 | 76,801 | 84 | 76,885 |
| June | 12,797 | 62,812 | 75,609 | 357 | 75,966 |
| July | 47,295 | 58,528 | 105,823 | 3,298 | 109,12. |
| Aug. | : 40,456 | 60,755 | 101,211 | 11,342 | 112,553 |
| Sept. | : 30,326 | 64,095 | 94,421 | 13,160 | 107,581 |
| Oct. | : 31,940 | 68,667 | 100,607 | 14,157 | 114,764 |
| Nov. | : 19,784 | 69,671 | 89,455 | 4,779 | 94,234 |
| Dec. | : $\quad 17,494$ | 70,512 | 88,006 | 8,166 | 96,172 |
| Total | : 258,523 | 732,571 | 1,001,094 | 57, 451 | 1,058,545 |
| 1935- | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 13,577 | 81,918 | 95,495 | 12,440 | 107,935 |
| Feb . | : 12,780 | 69,912 | 82,692 | 7,505 | 90,197 |
| Mar. | : 13,228 | 77,754 | 90,982 | 10,363 | 101,345 |
| Apr. | : 16,885 | 86,547 | 103,432 | 10,804 | 114,236 |
| May | : 15,372 | 91,959 | 107,331 | 4,948 | 112,279 |
| June | : 17,284 | 82,017 | 99,301 | 3,027 | 102,328 |
| July | : 24,562 | 76,448 | 101,010 | 2,583 | 103,593 |
| Aug. | : 39,565 | 78,262 | 117,827 | 6,144 | 123,971 |
| Sept. | : 32,158 | 75,739 | 107,897 | 8,986 | 116,883 |
| Oct. | : 35,533 | 84,648 | 120,181 | 8,187 | 128,368 |
| Nov. | : 23,877 | 79,269 | 103,146 | 4,871 | 108,017 |
| Dec. | : | 84,782 | 105,595 | 1,913 | 107,508 |
| Total | : 265,634 | 969,255 | 1,234,889 | 81,771 | 1,316,660 |
| 1936- | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 19,477 | 90,491 | 109,968 | 28 | 109,996 |
| Feb. | 18,797 | 79,827 | 98,624 | - 6 | 98,618 |
| Mar. | : 24,510 | 82,309 | 106,819 | 1,169 | 107,988 |
| Apr. | : 18,227 | 89,357 | 107,584 | 4,975 | 112,559 |
| May | : 18,474 | 90,925 | 109,399 | 11,271 | 120,670 |
| June | : 23,272 | 93,191 | 116,463 | 8,556 | 125,019 |
| July | : 59,588 | 89,450 | 149,038 | 1,782 | 150,820 |
| Aug. | : 50,737 | 88,430 | 139,167 | 1,050 | 140,217 |
| Sept. | : 35,039 | 91,840 | 126,879 | 415 | 127,294 |
| Oct. | : 35,645 | 97,597 | 133,242 | 2,011 | 135,253 |
| Nov. | : 34,900 | 98,877 | 133,777 | 3,172 | 136,949 |
| Dec. | : $\quad 35.773$ | 101,869 | 137,642 | 5,122 | 142,764 |
| Total | : 374.439 | 1,094,163 | 1,468,602 | 39.545 | 1,508,147 |

MINESOTA - Receipts from the sale of principol farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -December 1936


IOWA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


| Year and month | : Crops | ```Livestock and livestock: products``` | Total | Government payments | Total <br> including <br> Government <br> payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 2,492 | 3,075 | 10,567 | 588 | 11,155 |
| Feb. | 1,828 | 7,862 | 9,690 | 219 | 9,909 |
| Mar. | 1,431 | 8,464 | 9,895 | 84 | 9,979 |
| Apr. | 1,963 | 10,092 | 12,055 | 38 | 12,093 |
| May | 2,418 | 12,294 | 14,712 | 35 | 14,747 |
| June | 2,377 | 11,545 | 13,922 | 1,100 | 15,022 |
| July | 6,176 | 12,589 | 18,765 | 2,339 | 21,104 |
| Aug. | 2,116 | 11,275 | 13.391 | 5,595 | 18,986 |
| Sept. | 5,046 | 12,280 | 17,326 | 6,115 | 23,441 |
| oct. | 8.412 | 12,249 | 20,661 | 3,852 | 24,513 |
| Nov. | 4,783 | 12,036 | 16,824 | 1,709 | 18,533 |
| Dec. | 3,546 | 10,930 | 14,476 | 2,466 | 16,942 |
| Total | 42,593 | 129.691 | 172,234 | 24.140 | 196,424 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 1,031 | 11,803 | 12,834 | 3,332 | 16,166 |
| Feb. | 853 | 11.638 | 12,491 | 2,111 | 14,602 |
| War. | 660 | 12,112 | 12,772 | 4,124 | 16,896 |
| Apr. | 1,090 | 15,962 | 17,052 | 2,2,8 | 19,310 |
| May | 1,615 | 17,185 | 18,800 | 906 | 19,706 |
| June | 648 | 15,742 | 16,390 | 484 | 16,874 |
| July | 2,879 | 15,191 | 18,070 | 1,257 | 19,327 |
| Aug. | 4,989 | 16,226 | 21,215 | 2,462 | 23,677 |
| Sept. | 3,546 | 17.504 | 21.050 | 1,928 | 22:976 |
| Oct. | 5,736 | 19,578 | 25,514 | 2,021 | 27:535 |
| Nov. | 4,74.8 | 18,139 | 22,807 | 1,6I2 | 24,499 |
| Dec. | 4.352 | 17,777 | 22,129 | 902 | 23,031 |
| Total | 32,347 | 108,357 | 221,204 | 23,397 | 244,601 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 1,598 | 17.776 | 19,374 | 75 | 19,449 |
| Feb . | 1,346 | 12,375 | 14,221 | --- | 14,221 |
| Mar. | 1,330 | 12,376 | 13,708 | 318 | 14,026 |
| Apr. | 1,171 | 15,395 | 17,066 | 740 | 17,806 |
| May | 1,554 | 15,405 | 17,039 | 3,806 | 20,045 |
| June | 2,618 | 15.503 | 18.181 | 3,224 | 21,405 |
| July | 9,84.1 | 15,372 | 25,213 | 1,036 | 26,251 |
| nug. | 3,417 | 18,908 | 22.. 225 | 293 | 22,623 |
| Sept. | 4,2:2 | 18,976 | 23. ${ }^{2}$ | 109 | 2, 4337 |
| Oct. | ع,986 | 19,512 | 28-. 98 | 301 | 25, 079 |
| Nov. | 6,350 | 19,118 | 25,468 | 372 | 25,860 |
| Dec. | : 5,161 | 17.795 | 22,956 | 773 | 23,729 |
| Total | : 47.66 L | 199.653 | 247217 | 13.214 | 258527 |

NORTH DAKOTA - Roceipts from the salo of principal fari products and Government pajments, by months, January 1934 -Decemoer 1936


SOUTH DAKOTA - Reccipts frou the sale of princtpal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 - December 1936

| Year and month | : | $\begin{aligned} & - \text { Recei } \\ & \text { Crops } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s from sales } \\ & \text { Livestock } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { livestock: } \\ & \text { products }: \end{aligned}$ | Total | Government payments | Total including Convernment poyments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| ${ }^{1934}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : | 556 | 2,913 | 3,469 | 2,145 | 5,614 |
| r'eb. | : | 689 | 2,631 | 3,320 | 424 | 3,744 |
| Mar. | : | 640 | 2,909 | 3,549 | 157 | 3,706 |
| Apr. | : | - 4.59 | 3,17i | 3,640 | 93 | 3,738 |
| May | : | 391 | 3.983 | 4.379 | 55 | 4,434 |
| June | : | 311 | 4,106 | 4,417 | 246 | 4,663 |
| July | : | 719 | 4,316 | 5,035 | 3,208 | 8,243 |
| Aug. | : | 1,196 | 3,896 | 5,092 | 7,663 | 22,760 |
| Sept. | : | 719 | 4.747 | 5,466 | 4,837 | 10,303 |
| Oct. | : | 519 | 4,302 | 4,821 | 3,206 | 8,027 |
| Nov. | : | 328 | 3,928 | 4,256 | 3,470 | 7,726 |
| Dec. |  | 242 | 3,781 | 4,023 | 1,737 | 5,760 |
| Total |  | 6.779 | 4.4,688 | 51,4ó7 | 27,251 | 78,718 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| $J$, | : | 300 | 3,516 | 3,816 | 2,794 | 6,610 |
| $\mathrm{F} \in \mathrm{b}$. | : | 146 | 3,397 | 3,543 | 1,342 | 4,885 |
| Mar. | : | 229 | 3,177 | 3:406 | 1,235 | 4,642 |
| Apr. | : | 307 | 3,611 | 3.918 | 2,090 | 6,008 |
| May | : | 388 | 3,749 | 4,137 | 572 | 4,709 |
| June | : | 391 | 4,259 | 4,650 | 248 | 4,898 |
| July | : | 585 | 4,114 | 4,699 | 164 | 4,863 |
| Aug, | : | 4,232 | 4,014 | 3,246 | 603 | 8,849 |
| Sept. | : | 5.985 | 5,489 | 11,474 | 1,803 | 13,282 |
| Oct. | : | 4,397 | 6,589 | 10,986 | 3.062 | 14,048 |
| Nov. | : | 2,737 | 5,636 | 8,373 | 2,862 | 11,235 |
| Dec. |  | 2.272 | 6,090 | 8,362 | 519 | 8,881 |
| Total |  | 21,969 | 53.641 | 75,610 | 17,300 | 92,910 |
| 1936 - | :- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 1,796 | 5,870 | 7,656 | 9 | 7,675 |
| Feb. | : | 814 | 3,932 | 4,746 | -- | 4.746 |
| Mar. | : | 2,623 | 4.733 | 7,356 | 300 | 7,656 |
| Apr. | ; | 1,743 | 5,1983 | 6,941 | 372 | 7,313 |
| May | : | 1.752 | 4.925 | 6,673 | 1,890 | 8,568 |
| June | : | 90\%, | 7.059 | 7,963 | 3,479 | 11,442 |
| July | : | 762 | 7,076 | 7.838 | 903 | 8,741 |
| Aug. | : | 1,425 | 9,029 | 10,1454 | 381 | 10,835 |
| Sept. | : | 1,316 | 8,164 | 9,480 | 221 | 9.701 |
| Oct. | : | 1,157 | 8,364 | 9,521 | 345 | 9,866 |
| Nov. | : | 769 | 7,861 | 8,630 | 249 | 8,879 |
| Dec. | : | 681 | 6,232 | 6.813 | 1,637 | 8,550 |
| Total | : | 15,742 | 78,444 | 94,186 | 9,786 | 103,972 |

NEBRASKA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -Docember 1936


KINSAS - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


DELAMARE - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and
Government payments, by months,
J onuary 1934 - December 1936


# MARYLAND - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, <br> January 1934 - Docamber 1936 

| Year and month | : | Receipts from sales |  |  | Government payments | Total including Government payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Crops | Livestock and <br> : livestock <br> : products | Total |  |  |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 629 | 1,761 | 2,390 | 29 | 2,419 |
| Feb . | : | 349 | 1,720 | 2,069 | 21 | 2,090 |
| Mar. | : | 506 | 1,991 | 2,497 | 7 | 2,504 |
| Apr. | : | 399 | 2,196 | 2,595 | 3 | 2,598 |
| May | : | 1,316 | 2,481 | 3,797 | 26 | 3,823 |
| June | : | 2,835 | 2,169 | 5,304 | 14 | 5,318 |
| July | : | 8,375 | 2,284 | 10.659 | 7 | 10,666 |
| Aug. | : | 4,190 | 2,251 | 6,4:4 | 52 | 6,493 |
| Sept. | : | 1,810 | 2,283 | 4.093 | 217 | 4,310 |
| oct. | : | 1,764 | 2,286 | 4,050 | 531 | 4,581 |
| Nov. | : | 1,172 | 2,305 | 3,537 | 75 | 3,612 |
| Dec. |  | 825 | 2,526 | 3,351 | 85 | 3,436 |
| Total |  | 24,170 | 26,613 | 50,783 | 1,067 | 51,850 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 333 | 2,117 | 2,450 | 109 | 2,559 |
| Feb. | : | 382 | 2,042 | 2,424 | 103 | 2,527 |
| Mar. | : | 546 | 2,518 | 3,06゙4 | 23 | 3,087 |
| Apr. | : | 603 | 2,911 | 3,514 | 103 | 3,617 |
| May | : | 1,808 | 3,256 | 5,064 | 22 | 5,086 |
| June | : | 3,520 | 3,023 | 6,548 | 41 | 6,589 |
| July | : | 8,098 | 2,697 | 10,795 | 50 | 10,845 |
| Aug. | : | 4,551 | 2,710 | 7,261 | 52 | 7,313 |
| Sept. | : | 2,124 | 2,858 | 4,982 | 230 | 5,212 |
| Oct. | : | 2,154 | 2,832 | 4.986 | 402 | 5,388 |
| Nov. | : | 1,355 | 2,912 | 4,267 | 173 | 4,440 |
| Dec. |  | 829 | 3,024 | 3,853 | 29 | 3,881 |
| Total |  | 26,303 | 32,905 | 59,203 | 1,336 | 60,544 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 523 | 2,295 | 2,818 | 2 | 2,820 |
| Feb . | : | 403 | 2,173 | 2.576 | --- | 2,576 |
| Mar. | : | 542 | 2.340 | 2,882 | 45 | 2,927 |
| Apr. | : | 629 | 2,681 | 3,310 | 135 | 3,445 |
| May | : | 1,376 | 3,379 | 4,755 | 185 | 4,941 |
| June | : | 3,613 | 2,903 | 6,516 | 141 | 6,657 |
| July | : | 12,041 | 2,762 | 14,803 | 76 | 14,879 |
| Aug. | : | 4,637 | 2,656 | 7,293 | 47 | 7,340 |
| Sept. | : | 2,436 | 2,825 | 5,261 | 13 | 5,274 |
| Oct. |  | 2,051 | 2,876 | 4,927 | 78 | 5,005 |
| Nov. |  | 1, 543 | 3.226 | 4,769 | 89 | 4,858 |
| Dec. |  | 1,501 | 3.422 | 4.923 | 326 | 5,249 |
| Total | : | 31.295 | 33,538 | 64,833 | 1,133 | 65.971 |

VIRGINIA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - December 1936


WEST VIRGINIA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 - Daramber 1936

| Year and month | : | Rec <br> Crops | ipts from sa <br> Livestock : and <br> : livestock <br> : products | les <br> Total | $:$  <br> Total  <br> ayments  <br> $\vdots$ including <br>  Government <br> payments  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 620 | 1,261 | 1,881 | 3 | 1,884 |
| Feb. | : | 517 | 1,304 | 1,821 | 4 | 1,825 |
| Mar. | : | 342 | 1,291 | 1,633 | 2 | 1,635 |
| Apr. | : | 207 | 1,448 | 1,555 | 1 | 1,656 |
| May | : | 628 | 1,586 | 2,214 | 30 | 2,244 |
| June | : | 461 | 1,579 | 2,040 | 10 | 2,050 |
| July | : | 1460 | 1,799 | 2,259 | 13 | 2,277 |
| Aug. | : | 448 | 2,222 | 2,670 | 36 | 2,706 |
| Sept. | : | 795 | 2.443 | 3,233 | 25 | 3,263 |
| Oct. | : | 1,626 | 2,379 ... | 4,005 | 42 | 4,047 |
| Nov. | : | 682 | 1,805 | 2,487 | 47 | 2,534 |
| Dec. | : | 494 | 1,766 | 2,260 | 39 | 2,299 |
| Total | : | 7,280 | 20,083 | 28,163 | 257 | 28.420 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 363 | 1,515 | 1,878 | 34 | 1,912 |
| Feb. | : | 24.3 | 1,577 | 1,820 | 79 | 1,899 |
| Mar. | : | 198 | 1,630 | 1,878 | 18 | 1,896 |
| ipr. | : | 142 | 1,963 | 2,105 | 63 | 2,168 |
| May | : | 700 | 2,063 | 2.763 | 42 | 2.805 |
| June | ; | 442 | 2,054 | 2,506 | 20 | 2,526 |
| July | : | 643 | 2,309 | 2.952 | 45 | 2,997 |
| Aug. | : | 386 | 2,960 | 3,346 | 7 | 3,353 |
| Sept. | : | 761 | 3.134 | 3,895 | 16 | 3.911 |
| Oct. | : | 1,670 | 3,046 | 4,716 | 86 | 4,802 |
| Nov. | : | 776 | 2,151 | 2.927 | 69 | 2.996 |
| Dec. |  | 643 | 2,113 | 2.756 | 15 | 2,711 |
| Total |  | 6,967 | 26,575 | 33.542 | 494 | 34,036 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 394 | 2,062 | 2,456 | --- | 2,456 |
| Feb. | : | 313 | 1,762 | 2,075 | -- | 2,075 |
| Mar. | : | 343 | 1,504 | 1,847 | 5 | 1,852 |
| Apr. | : | 202 | 1.706 | 1,903 | 1 | 1,909: |
| May | : | 559 | 1,912 | 2.471 | 40 | 2,511. |
| June | : | 554 | 2,215 | 2.769 | 30 | 2,799 |
| July | : | 578 | 2,566 | 3,144 | 17 | 3,161 |
| Aug. | : | 412 | 2,642 | 3.054 | 21 | 3.075 |
| Sept. | ! | 783 | 2,690 | 3.473 | 8 | 3,481 |
| Oct. | : | 1,204 | 3,547 | 4,751 | 29 | 4.780 |
| Nov. | : | 748 | 2,457 | 3.205 | 22. | 3,227 |
| Dec. |  | 200 | 2,297 | 2.997 | 20 | 3.017 |
| Total | : | 6.790 | 27.360 | 34.150 | 193 | 34.343 |

IORTH CAROLINA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Goverrment payments, by months, January 1934 - December 1936

| Year and month |  | ipts from | ales |  | Total <br> including <br> Government <br> payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crops | Livestock and livestock products | Total | Government payments |  |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 8,652 | 1,425 | 10,077 | 1,382 | 11,459 |
| Feb. | 5,863 | 1,389 | 7,252 | 541 | 7,793 |
| liar. | 5,692 | 1,474 | 7,166 | 168 | 7,334 |
| Apr. | 4,797 | 1,507 | 6,304 | 1,622 | 7,926 |
| May | 5,561 | 1,534 | 7,095 | 2,658 | 9,753 |
| June | 6,761 | 1,582 | 8,343 | 1, 855 | 10,198 |
| July | 3,669 | 1,507 | 5,176 | 1,211 | 6,387 |
| Aug. | 16,686 | 1,659 | 18,345 | 314 | 18,659 |
| Sept. | 47,677 | 1,889 | 49,566 | 278 | 49,844 |
| Oct. | 54,750 | 2,092 | 56,842 | 628 | 57,470 |
| Nov. | 24,328 | 2,226 | 26,554 | 1,295 | 27,849 |
| Dec. | 8,895 | 2,348 | 11,243 | 627 | 11,870 |
| Total | 193,331 | 20,632 | 213,963 | 12,579 | 226,542 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 4,373 | 1,606 | 5,979 | 787 | 6,766 |
| Feb . | 3,858 | 1,582 | 5,440 | - 316 | 5,124 |
| Mar. | 4,720 | 1,755 | 6,475 | 5,304 | 11,779 |
| Apr. | 3,078 | 1,995 | 5,073 | 1,563 | 6,636 |
| May | 5,870 | 1,952 | 7,822 | 388 | 8,210 |
| June | 5,815 | 1,778 | 7,593 | 1,496 | 9,089 |
| July | 2,615 | 1,657 | 4,272 | 410 | 4,682 |
| Aug. | 13,939 | 1,953 | 15,892 | 386 | 16,278 |
| Sept. | 35,349 | 2,248 | 37,597 | 1,536 | 39,133 |
| Oct. | 52,619 | 2,487 | 55,106 | 1,115 | 56,221 |
| Nov. | 33,453 | 2,665 | 36,118 | 1,534 | 37,652 |
| Dec. | 9,253 | 2,578 | 11,831 | 1,929 | 13,760 |
| Total | 174,942 | 24,256 | 198,198 | 16,132 | 215,330 |
| 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 8,426 | 1,852 | 10,278 | 90 | 10,368 |
| Feb . | 3,969 | 1,758 | 5,727 | - 2 | 5,725 |
| Mar. | 3,686 | 1,825 | 5,511 | 679 | 6,190 |
| Apr. | 3,000 | 1,961 | 4,961 | -71 | 4,890 |
| May | 3,961 | 1,963 | 5,924 | 361 | 6,285 |
| June | 7,815 | 1,921 | 9,736 | 1,187 | 10,923 |
| July | 3,949 | 1,808 | 5,757 | 1,112 | 6,869 |
| Aus. | 6,102 | 2,026 | 8,128 | 278 | 8,406 |
| Sept. | 33,814 | 2,160 | 35,974 | 156 | 36,130 |
| Oct.. | 54,890 | 2,587 | 57,477 | 111 | 57,588 |
| Nov. | 28,048 | 3,081 | 31,129 | 152 | 31,281 |
| Dec. | 13,091 | 2,965 | 16,056 | 249 | 16,305 |
| Total | 170,751 | 25,907 | 196,658 | 4,303 | 200,960 |

SOUTH CAROLINA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

Jenuary 1934 - December $1930^{\circ}$

| Year and month | Crops | Livestock  <br> and Totel <br> livestock  <br> products  |  | Government payments | Total <br> including Government payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollers } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1934- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 2,943 | 608 | 3, oll | 2,395 | 6,000 |
| Feb. | 4,717 | 092 | 5,409 | 923 | ¢, 332 |
| war. | 3,499 | 760 | 4,259 | 239 | 4,498 |
| Apr. | 5,042 | 702 | 5,804 | 914 | 6,718 |
| way | 2,025 | 771 | 3,590 | 1,386 | 4,982 |
| June | 3,026 | 688 | 3,714 | 1,681 | 5,395 |
| July | 4,004 | 043 | 4,707 | 277 | 4,984 |
| Aug. | 8,022 | 079 | 8,701 | 218 | 8,919 |
| Sept. | 13,889 | $81{ }^{\circ}$ | 14,705 | 116 | 14,821 |
| Oct. | 12,304 | 936 | 13,240 | 1,164 | 14,404 |
| Nov. | 8,734 | 1,101 | 9,835 | 1,252 | 11,087 |
| Dec. | 4,643 | 1,210 | 5,853 | 892 | -,745 |
| Total | 73, 708 | 9,726 | 83,434 | 11,457 | 94,891 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 2,098 | $780^{\circ}$ | 3,484 | 1,112 | 4,596 |
| Feb. | 3,744 | 825 | 4,569 | - 125 | 4,444 |
| war. | 3,304 | 959 | 4,263 | 1,095 | 5,358 |
| Apr. | 4,029 | 1,040 | 5,069 | 155 | 5,224 |
| hay. | 2,427 | 1,038 | 3,405 | 1,997 | 5,402 |
| June | 2,175 | 912 | 3,087 | 97 | 3,184 |
| July | 2,847 | 808 | 3,055 | 76 | 3,731 |
| Alig. | 10,302 | 917 | 11,219 | 314 | 11,533 |
| Sept. | 14,555 | 1,059 | 15, 514 | 602 | 10,210 |
| oct. | 13,419 | 1,143 | 14,562 | 1,028 | 10,190 |
| Nov. | 10,064 | 1,259 | 11,323 | 310 | 11,033 |
| Dec. | 5,547 | 1, 314 | 0,861 | 1,825 | 8,680 |
| Iotal | 75,111 | 12,000 | 87,171 | 9,080 | 96,257 |
| 1930 - $\vdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,822 | 725 | 4,547 | --- | 4,547 |
| Feo. | 3,314 | 735 | 4,049 | - 2 | 4,047 |
| inar. | 3,005 | 810 | 3,875 | 385 | 4,200 |
| Apr. | 2,430 | 863 | 3,293 | 142 | 3,435 |
| wey | 3,248 | 920 | 4,174 | 899 | 5,073 |
| June | 2,952 | 830 | 3,782 | 1,143 | 4,925 |
| July | 1,758 | '20' | 2,484 | 874 | 3,358 |
| Aus. | 5,507 | 741 | -, 248 | 107 | -, 415 |
| Sept. | 15,585 | 939 | 10,524 | 27 | 16,551 |
| oct. | 10,902 | 1,190 | 18,092 | - 190 | 17,902 |
| Nov. | 10,734 | 1,527 | 12,201 | 7 | 12,268 |
| Dec. | 6,772 | 1,010 | 8,382 | 132 | 8,514 |
| Total | 76,089 | 11,022 | \%7,711 | 3,584 | 91,295 |

GEORGIA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 ~ Dececber 1936


FIOSIDA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934-Dccombor 1936


SUUTH ATLAITIC STATES - Receipts from the salc of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 - Decomber 1936


KENTUCKY - Receipts from the salc of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 19.34 - Docember 1936

| Year and month | Receipts from sales |  | : Government <br> : payments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : Crops | ilivestock:  <br> : and  <br> : Iivestock : Total  <br> :products :  |  | Total including Government payments |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 1,000 <br> dollars dollars | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1934 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 15.373 | 2,135 17,508 | 66 | 17,574 |
| Feb. | : 11,624 | 1,997 13,621 | 11 | 13,632 |
| Mar. | : 4,233 | 2,292 6,525 | 8 | 6,533 |
| Apr. | 1,183 | $2,881 \quad 4.064$ | 3 | 4,067 |
| May | 1,018 | 3.888 4.906 | 727 | 5,633 |
| June | 856 | 4,204 5,060 | 1,199 | 6,259 |
| July | 1,979 | $4.076 \quad 6.055$ | 278 | 6.333 |
| Aug. | 1,084 | 4.323 5.407 | 367 | 5,774 |
| Sept. | 1,423 | 4,815 6,238 | 207 | 6,445 |
| oct. | 908 | 4,668 5.576 | 1,564 | 7,140 |
| Nov. | 620 | 4.106 4,726 | 326 | 5.052 |
| Dec. | 9,063 | $3.446 \quad 12,509$ | 328 | 12,837 |
| Total | :-49.364 | $42.831-92.195$ | 5.084 | 97,279 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 22,833 | 3,376 26,209 | 2,308 | 28,517 |
| Feb . | 5,181 | 3.262 8,443 | 1,982 | 10.425 |
| Mar. | 1,515 | 4,024 5,539 | 507 | 6,046 |
| Apr. | 1,254 | $5.076 \quad 6,330$ | 500 | 6,830 |
| May | 1,636 | 5,277 6,913 | 1,768 | 8,681 |
| June | 980 | $6.018 \quad 6,998$ | 2,694 | 9,692 |
| July | 1,047 | 6,265 7,312 | 666 | 7.973 |
| Alug. | 970 | 6,410 7,380 | 501 | 7,881 |
| Sept. | 1,322 | 6,292 7,614 | 1,758 | 9,372 |
| Oct. | 845 | 5,782 6,627 | 1.165 | 7,792 |
| Nov. | : 545 | $4.501 \quad 5.046$ | 1,083 | 6,129 |
| Dec. | : . 18.430 | 3,836 $\quad 22,266$ | -360 | 22,626 |
| Total | : $-56,553$ | 60,119 116,677 | 15,292 | 131,969 |
| 1936 - | - 56. |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 14,190 | 4.431 18,621 | 39 | 18,660 |
| $F \in \mathrm{~b}$. | : 2,828 | 3,731 6,559 | - 2 | 6,557 |
| Mar. | : 1,489 | $3.892 \quad 5.381$ | 55 | 5,436 |
| Apr. | : 763 | 4,503 5,266 | 191 | 5.397 |
| May | : 960 | $5.484 \quad 6,444$ | 247 | 6,691 |
| June | : 1.056 | $7.949 \quad 9.005$ | 859 | 9,864 |
| July | : 3.363 | $5.467 \quad 8.830$ | 716 | 9,546 |
| Aug. | : 1,493 | 6,519 8,012 | 309 | 8,321 |
| Scpt. | : 1,584 | 5,635 7,219 | $74{ }^{\prime}$ | 7.963 |
| Oct. | 932 | 5,822 6,754 | 490 | 7,214 |
| Nov. | : 995 | 5,027 6,022 | 332 | 6,354 |
| Dec. | :_ 26,016 | $4.153 \ldots 30,169$ | 588 | 30,757 |
| Total | : 55,669 | 62,613 118,282 | 4,508 | 122,790 |

TENAESSEE - FOceints irom the sale of principal farm produets and Ewvermment paymonts, by months,

January 1934 - Decamion 1936


ALABAMi - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Dećambor 1936

|  | : 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | gollars | dollars |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1934 \text { Jan. } \\ \text { J. } \end{array}$ | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | $: 3.492$ | 1,102 | 4.594 | 2,534 | 7,128 |
| Feb. | : 4,031 | 1,185 | 5,216 | 1,095 | 6,311 |
| Mar. | : 6,981 | 1,019 | 8,000 | 266 | 8,266 |
| Apr. | : 7,663 | 1.033 | 8,696 | 118 | 8,814 |
| May | : 6,538 | 1,249 | 7.787 | 1,040 | 8,827 |
| June | : 2,921 | 949 | 3,870 | 2,085 | 5,955 |
| July | : 3,703 | 933 | 4,636 | 404 | 5,040 |
| Aug. | : 2,376 | 932 | 3,308 | 515 | 3,823 |
| Sept. | : 11,480 | 1,283 | 12.763 | 105 | 12,868 |
| Oct. | : 14,559 | 1,393 | 15.952 | 1,808 | 17,760 |
| Nov. | : 10,006 | 1,374 | 11,380 | 1,598 | 12,978 |
| Dec. | : 7,124 | 971 | 8,095 | 1,232 | 9,327 |
| Total | : 80,874 | 13,423 | 94,297 | 12,800 | 107,097 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 3.428 | 1,304 | 4,732 | 1,641 | 6,373 |
| Feb. | : 3,419 | 1,190 | 4,609 | 1,641 $-\quad 34$ | $4,575$ |
| Mar. | : 6,198 | 1,566 | 7,764 | 105 | 7:,869 |
| Apr. | : 4,996 | 1,959 | 6,955 | 165 | 7,120 |
| May | : 4,798 | 1,895 | 6,693 | 1,104 | 7,797 |
| June | : 2.096 | 1,672 | 3,768 | 1,119 | 4,887 |
| July | : 2,594 | 1,323 | 3.917 | 417 | 4,334 |
| Aug. | : 3,182 | 1,420 | 4,602 | 662 | 5,264 |
| Sept. | : 13,185 | 1,568 | 14.753 | 479 | 15,232 |
| Oct. | : 15,565 | 1,737 | 17,302 | 1,837 | 19,139 |
| Nav. | : 12.740 | 2,074 | 14.814 | 1,053 | 15,867 |
| Dec. | : $4.4,592$ | 2.107 | 6,699 | 2,870 | 9,569 |
| 1936 - | : 76,793 | 19,815 | 96,608 | 11,418 | 108,026 |
| 1936 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 6,514 | 1,753 | 8,267 |  |  |
| Feb . | : 2,981 | 1,827 | 4,808 | 96 $-\quad 2$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,363 \\ & 4,806 \end{aligned}$ |
| Mar. | : 3,517 | 1,323 | 4,840 | 905 | 5,745 |
| Apr. | : 1,456 | 1,543 | 2,999 | 587 | 3,586 |
| May | : 3,211 | 1,655 | 4,866 | 621 | 5,487 |
| June | : 3,344 | 1,399 | 4,743 | 1,960 | 6,703 |
| July | : 1,680 | 1,330 | 3,010 | 1,492 | 4,502 |
| Aug. | : 2,388 | 1,529 | 3,917 | 304 | 4,221 |
| Sept. Oct. | : 13.865 | 1,672 | 15,537 | 160 | 15,697 |
| Nov. | : 19,673 | 1,586 | 21,259 | - 154 | 21,105 |
| Nov. | : 11,690 | 2,281 | 13,971 | 29 | 14,000 |
| Dec. | 6,952 | 2,183 | 9,135 | 548 | 9,683 |
| d | 77,271 | 20,081 | 97,352 | 6,546 | 103,898 |

$-40-$
MISSISSIPFI - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products
and Government payments, by months,
January 1934 - Decerib er 1936

| Year and month | Receipts from sales |  |  |  |  | : Total <br> : including <br> : Government <br> : payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : |  | :Livestock and : livestock | Total | Government payments |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Crops |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 5,866 | 782 | 6,648 | 3,836 | 10,484 |
| Feb. | : | 7,304 | 767 | 8,071 | 1,630 | 9,701 |
| Mar. |  | 3,421 | - 774 | 4,195 | 371 | 4,566 |
| Apr. | - | 1,446 | - 867 | 2,313 | 51 | 2,364 |
| May | : | 2,034 | 1,102 | 3,136 | 553 | 3,689 |
| June | : | 2,567 | 1,018 | 3,585 | 2,832 | 6,417 |
| July | : | 722 | 1,021 | 1,743 | 687 | 2,430 |
| Aug. | : | 1,917 | 1,257 | 3,174 | 494 | 3,668 |
| Sept. | : | 16,663 | 1.601 | 18,264 | 235 | 18,499 |
| Oct. | : | 27,782 | 1,678 | 29,460 | 467 | 29,927 |
| Nov. | : | 17,394 | 2,999 | 20,393 | 3,397 | 23,790 |
| Dec. |  | 9,175 | 1,469 | 10,644 | 1,166 | 11,810 |
| Total |  | 96,291 | 15,335 | 111,626 | 15,719 | 127,345 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 5,324 | 1,047 | 6,371 | 2,314 | 8,685 |
| Feb. | : | 5,873 | 1,010 | 6,883 | 746 | 7,629 |
| Mar. | : | 3,179 | 1,231 | 4,410 | 309 | 4,719 |
| Apr. | : | 1,073 | 1,537 | 2,610 | 178 | 2,788 |
| May | : | 2,304 | 1,930 | 4,234 | 1,339 | 5,573 |
| June | : | 3,016 | 2,100 | 5,116 | 2,205 | 7,321 |
| July | : | 556 | 1,805 | 2,361 | 266 | 2,627 |
| Aug. | : | 1,840 | 2,304 | 4,144 | 356 | 4,500 |
| Sept. | : | 19,546 | 3,352 | 22,898 | 1,523 | 24,421 |
| Oct. | : | 24,759 | 3,228 | 27,987 | 2,269 | 30,256 |
| Nov. | : | 14,121 | 2,842 | 16,963 | 314 | 17,277 |
| Dec. | : | 8,008 | 3,017 | 11,025 | 3,527 | 14,552 |
| Total | : | 89,599 | 25,403 | 115,002 | 15,346 | 130,348 |
| 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 1 | 4,268 | 1.700 | 5,968 | 16 | 5,984 |
| Feb. | ; | 5,126 | 1,358 | 6,484 | ---1 | 6,484 |
| Mar. | $t$ | 1,517 | 1,541 | 3,058 | 402 | 3,460 |
| Apr. | \% | 7.277 | 1.177 | 2,454 | 2,65? | 5,111 |
| May | : | 2,508 | $1.62 \%$ | 4,125 | 1.443 | 5,567 |
| June | : | 4,082 | 1,385 | \$,46 | 1,337 | 6,804 |
| July | : | $\pm .416$ | 1.403 | 2.819 | 604 | 3,423 |
| Aug. | : | 1.567 | 1,960 | 3,527 | 185 | 3,712 |
| Sept. | : | 24,302 | 3,187 | 27.489 | 75 | 27.564 |
| Oct. | : | 39,406 | 2,57 | 41.977 | - 163 | 41,814 |
| Nov. | : | 23,674 | 2,599 | 26,273 | 16 | 26,289 |
| Dec. |  | 17,033 | 3,237 | 20,270 | 593 | 20,863 |
| Total | : | 126,175 | 23,735 | 149,911 | 7,164 | 157.075 |

## ARKAISAS - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, <br> January 193/t - Deceaber 1936

|  | : Receipts from sales |  |  | Government paynents | Total including Government payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 'Livestock |  |  |  |
|  | : | and |  |  |  |
|  | - Crops | : livestock | Total |  |  |
|  | : | : products |  |  |  |
| - | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | . |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 4,215 | 1,303 | 5,518 | 3,242 | 8,760 |
| Feb. | : 4,870 | 1,410 | 6,280 | 1,450 | 7,730 |
| Mar. | 6,861 | 1,303 | 8,164 | 325 | 8,489 |
| Apr. | : 2,649 | 1,359 | 4,008 | 70 | 4,078 |
| May | 3,218 | 1,490 | 4,708 | 829 | 5,536 |
| June | : 2,944 | 1,471 | 4, 415 | 2,223 | 6,638 |
| July | : 2,637 | 1,474 | 4,111 | 537 | 4,648 |
| Aug. | : 1,132 | 1,125 | 2,257 | 723 | 2,980 |
| Sept. | : 12,219 | 1,451 | 13,670 | 843 | 14,513 |
| Oct. | : 19,934 | 1,902 | 21,836 | 2,202 | 24,038 |
| Nov. | : 12,861 | 1,869 | 14,730 | 1,985 | 16,715 |
| Dec. | : 6,893 | 1,784 | 8,677 | 1,355 | 10,032 |
| Total | : 80,433 | 17,941 | 98,374 | 15,783 | 114,157 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,551 | 1,742 | 5,293 | 1,826 | 7,119 |
| Feb . | 3,960 | 1,855 | 5,815 | 1,473 | 7,288 |
| Mar. | 5,747 | 1,856 | 7,603 | 992 | 8,595 |
| Apr. | 1,508 | 2,149 | 3,657 | 289 | 3,946 |
| May | 2,674 | 2,002 | 4,676 | 2,254 | 6,930 |
| June | : 2,026 | 1,850 | 3,876 | 1,163 | 5,039 |
| July | 2,293 | 1,910 | 4,203 | 509 | 4,712 |
| Aug. | 965 | 2,236 | 3,201 | 464 | 3,665 |
| Sept. | 9,724 | 3,007 | 12,731 | 968 | 13,699 |
| Oct. | : 17,312 | 2,598 | 19,910 | 2,633 | 22,543 |
| Nov. | : 14,026 | 2,720 | 16,746 | 900 | 17,646 |
| Dec. | 9,086 | 2,386 | 11,472 | 3,829 | 15,301 |
| Total | 72.872 | 26,311 | 99,183 | 17.300 | 116,483 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 3,675 | 2,311 | 5,986 | 81 | 6,067 |
| Feb. | 1,630 | 2,245 | 3,875 | - 5 | 3,870 |
| Mar. | 1,255 | 1,739 | 2,994 | 632 | 3,626 |
| Apr. | 1,206 | 2,256 | 3.462 | 569 | 4,031 |
| May | 2,718 | 2,101 | 4,819 | 438 | 5,257 |
| June | 2,571 | 2,020 | 4,591 | 1,118 | 5,709 |
| July | : 1,787 | 2,272 | 4,059 | 1,323 | 5,382 |
| Aug. | : 848 | 1,705 | 2,553 | 705 | 3,258 |
| Sept. | : 12,341 | 2,670 | 15,011 | 355 | 15,366 |
| Oct. | - 24,619 | 2,014 | 26,633 | - $\quad 36$ | 26,597 |
|  | : 18,715 | 2,480 | 21,195 | 53 | 21,248 |
| Dec. | : 11,619 | 2,611 | 14,230 | 28 | 14,258 |
| Total | : 82,984 | 26,424 | 109,408 | 5,261 | 114,669 |

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IOUISIANA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 -Decenber 1936


OKLAFOMA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 - Deconiber 1936


TEXAS - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934-Decentiter 1936

| Year and month |  |  |  |  | $:$ $:$ $:$ Government: $:$ payments : : | Total <br> including <br> Government <br> payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000 \\ \text { dol1ars } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1934 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 12,212 | 6.737 | 13,949 | 11,537 | 30,486 |
| Feb 。 | : | 11,129 | 7,726 | 18,855 | 4,874 | 23,729 |
| Mar. | : | 9,285 | 7,599 | 16,88! | 1,173 | 18,057 |
| Apr. | : | 13,888 | 9,400 | 23,288 | 329 | 23,617 |
| May | : | 9,045 | 10,619 | 19,664 | 2,151 | 21,815 |
| June | : | 11.394 | 9,404 | 20,798 | 5,988 | 26,786 |
| July | : | 11,675 | 8,973 | 20,648 | 4.573 | 25,221 |
| Aug. | : | 29,765 | 8,184 | 37,949 | 7,468 | 45,417 |
| Sept. | : | 45,993 | 11,521 | 57,514 | 6,883 | 64,397 |
| Oct. | : | 45,199 | 10,599 | 55,798 | 11,065 | 66,8ó3 |
| Nov. | : | 24,121 | 10,456 | 34,577 | 12,320 | 46,897 |
| Dec. |  | 18,340 | 8,209 | 26,549 | 6,407 | 32.956 |
| Total |  | 242,046 | 109,427 | 351,4.73 | 74,758 | 426,241 |
| 1935 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 8,976 | 8,948 | 17,924 | 8,948 | 26,872 |
| Feb 。 | : | 7,409 | 8,404 | 15,813 | 9,4íl | 25,274 |
| Mar. | : | 6,779 | 9,273 | 16,052 | 3,478 | 19,530 |
| Apr. | : | 7,536 | 13,371 | 20,907 | 1,611 | 22,518 |
| May | : | 6,970 | 15,770 | 22,740 | 9,279 | 32,019 |
| June | : | 7,604 | 12,986 | 20,590 | 3,534 | 24,124 |
| July | : | 5,316 | 10,181 | 15,497 | 1,308 | 16,805 |
| Aug. | : | 14,261 | 10,935 | 25,196 | 4,350 | 29,546 |
| Sept. | : | 27.522 | 10,889 | 38,411 | 3,721 | 42,132 |
| Oct. | : | 51,561 | 12,828 | 64,389 | 6,110 | 70,499 |
| Nov. | : | 39,610 | 12,856 | 52,466 | 6,566 | 59,032 |
| Dec. |  | 27,701 | 11,596 | 39,297 | 10,197 | 49,494 |
| Total |  | 211,245 | 138,037 | 349,282 | 68,563 | 417,345 |
| 1936 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : | 17,931 | 10,348 | 28,279 | 349 | 28,628 |
| Feb . | : | 7,187 | 10,719 | 17,906 | - 13 | 17,893 |
| Mar. | : | 6,763 | 9,411 | 16,174 | 2,907 | 19,081 |
| Apr. | : | 7,065 | 14,683 | 21,748 | 3,817 | 25,565 |
| May | : | 7.572 | 13,601 | 21,173 | 3,856 | 25,029 |
| June | : | 12,203 | 13,467 | 25,670 | 4,695 | 30,365 |
| July | : | 14,417 | 11,970 | 26,387 | 3,381 | 29,768 |
| Aug. | : | 18,673 | 11,165 | 29,838 | 1,050 | 30,888 |
| Sept. | : | 60,669 | 11,653 | 72,327 | 386 | 72,713 |
| Oct. | : | 53,749 | 12,821 | 66,570 | 3,306 | 69,876 |
| Nov. |  | 28,865 | 13,465 | 42,330 | 1,641 | 43,971 |
| Dec. | : | -22,675 | 12,355 | 35,030 | 1,830 | 36,86C |
| Total |  | 257,769 | 145,663 | 403,432 | 27,205 | 430,637 |

SOUTH CENTRAL STATES - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Decomber 1936

| Year and month | : Receipts from sales |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | : Iivestock : |  |  |
|  | : | and |  | : Total <br> : including |
|  | Crops | : livestock : Total | payments | Government |
|  | ; | : products |  | payments |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 $\quad$ - |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 61,108 | 17,930 79,038 | 28,468 | 107,506 |
| Feb . | : 53,418 | 19,244 72,662 | 12,695 | 85,357 |
| Mar. | 41,802 | 19,652 61,454 | 2,905 | 64,359 |
| Apr. | 35,597 | 22,380 57,977 | 762 | 58,739 |
| May | : 32,738 | 26,429 59,167 | 6,118 | 65,285 |
| June | : 33,665 | 23,808 57,473 | 16,827 | 74,300 |
| July | : 31,008 | 23,326 54,334 | 8,585 | 62,919 |
| Aug. | : 44,980 | 23,234 68,214 | 11,805 | 80,019 |
| Sept. | : 110,120 | 29,545 139,665 | 11,631 | 151,296 |
| Oct. | : 141,363 | 29,171 170,534 | 26,325 | 196,859 |
| Nov. | : 90,432 | 30,061 120,493 | 25,287 | 145,780 |
| Dec. | : 69,295 | 24,192 93,487 | 13,794 | 107,281 |
| Total | 745,526 | 288,972 1,034,498 | 165,202 | 1,199,700 |
| 1935 : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 60,110 | 26,658 86,768 | 20,946 | 107,714 |
| Feb. | : 36,867 | 26,163 63,030 | 20,932 | 83,962 |
| Mar. | : 30,909 | 29,591, 60,500 | 8,774 | 69,274 |
| Apr. | : 23,108 | 36,438 59,546 | 5,234 | 64,780 |
| May | : 28,339 | 40,483 68,822 | 17,579 | 86,401 |
| June | : 22,132 | 36,590 58,722 | 15,081 | 73,803 |
| July | : 19,285 | 33,960 53,245 | 5,917 | 59,162 |
| Aug. | 29,618 | 38,767 68,385 | 10,750 | 79,135 |
| Sept. | : 90,006 | 39,384 129,390 | 14,329 | 143,719 |
| Oct. | : 141,209 | 40,386 181,595 | 22,529 | 204,124 |
| Nov. | : 116,960 | 37,112 154,072 | 15,381 | 169,453 |
| Dec. | : 93,704 | 35,275 128,979 | 28,363 | 157,342 |
| Total | : 692,247 | 420,807 1,113,054 | 185,815 | 1,298,869 |
| 1936- : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 60,856 | 32,150 93,006 | 860 | 93,866 |
| Feb. | : 26,355 | 30,991 57,346 | - 26 | 57,320 |
| Mar. | : 20,055 | 29,402 49,457 | 6,418 | 55,375 |
| Apr. | : 18,044 | 35,934 53,978 | 10,890 | 64,868 |
| May | : 24,600 | 36,142 60,742 | 10,243 | 70,985 |
| June | : 32,725 | $\begin{array}{ll}39,422 & 72,147 \\ 33,118 & 70,572\end{array}$ | 13,627 | 85,774 |
| Aug. | 37,454 31,520 | $\begin{array}{ll}33,118 & 70,572 \\ 35,709 & 67,229\end{array}$ | 8,988 3,343 | 79,560 70,572 |
| Sept. | : 134,090 | 39,677 173,767 | 2,465 | 176,232 |
| Oct. | : 171,864 | 39,043 210,907 | 7,576 | 218,483 |
| Nov. | : 118,421 | 38,617 157,038 | 4,074 | 161,112 |
| Dec. | : 110,239 | 38,343 148,582 | 4,875 | 153,457 |
| Total | :786,223 | 428,548 1,214,771 | 73,333 | 1,288,104 |

> MONTANA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

> January 1934 - Decomber 1936

| Year and month | Recei <br> Crops | pts from sa <br> Livestock <br> : and <br> : livestock <br> : products | Total | Government . payments | Total <br> including <br> Government <br> payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1934 | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 1,083 | 1,644 | 2,727 | 883 | 3,610 |
| Feb . | 1,230 | 1,443 | 2,673 | 2,327 | 5,000 |
| Mar. | 1,166 | 1,217 | 2,383 | 472 | 2,855 |
| Apr. | $\therefore \quad 1,146$ | 2,264 | 3,410 | 557 | 3,967 |
| May | 1,158 | 2,660 | 3,818 | 110 | 3,928 |
| June | : 750 | 2,567 | 3,317 | 69 | 3,386 |
| July | : 1,658 | 3,212 | 4,870 | 635 | 5,505 |
| Aug. | : 4,324 | 3,467 | 7,791 | 2,094 | 9,385 |
| Sept. | 4,662 | 5,885 | 10,547 | 1,374 | 11,921 |
| Oct. | : 4,631 | 6,124 | 10,755 | 2,837 | 13,592 |
| Nov. | : 4,192 | 2,530 | 6,722 | 2,552 | 9,274 |
| Dec. | : 3,510 | 2,019 | 5,529 | 1,174 | 6,703 |
| Total | 29,510 | 35,032 | 64,542 | 15,084 | 79,626 |
| 1935 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 886 | 2,021 | 2,907 | 863 | 3,770 |
| $F \mathrm{eb}$. | : . 927 | 2,029 | 2,956 | 430 | 3,386 |
| Mar. | 918 | 2,060 | 2,978 | 488 | 3,466 |
| Apr. | : 1,256 | 2,054 | 3,310 | 797 | 4,107 |
| May | : 1,245 | 2,173 | 3,418 | 396 | 3,814 |
| June | : 1,002 | 2,413 | 3,415 | 275 | 3,690 |
| July | 1,381 | 3,106 | 4,487 | 175 | 4.0662 |
| Aug. | 9,483 | 6,083 | 15,566 | 186 | 15,752 |
| Sept. | 9,121 | 11,208 | 20,329 | 87 | 20,416 |
| Oct. | 5,990 | 11,972 | 17,962 | 924 | 18,886 |
| Nov. | : 3,647 | 4,937 | 8,584 | 4,391 | 12,975 |
| Dec. | : 2,162 | 2,815 | 4,977 | 644 | 5,621 |
| Total | : $-38,013$ | 52,871 | 90,889 | 9,656 | 100,545 |
| 1936 - | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | $: 1,174$ | 2,958 | 4,132 | 8 | 4,140 |
| Feb. | 876 | 1,995 | 2,871 | --- | 2,871 |
| Mar. | 1,774 | 1,429 | 3,203 | 505 | 3,708 |
| Apr. | 1,433 | 2,263 | 3,696 | 403 | 4,104 |
| May | 770 | 2,880 | 3,650 | 877 | 4,527 |
| June | 700 | 3,445 | 4,145 | 1,357 | 5,502 |
| July | 1,095 | 4,581 | 5,676 | 464 | 6,140 |
| Aug. | 1,555 | 4.903 | 6,458 | 326 | 6,784 |
| Sept. | 2,294 | 10,483 | 12,777 | 191 | 12,968 |
| Oct. | 4,168 | 10,496 | 14,664 | 199 | 14,863 |
| Nov. | 3,281 | 4,536 | 7,817 | 128 | 7,945 |
| Dec. | 2,139 | 3,583 | 5,722 | 1,321 | 7,043 |
| Total | 21,259 | 53,552 | 74, 811 | 5,784 | 80,595 |

IDAHO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Governwent pavments, by months,

January 1934 - Docombor 1936


WYOMING - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Decomber 1936


COLORADO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -December 1936


NEW NBXICO - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Leceø̈ber 1936


ARIZONA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Govermment payments, by months,
January 1934 -Isecenber 1936


UTAH - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and
Government payments, by months, January 1934 - Deccmber 1936


NEVADA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months, January 1934 - December 1936


WASHINGTON - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Decembor 1936

| Year and month | Receipts from sales |  |  | : | $\vdots \quad 10+0$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : :Livestock |  |  |  |  |
|  | : | : and |  | Govermment | : including |
|  | : Crops | :livestock | Total | payments | : Government |
|  | : | : products |  |  | payments |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 5,106 | 2,590 | 7,696 | 2,792 | 10,488 |
| Feb. | 3,865 | 2,685 | 6,550 | 809 | 7,359 |
| Mar. | 3,845 | 3,454 | 7,299 | 300 | 7,599 |
| Apr. | 2,678 | 3,864 | 6,542 | 63 | 6,605 |
| May | 2,147 | 4,471 | 6,618 | 24 | 6,642 |
| June | 2,059 | 3,996 | 6,055 | 97 | 6,152 |
| July | 4,451 | 4,036 | 8,487 | 88 | 8,575 |
| Aug. | 6,942 | 4,024 | 10,966 | 144 | 11,110 |
| Sept. | 10,330 | 4,434 | 14,764 | 56 | 14,820 |
| Oct. | 9,476 | 3,990 | 13,466 | 47 | 13,513 |
| Nov. | 6,611 | 3,649 | 10,260 | 1,179 | 11,439 |
| Dec. | 6,046 | 4,128 | 10,174 | 847 | 11,021 |
| Total | 63,556 | 45,321 | 108,877 | 6,446 | 115,323 |
| 1935- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 4,140 | 3,845 | 7,985 | 1,910 | 9,895 |
| Feb . | 5,282 | 3,751 | 9,033 | 660 | 9,693 |
| Mar. | 4,292 | 4,546 | 8,838 | 571 | 9,409 |
| Apr. | 5,722 | 4,844 | 10,566 | 304 | 10,870 |
| May | 3,263 | 5,350 | 8,613 | 606 | 9,219 |
| June | 3,176 | 4,952 | 8,128 | 80 | 8,208 |
| July | 4,243 | 4,853 | 9,096 | 120 | 9,216 |
| Aug. | 8,176 | 5,082 | 13,258 | 92 | 13,350 |
| Sept. | 11,941 | 4,923 | 16,864 | 59 | 16,923 |
| Oct. | 11,589 | 5,023 | 16,612 | 729 | 17,341 |
| Nov. | 6,395 | 4,268 | 10,663 | 3,527 | 14,190 |
| Dec. | 5,433 | 4,580 | 10,013 |  | 10,480 |
| Total | 73,652 | 56,017 | 129,669 | 9,125 | 133,794 |
| 1936- : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jon. | 2,984 | 4,190 | 7,174 | 16 | 7,190 |
| Feb. | 2,598 | 3,762 | 6,360 | - 1 | 6,359 |
| Mar. | 3,374 | 4,361 | 7,735 | 362 | 8,097 |
| Apr. | 2,991 | 4,887 | 7,878 | 130 | 8,008 |
| May | 2,316 | 5,583 | 7,899 | 830 | 8,729 |
| June | 2,877 | 5,353 | 8,230 | 1,618 | 9,848 |
| July | 8,066 | 5,498 | 13,564 | 224 | 13,788 |
| Aug. | 14,075 | 6,024 | 20,099 | 215 | 20,314 |
| Sept. | 10,069 | 5,993 | 16,062 | 66 | 16,128 |
| Oct. | 8,963 | 6,129 | 15,092 | 326 | 15,418 |
| Nov. | 4,417 | 5,218 | 9,635 | 946 | 10,581 |
| Dec. | : 4,822 | 5,646 | 10, 168 | 794 | 11,262 |
| Total | : 67,552 | 62,644 | 130,196 | 5,526 | 135,722 |

OREGON - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 - Decermer 1936


CAIIFORIJA - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Govermment payments, by months, Jamuary 1934 - December 1936

| Year and month |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | ceipts from sales :Iivestoclk : |  |  |  |
|  |  | : and |  | Govermment | Total <br> including |
|  | Crops | : livestock | Total | payments | Govermment |
|  | : | : products |  |  | payments |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934 | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 13,111 | 7,884 | 20,995 | 531 | 21,526 |
| Eeb . | 9,379 | 7,965 | 17,344 | 238 | 17,582 |
| Mar. | 13,840 | 11,400 | 25,240 | 139 | 25,379 |
| Apr. | 15,354 | 15,471 | 30,825 | 39 | 30,864 |
| May | 24,371 | 18,589 | 42,960 | 309 | 43,269 |
| June | 27,721 | 13,532 | 41,253 | 51 | 41,304 |
| July | 26,086 | 12,914 | 39,000 | 131 | 39,131 |
| Aug. | 32,113 | 12,685 | 44,798 | 952 | 45,750 |
| Sept. | 32,881 | 11,406 | 44,287 | 278 | 44,565 |
| Oct. | 36,386 | 11,598 | 47,984 | 271 | 48,255 |
| Nov. | 23,276 | 11,247 | 34,523 | 592 | 35,115 |
| Dec. | 16,375 | 12, 485 | 28,860 | 342 | 29,202 |
| Total | 270,893 | 147,176 | 418,069 | 3,873 | 421,942 |
| 1935 | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 16,148 | 12,165 | 28,313 | 595 | 28,908 |
| Feb. | 12,974 | 12,235 | 25,209 | - 47 | 25,162 |
| Mar. | 16,211 | 16,789 | 33,000 | 784 | 33,784 |
| Apr. | 21,612 | 19,578 | 41,190 | 617 | 41,807 |
| May | 24,528 | 26,022 | 50,550 | 343 | 50,893 |
| June | 20,391 | 20,414 | 40, 805 | 258 | 4.1,063 |
| July | 26,961. | 16,534 | 43,495 | 255 | 43,750 |
| Aug. | 32,163 | 16,016 | 48,179 | 1,203 | 49,382 |
| Sept. | 35,227 | 16,311 | 51,538 | 666 | 52,204 |
| Oct. | : 37,431 | 16,188 | 53,619 | 325 | 53,944 |
| Nov. | : 22,334 | 14,267 | 36,601 | 1,488 | 38,089 |
| Dec. | : 16,682 | 14,703 | 31,385 | 2,075 | 33, 460 |
| Total | : 282,662 | 201,222 | 483,884 | 8,562 | 492, 446 |
| 1935- | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | : 10,375 | 11,993 | 22,368 | - 8 | 22,360 |
| Feb. | : 17,758 | 11,787 | 29,545 | - 1 | 29,544 |
| Mar. | : 17,296 | 15,926 | 33,222 | 709 | 33,931 |
| Apr. | : 18,133 | 21,985 | 40,118 | 467 | 40,585 |
| May | : 25,440 | 23,883 | 49,323 | 448 | 49,771 |
| June | : 32,278 | 18,701 | 50,979 | 695 | 51,674 |
| July | - 44,669 | 17,255 | 61,924 | 287 | 62,211 |
| Aug. | : 42,844 | 17,760 | 60,604 | 128 | 60,732 |
| Sept. | : 41,966 | 16,602 | 58,568 | 150 | 58,718 |
| Oct. | : 44,873 | 17,086 | 61,959 | - 11 | 61,948 |
| Nov. | : 28,114 | 1.6,020 | 44,134 | 46 | 44,180 |
| Dec. | : 16,803 | 16,941 | 33,744 | 566 | 34,310 |
| Total | : 340,549 | 205,939 | 546,188 | 3,476 | 549,964 |

WESTERN STaTES - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by months,

January 1934 -Deseriber 1936

| Year and month |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ceipts from } \\ & \text { :In and }: \\ & \text { : livestock: } \\ & \text { : products: } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Government payments | Total including Government payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1934- | : |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 31,395 | 22,866 | 54,201 | 8,609 | 62,870 |
| Feb. | 20,534 | 22,815 | 43,399 | 4,867 | 48,266 |
| Mar. | 25,930 | 28,868 | 54,798 | 1,415 | 56,213 |
| Apr. | 25,440 | 39,155 | 64,595 | 337 | 65,432 |
| May | 31,987 | 42,755 | 74,742 | 583 | 75,325 |
| June | 34,416 | 36,176 | 70,592 | 572 | 71,164 |
| July | 40,684 | 38,123 | 78,807 | 2,117 | 80,924 |
| AUE. | 57,299 | 38,864 | 96,163 | 7,830 | 103,993 |
| Sept. | 64,105 | 44,443 | 108,543 | 6,627 | 115,175 |
| Oct. | 70,513 | 43,832 | 114,345 | 13,968 | 128,313 |
| Nov. | 47,911 | 34,089 | 82,000 | 12,265 | 94,265 |
| Dec. | 40,467. | 32,984 | 73,461 | 6,949 | 80,410 |
| Total | 490,731 | 424, 980 | 915,711 | 66,639 | 982,350 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 32,258 | 33,175 | 65,433 | 6,891 | 72,321 |
| Feb . | 24,588 | 33,615 | 53,203 | 4,023 | 62,220 |
| Mar. | 27,905 | 40,827 | 68,732 | 4,093 | 72,825 |
| Apr. | 37,547 | 46,396 | 81,443 | 4,270 | 88,713 |
| Way | 34,206 | 52,598 | 86,804 | 2,507 | 89,311 |
| June | 29, 480 | 45,972 | 75,452 | 2,268 | 77,720 |
| July | 33,157 | 42, 404 | 31,561 | 1,150 | 82,711 |
| hug. | 62,756 | 47,746 | 110,502 | 2,273 | 112,775 |
| Sept. | 7.x, 867 | 61,089 | 135,956 | 2,889 | 138,845 |
| Oct. | 80,838 | 70,793 | 151,631. | 5,849 | 157, 480 |
| Nov. | 50,596 | 58,137 | 108,733 | 17,325 | 126,058 |
| Dec. | $\leq 2,603$ | 45,996 | 83,599 | 5, $\mathrm{S}^{7} 72$ | 94,071 |
| Total | 26,301 | 579,243 | 116,049 | 59,010 | 175,05? |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 25,023 | 3:,925 | 62, 213 | 72 | 63,020 |
| Feb. | 27,455 | $3 x_{x}, 007$ | 61,462 | - 5 | 61,457 |
| rar. | 30,2<9 | <1,717 | 71,906 | 2,350 | $74_{5}, 316$ |
| Apr. | 27,528 | 51,828 | 81,356 | 2,557 | 83,913 |
| I'ay | 32,529 | 53,051 | 85,580 | 4,304 | 89,884 |
| June | $\leq 0,7 \pm 3$ | ${ }^{4} 9,324$ | 90,067 | 6,200 | 96,267 |
| July | 65,71\% | 52,086 | 117,800 | 1,839 | 119,639 |
| Aus. | 77,217 | 55,034 | 132,251 | 1,149 | 133, ${ }^{4} \times 00$ |
| Sept. | 75,170 | 64, $394_{x}$ | 139,564 | 594 | 140,158 |
| Oct. | 80, 33 | 69,184 | 158,518 | 1,157 | 159,675 |
| MOJ. | 59,037 | 60,996 | 120,023 | 2,689 | 122,'712 |
| Sec. | -16, 512 | 51,528 | 98,069 | 6,655 | 104,724 |
| Total | 598,540 | 621,064 | ,219,60: | 29,561 1 | ,249,165 |

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Gains in cash receipts frorn the sale of principal farm products in November 1936 over November 1935 werc recorded in five of the six regions of the United States. The largest gains of 30 and 24 percent respectively occurred in tho East North Central and West Morth Central States, while guins of 12 and 10 percent respectively occurred in the North Atlantic and Western rogions. In the South Atlantic States reccipts from the sale of principal farm products were 3 percent lower than in Novemכer 1935, but in the South Central States thoy were 2 percent highor. Decreases in cash reccipts for the month ranging from $l$ to 33 percent were recorded in twelve States, with one or more of these States located in each of the regions other than the East North Central Statcs. For the entire country, cash income from farm marketings this November amounted to \$749,000,000 -- a gain of 12 percent over November 1935.

Receipts from marketings of principal crops alone were larger this November than a year aço in every rogion oxcept the South Atlantic Statos whero the marketines of tobacco from North Carolina and cotton from Georgia fell considorably below the November 1935 volume. In the West North Central States the smaller receipts from grains in North Dakota, South Dakota and Nobraska wero offsct by larger grain receipts in the othor States of this rogion. Larger recoipts from potatoes in tho North Atlantic region and from corn in the East North Central Statos maintaincd the November rocoipts from crops in those regions at a substantially hicher levol than a year ago and moro tian offsct the smaller reccipts from applos. Sharp docreascs in the cash rocoipts from cotton in Oklahoma and Texas nave offsct tho oqually pronounced gains in tho crop recoipts of the othor States in the South Contral region.

Cash rocoipts from livestock and livestock products in November 1936 exceeded the November 1935 receipts in cach of the rosions, the gains ranging from approximately 5 porcont cach in the South Contral and Wostern States to 24 and 30 porcont respectively in the Erst North Central and West North Central States. Thesc gains roflected chiefly the unusuilly heavy shipments of hogs from the North Contral States and tho higher pricos rocoived for dairy products in each of the regions. Recoipts from cattlo were also lergor than in Novembor 1935 in each of the regions except tho South Contral and Western Statos, while receipts from chickens declincd in noarly cvory region.

For the first 11 months of 1936, the United States cash income from farm markotines amounting to $\$ 6,853,000,000$, was 16 percent higher tinan in the corresponding period of 1935. Gains in receipts from the sale of principal farm products for this ll-menth period were likewise recorded in each region and ranged from 4 percent in the South Atlantic States to 19 percent in the West North Central States. Cash receipts from marketings for the first 11 months of 1936 were also hisher in all but eight States. In five of these states the decreases mere less than 5 percent, while in Kentucky, Arizona and Montana the decreases were 7,10 and 20 percent respectively. Including Government payments, the country's total cash farm incomo for the first 11 months of 1936 was 10 percent higher than for the same period of 1935 .

Available information as to the prices received by farmcrs for farm products in December, as woll as the volume of marketins, indicatc that the Decembor United States cash income from farm rarketings has shown an incroase of 18 percont over the Decomber 1935 cash income. It is probable thet this gain will be reflected in higher receipts from the salc of principal farm products for the month of December in each of the rogions, particularly in tho North Central and Southern States.
CASH RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, November 1933-36

| State |  |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { Nov. } \\ \vdots & 1933 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { Nov. } \\ : & 1934 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \vdots \quad 1335 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \vdots \text { Nov. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nov. } \\ : \quad 193.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | : Nov. <br> : 1934 | 1 Nov. <br> $:$ 1935 | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { Nov. } \\ : & 1336 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollers |
| Me. | 1,056 | 891 | 1,381 | 1,433 | 1,47E | 1,772 | 1,775 | 1,742 |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{V}} \mathrm{H}$. | 220 | 87 | 117 | 146 | 931 | 1,217 | 1,?62 | 1,326 |
| $\nabla$ t. | 242 | 127 | 209 | 315 | 2,018 | 2,123 | 2,342 | 2,281 |
| Mass. | 748 | 352 | 412 | 690 | 2,265 | 2,893 | 3,069 | 3,104 |
| R. I. | 38 | 33 | 84 | 40 | 348 | 453 | 519 | 510 |
| Conn. | 434 | 588 | 749 | 650 | 1,992 | 2,462 | 2,378 | 2,446 |
| N. Y. | 5,785 | 5,133 | 6,715 | 6,953 | 11,725 | 11,853 | 12,724 | 15,285 |
| $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{J}$. | 552 | 796 | 960 | 864 | 2,800 | 2,837 | 3,392 | 3,516 |
| Pa. N. Atlantic | 3.2924 | 42387 | $-4.114$ | 5. 507 | 9.997 | 11.255 | 12.197 | 13,848 |
| ninio ........ | 13,141 | 12,394 5,108 | 14, 241 | 16, $2 \cdot \frac{5}{2} \frac{8}{5}$ | 33.544 | 36, 365 | 39,658 | 44,058 |
| Ind. | 2,484 | 5,108 | 5, 226 3,703 | 7,225 5,308 | 11,643 10,746 | 13,650 | 15,726 | 17,540 |
| 111. | : 5,045 | 4,425 | 7,324 | 13,188 | 15,313 | 12,510 | 13,981 20,942 | 16,677 |
| dich. | 5,554 | 4,873 | 5,996 | 6,778 | 7,047 | 19,516 8,166 | 20,992 9,462 | 27,982 11,395 |
| Tis. | : | 2. 149 | 1.628 | 2.401 | 13.07? | 15,829 | 19,108 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,395 \\ & 25,283 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| E. N. Central unn. ......... | :-18, 10 | 19284 | 23,877 | 34.900 | 58.420 | 69.671 | 79269 | 98.877 |
| Lола. | 3,001 | 2,848 | 4.923 | 5,363 | 12,739 | 16,031 | 18,527 | 24,250 |
| Mo. | 4,418 4,969 | 1,798 4,788 | 3,406 4,748 | 4,128 | 23,250 | 31,320 | 34,537 | 48,075 |
| N. Dak. | 4,969 4,673 | 4,788 1,357 | 4,748 4,625 | 6,350 2,771 | 12,595 | 12,036 | 18,139 | 19,118 |
| S. Dak. | 260 | 1,328 | 2,737 | $\begin{array}{r}2.771 \\ \hline 769\end{array}$ | 2,960 4,278 | 2,700 | 4,008 | 5,385 |
| Nebr. | 4,648 | 1,604 | 4,010 | 3,992 | 4,278 10,798 | 3,928 13,973 | 5,636 14,082 | 7,861 |
| Kans. . . . . . . . | :-2.452 | 2.709 | 3,119 | 5.107 | 9,498 | $10.81 ?$ | 12,383 | 14,674 |
| 尔. N. Central | 24.427 | 15.432 | 27.568 | 29,080 | 76.218 | 90.805 | 107.312 | 137.776 |
|  | 177 | 241 | 238 | 345 | 540 | 706 | 865 | 828 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{a}$. | 930 7,736 | 1,172 6,966 | 1,355 8,726 | 1,543 | 2,106 | 2,365 | 2,912 | 3,226 |
| ワ. $\nabla$ a, | . 634 | - 682 | 8.726 776 | 8.093 748 | 3,163 | 3,7C1 | 4,350 | 4.853 |
| N. C. | 35,972 | 24,328 | 33,453 | 8,748 28,048 | 1,660 1,787 | 1,805 | 2,151 | 2,457 |
| S. c. | 7,101 | 24,328 8,734 | 10,064 | 28,048 10,734 | 1,787 852 | 2,226 | 2,665 | 3,081 |
|  | 8,931 | 10,985 | 12,086 | 10, 204 | 1,549 | 1,101 1,940 | 1,259 2,266 | 1,527 2,867 |
| Fa. ........ | : 3,?24 | 6,908 | $\begin{array}{r}12,088 \\ \hline 2.648 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7.040 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,549 1,050 | 1,940 <br> 1,338 | 2,266 1.754 | 2,867 2,119 |
| Ky. ......... | -65 205 | $6 \mathrm{O}, 016$ | 72.346 | -66.755 | 12.707 | 15,182 | 18.?2? | 20.958 |
| Tenn. | 7.763 | 8,455 | 545 7.053 | 995 7 | 2,791 | 4.106 | 4,501 | 5,027 |
| Ala. | 7,576 | 10,006 | 12,740 | 7.614 11.690 | 2,150 1,077 | 2,767 | 3,622 | 3,908 |
| 4188. | 14,424 | 17,394 | 14,1?1 | 11,690 23,674 | 1,077 | 1,374 2,999 | 2,074 2,842 | 2,281 |
| Ark. | 12,359 | 12,861 | 14,026 | 18,715 | 1,281 | 2,999 | 2, 842 2,720 | 2,599 2,480 |
| La. | 11,051 | 10,990 | 17,856 | 22,004 | $\begin{array}{r}1.228 \\ \hline 986\end{array}$ | 1,809 2,191 | 2,720 1,822 | 2,480 1,816 |
| Okla. | 14,504 | 5,985 | 11,009 | 22,864 4,864 | 3.420 | 2,191 4,299 | 1,822 6,675 | 1,816 7,041 |
| Tex. ....... | -34,99? | 24.121 | 39,610 | 28,865 | 8.792 | $\begin{array}{r}4,299 \\ 10,456 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,675 \\ 12.856 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,041 13,465 |
| S. Central | $\frac{103,324}{3,325}$ | 90, 4 432 | 115.960 | 218.421 | 21.725 | 30.061 | 37.212 | 38,617 |
| Idaho |  | 4,192 3,273 | 3,647 | 3,281 | 3,687 | 2,530 | 4,937 | 4,536 |
| \#уо. | 3,398 1,289 | 3,273 1,043 | 3,677 1,624 | 4,719 2,050 | 2, 288 | 2,193 | 2,952 | 3,506 |
| Colo. | 1,503 | 1,043 | 1,624 -,147 | 2,050 6,593 | 2,657 | 1,298 | 4,292 | 4,330 |
| N. Mex. | : 1,783 | 3,288 1,929 | 1,147 1,345 | 6,593 2,506 | 4.492 2.978 | 4,773 | 7,723 | 7.777 |
| Ariz. | 1.811 | 1,379 | 1,345 1,535 | 2,506 2.572 | 2,978 2,112 | 1,766 | 7,218 | 6,887 |
| Utah | 2,072 | 1,013 | 1,558 | 2, 1,972 | 2,112 1,890 | 1,874 | 5,076 | 4,265 |
| Nev. | 67 | 1,61 | 1,116 | 1,942 | 1,890 | 1,478 | 2,513 | 2,942 |
| Tash. | 4,075 | 6,611 | 6,395 | 129 4,417 | 590 3,157 | 364 3.649 | 1,177 | 1,149 |
| Oreg. | 1,600 | 1,840̂ | 2,218 | 2,714 | 3,157 2,634 | 3,649 | 4,268 | 5,218 |
| Calif. | -19,419 | 23,276 | $\begin{array}{r}2,218 \\ 22.334 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,714 \\ 28,114 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,634 9.799 | ?, 917 11,247 | 3,714 14,267 | 4,356 |
| Mestern | 43.34? | 47.911 | 50.596 | -59, 037 | 9.799 | 11, 347 | 14,26? | 160.020 |
| U. S. cash inco | 287,000 | 271,000 | 338,006 | 367, 000 | 223,000 | 266,000 | 331.000 | 382,000 |

[^21]Table 2.-Recefpte from the sale of princifal farm producto, by States, Janusry-November, 1933-30

| State | Crops |  |  |  | - Investoc and İvestock product |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January-November |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollers | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollarg | dollara | dollars | dollars |
| Ne. | 15,114 | 22,733 | 11,459 | 24,264 | 14,353 | 16,620 | 19,101 | 20,482 |
| $N$. | 2,205 | 2,152 | 1,978 | 1,863 | 9,588 | 11,422 | 13,371 | 13,725 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$. | 1,968 | 1,824 | 2.023 | 2,058 | 20,215 | 23,425 | 27,959 | 28,525 |
| Mess. | 10,944 | 9,994 | 9.428 | 11,556 | 25,747 | 28,040 | 34,249 | 35,578 |
| R. I. | 1.059 | 1,109 | 1,142 | 1,883 | 4,104 | 4,662 | 5,614 | 5,705 |
| Conn. | 8,620 | 7,533 | 9,718 | 12,138 | 20,157 | 24,070 | 26,243 | 26,173 |
| N. Y. | 50, 92] | 54,424 | 52,981 | 56,690 | 124,645 | .149,019 | 163,261 | 193,006 |
| N. J. | 23,607 | 24,004 | 23,907 | 30,397 | 29,949 | 303,451 | 44,183 | 43, 42? |
| Pa . | 34.953 | 42.160 | 40.225 | 51.199 | $100 . ? 11$ | 130,069 | 156, 353 | 157,674 |
| N. Stiantic | 149.391 | 265.993 | $152.8{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 192, 048 | 355,569 | 423.778 | 432.334 | 524.290 |
| Oh 10 | 41,599 | 53,810 | 60,694 | 69,787 | 111.15? | 128,786 | 121, ? 05 | 187,457 |
| Ind. | 32,131 | 43,289 | 42,271 | 5?,776 | 102,375 | 111,156 | 157,502 | 180,607 |
| III. | 95,42.6 | 81,736 | 75,688 | 129,319 | 158,97? | 284,134 | 238,766 | 251,924 |
| Bilch. | 39,639 | 49,115 | 46,338 | 55,032 | 69,992 | 83,535 | 104,94? | 118,170 |
| Fis. | 12,981 | 23,079 | 19,830 | 31, 752 | 138,458 | 154,368 | 202,058 | 241,136 |
| E. N. Central | 222.775 | 251, 029 | 244.821 | 3.8, 666 | 580,949 | 662.059 | 884,473 | 992,294 |
| Minn. | 37,697 | 45,053 | 51,948 | 54,516 | 130,694 | 147,263 | 182,155 | 238,00? |
| Iowa | 4 46,876 | 68,903 | 35,451 | 61,814 | 230,320 | 276,387 | 358, 710 | 409,845 |
| M.O. | 31,192 | 39,047 | 27,995 | 42,503 | 124,435 | 118,761 | 171,03) | 182,858 |
| N. Dar. | 39,724 | 30,678 | 39,184 | 28,981 | 30,911 | 28,053 | 30,953 | 47,013 |
| S. Dak. | 11,514 | 6,537 | 19,697 | 15,061 | 52, 55 ? | 40,907 | 47,551 | 72,212 |
| Nebr. | 41,148 | 3\%,549 | 34,515 | 43,599 | 124,415 | 156,687 | 15?, 157 | 187,062 |
| Kens. | 49,251 | 66,677 | 47.135 | 77,796 | 104,954 | 124,322 | 159,092 | 150,428 |
| T. N. Central | 257,402 | 296,444 | 255,925 | 334,270 | 798,582 | 892,380 | , 101, 713 | 286,420 |
| Del. | 3,312 | 5,240 | 5,747 | 6,666 | 4,218 | 5,282 | 6,833 | 6,593 |
| $4{ }^{\text {d }}$. | - 18,612 | 23,345 | 25,474 | 29,794 | 20,203 | 24,087 | 29,881 | 30,116 |
| Va. | 33,622 | 49,294 | 47,363 | 50,940 | 27,519 | 30,034 | 40,345 | 40;106 |
| T1. Va. | : 4,531 | 6,786 | 6,324 | 6,090 | 16,917 | 19,117 | 24,43? | 25,063 |
| 11. C. | : 110,772 | 184,436 | 165,689 | 157,660 | 15,055 | 18,284 | 21,678 | 22,942 |
| S. C. | : 49,613 | 69,065 | 59,564 | 69,317 | 6,924 | 8,516 | 10,746 | 10,012 |
| Ga. | : 70,176 | 86,196 | 83,063 | 98,276 | 11,916 | 14,745 | 19,602 | 21,079 |
| Fla. | - 48,325 | 71,615 | 64,125 | 25,312 | 10,303 | 11,867 | 15,066 | 14.115 |
| S. Atlentic. | : 338.963 | 495,977 | 467,349 | 494,055 | 113,055 | 131,935 | 168,614 | 170,026 |
| Ky. | - 29,242 | 40,301 | 38,128 | 29,653 | 32,460 | 39,385 | 56,283 | 58,460 |
| Tenn. | : 37,867 | 52,843 | 42,306 | 43,809 | 25,519 | 27,616 | 44,192 | 45,702 |
| Ala. | - 46,239 | 73,750 | 72,201 | 70,319 | 11,138 | 12,452 | 17,708 | 17,898 |
| Miss. | -68,130 | 87,116 | 81,591 | 109,143 | 12,443 | 13.856 | 22,380 | 20,438 |
| Aric. | - 57,785 | 73,540 | 63,786 | 71,365 | 12,808 | 16,157 | 23,925 | 23,813 |
| Le. | - 45,432 | 60,463 | 63,368 | 71,153 | 9,779 | 13,202 | 18,138 | 15,178 |
| Okla. | 75,506 | 64,512 | 47,619 | 45,448 | 41,107 | 40,884 | 76,459 | 75,348 |
| Tex. | - 219,450 | 223.706 | 183,544 | 235,094 | 94,830 | 101,218 | 125.441 | 133,308 |
| S. Central | 579,651 | 676,231 | 598, 543 | 675.984 | 240,084 | 264,780 | 385.532 | 390,205 |
| Mont. | 19,214 | 25,000 | 35,856 | 19,120 | 26,331 | 33,013 | 50,056 | 49,389 |
| İeho | 22,109 | 30,378 | 30,142 | 32,725 | 24,241 | 29,221 | 35,725 | 42,861 |
| \#уо. | 4,928 | 5,436 | 6,711 | 8,493 | 17,940 | 22,258 | 29,669 | 13,156 |
| Coln. | 24,428 | 24,018 | 24,742 | 36,122 | 36,684 | 45,533 | 58,992 | 70,553 |
| N. Mex. | 7 7,414 | 10,205 | 6,721 | 10,617 | 14,139 | 16,420 | 23,272 | 25,232 |
| Ariz。 | : 7,9?1 | 14,402 | 19,779 | 17,915 | 11,235 | 11,633 | 22,175 | 19,947 |
| Utah | - z,206 | 6,669 | 7,809 | 9,725 | 15,620 | 16,910 | 20,978 | 24,234 |
| Neт. | - 557 | 682 | 826 | 988 | 4,959 | 5,640 | 8,530 | 8,681 |
| Mash. | - 44,851 | 57,510 | 68,219 | 62,730 | 35,907 | 41,193 | 51,437 | 56,998 |
| 0 -eg. | - 18,174 | 20,446 | 27,413 | 29,818 | 23,298 | 34,474 | 45,899 | 48,907 |
| Celif. | 193,733 | 254,518 | 265,980 | 323.746 | 120, 913 | 134,691 | 185,519 | 188,998 |
| Hestern | 351.535 | 450,254 | 494.198 | 551.999 | 336,257 | 391.986 | 533.252 | 569,536 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state ostimates becauss it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, ond includes income from some ferm products which is not distributed by atates.

W. N. Central ............: $100,545 \quad 106,237 \quad 134,880 \quad 166,856 \quad 1,055,984 \quad 4,188,824 \quad 1,357,643 \quad 1,620,690$


| S. Central | 125.049 | 120,493 | 154.072 | 157.038 | 819.735 | 941,011 | 984,075 | 1,066,189 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mont. | 7.012 | 6.722 | 8,584 | 7.817 | 45.545 | 59.013 | 85.912 | 69,089 |
| Idaho | 5.686 | 5.466 | 6,629 | 8,225 | 46,350 | 59.599 | 65,867 | 75.586 |
| -yo. | 3,946 | 2,341 | 5,916 | 6,380 | 22,868 | 27,694 | 36,380 | 41,649 |
| Colo. | 9.995 | 8.061 | 13,870 | 14.370 | 61,112 | 70,551 | 83.734 | 106,675 |
| N. Mex. | 4.761 | 3.695 | 8,563 | 9.393 | 21,553 | 26,625 | 29.993 | 35,849 |
| Ariz. | 2,923 | 3.253 | 6.611 | 6,837 | 19.156 | 26,035 | 41,954 | 37.862 |
| Utah | 3.962 | 2.491 | 4.071 | 4,884 | 23,826 | 23.579 | 28,787 | 33.959 |
| Nev. | 657 | 425 | 1,293 | 1,278 | 5.516 | 6,322 | 9,356 | 9.669 |
| Tash. | 7.232 | 10,260 | 10,663 | 9.635 | 80.758 | 98,703 | 119.656 | 119.728 |
| Oreg. | 4,234 | 4,763 | 5,932 | 7.070 | 46,462 | 54,920 | 73.312 | 78,725 |
| Calif. | 29.218 | 34,523 | 36,601 | 44,134 | 314,646 | 389,209 | 452,499 | 512.744 |
| Western | 79.626 | 82,000 | 108,733 | 120,023 | 687.792 | 842,250 | 1,027,450 | 1,121,535 |

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllll}\text { U. S. casb income } & 1 / & 510,000 & 537,000 & 669,000 & 749,000 & 4.542 .000 & 5320,000 & 5,894,000 & 6,853,000\end{array}$

[^22]Table 4.- Government payments and receiots from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, January-November 1934-36, and November 1935-36


1) The estimated United Statea cesh income is not equal to the sum of the state ostimates becelise it has been adjusted dommari for interstate sale of livestock, and incluies income from some farm producta which is not distributed by states.
2/ Include $\$ 480,985$ in cancelled checks undistributed by states.
3/ Includee $\$ 4,2451 n$ cancelled checks undistrlbuted bj states.


#### Abstract

RECEIPTS FRCM THE SALE OF PKINCIPAL FRRM PRODUCTS AND GOV MRNMMNT PaYMDiTS BI STATES FGF DECENBER 1933-36 ATL THE YEATS 1933-36


Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products for the year 1936 were higher than a year earlier in all geographical regions of the United States and in all States except Montana, Arizone, Oklahoma, and Morth Carolina. The largest increases over a year ago occurred in the North Central States where, despite the reduced production of crops because of the drought, cash receipts averaged nearly 20 percent higher in 1936 than in 1935. The States showing the largest increase compared with a year ago were ilaine, with an increase of 51 percent and Minnesota and Mississippi with a 30 percent increase. The greatest decrease (18 percent) comvared with a yeor ago occurred in iontana where a large proportion of the total incorue is received from the sale of crops and where crop production was greatly restricted by the drought. Government payments in 1936 were smaller than in 1935 in all regions and totaled $\$ 237,000,000$ compared with $\$ 533,000,000$ last year.

In December 1936, cash receipts from farm marketings averaged 18 percent higher than a year earlier. Receipts in all regions were higher than a year ago but the greatest increase in receipts occurred in the East North Central States where income froin crops was unusually large. For the United States as a whole, income from crops in December was 22 percent higher than a year earlier and from livestock and livestock products the increase amounted to 15 percent. Total Government payments during December 1936, anounted to \$36,000,000 compared with $\$ 50,000,000$ in December 1935.

## INCREASSD INCOIE ERON FARU RARI WTINGS IN 1936 MMOUNTS TC 16 PRRCINT

The increase in total cash income in the United States during 1936 amounted to 16 percent and in spite of the lower production of crops due to drought, the percentage increase in incone from crops exceeded the increase in the income from livestock. The larger income from crops was partly the result of heavier marketings of crops during the first half of the year but was largely due to the marked advance in prices as the extent of the 1936 drought became more apparent. During the last half of the year, prices of nearly all grains and many of the fruits and vegetables averaged considerably higher than a year corlier because of the smaller supplies, and prices were also higher for some of the crops the output of which was greater in 1936 than in 1935. This was particularly true of cotton, sugur beets, and pears.

Because of these sharply higher prices for crops, States where production was not greatly reduced by the droüht showed marked increases in income from crops, and even in many of the states where the drought was severe income from crops in 1936 was only sligitly smellor than in 1935. The only States showing mrked declines in income from crops were Montana, North Dakota and South Dakota, and Oklahoma. On the other hand, income from crops in liaine in 1936 was over twice as large as in 1935 and incomes in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iown, Kansas, and Rhode Island were more than 50 percent greater in 1930 thar in 1935.


The increased income from livestock and livestock products was largely the result of heavier marketings and higher prices of ment animals. Mincketings of cattle and hogs were larger in 1930 than in 1935 and prices of sheep, lambs and hogs were also higher than a year ago, while prices of cattle were somewhat lower than in 1935. Hog marketings were unusually heavy during the last 4 months of the year as the shortage of feed and the unfavorable hog-corn price ratio resulted in the sale of the spring pig crop much earlior than usual. This carlier marketing of hogs was an important factor in increasing the income from livestock and livestock products in some of tho Corn Belt States, particularly North Dakota and South Dakota, Minnesota, and Nobraska where the shortage of $f$ eed is most pronounced. Incomo from sales of dairy products amounted to 10 percent above 1935 and the increase was fairly general in all areas. Income from poultry and eggs was about the same as in 1935.

## CHAJGES IN RECEIPTS BY STATES FROM 1935-36

The percentage change in cash receipts from the sale of farm products and from Government payments from 1935-36 is given by States in thefigure on the opposite page. Because of the smaller amount of Government payments in 1936 than in 1935, the increcse in income, including Government payments, for the United States as a whole amounted to only ll percent compered with a 16 percent increase in income from farm marketings. The reduction in Government payments was particularly pronounced in the West North Central and South Central States and reduced total receipts in several States below the levels of 1935. The greatest increase in income in 1936 compared with 1935 occurred in Mane, where a large proportion of form income is obtained from potatoes. The potato crop in Maine this year was ebout 15 percent larger than the year earlier and in addition prices were considerably higher. In the remaining North Atlantic States receipts from the sale of farm products were cnly moderately higher than a year earlier except in New York, where the reater importance of potatoes and apples in farm marketings increased income to 16 percent above that of 1935.

In the North Central States, a number of States recorded a marked incronse in income with the largest incruases from sales of farm products occurring in Minnesota and Illinois. In Illinois, the improvement in market receipts was largely the result of sales of corn particularly early in the season when sales were being made from the relatively large 1935 crop. The improvement in Minnesota was due to larger receipts from both crops and livestock, with the major portion of the increase being derived from sales of corn, barley, flaxseed, and hogs. The larger income from sales of corn was also an important factor in increasing the receipts in Iowa, Missouri, and Indiana. Higher prices of wherit resulted in a marked increase in income from crops in Kansns and Nebraska and unusually heavy sales of livestock from North Dakota and South Dakota prevented receipts in those States from being below those of 1935.

Receipts including Government payments in the South Atlantic States were only 2 percent larger in 1936 than in 1935. The greatest increases in receipts occurred in Florida, Georgia, Maryland, and Delaware and were due largely to larger income from crops. In Maryland and Delaware, the wheat crop was about as large in 1936 as in 1935 and sold at substantially higher prices, which was an important factor in increasing income in those

States. In Florida, the income from citrus fruits was substantially larger than a year earlier and in Georgia the increase in income was largely due to increased receipts from peaches and tobacco and to earlier marketings and higher prices of cotton. Receipts in North Carolina and South Carolina were smaller in 1936 than in 1935, the difference being due largely to the smaller Government payments received.

Total receipts in the South Central States in 1936 were 1 percent below those of 1935. Mississippi was the only State in this area to show a substantial increase in incone which was accounted for largely by the marked increase in cotton production in 1936. Income in Oklahoma was reduced materially as the drought restricted the output of nearly all crops in that State. In Louisiana, the decline in income was due to the lower receipts from livestock, and the decline in Kentucky and Alabama was the result of smaller Government payments.

In the inter-mountain and Far Jestern States the wide variety of farm products produced and variations in weather conditions resulted in marked fluctuations in income in 1936 comparcd with a year earlier. In Montana where a large portion of the income is obtained from the sales of wheat and where the effects of the drought were most pronounced, income was sharply lower than a year ago. In Arizona the principal sources of farm income are from the sale of cotton, truck crops, and cattle. Iower income from truck crops more than offset the increased income from cotton, and income from the sale of cattle was also lower in 1935. The greatest increase in receipts in this area occurred in colorado where the income from sugar beets and potatoes was considerably larger than a year ago. In California, the increased income was largely from crops, particularly citrus fruits, cotton, truck crops, wheat, and borley. Most of the other States in this area also recorded increases in their 1936 cash receipts over the previous year.

Tables 1 to 4 contain the estimates of receipts from the sale of 33 of the more important farm products, by states, for December 1933-36 and for each year since 1933. The estimates are subdivided into receipts from crops and receipts from livestock products. Government payments include income from the emergency sale of livestock, exercise of cotton options, sale of cotton certificates with deductions for purchases of cotton certificates by farmers, benofit and conservation payments. The United States estimates of total cash income from crops and from livestock items for the month and for the year are entered in the tables on the line below the State estimates of cash receipts.

Table l.-Receipts from the sele of principal farm producta by States, December 1933-36


[^23]Table 2.-Rece1pts from the sale of principal farm producte, by States, 1933-36

|  | Crope |  |  |  | Livestock and liveetock producte |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | : 1933 | $1934$ | 1935 | 1936 | 1933 | $1934$ | $1935$ | $1936$ |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollare | dollare | dollare | dollars |
| Mo | 17,197 | 23,507 | 12,633 | 28,225 | 16,319 | 18,070 | 20,688 | 22,070 |
| N. H. | 2,285 | 2,266 | 2,048 | 1,980 | 10,423 | 12,409 | 14,514 | 14,888 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$. | 2,050 | 1,942 | 2,121 | 2,145 | 22,090 | 25,450 | 30,257 | 30,665 |
| Mase. | 11,412 | 10,502 | 10,592 | 12,205 | 27,836 | 30,539 | 37,064 | 38,463 |
| R. I. | 1,079 | 1,129 | 1,184 | 1,908 | 4,423 | 5,061 | 6,081 | 6,160 |
| Conn. | 9,342 | 8,878 | 10,989 | 13,510 | 22,127 | 26,149 | 28,349 | 28,285 |
| N. Y. | 56,024 | 59,334 | 57,138 | 62,587 | 135,638 | 160,979 | 176,609 | 208,288 |
| N. J | 23,981 | 24,532 | 24,521 | 31,064 | 32,255 | 39,342 | 47,558 | 46,957 |
| Pa . | 37,870 | 45,030 | 43,309 | 55,769 | 115,166 | 140,963 | 167,944 | 170,856 |
| N. Atlantic | 161,240 | 177,120 | 164,535 | 209,393 | 386,277 | 458,962 | 529,064 | 566,632 |
| Oh1o | 44,860 | 58,137 | 65,524 | 77,914 | 121,366 | 142,680 | 196,947 | 205,726 |
| Ind. | 34,929 | 46,113 | 46,554 | 58,241 | 111,047 | 123,918 | 172,420 | 198,830 |
| Ill. | 99,322 | 85,619 | 81,365 | 142,687 | 173,617 | 204,875 | 262,771 | 294,003 |
| Mich. | 44,429 | 53,979 | 50,774 | 61,212 | 75,826 | 91,615 | 115,182 | 129,798 |
| Wis. | 13,762 | 24,675 | 21,417 | 34,385 | 149,883 | 169,483 | 221,935 | 265,806 |
| E. N. Central | 237,302 | 268,523 | 265,534 | 374,439 | 631,739 | 732,571 | 969,255 | 1,094,153 |
| Minn. | 40,218 | 47,389 | 54,646 | 70,717 | 142,273 | 162,453 | 203,023 | 265,131 |
| Iowa | 50,574 | 70,920 | 38,126 | 66,868 | 251,306 | 309,078 | 402,684 | 469,135 |
| Mo. | 35,244 | 42,593 | 32,347 | 47,664 | 134,054 | 129,691 | 188,857 | 199,653 |
| N. Dak. | 42,918 | 31,701 | 41,662 | 30,607 | 32,409 | 29,763 | 33,988 | 51,311 |
| S. Dak. | 11,727 | 6,779 | 21,969 | 15,742 | 56,051 | 44,688 | 53,641 | 78,444 |
| Nebr. | 46,887 | 41,587 | 38,137 | 48,412 | 133,357 | 169,615 | 168,236 | 205,266 |
| Kans. | 52,861 | 69,188 | 50,258 | 86,087 | 112,480 | 134,646 | 183,050 | 178,001 |
| W. N. Centre | 280,429 | 310,157 | 277,145 | 366,097 | 861,930 | 979,934 | 1,233,479 | 1,446,941 |
| Del. | 3,583 | 5,580 | 6,044 | 7,158 | 4,721 | 6,089 | 7,671 | 7,473 |
| Md. | 19,373 | 24,170 | 26,303 | 31,295 | 22,260 | 26,613 | 32,905 | 33,538 |
|  | 38,138 | 53,347 | 52,111 | 57,129 | 30,189 | 33,179 | 44,472 | 44,423 |
| W. Va | 4,936 | 7,280 | 6,967 | 6,790 | 18,156 | 20,883 | 26,575 | 27,360 |
| N. C . | 125,636 | 193,331 | 174,942 | 170,751 | 16,826 | 20,632 | 24,256 | 25,907 |
| S. c. | 52,872 | 73,708 | 75,111 | 76,089 | 7,770 | 9,726 | 12,060 | 11,622 |
| Ga . | 74,799 | 92,519 | 88,711 | 105,182 | 13,234 | 16,669 | 22,072 | 24,007 |
| Fla. | 53, 047 | 77,822 | 71,276 | 82,095 | 11,393 | 13,352 | 16,987 | 16,758 |
| S. Atlantic | 372, 384 | 527,757 | 501,465 | 536,489 | 124,549 | 147,143 | 186,998 | 191,088 |
| Ky. | 31,441 | 49,364 | 56,558 | 55,669 | 34,623 | 42,831 | 60,119 | 62,613 |
| Tenn. | 42,449 | 59,281 | 50,215 | 54,703 | 27,270 | 30,166 | 47,943 | 50,001 |
| Ala. | 51,721 | 80,874 | 76,793 | 77,271 | 11,906 | 13,423 | 19,815 | 20,081 |
| Miss. | 75,537 | 96,291 | 89,599 | 126,176 | 13,299 | 15,335 | 25,403 | 23,735 |
| Ark. | 63,990 | 80,433 | 72,872 | 82,984 | 13,905 | 17,941 | 26,311 | 26,424 |
| La. | 52,463 | 68,538 | 77,249 | 82,608 | 10,717 | 15,053 | 20,417 | 17,354 |
| Okla. | 83,305 | 68,699 | 57,716 | 49,043 | 44,120 | 44,796 | 82,762 | 82,677 |
| Tex. | 244,418 | 242,046 | 211,245 | 257,769 | 102,270 | 109,427 | 138,037 | 145,663 |
| S. Central | 645,324 | 745,526 | 692, 247 | 786,223 | 258,110 | 288,972 | 420,807 | 428,548 |
| Mont. | 21,792 | 29,510 | 38,018 | 21,259 | 28,485 | 35,032 | 52,871 | 53,552 |
| Idaho | 25,307 | 33,291 | 33,151 | 37,285 | 26,443 | 31,486 | 38,763 | 46,754 |
| Wyo. | 6,211 | 6,395 | 8,137 | 10,106 | 19,518 | 23,119 | 32,020 | 35,760 |
| Colo. | 29,702 | 27,321 | 29,146 | 42,745 | 39,400 | 49,781 | 64,977 | 75,948 |
| N, Mex. | 8,692 | 11,646 | 9,221 | 13,138 | 15,901 | 17,910 | 26,569 | 28,159 |
| Ariz. | 10,558 | 17,995 | 24,020 | 21,806 | 12,632 | 13,057 | 24,598 | 22,249 |
| Utah | 9,973 | 7,336 | 8,918 | 11,020 | 17,499 | 18,642 | 23,549 | 27,605 |
| Nev. | 617 | 753 | 901 | 1,111 | 5,596 | 6,064 | 9,387 | 9,610 |
| Waeh. | 48,773 | 63,556 | 73,652 | 67,552 | 38,863 | 45,321 | 56,017 | 62,644 |
| Oreg. | 19,324 | 22,035 | 28,975 | 31,969 | 30,382 | 37,392 | 49,275 | 52,844 |
| Calif. | 205,226 | 270,893 | 282,662 | 340,549 | 129,688 | 147,176 | 201,222 | 205,939 |
| Weetern | 386,175 | 490,731 | 536,801 | 598,258 | 364,407 | 424,980 | 579,248 | 621,064 |

U. S. creh 1ncome 1/ ... 2 2 $437,0002,887,000$ 2,813,000 3,312,000 2,518,0002,905,000 3,694,000 4,266,000

1/ The eetimated United Statee caeh income $1 e$ not equal to the sum of the etate estimates because it hae been adjueted downard for interetate sale of livestock, and includes income from eome farm producte which ie not distributed by states.

Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by Statea, Decomber, and
January - December, 1933-36


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum oi the State estimates becauso it has been adjusted downard for interstate salo of livestock, and includes income from some fara products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Goverment payments and receipts from the aele of principal farm products including Goverment payments, by States, January-December 1934-36, and December 1935-36


1/ The estimated United Stestes cash income is not equal to the cun of the state estimates becase it has been adjusted downerd for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products wich is not dietributed by states.
2. Includea $\$ 480,965$ in cancelled checks undistributed by states.

#  FATMNTS BY SMITS FOA JANUNYi 1937 AN JNTUEY 1934-36 

Recei"ts from the sale of principal farm prociucts for Janurf 1337 were hi hor thon in Jonunry 1936 in nll but one of the six najor ceocranhical divisions of the country, it is roported $b_{\ddot{3}}$ the Jurenu of Ariculturil Economics. A decline of 1 vercent occurred in the Iest North Central States largely becousc of samller receiots from livestock and livestock oroducts. The lariest ains of 20 and 24 percent, respectively, vero rccorded in the Iforth Atlentic and Western States, while Enins of 16 and 18 percent occurred in the East North Central and South Central resions. In the South Atlantic Siates cash rcceiŋts were only 8 ocrcent lareor this Janurry than in Jnnuar, of last ت̈ear.

Eocnuse of the much lareor Governaent maments to fommers in Janunry 1937, total cash roceipts includin: Govcrnment paymonts were larger than in January 1936 in each of the six rocions of trec country. The eains raned frow 12 oorcent in the Jest North Central States to 31 nercent in the "Iestern States. For the souaratc Strtes, totel reccipts includinc Govermant perments
 with onc or wore of these Stotes locnted in onch of the recions other than the Jist lortil Contral States.

The Januerö छीins in cosh frrin receints in the various rocions of the countrer تore chicfly duc to lorecr recoipts from croo morictines, which in turn wore e result of the shormly hi her mrices roceived by formors this Januar: thon in Jnnurri a joar earlier. For tho countri as a vhole cash ircome fro: cron morketines in Jonuary 1937 increased $\$ 66,000,000$ or 33 percent ovor innunt: 1936, wile income frow livestock and livestock pronucts increased by only $\$ 10,000,000$ or 3 rercent. Fecei?ts from the sale of princional crops in Jznuary 1937 exceeded the Janumy 1936 receipts in evory rerion of the countrir bur rins rancin fron 3 porcont in the South Atlentic States to 63 porcent in the North Atlantic Statcs. Zccoints from livestock and livestocic products mere lareer than the Januny 1936 receipts in every reaion except the Jost liorth Central States where a 7 percent decrease occurred. The cains in receipts fron livestock ite..s in the other resions more relntively small, ransing frow 2 percont in the South Central States to 10 porcent in the iiestern States.

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,



* excludes government payments to farmers

NEG. 29566

North Atlantic States.- Smaller marketings of apples in Nassachusetts and potatoes in Riode Island were largely respensible for the small decreases
 ment pajnints, compared mith correspondinf totals $n_{i}$ the same month a year ago. In Vaine, where prices of potatres were mrre than twice as high as in January 1036, total cash receipts including Government nayments were 82 percent higher than in tanuary 1036. Each of the other States in this region also recorded gains in total receipts with the more substantial gains occurring in the riddle Atlantic Sউates.

East North Central States.- Despite the marked contraction in hog marketings from nost of the states in this region, the January 1937 receipts frcm the sale of principal farm products were nevertheless substantially higher than in January 1936 in each of the States. The larger receipts from corn in Chic, Indiana and Illinois, and fron potatoes in Michigan and Wisconsin together with increased receipts fr-m dairy products, cattle and eges in each of the States resulted in gains from marketincs ranging from 10 percent in Indiana to 20 percent in Jichigan. In addition, Gcvernment payments in this regicn were approximately ${ }_{\psi} \neq 7,700,000$ mnre than in January 1936 so that total cash receipts for the individual States showed even higher percentage gains abcve the Tanuary 1936 level.

West North Contral States.- A marked contraction in the marketings of grains from North Dakota anत Scuth Daknta, and meat animals frcm nearly all of the States in this region resulted in smaller receipts from the sale of principal farm prodacts in January 1937 as compared with January 1936 in each of the States except Finnesnta and Kansas. Receipts fram chickens and butteriat were alsc smaller this January in most of the States in this region. Government payments, however, which were approximately $\$ 16,750,000$ mere than in January 1936 more than offset the reginn's small docline in receipts from marketings, so that tctal reccipts includinp Government payments were larger than in January 1036 for the region as a whle and were larger in each of the States excent Iissouri, South Daknta and IVebraska. Receipts in Kansas this January continuac to show a marked improvement over a year ago largely because of its heavier wheat marketings at the currently higher prices.

As indicated on the accompanying chart, the receipts from the sale of principal ferm products declined from Decomber 1936 to January of this year more than usually in the West North Central States. This larger than seasonal decrease was principally due to the marked contraction of cattie and hog markotings from this area as a result of the unusually heary marketings that trok plece in tho last quartcr ff last year in response to the general feed shortage. In view of the very small strcks of corn and wheat and smaller hog and cattle numbers on farms in this area on January $l$ of this year comparca With a yeur earlier, rocojpts İom marketinss in the West North Central States
may be expected to decline mere than usual in the immediate months ahead. The larger Government payments to farmers during these months, however, are likely to offset to a considerable extent the smaller receipts from sales of farm products.

South Atlantic States.- Smaller marketings of tobacco and cotton from North Carolina as well as cotton from South Carolina during January this year resulted in smaller cash receipts from the sale of principal farm preducts in these two States, compared with January a year ago. Trie larger Government payments, homever, had offsct the smaller receipts from marketings in South Carolina, so that total cash receipts in that State were 17 percent above a year agc. In Morth Carolina, horevor, total cash receipts ;ere 20 percent below last ycar. In each of the other states in this regicn receipts from narketings as rell as total receipts including Gevemment payments mere considerably larger than in January 1936, particularly in Georgia, Delamare, Maryland and Virginia.

South Central States.- As a rosult of very light marketings of cotten, the Janux roceipts from marletings in Alabama, Oklahoma and Texas were depressed substantially below thnse of a year earlier. The other states in this reginn shorod marked gains in cash receipts from cctton, tobacce and rice. In Mississippi and Louisiana total receipts incluảing Government nayments mere 115 percent above January 1936. For the region as a Fhole, total cash receipts including Goverment paynents wore 25 percent higher.

Western States.- Receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in the Vesterr regjon rore 24 percent abeve January 1936, and wore larger in each of the States except Iontana, Now lexicc and Arizona. Curtailed marketinss of wheat and cattle wore largely responsible for tho a crease in licntana's cash receipts from marketings. The larger Gevermment payments had more than offset this decrease and resulted in a 21 percent increase in Montana's total receiptis including Government payments. In New Merico and Arizona, receipts fron cotton vere lower than in Jonuary l936, when marketings of cotton frori these States were unusually heavy. The larger Government payments in those twe States mere insufficient te offset their decreases in receipts from markotings, so that tetal receipts including Government parmonts were 4 percent and l2 percent smaller in New Nexico and Arizona,respectively. The gains in cash receipts in the other States of this region were due chiefly to larger receints from petatoos in Idaho and Colorado, apples and potatnes in Washington anā Orecgon, and from cottcn and vegetables in Tolifornia. The region's total rocoipts including Government payments in Jantuary 1937 wore 31 percent higner than in January 1936.

Tables 1 and 2 present the State ostimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Govorment payments for January 1937 with comparatirc figures for earlier years.

Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of princinal fnrm products, by States, Jamary 10,34-37

| State | ; | Craps |  |  |  | Livestock and liventock oroducts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Jan. : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jnn. } \\ & 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1036 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1937 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. $1034:$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1035 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 10,36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1937 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Le. |  | 3.750 | 1,255 | 1,945 | 4.916 | 1,177 | 1.307 | 1,663 | 1.556 |
| N. 日. |  | 206 | 118 | 79 | 202 | 815 | 888 | 1,062 | 986 |
| Vt. |  | 92 | 95 | 61 | 90 | 1,849 | 2.119 | 2.353 | 2,263 |
| Мавя. |  | 491 | 433 | 702 | 572 | 2,114 | 2.529 | 2,784 | 2,664 |
| R. I. |  | 44 | 10 | 41 | 14 | 322 | 411 | 456 | 1.55 |
| Comn. |  | 1,011 | 1.439 | 1,264 | 1.574 | 1,851 | 2.075 | 1,965 | 2,105 |
| N. Y. |  | 5,691 | 4.753 | 3.293 | 5.067 | 11,343 | 12,760 | 16,164 | 16,730 |
| N. J. |  | 412 | 378 | 451 | 543 | 2.530 | 3.041 | 3.151 | 3.775 |
| Pa. |  | 4,290 | 2,568 | 3.470 | 5,468 | 8.989 | 10,980 | 11,867 | 14.112 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 15.987 | 11.049 | 11,306 | 18.446 | 30.990 | 36.111 | 41,465 | 4.656 |
| Ohio |  | 3,691 | 3.647 | 5,089 | 6,886 | 0.841 | 16.590 | 18,586 | 20,367 |
| Ind. |  | 2,436 | 2.525 | 3,216 | 4,292 | g,763 | 14.429 | 14,987 | 15.665 |
| I11. |  | 3.295 | 3,029 | 5.846 | 10,583 | 16,602 | 25,206 | 27.098 | 28,344 |
| M1ch. |  | 3,614 | 2,845 | 3.103 | 5.194 | 6,131 | 8,832 | 9.627 | 11,287 |
| 918. |  | 1.754 | 1.531 | 2,223 | 3,378 | 10.852 | 16,851 | 20,193 | 21.991 |
| E. N. Central |  | 14.790 | 13.577 | 12,477 | 30,333 | 52,189 | 81.918 | 90.491 | 97.654 |
| Minn. |  | 2,843 | 1,518 | 2.633 | 4,590 | 11,874 | 15,908 | 19.999 | 21,117 |
| Iowa |  | 2.438 | 1.408 | 2,244 | 3.737 | 23.006 | 35.555 | 37.938 | 36,032 |
| Mo. |  | 2,492 | 1,031 | 1.598 | 2,686 | 9,075 | 11,803 | 17.776 | 14.895 |
| N. Dak. |  | 2,240 | 474 | 1,745 | 1,062 | 1,348 | 1,614 | 2,848 | 2,120 |
| S. Dak. |  | 556 | 300 | 1,796 | 452 | 2,913 | 3.516 | 5,870 | 4,470 |
| Nebr. |  | 4,867 | 1,274 | 3.021 | 3.618 | 12,682 | 13.752 | 18,214 | 14.646 |
| Kars. |  | 3.140 | 3.107 | 3.063 | 6,919 | 9.470 | 14,410 | 14.248 | 15,290 |
| T. N. Central | : | 18.576 | 9.112 | 16,10 | 23,064 | 69.408 | 96.642 | 116,893 | 108,570 |
| Del. |  | 261 | 219 | 226 | 337 | 364 | 489 | 465 | 569 |
| Md. |  | 629 | 333 | 523 | 960 | 1,761 | 2,117 | 2,295 | 2,657 |
| $\checkmark \mathrm{F}$ 。 |  | 4.523 | 4.152 | 3.815 | 5.759 | 1,835 | 2,456 | 3.131 | 3.476 |
| T. Va. |  | 620 | 363 | 394 | 514 | 1.261 | 1.515 | 2,062 | 2,086 |
| N. C. |  | 8.652 | 4.373 | 8,426 | 6,068 | 1,425 | 1,606 | 1,852 | 1,796 |
| S. C. |  | 2.943 | 2.698 | 3.822 | 3,209 | 668 | 786 | 725 | 803 |
| Ga. |  | 4,025 | 3.945 | 4.092 | 4,513 | 1,668 | 2.373 | 2.572 | 2.674 |
| Ma. |  | 10,332 | 8.196 | 8,970 | 12.226 | 1,103 | 1.639 | 1,373 | 1.541 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 32,085 | 24,280 | 30,268 | 32.585 | 10.088 | 12,081 | 14,475 | 15.502 |
| K\%. |  | 15,373 | 22,533 | 14,190 | 25,582 | 2,135 | 3,376 | 4,431 | 3.944 |
| Tenn. |  | 6,207 | 5.828 | 5.579 | 2.781 | 1,717 | 2,524 | 4.334 | 5,147 |
| Ala. |  | 3,402 | 3.428 | 6.514 | 3.564 | 1.102 | 1,304 | 1,753 | 1,843 |
| M1ss. |  | 5.866 | 5,324 | 4,268 | 10,246 | 782 | 1,047 | 1,700 | 1,757 |
| Art. |  | 4,215 | 3.551 | 3.675 | 7.685 | 1.303 | 1,742 | 2.311 | 2,268 |
| L8. |  | 7,208 | 7.013 | 2,518 | 6.356 | 1,365 | 1,876 | 1,032 | 889 |
| Okla. | : | 6,535 | 3.157 | 6,181 | 1,641 | 2,789 | 5.841 | 6,241 | 6,322 |
| Tex. ... |  | 12,212 | 8,76 | 17,031 | 13.245 | 6.737 | 8.848 | 10,248 | 10,560 |
| S. Central |  | 61,108 | 60,110 | 60, 856 | 77.100 | 17.030 | 26, 258 | 32,150 | 32.730 |
| Mont. |  | 1,083 | 886 | 1.174 | 764 | 1.654 | 2.021 | 2,958 | 2,830 |
| I daho |  | 2,442 | 2,136 | 1,933 | 3.493 | 1,418 | 2.107 | 2, 815 | 3,011 |
| Fyo. |  | 373 | 283 | 392 | 426 | 939 | 1,035 | 1,078 | 1,252 |
| Colo. |  | 2,282 | 800 | 1,515 | 3.512 | 2,834 | 4.203 | 5,455 | 5,329 |
| N. Lex. |  | 816 | 582 | 1.739 | 1.334 | 1,290 | 1,399 | 2,418 | 2,331 |
| Ariz. |  | 4,674 | 5.540 | 3.578 | 2.752 | 1,782 | 1.436 | 1,409 | 1,414 |
| Utah |  | 302 | 261 | 320 | 371 | 1,232 | 1.412 | 1,953 | 2,492 |
| Yev. |  | 74 | 4 59 | 69 | 4.104 | + 415 | 624 | 555 | 629 |
| \#ash. |  | 5.106 | 4,140 | 2,984 | 4,199 | 2.590 | 3.845 | 4,190 | 4,725 |
| Oreg. |  | 1.132 | 1.423 | 944 | 1,496 | 1:838 | 2,868 | 3.070 | 3.350 |
| Calif. .. |  | $13,111$ | 16.148 | 10.375 | $17 \times 92$ | 7,894 | 12.165 | 11, 293 | 14, 106 |
| Testern |  | 31, 322 | 32.258 | 25,023 | 36,443 | 22.866 | 33.175 | 37.025 | 41.769 |
| U. 3. ccsh income 1/ |  | 208,000 | 178,000 | 201,000 | 267,000 | 212,000 | 275,000 | 349,000 | 359,000 |

1) The estimated United Stetes cash income is not equal to the sum of the stete estimates becalise it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sele of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by stetes.

Table 2.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments, by States, January 1934-37

| State | Recelpta from the sale of principal farm products |  |  |  | Government parment |  |  | Total including Government rayments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\text { Jan }}{} \quad \vdots \\ & \therefore 1934 \quad \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1936: \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \text { Jan. } \\ & : \quad 1937 \\ & : \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jen. } \\ & 1935 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \text { Jan. } \\ 1936: \\ \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1937 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \quad: \\ & 1935: \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \vdots \text { Jan } & \vdots \\ \vdots \\ 1236 & : \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Jan. <br> 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollers |
| Ke. | 4.927 | 2,562 | 3.608 | 6,472 |  |  | 107 | 2,562 | 3,608 | 6,579 |
| N. | 1,021 | 1,006 | 1,141 | 1,188 | 1 |  | 34 | 1,007 | 1,141 | 1,222 |
| vt. | 1,941 | 2,214 | 2,414 | 2,753 | 2 |  | 93 | 2,216 | 2,414 | 2,445 |
| Mass. | 2,605 | 2,962 | 3,486 | 3,236 | 81 | 2 | 58 | 3,043 | 3.488 | 3,294 |
| R.I. | 366 | 421 | 497 | 479 | 1 |  |  | 422 | 497 | 479 |
| Conn. | 2,862 | 3.515 | 3,229 | 3,679 | 63 | 3 | 76 | 3,578 | 3,232 | 3.755 |
| N. Y | 17.034 | 17.513 | 19,457 | 21,797 | 17 |  | 862 | 17.530 | 19,457 | 22,659 |
| H. | 2,942 | 3,419 | 3,602 | 4,318 | 3 |  | 160 | 3,422 | 3,602 | 4,478 |
| Fa. |  | 13,548 | 15,237 | 19,580 | 132 | 2 | 918 | 13,680 | 15,339 | 20,498 |
|  | +6.9 | 47,160 | 52, 771 | 63,102 | 300 | 7 | 2,308 | 47.460 | 52,7] | 410 |
| Ohio | 13.532 | 20,237 | 23,675 | 27,253 | 2,116 | 9 | 1,071 | 22,353 | 23,684 | 28,324 |
| Ind. | 11,199 | 16,954 | 18,203 | 19,957 | 3,062 | 1 | 1,397 | 20,016 | 18,204 | 21,354 |
| 111. | 19,897 | 28,235 | 32,014 | 38,927 | 5.578 | 6 | 2,612 | 33,813 | 32,950 | 41,539 |
| wich. | 9.745 | 11,677 | 12,730 | 16,481 | 402 |  | 751 | 12,079 | 12,730 | 17,232 |
| Wis. | 12.606 | 18.392 | 22,416 | 25,369 | 1.282 | 12 | 1.193 | 19.674 | 22,428 | 26,562 |
| E.T. |  | 95,495 | 109,068 | 127.087 | 12.440 | 28 | 7.024 | 107.935 | 109,006 | 135,011 |
| 41 n . | 14,717 | 17.516 | 22,632 | 25,707 | 2,043 | 2 | 1,399 | 19,559 | 22,634 | 27,106 |
| Iom | 25,484 | 36,064 | 40,182 | 39,769 | 9,238 | -11 | 3.528 | 46,202 | 40,171 | 43,297 |
| \%o. | 10,567 | 12,834 | 19,374 | 17,581 | 3,332 | 75 | 815 | 16,166 | 19,449 | 18,396 |
| N. Ds | 3.588 | 2,088 | 4,593 | 3.182 | 1,420 | 13 | 3,058 | 3,508 | 4,606 | 6,240 |
| S. Dak. | 3,469 | 3,816 | 7,6E6 | 4,922 | 2,794 |  | 2,301 | 6,610 | 7,675 | 7,223 |
| Nebr. | 17,549 | 15.026 | 21,235 | 18,264 | 3,474 | 6 | 2,769 | 18,500 | 21,241 | 21,033 |
| Kens. | 12,610 | 17.517 | 17.311 | 22,209 | 3,430 | 17 | 2,096 | 20,047 | 17.328 | 25,205 |
| M. N. Central | 87,084 | 105,761 | 122,093 | 131.634 | 25.731 | 111 | 16,366 | 131,492 | 133,104 | 148,500 |
| Del. | 625 | 708 | 691 | 906 | 11 |  | 45 | 719 | 691 | 951 |
| ma. | 2,390 | 2,450 | 2,818 | 3,617 | 109 | 2 | 94 | 2,559 | 2,820 | 3.711 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{a}$. | 6,461 | 6,608 | 6,946 | 9,235 | 255 | 3 | 182 | 6,863 | 6,949 | 9,417 |
| T0, V | 1,881 | 1,878 | 2,456 | 2,600 | 34 |  | 33 | 1,912 | 2,456 | 2,633 |
| N. | 10,077 | 5.979 | 10,278 | 7,864 | 787 | 90 | 382 | 6,766 | 10,368 | 8,246 |
| 3. | 3,611 | 2,484 | 4,547 | 4,012 | 1,112 |  | 1,319 | 4,596 | 4,547 | 5,331 |
| Ga. | 5,693 | 6,319 | 6,664 | 7,187 | 1,596 | 26 | 3,272 | 7,915 | 6,690 | 10,459 |
| 1a. | 11,235 | 9,835 | 1, 343 | 12,767 | 63 |  | 183 | 9.898 | 10,343 | 12,950 |
| S. Atlanti | 42,173 | 37,261 | 44,743 | 48,188 | 3, 067 | 121 | 5.510 | 41,228 | W, 454 | 53,598 |
| Ky. | 17,508 | 26,209 | 18,621 | 29,526 | 2,308 | 39 | 1,174 | 28,517 | 18,650 | 30,700 |
| Tenn. | 7,924 | 8,35? | 9,913 | 13,228 | 973 | 22 | 408 | 9,325 | 9,035 | 14,336 |
| Ala. | 4,594 | 4,732 | 8,267 | 5,407 | 1,641 | 96 | 1,486 | 6,373 | 8,363 | 6,893 |
| M188 | 6,648 | 6,371 | 5,968 | 12,003 | 2,314 | 16 | 884 | 8,685 | 5,984 | 12,887 |
| Ark. | 5.518 | 5,293 | 5,986 | 9,953 | 1,826 | 81 | 235 | 7,119 | 6,067 | 10,188 |
|  | 8,573 | 8,889 | 3,550 | 7,245 | 818 | 63 | 511 | 9,707 | 3,613 | 7,756 |
| 0kla. | 9.324 | 8,998 | 12,422 | 7,953 | 2,118 | 194 | 1,062 | 11,116 | 12,616 | 9,025 |
| Tex. | 18,049 | 17.924 | 28,279 | 23,805 | 8,948 | 349 | 1.513 | 26,872 | 28,628 | 25,318 |
| S. Central | 72.038 | 85, 758 | 93,006 | 109,830 | 20.946 | 860 | 7.273 | 107,714 | 93.866 | 117,103 |
| Mont. | 2,727 | 2,507 | 1,132 | 3,594 | 863 | 8 | 1,427 | 3,770 | 4,140 | 5,021 |
| Idaho | 3,860 | 4,243, | 4,748 | 6,504 | 623 | 8 | 380 | 4,866 | 4,756 | 5,884 |
| Wyo. | 1,312 | 1,378 | 1,470 | 1,678 | 129 |  | 208 | 1,507 | 1,470 | 1,886 |
| Colo | 5,116 | 5,003 | 7.001 | 8,841 | 1,003 | 4 | 446 | 6,006 | 7,005 | 9,287 |
| N, Mex. | 2,106 | 1,981 | 4,157 | 3,665 | 875 | 21 | 344 | 2,856 | 4,178 | 4,009 |
| Ariz | 5.456 | 6,976 | 4,087 | 4,166 | 349 | 8 | 252 | 7,325 | 4,095 | 4,418 |
| Uta | 1,534 | 1,673 | 2,273 | 2,863 | 339 | 2 | 208 | 2,012 | 2,275 | 3,071 |
| Net | 489 | 683 | 624 | 733 | 14 |  | 57 | 697 | 624 | 790 |
| Wasb. | 7,696 | 7,985 | 7,174 | 8,924 | 1,910 | 16 | 272 | 9,895 | 7,190 | 9,196 |
| Oreg. | 2,970 | 4.291 | 4,014 | 4,846 | 191 | 13 | 199 | 4,482 | 4,027 | 5.045 |
| Calif. | : 20,995 | 28,313 | 22,368 | 32,398 | 595 | -8 | 475 | 28,908 | 22,360 | 32,873 |
| Festern | 54,261 | 65.433 | 62,948 | 78,212 | 6,821 | 72 | 4,268 | 72,324 | 63.020 | 82, 430 |
| U.S. cash <br> income 1/ | $: 420,000$ | 453.000 | 550,000 | 626,000 | 70,000 | 1,000 | 43,000 | 523,000 | 551,000 | 669,000 |

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state eatimatos because it has bean adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from soine farm products which is act distributed by states.


UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRIGNITURE Bureau of Aşriculturazf. Fcpnomics


## RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYmENTS BY STATES FOR FEBRUARY 1934-37 AND JANUARY-FEBRUARY 1934-37

Cash receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in February 1937 were higher than in February 1936 in each of the six major geographical divisions of the country, it is reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. A gain of 34 percent over February 1936 was recorded in the South Centrail States while gains ranging from 1 to 13 percent occurred in the other five regions. For the United States as a whole, cash income from farm marketing in February amounted to $\$ 504,000,000$ or 12 percent larger than in February 1936.

As Government payments to farmers were temporarily suspended in February of last year, while in Febmary 1937 approximately $\$ 52,000,000$ of Government payments were made, the total cash receipts from ales of principal farm products and from Government payments were considerably larger in most of the regions. In the South Central States total cash receipts, including Government payments, were 61 percent higher than in February 1936, and in the other five regions the gains ranged from 6 percent in the North Atlantic States to approximately 21 percent each in the East North Central, South Atlantic and Western States.

The February gains in cash farm receipts in the various regions of the country were chiefly the result of larger receipts from crop marketing as prices received by farmers for crops were sharply higher this February than in February 1936. Potato prices in February this year were 90 percent higher than a year earlier and this was an important factor in increasing the income in Maine, Idaho, and Minnesota. Higher corn and wheat prices were important factors in the larger incomes in many States extending eastward from Kansas to Pennsylvania and Maryland. Marked increases in income from cotton, tobacco and rice, largely the result of higher prices, accounted in most part for the increase in farm cash receipts in the South Central States. In Washington, the income from apples was nearly twice as large as a year ago because of higher prices. For the country as a whole, cash income from crop marizetings in February 1937 increased by $\$ 50,000,000$, or 31 percent over February 1936, while income from livestock and livestock products increased by only $\$ 5,00 c$, coo or 2 percent.

Receipts from the sale of principal crops in February 1937 exceeded the February 1936 receipts in every region of the country by gains ranging from 4 percent in the South $\Lambda$ atlantic States to 82 percent in the South Central States. Receipts from livestock and livestock products, however, were larger than in February 1936 in only three of the regions, namely, the East North Central, South Atlantic and Western States. In the North Atlantic, West North Central and South Central States cash receipts from livestock and livestock products were smaller than in February 1936 by decreases of 3 to 8 percent as prices of these products averaged somewhat lower this February.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,
BY REGIONS, 1935 TO DATE*





As indicated on the accompanying chart, receints from the salc of principal farm products declined more than usually from January to February of this year in the North Central States, While in ench of the other regions cash receipts made about the usual seasonal decrease. The shorply curtailed marketings of meat animals and grains particularly from the West North Central States were chiefly responsible for the more than usual decrease in income from farm marketings in the North Central States from January to February of this year.

For the first 2 months of 1937 cash income from farm marketings for the covitry as a whole amounted to $\$ 1,142,000,000$. This represents an increase of $\$ 143,000,000$ or 14 percent over the corresponding 2 months of 1936 . With Govermment payments included, total cash farm income for January and Februery of this year was 24 percent larger tian in the first 2 months of 1936 . Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for the first 2 months of this year were likewise larger in each of the regions of the country, the gains ranging from approximately 15 percent each ir the North Atlantic and West North Central States, to 38 percent in the South Central Stata. For the individual States total cash receipts, including Govermment payments, during the first 2 months of this year were larger than in the corresponding period of 1936 in all but four New England States and in Missouri, lVebrasiza, North Carolina and Oklahoma.

Although marketings of many farm products declined more than usual in March of this year, the higher prices received by farmers as well as the improved demand conditions for farm products have probably maintained the cash receipts from sales of principal farm products in March of this year at a higher level than in March 1936. On the basis of present indications, however, it would appear that the percentsge increase in cash income from farm market... ings in March of this year as compared with a year ago was smaller than in the precedins 2 months. This was particularly the case in regions where meat animals, anples and tobacco are important sources of income, as marketings of these products declined sharply from February to March.

Cash receipts by regions in February 1937 compored with Februnry 1936 Forth Atlantic States.- Smaller receipts from whole milk, chickens and eggs were largely responsible for the decrease in income from livestock and livestock products in most of the States in this region. Smaller receipts from livestock items more than offset the larger receipts from potatoes, grains and tobacco, and resulted in lower cash receipts from sales of farm products in each of the North Atlantic States except Maine, New Jersey and Pemsylvania. The largest decrease occurred in Massachusetts and Rhode Island where, in addition to smaller receipts from livestocl items, income from apples and potatoes was also lower.

East North Central States.- A 44 percent increase in receipts from crop marketings together with a 6 percent increase in receipts from livestock items resulted in a gain of 13 percent in the region's income from marketings of the principal farm products in Febraary 1937 over February 1936. Govermment payments this February further increased the gain to a 20 percent increase in total cash receipts over February 1936. Higher prices of wheat, potatoes and other grains as well as somernat larger receipts from hogs, cattle and Thole milk were chiefly responsible for the cains in cash farn receints recorded in each of the East North Central States.

West North Central States.- Smaller receipts from both crops and livestock in North and South Dakota as well as from livestock items in several other states of this region were offset by sharp gains in receipts from grains, cniefly wheat, in the other West North Central States. Cash receipts from the sale of principol farm products for the region as a whole were l percent higher this February than in February 1936. Government payments to farmers in this area further augmented the cash farm receipts so that total receipts, including Govermment payments, were 18 percent higher thon in February 1936 and were higher in each of the States except Missouri and Nebraska.

South Atlantic States.- Virginia and North Carolina were the only two States in this region to show smaller receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in February this year compored with February 1936. In Virginia receipts from apples, cotton and tobacco were each somewhat lower than in February 1936, while in North Carolina the smaller marketings of tobacco and cotton reduced cash farm receipts below February 1936. Ench of the other South Atlantic States, however, recorded increases in total receipts, including Govermment payments, varying from 11 percent in West Virginia to as much as 87 percent in Georgia. The gains in these States reflected largely higher prices and lerger marketings of cotton, citrus fruits and grains as well as larger receipts from eggs, hogs and milk.

South Central States.- An 82 percent increase in receipts from crop items, chiefly tobacco and cotton, more than offset the 6 percent decrease in the region's receipts from livestock and livestock products and resulted in a gain of 34 percent in receipts from the sale of principal farm products in Februnry this year over February 1936. With Government payments included, total cash receipts for the region as a whole were 61 percent larger than in Februcury 1936. In Oklahoma, the smaller receipts from sales of farm products this February were more than offset by the $\$ 3,000,000$ received as Government payments in February of this year compared with no payments in February last year. Each of the States in this region recorded marked gains in total cash receipts, including Govermment payments, over February 1936 which ranged from 17 percent in Oklahoma to 168 percent in Kentucky. In Louisiana lorger receipts from cotton and rice much more than offset smaller receipts from livestock iteins, and together with Govermment payments total cash receipts were more than double those of February 1936.

Western States.- Total receipts from marketings of the principal form products and from Government payments were larger in each of the States in this region by gains ranging from 6 percent in California to 58 percent in Idaho. For the region as a whole, receipts from crops were 24 percent larger and receipts from livestock and livestock products were 3 percent larger. Total receipts from crops and livestock and from Government payments for the Western region as a whole were 21 percent larger in February of this year than in February 1936. Montana and New Mexico were the only States in the region to record decreases in receipts from sales of farm products, but these decreases were more than offset by the larger Government payments.

Tables 1 to 4 present the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for February and January through February 1937, together with comparative figures for earlier years.

Table 1.-Receicts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, February 1934-37

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Feb } \\ & : 1034 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Feb } \\ & \hline 1935 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1936 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \mathrm{Feb} \\ & : 1937 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \mathrm{Feb} \\ & : 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $: \text { Feb. }$ | Feb $: 1036$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : Feb } \\ & : 1937 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & : 1,000 \\ & : \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Me. | 3,283 | 1,511 | 3.049 | 4,868 | 1,328 |  |  |  |
| N. H . | 155 | 121 | 149 | . 215 | 1, 938 | 1.393 944 | 1.756 1,238 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,558 \\ & 1,064 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 110 | 95 | 136 | 145 | 1,815 | 2,043 | ?.,535 | 2,225 |
| Mass. <br> R. I. | 453 | 436 | 849 | 719 | 2,213 | 2,555 | 3.131 | 2,622 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R. I. } \\ & \text { Conn. } \end{aligned}$ | 24 1.095 |  | 53 | 12 | 348 | . 401 | 3, 490 | 4.43 |
| N. Y. | 1,095 | 1,556 | 1.542 | 1,575 | 1,903 | 1,036 | 2,201 | 2,103 |
| N. J. | 5.153 388 | 4,458 | 4,061 | 4.793 | 11,160 | 11,964 | 15,304 | 14,215 |
| Pa. | 471 | 299 | 380 | 506 | 2,550 | 2,941 | 3.429 | 3,6].7 |
| N. Atlant | 14.132 | 2.956 | 14.236 | 5,611 | 8,819 | 11,050 | 10,762 | 11,664 |
| Ohio ... | $\frac{3.728}{}$ |  |  | 18, 5,264 | 31,078 | 35,227 | 40,856 | 32,611 |
| Ind. | 2,408 | 3,231 2,120 | 3,642 3.091 | 5,260 | 9,051 | 13,682 | 15,322 | 16,927 |
| 111. | 3,573 | 2,878 | 7,244 | 519 | 8, 473 | 12,691 | 15,108 | 15.737 |
| Mich. | 3.635 | 2,921 | 3,000 | 8,519 | 14,675 | 20,187 | 22,267 | 23.747 |
| 7is. | - 1,580 | 1,630 | 3,000 1,820 | 5,786 3,395 | 0,192 11,346 | 8,042 15,310 | 8.790 18.340 | \%.447 |
| L. N. Central | 14,930 | 12,780 | 18,797 | ?6, 999 | 49.747 | 159,310 | 18.340 | 18,661 |
| 这n | 3.155 | 2,264 | 2,442 | 4,493 | 11,653 | 15,926 | 17,712 | 18.034 |
|  | 1,328 | 853 | 1,345 | 1,016 | 7,862 | 11,638 | 12,875 | 10.675 |
| S. Dak. | 3,632 | 732 | 2,240 | 1,135 | 1,417 | 1,803 | 1,962 | 1,503 |
| Nebr. | 589 | 146 | 814 | 382 | 2,631 | 3.397 | 3.932 | 3,452 |
| Kans. | 4,290 | 1,130 | 2,312 | 3.387 | 12,618 | 13,286 | 15,952 | 11,605 |
| ii. N. Cent | $\frac{3,513}{0,182}$ | , 237 | 1,623 | 6,186 | 9,158 | 13, ${ }^{2} 47$ | 12.230 | 10,248 |
| Del. ...... | , 263 | 192 | 12,322 | 20,349 | 67,060 | 91,028 | 93,373 | 86,243 |
| Md. | 349 | 382 | 419 | 270 | +399 | 448 | 493 | 537 |
| VA. | 2,984 | 2,088 | 2.587 | 632 1 | 1,720 | 2,042 | 2.173 | 2,333 |
| \%. Va. | - 517 | 2,088 | 2.587 313 | 1,942 | 1,801 | 2,539 | 2,593 | 2,937 |
| N. C. | 5,863 | 3, 258 | 3.069 | 3,237 | 1,304 | 1,577 | 1,762 | 1,973 |
| S. $C$. | 4,717 | 3.744 | 3, 314 | 3,231 | 1,389 | 1,582 | 1.758 | 1,689 |
| Ga. | 4.662 | 3,791 | 3, 3.186 | 3, 4.411 | - 692 | 825 | 135 | 787 |
| Fle. | $: \quad 10.746$ | 9,791 | 3,486 12,022 | 4.411 14.296 | 1,266 | 1.724 | 1.834 | 1,995 |
| S. Atlantic | - 30,101 | 24.228 | 27,213 | 28, 420 | -935 | 11, 100 | 1,125 | 1, 13.629 |
| Tenn. | 11,624 | 5.181 | 2,828 | 12,723 | 1,097 | 3,262 |  | 13.020 |
|  | 6,211 | 4,598 | 2,646 | 5,225 | 1,869 | 2,773 | , 703 | 3.355 |
| iss. | 4,031 | 3,419 | 2,081 | 5,392 | 1,185 | 1,190 | 1,827 | 1,057 |
| Ark. | \%.304 | 5, 873 | 5,126 | 6,375 | 767 | 1,010 | 1,358 | 1,398 |
| La. | 4.874 | 3, 050 | 1,530 | 3,608 | 1,410 | 1,855 | 2,245 | 2,274 |
| Orla. | 3,5ก? | 1,1204 | 1,818 2,079 | 4,167 | 1,262 | 1,712 | 978 | 913 |
| Tey. . | 11,129 | 7, 404 | 2,079 | 1,520 | 3.028 | 5,057 | 6,340 | 5,287 |
| S. Central | 53, 118 | 36, 367 | 26, 3 B 75 | 8,819 | 7.726 | 8.404 | 10.719 | 10,095 |
| sont. . . . . . | 1,230 | - 927 | $\frac{26,355}{876}$ | 47, $\frac{1}{60}$ | 19,244 | 26, 163 | 30, 091 | 20,164 |
| Idasho | 1,076 | 1,819 |  |  | 1,443 | 2,029 | 1,995 | 1,679 |
| 7yo. | , 410 | 1, 260 | 1,834 456 | 4,063 433 | 1, $\frac{1}{859}$ | 2,001 | 2,300 | 2,272 |
| Colo. | 1,627 | 748 | 1.519 | 2,093 | 859 3.392 | 1.079 | 952 | 972 |
| , Sex. | 1.440 | 318 | 1. 638 | 2,993 | 3.392 | 4.732 | 6,044 | 6,181 |
| iriz. | 644 | 918 | 526 | 506 862 | 1,305 | 1,294 | 1,327 | 1,358 |
| Utah |  | 164 | 294 | 862 | 751 | 1,511 | 973 | 980 |
| Nev. | 65 | 164 | 294 | 309 | 935 335 | 1,351 | 1,501 | 1.718 |
| Tash. | 3,365 | 5.282 | 2.598 | 4, 1128 | 2, 335 | 898 | 379 | 435 |
| Oreg. | 3.638 | 5,282 | $\begin{array}{r}2.598 \\ \hline 875\end{array}$ | 4,228 | 2,685 | 3.751 | 3,762 | 3,709 |
| Calif. | 9.379 | 12,974 | 17.758 | 1,4?2 | 1,829 | 2,734 | 2,987 | 3.079 |
| 7estern | 20,534 | 24.588 | 27,455 | 34,062 | 12, 2,815 | 12, 235 | 11, 787 | 1.2, 634 |
|  | 20, |  | 2745 | 34,062 | 22,815 | 33.615 | 34,007 | 35,027 |
| U. S. cesh income | 182,000 | 150,000 | 161,000 | 211,000 | 200,000 | 253.000 | 288,000 | 293,000 |

3. The estimated Jnited States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state estimates hecause it has which is not distributed by states.

Table 2. Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, Jenuary-February 1934-37

| staty | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestoc'e products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. $\mathrm{F}_{\text {Feb }}$. |  |  |  | Jan. Freb. |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | - 1936 | 1937 | 1934 | 1935 | - 1936 | 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 7.033 | 2,766 | 4,994 | 9,784 | 2,505 | 2,700 | 3.429 | 3.114 |
| N. H. | 361 | 239 | 228 | 417 | 1,754 | 1,832 | 2,300 | 2,050 |
| Vt. | 202 | 190 | 197 | 235 | 3,667 | 4,162 | 4,888 | 4,488 |
| Mass. | 944 | 869 | 1,552 | 1,291 | 4,327 | 5.084 | 5.915 | 5,286 |
| R. I. | 68 | 19 | 94 | 26 | 670 | 812 | 946 | 908 |
| Conn. | 2,106 | 2,995 | 2,806 | 3.149 | 3.754 | 4,012 | 4,166 | 4,208 |
| N. Y. | 10,844 | 9,211 | 7,354 | 9,860 | 22,503 | 24.724 | 31,468 | 31,045 |
| N. J. | 800 | 677 | 831 | 1.049 | 5.080 | 5.982 | 6,580 | 7,392 |
| Pa. | : $\quad 7.761$ | 5.524 | 7,406 | 11,079 | 17,808 | 22,030 | 22.629 | 25.776 |
| N. Atlantic | : 30,119 | 22,490 | 25,461 | 36,890 | 62,068 | 71,338 | 82,321 | 84, ?67 |
| Ohio | 7,419 | 6,878 | 8,731 | 12,146 | 18,902 | 30,272 | 33.908 | 37,294 |
| Ind. | 4,844 | 4.645 | 6,307 | 8,231 | 17,236 | 27.120 | 30,095 | 31.402 |
| I11. | 6,868 | 5.907 | 13.090 | 19,202 | 31,277 | 45.393 | 49,365 | 52,091 |
| Mich. | 7,249 | 5.766 | 6,103 | 10.980 | 12,323 | 16.874 | 18,417 | 20,734 |
| Wis. | 3.340 | 3,161 | 4,043 | 6.773 | 22,198 | 32,171 | 38,533 | 40,652 |
| E. N. Central | 29,720 | 26,357 | 38,274 | 57.332 | 101.936 | 151,830 | 170,318 | 182,172 |
| Minn. | 5,998 | 3.782 | 5.075 | 9,083 | 23,527 | 31.924 | 37.711 | 39.151 |
| Iowa | 5.513 | 3,184 | 3.789 | 6,587 | 44.767 | 67.287 | 66,648 | 66.758 |
| Mo. | 4,320 | 1,884 | 2,944 | 4,602 | 15.937 | 23,441 | 30,651 | 25.570 |
| N. Dak. | -5,872 | 1,206 | 3.985 | 2,197 | 2.765 | 3.417 | 4.810 | 3.623 |
| S. Dak. | 1,245 | 446 | 2,610 | 834 | 5.544 | 6.913 | 9,802 | 7.922 |
| Nebr. | 9,157 | 2,410 | 5,333 | 7,005 | 25,300 | 27.038 | 34,166 | 26,251 |
| Kans. | 6.653 | 4,344 | 4,686 | 13.105 | 18,628 | 27.657 | 26,478 | 25,538 |
| T. N. Central | 38,758 | 17,256 | 28,422 | 43,413 | 136,468 | 187.677 | 210,266 | 194,813 |
| Del. | 524 | 411 | 445 | 607 | 763 | 937 | 958 | 1,106 |
| Md. | 978 | 715 | 926 | 1,592 | 3.481 | 4.159 | 4,468 | 4.990 |
| Va . | 7,607 | 6,240 | 6.402 | 7.701 | 3,639 | 4.995 | 5,724 | 6.413 |
| 7. Va. | 1,137 | 606 | 707 | 811 | 2,565 | 3.092 | 3,824 | 4,059 |
| N. C. | 14.515 | 8,221 | 12,395 | 9,299 | 2,814 | 3,188 | 3.610 | 3.485 |
| S. C. | 7,660 | 6,442 | 7,136 | 6,550 | 1,360 | 1,611 | 1,460 | 1,590 |
| Ga. | 8,687 | 7.737 | 7.578 | 8,924 | 2,934 | 4.097 | 4,406 | 4,669 |
| Fla. | : 21.078 | 18,026 | 21,892 | 25.522 | 2,038 | 2.739 | 2,498 | 2,910 |
| S. Atlantic | 62,186 | 48,408 | 57,481 | 61,006 | 19.594 | 24,818 | 26,948 | 29,222 |
| Ky. | :26,997 | 28,014 | 17,018 | 38,305 | 4,132 | 6,638 | 8,162 | 7.299 |
| Tenn. | : 12.418 | 10.426 | 8,225 | 14,006 | 3,586 | 5.297 | 8,127 | 9,032 |
| Ala. | : 7.523 | 6,847 | 9.495 | 8,956 | 2,287 | 2.494 | 3.580 | 3,800 |
| Miss. | : 13.170 | 11,197 | 9,394 | 16,621 | 1,549 | 2.057 | 3.058 | 3,155 |
| Ark. | : 9,085 | 7.511 | 5.305 | 11,383 | 2,713 | 3.597 | 4,556 | 4.542 |
| La. | : 11,955 | 12,136 | 4,396 | 10.523 | 2,627 | 3,588 | 2,010 | 1,802 |
| Okla. | : 10,037 | 4,461 | 8,260 | 3,161 | 5.817 | 11.798 | 12,581 | 11,609 |
| Tex. | : 23.341 | 16,385 | 25.118 | 22,064 | 14.463 | 17.352 | 21,067 | 20,655 |
| S. Central | 114,526 | 96,977 | 87,211 | 125,019 | 37.174 | 52,821 | 63.141 | 61,894 |
| Mont. | 2,313 | 1,813 | 2,050 | 1.394 | 3,087 | 4,050 | 4,953 | 4.509 |
| Idaho | 4,418 | 3.955 | 3,767 | 7.556 | 2,734 | 4,108 | 5.115 | 5,283 |
| Hyo. | 783 | 543 | 858 | 859 | 1,798 | 2,174 | 2,030 | 2,224 |
| Colo. | 3.909 | 1.548 | 3,034 | 6,505 | 6,226 | 8,035 | 11,530 | 11,510 |
| N. Mex. | 1,256 | 900 | 2,377 | 1,840 | 2,595 | 2,693 | 3,745 | 3,699 |
| Ariz. | 5,318 | 6,458 | 4,104 | 3,614 | 1,533 | 2.947 | 2,382 | 2,394 |
| Utah | 552 | 425 | 614 | 680 | 2.167 | 2.763 | 3.454 | -4,210 |
| Nev . | 139 | 118 | 140 | 220 | 750 | 1.522 | 934 | 1,064 |
| Hash. | 8,971 | 9,422 | 5.582 | 8,427 | 5,275 | 7.596 | 7.952 | 8,434 |
| Oreg. | : 1,830 | 2,542 | 1,819 | 2,918 | 3.667 | 5.602 | 6,557 | 6,429 |
| Calif. | : 22,490 | 29,122 | 28,133 | 36,492 | 15,849 | 24,400 | 23.780 | 27,040 |
| Hestern | :51,279 | 56,846 | 52,478 | 70,505 | 45,681 | 66,790 | 71,032 | 76.796 |
| U.S. cash income l/ | : 391,000 | 329,000 | 362,000 | 490, 000 | 412,000 | 528,000 | 637,000 | 652,000 |

[^24]Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, February, and January-February, 1934-37


1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adfusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4 .-Government payments, and receipts from the sale of priacipal farm products including Government payments, by States, January-February 1935-37, and February 1936-37

| State | erament pgyments |  |  |  |  | Total incluaing Government payment |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Fob. |  |  | Feb. 11 |  | Jano - Fob. |  |  | Feb. |  |
|  | 1935 | 1936 : | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1935 | - 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | : 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollara | dollars | dollars | dollars | d dollara | dollars | dollar: | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. |  |  | 111 |  | 4 | 5.466 | 8.423 | 13.009 | 4,815 | 6,430 |
| N. H . | 5 |  | 41 |  | 7 | 2,076 | 2,528 | 2,508 | 1,387 | 1,286 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$. | 12 |  | 103 |  | 10 | 4,364 | 5,085 | 4,826 | 2,671 | 2,380 |
| Mass. | 96 | 2 | 60 |  | 2 | 6,049 | 7.468 | 6,637 | 3.980 | 3.343 |
| R. I. | 1 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 832 | 1,040 | 936 | 543 | 457 |
| Conn. | 77 | 3 | 124 |  | 48 | 7.084 | 6,975 | 7.481 | 3.743 | 3,726 |
| N. Y. | 61 |  | 1,059 |  | 197 | 33,996 | 38,822 | 41,964 | 19,365 | 19,305 |
| N. J. | 64 |  | 161 | --- | 1 | 6.723 | 7.411 | 5,602 | 3,809 | 4,124 |
| Pa . | 232 | 2 | 1,131 | --- | 213 | 27.786 | 30,037 | 37.986 | 14.698 | 17.488 |
| N. Atlantic | 548 | 7 | 2,792 | -- | 484 | 94.376 | 107.789 | 123,942 | 55,011 | 58.539 |
| Ohio | 3,192 | 8 | 2,400 | -1 | 1,329 | 40,342 | 42.647 | 51,840 | 18,963 | 23.516 |
| Ind. | 4.062 | 0 | 3,024 | -1 | 1,627 | 35,827 | 36,402 | 42,657 | 18,198 | 21,303 |
| 111. | 10,149 | 5 | 4,731 | -1 | 2,119 | 61,449 | 62,460 | 76,024 | 29.510 | 34,485 |
| M1ch. | 992 |  | 1,590 |  | 839 | 23.632 | 24,520 | 33.304 | 11,790 | 16,072 |
| \#18. | 1,550 | 9 | 2,263 | -3 | 1.070 | 36,882 | 42,585 | 49,688 | 20,157 | 23.126 |
| E. N. Centr | 19.945 | 22 | 14,008 | -6 | 6.984 | 198,132 | 208,614 | 253.513 | 98,618 | 118,502 |
| minn. | 5,331 | 2 | 3.376 |  | 1,977 | 41,037 | 42,788 | 51,610 | 20,154 | 24,504 |
| Iowa | 13,641 | -11 | 7,209 | --- | 3.681 | 84.112 | 70.426 | 80,554 | 30,255 | 37,257 |
| Mo. | 5.443 | 75 | 2,132 | -- | 1,317 | 30.768 | 33.670 | 32,304 | 14,221 | 13,908 |
| N. Dak. | 2,534 | 12 | 6,484 | -1 | 3.426 | 7,157 | 8.807 | 12,304 | 4,201 | 6,064 |
| s. Dak. | 4,136 | 9 | 4,734 | --- | 2.433 | 11.495 | 12.421 | 13,490 | 4,746 | 6,267 |
| Nebr. | 7,512 | 4 | 4.352 | -2 | 1,583 | 36,960 | 39.503 | 37,608 | 18,262 | 16,575 |
| Zans. | 6,448 | 4 | 6,812 | -13 | 3.816 | 38,449 | 31,168 | 45,455 | 13.840 | 20.250 |
| \#. N. Cont | 45,045 | 95 | 35,099 | -16 | 18,233 | 249.978 | 238,783 | 273.325 | 105.679. | 124, 825 |
| Del. | 29 |  | 94 |  | 49 | 1,377 | 1,403 | 1,807 | 712 | 856 |
| kd. | 212 | 2 | 155 | --- | 61 | 5,086 | 5.396 | 6,737 | 2.576 | 3,026 |
| Ve. | 560 | 3 | 289 |  | 107 | 11,795 | 12,129 | 14,403 | 5,180 | 4,986 |
| T. Va | 113 |  | 66 | --- | 33 | 3,811 | 4.531 | 4,936 | 2,075 | 2,303 |
| N. C. | 471 | 88 | 974 | -2 | 592 | 11,890 | 16,093 | 13,758 | 5,725 | 5,512 |
| S. c. | 987 | -2 | 2.773 | -2 | 1,454 | 9,040 | 8,594 | 10,913 | 4,047 | 5,582 |
| Ga. | 1,168 | 25 | 6,800 | -1 | 3.528 | 13,002 | 12,009 | 20,393 | 5,319 | 9,934 |
|  | 76 |  | 314 |  | 131 | 20,841 | 24,390 | 28.746 | 14.047 | 15,796 |
| S. Atlantic | 3.616 | 116 | 11,465 | -5 | 5.955 | 76,842 | 84.545 | 101,693 | 39,681 | 47.995 |
|  | 4,290 | 37 | 2,679 | -2 | 1,505 | 38,942 | 25,217 | 48,283 | 6.557 | 17,583 |
| Tenn. | 1,945 | 21 | 906 | -1 | 498 | 17,668 | 16,373 | 23.944 | 6.438 | 9,608 |
| Ala. | 1,607 | 94 | 3,362 | -2 | 1,876 | 10.948 | 13.169 | 16,118 | 4.806 | 9,225 |
| Mies. | 3,060 | 16 | 3.153 |  | 2,269 | 16.314 | 12,468 | 22,929 | 6,484 | 10,042 |
| arik | 3.299 | 76 | 1,688 | -5 | 1,453 | 14.407 | 9,937 | 17,613 | 3.870 | 7.425 |
| La | 2,908 | 60 | 1,500 | -3 | 989 | 18,632 | 6.466 | 13.825 | 2.853 | 6,069 |
| Okla. | 6,360 | 194 | 4,108 | --- | 3.046 | 22,619 | 21,035 | 18,878 | 8.419 | 9,853 |
| Tex. | 18,409 | 336 | 4.878 | -13 | 3.365 | 52.146 | 46.521 | 47,597. | 17,893 | 22,279 |
| S. Central | 41,878 | 834 | 22,274 | -26 | 15,001 | 191,676 | 151,186 | 209,187 | 57.320 | 92,084 |
| Vont. | 1,293 | 8 | 3.296 | --- | 1,869 | 7.156 | 7.011 | 9,199 | 2.871 | 4,178 |
| Idaho | 1,463 | 8 | 577 | --- | 197 | 9.526 | 8,890 | 13.416 | 4,134 | 6,532 |
| Wyo. | 495 |  | 388 | --- | 180 | 3,212 | 2,888 | 3.471 | 1,418 | 1,585 |
| Colo. | 1,938 | 2 | 1,147 | -2 | 701 | 12,421 | 14,566 | 19,162 | 7.561 | 9,875 |
| N. Mex. | 947 | $\stackrel{1}{8}$ | 1,366 |  | 1,022 | 4.540 | 6,143 | 6.905 | 1,965 | 2,896 |
| Ariz. | 327 | 8 | 518 | --- | 266 | 9.732 | 6.494 | 6,526 | 1,499 | 2,108 |
| Utab | : 913 | 1 | 424 | -1 | 216 | 4,101 | 4,069 | 5.314 | 1,794 | 2,243 |
| Nev. | : 25 | --- | 84 | --- | 27 | 1,665 | 1,074 | 1.368 |  | 578 |
| Wash. | 2.570 | 15 | 586 | -1 | 314 | 19,588 | 13.549 | 17.447 | 6,359 | 8,251 |
| Oreg. | 395 | 13 | 301 |  | 102 | 8,539 | 7.889 | 9.648 | 3.862 | 4,603 |
| Callf. | 548 | -9 | 687 | -1 | 212 | 54,070 | 51,904 | 64,219 | 29.544 | 31,346 |
| Westera | 10, 114 | 67 | 2.374 | -5 | 5,106 | 134,550 | 124,477 | 156,675 | 62.457 | 74, 195 |

## U. S. cash

income $2 / \ldots: 122,000 \quad 1,000 \quad 95,000 \quad-58 \quad 52,000 \quad 979,0001,000,0001,237,000 \quad 449,000 \quad 556,000$

[^25]



Cash receipts from marketinzs of the paincipel form products in warch 1937 wore hish then in larch 1930 in each of the 6 major bogrophical divisions of the country, it is reported by the Burcau of Acricultural Ecomonics. A Eqi:n of 45 percent over $\operatorname{lichch} 1936$ was recorded in the South Central States, bhile grins ranging from 3 to 28 percent were recorded in the other 5 recions. For the United States as a whole, cash income from farm marketines in March anountinc to 590 million dollors $\cdots \mathrm{ws} 18$ percent larecer than in March 1936.

For the first quarter of this yeer, January through March, the Bureau reported that receipts from manctings were higher than during the some poriod last year in each of the recions. In some of the New Ensland States and a number of the Test North Ceatral States, receipts fell below those oi January-March 1936, but in most of the lattor States the larger Govemment parments had morc than offset the smoller receipts from salcs.

Cash incone from fammarketines in the entire country during the first quarter totalled 1,739 million dollars, or 16 percent nore than for the first 3 months of 1930. Including Governant payments, total cash income for January-March 1937 amounted to 1,945 million dollars compred with 1,520 million doll-rs for the corresponding period of last year.

Iuring March, Governaent pagmonts to formors moved out in large volume and amounted to 112 willion dollars compored with 52 million dollsrs in Februery 1937 and only 15 million dollars in Mirch 1936. Total cash receipts from sales of principal form products and from Goverment payments wre, tinerofore, considerably lareer than in March 1936 in each of the resions, and ran ed fron 14 percent in the Worth Atlontic States to more than 100 percent in tie South Jantral Statos. The United States total cash incone from form rarletings wad frow Foverument nayments averaged 30 percent lareer this March than in March of lnst year.

In addition to the much lorger Government purments in Marcin 1937, receipts from crops, as well os from livestocle ard livestock products, were also larger than in March 1936 in each of the regions. Prices of form jucumct; dvanced durine the wonth and wrizetines of a number of important corindities, such as cotton, cottle and hogs exceedel the March 1936 marketines. The South Celitral states recorded tre shorpest aivence in income from crops as cotton prices avernsed 24 percent hishor than in March 1956 and marletines were larger. Larger raceipts from potatoes in the NortiA Atlantic States and from potrotoes and truck crops in a number of the Festern States wre important factors in the substanticl oims in reccipts from crop items in these 2 reirions. In the Fest North Contral States, the larger foccipts from whent in Kansas and Nebreska were offeet to $a$ considernble extent by the much smaller receiptsfraicorn and theat in sucil drouvht-hit States as Iowa, and North and South Dalcote.

Receipts from livestock and livestock products in Warch 1937 wore elso hieher than in linch of last year in each recion, the Gains rancing from 2 percent in the West Jorth Centrul States to 27 percent in the Iost Nortla Central States. Fi hor prices for cottle, deiry procucts and eges, as well as lore marretings of cattle Nu ross, ucre importent contributing Iactors in the increased incone from livestock items in the various resions. In the West North Centrol States, rhere a consicleraole anount of liquidation of livestock hes talren place since last sumber, the marketines of critle and hoss anc of driry products fell below those of Firch 1936, especinlly in Morth and South Dainots, and Jebraska. The low, receipts from livestock items in these States had offset' to a considerable extent tia noderate cains recoried


in the other States of this resion. Total receipts fron arops, livestocis and Government payments, however, ware larour than in Marcis 1936 in each State except Masscchusetts and Rinode Island, where small decreases occurred larcely because of lower prices roceived for mill, eecs and chickens.

The accompanyine map shows for each State tho percentace of chance in cosh receipts from the sale of principal form products and Govemment payments for the first querter of 1937 as compred. with the corresponding period of 1936. The West North Central States, as a group, showed onl:r a slioht increase in receipts from sales over the Janunry-March 1936 period. In the South Central States, however, receipts from marketings averaged about 30 percent lercer, while gains from 10 to 20 percent mere recorded in the other 4 rejions.

The siort suplics of $a$ number of important form products now left on forms, particularly corn and wheat, as well as the small numbers of cattle on feed indicated on April.l, point to a more than usual decline in morketines of fom products during the second quarter of this year. With prices of farm prociucts likely to averaje hisher tian in the second quarter of last year, however, with the volume of Govermment paments likely to be considerably larger tha a yoar aso, and ::ith prospective favorable cemand conditions for farm products, farm income in the various rejions durine the second quarter of this year is likely to be maintained above that in the same period of 1936 .

## Cash Receipts by Resions, Jomunry through March

North Atlantic States
In most of the New Ensland States, receipts from morketincs of the principal farm procucts for the first quarter of this year showed slight declines uricer the Jonu:ry-March 1936 receipts, lorecly because of lowor prices received for whole milk and poultry products. In Raine, Connecticut and the Nidule Atlantic States, homever, receipts from morletinss of the principal form products were hi jher than in the first 3 month of 1936, lorely because of the higher prices received for potatoes and grains and lareer markatinus of iairy and poultry products. The iTorth Atlantic Stretes, $\alpha$ a a roup, showed an increase of 13 percent in receipts from marketings and a l5-percent increase in total cash receipts from marketincs and from Govemment payments over the corresponiing totals in the January-Mnrch 1936 period.

## East Morth Central Sintes

Higher erain and potato prices and lareer receipts from neat animels and dairy procucts rere lar"elur responsible for the jains in income in ench of these States durine the first querter of this year ovar the some poriod last yecr. Inreer Goverment payments also contributez to the jains in income. The East iJorth Central States, as a Group, showed a 26 percent increase ovor the first quarter of 1936 in the total cash receipts from marketines and from Government payments.

## West North Centrol States

Short supjlies of com and ainent cind reduced inventories of livestock follo:inE last sumeris drousht have resulted in smaller receipts from marketincs of the principal farm sroducts i:2 a number of States in this region, porticulorly in the Darotas and Tobraskn. In Mimesota, Iowa and Knnses, ho: inver, receipts from marketiacs for the first quarter of this year were if her than a year ąo, loreely as 2 result of the ni her prices received for potatoes and frains, and the loreer supplies of تineat marketed from Kansas. The mach larser Govermment paymonts reccived by farmers in this crea resulted in lorjer total cash receipts for the first quarter of tais zear in each of the States except Nebraska whero the receipts rere
approximately the same as for the first quarter of 1936. The resion as a wiole showed a 1 percent increase in its receipts from marketins and a 19 percent increase in tot:l receipts including Governiant parments.

South Atlgintic States
North Carolina was the only State in this area to show a decrease in its receipts from marletings for the first 3 ronths of the current year compred with a year a.jo. Larketines of tobacco and cotton from this State fell bel wo the volume marineted in the scme period of lost year. The other States in this region, homever, heve recorded increases in cash recenpts from wrketings over tie first quarter of 1936. Larger receipts from truck crops, citrus fruits, tobacco and grains, as well as from ees and doiry products, contributed to the increase in receipts in the various States of the resion. 7 ith Government payments included, total cash receipta for the South Atlantic States were 30 porcent higher then the first quarter of 1336 and were higher in each of the States, the gains rencing from 10 percent in North Carolina to 51 percent i:l Georeia.

## South Contral States

Oklahome, with its short cotton crop, was the only State in this resio: to show a decrease in its receipts from marletines under the first quarter of last year. The larcer Government payments, however, more than offset the smaller receipts from sales in this State. In each of the other States in this refion, pronounced gains in receipts from marketings mere recorded. The higher prices received for tobacco, cotton and rice, as well as the larger supplies of cotton marketed, were all important factors in the increased receipts in the various States of this recion. Marketings of cotton during the first 3 months of this year exceeded the volume marketed in the same period of last year both because of lorger supplies available and the more nearly normal seasonal movement of cotton to market as compared with the situation last year. The South Central States, as a. group, showed in the first quarter of 1937 a 29 percent increase in receipts from the sale of principal farm products and a. 57 percent increase in total receipts incluaing Government payments to farmers.

## Western Sta.tes

Receipts from farm rarketins in ifontana in the first quarter of this jear rere consicarably smaller than a year ago because of the smaller supplies of whent and meat animols morketed. Receipts from sales in Now Mexico and Arizona also were slishtly below last year's level for the first quarter of this year. In erch of the other States in this region, however, receipts from marketings shomed substantial gains lorcely because of the iacrased receipts from potatoes, truck crops, apples, ns well es from most classes of livestock items. For the first quarter of the current year the Western States, as a group, showed a sinin of 22 percent in receipts from sales and a cain of 29 percent in total receipts incluaine Goverment paynients.

The accompanying tobles present the estimates of receipts from the sole of principal fiarm products by States in March and Jamary-ikarch 1937, with comprative figures for ecrlier years.


The estimated United States cash income is not oqual to the cum of the state estinates bocause it has beon ad,fusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm producte wich is not distributed by states.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January-March, 1934-37

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan.-Mar. |  |  |  | : Jan.-Mar. |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 | 1934 | 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 11,746 | 3,793 | 8,793 | 15,343 | 3,902 | 4,220 | 5,293 | 4,921 |
| N. H. | 567 | 331 | 319 | 623 | 2,754 | 2,952 | 3,603 | 3,254 |
| Vt. | 405 | 340 | 372 | 467 | 5,733 | 6,639 | 7,608 | 7,153 |
| Mass. | 1,407 | 1,249 | 2,024 | 1,790 | 6,680 | 7,914 | 9,230 | 8,317 |
| R. I. | 99 | 34 | 152 | 47 | 1,053 | 1,284 | 1,464 | 1,448 |
| Conn. | 3,210 | 4,317 | 4,178 | 4,772 | 5,792 | 6,190 | 6,500 | 6,845 |
| N. Y. | 17,325 | 12,917 | 11,948 | 15,236 | 35,527 | 39,782 | 49,187 | 49,842 |
| N. J. | 1,293 | 1,043 | 1,298 | 1,684 | 8,219 | 9,708 | 10,158 | 11,425 |
| Pa. | 11,197 | 8,851 | 11,870 | 17,411 | 27,984 | 35,313 | 34,993 | 40,275 |
| N. Atlanti | 47,249 | 32,875 | 40,954 | 57,373 | 97,644 | 114,002 | 128,036 | 133,480 |
| Ohio | 11,413 | 10,524 | 13,665 | 18,331 | 29,141 | 46,706 | 49,451 | 58,351 |
| Ind. | 6,910 | 6,812 | 9,235 | 12,047 | 26,233 | 41,447 | 45,539 | 51,096 |
| Ill. | 10,677 | 9,307 | 23,518 | 28,108 | 45,830 | 66,669 | 71,499 | 79,272 |
| Mich. | 11,301 | 8,335 | 9,837 | 17,169 | 19,047 | 25,539 | 27,851 | 32,766 |
| W1s. | 4,946 | 4,607 | 6,529 | 9,722 | 35,147 | 49,223 | 58,287 | 65,512 |
| E. N. Central | 45,247 | 39,585 | 62,784 | 85,377 | 155,398 | 229,584 | 252,627 | 286,997 |
| Minn. | 9,923 | 6,308 | 10,146 | 13,797 | 36,271 | 47,787 | 59,386 | 63,286 |
| Iowa | 8,821 | 5,619 | 7,286 | 9,871 | 66,052 | 97,022 | 98,833 | 101,931 |
| Mo. | 5,751 | 2,544 | 4,274 | 7,008 | 24,401 | 35,553 | 43,029 | 38,923 |
| N. Dak. | 9,668 | 2,218 | 7,144 | 4,052 | 4,330 | 5,252 | 6,798 | 5,558 |
| S. Dak. | 1,885 | 675 | 5,233 | 1,316 | 8,453 | 10,090 | 14,535 | 11,416 |
| Nebr. | 13,666 | 3,622 | 8,416 | 11,653 | 38,340 | 40,211 | 50,584 | 39,358 |
| Kens. | 9,304 | 6,387 | 7,245 | 18,650 | 27,782 | 42,600 | 37,562 | 37,179 |
| W. N. Central | 59,018 | 27,373 | 49,744 | 66,347 | 205,629 | 278,515 | 310,727 | 297,651 |
| Del. | 806 | 677 | 700 | 901 | 1,191 | 1,453 | 1,461 | 1,756 |
| Ma. | 1,484 | 1,261 | 1,468 | 2,372 | 5,472 | 6,677 | 6,808 | 7,949 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{A}$. | 10,183 | 8,087 | 8,276 | 9,503 | 5,493 | 7,931 | 8,113 | 9,550 |
| W. Va . | 1,479 | 804 | 1,050 | 1,023 | 3,856 | 4,772 | 5,328 | 5,821 |
| N. C. | 20,207 | 12,951 | 16,081 | 12,664 | 4,288 | 4,943 | 5,435 | 5,389 |
| S. C. | 11,159 | 9,746 | 10,201 | 10,397 | 2,120 | 2,570 | 2,270 | 2,499 |
| Ga. | 12,058 | 10,670 | 12,734 | 13,886 | 4,080 | 5,690 | 6,036 | 6,400 |
| Fla. | 35,229 | 29,302 | 35,204 | 44,124 | 3,064 | 3,960 | 3,688 | 4,375 |
| S. Atlantic | 92,605 | 73,498 | 85,714 | 94,870 | 29,564 | 37,996 | 39,139 | 43,739 |
| Ky 。 | 31,230 | 29,529 | 18,507 | 39,449 | 6,424 | 10,662 | 12,054 | 12,191 |
| Tenn. | 17,484 | 13,845 | 10,579 | 16,818 | 5,444 | 8,523 | 11,683 | 13,206 |
| Ala. | 14,504 | 13,045 | 15,012 | 15,608 | 3,306 | 4,060 | 4,903 | 5,844 |
| M88. | 16,591 | 14,376 | 10,911 | 22,846 | 2,323 | 3,288 | 4,599 | 4,907 |
| Ark | 15,946 | 13,258 | 6,560 | 15,185 | 4,016 | 5,453 | 6,295 | 6,790 |
| La. | 14,043 | 14,858 | 5,901 | 14,713 | 3,629 | 5,284 | 2,95] | 2,759 |
| Okla. | 13,904 | 5,811 | - 9,915 | 5,586 | 9,622 | 18,517 | 19,580 | 19,169 |
| Tex. . | 32,626 | 23,164 | 31,881 | 32,067 | 22,062 | 26,625 | 30,478 | 31,284 |
| S. Central | 156,328 | 127,886 | 107,266 | 162,272 | 56,826 | 82,412 | 92,543 | 96,150 |
| Mont. | 3,479 | 2,731 | 3,824 | 2,379 | 4,304 | 6,110 | 6,382 | 5,919 |
| Idaho | 6,822 | 5,753 | 5,881 | 11,906 | 4,105 | 6,261 | 7,581 | 8,446 |
| Wyo. | 1,215 | 670 | 1,325 | 1,369 | 2,681 | 3,510 | 3,573 | 4,481 |
| Colo. | 5,540 | 2,608 | 4,412 | 9,880 | 10,992 | 14,677 | 19,838 | 21,669 |
| N. Mex. | 1,572 | 1;065 | 2,580 | 2,116 | 3,661 | 3,680 | 4,912 | 4,806 |
| Ariz. | 6,477 | 8,150 | 5,825 | 5,511 | 2,609 | 4,472 | 3,716 | 3,852 |
| Utah | 870 | 594 | 981 | 1,097 | 3,220 | 4,221 | 5,238 | 6,073 |
| Nev. | 202 | 181 | 248 | 333 | 1,172 | 2,379 | 1,446 | 1,643 |
| Mash. | 12,816 | 13,714 | 8,956 | 13,707 | 8,729 | 12,142 | 12,313 | 13,302 |
| Oreg. | 2,586 | 3,852 | 3,266 | 5,288 | 5,827 | 8,976 | 8,944 | 9,584 |
| Calif. | 36,330 | 45,433 | 45,429 | 60,596 | 27,249 | 41,189 | 39,706 | 45,656 |
| Western | 77,909 | 84,751 | 82,727 | 114,182 | 74,549 | 107,617 | 113,649 | 125,431 |
| U.S. cash income 1/ | : 574,000 | 485,000 | 541,000 | 727,000 | 642,000 | 811,000 | 963,000 1 | ,012,000 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Tabls 3.- Recsipts from the sale of principal farm products, by Statss, Narch, and January-1.'arch, 1934-37

| Stats | Mar _ - Jon. - Mar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | $1937$ | 1934 | $1935$ | 1936 | 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,00 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Ns. | 6,110 | 2,547 | 5,663 | 7,360 | 15,648 | 8,013 | 14,086 | 20,264 |
| N. H. | 1,206 | 1,212 | 1,394 | 1,410 | 3,321 | 3,283 | 3,922 | 3,877 |
| Vt. | 2,269 | 2,627 | 2,895 | 2,897 | 6,138 | 6,979 | 7,980 | 7,620 |
| Nass. | 2,816 | 3,210 | 3,788 | 3,530 | 8,087 | 9,163 | 11,254 | 10,107 |
| R. I. | 414 | 487 | 576 | 561 | 1,152 | 1,318 | 1,616 | 1,495 |
| Conn. | 3,142 | 3,500 | 3,706 | 4,260 | 9,002 | 10,507 | 10,678 | 11,617 |
| N. Y. | 19,505 | 18,784 | 22,313 | 24,173 | 52,852 | 52,699 | 61,135 | 65,078 |
| N. J. | 3,632 | 4,092 | 4,045 | 4,668 | 9,512 | 10,751 | 11,456 | 13,109 |
| Pa. | 13,612 | 16,610 | 16,828 | 20,831 | 39,181 | 44,164 | 46,863 | 57,686 |
| N. Atlantic | 52,706 | 53,049 | 61,208 | 69,696 | 144,893 | 146,877 | 168,990 | 190,853 |
| Ohio | 14,233 | 20,080 | 20,477 | 27,242 | 40,554 | 57,230 | 63,116 | 76,682 |
| Ind. | 11,063 | 16,494 | 18,372 | 23,510 | 33,143 | 48,259 | 54,774 | 63,143 |
| Ill. | 18,362 | 24,676 | 32,562 | 36,087 | 56,507 | 75,976 | 95,017 | 107,380 |
| Mch. | 10,776 | 11,234 | 13,168 | 18,221 | 30,348 | 33,874 | 37,688 | 49,935 |
| Wis. | 14,555 | 18,498 | 22,240 | 27,809 | 40,093 | 53,830 | 64,816 | 75,234 |
| E. N. Csntral | 68,989 | 90,982 | 106,819 | 132,869 | 200,645 | 269,169 | 315,411 | 372,374 |
| Vinn. | 16,669 | 18,389 | 26,746 | 28,849 | 46,194 | 54,095 | 69,532 | 77,083 |
| Iowe | 24,593 | 32,170 | 35,682 | 38,457 | 74,873 | 102,641 | 106,119 | 111,802 |
| Nio. | 9,895 | 12,772 | 13,708 | 15,759 | 30,152 | 38,097 | 47,303 | 45,931 |
| N. Dak. | 5,361 | 2,847 | 5,147 | 3,790 | 13,998 | 7,470 | 13,942 | 9,610 |
| S. Dak. | 3,549 | 3,406 | 7,356 | 3,976 | 10,338 | 10,765 | 19,768 | 12,732 |
| Nsbr. | 17,549 | 14,385. | 19,501 | 17,755 | 52,006 | 43,833 | 59,000 | 51,011 |
| Kans. | 11,805 | 16,986 | 13,643 | 17,186 | 37,086 | 48,987 | 44,807 | 55,829 |
| W. N. Csntral | 89,421 | 100,955 | 121,783 | 125,772 | 264,647 | 305,888 | 360,471 | 363,998 |
| Del. | 710 | 782 | 758 | 944 | 1,997 | 2,130 | 2,161 | 2,657 |
| id. | 2,497 | 3,064 | 2,882 | 3,739 | 6,956 | 7,938 | 8,276 | 10,321 |
| Va. | 4,430 | 4,783 | 4,263 | 4,939 | 15,676 | 16,018 | 16,389 | 19,053 |
| T. Va. | 1,633 | 1,878 | 1,847 | 1,974 | 5,335 | 5,576 | 6,378 | 6,844 |
| N. C. | 7,166 | 6,475 | 5,511 | 5,269 | 24,495 | 17,894 | 21,516 | 18,053 |
| S. c. | 4,259 | 4,263 | 3,875 | 4,756 | 13,279 | 12,316 | 12,471 | 12,896 |
| Ga. | 4,517 | 4,526 | 6,786 | 6,693 | 16,138 | 16,360 | 18,770 | 20,286 |
| Fla. | 15,177 | 12,497 | 14,502 | 20,067 | 38,293 | 33,262 | 38,892 | 48,499 |
| S. Atlantic | 40,389 | 38,268 | 40,424 | 48,381 | 122,169 | 111,494 | 124,853 | 138,608 |
| $\mathrm{Ky} .$ | 6,525 | 5,539 | 5,381 | 6,036 | 37,654 | 40,191 | 30,561 | 51,640 |
| Tenn. | 6,924 | 6,645 | 5,910 | 8,986 | 22,928 | 22,368 | 22,262 | 30,024 |
| Ala. | 8,000 | 7,764 | 4,840 | 8,696 | 17,810 | 17,105 | 17,915 | 21,452 |
| Kis8. | 4,195 | 4,410 | 3,058 | 7,977 | 18,914 | 17,664 | 15,510 | 27,753 |
| Ark. | 8,164 | 7,603 | 2,994 | 6,050 | 19,962 | 18,711 | 12,855 | 21,975 |
| La. | 3,090 | 4,418 | 2,446 | 5,147 | 17,672 | 20,142 | 8,852 | 17,472 |
| Okla. | 7,672 | 8,069 | 8,654 | 9,985 | 23,526 | 24,328 | 29,495 | 24,755 |
| Ter. ........ | 16,884 | 16,052 | 16,174 | 20,632 | 54,688 | 49,789 | 62,359 | 63,351 |
| S. Central | 61,454 | 60,500 | 49,457 | 71,509 | 213,154 | 210,298 | 199,809 | 258,422 |
| Nont. | 2,383 | 2,978 | 3,203 | 2,395 | 7,783 | 8,841 | 10,206 | 8,298 |
| Idaho | 3,775 | 3,951 | 4,580 | 7,513 | 10,927 | 12,014 | 13,462 | 20,352 |
| \#ア0. | 1,315 | 1,563 | 2,010 | 2,767 | 3,896 | 4,180 | 4,898 | 5,850 |
| Colo. | 6,397 | 6,802 | 9,686 | 13,534 | 16,532 | 17,285 | 24,250 | 31,549 |
| N , Lex. | 1,382 | 1,152 | 1,370 | 1,383 | 5,233 | 4,745 | 7,492 | 6,922 |
| Ariz. | 2,235 | 3,217 | 3,055 | 3,355 | 9,086 | 12,022 | 9,541 | 9,363 |
| Utah | 1,371 | 1,627 | 2,151 | 2,280 | 4,090 | 4,815 | 6,219 | 7,170 |
| Neт. | 485 | 920 | 680 | 692 | 1,374 | 2,560 | 1,694 | 1,976 |
| Wash. | 7,299 | 8,838 | 7,735 | 10,148 | 21,545 | 25,856 | 21,269 | 27,009 |
| Orsg. | 2,916 | 4,684 | 4,334 | 5,525 | 8,413 | 12,828 | 12,210 | 14,872 |
| Calif. . | 25, 240 | 33,000 | 33,222 | 42,720 | 63,579 | 86,622 | 85,135 | 106,252 |
| Hestern | 54,798 | 68,732 | 71,966 | 92,312 | 152,458 | 192,368 | 196,376 | 239,813 |
| U.S. cash incomo | $\begin{aligned} & \because \text { : 413,000 } \end{aligned}$ | 438,000 | 505,000 | 596,000 | ,216,000 | ,296,000 | ,504,000 | ,739,000 |

1/ The satimated Unitsd States cash income is not equal to ths sum of ths State estimates bscause it has been adjustsd downerd for interstate sale of livestock, and includse income from some farm products which is not distributsd by Statss.

Table 4.-Government pejmente, and receipte from the salo of principal farm producte, including Government payments, by States, January-March 1935-37 and Karch 1936-37

| Stato | Government payments |  |  |  |  | Total inoluding Government payente |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Mar. |  |  | Mar. |  | Jan. - Kar. |  |  | Yar. |  |
|  | : 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 | 1936 | : 1937 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollare | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollar: |
| Me. | : --- | --- | 117 | --- | 6 | 8,013 | 14,086 | 20,381 | 5.663 | 7.372 |
| N. H . | 9 |  | 43 | --- | 2 | 3,292 | 3.922 | 3.920 | 1,394 | 1,412 |
| $\nabla$ t. | 16 | --- | 112 |  | 9 | 6,995 | 7.980 | 7.732 | 2,895 | 2.906 |
| Mas8. | 105 | 2 | 65 | --- | 5 | 9,268 | 11.256 | 10,172 | 3.788 | 3.535 |
| R. I. | 1 |  | 9 | --- | 7 | 1,319 | 1,616 | 1:504 | 576 | 568 |
| Conn. | 91 | 3 | 239 |  | 115 | 10,598 | 10,681 | 11,856 | 3.706 | 4,375 |
| N. P . | 85 | 4 | 1,161 | 4 | 102 | 52.784 | 61,139 | 66.?39 | 22.317 | 24,275 |
| N. J. | 74 | 1 | 173 |  | 12 | 10,825 | 11.457 | 13,282 | 4,046 | 4.680 |
| Pa. | 298 | 57 | 1,279 | 55 | 148 | 44,462 | 46,920 | 58,965 | 16,883 | 20,979 |
| N. Atlantic | 679 | 67 | 3,198 | 60 | 406 | 147.556 | 169,057 | 194,051 | 61,268 | 70,102 |
| Ohio | 5.451 | 551 | 4,832 | 543 | 2,432 | 62,681 | 63,667 | 81,514 | 21,020 | 29,674 |
| Ind. | 9.099 | 123 | 6,330 | 123 | 3,306. | 57,358 | 54.897 | -69.473 | 18,495 | 26,816. |
| 111. | : 12,262 | 165 | 8,769 | 160 | 4.038 | 88,238 | 95,182 | 116.149 | 32,722 | 40,125 |
| Mich. | 1,610 | 323 | 3,271 | 323 | 1,681 | 35,484 | 38,011 | 53,206 | 13,491 | 19,902 |
| W18. | 1,886 | 22 | 4,741 |  | 2,478 | 55,716 | 64, 845 | 72.975 | 22,260 | 30,287 |
| 2. N. Ce | 30,308 | 1,191 | 27.943 | 1,169 | 13.935 | 299,477 | 316,602 | 400, 217 | 107,988 | 145,80 ${ }^{15}$ |
| Minn. | 7.308 | 149 | 7.349 | 147 | 3.973 | 61,403 | 60,681 | -84.432 | 26,893 | 32.822 |
| Iowa | 21,259 | 98 | 14,726 | 109 | 7.517 | 123,900 | 106,217 | 126,528 | 35.791 | 45.974 |
| Yo. | 9.567 | 393 | 4,201 | 318 | 2,069 | 47.664 | 47.696 | 50,132 | 14,026 | 17.828 |
| N. Dak. | 3.530 | 1,127 | 11.804 | 2,115 | 5,320 | 11,000 | 15,069 | 21,414 | 6,262 | 9,110 |
| S. Dak. | 5.372 | 309 | 9.401 | 300 | 4,667 | 16,137 | 20,077 | 22,133 | 7.656 | 8,643 |
| Nebr. | 8,834 | 578 | 8,128 | 574 | 3.776 | 52,667 | 59.578 | 59,139 | 20,075 | 21.531 |
| Tans. | 8,146 | 704 | 11,558 | 700 | 4.746 | 57.133 | 45,511 | 67,387 | 14, 343 | 21,932 |
| H. N. Cen | 64,016 | 3.358 | 67,167 | 3.263 | 32,068 | 369.904 | 363,829 | 431,165 | 125,046 | 157,840 |
| Del. | 31 | 3 | 206 | 3 | 112 | 2,161 | 2,164 | 2,863 | 761 | 1,056 |
| Md. | 235 | 47 | 732 | 45 | 577 | 8,173 | 8,323 | 11,053 | 2.927 | 4,316 |
| Va. | 803 | 66 | 1,622 | 63 | 1.333 | 16.821 | 16,455 | 20,675 | 4.326 | 6,272 |
| T. Va. | 131 | 5 | 454 | 5 | 388 | 5.707 | 6.383 | 7,298 | 1,852 | 2,362 |
| N. C. | 5.775 | 767 | 6,405 | 679 | 5.431 | 23,669 | 22,283 | 24,458 | 6.190 | 10,700 |
| S. C. | 2,082 | 383 | 6,442 | 385 | 3,669 | 14,398 | 12,854 | 19.338 | 4,260 | 8,425 |
| Ga. | 1,816 | 787 | 9,255 | 762 | 2,455 | 18,176 | 19.557 | 29.541 | 7.548 | 9.148 |
| Tla. | 221 | 101 | 897 | 101 | 583 | 33,483 | 38,993 | 49,396 | 14,603 | 20,650 |
| S. Atlantic | 11,094 | 2,159 | 26,013 | 2,043 | 14,548 | 122,588 | 127,012 | 164,622 | 42,467 | 62,929 |
| Ky. ... | 4,797 | 92 | 7.852 | 55 | 5.173 | 44,988 | 30,653 | 59,492 | 5,436 | 11,209 |
| Tenn. | 2,226 | 137 | 5.396 | 116 | 4,490 | 24.594 | 22.399 | 35,420 | 6,026 | 11,476 |
| Ala. | 1,712 | 999 | 7,490 | 905 | 4.128 | 18,817 | 18.914 | 28,942 | 5.745 | 12,824 |
| Mies. | : 3.369 | 418 | 8,715 | 402 | 5.562 | 21.033 | 15,928 | 36,468 | 3.460 | 13.539 |
| Ark. | : 4,291 | 708 | 4,133 | 632 | 2,445 | 23,002 | 13.563 | 26,108 | 3,626 | 8,495 |
| La. | 4,380 | 335 | 3,668 | 275 | 2,168 | 24,522 | 9,187 | 21,140 | 2,721 | 7.315 |
| Okla. | 7.990 | 1.320 | 12,291 | 1,126 | 8,183 | 32,318 | 30, 815 | 37.046 | 9.780 | 18,168 |
| Tex. | 21,887 | 3,243 | 16,161 | 2,907 | 11,283 | 71,676 | 65,602 | 79,512 | 19,081 | 31,915 |
| S. Central | 50,652 | 2.252 | 65.706 | 6,418 | 43,432 | 260,950 | 207,061 | 324,128 | 55,875 | 114,941 |
| Mont. | 1,781 | 513 | 5,716 | 505 | 2,420 | 10,622 | 10.719 | 14,014 | 3.708 | 4,815 |
| Idaho | 1.891 | 248 | 965 | 240 | 388 | 13.905 | 13.710 | 21.317 | 4,820 | 7.901 |
| Wyo. | 713 | 99 | 705 | 99 | 317 | 4,893 | 4.997 | 6.555 | 2,109 | 3.084 |
| Colo. | 2,842 | 223 | 2,376 | 221 | 1,229 | 20,127 | 24.473 | 33.925 | 9.907 | 14,763 |
| N. Mex. | 978 | 72 | 1,696 | 51 | 330 | 5.723 | 7.564 | 8,618 | 1.421 | 1,713 |
| Ariz. | 363 | 30 | 726 | 22 | 208 | 12,985 | 9.571 | 10,089 | 3.077 | 3.563 |
| Utah | 1,114 | 54 | 665 | 53 | 241 | 5,929 | 6,273 | 7.835 | 2,204 | 2,521 |
| Hev. | 38 | 17 | 111 | 1 | 27 | 2,598 | 1,695 | 2,087 | 621 | 719 |
| Waeh. | 3.142 | 377 | 1,314 | 362 | 728 | 28,997 | 21,646 | 28,323 | 8,097 | 10,876 |
| Orez. | 814 | 100 | 1,147 | 87 | 846 | 13.642 | 12,310 | 16,019 | 4,421 | 6,371 |
| Calif. | 1,332 | 700 | 1,420 | 709 | 733 | 87,954 | 85,835 | 107,67? | 33,931 | 43,453 |
| Heatern | 15,007 | 2,417 | 16,841 | 2.350 | 7.467 | 207, 375 | 198,793 | 256,454 | 74,316 | 99.779 |

TI. S. caeh
Income 1/ ....:172,00 $\quad 16,000 \quad 207,000 \quad 15,000 \quad 112,000 \quad 1,468,000 \quad 1,520,000 \quad 1,946,000 \quad 520,000 \quad 708,000$

1/ The eatimated United Statee cash Income fe not equal to the eur of the State cetimates becauee it bas been adjueted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distrituted by states.

> RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYIFNTS BY STATES FOR APRIL AID FOR JANUARY THROUGH APRIL 1934.37

Cash receipts from marketings of the principal farm products and from Government payments to farmers in April 1937 were larger than in April 1936 in each of the six major geographical divisions of the country, it is reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. The West North Central region was the only one to show a decline in receipts from farm marketings, which was more than offset by the larger Government payments in April this year than a year ago.

The estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products are based upon the marketings of 33 of the more important farm products, which for the United States as a whole measure approximately 93 percent of the amual cash income from all farm products. For the United States as a whole, as reported by the Bureau on May 25, cash income from all farm marketings and Government payments in April amounted to $\$ 659,000,000$ or 24 percent more than in April 1936.

For the first 4 months of this year, January through April, the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal farm products and from Government payments were higher than during the sarne period last yoar in each of the regions. Gains ranged from approximately 13 percent each in the North Atlantic and West North Central States to 56 percent in the South Central States. Receipts from merketings alone also were higher in each of the regions except in the Nest North Central States where they were approximately the same as in the first 4 months of 1936. In some of the New England States and a number of the drought-hit States in the Great Plains area, receipts from marketings fell below those of January-April 1936, but in all of the latter States the larger Government pajments more than offset the smaller receipts from sales.

Cash income from all farm marketings in the entire country during the first 4 months of 1937 totaled $\$ 2,322,000,000$, or 16 percent more than for the first 4 months in 1936. Including Government payments, total cash income for Jonuary- $\Lambda_{\mathrm{s}}$ ril 1937 amounted to $\$ 2,604,000,000$ compared with $\$ 2,050,000,000$ for the corresponding period of last year.

During April, receints from crops as well as from livestock and livestock products showed increases over April 1936. The gain in receipts from crops, how. ever, was mach more pronounced than the increase in receipts from livestock items, reflecting the much higher level of prices received by farmers for cropa in April this year than a year earlier. While income from crops increased by $\$ 63,000,000$ over April 1936, income from livestock increased by only $\$ 27,000,000$.

The South Central States recorded the sharpest advance in inconc from crops: as cotton prices averaged 22 percent higher than in April 1936 and marketings were larger. In the South Atlantic States, the larger receipts from cotton lint and citrus fruits were important factors in the increased income from crops. Larger receipts from potatoes and wheat, chiefly because of higher prices, were mainly responsible for the substantial gains in receipts from crops in the North Atlantic, East Morth Central and Western States. In the West North Central States the larger receipts from wheat in Missouri, Nebraska and Kaisas had more than offset the smaller receipts from $\varepsilon$ rains in the other States of this region.

U. . . Defartumen of agricuture

Figure I

The West Norti Central resion was the only one to show a decrease in receipts from livestock and livestock products during April cormared with April 1936. Curtailed marketingis of meat animals and butterfat, as well as lower prices reccived for chickens, were largely responsible for the smaller receipts from livestoci items in most of these States. Liquidation and earlier marketings of meat animals had reduced the livestock supplies available for market. In each of the other refions, however, receipts from livestock and livestock products were larger than a year earlier and reflected chiefly the larger receipts from cattle, eges, dairy products and wool.

Govermment payments to farmers in April this year amounted to $\$ 76,000,000$ compared with $\$ 37,000,000$ in April 1936. Payments during May and June are lilzely to continue large, as the payments due on the 1936 Asricultural Conservation program near completion. For the first 4 months of 1937 Government payments to farmers totaled $\$ 283,000,000$ as compared with $\$ 54,000,000$ in the sarie period last year.

While cash income from farm marketings decreased by less than the usual seasonal anount from Narch to April because of a well-sustained volume of marketings of more important farm products and the further advance in prices received by famers, income from farm marketings from April to May is likely to show a less than usual increase as prices of farm products declined during May and merletines of meat animals as well as grains were sharply reduced. Compared with May 1936, however, receipts from the sale of principal farm products will probably be hicher this Moy in all of the recions except possibly in the West North Central States.

## Receipts by resions

## North Atlantic States

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products durine April were lower tian in April 1936 in most of the New England States, chiefly because of the lower prices received for milk and chickens. In Maine, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, however, cash receipts were higher this April, as the lareer receipts from cattle, egGs and milk supplemented the increased receipts from potatoes and grains. The North Atlantic States as a rroup, homever, showed an 8 percent increase in receipts from marlretincs this April over April 1936. For the first 4 months of this year the $N_{0} r$ th Atlantic region recorded an increase of 12 percent in cash receipts over the receipts durine the same period last year.

## East North Central States

Hicher Erain and potato prices and lareer receipts from nearly all livestock items except chickens resulted in substantial gains in income this April over April a year earlier in each of the East North Central States. These States as a group showed a 29 percent increase over April 1936 in the total cash receipts from marketings and from Governnent payments. Fron January throuch April of this year the total of cash receipts and Government payments was 27 percent larger than in the sane 4 months of last year.

## West North Central States

The short Erain and livestock supplies in most of the States in the West North Central resion caused the income from farm marketines in a number of these States to decline below the April 1936 level. Only in Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, where marisetinss of wheat were fairly well maintained at the much hicher prices received this year, did income from farm marketines exceed the April 1936 income. While the West North Central States as a group showed a 2 percent drop in
receipts from marketings this April, this decline was more than offset by an increase of aproximately $\$ 7,000,000$ in paynents received fron the huricultural ichjustraent Adrinistration in April of this year. For the first 4 months of 1937, cash receipts plus Government payments in the West North Central States totaled 14 percent Ereater thon in the January-hpril 1936 period. This gain, however, was almost entirely due to the larser Governnent payments made to farmers this year.

## South Atlantic States

Larger receipts from wheat, cotton and citrus fruits, as mell as from eges, milk and chickens, resulted in increased receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each of the South Atlantic States, in April this year corrmored with April 1936. Lareer Government payments further aumented the zains in income, so that total cash receipts includine Governnent paynents were 43 percent larger than in April 1936. For the first 4 months of this year each of the States in this resion recorded substantial cains in total receipts inciuding Governrent payments. The cains ranced from 16 percent in West Vireinia to 56 percent in South Carolina, and for the South Atlantic States as a erouprere 33 percent lareer than in the first 4 months of 1936 .

## South Central States

Ficher prices received for tobacco in Kentucky and Tennessee and for cotton in the other South Central States, as well as the larger receipts from nearly all livestock itens, were important factors in the pronounced cains in income in nearly all of the States in this region during April. Olaboma alone showed a slicht decline in its total receipts, larsely because of the smaller volume of cotton maricetinfs. The South Central States as a group recorded an increase of 53 percont in the total receipts includine Govermaent paynents this April over April 1936. For the first 4 months of this year the South Central region showed an increase of 56 percent over the corresponding period of 1936 in total receipts includine Government poyments.

## Western States

A 26 percent increase in this recion's receipts from crops and a 12 percent increase in receipts from livestock and livestock products resulted in a gain of 17 percent in the April 1937 receipts from marictines of the :more important form products in the Westem States. With Government payments included, total cash receipts in April 1937 :تere 22 percent larger than in April 1936, and were larjer in each of the Fiestern States. Increased receipts from potatoes, 促eat, fruits, as \%ell as from meat animals, dairy and poultry products, wore all important contributine factors to the month!s sain in income in the various States. Fror January through sipril, the ilestem States as a croup recorded on increase of 27 percent in the total cash receipts includinc Government payments over the sare period last year. Larcer Government payments durine this period had more than offset the declines in income from marletings in hontana, Ner Mexico and Arizona.

The accompanyine 4 tables present the estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farraproducts by $S_{\text {tates }}$ in April and Jonuary-April 1937 \#ith comprative figures for earlier years.


[^26]Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January-April, 1934-37

U.S. cash income 1/ ...:732,000 $657,000 \quad 700,000 \quad 949,000 \quad 865,0001,117,0001,297,0001,373,000$

1/ The entimated United State cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate cale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

| State | Apre |  |  | 8 |  | Jan．－Apre |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 ： | 1936 ： | 1937 ： | 1934 ： | $1935$ | $1936$ | $1937$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & \text { dollarg } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| Me．．．．．．．．．．．． | 5.104 | 3.082 | 5.541 | 6.146 | 20.752 | 11.095 | 19，627 | 26，410 |
| N．H．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.346 | 1．222 | 1.483 | 1.484 | 4，667 | 4.505 | 5.405 | 5.361 |
| Vt．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.363 | 2.778 | 2.922 | 2.781 | 8.501 | 9.757 | 10．902 | 10,401 |
| Mass．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3.112 | 3.452 | 4.141 | 3.731 | 11．199 | 12，615 | 15.395 | 13.838 |
| R．I．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 157 | 490 | 615 | 535 | 1.609 | 1.808 | 2．232 | 2，030 |
| Conn．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.824 | 2.935 | 3.300 | 3.274 | 11．526 | 13.442 | 13.978 | 14.891 |
| N．Y，．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 17.812 | 19.137 | 22，126 | 23.432 | 70.664 | 71.836 | 83.261 | 88.510 |
| N．J． | 4.572 | 5.302 | 5.025 | 5.131 | 14.084 | 16，053 | 16，481 | 18，240 |
| Pa， | 11，027 | 18,395 | 17.545 | 21,278 | 53.198 | 62.559 | 64.408 | 78.964 |
| E．Atlantic | 51,607 | 55.733 | 52.592 | 67.722 | 196.500 | 207．670 | 231.689 | 258,645 |
| Ohio | 13.477 | 22.360 | 19．869 | 24.408 | 54.031 | 79.590 | 82.985 | 101．090 |
| Ind． | 11，468 | 17．929 | 20，641 | 25.563 | 44，611 | 56.188 | 75.415 | 88，706 |
| I11． | 18，214 | 29．608 | 30.334 | 37.974 | 74.751 | 105.584 | 125.951 | 145.354 |
| Mich． | 10.946 | 12．852 | 13.840 | 19．442 | 41．294 | 46.726 | 51，528 | 69.377 |
| T18． | 14.381 | 20，683 | 22.300 | 25.738 | 54.474 | 74.513 | 87.116 | 100.972 |
| 卫．\％i．Central | 68.515 | 103.432 | 107.584 | 133.125 | 269.151 | 372,601 | 422.995 | 505.492 |
| M1nr．．．．．．．．．．． | 14.955 | 19，607 | 26,447 | 24，294 | 51.149 | 73.702 | 95.979 | 101．377 |
| Iowa | 23.962 | 36．934 | 36，684 | 36.463 | 98.335 | 139.575 | 142,803 | 148.265 |
| No．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 12．055 | 17.05 ？ | 17．066 | 17.366 | 42.207 | 55.149 | 64，359 | 53，297 |
| N, Dak. | 4.271 | 3.076 | 6.113 | 3.694 | 18，269 | 10.546 | 20.055 | 13.304 |
| S．Dak． | 3.640 | 3.918 | 6.941 | 4.332 | 13.978 | 14．683 | 26．709 | 17.054 |
| Nebr． | 15.455 | 17.259 | 18，151 | 20，040 | 67.461 | 51，102 | 77.161 | 71.051 |
| Kaco． | 13.595 | 20， 308 | 15,901 | 18，949 | 50.681 | 69.795 | 60.708 | 74.778 |
| W．N．Central | 87.933 | 115.664 | 127.313 | 125.138 | 352.580 | 424.552 | 481.784 | 489.136 |
| Dol．．．．．．．．．．． | 682 | 840 | － 779 | ． 358 | 2，679 | 2．970 | 2.940 | 3．615 |
| Md．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.595 | 3.514 | 3.310 | 4.016 | 9.551 | 11．452 | 11．586 | 14.337 |
| Va．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3.979 | 5.897 | 4.765 | 5.290 | 19．655 | 21.315 | 21.154 | 24.343 |
| T．Va，．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1，655 | 2.105 | 1.908 | 2，111 | 6.990 | 7.681 | 8.286 | 8.955 |
| N．C． | 5.304 | 5.073 | 4.961 | 5.159 | 30.799 | 22，967 | 26.477 | 23.222 |
| S．C．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 5.804 | 5.269 | 3．293 | 5.368 | 19.083 | 17.385 | 15．764 | 18，264 |
| Ga． | 3.800 | 3.451 | 4.031 | 5.241 | 19.938 | 19.811 | 22，801 | 25.527 |
| Ha. | 13.147 | 13.557 | 13.249 | 18．628 | 51,440 | 46,819 | 52.141 | 67.127 |
| S．Atlantic． | 37.966 | 39.500 | 36.296 | 45.781 | 160.135 | 151.000 | 161．149 | 185，390 |
| $\mathrm{Z} y . .$ | 4.064 | 6.330 | 5.266 | 7．268 | 41.718 | 46.521 | 35.827 | 58.908 |
| Tenn．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 4，562 | 6.643 | 5.448 | 7.758 | 27.490 | 29.211 | 27．710 | 37.782 |
| Als．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 8，696 | 6.955 | 2.999 | 6.101 | 26.506 | 24，050 | $20.914$ | $27.553$ |
| Miss．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.313 | 2.610 | 2.454 | 5.633 | 21，227 | 20，274 | $17,964$ | 33.386 |
| Ark．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 4.008 | 3.657 | 3.462 | 5.095 | 23.970 | 22．368 | $16,317$ | 27.070 |
|  | 4,064 | 4.573 | 4.028 | 6.091 | 21.736 | 24.715 | 12，880 | 23.563 |
| Okla. | 6.982 | 7.871 | 8.573 | 8.549 | 30.508 | 32.199 | 38，068 | 37.304 |
| Tex． | 23.288 | 20，907 | 21.748 | 27.210 | 77.976 | ． 70,695 | 94， 107 | 90，561 |
| S．Central | 57.977 | 59.546 | 53.978 | 73.705 | 271，131 | 269，844 | 253.787 | 332,127 |
| Kont．．．．． | 3.410 | 3.310 | 3.696 | 3.163 | 11.193 | 12，151 | 13.902 | 11．462 |
| Idaho ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 3.634 | 4,671 | 4.487 | 6.723 | 14．561 | 16，685 | 17.949 | 27.075 |
| 帰口．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.161 | 2，161 | 2.125 | 2.733 | 6，057 | 6.441 | 7.023 | 8.583 |
| Colo． | 6.590 | 7.360 | 9.411 | 12.083 | 23.122 | 24,645 | 33.661 | 43．632 |
| N．Hex．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.658 | 2，079 | 1.795 | 1，877 | 6.891 | 6.824 | 9.287 | 8.799 |
| Ariz． | 3.592 | 5.144 | 4，378 | 4，454 | 12，678 | 17．766 | 13.919 | 13.517 |
| Utah ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.912 | 1.735 | 2.081 | 2.702 | 6，002 | 6.550 | 8.300 | 9.872 |
| Ner． | 558 | 530 | 598 | 728 | 1.932 | 3.090 | 2，292 | 2.704 |
| Wash． | 6,542 | 10.566 | 7.878 | 10.507 | 28.087 | 36.422 | 29.147 | 37.516 |
| Oreg． | 3.713 | 5.697 | 4.789 | 6.219 | 12，126 | 18.525 | 16，999 | 21，091 |
| Calif．．．． | $8-30.825$ | 41,190 | 40.118 | 44.049 | 94，404 | 127.712 | 125,253 | 150，301 |
| Western | 64.595 | 84,443 | 81.356 | 95,238 | 217.053 | 276,811 | 277.732 | 334,852 |
| U．S．cash income 1／ | ： 382.000 | 479.000 | 493.000 | 533，000 | 1.597 .000 | 1，774，000 | 1．997．000 | $2,322,000$ |

The ostimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted domward for interstate ale of ilvestock，and includes income from some farm producte which is not distributed by States．

Table 4 . Government payments, and receipts from the sale of principel farm producte, including Government payment, by States, Jamuary-hpril 1935-37 and April 1936-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the Stato erimates becarse it has beon adfusted downward for interstato alo of lizestock, and inclades income from ome farm producte thich in not distributed by States.

## RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PROUUCTS AND GOVERNE ENT PAY:INTS BY STATES FOR MAY AND FOR JANUARY THROUGH IAAY 1934-37

Cash receipts from sales of principal farm products in May 1937 were larger than in May 1936 in five of the six major geographical divisions of the country, it was reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. The West North Central region alone showed a slight decline in receipts from sales largely as a result of very small marketings of grains and hogs.

The estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products are based upon the marketings of 33 of the more important farm products which $\mathfrak{F}$ or the entire country measure approximately 93 percent of the annual cash income from all fam products. For the United States as a whole, as reported by the Bureau on June 23, cash income from all farm marketings in May amounted to $\$ 577,000,000$ or 7 percent more than the $\$ 541,000,000$ reported for Mav 1936.

Government payments to farmers this May amounting to $\$ 33,000,000$ were less than in May 1936 when $\$ 59,000,000$ were paid out. Nevertheless, the combined receipts from sales and Government payments this May were lerger than in May 1936 in each of the regions except the West North Central States where a decrease of 13 percent occurred. The gains in the other five regions ranged from 8 to 19 percent.

For the first 5 months of this year, Jonuary through May, the Burenu reported thit reccipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments combincd were higher than during the same period last ycar in each of the principal geographic regions. Gains ranged from 7 percent in the West North Central States to 48 percent in the South Central States. Receipts from sales alone also were higher in each of the regions except in the West North Central States where they were 1 percent less than in the first 5 months of 1936. In some of the New England States ond a number of States in the Great Plains area, receipts from marketings fell below those of January-Moy 1936, but in practically oll of the latter States the larger Government payments this year more than offset the smaller receipts from sales.

Cosh income from all farm marketings in the entire country during the 5 months of 1937 totaled $\$ 2,899,000,000$ or $\$ 361,000,000$ more than in the first 5 months of 1936. Including Government payments, total cash income for January-Moy 1937 amounted to $\$ 3,202,000,000$ comporod with $\$ 2,650,000,000$ for the corresponding period of last year, an increase of 21 percent.

During llay, receipts from crops as well as from livestock and livestock products showed increases over May 1936 in each of the regions except the West North Centrol States. The Eost North Central Ste.tes showed the largest percentage increase in receipts from crops as a result of the ruch higher prices received this May for grains. Larger receipts from potatocs, hay, truck crops and grains, as well as from Florida citrus fruits, wore important factors in the increased income from crops in the North and South Atlantic States. Higher cotton prices this May than in
Receipts from the Sale of principal farm products,


## - 3-

May 1936 contributed substontially to the larger receipts from crops in the South Central States. In the Western region the larger receipts from potatoes, truck crops and apples more than ofisct the smaller receipts from the reduced marketing's of Califomia citmas fruits.

Incrensed receipts from doiry products and from all classes of ment animals otner than hogs were principally responsible for the increased receipts from livestock and livestock products in all of the regions except the West North Central States. In the latter area the reduced morketings of hogs and poultry products resulted in a slight decreasc in income from livestock ind livestock products.

The sccompnying chart shows receipts from scles of principal farm products by regions for ench month of this year and for the previous 2 jears. The Moy 1937 incone from the sale of principal farm products showed a decline from April in the North Central States. This decrease was contrary to the usual seasonal increase and was due largely to the very small stocks of grains covailable for sale and to the curtailed marketings of neat animals, particularly hoss.

While income from all farm marketings for the entire country during June is not expected to differ materially from the June 1936 incone, it is probable that receipts from the sale of principal farm products may be higher than in June 1936 in cach of the resions except possibly the West North Centiol States. Preliminary indications of marketings during June show no marked change from May in the volune of sales of cattle and hogs, and prices have s.veraged higher.

On the basis of present indications of 1937 acroaje and crop conditions, it is expected that receipts from the sale of principal farm products during the second half of this year will be somewhat larger than in the scme period of 1936 in each of the resions. Increased marketings of crops probably will contribute most to the increase in receipts in the vorious regions and particulorly in the Grcat Plains States. While raceipts from the sale of livestock and livestock products for the second half of this ycar may not differ materially from the receipts last year in some of the regions, for the country as a whole incone from livestock and livestock products probably will be sligintly larger than last year. Higher prices for meat animals may more than offset the anticipated decrease in marketings. The volune of marketings of dairy products is expected to be lareer than in the latter half of last year and consequently may result in some increase in income from this source. Narketings and income from poultry products moy be someriat smaller than in the second half of 1936 .

## Receipts by Recions

## North Atlentic States

Cosh roceipts from the sale of principal farm products durine May in the North Atlantic region were 9 percont lerger than in May 1936. Vernont and Riode Island alone recorded slisht decreases in receipts as a result of smaller mrketincs of potatoes and cess and slichtly lower prices received for dairy products. In encl of the other States, however, receipts from potentoes, egss, truck crops and a number of livestock itcns includine dairy products were larger and contributed to the fain in receipts shom by the North Atlantic resion. For the first 5 months of this year the North Atlantic States as a group shored an increase of 11 percent in cash receipts over the receipts during the same period last year. With Government payments included, receipts were 12 percent larger for the 5 month period.

## 3ast North Central States

Hi fher srain prices and largèr receipts from dairy products, cattle and wool resulted in gains in income this May over May 1936 in each of the Dast North Central States. These States as a group showed an 18-percent increase over May 1936 in receipts from sales. Government payments, howevor, were smaller than in May last year so that receipts including Governmont payments were only 11 percent larger. From Jonuary through May of this jear the total of cash receipts and Government payments was 23 porcent larger than in the some 5 months of last year.

## Test North Central States

Smallor reccipts from crops or livestock items in the Dakotas, Nebraska as well as Minnesota and Iowa this May resulted in a 4-percent decline in receipts from the sale of principal farm products for the West North Contral States. Goveriment payments to farmers in this area during May were only half as large as in May last year so that reccipts including Govemment payments were 13 percent less then in May I936. For the first 5 months of this year, however, reccipts including Government payments were 7 percent lnger in the Nest North Central States than in the sane 5 months a. year earlier, the incroase being due entirely to the larger Govormont poyments this yecr.

## South Atlontic States

Lareer recoipts from grains, truck crops as mell as from potatoos, cotton and citrus fruits were all contributing factors to the lowercont increase in the May receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the South Atlantic States. Georgia was the only State in this region to show a declinc in rocoipts as a result of smaller marketines of cotton. The total of receipts and Govemment payments during May was 11 porcent larger than in Maj 1936. For the first 5 ranths of this ycar receipts from sales in the South Atlantic States were 15 percont larger and recoipts including Goverment payments mere 28 percent larger thon in the JanuaryMy poriod of last year.

## South Centrol Stotes

A 24 -percent increase in this reaion's receipts from crops, mainly cotton, and a 28-percent incraasc in receipts from livestock and livestock products resulted in 0 grin of 26 percent in the Moy 1937 receipts from marketings of the principal farm products in the South Central Statcs. Smaller Government payments partially offset this gain so that receipts includine Government payments for the region as a whole were only 19 porcont lorger than in May 1936. For the first 5 months of this year receipts includine Govermment payments were 48 percent larger than in the serne 5 months of 1936 and wore larger in each of the States, the gain rancing from 10 percent in Oklahom to 85 percent in Mississippi.

Nostem Stotes
Montana was the only State in this reeion to show a decreasc in this Moy's receipts from sales of farm products and Govemment payments. Siallor receipts from wheat as well as smaller Goverment payments were mainly responsible for this declinc. In cach of the other States of this recion, however, total receipts including Govermont payments were largor thon in Moy 1936, and for the Newtern States as a group the gain this May was 13 porcent. In Califomia the smaller receipts from citrus fruits were more than offset by larger roceipts from carly potatocs. In each of the other Statcs larior roccipts from crops as well as from ncarly all livestocki items, except chickens, were important contributing factors to the gain in income for the month. From Jonuary throukh May of this year the Western States 2 s ${ }^{\text {So }}$ foup recorded a 23 percent increasc

Table 1．－nocoipts from the sale of principal farm products，by States，Mas 1934－37

| State | Crope |  |  |  |  | Livestock and 11vestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ！ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kay } \\ & 1934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { May } \\ 1935: \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1936: \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { N }_{\text {B }} & : \\ 1937 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 8 \text { Yoy } & 8 \\ 8 & 1934 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 8 & \text { May } & : \\ 8 & 1935 & : \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mey } \\ & 1926 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kay } \\ & 1937 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 8 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1．，000 | 1，000 |
|  | ： | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollar： | dollars | dollar： | dollars | dollarg |
|  | ： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2e． | ： | 1，964 | 501 | 2.253 | 2,450 | 1，568 | 1.825 | 1.899 | 1，924 |
| N． B ． | 8 | 121 | 44 | 22 | 13.3 | 1，040 | 1．357 | 1，279 | 1，275 |
| V ． |  | 16c | 39 | 44 | 171 | 2．329 | 3.190 | 2，888 | 2.742 |
| Mass． | 8 | 1，926 | 2，255 | 1.591 | 1.734 | 2.623 | 3.395 | 3.407 | 3.377 |
| R．I． |  | 11 | 6 | 28 | 16 | 458 | 563 | 574 | 552 |
| Oonn． |  | 231 | 112 | 116 | 227 | 2，286 | 2.586 | 2.536 | 2.594 |
| N．Y． | ： | 2.052 | 2.502 | 1.964 | 2．350 | 15，387 | 18，951 | 18．509 | 19.523 |
| 日．J． | ： | 2，107 | 2.410 | 1，847 | 2，079 | 3.737 | 5，207 | 4.434 | 4.525 |
| Pa．． | ： | 2.509 | 3.563 | 3.482 | 4，692 | 13,346 | 17.178 | 15.355 | 17.379 |
| N．Atlantic | \％ | 11，090 | 11.432 | 11． 347 | 13，852 | 42.774 | 54,252 | 50.881 | 53.894 |
| Ohio | 8 | 2，415 | 2，841 | 3.154 | 4.825 | 12，312 | 18，715 | 17，382 | 19．329 |
| Ind． | 8 | 1，913 | 2.199 | 2.628 | 3.184 | 10，053 | 15.586 | 17，042 | 18，548 |
| I11． |  | 4.382 | 7．200 | 8，066 | 12，250 | 17．800 | 24.574 | 23.692 | 24，251 |
| yich． | \％ | 2.750 | 2，252 | 3.054 | 4.745 | 8.452 | 11.265 | 11.406 | 13.556 |
| T18． | 1 | 927 | 880 | 1．572 | 2.010 | 15，797 | 21， 819 | 21,403 | 26，054 |
| E．N．Central | ： | 12，387 | 15.372 | 18.474 | 27.014 | 64.414 | 91.959 | 90，925 | 101，738 |
| Micn． | 8 | 2.719 | 3.016 | 4.731 | 3.371 | 14.541 | 18.007 | 20.924 | 21.119 |
| Ioma | 1 | 1.791 | 2.807 | 4．294 | 3.412 | 26，837 | 35.569 | 33.485 | 31，885 |
| Mo． | 1 | 2.418 | 1，615 | 1．554 | 2，016 | 12，294 | 17.185 | 15.485 | 15，640 |
| H．Dek． | 8 | 3.446 | 1，261 | 4.229 | 1，014 | 2，542 | 2，235 | 3.044 | 3.071 |
| S．Dak． | 8 | 391 | 388 | 1，752 | 474 | 3.988 | 3.749 | 4.926 | 3.927 |
| Nebr． | ： | 1，610 | 1.418 | 2，114 | 3.533 | 15.518 | 14.447 | 14.485 | 11．540 |
| Kans． |  | 3.123 | 3.462 | 2，198 | 5.515 | 11.198 | 14.795 | 11.839 | 12，941 |
| 7．N．Central |  | 15.498 | 13.967 | 20，862 | 19，335 | 86，918 | 105.987 | 104.188 | 100， 123 |
| Del．．．．．． |  | 440 | 547 | 431 | 494 | 527 | 726 | 655 | ． 759 |
| Md． |  | 1.316 | 1，908 | 1.376 | 1.735 | 2.481 | 3.256 | 3.379 | 3.793 |
| Fa． | 8 | 2.704 | 4.155 | 2.596 | 2.460 | 2．469 | 3.560 | 3.332 | 3.989 |
| W．Va． | \％ | 628 | 700 | 559 | 582 | 1．586 | 2，063 | 1.912 | 2.331 |
| H．C． | 8 | 5.561 | 5.870 | 3.961 | 3.951 | 1.534 | 1．952 | 1，963 | 2，068 |
| S．C． |  | 2.825 | 2.427 | 3.248 | 4，149 | 771 | 1，038 | 926 | 969 |
| Ge． | ： | 1.951 | 2，002 | 5，037 | 3.526 | 1.033 | 1，461 | 1.408 | 1.533 |
| Ma． |  | 9.119 | 7.872 | 9.107 | 14，241 | 903 | 1，282 | 996 | 1.050 |
| S．Atlantic |  | 24.544 | 25.381 | 26.315 | 31，138 | 11，304 | 15.338 | 14，571 | 16.492 |
| G。 | 8 | 1，018 | 1.636 | 960 | 1，074 | 3.888 | 5，277 | 5.484 | 5，502 |
| Tenn． | ： | 2.233 | 3.078 | 1，998 | 1，952 | 3.054 | 4.917 | 4．239 | 4.599 |
| 11a． |  | 6.538 | 4．798 | 3.211 | 5.017 | 1，249 | 1，995 | 1.655 | 2，155 |
| Kise． | 8 | 2.034 | 2．304 | 2.508 | 3.666 | 1，102 | 1，930 | 1，617 | 1，932 |
| Ark． | ． 8 | 3.218 | 2，674 | 2.718 | 3.761 | 1，490 | 2，002 | 2.101 | 2.313 |
| La． | 8 | 5.460 | 4.724 | 3.823 | 5.710 | 987 | 1，924 | 1.037 | 1，224 |
| Okla． |  | 3.192 | 2.155 | 1，810 | 1，767 | 4，040 | 6.768 | 6.408 | 7.797 |
| Tex． |  | 9.045 | 6.970 | 7.572 | 7.452 | 10，619 | 15，770 | 13，601 | 20.334 |
| S．Contral |  | 32.738 | 28.339 | 24，600 | 30.399 | 26．429 | 40,483 | 36.142 | 46.156 |
| Mont． | 8 | 1.158 | 1．245 | 770 | 542 | 2，660 | 2.173 | 2，880 | 2，937 |
| 1 daho |  | 1，093 | 1.361 | 1.243 | 2，411 | 2.708 | 2.588 | 3.624 | 4.363 |
| Wyo． | 寿 | 137 | 137 | 188 | 222 | 1．989 | 1.427 | 1，823 | 2.054 |
| Colo． | ． | 688 | 726 | 916 | 1.991 | 4．255 | 4，626 | 4．900 | 6，697 |
| 12．Mex． |  | 909 | 659 | 158 | 234 | 1，246 | 1，756 | 1，790 | 1，940 |
| Ariz． |  | 538 | 625 | 471 | 357 | 1．241 | 2，398 | 1，829 | 2.702 |
| Otah |  | 160 | 165 | 238 | 303 | 1.727 | 1，667 | 2，096 | 2，477 |
| Nev． |  | 27 | 33 | 31 | 52 | 432 | 413 | 530 | 618 |
| \＃asb． |  | 2，147 | 3.263 | 2，316 | 3.018 | 4.471 | 5.350 | 5.583 |  |
| Oreg． |  |  | 1，454 | 758 | 1，323 | 3.537 | 4.178 | 4.113 | 4.346 |
| Calif． |  | 24.371 | 24.528 | 25.440 | 26，024 | 18．589 | 26．022 | 23.883 | 27.325 |
| Festern | ． | 31.287 | 34,206 | 32.529 | 36.477 | 42.755 | 52.598 | 53.052 | 61.157 |
| U．S．cash income 1／ | ． | 165，000 | 157.000 | 191，000 | 212，000 | 261，000 | 338，000 | 350，000 | 365，000 |

$\sqrt{2}$ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock，and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States．

U.S. cash incame $1 /$ i $1898,000 \quad 823,000 \quad 891,000 \quad 1,161,000 \quad 1,127,000 \quad 1,455,000 \quad 1,647,000 \quad 1,739,000$

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the eum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includen income frow some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.-Receipte from the eale of principal farm products, by States, May. and January-May, 1934-37

| State | May |  |  |  | January-May |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 : | 1934 | 1935 | $1936$ | 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollar: | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Mб. | 3.532 | 2.326 | 4.152 | 4,374 | 24,284 | 13.421 | 23.779 | 30,784 |
| N. H. | 1,161 | 1,401 | 1,301 | 1.408 | 5.828 | 5,906 | 6,706 | 6.769 |
| $\nabla t$. | 2.498 | 3.229 | 2.932 | 2.913 | 10,999 | 12,986 | 13.834 | 13.314 |
| Mass. | 4.549 | 5.650 | 4.998 | 5.111 | 15.748 | 18,265 | 20.393 | 18.949 |
| R. I. | 469 | 569 | 602 | 568 | 2,078 | 2,377 | 2.834 | 2.598 |
| Conn. | 2.517 | 2.698 | 2,652 | 2,821 | 14,343 | 16,140 | 16,630 | 17.712 |
| N. Y | 17.439 | 21.453 | 20,473 | 21,873 | 88.103 | 93,289 | 103.734 | 110,383 |
| M. J. | 5.844 | 7.617 | 6,281 | 6,607 | 19.928 | 23,670 | 22,762 | 24,847 |
|  | 15,855 | 20,741 | 18,837 | 22,071 | 69,053 | 83,300 | 83,245 | 101,035 |
| N. Atlantic | 53.864 | 65,684 | 62,228 | 67.746 | 250,364 | 269,354 | 293.217 | 326,391 |
| Oh10 | 14.727 | 21.556 | 20.536 | 24.154 | 68,758 | 101,146 | 103.521 | 125.244 |
| Ind. | 11,966 | 17.785 | 19.670 | 21.732 | 56,577 | 83.973 | 95.085 | 110,438 |
| 111. | 22,182 | 31.774 | 31,758 | 36.501 | 96.933 | 137.358 | 157.709 | 181.855 |
| Mich. | 11,202 | 13.517 | 14,460 | 18,301 | 52,496 | 60,243 | 65,988 | 87.678 |
| Wis. | 16,724 | 22,699 | 22,975 | 28,064 | 71,198 | 97,212 | 110,091 | 129,036 |
| E. N. Central | 76,801 | 107.331 | 109,399 | 128,752 | 345,96? | 479.932 | 532,394 | 634,251 |
| Minn. | 17.260 | 21,023 | 25.655 | 24.490 | 78,409 | 94.725 | 121.634 | 125.867 |
| Iowa | 28,628 | 38.376 | 37.769 | 35.297 | 127.463 | 177.951 | 180,572 | 183.562 |
| Mo. | 14,712 | 18,800 | 17.039 | 17.656 | 56,919 | 73.949 | 81,408 | 80,953 |
| N. Dak. | 5.988 | 3.496 | 7.273 | 4,085 | 24,257 | 14,042 | 27.328 | 17.389 |
| S. Dak. | 4.379 | 4,137 | 6,678 | 4.401 | 18,357 | 18,820 | 33.387 | 21,465 |
| Nobr. | 17.128 | 15.865 | 16,599 | 15.073 | 84.589 | 76,967 | 93.760 | 86,124 |
| tans. | 14,321 | 18,257 | 14,037 | 18,456 | 65,002 | 88,052 | 74,745 | 93,234 |
| I. N. Central | 102,416 | 119,954 | 125,050 | 119,458 | 454.996 | 544,506 | 612,834 | 608,594 |
| Dol. | 967 | 1,273 | 1,086 | 1,253 | 3.646 | 4,243 | 4,026 | 4,868 |
|  | 3.797 | 5.064 | 4.755 | 5.528 | 13.348 | 16.916 | 16,341 | 19.865 |
| Va. | 5,173 | 7.715 | 5.928 | 6,449 | 24,828 | 29.630 | 27.082 | 30.792 |
| - $\mathrm{\nabla a}$. | 2,214 | 2.763 | 2.471 | 2.913 | 9.204 | 10,444 | 10,757 | 11.868 |
| \&. ${ }^{\text {c. }}$ | 7.095 | 7.822 | 5,924 | 6.019 | 37,894 | 30,789 | 32.401 | 29.241 |
| S. C . | 3.596 | 3.465 | 4.174 | 5,118 | 22,679 | 20,850 | 19,938 | 23.382 |
|  | 2,984 | 3,463 | 6.445 | 5,059 | 22,922 | 23,274 | 29.246 | 30,586 |
| Fla. | 10,022 | 9,154 | 10,103 | 15,291 | 61.462 | 55.973 | 62,244 | 82,418 |
| S. Atlantic | 35,848 | 40,719 | 40,886 | 47.630 | 195,983 | 191,719 | 202,035 | 233,020 |
| xy . | 4,906 | 6,913 | 6,444 | 6.876 | 46,624 | 53.434 | 42,271 | 65.784 |
| Tonn. | 5,287 | 7.995 | 6,237 | 6,551 | 32.777 | 37,006 | 33.947 | 44,333 |
| Ala. | 7.787 | 6.693 | 4,866 | 7.172 | 34,293 | 30.753 | 25,780 | 34,725 |
| Mies. | 3.136 | 4.234 | 4.125 | 5.598 | 24.363 | 24.508 | 22,089 | 38,984 |
| Ark. | 4.708 | 4.676 | 4,819 | 6,074 | 28,678 | 27.044 | 21,136 | 33.144 |
| La. | 6.447 | 6,648 | 4,860 | 6,934 | 28,183 | 31.363 | 17.740 | 30,497 |
| Orla. | 7,232 | 8,923 | 8,218 | 9,564 | 37.740 | 41,122 | 46,286 | 42,868 |
| Tox. | 19,664 | 22,740 | 21,173 | 27.786 | 97,640 | 93.436 | 105,280 | 118,347 |
| S. Contral | 59.167 | 68,822 | 60,742 | 76,555 | 330,298 | 338,666 | 314,529 | 408,682 |
| Mont. | 3.818 | 3.418 | 3.650 | 3.479 | 15,011 | 15,569 | 17.552 | 14.940 |
| Idaho | 3.801 | 3.949 | 4,867 | 6.774 | 18,362 | 20,634 | 22,816 | 33.849 |
| Tyo. | 2,026 | 1.564 | 2,011 | 2,276 | 8,083 | 8.005 | 9.034 | 10,859 |
| Colo. | 4.943 | 5.352 | 5.816 | 8,688 | 28,065 | 29.997 | 39.477 | 52,320 |
| N. Mex. | 2,155 | 2,425 | 1.948 | 2,074 | 9,046 | 9.249 | 11,235 | 10,873 |
| Aris. | 1,779 | 3.023 | 2.300 | 3.059 | 14,457 | 20,789 | 16,219 | 16,876 |
| Otah | 1,887 | 1,832 | 2,334 | 2,780 | 7.889 | 8.382 | 10,634 | 12,652 |
| Ner. | . 459 | . 446 | + 561 | . 670 | 2,391 | 3.536 | 2.853 | 3,374 |
| Tash. | 6,618 | 8.613 | 7.899 | 8,816 | 34,705 | 45.035 | 37.046 | 46,332 |
| Oreg. | 4,296 | 5.632 | 4,871 | 5,669 | 16,422 | 24,157 | 21,870 | 26,760 |
| Callf. | 42,960 | 50.550 | 49.323 | 53.349 | 137.364 | 178,262 | 174.576 | 203,650 |
| Western | 74,742 | 86,804 | 85.580 | 97,634 | 291,795 | 363,615 | 363,312 | 432,485 |
| J.S. cash incom 1/ | 427.000 | 505,000 | 541,000 | 577,000 | 2,025,000 | 2,278,000 | 2,538,000 | 2,899,000 |

1/ The estimated Onited States cash income is not equal to the oum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.
meble 4.-Covernment payments, and receipts from the salo of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, Jamary-Msy 1935-37 and May 1936-37


1. April 1937 Government pryments revised from $\$ 6,000,000$ to $\$ 53,000,000$.
2) The extinated Jnited States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted commerd for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by Stiares.

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in June 1937, were larger than in June 1936 in five of the six major geographical divisions of the country, it is reported by the Burear of Agricultural Economics. In the West North Centrel States, receipts $£$ rom both crops and livestock in June were lower than a year earlier with the greatest decline occurring in receipts from grains and hogs.

The estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products are based upon marletings of 33 of the more important farm products which, for the entire country, measure approximatcly 93 percent of the annual cash income from all farm products. Cash income from all farm marketings in June was reported by the Bureau on July 22 as 604 million dollars, or 3 percent more than the 587 million dollars reported for June 1936 .

Government payments to farmers in June of this year amounted to 27 million dollars comparcd with 57 million dollars in June a year ago. Thus, the combined receipts from sales and Government payments this June were 631 million dollars compared with 644 million dollars last year. When the smaller Government payments are taken into account, receipts in the West North Central States in June this year were ll percent less than a year ago and in the South Central States were 2 parcent less in the same poriod. Total receipts were larger than last year in the other four regions.

For the first half of 1937, the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments combined were higher than during the same period last year in each of the principal geographic regions. The greatest gains occurred in the South Central States with all States except Oklahoma showing substantial gains over the first half of 1936. In Oklahoma, receipts were slightly larger than a year ago because of the larger Governmont payments. Substantial gains over 1936 were also reported in the South Atlantic States, particularly Delaware, South Caroiina and Iorida, end in the Festern States. Slight decreases were show in South Dakota, Nebraska, and Vermont, Massachusetts and Rinode Island.

Total cash income from farm marketings for, the entire country during the first half of 1937 - as reported by the Bureau on July 22 - amounted to 3,503 million dollars compared with 3,125 million dollars in the first half of 1936. Government payments totaled 330 million dollars compared with 169 Govion dollars from January throush June 1936, and total income, including Government payments, amounted to $3,833 \mathrm{million}$ dollars, or 539 million dollars more than in the first half of 1936 .


Increases in income during the first half of 1937 were largely from crops, particularly grains, fruits, vegetables, and tobacco. Slight increases occurred in income from livestock and livestock products. The increase in income from crops is reflected in the accompanying map which shows, by States, the percentase change in income auring the first half of 1937 compared with the first half of 1936. In Kentucly, Temessec, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas - where the income from cotton and tobacco forms a large part of the total receipts during the first half of the year - income was sharply higher than a year carlier. Marked gains also were recorded in Maine, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Idaino, and Colorado, because of a marked increasc in income from potatoes. The lareer income from wheat was an important factor in increasine the recépts in Kansis, Washington, Oregon, Delaware, and Maryland. The higher price level of auples also was an important factor in increasing the income in fashington and Michigan where production in 1936 was more ncarly average than in most of the other principal producing States.

Income from the principal items of livestock and livestock products during the first half of 1937 was slightly larger for the United States as a whole than a year enrlier, but the deciine in receipts in somo States was an important factor in reducing total receipts during the first half of this year. In Vormont, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, smaller reccipts from dairy products reduced the total income in those States below the level of a year ago. In the West North Central States, particularly North and South Dakota, Meoraska, and Missouri, reccipts from livestock sales were smaller in the first 6 months of 1936. On the other hand, receipts from the salc of livestocic and livestock products in the East North Central States and in Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and Vest Virginia were substantially larger then a year ago and aided in increasing the income in those states. In the Nar inestern States, particularly Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, and Texas, receipts from meat animals were substantially larger than a year earlier.

The larger Government payments during, the first half of 1937 also.contributed towerd increasing receipts as compared with a year ago, particularly in the Cotton Selt and tobacco States, where the greatest increase in payments occurred.

The marked improvement in crop prospects in $j 937$ as compared with 1936 will result in a considerably different distribution of farm income during the last haif of 1937 than during the last half of 1936 . While it is expected that farm incore for the United States as a whole, for the last half of the year, Will continue substantially above a year earlier, the greatest increases are likely to be in the West North Central States and the other Great Plains States. Althovgh drought has restricted production in some parts of this area in 1937, present prospects are that crop output as a whole will be substantially above last ysar. On the other hand, due to larger crops, prices of potatoes, apples, and some other fruits and vegetables are likely to be materially lower than a year earlier and in those regions where production of these crops is important, income jn the last half of the year may not be much larger than a year ace. Income from livestock and livestock products in the last half of 1937 may not be much larger than a year earlier due to smaller marketings of meat animals and poultry products.

## Receipts by Regions, January to June

## North Atlantic States

Receipts from crops during the first half of 1937 were substantially higher in all States except Rhode Island and for the region as a whole averaged 43 percent above a year ago. Receipts from livestock and livestock products, on the other hand, were below a year ago in all of the Now England States except Connecticut and were only slightly higher in Ner York and New Jersey. For the region as a whole, receipts totaled 13 percent higher than in the first half of 1936.

## East North Central States

Income gains in this region were due both to larger recelpts from crops and from livestock and livestock products, with receipts from crops averasing 42 percent above the same time last year and income from livestock and livestock products 13 percent above a year ago. With Government payments in this region 78 percent greater than in the first half of 1936 , total receipts were 20 percent higher than a year earlier.

## West North Central States

In this region, receipts from crops in $2 l l$ States except Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri were smaller than a year earlier and receipts from meat animals were smaller in all States except Kansas and Mimesota, so that total receipts from farm narketings for the first half of the year were 2 percent below the first half of 1936 with receipts in North and South Dakota totaling 32 and 33 percent, respectively, below a year ago. Kansas was the only State to show a substantial increase in receipts, the increase amounting to 26 percent. Government payments in this cntire region were 57 percent above a year ago, bringing total receipts 4 percent higher than in the first half of 1936 .

## South Atlantic States

Income from crops in this region was above a year aso in all States except North Carolina, with the biggest increases occurring in Maryland, Delaware, and Florida. For the region as a whole, crops averaged 17 percent, livestock ll percent, and total receipts 15 percent above a year earlier. Government payments in the South Atlantic States wore approximately three times as large in the first half of 1937 as in the corresponding period of 1936 , and raised total receipts to 23 percent above a year earlier.

## South Central States

In this region, receipts from marketincs mere substantially hicher than a year ago in all States except Oklahoma, where receipts from crops rere considerably below the first half of 1936. Receipts from marketings for the region as a whole were 26 percent higher and Government payments nearly $2-1 / 2$ times as large as a year ago. Receipts, including Government payments, therefore totaled 38 percent above a year ago.

## Far Testern States

Receipts from marketings in this region during the first 6 months of 1937, were 18 percent above a year earlier. Because of smaller income from both crops and livestock, however, receipts in Montana and New Kexico viere 14 and 5 percent, respectively, below a year ago. The greatest increase in receipts occurred in Idaho and Colorado where income from crops was materially larger this year due largely to higher prices received for potatoes. Government payments in this region were nearly twice as large as a year earlier and total receipts, including Government payments, exceeded receipts for January-l.ky 1936 by 21 percent.

| State | Crop: |  |  |  | : Investock and Ilvestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ : \quad 1234 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline: & \text { June } \\ : & 1935 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1936 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & : \quad 1937 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { June } \\ & : \quad 1934 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ \therefore \quad 1935 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline & \text { June } \\ 1 & 1936 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ : \quad 1937 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollar: | dollars |
| Me. | 895 | 434 | 1,393 | 2,053 | 1,627 | 2,109 | 1,846 | 1,840 |
| N. H. | 129 | 119 | 131 | 373 | 1,098 | 1,362 | 1,234 | 1,201 |
| $\nabla t$. | 120 | 116 | 187 | 383 | 2,341 | 3.186 | 2,810 | 2,541 |
| Kass. | : 712 | 682 | 842 | 1,857 | 2,741 | 3.392 | 3.340 | 3.247 |
| R. I. | : 43 | 38 | 63 | 138 | 456 | 591 | 529 | 526 |
| Conn. | 349 | 248 | 363 | 913 | 2,301 | 2,560 | 2,494 | 2,542 |
| N. I. | : 3.167 | 2,854 | 3.552 | 6.597 | 15.341 | 17,202 | 18,580 | 18,618 |
| N. J. | : 2,449 | 2,667 | 2,788 | 4,992 | 3.761 | 4.762 | 4.495 | 4.444 |
| Fa. | $=3.346$ | 2,655 | 3.442 | 6.740 | 13,762 | 16,612 | 16, 319 | 18.460 |
| N. Atlantic | 11,210 | 9.813 | 12.761 | 24,046 | 43.428 | 51.776 | 51,647 | 53.419 |
| Ohio | : 2,972 | 4,291 | 4,161 | 8,357 | 11,825 | 17,265 | 17,666 | 19,300 |
| Ind. | : 1,733 | 2,984 | 2,560 | 3.345 | 9.953 | 14,137 | 18,057 | 18,392 |
| 111. | .. 4,463 | 5,533 | 11,603 | 12,769 | 17.079 | 21.188 | 23.356 | 24,675 |
| Mich. | . 2,656 | 3.347 | 3.802 | 5.723 | 8.077 | 9.910 | 11,864 | 13.371 |
| His. | 973 | 1.129 | 1.146 | 2,219 | 15,878 | 12.517 | 22,248 | 24,351 |
| E. N. Central | 12,797 | 17.284 | 23,272 | 32.413 | 62,812 | 82,017 | 93.191 | 100,089 |
| Minn. | : 2,222 | 1.734 | 3.972 | 2,045 | 14,039 | 16,902 | 22,704 | 23.156 |
| Iowa | : 2,922 | 2,408 | 3,211 | 3.584 | 26,738 | 33.524 | 42.584 | 41,451 |
| Mo. | : 2.377 | 648 | 2,618 | 2,358 | 11.545 | 15,742 | 15.563 | 16,411 |
| N. Dak. | : 1,401 | 1,238 | 1,287 | 634 | 2.495 | 2,809 | 4.578 | 4,490 |
| S. Dak. | : 311 | 391 | 904 | 330 | 4.106 | 4.259 | 7.059 | 5,852 |
| Nebr. | : 2,490 | 1,121 | 1.403 | 2.302 | 13.773 | 11,972 | 15,263 | 11,479 |
| Kans. | : 10,365 | 3.075 | 6,043 | 8.437 | 2.417 | 10.827 | 11.353 | 14.493 |
| T. N. Central | 22.088 | 10,615 | 25.438 | 19,690 | 82.218 | 96.035 | 122.104 | 117.332 |
| Del. | 577 | 1,089 | 765 | 1,957 | 519 | 625 | 633 | 677 |
| ㄲ. | : 2,835 | 3.520 | 3.613 | 5,643 | 2.469 | 3.028 | 2,903 | 3.016 |
| Va. | : 3,107 | 3,203 | 5,310 | 5,329 | 2,722 | 3,811 | 3.534 | 3.912 |
| T. Va . | 461 | 442 | 551; | 692 | 1.579 | 2,064 | 2,215 | 2,212 |
| N. C. | : 6,761 | 5,815 | 7,815 | 5,829 | 1.582 | 1,778 | 1,921 | 1,936 |
| S. $C$. | : 3,026 | 2,175 | 2,952 | 3,631 | 688 | 912 | 830 | 880 |
| Ga. | : 3,920 | 3.793 | 4,474 | 5,306 | 1,131 | 1,295 | 1,461 | 1,633 |
| Fla. | : 1,842 | 2.736 | 2,633 | 4.749 | 838 | 1,244 | 952 | 929 |
| S. Atlantic | 22,829 | 22.773 | 28,126 | 33,136 | 11,528 | 14, 757 | 14.449 | 15,195 |
| ky. | 850 | 980 | 1,056 | 1,725 | 4,204 | 6,018 | 7.949 | 8,279 |
| Tern. | : 2,632 | 2,690 | 2,745 | 4,243 | 2,441 | 4,574 | 4.336 | 4,583 |
| Ala. | : 2,921 | 2,096 | 3.344 | 3.652 | 949 | 1,672 | 1,399 | 1,318 |
| M1ss. | : 2,567 | 3.016 | 4,082 | 5.728 | 1.018 | 2,100 | 1,385 | 1,734 |
| Aris. | . 2,944 | 2,026 | 2,571 | 3.323 | 1,471 | 1,850 | 2,020 | 2,182 |
| L3. | : 1,978 | 1,481 | 2,168 | 2,307 | 909 | 1,266 | 2,461 | 2,712 |
| Okla. | : 8,373 | 2,239 | 4,556 | 4,265 | 3.412 | 6,124 | 6,405 | 7.076 |
| Tex. | : 11,394 | 7.604 | 12,203 | 11,419 | 9,404 | 12,986 | 13,467 | 15.506 |
| S, Cent. | 33,665 | 22,132 | 32.725 | 36,662 | 23,808 | 36,590 | 39.422 | 43,390 |
| Mont. | : 750 | 1,002 | 700 | 502 | 2,567 | 2,413 | 3.445 | 3.320 |
| 1 daho | : 758 | 1,187 | 1,360 | 1,472 | 4.072 | 3.818 | 4,850 | 5.938 |
| Tro. | . 129 | 110 | - 126 | 142 | 1,759 | 1,430 | 2,160 | 2,343 |
| Colo. | : 636 | 422 | 662 | 1,150 | 3.022 | 2,937 | 4,808 | 5.985 |
| N, Mex. | : 198 | 131 | 186 | 167 | 984 | 1,285 | 1,577 | 1,325 |
| Ariz. | : 755 | 943 | 719 | 765 | 870 | 2,055 | 1,069 | 1,224 |
| Utah | : 225 | 255 | 260 | 490 | 1,560 | 1,717 | 2,051 | 2,414 |
| Nov. | : 17 | 29 | 25 | 47 | 453 | 412 | 540 | 621 |
| Wash. | 2,059 | 3.176 | 2,877 | 4.716 | 3.996 | 4.952 | 5.353 | 6,262 |
| Oreg. | . 1,168 | 1,334 | 1,550 | 3.594 | 3.361 | 4.539 | 4,770 | 5.423 |
| Calif. | : 27.721 | 20.391 | 32.278 | 34,781 | 13,532 | 20.414 | 18,701 | 21,683 |
| Western | : 34.416 | 29.480 | 40.743 | 47.826 | 36, 276 | 45.972 | 49.324 | 56.538 |
| O. S. cash income | : 165,000 | 137.000 | 206,000 | 220,000 | 258,000 | 318,000 | 381,000 | 384,000 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the oum of the State estimates becruse it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes incone from some farn prodncts wich is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January-June, 1934-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.-Receipts from the sele of principal farm products, by States, June, and Jenuary-June, 1934-37


1 The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments, and receipts from the sale of principal farm producte, including Government payments, by States, January-June 1935-37 and June 1936-37


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## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Washineton
SLT 1 U 150,
"a Lant nt or
September 8, 1937

## RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AITD GOVERNIENT PAYMENTS BY STATES FOR JULY AND FOR JAIUMRY THROƯ̂HJUIY, 1934-3?

In July the increased sales of crops from this year's larger production and the sharp decline in livestock sales resulted in marked differences in income by regions compared with the same month a year ago, it is reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

Sales of wheat were unusually high in July and in the important Winter Theat Belt States income was considerably higher than a year earlier. The larger tobacco crop also became available for sale earlier than usual and sold at prices at least as high as a year ago, thus greatly increasing the income in the early tobacco marketing States. On the other hand, income from meat animals was sharply lower in July than a year earlier, which greatly reduced the income of many of the Corn Belt States, particularly the Western States where feeding of livestock this summer has been at the lowest level in many years. Potato prices were considerably lower than a year ago and this greatly reduced the income in the intermediate potato States which market heavily during July.

Cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products in July were larger than in July 1936 in five of the six geographic divisions of the country. The marked reduction in income from potatoes in Virginia and North Carolina was instmmental in reducing income in the South Atlantic States to 5 percent below the same period last year. In several of the individual States, particularly Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Maine, and Wyoming, income was considerably lower than a year earlier. Increases in July over July 1936 were largest in Georgia, Florida, all of the South Central States, and in Missouri, Kansas and Colorado.

Cash income from all farm marketings in July was 740 million dollars or 4 percent more than the 710 milli in dollars reported for the same time last year. While the United States income is based upon the sales of all farm products the Statemby-State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products are based upon marketings of 33 of the more important farm products which for the entire country measure approximately 93 percent of the annual cash income from all farm products.

The combined receipts from sales and from Government payments in July were 751 million dollars compared with 734 million dollars last year. Government payments to famers in July anounted to 11 million dollars compared with 24 million dollars in July 1936.

During the first 7 months of 1937 , the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments combined were higher than in the same period last year in each of the principal geographic regions. The greatest gains have been in the South Central States where income so far this year has totaled 36 percent more than a year ago. In the īest North Central, South Atlantic, and Western States, income from jonuary to July was 18 percent higher than in 1936 whereas the increase in the New England States Nas 11 percent and in the West North Central area 3 percent. Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Kentucky had the greatest gain,

* ${ }^{*}$.
 M THE SALE
BY REGIONS,


DOLLARS
(MILLIONS) (MILLIONS)

 * EXCLUDES GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO FARMERS
which ranged from 57 to 66 percent above last year. South Dakota and Nebraska, where feeding operations have been most severely restricted, were the only States showing substantial declines in income during the first 7 months of the ycor.

## OUTIOOK FOR FARM RECEIPTS BY REGIONS

The chart on the opposite page compares the receipts from the sale of principal farr products by regions during the first 7 months of 193 ? 7ith the same period of 1935 and 1936, and provides an indication of the seasonal trend of farm income in the different geographic regions.

## North $\Lambda$ tlentic States

While most of the income in the North Atlantic Region is obtained from dairy products and poultry and eggs, in certain periods of the year a considerable amount of the income is obtained from potatoes, apples and truck crops. Lorger income from truck crops this year was largely responsible for increase in income in June and July. During the latter months of the year, a larger part of the income in this region is obtained from potatoes and apples. August indications were for a somerhat larger potato crop this year and the apple crop in most of these States is expected to be about twice as large as last year. Because of the marked decline in potato prices, income from potatoes will be less than a year ago but incone from apples should be somewhat higher. With income from dairy products also expected to be a little larger than last year, it is probable that farm income in this region during the remainder of 1937 will be about the sarae or slightly higher than in the same period in 1936 and will follow about the usual seasonal pattern.

## East INorth Central States

In the East North Central region, the month-tomonth improvement in farm income over 1936 has declined and income in July was only 6 percent above the same time last year. The major part of the income in this area is obtained from meat animals, dairy products, and poultry and egछs although srains, potatoes, and truck crops ada considerably to the income, especially in the summer and fall months. In view of the relatively small marketings of meat animals in prospect for the remainder of the year, and only 0 moderate increase in income from dairy products in prospect, any marked improvement in income during the remainder of 1937 over the sane period of 1936 must be derived from crops. Income from wheat and oats will be larger then in the same months of 1936 but the smaller marketings of corn and lower price of potctoes are likely to result in smaller incomes from these crops. And the total income from crops during the remainder of 1937 in this region may not be much larger than in the some period of i936. It will be noted, however, that income in this area during the latter part of 1936 was somewhat hicher than in the sarte period of 1935 .

## West Noith Central States

Durins the first 7 months of 1937 , income in the West North Central resion was just about the sane, month by month, as in the same period of 1936 . Juring the remainder of the year, however, it is probable that income will averase somewhat higher than in the same period of last year. Numbers of livestock on feed in this area are much below average and marketing during the remainder of the year are expected to continue somewhat smaller than during the latter months of 1936. Crop prospects in this area, however, are considerably better than a year ago and incone from dairying should be larger than a year earlier. The movement of the larger winter wheat crop from Kansas
and Missouri was under may in volume during July and ras an important factor in the marked irmprovenent in income over that of June. The total wheat crop in all States is considerably larger than least' year except in Nebraska :here it is only slightly lareer. The output of oats, barley, rye, flazsced, potatoes and apples is also considerably higher than in 1936 and while many of these comodities are moving at lower prices than a year ago, soles will be sufficiently large in the next fer montins to maintain farm income at a somewhat. higher level than a year earlier.

## South itlantic States

Eost of the farm income in the South Atlontic Region is obtained from crops and is received during the latter 5 months of the year. Incone during the first 7 months of the year averaged 18 percent higher than in the some period of 1936 but during July, income including wovernment payments, was 9 percent lorrer than in July 1936.

Income in the southern part of this area in the last 5 months of 1937 will be received largely from cotton and tobacco, whereas in the ivorthem States, apples and wheat will be important sources of income. The apple crop in Delamare, Maryland, Virginia, and Test Virginia is about twice as lorge as last year and the minter wheat crop is also somemhat larger than a year earlier. Decreased sales from these crops should add materially to the income in this area.

In the Southerm States of this ragion, production of cotton is somemat higher than a year ago but at present prices of cotton and seed, income from cotton would be smaller than in 1936. The tobacco crop now being marizeted in the South itlantic States also is somewhat lorger than last yeor, particuler ly in North and South Carolina and West Virginia, and prices at the early auction soles were slightly higher than a year ago. Larger returns from the tobacco crop may about offset the smaller incone from cotton and mantain income in the southern part of this reçion at about the some level as in 1936.

South Central States
Durins the first 7 months of 193\%, the South Central Resion hed reletively the greatest improvement in farm income compared with a ycar auo. The lorger income was primarily due to the marled increase in receipts from tobacco and the larger cotton crop last year. Durinc the remaining fonths of the year, the income in this area will be largely fron cotton, livestock products and wheat.

Tho what crop in Oklahora and Texas is more than twice as lerge as a year earlier and is moving at favorable prices compared with a year afo. Incressed income should also be obtained from com from these States. Nrisetings of livestock from Texas are likely to be higher than in 1936 and with prices also are expected to be himler. The cotton crop in the South Centrol States is larger than a year ago, particularly in Oklahoma and Temas. it the present price of cotton, income in the East South Central States is lilecly to be smaller during the remander of 1937 then in the sme period of 1936, but in the westerm part of the area increascd production may more thon of iset the lower level of prices.
Testern Strates
The improvenent in income in the , iestem Resion during the first 7

 income from livestock should exceed that of the sane time last year.

Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, July 1934-37

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and Livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July |  |  |  | July |  |  |  |
|  | $: 1934$ : | : 1935 | : 1936 | - 1937 | 1934 | 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | -,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollers | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | : 621 | 503 | 1,212 | 670 | 1,527 | 1,771 | 1,856 | 1,921 |
| N. H . | . 141 | 173 | 171 | 171 | 1,086 | 1,279 | 1,184 | 1,289 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$. | : 109 | 153 | 113 | 121 | 2,280 | 2,600 | 2,601 | 2,636 |
| Mese. | : 203 | 268 | 187 | 181 | 2,638 | 3. 271 | 3.267 | 3.443 |
| R.I. | 388 | 342 | 727 | 469 | 471 | 516 | 509 | 529 |
| Conn. | 886 | 1,263 | 2,713 | 1,665 | 2,390 | 2,457 | 2.498 | 2,571 |
| N.Y. | : 3,119 | 3.825 | 3.742 | 4,452 | 15,155 | 15,693 | 20,184 | 20,361 |
| N.J. | : 6,992 | 7.433 | 10,246 | 10,624 | 3,694 | 4,536 | 4,503 | 4,912 |
| Pa. | : $\quad 2,232$ | 1,875 | 3,613 | 3.943 | 13,581 | 15,895 | 16,575 | 18,285 |
| N. Atlantic | 14,691 | 15,835 | 22,724 | 22,296 | 42,822 | 48.018 | 53,177 | 55.947 |
| Oh10 | 8,102 | 4,223 | 11,648 | 13,217 | 11,566 | 15.556 | 16,603 | 16,922 |
| Ind. | : 11,144 | 4,016 | 11,060 | 14,370 | 9.326 | 13.263 | 15,742 | 15.545 |
| III. | . 20,678 | 9,604 | 26,569 | 29.753 | 15,756 | 20,552 | 24,256 | 22,411 |
| M1ch. | . 3,629 | 3.020 | 5.444 | 5.891 | 7,800 | 9.361 | 10,620 | 11.721 |
| Wis. | : 3.742 | 3.699 | 4.867 | 5.487 | 14.080 | 17.716 | 22, 229 | 22,284 |
| E. N.Central | 47,295 | 24,562 | 59.588 | 68.718 | 58.528 | 76,448 | 89, 450 | 88, 883 |
| Mnn. | : 3.846 | 3.086 | 4,574 | 4,624 | 12,344 | 15,639 | 22,440 | 20,027 |
| I 0 a | : 11,144 | 2,036 | 10,038 | 7.571 | 25.382 | 32,378 | 42,879 | 32,179 |
| Mo. | : 6,176 | 2,879 | 9.841 | 17.311 | 12,589 | 15.191 | 15,372 | 14,648 |
| N. Daik. | : 757 | 744 | 674 | 1.893 | 3.177 | 3,181 | 5,526 | 5,590 |
| 5. Dek. | : 719 | 585 | 762 | 1,453 | 4,316 | 4,114 | 7.076 | 4,803 |
| Nebr. | : 5.919 | 3.148 | 9.813 | 10,393 | 16,866 | 11,103 | 16,768 | 10,103 |
| Kang. | : 15.024 | 8.177 | 33.777 | 51,224 | 11.163 | 11,233 | 13,902 | 14.125 |
| W.N.Central | 43,585 | 20,655 | 69,479 | 94,469 | 85.837 | 92,839 | 123,963 | 101,475 |
| Del. | $\therefore 690$ | 841 | 1,350 | 1,801 | 443 | 561 | 633 | 651 |
| Md. | : 8,375 | 8,098 | 12,041 | 12,116 | 2,284 | 2,697 | 2,762 | 2,883 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{F}$. | : 6,749 | 4,629 | 10,717 | 5,054 | 2,703 | 3,795 | 3.839 | 4,576 |
| . Va. | - 460 | 643 | 578 | 773 | 1,799 | 2.309 | 2.566 | 2,461 |
| N. C. | : 3.669 | 2,615 | 3.949 | 2,578 | 1,507 | 1,657 | 1,808 | 1,830 |
| S.C. | : 4.064 | 2,847 | 1,758 | 1,876 | 643 | 808 | 726 | 780 |
| Ga. | : 5.759 | 5.490 | 6,097 | 7,678 | 1,081 | 1.192 | 1,477 | 1,685 |
| Fla. ..... | : 238 | 479 | . 349 | 1,154 | 1,082 | 1,150 | 1.074 | 1,058 |
| S. Atlantic | : 30.004 | 25.642 | 36.839 | 33.030 | 11.485 | 14,169 | 14.885 | 15.924 |
| Ky. - | : 1,979 | 1,047 | 3,363 | 5.691 | 4,076 | 6.265 | 5.467 | 5,890 |
| Tenn. | - 2,882 | 2,260 | 4,185 | 5,032 | 2.251 | 4,115 | 3,342 | 3.951 |
| Ala. | . 3.703 | 2,594 | 1,680 | 2,585 | 933 | 1,323 | 1,330 | 1,431 |
| M188. | : 722 | 556 | 1,416 | 2,991 | 1,021 | 1,805 | 1,403 | 1,619 |
| Ark. | : 2.637 | 2,293 | 1,787 | 2,715 | 1,474 | 1,910 | 2,272 | 2,490 |
| La. | : 560 | 481 | 725 | 1,121 | , 951 | 1.493 | 1,288 | 1,575 |
| Okla. | - 6,850 | 4,838 | 9.881 | 22,395 | 3,647 | 6,868 | 6,046 | 6,378 |
| Tex. ...... | : 11.675 | 5.316 | 14,417 | 19.366 | 8,973 | 10,181 | 11,970 | 15.061 |
| S. Cent. Mont. | 31,008 | 19,285 | 37.454 | 61,896 | 23,326 | 33.960 | 33,118 | 38,395 |
| Nont. | : 1,658 | 1.381 | 1.095 | 1,382 | 3,212 | 3.106 | 4,581 | 4,266 |
| Itaho | : 2,703 | 661 | 1.465 | 2,029 | 4.320 | 4,568 | 5,628 | 6,296 |
| 77yo. | . 295 | 209 | , 386 | +487 | 2,386 | 1,539 | 3.761 | 3,128 |
| Colo. | $\begin{array}{r}: 1.343 \\ \hline 289\end{array}$ | 1.073 419 | 2,653 | 3.551 | 3.031 | 2,819 | 4,226 | 4,300 |
| N.Mex. Ariz. | : 289 | + 419 | 563 | 616 | 1,166 | 908 | 1,597 | 1,507 |
| Ttah. | : <br> : <br> 803 | 1.102 806 | 1,103 1,138 | 1,131 1,088 | 863 1,603 | 1,130 1,680 | 1,157 | 1,256 |
| Nev . | . 95 | 88 | 118 | 1,139 | -, 548 | 1,430 | 2,722 | 2, 720 |
| Nash. | . 4,451 | 4,243 | 8,066 | 8,837 | 4.036 | 4.853 | 5.498 | 5.364 |
| Oreg. | . 2,064 | 2,214 | 4,458 | 4.954 | 4,044 | 4.837 | 5,605 | 5,935 |
| Calif. | : 26.086 | 26,961 | 44,669 | 45.721 | 12,914 | 16.534 | 17.255 | 19,074 |
| Featern | 40,634 | 39.157 | 65.714 | 69.935 | 38,123 | 42,404 | 52,086 | 54,053 |
| U.S. cash income $1 /$ | . .237.000 | 161,000 | 327.000 | 386,000 | 259,000 | 315,000 | 383.000 | 354,000 |

[^28]

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates becanse it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.-Feceipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, July, and January-July, 1934-37

| State | July |  |  |  | Jan. -July |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | : 1935 | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \vdots \\ \vdots \end{array}$ | 1937 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | $:$ dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 2,148 | 2,274 | 3.068 | 2,591 | 28,954 | 18,238 | 30.086 | 37.268 |
| N. H | 1,227 | 1,452 | 1,355 | 1,460 | 8,25? | 8,839 | 9.426 | 9,803 |
| Vt. | 2.389 | 2.753 | 2.714 | 2,757 | 15,849 | 19.041 | 19.545 | 18,995 |
| Mass. | 2,841 | 3.539 | 3.454 | 3,624 | 22,04? | 25,878 | 28.029 | 27.677 |
| R. I. | 859 | 858 | 1,236 | 998 | 3.436 | 3,864 | 4,662 | 4,260 |
| Conn. | 3,276 | 3.720 | 5,211 | 4,236 | 20.269 | 22,668 | 24,698 | 25.403 |
| N. Y | 18,274 | 19,512 | 23.926 | 24,813 | 124,885 | 132,863 | 149.792 | 160,411 |
| N. 3 | 10,686 | 11,969 | 24.749 | 15,536 | 36,824 | 43.068 | 44,794 | 49,819 |
| Pa . | 15,813 | 17.770 | 20,188 | 22,228 | 101,974 | 120,337 | 123,194 | 148,463 |
| N. Atlantic | 57.513 | 63,853 | 75,901 | 78, 243 | 362,515 | 394.796 | 434,226 | 482,092 |
| Ohio | 19,668 | 19.779 | 28,251 | 30,139 | 103,223 | 142,481 | 153,599 | 183.040 |
| Ind. | 20,470 | 17.279 | 26,802 | 29.915 | 88,733 | 118,373 | 142,504 | 162.090 |
| 111. | 36.434 | 30,156 | 50,825 | 52,164 | 154,909 | 194,235 | 243.493 | 271.463 |
| Kich. | 11,429 | 12.381 | 16,064 | 17.612 | 74.658 | 85,881 | 97,718 | 124,384 |
| Wis | 17,822 | 21,415 | 27,096 | 27.771 | 105.871 | 132.273 | 160,581 | 183.377 |
| E. N. Central | 105,823 | 101,010 | 149,038 | 157,601 | 527.394 | 680,243 | 797.895 | 924, 354 |
| Minn. | 16,190 | 18,725 | 27.014 | 24.651 | 110,860 | 132,086 | 175.324 | 175.719 |
| Iowa | 36.526 | 34,414 | 52,917 | 39.750 | 193.649 | 248,297 | 285,284 | 268,347 |
| Mo. | 18,765 | 18.070 | 25,213 | 31,959 | 89,606 | 108,400 | 12'4, 802 | 131.681 |
| N. Dak. | 3.934 | 3,925 | 6,200 | 7.483 | 32.087 | 22,014 | 39,393 | 29.996 |
| S. Dak. | 5,035 | 4,699 | 7.838 | 6,256 | 27,809 | 28,169 | 49,188 | 33.903 |
| Nebr. | 22,785 | 14.251 | 26.581 | 20,496 | 123.642 | 104,311 | 137.007 | 120,401 |
| Kans. | 26,187 | 19,410 | 47,679 | 65,349 | 110,971 | 121,364 | 139,820 | 181.513 |
| W. N. Central | 129.422 | 113,494 | 193.442 | 195.944 | 688,624 | 764,650 | 250,818 | 941,560 |
| Del. | 1,133 | 1,402 | 1,983 | 2.452 | 5,875 | 7.359 | 7.407 | 9,954 |
| Md. | 10,659 | 10,795 | 14,803 | 14.999 | 29.311 | 33.859 | 37,660 | 43.523 |
| Va . | 9,452 | 8,424 | 14,556 | 9.630 | 40,409 | 45.068 | 50,482 | 49,663 |
| T. Va. | 2,259 | 2,952 | 3,144 | 3.234 | 13.503 | 15,902 | 16,670 | 18,006 |
| N. C. | 5,176 | $4.27 ?$ | 5,757 | 4,408 | 51,413 | 42,654 | 47,894 | 41.414 |
| S. c. | 4,707 | 3.655 | 2,484 | 2.656 | 31,100 | 27.592 | 26,204 | 30,549 |
| Ga. | 6,840 | 6.682 | 7.574 | 9.363 | 34,813 | 35,044 | 42,755 | 46,888 |
| Fla. | 1,263 | 1,629 | 1,423 | 2,212 | 65,405 | 61,582 | 67.252 | 90,308 |
| S. Atlentic | 41,489 | 39,811 | 51,724 | 48,954 | 271,829 | 269,060 | 296,324 | 330,305 |
| Ky. | 6,055 | 7.312 | 8,830 | 11,581 | 57.739 | 67.744 | 60,106 | 87,369 |
| Tenn. | 5.133 | 6.375 | 7,527 | 8,983 | 42.983 | 50,645 | 48,555 | 62,142 |
| Ala. | 4,636 | 3,917 | 3.010 | 4,016 | 42,799 | 38,438 | 33.533 | 43,711 |
| M188. | 1,743 | 2,361 | 2,819 | 4,610 | 29,691 | 31,985 | 30,375 | 51,056 |
| Ark. | 4,111 | 4,203 | 4,059 | 5,205 | 37.204 | 35,123 | 29.786 | 43,854 |
| La. | 1,511 | 1,874 | 2.013 | 2,696 | 32,581 | 35,984 | 24.382 | 38,212 |
| 0kla. | 10,497 | 11,706 | 15,927 | 28,773 | 60,022 | 61,191 | 73.174 | 82,982 |
| Tex. | 20,648 | 15,497 | 26,387 | 34,427 | 139,086 | 129,523 | 257.337 | 179,699 |
| S. Central | 54.334 | 53,245 | 70,572 | 100,291 | [42, 105 | 450,633 | 457,248 | 589,025 |
| Mont. | 4,870 | 4,487 | 5,676 | 5,648 | 23.198 | 23.471 | 27,373 | 24,410 |
| Idaho | 7.023 | 5,229 | 7.093 | 8,325 | 30,215 | 30,868 | 36,119 | 49,584 |
| \#yo. | 2.681 | 1,748 | 4,147 | 3,615 | 12,652 | 11,293 | 15.467 | 16,059 |
| Colo. | 4,374 | 3.892 | 6,879 | 7,851 | 36,097 | 37.248 | 51,826 | 67.306 |
| N. Mex. | 1,455 | 1,327 | 2,160 | 2,123 | 11,683 | 11,992 | 15,158 | 14,488 |
| Ariz. | 1,760 | 2,232 | 2,260 | 2,387 | 17.842 | 26,019 | 20,267 | 21,252 |
| Utab | 2,406 | 2,486 | 3,194 | 3,295 | 12,080 | 12,840 | 16,139 | 18,851 |
| Nev . | 643 | 518 | 840 | 859 | 3.504 | 4,495 | 4,258 | 4,901 |
| 7ash. | 8,487 | 9.096 | 13,564 | 14,201 | 49,247 | 62,259 | 58,840 | 71,511 |
| Oreg. | 6,108 | 7.051 | 10.063 | 10,889 | 27.059 | 37.581 | 38,253 | 46.666 |
| Calif. | 32,000 | 43,495 | 61.924 | 64.795 | 217,617 | 262,562 | 287,479 | 324,009 |
| Mestern | 78,807 | 81,561 | 117.800 | 123,988 | 441.194 | 520,628 | 571,172 | 660,837. |
| U.S. cash inc | : 496,000 | 476,000 | 710,000 | 740,000 | 2,944,000 | 3,209,000 | 3,835,000 | 4,243,000 |

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the oum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, January-July 1935-37 and July 1936-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sun of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

RECEIPTS FRON THE SALE OF FRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS ATL GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS BY STATES FOR AUGUST AND FRCIM JANJAFY THROUCII AUGUST, 1934-37

Increased sales from the larger 1937 crops continued to add to farmers' incone in August and receipts from the sale of principal farm products in all regions, except the North Atlantic, were larger than in August a year ago, it is reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

The greatest gain in receipts during August, compared with a year ago, occurred in the South Atlantic Region, particularly in North and South Carolina as this year's larger tobacco crop is moving at prices at least as hi ch as a year ago. Receipts were also high in the Wheat Belt, particularly North Dakota and Kansas, where wheat marketings were substantially larger than a year ago.

Income from crops in all States totaled 48 percent above August a year ago. Income from livestock and livestock products, on the other hand, was slightly smaller than in August a year ago, with the decline in income from these commodities being particularly large in the West North Central States and in Montana and Wyoming. Marketings of meat animals from thesc States were relatively heavy a year ago because of drought, and they were unusually sinall in August this year because of the small amount of livestock on feed in this area.

Cash income from all farm marketings in August was 766 million dollars compared with 535 million dollars in August last year. While the United States estimates of cash income include income from the sales of 91 of the more important farm products, the State-by-State estimates include receipts from the marketings of 33 of the more important farm products which, for the entire country, measure approximately 93 percent of the annual cash income from all farm produets.

The combined receipts from sales and from Government payments in August were 771 million dollars compared with 646 million dollars last year. Government payments to farmers in August amounted to 5 million dollars compared with 11 million dollars in August 1936.

During the first 8 months of 1937 , the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments combined were higher than in the same period last year in each of the principal geographic regions, the increase ranging from 4 percent in the West North Central States to 38 percent in the South Central States. In the South Atlantic region, the increase in receipts from January to August, compared with the same period a year earlier, amounted to 18 percent; in the Western States 17 percent; in the East North Central States 15 percent; and in the North Atlantic States 9 percent. The States showing the most noticeable gains over a year ago are Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Idaho and South Carolina.

The chart on the next page shows the trend of receipts by geographic regions for the first 8 months of 1937, in comparison with receipts during the same period in 1935 and 1936.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,



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Income by Regions during August
While receipts from farm marketinss for the entire United States were slightly larger in August than in July, three of the geogranhic regions showed decreases in receipts and three showed increases from July to August, this year. Receipts from farm products in the North fitlantic States declined from July to Augist whereas usually there is little change in receipts at this period of the year. In the East North Central States, the decline in receipts from July to August was about the same as last vear in contrast with an increase in receipts from July to August in 1935. In the West North Central States, there was also a slight decline in receipts from July to August, although the decline was less than in 1936. In the South Atlartic and Far Western States, the increase in receipts from July to August was greater than in 1936. Income in August in the South Central States was about the same as in July, but substantially above sustust a year ago.

## North Atlantic States

The August decline in income in the North Atlantic States compared with a year ago was due largely to the decline in income from potatoes and truck crops. Since Áfust is a month of heavy marketings of potatoes, particularly in New Jersey and Connecticut, the decline was most pronounced in these States.

East North Contral States
In the East North Central region the increased income from wheat, barley and cattle in August was about offset by the decrease in income from corn, dairy and poultry products. Total receipts for the region were only 3 percent higher than in August 1936. These shifts in income from the different comodities were most pronounced in Wisconsin where total receipts were 7 percent below Aucust last year. All other States in this region had a slight increase in receipts comnared with a year earlier.

## West Morth Central States

In the West IVorth Central States the marked increase in income from wheat was partially offset by the desline in income from livestock and livestock products. In North Dakota and Kansas where a large proportion of the income at this season of the year is obtained from crops, income was considerably hicher than a year earlier. Income in Missouri was also considerably highor than in Aucust last year because of the marked increase in income from wheat and a slight increase in income from livestock. Income in Iowa contirued substantially below a year earlier because of the smaller salcs of livestock. Incone from livestock in Jinnesota was also somewhat lower than a year ago and more than offsct tho increase in income from crops.

## South Atleantic States

All Stotes in the South Atlantic region, except Georgia and Delowre, recorded substantial increases in incame in August over a year earlier. Truck crops are the principal source of income in Delarrare during the month of August and total receipts from these comnodities this year were slightly lower then a year earlier. In the other Northern States of the region, larger wheat marketings aided substantially in increasing income and in Southern States tobacco provided the most important source of income. Receipts from this commodity were substantially larger than a year earlier except in Georgia, where the crop moved earlier then usucl and income from tobacco was smaller than in Ausust 1936.

## South Central States

Receipts from farm marketings in all of the South Central States continued substantinlly above August last year. Larger income from wheat, cotton, cattlc and lambs were important factors in raising the total income.

## Western States

Wyomine and Utah were the only States in the western region where income wes smcllor than a year earlier, largely because of smaller maretings of livestock. On the other hand, marketings of livestock from Colorado and Ner Hexico were somewhat higher then a year ago which, together with a marlzed increase in income from wheat, raised income in these Status substantially higher than a year earlier. In Idcho, Oreson and Nashington, income from wheat and lambs was higher than a year ago. In Californic, total receipts were 4 percent higher than a year earlier, with some increase in receipts being obtained both from crops and from livestock and livestock products.



1 The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dowivard for interetate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Tabls 2.-Receipts from the sals of principal farm products, by States, Tanuary-August, 1934-37


[^29]1/ The sstimatsd United States cash income is not squal to ths sum of the Stats sstimatss because it has besn adjusted downward for interstats sale of livsstock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributsd by Statss.

Table 3.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, August. and January-August. 1934-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it han been adjusted dowwerd for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm producte which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments, and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States. Jamary-August 1935-37, and Augast 1936-37


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## $\left\{\begin{array}{l}i, b \\ i, b \\ i,\end{array}\right.$

UNITED STATES DEPARTMETT OF AGRICULquR局 NOV 1 3 1937 is Bureau of Agricultural Economics 0 ．S．Departureat of Agriculture Washington
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALT OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AN GOFERMTHNI PAYMENTS BY STATES FOR SEPTMMEER AND FOR JANTARY TO SEPTFNBER 1934－37

Larger marketing from the near－record production of crops this year in－ creased the September cash farm income over that of a year earlier in each of the major geographical regions of the country．The larger cash income was indicated in the estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the several States as reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics．

The greatest gains in receipts this September compared with September 1936 occurred in the West North Central and South Atlantic States where gains of 17 per－ cent were recorded in each area．The much larger wheat sales in the Central West－ en States and greater tobacco sales in the Carolinas contributed chiefly to the income gains in these regions．The gains in the other four regions ranged from 4 percent in the East North Central States to 14 percent in the Western States．

Income from crops in all States totaled 15 percent above September last year while income from livestock and livestock products was only l percent larger． Most of the Cotton Bolt States，however，showed decreases this September in total receipts as lower prices received for cotton more than offset the larger sales． Except for the West North Central States，receipts from livestock and livestock products were also larger in the several regions this September than last，as higher meat animal prions offset the smaller supplies marketed．

Cash income from all farm marketings in September was \＄816，000，000 compared with $\$ 752,000,000$ in September 1336．The State estimates of receipts include the marketing of 33 of the more important farm commodities which measure approximately 93 percent of the annual United States cash income from all farm products．The combined receints from sales of all farm products and from Government payments in September were $\$ 821,000,000$ compared with $\$ 758,000,000$ last year．Government pay－ merits to farmers in September amounted to \＄5，000，000 compared with $\$ 6,000,000$ in September 1936.

During the first 9 months of 1937，the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal farm products，both with and without Government payments， were higher then for the sarnie period last year in each of the major geographical regions．

Government payments to farmers during these 9 months totaled \＄350，000，000 compared with $\$ 210,000,000$ in the same period last year．The larger Government payments augmented the increased receipts from sales in each of the geographic regions，particularly in the South Central and South Atlantic States．

Including Government payments，the percentage increases in income，by regions，woe as follows：South Central States 30 percent；South Atlantic States 18 percent；Western States 16 percent；East North Central States 14 percent； North Atlantic States 9 percent；West North Central States 5 percent．


The map on the opposite page shows, by States, the rercentage changes in leceipts from sales for the first $\mathcal{O}$ months of this year over last.

## Trend in Recejpts by Regions, January Throuch September

The larcer leceipts from sales of principal farm products in each of the six major geographical regions for the first three-uuarters of this year compared with last have reilected higher prices received by famers during the first half of the year and the larger volume of sales in the third quarter of the year. The total volume of marketings for the first 3 months was about the same as in the corresponding period of last year. Prices of farm products averaged from January through September 14 percent hisher than in the same perjod a year earlier, and income from farm marketings also recorded a 14 percent increase. Hisher grain prices and larger quantities marketed contributed chiefly to the marked increase in receipts from crons in the North Central and Western States. Larger sales of cotton increased the income from crops in the Cotton Belt. Livestock and livestock prociucts also showed larger receipts in each of the regions except in the West INorth Central wher smaller supplies of hogs reduced the income from livestock items in most of the States.

Morth Atlantic Statss
Roceipts from the sales of principal farm products for the first 9 months of this year ware larger than in the same period last year in most of the North Atlantic Statcs. Varmont, Nassachusctts and Rhode Island were the only States to show slieht decreases in receipts as a resuit of smaller income from dairy procucts and chickens. For the region as a whole, income from crops was 22 percert higher and income from livestook 4 pereent higher than in the first 9 months of 1936. Lurgor reccipts from most of the loading crops in. this area as well as from meat animals and eggs contributed to the region's increasu in receipts.

## East North Central Ststes

The higher prices anc early sales of wheat as well as the larger receipts from meat mimals contributed mostly to the 13 percent increase in receints from sales in the East North Central Staites for the 9 -month period. Each of the States recorded a gain in income, the increases being largest in lichican and Ohio.

West ITorth Cential States
Marked differences in farm income occurred in the various sates of the West North Central recion during the first 9 months. Receipts from sales in Kansas were up considerably over last year, while South Dakota showed a niarked decrease. The effects of last year's drought on the marletings of grains and meat arimals were reflected in the lower receints from crops and livestock in Iowa, South Daikota and Nebraska. In the other States, increased receipts from
this year's larger wheat crop resulted in income gains. The region as a whole showed a 36 percent increase in receipts from crops hut a 6 percent decline in receipts from livestock itemis, so that total receipts from sales for the region were only 3 percent more than in the January-September 1936 period.

## South Atlantic States

Except for Georgia, where a slight decrease occurred ir the first 9 months of this year as a result of lower income from cotton, cack. of the South Atlantic States showd gains in receipts. The larger receipts from tobacco, citmas fiuits, truck crops and some of the grains as woll as from most of the livestock and livestock products contributed to the larger receipts in this area. Largest gains over last year were made in Floriaa, South Carolina and Delaware.

South Central Siates
Marked increases in income were recordod in each of the States in the South Central region. Peceipts from whea, cotton and tojacco were considerably greater in the first three-quartors of this year thar in the seme poriod last year. Increased receipts from cattle anc a number of othor livestock items also contributcd to the eains. Kentucky, Mississippi and Arkansas showed the largest increases in total receipts from sales.

Western ctates
Variations in cash farm income were quite noticeablc among the liestern States for the first 9 months of this ynar. In Montana the smaller marketinge of meat animals tended to offsot to a considerable oxtent the larger receipts from crops. In Idaho, Colorado und the Pacific States, however, receipts were materially grenter than last year, as income from wileat, potatoes, truck crons and apples as :fell as from neet arimals end dairy products were higher this year. The gains in thi various Western States during the 9 -ronth period ranged from 1 powcont in Montana to 35 percent in Idoho, and for tho region as a whole receipts from sales were 15 percent धreater.

| State | ： | Crops |  |  | ：Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sept。 |  |  | ： | Sept． |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1934 | ： 1935 | ： 1936 | 1937 ： | ： 1934 ： | ： 1935 ： | ： 1936 | ： 1937 |
|  | ： | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1.000 | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | 1，000 |
|  | ： | dollar： | dollars | dollare | dollart | dollare | dollars | doliers | dollars |
| Me． |  | 931 | 1.001 | 2，397 | 1，206 | 1.514 | 1．889 | 1.761 | 2,046 |
| N．H． |  | 324 | 476 | 359 | 428 | 1，030 | 1，298 | 1.135 | 1.389 |
| Vt． |  | 287 | 479 | 186 | 429 | 2，169 | 2.452 | 2，412 | 2.526 |
| Mass． |  | 1.817 | 1，147 | 1.607 | 1，607 | 2.519 | 3.334 | 3.085 | 3.623 |
| R．I． |  | 140 | 172 | 203 | 209 | 429 | 535 | 501 | 540 |
| Conn． |  | 721 | 734 | 1.004 | 1.024 | 2．125 | 2.521 | 2，234 | 2.726 |
| N．Y． |  | 8.246 | 8.638 | 3.451 | 10．247 | 14.053 | 14．181 | 17.320 | 17.029 |
| N．J． |  | 3.052 | 2．385 | 3，241 | 2，881 | 3.543 | 3.990 | 3.696 | 3.902 |
| Pa． |  | 5.052 | 5216 | 7.236 | －9，104 | 12.976 | 14.642 | 14.876 | 16，630 |
| N．Atlantic |  | 20.570 | 20.248 | 25.684 | －26， 935 | 40.358 | 44.842 | 47.019 | 50,411 |
| Ohio ．．．．．． |  | 7，164 | 8.776 | 8.679 | 8．011 | 13.460 | 15.414 | 17，477 | 19，023 |
| Ind． |  | 6.493 | 7.010 | 7.096 | 7．689 | 11.165 | 13.948 | 16，285 | 17．769 |
| 111. |  | 7.582 | 8.498 | 8.935 | 11，802 | 17.451 | 19.260 | 23.211 | 23．639 |
| Mich． |  | 5.717 | 5.737 | 5.981 | 6，445 | 8.052 | 9.738 | 11．558 | 12．191 |
| H18． |  | 3,370 | 2,137 | $4.41+8$ | 3，222 | 13,967 | 17.379 | 23.309 | 2 22，718 |
| E．N．Central |  | 30.326 | 32，158 | 35.039 | － 37.169 | 64．095 | 75.739 | 91.840 | 95，340 |
| 以1an．．．．．． |  | 7.503 | 11.887 | 8，274 | 410.874 | 13.730 | 15.667 | 20，764 | 19，771 |
| Iowa |  | 12．608 | 4.729 | 6.488 | 6，658 | 26.356 | 29.428 | 35.629 | 34．640 |
| NO. |  | 5.046 | 3.546 | 4．292 | 6，611 | 12，280 | 17.504 | 18．976 | 20，687 |
| N．Dak． |  | 4.184 | 13.207 | 3.316 | 10，878 | 4.246 | 3.691 | 6,810 | 6．895 |
| S．Dalk． |  | 719 | 5.985 | 1．316 | 2．784 | 4.747 | 5.489 | 8，164 | 4.515 |
| Nebr． |  | 4.125 | 5.084 | 3.665 | 7．051 | 14．294 | 15.345 | 18，840 | 17．622 |
| Sans． |  | 6.755 | 8.858 | 5,736 | －16．348 | 15，502 | 16.609 | 16,995 | －18，515 |
| T．N．Central |  | 40， 240 | 53.296 | 33.087 | $7-61,204$ | 91.155 | 103．733 | 126.178 | －125，645 |
| Del. |  | 419 | 421 | 508 | 868 | 466 | －640 | 542 | －779 |
| Md． |  | 1．510 | 2.124 | 2.436 | 3 3．219 | 2．283 | 2，858 | 2，825 | 3.333 |
| Va． |  | 3.442 | 2.633 | 2.416 | 3 3．244 | 3.501 | 4.490 | 4．348 | － 5.773 |
| H．Va． |  | $795$ | ． 761 | 783 | － 857 | 2.443 | 3.134 | $2,690$ | $3,004$ |
| $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{C}$ |  | 47.677 | 35.349 | 33.814 | 46.574 | 1.889 | 2．248 | 2.160 | $2,333$ |
| S．C． |  | 13.889 | 14.555 | 15.585 | 16．122 | 826 | 1．059 | 939 | 1．049 |
| Ga． |  | 19.128 | 12．028 | 17.812 | 15，672 | 1，646 | 2.234 | 2．275 | 2．428 |
| Fla．．． |  | 1,237 | 976 | 2．273 | － 1.735 | 1，284 | 1.500 | 1.474 | 4 1，437 |
| S．Atlantic |  | 88， 397 | 68.847 | 75.527 | － 87.991 | 14．328 | 18，163 | 17.253 | $3 \quad 20,136$ |
| Ky.... |  | 1.423 | 1.322 | 1.584 | 4 2，173 | 4.815 | 6．292 | 5.635 | － 6.501 |
| Tenn． |  | 4，818 | 2.562 | 4．227 | 4 4．078 | 3.380 | 4.944 | 4.849 | － 5.740 |
| Ala.... |  | 11， 480 | 13.185 | 13．865 | 13．047 | 1.283 | 1.568 | 1.672 | 1．854 |
| M188． |  | 16，663 | 19.546 | 24．302 | 22，228 | 1.601 | 3.352 | 3.187 | 3.770 |
| Ark． La． |  | 12，219 | 9．724 | 12.341 | 13.580 | 1.451 | 3.007 | 2，670 | － 3.447 |
| 乙a．．．． OKla． |  | 10，414 | 10，986 | 13．717 | 111．731 | 1，092 | 1．631 | 1，723 | 2．074 |
| Okla． <br> Tex．． |  | 7.110 45.993 | 5.159 27.522 | 3.385 60.669 | 8，686 | 4，402 | 7．701 | 5，283 | 8．889 |
| Tex．Central |  | 45,993 110,120 | 27.522 90.006 | 60，669 | －61，105 | 11． 22.1 | $\frac{10.889}{29.384}$ | 11，658 | －16， 408 |
| Mont． |  | 4，562 | 9.121 | 2，294 | $4 \quad 4.724$ | 5.885 | 11，208 |  | － 49.783 |
| I daho |  | 4．388 | 5.720 | 4.750 | － 5.509 | 3.008 | 4 4.376 | 4.755 | 10,124 5.939 |
| tyo． |  | 614 | 1，217 | 1．187 | 1．212 | 4，568 | － 5.518 | 6．349 | 7．031 |
| Colo． |  | 3.278 | 3.087 | 4.993 | $3 \quad 5.362$ | 4.701 | 5.908 | 7.551 | 10.146 |
| N．Hex． |  | 1，686 | 786 | 1.521 | i， 835 | 2，558 | 1，476 | 1.453 | 1．722 |
| Aris， |  | $\begin{array}{r}569 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.542 | 1，635 | 1．598 | 901 | 1，382 | 1，424 | 1.515 |
| Utah |  | 1.120 | 1.414 | 1.520 | 1，640 | 2，120 | 1.634 2.634 | 2.744 | 4.3 .539 |
| Ner． |  | 45 10.330 | 81 81 | ． 81 | 1117 | 869 | 1．475 | 1，494 | 2．321 |
| Wash． |  | 10,330 4,532 | 11.941 | 10．069 | 133．007 | 4，434 | 4．923 | 5.993 | 5 5.754 |
| Oreg．． |  | 4，532 | 4.731 | 5.154 | $4 \quad 5.895$ | 3.983 | 5，878 | 5.546 | －7．908 |
| Calif．．．． |  | 32，881 | 35.227 | 41.966 | － 44.050 | 11,406 | 16.311 | 15.602 | 18，163 |
| \＃estern ． |  | 64，105 | 74.867 | 75.170 | 0.84 .949 | 14.443 | 61.089 | 64.394 | － 74.162 |

U．S．cash income I／
$\begin{array}{lllll}378,000 & 354,000 & 406,000 & 467,000 & 242,000\end{array}$
$295.000 \quad 346.000$
349,000

1）The estimated United States cash income 1 s not equal to the sum of the State estimates becare it has been adfusted downard for interstate sale of livestock，and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States．

Table 2.- Receipts from the 8ale of principal farm products, by States, January-Seotember 1934-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the oun of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Tabls 3.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, September, and Jenuarymeptember 1934-37

| State | Sept. |  |  |  | : | Jan.-Sept. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1934 | 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 | 1934 | : 1935 | $1936$ | : 1937 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,0m | 1,200 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Wo | 2.445 | 2.890 | 4,158 | 3.25? | 33.873 | 24.075 | 37.396 | 43.607 |
| N. H . | 1,354 | 1.774 | 1,494 | 1.817 | 10,960 | 12,255 | 12,414 | 13,181 |
| V t. | 2.456 | 2.931 | 2.597 | 2.955 | 20.670 | 24,662 | 25.091 | 24.652 |
| Mass | 4.336 | 4.481 | 4.692 | 5,230 | 31.105 | 35,844 | 38.351 | 38,347 |
| R. 1. | 569 | 707 | 704 | 749 | 4.769 | 5.346 | 6.354 | 5,915 |
| Conn. | 2.846 | 3,255 | 3.238 | 3.750 | 25.946 | 29.296 | 32.143 | 33.090 |
| м. Y. | 22,299 | 22.819 | 26,771 | 27.976 | 166.260 | 175.246 | 202.096 | 212.575 |
| N. J. | 6.595 | 6,375 | 6.937 | 6.783 | 52.139 | 58,526 | 63.551 | 65.954 |
| $\mathrm{Pa} \text {. }$ | 18,028 | 19,858 | 22,112 | 25,734 | 137.548 | 159,912 | 166,164 | 196,817 |
| N. Atlantlo | 60,928 | 65.990 | 72.703 | 77.346 | 483,270 | 525,162 | 583,560 | 634,138 |
| Ohlo | 20,624 | 24.190 | 26.156 | 27.034 | 142,692 | 193.903 | 206.478 | 237.418 |
| Ind. | 17.658 | 20,958 | 23,381 | 25.458 | 123.179 | 162.813 | 190,822 | 214.300 |
| 111. | 25.033 | 27.758 | 32,146 | 25.441 | 215.144 | 255,608 | 318.743 | 352.669 |
| Mich. | 13.769 | 15.475 | 17.439 | 18,636 | 101.338 | 115.360 | 133.356 | 161.874 |
| 18. | 17,337 | 19.516 | 27.757 | 25.940 | 140,673 | 178,283 | 214,542 | 233.595 |
| E. N. Central | 94,421 | 107.897 | 126,879 | 132,509 | 723,026 | 905.967 | 1, 063.941 | 1,192,856 |
| mian. | 21,233 | 27.554 | 29.038 | 30,645 | 152,867 | 183.109 | 237.673 | 237.950 |
| Iowa | 38,964 | 34.157 | 42,117 | 41,298 | 280,4] 4 | 319.033 | 375.694 | 349.047 |
| Mo. | 17,326 | 21,050 | 23.268 | 27.298 | 120,323 | 150.674 | 170.395 | 187.500 |
| N. Dak. | 8.430 | 16,898 | 10.126 | 17.773 | 48,161 | 46.797 | 57.122 | 62,147 |
| S. Dak. | 5,466 | 11,474 | 9.480 | 10,299 | 38,367 | 47.889 | 69.122 | 56,025 |
| Nsbr . | 18,419 | 20.429 | 22,505 | 24.673 | 161.771 | 145.752 | 181.954 | 170.963 |
| Ears. | 22,257 | 25,467 | 22,731 | 34,863 | 158,653 | 169.731 | 187.068 | 251,187 |
| \%. N. Ceatral | 132,095 | 157,029 | 159,265 | 186,849 | 960,556 | 1,062,985 | 1,279,028 | 1,314,819 |
| Del. | 885 | 1,061 | 1,050 | 1.347 | 8.777 | 10,473 | 11,028 | 13.725 |
| Md. | 4.093 | 4.982 | 5.261 | 6,552 | 39.845 | 46.102 | 50, 214 | 58,108 |
| $\nabla_{\text {a }}$. | 6.943 | 7.123 | 6. 764 | 9.017 | 52,319 | 58.272 | 64,084 | 66,561 |
| F. Va. | 3.238 | 3,895 | 3.473 | 3.861 | 19.411 | 23.143 | 23.197 | 25,644 |
| N. C. | 49.566 | 37.597 | 35.974 | 48.907 | 119.324 | 96,143 | 91.996 | 105.384 |
| S. C. | 14.705 | 15.614 | 16.524 | 17,171 | 54,506 | 54.425 | 48.976 | 59.588 |
| Ga. | 20,774 | 14,262 | 20,087 | 18,100 | 70,140 | 69.484 | 86.761 | 85.347 |
| F1a. | 2,521 | 2,476 | 3.647 | 3,172 | 70,358 | 67,379 | 74.047 | 97.237 |
| S. Atlantic | 102,725 | 87.010 | 92,780 | 108,127 | 434,680 | 425,421 | 450,303 | 511.594 |
| Ky. | 6,238 | 7.614 | 7.219 | 8.674 | 69.384 | 82.738 | 75.337 | 106.842 |
| Tenn. | 8,198 | 7.506 | 9.076 | 9,818 | 55.213 | 64.046 | 62.863 | 78.634 |
| Ala. | 12.763 | 14.753 | 15.537 | 24,901 | 58,870 | 57.793 | 52,987 | 63.752 |
| M18s. | 18,264 | 22.898 | 27.489 | 25.998 | 51,129 | 59.027 | 61,391 | 82,111 |
| Art. | 13.670 | 12.731 | 15.011 | 17.027 | 53.131 | 51.055 | 47.350 | 64,208 |
| La. | 11.506 | 12.617 | 15.440 | 13.805 | 46.700 | 52,872 | 43.897 | 57.166 |
| Okla. | 11.512 | 12.860 | 11.668 | 17,675 | 81,008 | 87.747 | 94.917 | 119.090 |
| Tex | 57.514 | 38,411 | 72,327 | 17.513. | 234.549 | 193.130 | 259,502 | 304,926 |
| S. Central | 139,665 | 129,390 | 173.767 | 185,411 | 649,984 | 648,408 | 698,244 | 876.129 |
| Mont. | 10.547 | 20, 329 | 12.777 | 14.848 | 41.536 | 59.366 | 46.608 | 46,885 |
| Idaho | 7.396 | 10,096 | 9.505 | 11.448 | 46.871 | 49.346 | 56.165 | 75.810 |
| \#yo. | 5.182 | 6.735 | 7.536 | 8,243 | 20.744 | 20.467 | 26.581 | 28,249 |
| Colo. | 7.979 | 8.995 | 12.544 | 15.508 | 50,104 | 52,355 | 73.275 | 94.935 |
| N. Mex. | 4.254 | 2.262 | 2.974 | 3.557 | 17.493 | 16.215 | 20,120 | 20.513 |
| Ariz. | 1.470 | 2.924 | 3.059 | 3.113 | 20,643 | 30.605 | 24.926 | 26.178 |
| Utah | . 3,240 | 4.048 | 4.264 | 5.179 | 18,045 | 19.696 | 23.818 | 27.422 |
| Nev . | 914 | 1.556 | 1,575 | 2.438 | 5.351 | 6.726 | 6,917 | 8.548 |
| सash. | . 14.764 | 16.864 | 16.062 | 18.761 | 74.977 | 92.381 | 95,01 | 115.482 |
| Ores. | 8.515 | 10.609 | 10,700 | 13.803 | 43.439 | 57.650 | 62,932 | 77.809 |
| Callf. | 44,287 | 51,538 | 58,568 | 62,213 | 306,702 | 362,279 | 406,651 | 450,424 |
| Western | 108,548 | 135,956 | 132.564 | 159,111 | 645,905 | 767,086 | 842.994 | 97? 255 |

O. S. casb

1ncome 1/ $\ldots . . \begin{array}{llllllll} & 620,000 & 649,000 & 752,000 & 816,000 & 4,094,000 & 4,425,000 & 5,222,000\end{array} 5,825,000$

1) The estimated Jnited Stater cesh income is not equal to the sum of the State estimater because it has been adjusted dommard for interctats sals of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Government payments, and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, September 1936-37, and January-September 1935-37


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.


J. s. Department of gri.... ture December 8, 1937. RECEIPTS FROM THF SALE OF PRINCIPAL FYRII PRCDUCTS AND GOVFRN INNT PAYNENTS, BY STATES, FOR OCTOBER AII FOR JANTART=OCTOEER 1 S4-37

While the United States cash income from farm marketings during October was 3 percent greater than in October l956, receipts from sales of principal farm products in the several major geographical divisions of the country showed both increases and decreases for the month, it was reported today by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

In the West North Central States, smaller receipts from reduced marketings of hogs and dairy products more than offset larger receipts from Erains, and resulted in a slight regional decrease in the October receipts. In the East North Central States receipts from sales of famm products were approximately the same as in October of last year. In each of the other four regions receipts from sales exceeded the October 1936 receipts by eains of from 2 to 12 percent.

As indicated on tlie accompanying chart, receipts from sales of principal farm products declined contra-seasonally in October in the West North Central area and made a less-than-usual increase in the East North Central and the South Central States.

Income from crops in all States for October totaled 7 percent above last year, while income from livcstock and livestock products was dow 3 percent. In the South Central States, incone Irom crops was slightly loss than a year earlier, because of lowor cotton prices. The October estimates of income from cotton include in addition to receipts from sales the Government loans made to cot ton growers under tile 1937 Cotton Loan Frovisions. During October, Government loans on cotton totaled epproximately $\$ 50,000,000$ and covored $1,104,000$ bales. In Alabama and Texas, where Government louns on cotton were relatively large, receipts from sales of farm products were higher this October than last. Receipts were also larger this Octobor in Oklahomis where last year's cotton crop was very short. In the East North Central and West North Central States receipts from livestock and livestock products full below those of October 1936 as a result of reduced marketines of hogs and dairy nroducts.

Cash income from all farm marketings in October was $\$ 907,000,000$ compared with $\$ 882,00,000$ in October of 1936 . The State estimates of receipts inelude the marketings of 33 of the more important farm cormodities, which measure approximately 93 percent of the annual United States cash income from all farm products. Government payments to fämers in Octobur totoled $\$ 5,000,000$ as compared with $\$ 22,000,000$ a yoar earlier. Incluaing Governient parments the total cash farm income for October anounted to $\$ 911,000,000$ as compared with $\$ 904,000,000$ in October 1936.

## Farm Income Outlook for Novembcr and December

With prices of farm products aversging lower in November than in Octobor, and lower then in looverior of last $y$ ar, together with smallor marketings of some major commoditics, it is probable that income from sales of farm products will

not equal that of November of last year. In the West North Central States receipts from the sale of principal farm products may continue somewhat below last year during November and Decemver. In the Fast North Central and South Central States they are not likely to differ materially from receipts in the last two months a year aco. In the other three regions receipts from sales will probably continue somewhat above last yrar's level for the remainder of the year.

## Income January-October

For the first 10 montres of this year, January through October, the Bureau reported that receipts from the sale of principal faim jroducts, both with and without Government payments, were hicher than for the same period last year in each of the major geographical regions. Government payments to farmers during these 10 months totaled $\$ 355,000,000$ comparcd with $\$ 232,000,000$ in the same period last year. The larger Government payments augnented the increased receints from seles in cach of the geographical regions, particularly in the South Central and South Atlantic States.

Including Goveinment payments, percentage increases in income by regions for the first 10 montis of this year over the same poriod last year were as follows: South Central States, 23 percent; South Atlantic States, 16 percent; Vestern States, 15 percent; East North Central States, 13 percent; North Atlantic States, 8 percent; and West Forth Central States, 4 pereent.

## Income by Regions During October

While prices of farm procucts in October averaged 5 percent below September and $7 \frac{1}{2}$ percent below those of October 1936, cash income from farm marketings was, nevertheless, 3 percent greater than in October 1936. The volume of marketings of such products as grains, fmuits, and vegotables, and particularly tobacco, were greater than a year carlier. The smaller income received from cotton, potatoes, barley, and some other cormodities was more than olfset by larger receipts from tobacco, fruits, and wheat. The smaller receipts from hogs and butterfat reduced the income from livestock ani livestock products below that of October 1936, and thus more than oifset the somewhat lareer receipts from cattle, sheep, lambs, and chickens.

North Atlantic States
With larger incomes from apples, truck crops, chickens, hogs, and cattle nore than offsetting the smaller receipts from notatoes and dairy products, income in the ivorth Atlantic States showd a 3 percent increase during October as compared with October Jast year. Maine was the only state in the resion to show a decrease, as princs receivea for potatoes wero considerably lowor than those last year. For the first 10 months of this year receiptr in the North Atlantic States were 8 percent larger than in the same period last year and were larger in all Stutes except Vermont and Rhode Island, where slight decreases occurred.

East North Central States
Wisconsin was tie only State in this region to show a decrease in receipts from sales of principal fam products in October, as sales of butterfat, hogs, and barley were less than a year earlier. In each of the other States of this region the larger receipts from apples, truck crops, as well as from some of the grains, more than offset decreases in receipts from livestock items and
resulted in relatively small gains in the October income. For the first 10 months of this year receipts from sales and Goverment payments totaled 13 percent greater than in the same period last year and were higher in cach of the States by gains rangine from 10 percent in Illinois and Wisconsin to 15 percent in Ohio.

## West North Centrel States

With income from hogs and butterfat considerably lower than in October 1936, the receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products fell below those of a year earlier in most of the States in this region. Also, income from crops was lower than a year earlier in Minnesota, Missouri and Nebraska. Government payments to famers in this area were sinaller than those of a year earlier, so that total receipts including Govemment payments were 7 percent below October 19.36 and were lower in each of the States except North and South Dakota. During the Janu-ary-October period, roceipts from sales and Government payments were higher than in the same period last year in Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota and Kansas. In Iowa, South Dakota, and Nebrasia, the total receipts including Government payments were below those received in the first 10 months of 1936.

## South Atlantic States

South Carolina was the only State in this region to show a decrease in receipts from sales of principal fam products during October, ws income from cotton declined below last ycar. In cack of the othor states larger receints from tobacco, anples, and citrus fruits in Plorida, contributed chicfly to the gains in receipts. For the region as a whole, income from crops was 14 percent inighor than in October 1936, and incom from livestock and livestock products was 2 percent greater. For the first 10 months of this year the South Atlantic States recorded a 13 percent increase in receipts from sales of principal farm products and total receipts incluaing Government payments were lo percent greater during this period.
South Central States
The lower prices of cotton and the smaller-than-usual increase in the volume of cotton marketings during october resulted in reduced reoaipts from sales of farm products in five of the cight States in this region. In Alabama and Texas, where cotton sales were augmented by relatively large loans on cotton, receipts were higher than in Octoter 1986. For the region as a whole, income from crops was slightly less than last year, but income trom most of the livestock and livestock products was 15 percent greater. During January-October the South Central States recorded an increase of 23 percent over last year in total receiptis from sales and from Government payments. The gains for the 10 -month period ranged from 13 percent in IVississippi to 45 percent in Kentucky.

## Wostern States

In most of the mountain States of this area income frem crops during cetober was reduced by the smaller receipts from potatoes, beans, and sugar beuts. In the Pacific States larger receints from apples, pears and grapes more than offset smaller receipts from potatoes and citrus fruits. Income trom livestock and livestock products, however, was larger than in October 1936 in most of the St ates in this region, as income from cattle, sheep and larbs exceeded that of a year earlier. Idaho and Colorado were the only states in this reginn to show slightly lower reneipts from sales of principal farm products this Detober. For the first 10 months of the year total receints including Govornment paments were 15 percent greater in the Western Statcs thar a year earlier, with each of the States showing increases that rar.ed from 6 percent in Nontana to 29 percent in Idaho.

Pable 1.-Receipte fron the sale of. principal iarm prodeste, by States, October 1934-57

U. S. cash income $/$
$432,000 \quad 474,000$

1 The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the cum of the Stato oetinates because it has ben adtusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Recoipts 1 rom the sale of principal farm products, by States, Jamary-October 1934-37

| State | Crope |  |  |  | Iivestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan.-Oct. |  |  |  | Jan. -0 ct. |  |  |  |
|  | : 1934 | 1935 : | $\bigcirc 1236$ | 1937 | 1934 | 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 |
|  | : 1,000 | $1,000$ |  |  |  | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollarg | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Mo. | 21.842 | 10,078 | 22,831 | 28.550 | 14,848 | 17,326 | 18,740 | 18,539 |
| N.H. | 2.065 | 1,861 | 1,717 | 2,776 | 10,205 | 12.109 | 12,399 | 12,305 |
| $V \mathrm{t}$. | 1.697 | 1,814 | 1.743 | 2.511 | 21,302 | 25,617 | 26,244 | 25,217 |
| Mass. | 9.642 | 9,016 | 10,866 | 11.518 | 25,147 | 31,180 | 32,474 | 32,191 |
| R.I. | 1,076 | 1,058 | 1,843 | 1,491 | 4,209 | 5,095 | 5,195 | 5,197 |
| Conn. | 7,005 | 8,969 | 11,488 | 11,790 | 21,608 | 23,865 | 23.727 | 25,114 |
| N. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 49,291 | 46.266 | 49.737 | 59.261 | 137,166 | 150,537 | 177.721 | 178,876 |
| N.J. | 23.208 | 22,947 | 29.533 | 29,870 | 33.614 | 40,791 | 39,906 | 42,285 |
| Pa. | 37.773 | 36,111 | 45,692 | 60,767 | 118,814 | 144,156 | 143,826 | 160,503 |
| N.Atlantic | 153.599 | 138,120 | 175.450 | 208,534 | 386,913 | 450,676 | 480,232 | 500,227 |
| Ohio | - 48,702 | 55.468 | 62,562 | 75,893 | 115,136 | 165.479 | 169.917 | 189,154 |
| Ind. | 40,060 | 38.568 | 47,468 | 58,248 | 98,626 | 143.521 | 163,930 | 176.894 |
| 111. | 77,311 | 68,364 | 116,131 | 138,768 | 164,618 | 217.774 | 236.942 | 249,070 |
| Mich. | 44,242 | 40.342 | 48,254 | 63.846 | 75.469 | 95,480 | 106.775 | 120.538 |
| 18. | 20,930 | 18,202 | 29,351 | 31,011 | 138,539 | 182,950 | 215,853 | 230,194 |
| E.N.Central | 231.245 | 220,944 | 303,766 | 367.766 | 592,388 | 805,204 | 893.417 | 965,850 |
| Yinn. | 42,205 | 47.025 | 58.553 | 61,083 | 131.232 | 163.628 | 213.752 | 207.972 |
| Iowe | 67,105 | 32,045 | 57,686 | 53.104 | 245,067 | 324,173 | 361,770 | 334,43.1 |
| Mo. | 34,259 | 23,247 | 36,153 | 54,341 | 106,725 | 152.941 | 162,740 | 160.150 |
| N. Delk. | : 29,321 | 34.559 | 26. 210 | 37,874 | 25,353 | 26.955 | 41,628 | 38,447 |
| S.Dak. | 6.209 | 16.960 | 14,292 | 16,133 | 36,979 | 41,915 | 64.351 | 51,668 |
| Nebr. | 37.545 | 30,505 | 39,607 | 54.525 | 142,714 | 138,085 | 165.649 | 140,928 |
| Tans. | 63.968 | 44, 016 | 72,689 | 132,330 | 113,505 | 146,709 | 135,754 | 143,273 |
| W. H.Centra] | 281,012 | 228,357 | 305,190 | 409,390 | 801,575 | 994,406 | 1.148,644 | 1,076,869 |
| Del. | 4.999 | 5,509 | 6.321 | 8,117 | 4.576 | 5.968 | 5.765 | 6,809 |
| Md. | 22,173 | 24.119 | 28,251 | 33.741 | 21.722 | 26,969 | 26,890 | 30,134 |
| Va. | : 42,328 | 38,637 | 42,847 | 41,450 | 26,333 | 35,996 | 35,253 | 41.542 |
| W. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {a }}$ | : 6,104 | 5.548 | 5.342 | 7,213 | 17,312 | 22,311 | 22,606 | 23.553 |
| H.C. | : 160,108 | 132,236 | 129,612 | 156,252 | 16,058 | 19,013 | 19,861 | 20,172 |
| S.c. | : 60,331 | 59,500 | 58.583 | 65,171 | 7,915 | 9.487 | 8,485 | 9.099 |
| Ga. | : 75,211 | 70,977 | 88,072 | 85,555 | 12,808 | 17.336 | 18,212 | 19,481 |
| Pla. | 64,707 | 58,477 | 68.272 | 91,857 | 10,529 | 13,312 | 11,996 | 12,981 |
| S.Atlantic | 435,961 | 395,003 | 427, 300 | 489,356 | 117.253 | 150,392 | 147.068 | 163,771 |
| \%y. | : 39,681 | 37.583 | 28,658 | 56.341 | 35.279 | 51.782 | 53.433 |  |
| Tenn. | : 44.388 | 35,253 | 36.195 | 46,521 | 24,849 | 40,570 | 41,794 | 46.863 |
| Ala. | 63.744 | 59.461 | 58,629 | 75,395 | 11,078 | 15,634 | 15,617 | 17.351 |
| M188. | 69.722 | 67.470 | 85.469 | 94,104 | 10,867 | 19.544 | 17,899 | 20,212 |
| Ark. | : 60,679 | 49.760 | 52,650 | 66,058 | 14,288 | 21,205 | 21,333 | 24,173 |
| La. | : 49.473 | 51,512 | 49,149 | 57,790 | 11,011 | 16,316 | 13.362 | 15.162 |
| Okla. | 58,527 | 36,610 | 40,584 | 64,083 | 36.585 | 69,784 | 68,307 | 72.927 |
| Tex. | 199,585 | 143.934 | 206,229 | 232.437 | 90,762 | 113,585 | 119,843 | 146,227 |
| S.Central | 585,799 | 481.583 | 557.563 | 692,729 | 234,719 | 348,420 | 351,588 | 400,080 |
| Mont. | 21,808 | 32.209 | 15,839 | 18,502 | 30,483 | 45.119 | 45.433 | 43.327 |
| Idaho | : 27,105 | 26.465 | 28,006 | 40,169 | 27,028 | 32,773 | 39,355 | 46,567 |
| Пyo. | : 4,393 | 5,087 | 6,1443 | 6,503 | 20,960 | 25,377 | 28,826 | 32,190 |
| Colo. | 20,730 | 18,595 | 29.529 | 39,428 | 41,760 | 51,269 | 62,776 | 74,628 |
| 1. Hex. | : 8,276 | 5,376 | 8,111 | 8,251 | 14.654 | 16,054 | 18,345 | 20,679 |
| Ariz. | 13,023 | 18.244 | 15,343 | 14,905 | 9.759 | 17.099 | 15,682 | 18,072 |
| Otah | 5,656 | 6,251 | 7.783 | 8,434 | 15.432 | 18,465 | 21,292 | 24,697 |
| Wev. | 621 | 710 | 859 | 1,072 | 5,276 | 7,353 | 7.5 .32 | 9. 171 |
| Warh. | 50,899 | 61.824 | 58,313 | 78.420 | 37,544 | 47.169 | 51,780 | 53.587 |
| Oreg. | 18,600 | 25,195 | 27.104 | 36,803 | 31.557 | 42,185 | 44.551 | 50,960 |
| Calif. . | : 231,242 | 243,646 | 295,632 | 322,861 | 123,444 | 172,252 | 172,978 | 193,269 |
| Hestera | 402,353 | 443,602 | 492.962 | 575.348 | 357.897 | 475,115 | 508,550 | 567.147 |
| O.S.carb incorme 1/. | :2,402,000 | 2,214,000 | 2,624,000 | 3,200,000 | 2,381,000 | 3,013,000 | 3.480,000 | 3.532,000 |

1/ The estimated United States oash incone is not equal to the sum of the Stato ostimates becauso it has beon adjusted downard for interstate salo of livostock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

| State | : | octs |  |  |  | Jan.-oct. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $:$ | 1934 | 1935 : | 1936 | 1937 | 1934 | 1935 : | 1936 : | 1937 |
|  | 8 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | 8 | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dnllars | dollars | dollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. |  | 2,817 | 3.329 | 4,175 | 3.482 | 36.690 | 27.404 | 41.571 | 47.089 |
| N. H. |  | 1.310 | 1.715 | 1.702 | 1,900 | 12,270 | 13.970 | 14,116 | 15,081 |
| Vt. |  | 2.329 | 2.769 | 2,896 | 3.076 | 22.999 | 27.431 | 27.987 | 27.728 |
| Me.ss. |  | 3,684 | 4.352 | 4.989 | 5,362 | 34.789 | 40,196 | 43.340 | 43.709 |
| R. I. |  | 516 | 807 | 684 | 773 | 5.285 | 6.153 | 7.038 | 6,688 |
| Conn. |  | 2,667 | 3.538 | 3.072 | 3.814 | 28.613 | 32,834 | 35.215 | 36.904 |
| N. I. |  | 20.197 | 21.557 | 25.362 | 25.562 | 186.457 | 196,803 | 227.458 | 238.137 |
| N. J. |  | 4,683 | 5.212 | 5.888 | 6,201 | 56,822 | 63.738 | 69.439 | 72,155 |
| Pa. |  | 19,039 | 20,355 | 23.354 | 24.453 | 156,587 | 180,267 | 159,518 | 221,270 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 57.242 | 63.634 | 72,122 | 74.623 | 540,512 | 588,796 | 655.682 | 708,761 |
| Ohio | . | 21,146 | 27.044 | 26,001 | 27.629 | 163.838 | 220,947 | 232,479 | 265.047 |
| Ind. |  | 15.507 | 19.276 | 20.576 | 20,842 | 138,686 | 182,089 | 211.398 | 235.142 |
| 111. |  | 26.785 | 30,530 | 34,330 | 35,169 | 241.929 | 286,138 | 353.073 | 387.838 |
| Mich. |  | 18.373 | 20.452 | 21,673 | 22,510 | 119.711 | 135,822 | 155.029 | 184, 384 |
| Tis. |  | 18.796 | 22,869 | 30.662 | 27.610 | 159.469 | 201,152 | 245,204 | 261,205 |
| E. N. Central |  | 100,607 | 120,181 | 133.242 | 133.760 | 823,633 | 1,026,148 | 1.197.183 | 1,333,616 |
| Minn. ..... |  | 20,570 | 27.544 | 34.632 | 31.105 | 173.437 | 210,653 | 272.305 | 269,055 |
| Iowa |  | 31.758 | 37,185 | 43.762 | 38.488 | 312,172 | 356,218 | 419.456 | 387.535 |
| Ko. |  | 20.661 | 25.514 | 28.498 | 26.991 | 140.984 | 176.188 | 198.893 | 214.491 |
| N. Dak. |  | 6.513 | 14.717 | 10.716 | 14,174 | 54.674 | 61.514 | 67.838 | 76.321 |
| S. Dak. |  | 4,821 | 10,986 | 9,521 | 11,776 | 43,188 | 58.875 | 78,643 | 67.801 |
| Nobr. |  | 18,888 | 22,838 | 26.302 | 24.490 | 180,659 | 158.590 | 208,256 | 195.453 |
| Kans. |  | 18,820 | 20,994 | 21,375 | 24,416 | 177.473 | 190.725 | 208.443 | 275,603 |
| I. N. Central |  | 122,031 | 159.778 | 174,806 | 171,440 | 1,082.587 | 1,222,763 | 1,453.834 | 1,486,259 |
| Del. |  | 798 | 1,004 | 1,058 | 1,201 | 9.575 | 11,477 | 12,086 | 14.926 |
| Md. |  | 4.050 | 4,986 | 4,927 | 5.767 | 43.895 | 51,088 | 55.141 | 63.875 |
| Va. |  | 16,342 | 16,361 | 14.016 | 16,431 | 68,661 | 74,633 | 78,100 | 82,992 |
| 7. Va. |  | 4,005 | 4.716 | 4.751 | 5.122 | 23.416 | 27.859 | 27.948 | 30.766 |
| \$. C. |  | 56.842 | 55.106 | 57.477 | 71,040 | 176,166 | 151,249 | 149.473 | 176.424 |
| S. C. |  | 13,240 | 14.562 | 18,092 | 14,682 | 67.746 | 68,987 | 67,068 | 74,270 |
| Ga. |  | 17.879 | 18,829 | 19.523 | 19,689 | 88,019 | 88.313 | 106,284 | 105.036 |
| F1a. |  | 4,878 | 4.410 | 6,221 | 7,601 | 75,236 | 71.789 | 80,268 | 104, 838 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 118, 034 | 129,274 | 126,065 | 141,533 | 552.714 | 545.395 | 576,368 | 653.127 |
| K. |  | 5.576 | 6.627 | 6.754 | 6,664 | 74.960 | 89.365 | 82.091 | 113.506 |
| Toun. |  | 14,024 | 11.777 | 15.126 | 14.750 | 69.237 | 75,823 | 77.989 | 93,384 |
| Ala. |  | 15.952 | 17.302 | 21,259 | 28,994 | 74,822 | 75,095 | 74,246 | 92.746 |
| K188. | . | 29.460 | 27.987 | 41.977 | 32,205 | 80,589 | 87.014 | 103.368 | 114,316 |
| Ark. |  | 21.836 | 19.910 | 26,633 | 26,023 | 74,967 | 70,965 | 73,983 | 90,231 |
| La. |  | 13,784 | 14,956 | 18,614 | 15.786 | 60,484 | 67.828 | 62,511 | 72.952 |
| Okla. | 1 | 14.104 | 18.647 | 13.974 | 17.920 | 95.112 | 106.394 | 108,891 | 137.010 |
| Tex. ..... | . | 55.798 | 64.389 | 66.570 | 73.738 | 290, 347 | 257.519 | 326,072 | 378,664 |
| S. Central |  | 170,534 | 181.595 | 210,907 | 216,080 | 820,518 | 830,003 | 909,151 | 1,092,809 |
| Mont. | : | 10,755 | 17.962 | 14.664 | 14.944 | 52,291 | 77,328 | 61,272 | 61.829 |
| Idabo |  | 7.262 | 9.892 | 11,196 | 10,926 | 54.133 | 59.238 | 67.351 | 86,736 |
| Tro. |  | 4,609 | 9.997 | 8,688 | 10,444 | 25.353 | 30.464 | 35.269 | 38,693 |
| Colo. |  | 12.386 | 17.509 | 19,030 | 19.121 | 62,490 | 69,864 | 92,305 | 114.056 |
| N. Mex. |  | 5.437 | 5.215 | 6,336 | 8, 417 | 22.930 | 21.430 | 26.456 | 28,930 |
| Ariz. | : | 2.139 | 4.738 | 6,099 | 6.799 | 22,782 | 35,343 | 31,025 | 32.977 |
| Ttah |  | 3.043 | 5.020 | 5.257 | 5.709 | 21,088 | 24.716 | 29.075 | 33.131 |
| Nev. |  | 13.5466 | 1.337 | 1,474 | 1,605 | 5.887 | 8,063 | 8.391 | 10,243 |
| Wash. |  | 13.466 | 16.612 | 15,092 | 16.525 | 88.443 | 108.993 | 110,093 | 132,007 |
| Oreg. | : | 6,718 | 9,730 | 8,723 | 6,954 | 50,157 | 67.380 | 71.655 | 87.763 |
| Calif. .. | : | +47.984 | 53.619 | 61,959 | 65,706 | 354,686 | 415,808 | 468,610 | 516.130 |
| Testern | , | 114, 345 | 151,631 | 158,518 | 170,240 | $760, ? 50$ | 918.717 | 1,001,512 | 2.142 .495 |
| O. S. cash | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income y | . | 689.000 | 802,000 | 882,000 | 907.000 | 4,783,000 | 5,227,000 | 6,104,900 | 6,732,000 |

1 The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sun of the State estimetes because it has beon adfusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Government paywonts, ad recoipto from the ale of prinoipel fari producte, facluding Goverament paymants, by states. October 1936a37, and Jamary=00tobor 1935-57


1/ The eotimatod United States cash Income in not equal to the sum of the state estrates beonas it has bean adjusted downerd for interstate sale of livestock, and inolnde inoow from some farp products whioh in not distributed by stetes.

#  <br> Bureau of Agridiug tiara, A Eparofids <br> Warhington VED 

January 11, 1938
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRIMCIPAL JANAR PRODUCTS AHD GOVERNATT PAIEMTS,

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in November 1937 were lower than a yenr earlier in four on the mix mjor geormphical divisions of the country, it was reported today by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

As reported on December 22, cash income from all farm marketings for the United States as a whole, in November totaled $\$ 713,000,000$, and was 5 percent below the $\$ 749,000,000$ received in liovember 1936. The State estimates of receipts are based on the marketings of 33 of the more important farm comnodities, which measure approximately 93 percent of the annual united States cash income from all firm products.

The North Atlantic and South Central States were the only two refjions to record hioher incomes from sales of principal farm products this November over November 1936. In each of the other four regions, the Novenber receipts from sales wore lower then a year earlier, the decreases ranging from l percent in the South Atlantic States to 8 porcent in the West North Central States. Lower grain prices and smaller merketings of hogs and cattle were chiefly responsiblo for the decreases in receipts in the North Central States this November compared with a year earlier. In the Sorth Atlontic States the smaller recipts from cotton, citrus fruits and grains contributed to the November decline in farm income, while in the Restern States significant decreases were recorded in the receipts from potatoes, cotton lint, Iruits, and su弓ar beets.

From October to November, cash income from farm marketings in the United States declined by a freater than usual amount, and as indicated on the accompanying chart this decline was lorgely in the North Central Stntes where marketings of grains and meat animals decreased by a larger than usual amount.

Income from crops in all States in Novenber totaled 4 percent below November 193a, while income from livestock and livestock products was dow 5 percent. In the South Central States receipts from crops were simificantly larger this November as a result of larger income from cotton. While receipts from s?les of cotton were lower this November, because of considerably lower prices than lest year, income from cotton was meterially supplemented by Government loans on the 1937 cotton. These loans totaled $\$ 31,000,000$ in November, and mere made on $1,852,000$ bales of cotton. In the November receipts from sales of principal form products, the cotton loans have been added to the receipts from sales.

In the West North Central States, receipts from crops were larser this November, chiefly because of the larger marizetings of corn in Iowa and small grains in North and South Dakota, where marketings of grains in the previous year were sharoly curtailed by the drought. The larger crop receipts in the West North Central States, however, were more than offset by smaller receipts from livestock and livestock products, chieily hoss and cattle. In each of the other five regions in the country, receipts from the sales of livestock and livestock products were iarger this November than a year earlier; in these resions income from chickens and dairy products, prices of which were higher this November, more than offset the smaller receipts from cattle, hogs and eses.

For the first 11 months of this year cash income from farm marketings in the United States totaled \$7,445,000,000, cormared with \$6,853,000,000 for the

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


JAN. APR JULY OCT.




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(MILLIONS)
150
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150
100
50
same period in 1936. In addition to income from sales of farm products farners received during the 11 months period $\$ 359,000,000$ is Government payments, compered with $\$ 251,000,000$ in the same period last year. Government payments to farmers in Novenber totaled $\$ 3,000,000$, compared with $\$ 0,000,000$ in November 1936. Govimmont payments in Doceraber will be larger than in November.

In the Bureau's Crop Report issued December 17, cash income from the sole of farm products durine the entire calemdar year 1937 was estinated at $\$ 8,120,000,000$, compared with $\$ 7,033,000,000 \mathrm{in} 1936$. Income fro:n fam marketines in Lecember is thus indicated likely to total about $\$ 675,000,000$ compred with $\$ 725,000,000$ in Decenber 1936. Goverment payments to famers were tentatively estimated to ronch $\$ 380,000,000$ in 1937 compared witil $\$ 287,000,000$ in 1936 .

The Decei..ber receipts from scles of principal farm products will probably foll below the December 1936 level in the North Central States and possibly in tise ilostemn States, as prices of grains and ment animals in December have averased considerably lower than ill December 1936.

## IHCOME BY REGIONS DURING NOVENBER

Morth Atlentic States.-A $2-p e r c e n t$ decline in receipts from crops in the North Atlanic States :as \#ore than offset by a 10 percent increase in receipts from livestock and livestock products. Total receipts froin sales were 7 pereent lareer in tinis reeion durin November 1937 than a year carlier. Finile potatoes and grains shomed maller incones, the reccipts from woles and trucle crops were larger. Hi fer prices roceived fur doiry products and chickens incruased the income from livustock items in the virious IVorth Atlantic States. In Peninsylvania, the smaller Gorerment paynents this November offset the somemat larger receipts from moricting and resalted in a sli ht declinc in total farn income including Govermment payiacrts.

For the first limontis of 1937 , receipts from sales of principol form products were \& parcent lareer than in the sane poriod a year earlier for the rejion as a whole. Vermont and Rnode Island were the only two States in the region to record slisint decresses in income.

Enst Wort Oentral States. Wichinan wes the only Dest Zortin Centrol State to record an increase in receipts from soles of orincipal farm products this November ovir a jear cerlier. In each of the othor States, smaller receipts from arains, princiually com, as well as from potatoes, more than offset increases in the sales of livestock items. For the region as a whole, receipts from the soles of farm products wore 4 percent lower this Novenber and smaller Government payr..ents further loduced the incone to 6 percint below November l936. For the first II ronths of 1957, receipts incluaine Goverment payments for the East Worth Central States were 11 percent laneder than in the saine period of 1936, and were iarger in ench of the Stntes by Enins rmeime Iron 7 percent in Illinois to 20 percent in Kichigan.

Rest Oiontin Central Stotes. - Smaller receipts from livestock in cach of the Mest North Central States resulted in smaller incomes this November in every State excent Nortiz and South Daiota, were the limeer marfotines of grains more thon offset tie shallor receints fron hogis and cattlc. For the region as a whole, totol. receints, includin, Govemment paynents Wore ll percent smaller this Fovember than Iast, Ina rere smaller in each of the States except the Dakotas.

For the January-Novenber 1937 period receipts from sales in the ${ }^{2}$. Central States, including Government payments, were 2 peicent lerger than the same period in 183b. In Iowe, South Dainota and Tebrasize, horiever, decrocsus of 4 to 7 percont rore recorded during the 11 :nonths period, chiofly as a result of the smaller receipts firm livestock.

South Atlantic States.-Virginia, Mest Virginia, South Carolina and Florida each recordod a decrease in the Norember receints from sales of princinol fom products. Tre decreases werelargest in South Carolina where reccipts from cotton :ere considerably smaller and in illoida wiere income from citras fruits $f \in l l$ below the Movember 1936 level. For the first ll months of this year, income from sales of principal farm products were 11 percent lareer in the South Atlantic States than in 1936 and total income, including Government payments, ws lı percont larger. Esch of tre States in this region shared in the increased reccipts during the 11 months period.

South Central States.- Mississippi and Kentucley were the only South Central States to record decreases in their lovember reccipts from sales of farm products. Sinller receipts from cotton and cottonseed in Mississippi nad fron cattle in Kentracher vere lergely responsible for the declines. In each of the other States the receipts from cotton, including the loons made by the Goverment on 1937 cotton, raised the income above the November 1936 level. The lorgest increases in receipts from sales occurred in Teras and Alabina, and to a lesser extent in OnInhoma and Tenmessee. Durine the Januarinovember period tiie South Central Resion recorded an incronse in receipts from sales of lo percent over 1936. Lnrger Govemment payments raised this percentage to 21. Each of the States shared in the rewional increase and recorded soins ronsinc from percent in Ui assissippi to 41 percent in Kentucker .

Western States. - Most of the Mestem States recorded smaller receipts from sales of croos in November and some of the States also showed maller receipts from livestocls and livestock products. The lower prices received for potatoes, Iruits, subnr beets and cotton contributed to the decreased receipts fron soles of croos winle marletings of meat animals are smaller and contributed to the decrerses in incone in Idaho, Utah and Tashington. For the reaion as a whole, receipts irom crops were 17 percent less thon in lovenber 1936, uut reeipts from livestock and livestock products were 11 percent lereer. I...e resional cain in receipts from livostocls reflected chiefly the geins in momine, colorado, New Mexico, were cattle manctings were moderately henvy and were sold for hicher prices thon in States, homeror, wes insufficient to offaet the amallor receipts froin ciops and resulted in a regional decline of 3 percent in receipts frow sales. Gov ranent payments were also smaller in tiais re,ion this llovember. For the first ll months of the yoer the "iestern States recorded a 13 percont increase in total receipts, including Govimment payments. Ench of the States also shored an incrense, and the eains rasein fron 5 percent in liontana to 25 percent in Ideho.

The followine tribles show roceipts from sales of principal fam products and Government paments by States, in November l934-37 and for January tirouig Noveriber 2331-37.

| Stat | Crop 8 |  |  |  | : Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hov. |  |  |  | Nov. N |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 | 1935 : | 1936 : | :1937 : | 1934 : | - 1935 | - 1936 | : 1937 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | - dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yo. | 891 | 1.381 | 1.433 | 1,352 | 1.772 | 1.775 | 1.742 | 1.957 |
| N. H. | 87 | 117 | 146 | 233 | 1,217 | 1.262 | 1,326 | 1.349 |
| Vt. | 127 | 209 | 315 | 276 | 2,123 | 2,342 | 2,281 | 2.530 |
| Hass. | 352 | 412 | 690 | 932 | 2.893 | 3.069 | 3.104 | 3.451 |
| R. I. | 33 | 84 | 40 | 63 | 453 | 519 | 510 | 535 |
| Conn. | 588 | 749 | 650 | 911 | 2,462 | 2.378 | 2.446 | 2.718 |
| N. Y, | 5.133 | 6.715 | 6.953 | 6.999 | 11,853 | 12.724 | 15,285 | 17.312 |
| N. J. | 796 | 960 | 864 | 764 | 2,837 | 3.392 | 3.516 | 3.883 |
| Pa. | 4.382 | 4.114 | 5,507 | 4,686 | 11,255 | 12.197 | 13, 848 | 14.767 |
| H. Atl | 12.394 | 14, 741 | 16.598 | 16.216 | 36.865 | 39.658 | 44.058 | 48,502 |
| Ohio | 5.108 | 5,226 | 7.225 | 5.805 | 13.650 | 15.726 | 17.540 | 18,881 |
| Ind. | . 3.229 | 3.703 | 5.308 | 4,216 | 12.510 | 13.981 | 16.677 | 17.198 |
| Ill. | . 4.425 | 7.324 | 13.188 | 10,575 | 19.516 | 20.992 | 27.982 | 25,603 |
| Mich. | : 4.873 | 5,996 | 6.778 | 5.945 | 8,166 | 9.462 | 11,395 | 12,780 |
| T1:。 | : 2,149 | 1,628 | 2,401 | 1,841 | 15.829 | 19,108 | 25,283 | 25,319 |
| E. M. Central | 19.784 | 23,877 | 34,900 | 28,382 | 69.671 | 72,269 | 98,877 | 92,781 |
| Man. | . 2.848 | 4.923 | 5,963 | 5.82 .5 | 16.031 | 18.527 | 24.250 | 22.950 |
| Iowa | 1 1,798 | 3.406 | 4,128 | 6.907 | 31,320 | 34.537 | 48,075 | 38,070 |
| Mo. | : 4.788 | 4.748 | 6.350 | 5.929 | 12,036 | 18,139 | 19.118 | 17.546 |
| N. Dak. | : 1.357 | 4.625 | 2.771 | 4.619 | 2,700 | 4,008 | 5,385 | 4.725 |
| S. Dak. | : 328 | 2,737 | 769 | 1,827 | 3.928 | 5.636 | 7.861 | 7.061 |
| Nobr. | : 1,604 | 4,010 | 3.992 | 3.119 | 13.973 | 14,082 | 18.413 | 17.537 |
| Kans. | - 2,709 | 3.119 | 5.107 | 4.796 | 10.817 | 12.383 | 14.674 | 13,149 |
| 7. N. Central | : 15.432 | 27.568 | 29,080 | 33.022 | 90,805 | 107. 312 | 137.776 | 121,038 |
| Del. ........ | : 241 | 238 | 345 | 230 | 706 | 865 | 828 | 1,127 |
| Md. | : 1,172 | 1.355 | 1.543 | 1,612 | 2,365 | 2,012 | 3.226 | 3.746 |
| Va. | : 6.966 | 8,726 | 8,093 | 7.572 | 3.701 | 4,350 | 4.853 | 4.981 |
| T. Va. | : 682 | 776 | 748 | 897 | 1,805 | 2.151 | 2.457 | 2.289 |
| N. C. | : 24,328 | 33.453 | 28,048 | 28.543 | 2,226 | 2,665 | 3.081 | 2,976 |
| S. C. | . 8,734 | 10,054 | 10,734 | 8,815 | 1,101 | 1.259 | 1.527 | 1.478 |
| Ge. | , 10,985 | 12,086 | 10,204 | 11,526 | 1,940 | 2,266 | 2,867 | 2,961 |
| Pla. | : 6,908 | 5.648 | 7.040 | 6,113 | 1,338 | 1,754 | 2,119 | 2.130 |
| S. Atlantic | : 60,016 | 72.346 | 66,755 | 65,308 | 15,182 | 18,222 | 20, 058 | 21,688 |
| Hy. | : 620 | 545 | 995 | 1,129 | 4,106 | 4.501 | 5,027 | 4.506 |
| Tenn. | : 8,455 | 7.053 | 7.614 | 8,584 | 2,767 | 3.622 | 3.908 | 4,099 |
| Ala. | .. 8 10,006 | 12,740 | 11,690 | 16.670 | 1.374 | 2,074 | 2,281 | 2.321 |
| M1s8. | ..: 17.394 | 14,121 | 23,674 | 17.563 | 2.999 | 2.842 | 2.599 | 2.934 |
| Ark. | . 12,861 | 14,026 | 28.715 | 19,336 | 1,869 | 2.720 | 2.480 | 2.564 |
| La. | .: 10,090 | 17.856 | 22,004 | 22.615 | 2.191 | 1,822 | 1,816 | 1,861 |
| Okla | 15.985 | 11.009 | 4,864 | + 7.141 | 4.299 | 6,675 | 7.041 | 6,891 |
| Tex. ........ | : 24,121 | 39,610 | 28.865 | - 44.718 | 10.456 | 12.856 | 13.465 | 15,022 |
| S. Central | - 20,432 | 116.0,60 | 118.421 | 137.756 | 30,061 | 37.112 | 38.617 | 40,198 |
| yont. | - 4,192 | 3.647 | 3.281 | 3.425 | 2,530 | 4.937 | 4,536 | 4.761 |
| Idaho | . 3.273 | 3.677 | 4.719 | 3.858 | 2,193 | 2,952 | 3.506 | 3,293 |
| 7o. | ..: 1,043 | 1,624 | 2.050 | 1,621 | 1,298 | 4.292 | 4.330 | 5.196 |
| Colo. | 3.288 | 6,147 | 6.593 | 5,266 | 4.773 | 7.723 | 7.777 | 9.533 |
| H. Mex. | : 1,929 | 1.345 | 2.506 | 1,998 | 1.766 | 7.218 | 6,887 | 8.970 |
| Ariz. | : 1.379 | 1.535 | 2.572 | 2.131 | 1.874 | 5.076 | 4.265 | 4.767 |
| Otah | : 1,013 | 1.558 | 1.042 | 1,791 | 1,478 | 2,513 | 2,042 | 2.746 |
| Ner. | : 61 | - 116 | 129 | -138 | 364 | 1.177 | 1.149 | 1,172 |
| Nash. | . 5.611 | 6,395 | 4.417 | 4,353 | 3,649 | 4,268 | 5,218 | 4.992 |
| Orag. | ..1 1,846 | 2,218 | 2.714 | 2,294 | 2,017 | 3.714 | 4,356 | 4,813 |
| Calif. ... | . $\quad \begin{array}{r}23,276 \\ \hline 47\end{array}$ | 22,334 | 28.114 | - 21,873 | 11,247 | 14,267 | 16,020 | 17.294 |
| Vestern | . $: 47211$ | 50,596 | 59.037 | -48,748 | 34.080 | 58,137 | 50,986 | 67.537 |

$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income 1/ } \ldots: 271,000 & 338,000 & 367,000 & 352,000 & 256,000 & 331,000 & 382,000 & 361,000\end{array}$

1 The estimated United States cask income is not equal to the sum of the State ostimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Tabls 2.- Recsipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January-November, 1934-37


1/ The estimatsd United Statss cash income is not squal to ths sum of the Stats satimatsa bscause it has besn adjustsd downard for interstate sals of livestock, and includes incoms from same farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, November 1934-37


1/ The estimated United Stater cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimatee because it has been adjusted downard for interetate sale of liveetock, and includee income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments, and receipte from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, Fovember 1936-37, and Jamary-November 1935-37


1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimetes because it has beon adJusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

UnIted Stants mepame or acriclifut
Bureau of Agriloultural Economics Washington



Cash receipts from the sale of principal fammproduts for the cal end ar year 1937 were larger than in 1936 infive of tie six major geographical divisions of the country, the Bureau of Amricultural Economics reported today. The T.Test North Central group of States ajone recorded a slight decrease under last year (l percent) in receipts from sales, for in this region marketings of livestock and livestock products were restricted by the effects of the 1936 drought.

In each of the other five regions the Bureau reported rather uniform gains in receipts from sales in 1937 compared with 1906 . The North Atlantic, East North Centrill and South Atlantic Regions each recorded an increase of 7 percent, while the South Centrel and Western Regions showed increases of ll percent each.

Government juyments to farmers totaled $\$ 367,00,000$ in 1937 and were $\$ 80,000,000$ more than in 1936 . The larger payments augnented the 1937 receipts from sales in the scveral regions by 1 to 2 percent.

In December 1937 cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products fell below those of a year earlier in each major region of the country except the South Central States. Some of the States in the latter region, however, also recorded declines in income fror: December last year. The lowor prices received for crops and the smaller marketings of moat animals and poultry products together with the smaller Goverment payments resulted in declines in the December cash receipts in most Statos.

IHonthly estimates of rectipts from the sale of principal farm products are based upon the marketings of 33 of the more important farm products which, for the United States as a wole, measure approximately 93 percent of the annual cash income from all farm marketings. In some States the 33 commodities included measure a greater propertion of the total cash farm income than in other States; the representation varies from 81 to 99 nercent of the yearly cash income in the individual States. Because of differences in the nuriber of commodities included in the estimates of roceints from the sale of principal farm products, the 1936 and 1937 yearly totals of roccipts by Statcs are not wholly comparable with the cash farm income estimates from tne 78 crop and 13 livestock items as roleased in the December Crop Report (the estimates by States also appear) in the December issue of Crops ana Narkicts. Thore is a rather close agreemont, however, in the relative change in income from 1936 to 1937 in the two serics.

The State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products for the years 1926 and 1907 have been revised for many States. For this reason the sum of the preliminary estimates issued month by month throughout the year for these States do not ade to the revised yearly totals for 1936 and 1937. This is particularly true in the southern States and in some of the far western States where income from cotton and truck crops and income from livestock have been materially revised. Revised montrly estirates for 1936 and 1937 will be issued later.

$$
\text { Cash Farm Income } 8 \text { Percent Greater than in } 1936
$$

The increase in total cash farm income in the United States in 1937 amounted to 8 percent and was due mainly to larger receipts from crops. The

higher prices receiver from crors in the first half of the year, and larser marketings from the near burner coors of Josi in the cocond half of the year maintained income from crops in isn at a level 12 percent higher than in 19?6. In-
 livestock income increaser chis"ly becauce of bieler rices received for dairy products and larger marketings of youtry ad fece. Incons from neat animals was approximately the same as in 1966 , the hiehr rices receired in 1937 having been offget by smaller marketings of hons and cattle.

As shown by the accompanine mep, the sroentage changes in farn income from 1936 to 1937 varied consilirily in the various states. Tre ereatest improvement occurred in Kentucly, Ok anona, Twes, Flonida and Nortn Dakota where production of the major cas! crops was considevably greater than in laE6. Sienificant gains in income were also recordec in 19.7 in rany of the westorn states where income both irom crops and livestock itare showed an improvement over 1936. Decreases in income in 1937 wewe recorded in a number of tho southern States in which the lower cotton prices more than offset the mach larger crons this joar. Decreases also occurred in several of the Wact North Central Stctus, espocially in those States where marketines of mat animais were greatly reduced compared with a year earlier. Cf the 48 States, 38 recorded gains ovor 1536 in total cash fam: income, including Government payments, and irs the monaning States decreases occurred ranging from less than 1 percent to 11 pereent.

## CHAIGES IN FTRCEIFMS DY STAMES FROM 1936 to 1937

## ITorth Atlantic States

Receipts from the sale of principal furm products in the North Atlantic States were 7 percert greater in 1337 thar in 1936 . Receipts frorn crons increasud 12 percent and from livestock and liv stock nionucts percent. Wxeert for Vermont, Rhode Islond and New Jurscy where Slight decreases occurred, each of the othor States recorded a gain in income for tre vear. Pennsrlvania, with en increase of 13 pereent, showed the Iergest gair. In Rado Island and Nery Jersey decreascs resulied chiffly becouse of smaller receiptic froin potatoes.

## East North Ceritral States

Each of the States in the Erst Forth Contrel rigion recorced a gain in rencipts from the sal, of princiral farmy rocuets in l937. Tho gains rareod from
 chiefly moat, were pantl: rosnonsibl for tac eain in suverol statce. Moderate increases in recoipts from livestock and livestock produets contributcd.

## West North Centril States

A 28 verent incrense in receipts from crops in the whet rorth Centry region was more than offset by on 8 precent decrease in recuirts from livestock and liv'stock products. Recuipts from livestock were lower in ach of tho statos in this arca, reflecting tho smallor maretings of hoes, cattle and dairy products. In Jissouri, North Dakota ard Kansas the lurgur pecuipts from crops more than offsct smellur income from livestuck and livestock products. For the region as a whole, a decrease of $l$ percunt in receipts from sales was recorded compared with 1936.

South Carolina and Georgia were the only two South Atlentic States to show a smaller income in $I S_{3} 37$ than in 1930. While marevincs of cotton from these two States were larger than last year, the lower prices prevailin; this year caused the income to be smaller. In each of tie other Etates receipts were hicher then in 1936; this was rarticuiarly tmue in Fiorida and North Carolina. Larger receipts from citrus fruits and fegetables raised Florida's income above last year, while larger marketings of tobacco in Morth Carolina contributed to the gain in income in that State. The Scuth. Ationtic States as a group showed a 7-percent increase in receints from seles and a 9-nercent increase in total receipts including Government payments.

## South Central States

While the South Centrai States as a group showed an ll-percent increase in receipts from sales of princinal farm products ir lng7, the increase was not shared ecually by the different States of this region. IFississirpi, Arkansas and Louisiana recorded declines in income. In these Stetes the ouantities or cotton sold or placed under loans with the Governmint were not afficient to of fet the markedly lower prices received for this yiar's cotton. In Alabama, Oklahoma and Texas, however, cotton marketings were much heavier then last year and income from cotton was groat or than in 1906. free relatively large gains in income in 0:Elahoma and Texas, however, werc due in the main to lerger rceoints from wheat and meat animals in addition to cotton. In Kontuolay and Tinnessae this year's improvement in incomo was in large part the resujt of a larger tobacco crop which was sold at rolatively high pricos.

## Western States

The Western Region recorded an increase of 12 percent over $19 \%$ in total cash reccipts inc Iuding Government payments. liost of the States in this region showed a gain in income about equal to or groator than the averace increase for the region as a whole. The largest increases occurred in Idaho, Colorudo, Arizona and Oregon where tho production of whet, $v$ getactes and fruit rere considerably greater than in 103b. Income from catjole, sheep, laribs and mool also was greater than a year carlier in most of tre states in tis recion, and this contributcd to the gain in income in scveral Stiatec. puntana was tre orly State in the western region showing smalar recoints from livestock in 1937 as a result of the reduced marketings following the 1930 drought. In California ineome from citrus fruits droprod below that of lg? . Ircome from othe rruits, however, such as granes and peaches, was consiaerably greater anc more than offset the smaller receipts froin citrus fruits.

Estimates of receipts from the sale of principal fare vroducts and Government payments for Deccmber, and for January-through-Deccmbor 1934-37 are shown ky States in the accompanyine tables.

| State |  |  |  |  | Livestock and IIvestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : -_- Crone |  |  |  | Dec. |  |  |  |
|  | : 1934 | 1035 : | 1036 | 1097 | 1934 | 1035 : | 1036 | 2037 |
|  | : 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | 8 dollars | dollnrs | dollars | dollars | collers | dollers | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | : 774 | 1,174 | 3.961 | 1,131 | 1.450 | 1.587 | 1.588 | 1,531 |
| N. H. | : 114 | 70 | 117 | 83 | 987 | 1,143 | 1,153 | 1,162 |
| Tt. | 118 | 98 | 87 | 90 | 2,025 | 2,298 | 2,140 | 2,257 |
| Mase. | 508 | 1,164 | 649 | 808 | 2.499 | 2,815 | 2,855 | 2.916 |
| R. I. | 20 | 42 | 25 | 46 | 399 | 467 | 455 | 459 |
| Conn, | 1.285 | 1,271 | 1.372 | 1,861 | 2,079 | 2,106 | 2.112 | 2,344 |
| N. Y. | : 4,910 | 4.157 | 5,897 | 5.528 | 11,9E0 | 13.348 | 15,282 | 16.113 |
| N. J. | : 528 | 614 | 667 | 676 | 2,891 | 3.375 | 3.535 | 3,625 |
| Pr. | 2,870 | 3.084 | 4.570 | 3.338 | 10.894 | 11.591 | 13.182 | 13,359 |
| N. Atlantic | 11,127 | 11,674 | 17.345 | 13.561 | 35,184 | 38,730 | 42,342 | 43.866 |
| Ohlo. | . 4.327 | 4.830 | 8,127 | 4.933 | 13,894 | 15.742 | 18,269 | 17.423 |
| Ind. | : 2,824 | 4,283 | 5.465 | 3.835 | 12.782 | 14,918 | 18,223 | 15.832 |
| I11. | : 3,883 | 5.677 | 13,368 | 3.974 | 20.741 | 24,005 | 29,079 | 24,196 |
| Mich. | : 4.864 | 4.436 | E. 180 | 4.229 | 7.980 | 10,240 | 11,628 | 11.525 |
| mis. | : 1, 5c, | 1,587 | 2,633 | 1.545 | 15.115 | 19,877 | 24,670 | 23.842 |
| E. N. Central | - 17.424 | 20,513 | 35.773 | 27,516 | 70.512 | 84.782 | 101.869 | 92.818 |
| Minn..... | -2,336 | 2.698 | 6,201 | 5.814 | 15.200 | 20,868 | 27.129 | 26,730 |
| Iowa | 2,017 | 2,675 | 5.054 | 7.191 | 32.691 | 43.974 | 59,290 | 49,228 |
| Mo. | . 3.546 | 4.352 | 5.161 | 4.061 | 10.930 | 17.777 | 17.795 | 15.898 |
| N, Dak. | 1,n23 | 2.478 | 1.626 | 2,241 | 1,710 | 3.025 | 4.298 | 4.186 |
| S. Dak. | : 242 | 2.272 | 681 | 1,080 | 3.781 | E.090 | 6,232 | 6,068 |
| Nebr. | 2.038 | 3.622 | 4,813 | 3.157 | 12.928 | 16,069 | 18,204 | 15.175 |
| Kans. | : 2.511 | 3.123 | 8,291 | 5.502 | 10,324 | 23.958 | 27.573 | 10,930 |
| T. N. Centrel | -13.713 | 21,220 | 31, 822 | 29.246 | 87.554 | 131,761 | 100,521 | 137.215 |
| Del. | 340 | 297 | 492 | 294 | 507 | 838 | 880 | 950 |
| kd. | : 825 | 829 | 1,501 | 956 | 2,526 | 3.024 | 3.422 | 3.263 |
| Va. | 4.053 | 4.748 | 6,189 | 4. 6.63 | 3.145 | 4.126 | 4.317 | 4.585 |
| \%. Va. | : 404 | 543 | 700 | 658 | 1,766 | 2.113 | 2,297 | 2,215 |
| N. C. | : 8.895 | 9,253 | 13.091 | 9.530 | 2,348 | 2.578 | 2,955 | 2,589 |
| S. C . | : 4,643 | 5.547 | 5.772 | 5,866 | 1,210 | 1.314 | 1,610 | 1,364 |
| G8. | : 6.323 | 5.648 | 6,906 | 7.382 | 1.921 | 2.470 | 2.928 | 2,284 |
| Fla. | : 6,207 | 7.151 | 6.783 | 7.190 | 1,485 | 1,921 | 2,643 | 2,017 |
| S. Atlabtic | - 31.780 | 34.216 | 42,434 | 36.539 | 15,208 | 18.384 | 21,062 | 19.277 |
| Ky. | . 9,063 | 18.430 | 26,016 | 25.571 | 3.446 | 3.836 | 4.153 | 3.636 |
| Tonn. | . 6.438 | 7.909 | 10,894 | 12,453 | 2.550 | 3.751 | 4.299 | 3.483 |
| Ala. | : 7.124 | 4.592 | 6.952 | 8,688 | 971 | 2,107 | 2.183 | 2,236 |
| 4188. | : 9.175 | 8.008 | 17.033 | 15.911 | 1.469 | 3,017 | 3.237 | 2,465 |
| Ark. | 6.893 | 9,086 | 11,619 | 11.52? | 1,784 | 2,386 | 2,611 | 2.454 |
| Ln. | : 8,075 | 7.881 | 11.455 | 10,390 | 1,851 | 2.279 | 2,175 | 2,153 |
| Okla. | : 4,187 | 10,097 | 3.595 | 5.346 | 3.912 | 6.303 | 7.329 | 5.530 |
| Tex. | : 18.340 | 27.701 | 22.675 | 34,008 | 8.209 | 11.596 | 12.355 | 12.005 |
| S. Central | : 69,295 | 93.704 | 110,239 | 123.889 | 24,192 | 35,275 | 38.343 | 33.962 |
| Mont. | .. 3.510 | 2,162 | 2,139 | 2.302 | 2,019 | 2.815 | 3.583 | 3.150 |
| I daho | : 2.913 | 3,009 | 4.560 | 3.172 | 2,265 | 3.038 | 3.893 | 3.421 |
| \%o. | : 959 | 1.426 | 1,613 | 1,507 | 861 | 2.351 | 2,604 | 2.678 |
| Colo. | : 3.303 | 4.404 | 6,623 | 4.975 | 3.248 | 5.985 | 5.395 | 6,746 |
| N. Kex. | : 1,441 | 2.500 | 2.521 | 2.455 | 1,490 | 3.297 | 2.927 | 3.456 |
| Ariz. | : 3.593 | 4. 241 | 3.891 | 4,258 | 1,424 | 2.423 | 2.302 | 2,366 |
| Utah | : 667 | 1.109 | 1,295 | 1,194 | 1.732 | 2.571 | 3.371 | 3.034 |
| Nev. |  |  | 123 | 118 | 424 | 857 | 929 | 828 |
| \#ash. | : 6.046 | 5.433 | 4.822 | 3.351 | 4.128 | 4.580 | 5.646 | 5.098 |
| Oree. | : 1.589 | 1.562 | 2,151 | 1,277 | 2.918 | 3.376 | 3.937 | 3.844 |
| Calif. | : 15,375 | 16.682 | 16,803 | 14,494 | 12,485 | 14.703 | 16.941 | 17.130 |
| Testern | 40.457 | 42,603 | 46.541 | 39,193 | 32.994 | 45.996 | 51.528 | 51.751 |

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income } \sqrt{2} /: & 214,000 & 262,000 & 321,000 & 313,000 & 258,000 & 351,000 & 404,000 & 362,000\end{array}$

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estinates because it has been adjusted dowward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm product wich is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of orincioal farm products, by States, January-December, $1734-37$

U.S.cash income $1 / 2 / 2: 2,887,000 \quad 2,813,000 \quad 3,462,000 \quad 3,832,000 \quad 2,905.000 \quad 3.694,000 \quad 4,171,000 \quad 4,272,000$

[^31]Table 3.- Receipts from the sals of principal farr products, by States, December 1934-37


[^32]Table 4.- Government payments and reoeipts from the sale of principal farm products, inoluding Government payments, by States, Decomber 1936-37, and Jenuary-Deoember 1935-37

| State | Govermment payments |  |  |  |  | Total Inoluding Government payments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deoember |  | Jan.-Deo. |  |  | December |  | Jen.-Deo. |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1935 | 1936 | - 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1935 | 11936 | 81937 |
| 8 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| ( it |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. ........... | 108 | 160 | 3 | 184 | 408 | 6,657 | 2,922 | 33,324 | 50,479 | 53,568 |
| N. H. ......... | 28 | 54 | 39 | 50 | 139 | 1,308 | 1,299 | 16,601 | 16,918 | 18,047 |
| $V_{t}$. | 77 | 101 | 63 | 168 | 306 | 2,304 | 2,448 | 32,441 | 32,978 | 32,941 |
| Mass. ........: | 82 | 83 | 718 | 467 | 225 | 3,616 | 3,807 | 48,374 | 51,135 | 52,041 |
| R.I. ........: | --- | 9 | 5 | 1 | 26 | 480 | 514 | 7,270 | 8,069 | 7,817 |
| Conn. ........: | 69 | 36 | 1,101 | 761 | 393 | 3,553 | 4,241 | 40,439 | 42,556 | 45,131 |
| N. Y. .........: | 725 | 684 | 335 | 1,567 | 2,537 | 21,904 | 22,325 | 234,082 | 272,442 | 286,626 |
| N.J. ......... | 173 | 231 | 338 | 313 | 460 | 4,375 | 4,532 | 72,417 | 79,876 | 79,071 |
| Pa. ..........: | 747 | 664 | 1,663 | 2,427 | 2,443 | 18,499 | 17,361 | 212,916 | 229,052 | 259,863 |
| N. Atlantio | 2,009 | 2,022 | 4,265 | 5,938 | 6,937 | 61,696 | 59,449 | 697,864 | 783,505 | 835,105 |
| Chio | 1,194 | 104 | 15,210 | 8,004 | 8,814 | 27,590 | 22,460 | 277,681 | 291,644 | 320,903 |
| Ind. | 1,071 | 89 | 19,326 | 9,079 | 9,704 | 24,759 | 19,756 | 238,300 | 266,150 | 285,927 |
| I11. .........: | 1,899 | 152 | 34,010 | 16,369 | 15,393 | 44,346 | 33,322 | 378,146 | 453,059 | 472,579 |
| Kich. ........: | 318 | 101 | 6,149 | 2,557 | 7,025 | 18,126 | 15,855 | 172,105 | 198,769 | 228,521 |
| Wis. | 640 | 185 | 7,076 | 3,536 | 10,868 | 27,943 | 25,572 | 250,428 | 303,727 | 324,620 |
| E.N.Central | 5,122 | 631 | 81,771 | 39,545 | 51,804 | 142,764 | 116,965 | 1,316,660 | 1,513,349 | 1,632,550 |
| Minn. ...... | 783 | 195 | 19,958 | 9,204 | 17,497 | 34,113 | 32,739 | 277,627 | 345,062 | 347,871 |
| Iowa | 3,519 | 157 | 53,312 | 25,428 | 24,630 | 67,863 | 56,576 | 494,122 | 561,431 | 513,561 |
| Mo. | 873 | 171 | 23,397 | 11,214 | 13,298 | 23,729 | 20,130 | 244,601 | 281,458 | 271,223 |
| N. Dak. .......: | 2,298 | 903 | 17,443 | 12,379 | 21,210 | 8,222 | 7,330 | 93,093 | 94,297 | 118,302 |
| S. Dak. ...... | 1,637 | 99 | 17,300 | 9,786 | 15,015 | 8,650 | 7,247 | 92,910 | 103,972 | 98,852 |
| Nebr. | 1,797 | 177 | 33,355 | 17,294 | 17,468 | 24,814 | 18,510 | 239,728 | 270,972 | 251,910 |
| Kens. | 4,013 | 389 | 41,242 | 34,718 | 18,512 | 39,877 | 25,921 | 274,550 | 298,806 | 337,592 |
| W.N.Central | 14,820 | 2,091 | 206,007 | 120,023 | 127,630 | 207,168 | 168,453 | 1,716,631 | 1,935,988 | 1,934,311 |
| Del. .......... | 94 | 2 | 190 | 274 | 253 | 1,466 | 1,256 | 13,905 | 14,905 | 16,410 |
| Kd. . . . . . . . ... | 326 | 10 | 1,336 | 1,138 | 1,513 | 5,249 | 4,229 | 60,544 | 66,651 | 72,417 |
| Va........... | 205 | 41 | 4,344 | 1,656 | 3,350 | 10,711 | 9,289 | 100,927 | 103,208 | 108,143 |
| W. Va, ....... | 20 | 19 | 494 | 193 | 762 | 3,017 | 2,892 | 34,036 | 34,343 | 37,587 |
| N. C......... | 249 | 70 | 16,132 | 4,302 | 12,217 | 16,305 | 12,189 | 215,330 | 200,900 | 234,541 |
| S. C. ........: | 132 | 53 | 9,086 | 3,584 | 7,581 | 8,514 | 7,283 | 96,257 | 100,262 | 100,366 |
| Ga. ........... : | 1,346 | 223 | 12,614 | 6,787 | 10,030 | 11,180 | 9,889 | 123,397 | 145,186 | 140,476 |
| Fla. | 169 | 156 | 1,934 | 828 | 1,310 | 9,595 | 9,363 | 90,197 | 99,681 | 123,598 |
| S. Atlantio | 2,541 | 574 | 46,130 | 18,762 | 37,016 | 66,037 | 68,590 | 734,593 | 765,136 | 833,538 |
| Ky. ...........: | 588 | 168 | 15,292 | 4,508 | 11,160 | 30,757 | 29,575 | 131,969 | 123,977 | 158,878 |
| Tenn. ......... | 360 | 110 | 9,772 | 3,716 | 8,392 | 15,563 | 16,046 | 107,930 | 112,533 | 130,395 |
| Ala........... | 548 | 105 | 11,418 | 6,546 | 10,086 | 9,683 | 11,029 | 108,026 | 116,829 | 132,857 |
| Miss......... | 593 | 53 | 15,346 | 7,164 | 10,467 | 20,863 | 18,429 | 130,348 | 183,357 | 163,656 |
| Ark. ........... | 28 | 54 | 17,300 | 5,261 | 10,431 | 14,258 | 14,030 | 116,483 | 137,641 | 136,538 |
| La............ | 330 | 39 | 20,604 | 5,384 | 7,179 | 13,961 | 12,582 | 118,270 | 117,349 | 117,150 |
| Okla. | 598 | 55 | 27,520 | 13,549 | 14,665 | 11,522 | 10,931 | 167,998 | 144,217 | 176,583 |
| Tex. | 1,830 | 220 | 68,563 | 27,205 | 36,010 | 36,860 | 46,233 | 417,845 | 439;041 | 534, 819 |
| S.Central | 4,875 | 804 | 185,815 | 73, 333 | 108,390 | 153,457 | 158,655 | 1,298,869 | 1,374,944 | 1,550,876 |
| Mont. . . . ...... | 1,321 | 567 | 9,656 | 5,784 | 8,084 | 7,043 | 6,019 | 100,545 | 81,034 | 86,242 |
| Idaho ........ | 1,003 | - 95 | 6,740 | 3,531 | 3,610 | 9,456 | 6,688 | 78,654 | 87,570 | 104,090 |
| Wyo. ......... | 265 | 49 | 2,526 | 1,018 | 1,307 | 4,482 | 4,334 | 42,683 | 46,044 | 53,096 |
| Colo. ........ | 1,096 | 201 | 11,788 | 4,664 | 4,974 | 13,114 | 11,922 | 105,911 | 123,704 | 145,550 |
| N. Mex. ...... | 489 | 144 | 2,370 | 1,185 | 3,067 | 5,937 | 6,055 | 38,160 | 45,713 | 51,382 |
| Ariz. ........: | 5 | 59 | 1,335 | 376 | 1,193 | 6,198 | 6,683 | 49,953 | 43,591 | 51,561 |
| Utah .......... | 455 | 64 | 3,240 | 1,142 | 994 | 5,121 | 4,282 | 35,707 | 40,697 | 45,115 |
| Nev. . . . . . ..... | 9 | 4 | 95 | 44 | 188 | 1,061 | 950 | 10,383 | 11,311 | 12,687 |
| Wash. ........ | 794 | 294 | 9,125 | 5,526 | 3,246 | 11,262 | 8,743 | 138,794 | 136,722 | 153,047 |
| Creg. ........ | 652 | 148 | 3,573 | 2,815 | 2,503 | 6,740 | 5,269 | 81,823 | 87,628 | 102,494 |
| Calif. ....... | 566 | 430 | 8,562 | 3,476 | 5,966 | 34,310 | 32,054 | 492,446 | 549,964 | 592,887 |
| Western ..... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,655 | 2,055 | 59,010 | 29,561 | 35,132 | 104.724 | 92,999 | 1,175,059 | 1,252,978 | 1,398,151 |
| U. S.oash $\begin{aligned} & \text { income 1/26: }\end{aligned}$ | 36,000 | 8,000 | 583,000 | 287,000 | 367,000 | 761,000 | 683,000 | 7,090,000 | 7,920,000 | 8,521,000 |

[^33] Burecu of Agricultural Fconomiles Washington

RECEIPMS FROM THE SATE OE DRINGJEL FIRII FRODUCIS AND GOVERMMMTT
FAIVMNS, BY STATHS, FOR JMTJAP 1938, MITH COMPAFISONS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in January were lower than a year earlier in four of the six major geogrephical divisions of the country, it wes leported today by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

The West North Central and South Central States were the only two sections of the country to recora small increases in receipts from sales this January over a year earlier. In each of the other four regions, the January receirts were lower than in 1937, the decreases ranging from 3 percent in the North Atlantic States to 10 percent in the "iestern States. In the West North Central States receipts from sales were 8 percent larger this Jinuary and in the South Central States receints we"e 3 porcent larger.

Govemnent payments to fammers in January 1933 totaled 17 million dollars compered with 43 villion dollers in January 1937. The decrease in Government payments corpletely ofrset the gains in receipts from sales for the West irorth Central and South Central States, so that total income, inclucing Government payments, for these two regions was no larger this January than a year earlier. The smaller Covornment payments further reduced January receipts compared with a year ago, in each of the other ragions, particularly the South Atlantic States.

As reported but the Burecu on February 24, cash incore from all farm marketings for the United States as a whole, in January, totaled ;603 million dollars, end was 5 percent below, the 638 million dollars received in January 1937. Totrl cash farm incoms from riaricetings and Government payments in January was 9 percent Ioss than in Jannery 1937. Although the State estimutes oi reccipts are vased on the marietings of only? 3 of the more important farm products, they reflect the natior-wide decrease in the January cash from income. In past years the receipts from marketings of the 33 principal farm products measured approximately 90 percent of the annual United States cash income from all farm products.

The ancompanying chart shows the receipts from sales of principal f'arm products for each month during the past 3 yoars. The decrease in the Jaruary income compared with that received in December was slightly ereatcr than usual in the West Nowth Central and South Central States. Compared with Tanuary 1937, the decline was attributed to the lower income from crops, as prices of most crops were considerably below last
FARM PRODUCTS, * PINCIPAL $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ THE SALE
BY REGIONS

DOLLARS (SNOIר누)
으 으 ㅇ
0
200
200
150
100
50

APR. JULY
APR.
MENT TO FARMERS
NEG. 29566

year's level. The largest decrace in income from crops occurred in the Western States where income from fruits, vegetables and erains wore markedly lower than in January of last voer. Smaller receipts froin grain and potatoes affected the income in the North Atlantic and East North Central States. In the "est North Central States, marketings of erains this January were luger than the vury small marketings of a year ago, and helpod to keep incoue above last year's level in a number of the States. The decrease in income from crops in the South Atlantic States was largely aue to smaller receipts from citrus fruits and truck crops.

In the South Central States receipts from sules of cotton and froin Government cotton loans tot loc highor for the region as a whole this January nd supported the reqion's income slightly above last year's level. A number of the South Centrsl States, hovever, showed a smaller incone from marketines this Janury thon last.

Receipts from sales of livestosk and livestock products in January were about the samo as in January 1937 for most of the regions except in the West North Centril Statos where they were somewhat highor and in the East Worth Central Stats where a slight reduction occurred. Gains in income from the larger marketings of hogs and dairy products more than offset the lower income from other livestock items in each of the regions except the East North Central States.

## RECEIPMS BY REGIONS DURING JANUARY

North Atlantic States
While the North fitlentic States as a group showed a 3 percent decline in receipts from sules of principsl ferm products, the decline was largely due to the sharp decrease in income in Maine this January compured with a year earlier. The rauch lower prices received for potatous reduced the income in Maine to almost one-half what it was in January 1937. In most of the other Statos of this region, receipts from sales of farm procucts and from Goverment payments were larger than in January of last year.

## East North Central States

Smaller receipts from wheat and potatoes as well as from all meat animals othor than hogs brought a decline in income in each of the East IVorth Central States. Government payments were also smaller this January so that total cash farm income was reduced by percentages ranging from 5 percont in Indiana to 17 percent in Ohio. The East North Central States as a group showed a 9 nercent decrease in total cash receipts below January 1937.

## West North Central St,ates

Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas had smaller farm incomes this January as a result of smaller receipts from wheat and from cattle. In each of the other West North Central States the larger srain and hog markotings naintained income above that of Janixary 1937.

## South Atlantic Statos

North Carolina was the only South Atlantic State to rocord an increase in receints from farm markotings this January, as laraor marietinzs of tobacco and cotton more then offset the lower prices. In each of the othor South Atlantic States receicts from salos wore bolov thoso of Jenuary last year, reflecting the lower incones received from citmus fruits, cotton and vagotables. Sraller Govornmant payments, comvared with January 1937, accentuated the declines in income and resulted in 3.17 porcent decrease in total receipts from salfs and from Government parm?nts for the ontire region.

## South Central States

Govarnment lozns on cotton, as woll as largor markstines in Alabama, Oklahoma and Texas mointainod tho incomo fom farm maratings in the South Central States abovo tho Januarv 1337 lovel. In tho othre Statos of this resion, lower prices of cotton mors than offset larsar markotines. In Kentucky, receipts from tobacio wre loss than in january of last year. Tho South Contral States as a group showod a 3 porent increaso in rocoints from sales, but this increase was offset by tho smallor pavments to farmers under the Agricultiral Consarvation prosram.

## Westorn States

Total recoipts from sales of princioal farm products and from Govarnmont Daymonts in the Westorn States wora 11 porcent loss than in January 1937. Wyomine, Arizona, Novada, and Oragon ware tho only Statos to record niahor incomos this January, princivally as a result of lareor receipts from meat animals. In various othor States in this region, the marked declines in incom'e from crops more than offset the larepr receipts from livostock and livostock products.

Estimatos of roceipts from sales of principal farm products and Govomment parments by States in January of this yose, with comrarisons in earlior ypars, are shown in the accompanying two tables.

Table l.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January 1935-38

| State |  | Crops |  |  |  | Livestork and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. |  |  |  |  | : Jan. |  |  |  |
|  | : | 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | : 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 | 1938 |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| lie. |  | 1,255 | 1,945 | 4,916 | 1,681 | 1,307 | 1,653 | 1,556 | 1,593 |
| N. H. |  | 118 | 79 | 202 | 100 | 888 | 1,062 | 986 | 1,149 |
| Vt. |  | 95 | 61 | 90 | 76 | 2,119 | 2,353 | 2,263 | 2,569 |
| Mass. |  | 433 | 702 | 618 | 695 | 2,529 | 2,784 | 2,664 | 3,084 |
| R. I. |  | 10 | 41 | 14 | 20 | 411 | 456 | 465 | 483 |
| Conr. |  | 1,439 | 1,264 | 1,831 | 1,798 | 2,076 | 1,965 | 2,105 | 2,337 |
| N. Y. |  | 4,753 | 3,293 | 5,067 | 4,650 | 12,760 | 16,164 | 16,730 | 17,538 |
| N. J. |  | 378 | 451 | 543 | 641 | 3,041 | 3,151 | 3,775 | 3,574 |
| Pa . |  | 2,568 | 3,470 | 5,392 | 4,550 | 10,980 | 11,86? | 14,112 | 14,697 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 11,049 | 11,306 | 18,673 | 14,221 | 36,111 | 41,465 | 44,656 | 47,024 |
| Ohio |  | 3,647 | 5,089 | 6,788 | 5,017 | 16,590 | 18,586 | 20,367 | 18,245 |
| Ind. |  | 2,525 | 3,216 | 4,230 | 4,311 | 14,429 | 14,987 | 15,665 | 15,554 |
| Ill. |  | 3,029 | 5,846 | 10,583 | 10,230 | 25,206 | 27,098 | 28,344 | 27,107 |
| 1:ich. |  | 2,845 | 3,103 | 5,194 | 4,176 | 8,832 | 9,627 | 11,287 | 11,395 |
| "is. |  | 1,531 | 2,223 | 3,108 | 2,477 | 16,861 | 20,193 | 21,991 | 22,077 |
| E. N. Central |  | 13,577 | 19,477 | 29,903 | 26,211 | 81,918 | 90,491 | 97,654 | 94,378 |
| Minn. |  | 1,518 | 2,633 | 4,588 | 4,213 | 15,998 | 19,999 | 21,117 | 22,913 |
| Iowa |  | 1,408 | 2,244 | 3,737 | 6,681 | 35,556 | 37,938 | 36,032 | 45,64.2 |
| No. |  | 1,031 | 1,598 | 2,807 | 2,953 | 11,803 | 17,776 | 14,895 | 13,890 |
| N. Dak. |  | 474 | 1,745 | 1,062 | 1,653 | 1,614 | 2,848 | 2,120 | 2,492 |
| S. Dak. |  | 300 | 1,796 | 452 | 908 | 3,516 | 5,870 | 4,470 | 6,165 |
| Nebr. |  | 1,274 | 3,021 | 3,618 | 1,991 | 13,752 | 18,214 | 14,646 | 14,591 |
| Kans. |  | 3,107 | 3,063 | 6,914 | 5,179 | 14,410 | 14,248 | 15,290 | 13,517 |
| \%1. N. Central |  | 9,112 | 16,100 | 23,178 | 23,578 | 96,649 | 116,893 | 108,570 | 119,210 |
| Del. |  | 219 | 226 | 337 | 215 | 489 | 465 | 569 | 618 |
| Md. |  | 333 | 523 | 933 | 750 | 2,117 | 2,295 | 2,657 | 2,806 |
| Va. |  | 4,152 | 3,815 | 6,091 | 5,205 | 2,456 | 3,131 | 3,476 | 3,746 |
| W. Va. |  | 363 | 394 | 538 | 569 | 1,515 | 2,062 | 2,086 | 1,635 |
| N. C. |  | 4,373 | 8,426 | 6,666 | 7,491 | 1,606 | 1,852 | 1,796 | 1,971 |
| S. C. |  | 2,698 | 3,822 | 3,209 | 2,429 | 786 | 725 | 803 | 1,057 |
| Ga. |  | 3,946 | 4,092 | 4,574 | 3,619 | 2,373 | 2,572 | 2,674 | 2,432 |
| Fla. |  | 8,196 | 8,970 | 11,218 | 9,112 | 1,639 | 1,373 | 1,541 | 1,489 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 24,280 | 30, 268 | 33,566 | 29,390 | 12,981 | 14,475 | 15,602 | 15,754 |
| Ky. |  | 22,833 | 14,190 | 31,907 | 30,425 | 3,376 | 4,431 | 3,944 | 3,898 |
| Tenn. |  | 5,828 | 5,579 | 11,695 | 11,930 | 2,524 | 4,334 | 5,147 | 3,904 |
| Ala. |  | 3,428 | 6,514 | 3,564 | 4,125 | 1,304 | 1,753 | 1,843 | 2,076 |
| Mss. |  | 5,324 | 4,268 | 10,246 | 8,747 | 1,047 | 1,700 | 1,757 | 2,996 |
| Ark. |  | 3,551 | 3,675 | 7,685 | 6,385 | 1,742 | 2,311 | 2,268 | 2,930 |
| La. |  | 7,013 | 2,518 | 6,356 | 6,243 | 1,876 | 1,032 | 889 | 2,219 |
| Okla. |  | 3,157 | 6,181 | 1,641 | 2,840 | 5,841 | 6,241 | 6,322 | 5,931 |
| Tex. |  | 8,976 | 17,931 | 13,245 | 18,043 | 8,948 | 10,348 | 10,560 | 9,901 |
| S. Central |  | 60,110 | 60,856 | 96,339 | 88,738 | 26,658 | 32,150 | 32,730 | 33,855 |
| Nont. |  | 386 | 1,174 | 764 | 556 | 2,021 | 2,958 | 2,830 | 2,412 |
| Idaho |  | 2,136 | 1,933 | 3,493 | 1,944 | 2,107 | 2,815 | 3,011 | 2,988 |
| "iyo. |  | 283 | 392 | 426 | 426 | 1,095 | 1,078 | 1,252 | 1,613 |
| colo. |  | 800 | 1,515 | 3,-12 | 1,829 | 4,203 | 5,486 | 5,329 | 5,962 |
| N. Mex. |  | ¢82 | 1,739 | 1,334 | 1,678 | 1,399 | 2,418 | 2,331 | 1,652 |
| Ariz. |  | 5,540 | 3,578 | 2,752 | 3,684 | 1,436 | 1,409 | 1,414 | 2,014 |
| Utah |  | 261 | 320 | 371 | 272 | 1,412 | 1,953 | 2,492 | 2,418 |
| Nev. |  | 59 | 69 | 104 | 64 | 624 | 555 | 629 | 949 |
| Mash. |  | 4,140 | 2,984 | 4,199 | 2,697 | 2,845 | 4,190 | 4,725 | 4,676 |
| Oreg. |  | 1,423 | 944 | 1,496 | 1,010 | 2,868 | 3,070 | 3,350 | 3,915 |
| Calif. |  | 16,148 | 10,375 | 17,992 | 13,414 | 12,165 | 11,993 | 14,406 | 13,916 |
| Western |  | 32,258 | 25,023 | 36,443 | 27,574 | 33,175 | 37,925 | 41,769 | 42,515 |

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { U. S. crsh income } 1 / \cdot: & 178,000 & 201,000 & 279,000 & 247,000 & 275,000 & 349,000 & 359,000 & 356,000\end{array}$

## $1 /$

'Ihe estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been gdjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes incone from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Racelpts from the sale of principal iam products and Government paymente, by States, Jamary 1935-38

| State | Racolpts from the sale of prinelpel fesm oroductas |  |  |  | Government paymente |  |  | Total including Goverzurn |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jampary |  |  |  | Januery |  |  | [ Ifmery |  |  |
|  | - 1935 | 1935 | 1937 | 1938 | -1936: | 1937 | 1938 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | collars | dollarg | dollase | ¢011ars | dollese | 101? | doll 258 | doLI290 | dollare |
| Le. | . 2,562 | 3.608 | 6,472 | 3,274 |  | 107 | 210 | 3,60\% | 6.579 | 3,484 |
| \$. E . | 1,006 | 1,141 | 1.283 | 1,249 |  | 34 | 67 | 1,141 | 1,222 | 1,316 |
| Vt. | 2,214 | 2,414 | 2,353 | 2,645 |  | 93 | 201 | 2, 124 | 2. $3^{4}{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 2,846 |
| Mase. | 2,962 | 3.486 | $3.28{ }^{2}$ | 3.779 | 2 | 58 | 112 | 3.458 | 3.340 | 3,891 |
| R.I. | 421 | 497 | 479 | 503 |  | - | - | 497 | 479 | 511 |
| Conn. | 3,515 | 5,229 | 3.936 | 4,253 | 3 | 76 | 63 | 3.232 | 4,012 | 4,198 |
| H.T. | 17.513 | 29,451 | 21.797 | 22,188 |  | 862 | 916 | 19,457 | 22,659 | 23,104 |
| サ.J. | 3,419 | 3.502 | 4.318 | 4,215 |  | 160 | 391 | 3,602 | 4.475 | 4,606 |
| Pa. | : 13.548 | 15, 337 | 12.504 | 12.257 | 2 | 918 | 985 | 15,359 | 20.422 | 20, 242 |
| $\mathbb{N}_{\text {c }}$ At | 47.160 | 52,711 | 63.329 | 61.245 | 7 | 2.308 | 2.953 | 52,778 | 65,637 | 64,198 |
| Ohio | 20,237 | 23,675 | 27.155 | 23,262 | 9 | 1.071 | 169 | 23,684 | 28,226 | 23,431 |
| Ind. | 16,954 | 18,203 | 15.595 | 19,865 | 1 | 1.397 | 441 | 28, 204 | 21,292 | 20,306 |
| I11. | . 28,235 | 32,944 | 38,927 | 37,337 | 6 | 2,612 | 436 | 32,950 | 41,539 | 37.773 |
| Mich. | . 11.677 | 12,730 | 16,481 | 15,571 |  | 751 | 182 | 12,730 | 17,232 | 15.753 |
| 戉s. | : 18.392 | 22,426 | 25.099 | 24.554 | 12 | 1,193 | 72 | 22,428 | 26.292 | 24,626 |
| E. N. Cent | 95,495 | 109,968 | 127.557 | 120.589 | 28 | 7.024 | 1.300 | 109.996 | 134,581 | 121.889 |
| Minn. | . 17.516 | 22,632 | 25,705 | 27,126 | 2 | 1,399 | 185 | 22,634 | 27,104 | 27.311 |
| Iowa | . 36,964 | 40,182 | 39.769 | 52,323 | -11 | 3,528 | 422 | 40,171 | 43.297 | 52,745 |
| Mo. | : 12,834 | 19:374 | 17.702 | 16,843 | 75 | 815 | 377 | 19.449 | 18,517 | 17.220 |
| N. Dak. | 2,088 | 4.593 | 3,182 | 4.145 | 13 | 3,058 | 2,364 | 4,606 | 6,240 | 6,509 |
| S. Dak. | 3.816 | 7.666 | 4,922 | 7.073 | 9 | 2,301 | 577 | 7.675 | 7.223 | 7.650 |
| Nebr. | - 15,026 | 21,235 | 18,264 | 16,582 | 6 | 2,769 | 146 | 21,241 | 21,033 | 16,728 |
| Eens. | 17.517 | 17.31 | 22, 204 | 18,696 | 17 | 2,996 | 2,018 | 17.328 | 25,200 | 20,714 |
| W. N. Central | :105,761 | 132.993 | 131.748 | 142,788 | 111 | 16,866 | 6,089 | 133.104 | 258.614 | 148.877 |
| Del. | -708 |  | 906 | 833 |  | 45 | E | 591 | 951 | 835 |
| ya. | 2,450 | 2,818 | 3,590 | 3,556 | 2 | 94 | 4 | 2,820 | 3,684 | 3.560 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{A}$. | 6,608 | 6.946 | 9,567 | 8,951 | 3 | 182 | 33 | 6,949 | 9.749 | 8,984 |
| T. Va. | 1,878 | 2,456 | 2,624 | 2,204 |  | 33 | 12 | 2,456 | 2,657 | 2,215 |
| N.C. | 5.979 | 10,278 | 8,462 | 9.462 | 90 | 382 | 55 | 10,368 | 8,844 | 9.517 |
| S.C. | 3,484 | 4,547 | 4,012 | 3,486 |  | 1,319 | 33 | 4,547 | 5,331 | 3. 519 |
| Ge. | 6,319 | 6,664 | 7,248 | 6,051 | 26 | 3,272 | 204 | 6,690 | 10,520 | 6,255 |
| Fla | 9.835 | 10.243 | 12.759 | 10,601 |  | 183 | 15 | 10.343 | 12.942 | 10,616 |
| S.Atlantic | 37.262 | 44.743 | 49.168 | 45,144 | 121 | 5.51\% | 52. | 44,304 | 51.678 | 45.501 |
| By . | - 26,209 | 18,621 | 35,851 | 34,323 | 39 | 1,174 | 50 | 18,660 | 37,025 | 34,373 |
| Tenn. | - 8,352 | 9.913 | 16,842 | 15,834 | 22 | 408 | 56 | 9.935 | 17,250 | 15,890 |
| Ala. | 4,732 | 8,267 | 5,407 | 6,201 | 96 | 1,486 | 93 | 8,363 | 5,893 | 6,294 |
| Miss. | .: 6,31 | 5,968 | 12,003 | 11,743 | 16 | 884 | 73 | 5,984 | 12,887 | 12,452 |
| ATH. | . 5,293 | 5.986 | 9.953 | 9.375 | 81 | 235 | 577 | 6,067 | 10, 188 | 9.892 |
| La. | 8,889 | 3.550 | 7.245 | 8.462 | 63 | 513 | 27 | 3.613 | 7.756 | 8,489 |
| okla. | 8.998 | 12,42? | 7.963 | 8,711 | 104 | 1,25? | 69 | 12,516 | 9.025 | 8,840 |
| Tex. | 17,924 | 28.579 | 23, 805 | 27.944 | 349 | L | 608 | 28.628 | 85 313 | 20,642 |
| S. Central | 86, 158 | $3^{7}, 06$ | 199,069 | 123,583 | $88^{8}$ | 21 | $5{ }^{5}$ | 43.86 | 1ct, 1 ? | 125,882 |
| Mont. | 2,907 | L. 21.72 | 3,594 | 2,963 | 8 | 1.4\% $=$ | 55 | 4.140 | 2, $\mathrm{L}^{\text {a }}$ | 3.783 |
| Idaho | . 4,243 | 4,748 | 6,504 | 4,932 | 8 | 350 | 33 | -. 756 | 6,084 | 4,970 |
| Tro. | .: 1.378 | 1,470 | 1,678 | 2,039 |  | 208 | 73 | 1,47C | 1,586 | 2,112 |
| Colo. | . 5,003 | 7,001 | 8,841 | 7.79. | 4 | $\omega \cdot 5$ | 325 | 7.005 | 3287 | 8,106 |
| N. Mex. | . 1,981 | 4,15? | 3,065 | 3.330 | 21 | 34. | 96 | 4,178 | 4,003 | 3,426 |
| Ariz. | .: 6,976 | 4,987 | 4,166 | 5.698 | 8 | 252 | 116 | 4,995 | 4,418 | 5.814 |
| Utah | . 1.673 | 2,273 | 2,863 | 2,690 | 2 | 208 | 157 | 2,275 | 3.071 | 2,847 |
| Nev. | . 683 | 624 | 733 | 1,013 |  | 57 | 11 | 624 | 790 | 1,024 |
| Wesh. | . 7,985 | 7,174 | 8,924 | 7. 373 | 16 | 272 | 402 | 7.190 | 9,196 | 7.775 |
| Oreg. | . 4,291 | 4,014 | 4,846 | 4.925 | 13 | 199 | 484 | 4,027 | 5.045 | 5,409 |
| Calle. | : 28,313 | 22,368 | 32.398 | 27.330 | - 8 | 475 | 648 | 22,360 | 32.873 | 27.978 |
| Hestern | 65,433 | 62,948 | -78,212 | 70.089 | 72 | 42268 | 3.155 | 63.020 | 82.480 | 73.244 |
| U.S.cash incom | $\therefore 453,000$ | 550,000 | 638,000 | 603,000 | 1,000 | 43,000 | 17,000 | 551,000 | 681,000 | 620,000 |

1 The estimated United States cash Income is not equal to the anm of the State estimates because it has been adJusted downard for interstato malo of livestock, and includes income frce some farm products which is not distributed by States.

RECEIPTS FRCM THE SALE (F PRITNC IEAU FARMGRRODSCT AND GCVERNMENT PAYMENTS BY STATES, FORS, NARCH 1938, WITHC MMPARISCNS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in March were lower than for the corresponding month of last veur in five ef tife ix major geographical divisions of the country, it was reported today by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. A 6-percent increasc over March 1937 in the South Central States was the only increase in receipts from farm marketings reported for any major geographicel division. In the other five regions, decreases rarged from 3 percent in the North Atlantic and the West Nerth Central States to 23 porcent in the Westorn States.

Government payments to farmors totalod $660,000,000$ in March compared with $\$ 112,000,000$ in Narch 1937. Only in the North Atlantic Stat, E dia Government payments increase over March of last year. In the South Central States, Goverrment payments in March were suificiently below March of last year to more than offset the increase in receipts fron farm marketings. Total cash income in the other four regions was further reducec by the smaller fovernment payments received this Merch.

Cash income from firm marketings for the entire United States, as reported April 22, cmountod to $\$ 512,000,000$ in March ond was 14 percent belcw the $\$ 596,000,000$ received in March last year. Cash income including Government payments in March was 19 percent below the sume month last year.

Lowor prices recsived from crops during Wrah more than of feet the increased volume of marketings. As a result, receints from crop sales in the six major geographical divisions wore smaller then $\varepsilon_{0}$ year earlior by amounts ranging from 1 percent in the South Centrel States to 41 percent in the Western States.

In March receipts from soles of livestcck and livestock products were higher than in March 1937 in three of the major geograpricel divisions and lower in the other threo rcgions. Increases in the North fitlentic, South Atlantic and South Central States were 4 percent, 15 percent, and 14 percent, respectively. Decreases of 14 percent in the East North Central Statos, 1 percent in the West North Central States and 6 percent in the Westurn States wore reported.

> Irst Quarter Receipts Lower

Receipte from the sele of principal form products in the first quarter of this year were 10 percert belcw the san:e 3 months of 1937. Reducticns occurred in four of the six major goographicul divisions. In the West North Central and the Scuth Contral States gains of 3 percent and 2 percent, respectively, were reported. In the other four regions the reductions in receipts from farm marletings ranged from 4 percent in the North Atlantic States to 17 purcent in the Wostern States.

Gcvernment paymerts were 48 percent belo:r the first quarter cf last year and were lower in all the major regions excopt the North Atlantic States. Farmers in all States of the North Atlantic Eroup, except Rhodo Island and Connecticut, recoived larger Government payments than last ycar. The only cthor States for which larger Govornment payments were reported tris yesr were Delaware, firkansas, Oregon and California.

The accompanying map shows for cach Stat: the perceritage of change in cash receipts from the sale of principsl farm products and Government payments for the

first quarter of 1938 as compared with tre corresponding pericd of 1937. Total cash income, including Government payments, in ife first quarter of this year was higher than a year earlier in 12 States. Decreases ir incone, ranging from 1 to 41 percent, were largest in Maine, Scuth Crroling, Coorgia amd Idaho.

Reduced income from potatous is refiected in the 50-purcent lower income from crops in Maine and was a major contributing fectcr in the smiller income from orop sales in such Stades as Pennsylrania, New York, Wisccnsin, and Idaho whero potatoes contribute a relative large part of the totul crop income i.t thic suason of the year. Lower reccipts from octton crid cottonseed marketings wns the most important factor in the reducod inccme from crops in the eastern cotton producing States. In Cklahoma, Texas, anci Arizona, cotton marketings in the first quarter of 1938 whre sufficiently abova lnst year's roletively small merkotings to more than offset the lower prices.

The lerger income frem sales of cattle was an importent factor in increasing farm receipts in Arizona and Novada where receipts from livestcck during the firct 3 months of this yoar showeci incrunses of 43 and 58 percent, respectively, over last year. Increased income fron sales of whole milk has been n large factor in sustaining income in the rore importart Eastern drimy States.

Cosh Feceipts by Hogicns, January through March
North Atlantic $\frac{\text { States }}{\text { A } 24-p e r c e n t ~ d e c r e a s e ~ i n ~ J a n u a r y ~ t o ~ M a r c h ~ r e c e i p t s ~ f r o m ~ c r o p ~ s a l e s ~ i n ~ t h e ~}$ North Atlantic States more than offset the J-percent increuse in roceipts from marketings of livestock snd livistock products. As a result, totnl income from farm marketings in this reçion drcpped 4 percert below that of the first quarter of last year. A smaller income frcin potatoes largaly acoounted for most of the decline in receipts from crops. Increased rarketines of hogs and dairy products during the quarter offset the lower prices and were largely responsible for the increased receipts from sales of livestcok and livesticck products.

East North Central $\frac{\text { States }}{\text { In }}$ the East the first quarter of 1938 wns 15 pon, tal year. Receipts from crop sales, divestock marketings, and (fovernment payments were below the same months last year in all States of this region. A smaller income from wheat, potatocs and otiner grajns, becanso of lower-prices, resulted in receipts from crop sales 20 porcent below last year. The 8 -percent smaller income from sules of livestock and livestock products the first quarter of this year rosulted from smaller receipts from marketings of meat animals, poultry, and eggs. The greatest reduction ocurred in receipts from hogs and cattle.

West North $\frac{\text { Cartral }}{\text { Increased receipts }}$
Increased roceipts fror sales of cettle and dairy products the first quarter of this year raised total recuipts fron livostock und livestock products in the West North Central States 5 percert above the sam puriod last yoar. This increose was partially offset by a 5 -percont doeresc in reoupts from crop salcs, resulting in total cash income from all firm markotingr 3 proent above the same months of 1937. In Iowa and North and South Dekcta, incrensed marketirgs of grains more then offset lowor prices, and resulted in larger recej.pts from sales of crops in the first quarter of this year. In spite cf lower prices for livestock and livestock products, all States but Missouri and Kansa showed increused returns from marketings of these commodities, due mostly to increased returns from cattle and dairy products.

South Atlantic States
Receipts from all farm marketings in the first quarter of 1928 were 10 percent below the same months of 1937 in the South Atlantic States. A 6-percent increase in income from livestock sales, as a result of larger receipts from sales of dairy products and hogs was more than offset by the l7-percent smaller receipts from crops. Income from sales of cotton and cottonseed, citrus fruit, and truck crops was below last year, and triese commodities accounted for most of the reduction income from crop sales. Increased inccme frcm tobacec sales was the most important factor in the 17 -percent increase. from crop sales in West Virginia and in bringing the income from crop sales in North Carolina to within 2 percent of that for the first quarter last year. Cesh income from farm marketings and Governmint payments in the region as a whole this year was 20 percent below the first quartor of last year.

South Central States
Total receipts from sales of principal farm products and Government payments in the South Centrel States were 7 percent below the first quarter of 1937. Receipts frcm farm marketings in the first quarter of 1938 were 2 percent above the same months of last year. In this region, however, a lpercent decrease in crop siles, due mainly to lower income from cotton and truck crops, was more than offset by an increase in income from hogs, cattle, and deiry prcducts.

Western States
Income from seles of crops in the Western States in the first quarter of this year was 36 percent below the same 3 months of 1937. This, accompanied by a l-percent decrease in receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products, brought the total cash income from sales of major agricultural products to 17 percent belcw that of last year. As Goverrment payments also were smaller, total cash income, including Government payments, was 18 percent belcw the same 3 months of last yeur. Smaller receipts from sales of potatces, citrus fruits, truck crops, and wheat in the Pacific States, wheat and potatces in Idaho, and wheat in the other Mountain States accounted for most of the decrease in income from farm marketings.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for March, and January through March 1938, together with comparative figures for earlier years.

## Table 1.- Receipts from the ale of principal farm products, by States, March 1935-38


$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}\text { U. S. oash income } 1 / \ldots: & 156,000 & 179,000 & 237,000 & 189,000 & 283,000 & 326,000 & 359,000 & 323,000\end{array}$

[^34]Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm producte, by States, January-March, 1935-38

| State |  | Crops |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January-March |  |  |  | January-liarch |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | - 1936 | : 1537 | : 1938 | - 1935 | : 1936 | 1937 | 1938 |
| : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars |
| Ko. .................: | 3.793 | 8.793 | 15.343 | 6,793 | 4,220 | 5,293 | 4,921 | 4,987 |
| N.E. ............... | 331 | . 319 | - 623 | 330 | 2.952 | 3:603 | 3,254 | 3.400 |
| Vt. ................. | 340 | 372 | 467 | 318 | 6,639 | 7.608 | 7.153 | 7.850 |
| Hasв. ............... | 1.249 | 2.024 | 1.923 | 1,980 | 7.914 | 9.230 | 8.317 | 9.467 |
| R.I. | 34 | 152 | 47 | 57 | 1,284 | 1,464 | 1,448 | 1,484 |
| Conn. | 4.337 | 4.178 | 5,484 | 5.508 | 6,190 | 6.500 | 6,845 | 7.093 |
| \%.T. ............... | 12,917? | 11,948 | 15,231 | 13.922 | 39.782 | 49,187 | 49.842 | 51,142 |
| N.J. | 1,042 | 1,298 | 1,684 | 1,719 | 9.708 | 10,158 | 11,425 | 11,043 |
| Pa. | 8.851 | 11.870 | 16,927 | 13.054 | 35.313 | 34,993 | 40,275 | 44,103 |
| M. Atlantic | 32,875 | 40.954 | 57.729 | 43,681 | 114.002 | 128,036 | 133.480 | 140,569 |
| Ohlo ................: | 10.524 | 13.665 | 18,046 | 11,661 | 46.706 | 49.451 | 58,351 | 51.381 |
| Ind. ................ | 6,812 | 9.235 | 11,885 | 10,720 | 41,447 | 45.539 | 51,096 | 43.828 |
| 111. ............... | 9.307 | 23.518 | 28,108 | 26.835 | 66,669 | 71.499 | 79.272 | 73.147 |
| Mich. ...............: | 8.335 | 9,837 | 17.169 | 11.518 | 25.539 | 27.851 | 32.766 | 31,820 |
| W18. | 4,607 | 6,527 | 9.363 | 6,918 | 49.223 | 58,287 | 65,512 | 63.563 |
| E.N.Central | 39.585 | 62,784 | 84.571 | 67.652 | 229.584 | 252,627 | 286.997 | 263.739 |
| Minn. ..............: | 6.308 | 10.146 | 13.791 | 13.032 | 47.787 | 59.386 | 63.286 | 64.862 |
| Iowa ................ | 5.619 | 7.286 | 9.871 | 17.284 | 97.022 | 98,833 | 101.931 | 113.904 |
| Mo. | 2.544 | 4.274 | 7.109 | 6.754 | 35.553 | 43.029 | 38,923 | 38,041 |
| N. Dak. ............ | 2,218 | 7.144 | 4.052 | 5,252 | 5.252 | 6.798 | 5.558 | 6.772 |
| S. Dak. ............ | 675 | 5.233 | 1,316 | 2.193 | 10,090 | 14.535 | 11,416 | 15.101 |
| Nebr. ...............: | 3.622 | 8.416 | 11.653 | 5.074 | 40,211 | 50.584 | 39.358 | 39.836 |
| Kans. | 6,387 | 7.245 | 18,645 | 13,629 | 42,600 | 37.562 | 37.179 | 33.862 |
| W. N. Central | 27.373 | 49.744 | 66,437 | 63.218 | 278.515 | 310.727 | 297.651 | 312.378 |
| Del. | 677 | 700 | 901 | 602 | 1,453 | 1,461 | 1.756 | 1,727 |
| Md. ................. | 1,261 | 1.468 | 2,276 | 1,725 | 6,677 | 6.808 | 7.949 | 8.568 |
| Va. ................. : | 8,087 | 8,276 | 10,324 | 9.124 | 7.931 | 8,113 | 9.550 | 10.415 |
| W. Va. | 804 | 1.050 | 1,026 | 1,200 | 4.772 | 5.328 | 5.821 | 4.787 |
| N.C. ............... | 12,951 | 16.081 | 13,149 | 12,858 | 4.943 | 5.435 | 5.389 | 6,247 |
| S.C. ............... | 9.746 | 10,201 | 10,397 | 8.530 | 2.570 | 2.270 | 2,499 | 3.592 |
| Ga. ................. | 10,670 | 12.734 | 14,009 | 10,045 | 5.690 | 6.036 | 6,400 | 6,671 |
| Fla. ...............: | 29.302 | 35,204 | 44,085 | 35.859 | 3.960 | 3.688 | 4.375 | 4.409 |
| S. Atlantic | 73.498 | 85.714 | 96,167 | 79.943 | 37.996 | 39.139 | 43.739 | 45,416 |
| \#y. | 29.529 | 18.507 | 40.965 | 41.846 | 10,662 | 12.054 | 12,191 | 12.729 |
| Tenn. .............. | 13.845 | 10.579 | 20,119 | 20,414 | 8,523 | 11,683 | 13,206 | 12,644 |
| Ala. ...............: | 13.045 | 13.012 | 15,608 | 13.178 | 4.060 | 4.903 | 5.844 | 6,115 |
| M188. .............. | 14,376 | 10.911 | 22,846 | 18,046 | 3.288 | 4.599 | 4,907 | 7.270 |
| Ark. ............... | 13.258 | 6.560 | 15.185 | 13.113 | 5.453 | 6,295 | 6.790 | 7.177 |
| La. ................. | 14.858 | 5.901 | 14.713 | 10.865 | 5.284 | 2.951 | 2.759 | 6,159 |
| Okla. | 5.811 | 9.915 | 5.586 | 8,351 | 18,517 | 19.580 | 19,169 | 18,939 |
| Tex. | 23.164 | 31,881 | 32,067 | 39,660 | 26,625 | 30.478 | 31, 284 | 31.791 |
| S. Central | 127.886 | 107.266 | 167.089 | 165.473 | 82,412 | 92.543 | 96,150 | 102,824 |
| Mont. .............. | 2,731 | 3.824 | 2.379 | 1.652 | 6,110 | 6,382 | 5.919 | 5,075 |
| Idaho......... . . . . . : | 5.753 | 5.881 | 11,906 | 5,104 | 6.261 | 7.581 | 8.446 | 7,356 |
| Пуo. ................ | 670 | 1,325 | 1,369 | 1,202 | 3.510 | 3.573 | 4.481 | 4,169 |
| Colo. ..............: | 2,608 | 4.412 | 9,880 | 4,605 | 14,677 | 19.838 | 21,669 | 18,540 |
| N. Mex. ............: | 1,065 | 2.580 | 2,116 | 2,338 | 3,680 | 4,912 | 4,805 | 3.973 |
| Ariz. | 8,150 | 5,825 | 5.511 | 7.972 | 4.472 | 3.716 | 3.852 | 5.490 |
| Utah ...............: | 594 | 981 | 1,097 | 687 | 4,221 | 5.238 | 6,073 | 6,368 |
| Nev. ................ | 181 | 248 | 333 | 234 | 2.379 | 1,446 | 1,643 | 2.592 |
| Wash. | 13.714 | 8.956 | 13.707 | 6.197 | 12,142 | 12,313 | 13,302 | 14.132 |
| Oreg. | 3.852 | 3.266 | 5,288 | 2,438 | 8,976 | 8,944 | 9.584 | 11.167 |
| Calif. | 45.433 | 45.429 | 60,596 | 40,843 | 41,189 | 39,706 | 45.656 | 44,682 |
| Western | 84.751 | 82.727 | 114.182 | 73.272 | 107.617 | 113.649 | 125.431 | 124.544 |
| U.S.cash inoom 1 | 485,000 | 541,000 | 727.000 | 604,000 | 811,000 | 963.000 | 1,012,000 | 967,000 |

1) The ostimated United Stetes cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beceuse it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.-Rooe1pte Ircm the sale of prinipal fan protwots, Marah and Jamury-March, 19/5-38

| State | Kare. |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1935 | $8 \quad 1936$ | 1937 | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | 8 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | $1,000$ |
|  | 8 | dailarin | dollari | dollara | dellara | dollami | dollars | dellare | dellare |
| Mo. | 8 | 2.547 | 5,663 | 7,366 | 5,132 | 8,013 | 14,086 | 20,264 | 11,780 |
| H. H |  | 1,212 | 1,394 | 1,410 | 1,330 | 3,283 | 3,922 | 3.877 | 3.730 |
| Vt. | 8 | 2,627 | 2,895 | 2,897 | 2,934 | 6,979 | 7.980 | 7.620 | 8,168 |
| Kase. | 8 | 3,20 | 3.788 | 3,581 | 3.978 | 9,163 | 11.254 | 10,240 | 11, 447 |
| R. I. |  | 487 | 576 | 551 | 558 | 1,318 | 1,626 | 1.495 | 1,541 |
| Cann. | 8 | 3,500 | 3.706 | 4,461 | 4,406 | 10,507 | 10,678 | 12,329 | 12,601 |
| H. ${ }^{\text {J }}$ | 8 | 18,764 | 22,313 | 24,171 | 23.741 | 52,699 | 61.135 | 65,073 | 65,064 |
| 8. J. | 8 | 4,092 | 4,045 | 4,668 | 4.943 | -0,75 | 11.456 | 13,109 | 12,762 |
| Pa, |  | 16,620 | 16.830 | 20,612 | 20.826 | 44.164 | 46,863 | 57.20? | 57.157 |
| H. Atla |  | 53,049 | 61,208 | 69.727 | 67.848 | 146.877 | 168,990 | 191,209 | 184,250 |
| Ohio | 8 | 20,080 | 20,477 | 27,316 | 21,661 | 57.230 | 63,116 | 76,397 | 63,042 |
| Ind. |  | 16,494 | 18,372 | 23.539 | 17,895 | 48,259 | 54.774 | 62,981 | 54.548 |
| Ill. | 8 | 24,676 | 32,562 | 36,087 | 31,617 | 75.976 | 95,017 | 107.380 | 99.982 |
| Mich. |  | 11,234 | 13,168 | 18,201 | 15,003 | 33,874 | 37,688 | 49,935 | 43.338 |
| W18. |  | 18.498 | 22.240 | 27.781 | 24.154 | 53,830 | 64,816 | 74.875 | 70,481 |
| F. X. Cent |  | 90.982 | 106.879 | 132.944 | 110,340 | 269,169 | 35.411 | 371,568 | 331, 391 |
| K1an. | 8 | 18,389 | 26,746 | 28,848 | 28,328 | 54,095 | 69.532 | 77,077 | 77.894 |
| Iowa |  | 32,170 | 35,682 | 38,457 | 40,805 | 102,641 | 106,119 | 111,802 | 137.188 |
| Mo. | 8 | 12,772 | 13.708 | 15,784 | 13,979 | 38,097 | 47.303 | 46,032 | 44.795 |
| H. Dak. | 8 | 2,847 | 5.147 | 3.790 | 4,596 | 7.470 | 13,942 | 9,610 | 12,024 |
| S. Dak. |  | 3.406 | 7.356 | 3.976 | 5.347 | 10,765 | 19.768 | 12,732 | 17,294 |
| Hobr. | 8 | 14,385 | 19.501 | 17.755 | 14,749 | 43,833 | 59,000 | 51,011 | 44,910 |
| Kans. |  | 26.986 | 15.643 | 17.187 | 24,238 | 48.987 | 44,807 | 55.824 | 4 47,491 |
| T. I. Cent | 8 | 100,955 | 12.783 | 125.797 | 122,042 | 305,888 | 360,47 | 364,088 | - 375.596 |
| Dal. .. | 8 | 782 | 758 | 944 | 819 | 2,130 | 2,161 | 2,657 | 2,329 |
| Md. |  | 3.004 | 2,882 | 3.700 | 3.686 | 7.938 | 8,276 | 10,225 | 10,293 |
| Ta. | 2 | 4.783 | 4,263 | 5,006 | 5.483 | 16,018 | 16,389 | 19,874 | 419.539 |
| T. $\nabla_{\text {a }}$ | 8 | 1,878 | 1,847 | 1,987 | 2,042 | 5.576 | 6,378 | 6,847 | - 5,987 |
| H. C. |  | 6,475 | 5.511 | 5.326 | 5.480 | 17,894 | 21.516 | 18,538 | 19,105 |
| S. $\mathrm{C}^{\text {. }}$ |  | 4,263 | 3.875 | 4.756 | 4,390 | 12,316 | 12,471 | 12,896 | 12,122 |
| Ges | 8 | 4,526 | 6,786 | 6,715 | 5.693 | 16,360 | 18,770 | 20,409 | 16,716 |
| Fa. |  | 12.497 | 14.502 | 20,057 | 15.032 | 33,262 | 38,892 | 48,460 | 40,268 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 38,268 | 40.424 | 48.491 | 42,625 | 111,494 | 124,853 | 139.906 | -126,359 |
| $\mathrm{K}_{7}$ |  | 5.539 | 5,381 | 7.721 | 11,633 | 40,191 | 30,561 | 53,156 | 54.575 |
| Tens. | 8 | 6,645 | 5,910 | 7.135 | 10,130 | 22,368 | 22,262 | 33.325 | - 33,058 |
| Ala |  | 7,764 | 4,840 | 8.696 | 6,660 | 17.105 | 17.915 | 21.452 | 19,293 |
| M188. | 8 | 4,420 | 3,058 | 7.977 | 5,305 | 17,664 | 15,510 | 27.753 | 25,316 |
| Art. | 8 | 7,603 | 2.994 | 6,050 | 5.437 | 18.711 | 12,855 | 2.,975 | 20,290 |
| La | . 8 | 4,418 | 2,446 | 5,147 | 4,561 | 20,142 | 8,852 | 17,472 | 17,024 |
| Orla | 8 | 8,069 | 8,654 | 9,985 | 1.0,397 | 24,328 | 29.495 | 24,755 | 27.290 |
| Tex. |  | 16,052 | 16,174 | 20,532 | 23,682 | 49.789 | 62. 359 | 63.351 | 71.451 |
| S. Contral | 8 | 60.500 | 49.457 | 73,343 | 77.805 | 210,298 | 199,809 | 263,239 | 268,297 |
| Mont. | 8 | 2,978 | 3,203 | 2,395 | 2,446 | 8,841 | 10,206 | 8,298 | 7.727 |
| Idaho | . 8 | 3.951 | 4,580 | 7.513 | 4,035 | 12,014 | 13.462 | 20,352 | 12,460 |
| 7\%o. | . 8 | 1,563 | 2,010 | 2.767 | 1,874 | 4,280 | 4,898 | 5,850 | 5,371 |
| colo. |  | 6,802 | 9,686 | 13.534 | 9,018 | 17. 285 | 24,250 | 31,549 | 23.145 |
| H. Hex. | 8 | 1,152 | 1,370 | 1,383 | 1.738 | 4,745 | 7.492 | 6,922 | 6,311 |
| Arys. | 8 | 3,217 | 3.055 | 3,355 | 4,431 | 12,622 | 9,541 | 9,363 | 13,462 |
| Utah | . 8 | 1,627 | 2.151 | 2,280 | 2,250 | 4,815 | 6,219 | 7,170 | 7.055 |
| Hev. |  | 920 | 620 | 692 | 1,006 | 2,560 | 1,694 | 1,976 | 2,826 |
| Tarh. |  | 8,838 | 7.735 | 10,148 | 7.153 | 25.856 | 27,269 | 27,009 | 20,329 |
| Oreg. |  | 4,684 | 4,334 | 5.525 | 4,660 | 12.828 | 12,210 | 14,872 | 13,605 |
| Calif. . |  | 33,000 | 33.222 | 42.720 | 32.710 | 86.522 | 85.135 | 106,252 | - 85,525 |
| Western | . 8 | 68,732 | 7.966 | 92.312 | 71, 321 | 192.368 | 196.376 | 239,613 | 3197.816 |



The stimated United States cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has bean adfustod dommard for interstate sale of IIvestosk, and includes income fram ane farm products which is not distributod by States.

Table 4-Govermont payments and receipts fram the sele of prinoipal farm produots, including Govermment paymonts, by statos, Maroh 1957-38 and January-Maroh 1936-58

| State | Gowermont paynents |  |  |  |  | Iote Inoludjng Govermment peyments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Caroh |  | 1 J | Jnno-rar. |  | Harol |  | 1 3 | Sen.-Lar. |  |
|  | 1937 | . 1938 | 12956 | 819351 | 1 1838 | 1857 | 11851 | 1936 | 81937 | - 1938 |
| 8 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| : | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollere | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara | dollara |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me......... | 6 | 179 | --- | 117 | 543 | 7,372 | 5,311 | 14,086 | 20,381 | 12,323 |
| 甘. 日. ....... | 2 | 25 | - - | 48 | 99 | 1,412 | 1,355 | \$,922 | 3,920 | - 829 |
| Vt. ......... | 9 | 20 |  | 112 | 254 | 2,906 | 2,984 | 7,980 | 7,732 | 8,422 |
| Kass.......: | 5 | 88 | 2 | 65 | 205 | \%,586 | 4,046 | 11,258 | 10,305 | 11,652 |
| R. I. ....... | 7 | 0 | $\cdots$ | 9 | 8 | 588 | 558 | 1,616 | 1,504 | 1,549 |
| Conn. ......8 | 115 | 85 | \$ | 258 | 178 | 4.576 | 4,489 | 10,681 | 12,588 | 12,774 |
| N. Y. ...... | 102 | 925 | 4 | 1,181 | 2,188 | 24,273 | 24,666 | 61,139 | 66,234 | 67,252 |
| \#.J........ | 12 | 118 | 1 | 178 | 628 | 4.680 | 5,056 | 11,457 | 13,282 | 13,390 |
| Pa....... | 148 | 604 | 57 | 1,279 | 2,084 | 20,760 | 21,430 | 46,920 | 58,481 | 59,241 |
| N.Atlantio.? | 408 | 2,017 | 67 | 3,198 | 6,182 | 70,133 | 69,865 | 168,067 | 194,407 | 190,432 |
| Ohio ....... | 2,482 | 1.085 | 551 | 2,832 | 1,958 | 29,748 | 22,744 | 83, 867 | 81,229 | 65,000 |
| Ind. ........ 8 | 8,306 | 1,175 | 125 | 6,350 | 2,273 | 26,845 | 19,070 | 64,897 | 69,311 | 56,821 |
| Ill. ........ 8 | 4,058 | 1,401 | 185 | 8,769 | 2,788 | 40,125 | 88,018 | 95,182 | 116,149 | 102,770 |
| Mich. ......s | 1,881 | 489 | 823 | 3,271 | 812 | 19,902 | 15.492 | 38,011 | 53,208 | 44,150 |
| Wis......... | 2,478 | 418 | 29 | 4,741 | 583 | 30,259 | 24,883 | 84,845 | 79,616 | 71,064 |
| E.H.Central: | 13,936 | 4,567 | 1,191 | 27,945 | 8, 414 | 148,878 | 114,901 | 116,602 | 399,511 | 339,805 |
| Minn. ......8 | 3,975 | 1,730 | 149 | 7,348 | 2,298 | 32,821 | 30,058 | 69,881 | 84,426 | 80,192 |
| Iowa ........ | 7,517 | 2,987 | 98 | 14,728 | 5,685 | 45,974 | 43,792 | 108,217 | 128,528 | 136,873 |
| No. ........s | 2,089 | 1,095 | 393 | 4,201 | 1,972 | 17,853 | 15,074 | 47,698 | 50,233 | 48,767 |
| N. Dak. | 5,320 | 2,571 | 1,127 | 11,804 | 7,304 | 9,110 | 7,167 | 15,089 | 21,414 | 19,328 |
| S. Dak. | 4,667 | 4,877 | 309 | 9,401 | 8,073 | 8,643 | 10,224 | 20,077 | 22,153 | 25,367 |
| Nobr . ....... | 3,776 | 2,454 | 578 | 8,128 | 3,078 | 21,531 | 17,185 | 69,578 | 59,139 | 47,988 |
| Kans. ....... | 4,746 | 8,616 | 704 | 11,558 | 8,079 | 21,953 | 17,854 | 45,511 | 67,382 | 56,570 |
| T. H.Central | 32,088 | 19,310 | 5,358 | 67,167 | 31,489 | 157,865 | 141,552 | 363,829 | 431,255 | 413,085 |
| Dol. ........ | 112 | 76 | 8 | 208 | 222 | 1,056 | .895 | 2,164 | 2,863 | 2,551 |
| Md. .......... | 577 | 370 | 47 | 732 | 422 | 4,277 | 4,056 | 8,323 | 10,957 | 10,715 |
| Va. .......... | 1,335 | 644 | 86 | 1,622 | 848 | 6,339 | 8,127 | 18,455 | 21,496 | 20,387 |
| Tr. Va. .....t | 388 | 201 | 5 | 454 | 307 | 2,375 | 2,243 | 6,385 | 7,301 | 6,294 |
| N. C. ...... | 5,451 | 3,163 | 767 | 8,405 | 4,065 | 10,757 | 8,643 | 22,283 | 24,943 | 23,170 |
| S. C. ...... : | 3,669 | 58 | S83 | 6,442 | 105 | 8,425 | 4,428 | 12,854 | 19,358 | 12,227 |
| Ga.......... | 2,455 | 261 | 787 | 9,255 | 647 | 9,170 | 5,964 | 19,557 | 29,664 | 17,363 |
| Fla........ | 583 | 348 | 101 | 897 | 416 | 20,640 | 15,378 | 38,993 | 49,357 | 40,684 |
| S.Atlantio. ${ }^{8}$ | 14,548 | 5,099 | 2,159 | 26,015 | 7,032 | 63,039 | 47,724 | 127,012 | 185,919 | 133,391 |
| Ky. ........8 | 5,173 | 4,228 | 92 | 7,852 | 6,801 | 12,894 | 15,861 | 30,658 | 61,008 | 60,376 |
| Tenn....... | 4,490 | 1,885 | 137 | 5,396 | 2,954 | 11,825 | 11,965 | 22,399 | 38,721 | 35,992 |
| 11......... | 4,128 | 649 | 999 | 7,490 | 715 | 12,824 | 7,209 | 18,914 | 28,942 | 20,008 |
| Mise.......8 | 5,562 | 1,742 | 418 | 8,715 | 8,937 | 13,539 | 7,047 | 15,928 | 36,468 | 29,253 |
| Ary. . . . . . . 3 | 2,445 | 2,100 | 708 | 4.133 | 4,805 | 8,495 | 7,537 | 13,563 | 26,108 | 25,095 |
| La. ......... | 2,168 | 784 | 355 | 3,868 | 844 | 7,315 | 5,355 | 9,187 | 21,140 | 17,868 |
| Okia.......... | 8,185 | 2,138 | 1,320 | 12,291 | 2,652 | 18,188 | 12,535 | 30,815 | 37,046 | 29,942 |
| Tex. ........8 | 11,288 | 10,921 | 3,243 | 16,161 | 15,997 | 31,915 | 34,605 | 65,602 | 79,512 | 87,448 |
| S.Contral.. 8 | 43,432 | 2,807 | 4,252 | 65,786 | 37,685 | 116,776 | 102,112 | 207,061 | 328,945 | 305,982 |
| Mont. ...... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2, 280 | 1,534 | 515 | 5,716 | 3,294 | 3,816 | 3,985 | 10,719 | 14,017 | 11,021 |
| Idaho ....... | 388 | 276 | 248 | 985 | 401 | 7,901 | 4,311 | 13,710 | 21,317 | 12,861 |
| Wyo. ........ 8 | 317 | 820 | 99 | 705 | 467 | 8,084 | 2,194 | 4,997 | 6,555 | 5,838 |
| Colo. ....... | 1,229 | 575 | 225 | 2,376 | 1,176 | 14,763 | 9,591 | 24,473 | 35,925 | 24,321 |
| N. Mex. ....l | 330 | 274 | 72 | 1,696 | 497 | 1,713 | 2,012 | 7,584 | 8,618 | 6,808 |
| Ariz....... | 208 | 222 | 30 | 726 | 531 | 3,563 | 4,853 | 9,571 | 10,089 | 13,993 |
| Utah ........ | 241 | 78 | 64 | 885 | 349 | 2,521 | 2,329 | 6,273 | 7,835 | 7,404 |
| Hev.........8 | 27 | 31 | 1 | 111 | 51 | 719 | 1,037 | 1,695 | 2,087 | 2,877 |
| Weah. ....... | 728 | 188 | \$77 | 1,314 | 960 | 10,876 | 7,341 | 21,646 | 28,323 | 21,289 |
| Oreg. ....... | 846 | 485 | 100 | 1,147 | 1,228 | 6,871 | 5,093 | 12,310 | 16,019 | 14,853 |
| Calif. ..... | 753 | 1,272 | 700 | 1.420 | 2,619 | 48,453 | 33,982 | 85,835 | 107,672 | 88,144 |
| Westorn ...s | $7,16 \%$ | 5,205 | 8, 11 | 16,811 | 11,57\% | 98,479 | 16,528 | 198,793 | 256,454 | 209,389 |
| U.S.Oash inoum 1/ | 112,000 | 60,000 | 16,000 | 207,000 | 108,000 | 708,000 | 672,000 | 1,520,000 | 1,946,000 | 1,879,000 |

1/The ostimeted United States oesh inoom is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoace it has beon adjueted downward for interstate anle oit livestook, and inolules inoce from an farm produots whioh is not distributed by States.

Bureau of Agrioulturial Eornomics
Washington
E\% シ u
April 6, 1938.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE CF FRIICIRAL FAIMPRRGYCMS AND GCIERINEMY DAYMENTS, BY STATES, FOR FEBRUARY IQ 38 , A- THCOAFADISCNG
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in February, as in the previous month, were less then for the corresponding month of 19.37, the Bureau of Agricultarel Eacromics reported today. An increase in receipts occurred only in the West North Central States where income last your was materially reduced as a result of drought. Ir the other $\delta$ regions, decreases ranging from 4 percent in the Scuta Centra 1 States to 18 percent in the Western States wore reported.

Government payments ic farmers totaled $\$ 31,000,000$ in February compared with $\$ 52,000,000$ ir Ficbruay 193\%. In the North Atlantic states alone was there an increase in covcrmment payments cover those received in Fooruary cf 1937, but the increase was insufficient to offset tho decrease in reocipts from soles of principal agricultural products. In the West North Cortral States the decrease in Government payments more than offset the increase in recejpes from farm marketing. In the other 4 divisions the smaller Government parents further reduced cash farm income.

Cask income from all farm marketires fol the entire limited States, as reported larch 22, amounted to $\$ 156,000,000$ in Fekruery, 10 procne less than the \& $505,000,000$ received in February last your. Total cash farm income from marketing and Government payments was 13 percent bol ow that ( fit year earlier. Although the State estimates of receipts are bared on the maractings of only $3{ }^{\circ} \dot{\circ}$ of the more mmportent fam products, they reflect the metion:ride decrease in the February cash farm income. In past years the receipts from murketines of the 53 principal farm products measured approximately 93 percent of the ammel united States cash income from all farm products.
January-Februar Receipts Dorm

Receipts from sales of farm products in the entire United States in the first 2 months of is 38 were ? percent less than for the same months of i937. Deductions occurred in 4 of the 5 miter geographical divisions. In the Nest North Central States and the Both Curtal States, gains of 6 percent and less than 1 percent, respectively, war roccraed. In the cher 4 divisions the reductions in receipts from sales ranged from 4 percent in the forth Atlantic States to 14 percent in the Westen States.

Smaller Government payments brought the total ash income from farm marketing and focvernment pajmorts 11 percent below the total for the first 2 months of last year. Reductions took place in all regions, ran ing in amount from loss than I percent in tho West licreth Central States to 17 peroint in the South Atlantic States.

The drop in cash income from farm marketing is attributed almost entiroly to reductions in prices received for for production. ( $n$ February le of this year the index of prices received by farmers wis only 37 percent of the prewar level wile a your carlior the index woes 127 purcent of pre.oway during the same time prices paid by farmers for commodities purchased declined only from 132 percent on February 15, 1937 , tc 226 percent of prewar this library. Thus the ratio of prices of farm products to prices paid by farmers on Februery 15 stood at only 77 percent of the prewar level as compared with 36 percent at the same time last year. With the outlook for no marked change in consurur-derand conditions in the near future, it is probable fiat farmers purchasing port r will continue during the next 4 months considerably bel cw that of last year.
Receipts from the Sale of principal farm Products,



Tre acumponying chart shows the receipts from sales of farm products for each month since ianuar: ln3b. The derrease in the Four ary income corpared with that received in ianuary was sljeghty greater this us:ac] in tre liesteri, Scuth Cen-
 attributed by the Burean to the lover ircuve fro crop: is inorne from livestcok and Iivostock produots was slightly more this Fokricry. The largout decrease in incche frcm crops cocured in the Nostern itates where incomu from frujti, vegutabler and grairs were markody laver than in Fehruary of last yeer. Enaller recejpts from grain ond ictatoes affocted the income in thi North Atiantic and Eact lirrth Contral States. In the Wost Nowth Centraj itates markeijngs of grains in Fituruary were somewhat smollor tirn a year surlior.

Cnly tho Sost North Contmi States shoved a reduction from last Februory in income fron liwostoc! items. She docline was due largely to the smellor jncome from sales of hoes and cattl. In the othar resions larecr receipts from cattle, hegs, and dairy riciucts ruisud income from livestock itoms ibove trat of Fobriary 1937.
Roneipts ky Iericns - Febraary, ad danuary-Fubruary

 belcw these of a eav érlier Incely as a result of rednet incone from sales of potatces and whea. Increased receints from dairy pr wots ard hogs more than cffset lower inconce irm cattle orderge but are nct runicient to offset the jl-percent reduction in crep seler. Thr 5 -pemeot decrease in inorme from all major farm products was party offset ky sonewhet ]eger Government paymen's, sc that the total ci cash recoipts $\ddagger n$ February of thic yos was cmiv 4 parcert below that of Februry 19 7.

Ruce-fto from eaies of the principal farn prounts in the first 2 months of the vear wre 4 porcert roln the jaruary-"ebrua"y sales in this region last year. Maine shows the largesi decrease, but rectipts in New Tapshire, New Jersey and Pennsylveria also were maller.

East North Central Stat:s broueht \& ducling in the Government payments were alsc smallm this Fehruary, cmpared with a year earlier, so that totsl casr, farm income was reduced by percentages rariging frem 5 percent in Wisconsin to 20 pornont in Nichigan. The bast Nortn Central States as a group showed a li3-parcent decreace in total cash receirts.

Tctal ruceifts from sales of form preducts and from Goverrment pornents in the first 2 months of l: 88 wore 11 percont below tho Junery-February receipts in this region ]urt yeur. D̈sorenes ranged from f percentin Wirconsin to 18 porcent in Chio.

West $\frac{\text { Morth }}{\text { Most }} \frac{\text { Central }}{\text { cf }} \frac{\text { States }}{\text { Rest }}$ and lirustock items this Gebrkury then a year earicr. pirnocote, liebraska, and Kansas were tho cnly States to show ceoreases. The smullur Gevernment payments this February ainc reducet the incore ir. !'crth Dakota belcm last vear. Fior tho rogion as a whole, total cash form inccms including Government parmonts was 2 percent below Fchruary 1し37.

Fcr the first 2 months cf this yoar, total cash reveipts including Government payments were cnly l percent belcw a year earlicr.

South $\frac{\text { Atlantic }}{\text { Peceipts } \frac{\text { States }}{\text { from }} \text { s }}$ 1s percent below Februery 1938. A 3-percent incroase in rece ints from livestook ard Iivestock products paitially offsct the lower cron sales, mainin cash ircome frcm farm marketings onl-r 9 percent helow Februery of last jear. Lowor Government payments, however, brought the total cash income tc 17 percent below Februery 1938 . Maryland and South Corolina were the crly States in this regicri te show larger receipts in February 1938 from marketings of princinal agricuitural procucts, and this increese in South Carolina was more then offset by the lower Government payments. Decreases in income from crops in Februery 1938 in this region were due mostly to reduced receipts ircm cotton, tobacco, wheat, citrus frnits, ard truck crors.

In the first 2 months of 1938 , income from sales of livestock and livestcck products were 2 percent above January and Eobrdary cf last year, out a 13percent reduction in crop sales resulted in an P-peroert deciine below JenuaryFebruary 1937. Lower Govermment payments furtiner reduced income.

South Central $\frac{\text { States }}{\text { A } 4 \text { percent }}$ February a cas incom cash income to farmers in the South Central statos 9 percext below February 1937 Larger receipts from orcp sales in Oklahona end Teras due most? y to increased income from cotton marketings were more than offect iy smaller receipts from crops in the other South Central States. Icwer income from sales of tobacco, rice,and ccttonsted were responsible for most of the redueticn in incme in this region.

During the first 2 months of 1938 , receivts from farm merketings were practically unchanged from last year. Government payments, how ver, were lower and reduced the income slightly below last year.

## Wostern States

Total receipts from sales of principal farm products and Government payments in the Western States were 20 percent less then in February 1937. With larger receipts from cattle and dairy products, total livestocle sales were 4 percent higher than in February last year. Smaller rcceipts ircm sales of fruit, potatoes, and grains in these States caused receipts from crop sales to drop to 42 percent below those of February IO37, and receipts from sales of all principal form products to 18 percent below.

Total cash incone including Gcvernment prymerits in the first 2 months of 1938 was 15 percent belcw last year. Arizona, Wyoming, Nevada, and Oregon were the only States to sinow an increase for these 2 ronthe over last year.

Tables 1 to 4 sive the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government paymerts for Februury, and January through Febrגary 1938, together with comparutive figures for sarlier years.

Table 1.- Reoeipts from the sale of prinoipal farm produots, by States, Fobruary 1935-38


1/ The estimated United States cash incomo is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestook, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Recelpts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, Jenuary-February, $1935-38$


1/ The estimatra United States cash income 18 not equal to the sum of the State estimates bocausa it has been adiusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not disiributed by States.


1) The estimated United States casb income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adfusted domprird for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from sme farm rroducts which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government paymente, by Statas, February 1937-38 and Jamuary-Fobruary 1936-38


1/ The estimated United States cash incame is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income fram same farm products which is not distributed by States.


Lower receipts from the sale of principal farm products in April than a year ago were reported by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics today for all of the major geographic divisions of the country. Decreases ranged from 7 percent in the South Central States to 25 percent in the Western States. Declines were reported for 38 States, ranging irom 1 percent in New Jersey to 42 percent in Iowa.

From January through April, receipts from sales were 11 percent smaller than in the first 4 months of last year. They were smaller in all of the major regions with declines rangine from less than 1 percent in the South Central States to 20 percent in the Western States.

Government payments from January through April amounted to $\$ 168,000,000$ and were 38 percent below the same months of 1937. They wore slightly larger thar a year ago in the North Atlantic States, but substantially smaller in all other recions. South Dakota, Delavre, Wroming, and California are the only States outside of the North Atlantic States where Government payments during the first 4 months of 1938 exceeded thuse of a year earlier.

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments from lanuary through April were higher than a year earlier in 10 States. Larger receipts from livestock in Nevada and from livestock and cotton in Arizona have beon influential in increasing receipts in those States to 32 and 29 percent, respectively, above a year earlier. Increased sales of corn and cattle in South Dakota and Iowa have helped to maintain receipts at 18 and 8 percent respectively above a year afo. In scveral of the North Atlantic States larger receipts from apples and tobacco have beon a contributing factor in maintaining income.

The States showing the greatest decline in receipts during the first 4 months are Maine, Idaho, Georgia, South Carolina, and Colorado. Lower receipts from potatoes from January to April have bocn largely responsible for the reduction of 40 percent in receipts and Government payments in Naine and Idaho, and for the reduction of 30 percent in Colorado. Smaller receipts from cotton largely account for the reduced income in the Southeastern States.

Income from wheat has bcen considerably lower than a year earlier and has contributed to the smaller receipts in Nebrasi=a, Kansas, and other important wheat-producing States.

Income from citrus fruits has also been considerably lower than a year earlior. The reduction in income in Florida and California is largely accounted for by the lower prices of citrus fruits. Orange prices in April were less than 40 percent of prices a year earlier, and lemon prices mere loss than two-thirds as high as a yoar ago.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,
BY REGIONS, 1936 TO DATE *


Cash income in April 16 percont below a year earlier
Cash income from farm marketings for the entire country during April as reported May 23 , amountod to $\$ 489,000,000$ o: 16 percent lers than the $\$ 583,000,000$ received in April last year. The decline in income from crops amounted to 25 percent and from livestock ard livestock products to $l l$ percent. Iricome from wheat and potatoes was loss than half as large as a year ago whilc income from citrus fruits vas 60 percent and from cotton was 67 percent of receipts in April 1937. The only major crops showing receipts larger than a year aco were corn and truck crops. Receipts from sales of corn during April wero 63 percent abovo a yoar earlicr and from truck crops 10 percent above. Reccipts from meat animals, poultry and eges, and wool werc all considorably lower than a year ago while income from dairy products was slightly highor.

Government paymonts in April totalod $\$ 60,000,000$, the same as in March, but were $\$ 3,000,000$ less than payments received in April 1937.

Reccipts by major regions Jonuary through April
The accompanying chart shows the trend of receipts by major geographic rogions for 1936, 1937 and the first 4 months of 1938. In most regions the trend of receipts so far in 1938 has been similar to that of 1936 and 2937 but at approximately the same level as in 1936. In the North Atlantic, West North Contral, South Central and Western Statos, income appeared to have declincd seasonally from March to April, as compared with 1933 and 1937, whereas in the South Atlantic States income made about the usual. Soasonal charges, and in the East North Central States increased slightly morc than in 1936 and 1937 .

North Atlantic States: Recoipts from the salc of farm products in the North Atlantic States in April showed about the same changes as tho previous 3 months. Total receipts from farm marketings in this region in the first 4 months of the year were 5 percent bolow the same period of last year. A 27 percent decrcase in receipts from crops, duc largely to low income from potatoes, more than offset the 3 percent gain from livostock and livostock products. Larger marketings of dairy products and of hogs largely accouritcd for the increase in income from livestock and livestock products. With Govormment payments nearly twice what they wore last year, the total farm income, was 4 percorit below a ycar ago.

East North Central States:- In tho East North Central region, receipts from crops in April were 15 percent mallor and from livestock and livestock products 12 percent smaller than a year carlier, rosulting in a 13 percont decrease in total reccipts. For the first 4 months of 1938 , total receipts and Covernmont payments were 14 percent lower than in the sane period of 1937. Illinois was the only State in this rogion recording an increase in receipts from crops over a yoar ago. The increase amounted to $l$ percent and was due primarily to the larger income from corn. Smaller roccipts from sales uf grain and potatoes largely accounted for the 19 percont decrease in crop reccipts for the region as a whole. The 9 percent decrease in livestock and livestock products was due to smaller receipts from the salc of meat animals, poultry and efes. Cattlc srd hogs showed the greatest decreases. Govorment payments during this period were 55 percent loss than in 1937.

West North Central States:- Increased receipts in Iowa, North Dakota and South Dakota in April were more than offset by decreases in the other States and total receipts for the region declined 12 percent from April last year. However, Govermment payments were largor than a year ago and income, including Govornment payments, was only 7 porcent bolow last yoar. For the first $C_{\text {m }}$ months of 1936 , receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the West North Contral region were 1 percent below last year. Government payments, howover, wero down 30 percent, bringing the total, including Government payments, down to 5 percont below the same poriod last yoar. Incroased income from corm resulted in a 67 porcont increase in recoipts from crops in Iown. However, this was more than offset by the decrease in income from salos of wheat in all States excopt INorth Lakota, and receipts from crops for the rogion as a winole wore 8 percont lower than in the first 4 months of last jear. Income froin livestock and livestock products made a gain of 1 porcent.

South Atlantic States:- The declinc of 21 percent in income from crops in this rogion, from January to April, and a doclino of 68 porcont in Government payments, more than offset a 5 percent increase in income frorl livestock and livestock products and total recoipts woro 21 porcont lower thon in the corresponding period of 1937. Lowor income from cotton and citrus fruits was the major cause of the decreased incone from crops. The increased ircome from livestock and livestock products vas largcly attributed to increased marietings of hogs. Governmont payments in this rogion havo bcen considerably bolow the relatively high payments received last yoar and in Georgia amounted to only 9 porcent of last year's recoipts.

South Contral Statcs:- Tho carlier marketings of strawborries and the relatively heavy movement of corn and wheat from this region in April this year holped to maintain inconc from crops at only 2 porcent less than in April last year. Income from meat animals in April was down 11 porcont and from all crops 7 percent. For the first 4 months of the yoar, reccipts from farm marketings and Government payments in the South Atlantic States have been only 8 percent less than in the same period last year. Income from crops and livestock products was about tho some as a year carlicr but Government paymonts were 36 percent below the paymonts reccived last year and total income, including Govornmont payments, was 8 percent lower than a year earlier.

Wostorn Statos:- In April, all Statos in the Western rogion, except Nevada and Arizona, rccorded a smallur income from sales of farm products than a year ago. Govemment payments wore slightly largor than a yoar ago but total receipts, including Goverment paymonts, wore down 23 percont. For the first 4 months of 1938, rcceipts have bcen considerably below a yoar ago in the Pacific Coast Statcs and in Idaho and Colorado, and for the region as a wholc have avcragod 20 percont lowor than a yoar earlicr. Guvermmont payments for the period were 21 porcont below last year. Tho mariced decroase in income in this area comparcd with a ycar ago is largoly duc to the lover roceipts obtaincd from citrus fruits, potatocs, and wheat.

Table 1.-Receipts from the sele of princinal farm products, by States, April 1935-88


1/ The estimated United States cash incore is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adiustad downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm producte, by States, Jenuary-April, 1935-38


1) The ostimated United Statos cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimatos becauso it has boen adjusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by itates.

Turle 3.-Receints from the sale of orincipal farm producte, by States, Aprll and Jonuary-April, 1935-38

| State | $1935$ | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,000 dollars | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { dollara } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 dollars | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollare } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : dollars | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. | 3,082 | 5,541 | 6.146 | 3.717 | 11,095 | 19.627 | 26,410 | 15.497 |
| iv.r. | 1,222 | 1,483 | 1,484 | 1,310 | 4.505 | 5,405 | 5.361 | 5.040 |
| vt. | 2,778 | 2,922 | 2,781 | 2,591 | 9,757 | 10,902 | 10,401 | 10,759 |
| Nase. | 3,452 | 4.141 | 3.745 | 3.830 | 12,615 | 15,3,5 | 13,936 | 15,327 |
| R. I. | 490 | 616 | 535 | 515 | 1.808 | 2.232 | 2,030 | 2,05' |
| Conn. | 2,935 | 3.300 | 3.370 | 3.382 | 13,442 | 13,978 | 15.699 | 15, 97, |
| N. Y. | . 19.137 | 22,126 | 23.429 | 21,350 | 71,836 | 83, 261 | 83,502 | 86,424 |
| N. J. | $\therefore \quad 5,302$ | 5,025 | 5,131 | 5,080 | 16,053 | 16.481 | 18,240 | 17.842 |
| Pa . | : 18.305 | 17.545 | 21,185 | 19.024 | 62,553 | 64,408 | 78, 387 | 76,251 |
| N. Atlantic | - - 56.753 | 62.699 | 67.807 | 50, 229 | 293.670 | 231,689 | 259.216 | 245,172 |
| Ohio ....... | - 22.350 | 19,869 | 24,432 | 22. 225 | 79.590 | 82,985 | 100,823 | 85,267 |
| Ind. | .: 17,⿹勹29 | 20,641 | 25.563 | 20,948 | 66,183 | 75.415 | 88,544 | 75,496 |
| 112. | . 29,608 | 30,934 | 37.974 | 36,589 | 105,584 | 125,951 | 145.354 | 136.571 |
| Mich. | .: 12,852 | 13,840 | 19,442 | 14,097 | 46,725 | 51.523 | 69,377 | 57.435 |
| Wis. | 20,683 | 22,300 | 25,733 | 22,178 | 74, 513 | 87.116 | 100,606 | 92. 44.428 |
| E.N. Central | : 103,432 | $\underline{107.584}$ | 133, 142 | 116.032 | 372,601 | 422.995 | 504.710 | 447,428 |
| Minn. | : 19,607 | 26,447 | 24,294 | 23.145 | 73.702 | 95,979 | 101,371 | 101, 239 |
| Iore | : 36,034 | 36,684 | 36,463 | 37,379 | 139,575 | 142,803 | 148,265 | 168,567 |
| Mo. | : 17,052 | 27.066 | 17,366 | 15,228 | 55.149 | 64,360 | 63.398 | 60,023 |
| N. Sok. | 3.076 | 6,113 | 3,694 | 3.039 | 10,545 | 20, 055 | 13.304 | 16,013 |
| S. Daik. | 3.918 | 6.041 | 4,332 | 4,638 | 14,083 | 26,709 | 17,064 | 21,932 |
| Nebr. | 17,269 | 18,161 | 20.040 | 12,310 | 61,172 | 77.161 | 71,051 | 57.220 |
| Kans. | - 20,808 | 15.01. | 18, 49 | 13.935 | 69.705 | 60,773 | 74.773 | 61.425 |
| W. N. Central | -118,654 | 127.313 | 125,138 | 110,624 | 424, 522 | 487.784 | 489,226 | 436, 220 |
| Del. | 840 | 773 | 958 | 779 | 2,972 | 2,040 | 3,615 | 3,108 |
| Ma. | : 3.514 | 3.310 | 4,739 | 3.645 | 11,452 | 11,536 | 14,264 | 13,938 |
| Va. | 5.897 | 4,765 | 5,250 | 4,837 | 21,915 | 21,154 | 25,164 | 24,376 |
| T. Va. | 2,105 | 1,908 | 2,111 | 1.814 | 7.681 | 8, 286 | 8,958 | 7,801 |
| N. C. | 5,073 | 4,961 | 5,169 | 5.397 | 22,067 | 25.477 | 23,707 | 24.502 |
| S. C. | 5.069 | 3,293 | 5.368 | 4,196 | 117.385 | 15,764 | 18,264 | 16,318 |
| Ga . | 3.451 | 4.031 | 5,250 | 3,664 | 19,811 | 22,801 | 25.659 | 20,380 |
| Fla. | : $\quad 13.557$ | 13,249 | 13, 232 | 12,805 | $4{ }^{15} 3819$ | 52.141 | 67.089 | 53,074 |
| S. Atlentic | - 39.505 | 36,236 | 45, 814 | 37.138 | 151.000 | 161,142 | 186,720 | 163.457 |
| Ey. | 6.330 | 5,266 | 5,841 | 5,456 | 46.521 | 35,827 | 58,997 | 60.031 |
| Tenn. | 6,643 | 5,448 | 6,048 | 6,564 | 29.011 | 27,710 | 39,373 | 39.622 |
| Ala. | 6,955 | 2.939 | 6,101 | 5,331 | 24.060 | 20,914 | 27.553 | 24.674 |
| Mise. | 2,610 | 2.454 | 5,633 | 4.058 | 20, 274 | 17.964 | 33.386 | 29.384 |
| Art. | 3.657 | 3,462 | 5,035 | 4.779 | 22,368 | 16,317 | 27.070 | 25.069 |
| La. | 4.573 | 4,028 | 6,091 | 6.240 | 24,7.15 | 12,380 | 23.563 | 23,264 |
| Cxla. | 7.871 | 8.573 | 8,549 | 8.121 | 32,199 | 38, 568 | 33.304 | 35,411 |
| Tex. | -20,907 | 21.748 | 27,210 | 24,701 | 70,696 | 84, 107 | 90.561 | 96, 152 |
| S. Central | 50.546 | 53.278 | 70,568 | 65, 310 | 269, 844 | 253.787 | 333.807 | 333.607 |
| Mont. | : 3.310 | - , 296 | 3,163 | 2,240 | 12,151 | 13.902 | 11,461 | 9,967 |
| I daho | : 4,671 | 4,437 | 6,723 | 3,894 | 16,685 | 17.949 | 27.075 | 16.354 |
| Hyo. | : 2,161 | 2,125 | 2,733 | 2,217 | 6,441 | 7.023 | 8,583 | 7.588 |
| Colo. | : 7.360 | 9,411 | 12,083 | 7.520 | 24.645 | 33.661 | 43.632 | 30,665 |
| m. Mex. | : 2,079 | 1,795 | 1,877 | 1,687 | 6,824 | 9.287 | 8.799 | 7,098 |
| Ariz. | : 5.144 | 4.378 | 4, 454 | 4,683 | 17.766 | 13.919 | 13,817 | 18,145 |
| Utah | : 1.735 | 2,081 | 2,702 | 2,342 | 6,550 | 8,300 | 9,872 | 9,207 |
| Nev . | 530 | 598 | 728 | 837 | 3.090 | 2,292 | 2,704 | 3.663 |
| Wesh. | : 10,566 | 7.878 | 10,507 | 6,840 | 36,422 | E'9,147 | 37.516 | 27.169 |
| Ores. | . 5 ,637 | 4.789 | 6,219 | 4,335 | 18,525 | 16i, 999 | 21,091 | 17.940 |
| Calif. | : $-41,190$ | 40,118 | 44.049 | 34.768 | 127.712 | 125. 253 | 150.301 | 120.293 |
| Western | -84,443 | 81.356 | 25.238 | 71, 363 | 276.811 | 271.732 | 334.851 | 259.179 |
| C. S. cash income $1 /$ | $: 479,000$ | 493,000 | 583.000 | 489,000 | .774,000 | ,997.001) | 2,318,000 | 2,059.000 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State astimates because it has been adjusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, ancincludss income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Government payments and recolpts from the sele of prinoipal farm produote, inoluding Governmont paymonts, by States, April 1937-38 and January-April 1936-38


1. The estimated United Strites oash inoome is not equal to the sum of the Stato estimates beoause it has boen addistributed by Statea.

RECEIPTS FRCM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYIENTS BY STATES, FOR MAY 1938, WIITH COMFARISONS

Receipts from farm marketings in May were lower than a year ago in five of the six major geographical regions, it was reported today by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. An increase of 1 percent was reported in the West North Central division while in the other five regions decreases ranged from 1 percent in the East North Central to 18 percent in the Western States.

In the first 5 months of 1938 receipts from farm marketings were 11 percent below receipts in these months last year. All of the major geographical regions recorded declines. The decreases by regions ranged from less than 1 percent in the West North Central States to 19 percent in the Western States. Fifteen States, however, showed lareer January-May receipts this year. In the other 33 States the decreases from last year ranged from less than 1 percent in Virginia to 41 percent in Idaho.

Government payments in May amounted to $\$ 44,000,000$ and totaled $\$ 212,000,000$ for the first 5 months of the year. In May last yoar Government payments totaled $\$ 33,000,000$ but the cumulative total for the first 5 months of 1937 was $\$ 302,000,000$. The January-May total was lower in all the regions except the North Atlantic and in all but 12 States.

Income in May 12 percent below year earlier
Cash income from farm marketings in May as reported June 22 amounted to $\$ 509,000,000$ or 12 percent less than the $\$ 577,000,000$ received in May last year. Income from crop sales was down 23 percent and that from livestock and livestock products was down only 5 percent. Therefore, the States which showed the largest reductions during May were those which received a larger portion of their total cash income frcm crops.

Income from potatoes was less than half as large as in May last year and largely accounted for the lower cash receipts in Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, and Idaho. Lower income from sales of cotton is reflected in reduced cash income in Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiane, Mississippi, South Carolina, and Georgia. Lower cash incomes in Florida and California were due to smallor cash income from citrus fruits. Reduced income from wheat was responsible for most of the drop in cash income in Kansas and Nebraska. Income from corn was well above last year and this was the principal sustaining factor in the cash income in Illinois, Ohio, and Iowa.

Income from dairy products in May was below that of last year inasmuch as the lower prices more than offset the increased production. As a result cash income dropped off in New York, New Jersey, Wisconsin, and Maryland. Increased income from hogs raised cash receipts in Illinois and Iowa. Although income from cattle in the United States as a whole was up from May last year, receipts from cattle marketings in the Western States were down resulting in lower cash income frcm livestock marketings in all the western group. Lower income from wool also
was a major factor contributing to the decline in incone in the Western States from May of last year.

Receipts by major regions January through May
The accompanying chart shows the trend of receipts by major geographical regions for 1936, 1937 and the first 5 months of 1938. In all regions the increase in receipts from April to May was greater this year than in either 1936 or 1937. The largest increases from April were reported for the East North Central and West North Central States.

North Atiantic States
In the North Atlantic States receipts from crop sales in the first 5 months of 1938 were 25 percent below these months last yoar, and thus more than offset a 2 -percent increase in receipts from livestock sales; the result was a 5 -percent decrease in total cash receipts from farm marketings. Crop sales in Vermont, New Hampshire, and Maine ranged from 36 to 54 percent below last year, and Pennsylvania and Now York showed reductions in crop salcs of 26 and 16 percent, respectively. Reduced income from potatoes accounted for most of the decline. New York was the only State in the region for which lower receipts from livestock and livostock prcducts were reportod and in this State the decrease was only 2 percent. The declinc was attributed to lower income from all meat animals, except hogs, and from chickens and eggs. Small increases in livestock sales in the other States were duc mainly to increased inceme from dairy products and hogs.

East North Central Statos
Lower cash income from crops and from livestcck sales as well as from Government payments in the East North Central States during the first 5 months of this year resulted in a total cash income including Government paymonts 11 percent below January-May last year. Increascd receipts from ccrn sales were responsible for maintaining crop sales in Illinois at the last year's level. In the other States decreases in crop sales ranged from 5 percent in Indiana to 37 percent in Michigan. For the group of States as a whole, crop sales werc 17 percent below the first 5 months last ycar. Livestcck sales in all States of the region were down from last year by amounts rarging from 5 percent in Ohio and Illinois to 13 percent in Indiana, with the entire region averaging 7 percent below last year. Reduced incomes from cattle and hogs accounted for most cf 'the reduction in livestock sales. Receipts frcm all farm marketings for the regicn were cnly 9 percent belcw last year, the greatest reduction taking place in Michigan.

West North Central States
Larger receipts from farm marketings in Iowa, Misscuri, and North and Scuth Dakota nearly offsct decreases in the other States of the rogion resulting in total Jenuary-May farm marketings for the West North Central States less than l percent below the same months of 1937. Government payments were smaller in all States and lawered the total regional cash income tc 4 percent below last year. In Iowa a 63-percent increase in crcp sales was the result of
increased receipts from corn. A 30 -percent increase in North Dakota receipts from crop sales was largely due to increased inoome from wheat. Corn and potatoes were responsible for most of the 32 -percent increase in crop sales in South Dakota. Reduced income from wheat in Nebraska and Kansas accounted for decreases in receipts from crop sales of 56 and 30 percent, respectively. Income from livestock and livestock products remained at a level about 1 percent above these months last year.

South Atlantic States
January-May receipts from crop sales in the South Atlantic States were 20 percent beiow last year and more than offset a 4 -percent increase in receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products so that receipts from all farm marketings were 13 percent below last year. Lower Government payments brought total cash income for the first 5 months to 18 percent below last yoar. West Virginia and North Carolina were the only States to show increases in crop sales while docreases in the other 6 States of the region ranged from 5 perm cent in Delawre and Virginia to 33 percent in Georgia. Most of the 27-percent deoreasc in crop sales in Florida was the result of reduced income from citrus fruits, truck crops, and potatces. The smallor income from cotton was tho major factor contributing to the declinc in income in South Carolina and Georgia. Incrensed income from livestock and livcstock prcducts was attributed to larger receipts from hogs and dairy products.

South Central States
Receipts from crop sales in the South Contral States in the first 5 momths of this year were 4 percent below January-May last year. Livestock sales were 2 percent above last year so that the total of receipts from farm marketings was only l percent below last year. Lower Governmert payments reduced total cash income to 6 percent below last year. Increased receipts from cotton in Texas and Oklahoma accounted for most of the increases of 55 and 18 percent, respectively, in crop sales in these 2 States. Hogs and dairy products accounted for most of the increase in receipts from livestock and livestock products in the region.

## Western Statos

Receipts from crop sales 33 percent below these menths last year were reported for the first 5 months of 1938 in the Western States. Livestock sales in this regicn were 9 percent smaller and Government payments were unchenged. Tctal cash income including Government payments was 19 percent below last year. Increased cotton marketings in New Mexico and Arizona brought crop sales in these Statesto 10 percent and 44 percent, respectively, above last year. In the other Stetes of the region decreases in crop salos ranged from 14 percent in Wyoming to 55 percent in Idaho. Receipts from livestock marketings were lower in all States except Arizona, Nevada, and Oregon. Arizona and Nevada were the only states of the region to have larger sales of all principal farm products than last yoar.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for May and January through May 1938, togethor with comparative figures for earlier years.


1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates becanse it has beon adjustod domward for interstate sale of ilvestock, and includes income fros some farm producte which 15 not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipte from the eale of principal farm products, by Statee, January-May, 1935-38


1) The estimated United States caeh income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjueted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Reoeipta from the sale of prinoipal farm produots, by States, May and January-May, 1935-38


1/ The estimated United States oash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause it has beon adjusted dowward for interstate sale of livestook, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots whioh is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Goverment paymente and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government paymente, by States, May 1937-38 and January-May 1936-38


1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been ad= justed downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income frow som farm products which it not distributed by States.

Receipts from the sale of principal farmpeductsin June were below June last year in all major geographical divisions, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Decreases ranged from 7 percent in the West North Central States to 25 percent in the Western States.

During the first half of 1938 roceipts from farm marketings were 12 percent below the first, half ef i937. All the inajor geographical regions reported declines which ranged from 2 percent in the West North Central and South Central regions to 20 percent in the Western States.

Government payments in Junc totaled $\$ 45,000,000$ compared with $\$ 27,000,000$ in June last year. The increases were greatest in the South Atlantic and South Contral States. The Jonuary-June totai was 22 percent below last year and was smaller in all major geographical divisions except the North Atlantic.

$$
\text { Jure Recejpta } 15 \text { Percent Below Year Earlier }
$$

Cash income from farm marketings in June, as roported July 22, amountcd to $\$ 514,000,000$ and was 15 percent less than the $\$ 604,000,000$ received by farmers in June 1937. Rccejpts from crop sales were down 25 porcent for the United States while income from marketings of livestock and livestock products were down 9 percent.

Small increases in receipts froin wheat, barley, rice, and peaches were indicated, but these were more than offset by the lower incomes from all other crops. Receipts from potatocs, truck crops, and citrus fruits wore most reduced from June last yoar. Iower income from potatoos and truck crops contributcd to most of the decrease in the North At lantic group. Wheat, corn, truck crops and potatoos caused most of the declinc in the East North Central States in June this year. Larger marketings of corn in Iowa and South Dakota increased receipts from crop sales in these States over June last year. Receipts from wheat marketings wore up matcrially in North Dakota, OkFahoma and Texas.

Receipts frorn hogs sales in June showed a small increase over June last year and contributed to most of the incrense in livestock roceipts in Illinois, Missouri and South Dakota. Other livestock and livestock products yielded smaller cash income this June. Income flom all meat animals and wool were down in the westcrn group and contributed to most of the decline in those Statos. Receipts fron sales of dairy products were below June last year, dospite increased production, because of lower prices received by farmers.

Reccipts Down in the First Half of 1938
Receiots from the sale of principal farm products in the first half of 1938 wore down 12 percent from thesc months last your. Receipts from crop sales were dow 20 percent whilc receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products were dow only 6 percent.

Receipts from potatoes in the first 6 months of this year wore less then half as large as in these months of 1937. Income from wheat, cotton and cottonsced, truck crops and citrus fruits were also much leduced while corn was the only crop to show a considerable increase.


Income from all meat animals, except hoes, was down the first half of this year compared with last, and reccipts from hogs were about the same as in the first 6 months of last year. Receipts from chickens, cggs, and wool were also down while dairy products showed a small increase.

The accompanying map shows for each State the percentage of change in cash reccipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for the first half of 1938 as compared with the first half of 1937.

## Receipts by Regions, January Through June

Total cash income including Government payments in the first.half of this year was higher than a year earlier in only eight States - Arizona, Nevada, South Dakota, Iowa, Texas, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Oklahoma. Dccreases in income in the other 40 States, ranging from loss than 1 to 40 percent, were largest in Idaho, Maine, and Alabama.

North Atlantic States - Receipts from crop soles in the North Atlantic States in the first half of 1938 were 31 percent below the first 6 months of last year but incone from livestock and livestock products was 1 percent larger. Total receipts from farm marketings were only 8 percent below last year. Larger Government payments in this region this ycar raised total receipts including Government payments to within 7 percent of last year. Crop sales were down in all States of this group by amounts ranging from 8 percent in Connecticut to 53 percent in Maine, due to lower income from petatoes, truck crops, and what. Receipts from livestock sales were up by small amounts in all States except Now York. Dairy sales were up in all States of the region and were responsible for most of the increases, but in New York they were forc than offset by lower income from cattle, calves, chickens and eggs.

East North Central States - Receipts from salcs of principal farm products in the East North Central States the first half of this year were 10 percent below the first 6 months of last year. Receipts from crops were down 19 percent and income from livestock was 7 percent lower. Smaller Government payments brought the total cash income to 11 percent below the same months last year. Receipts from crops were down in all States but were only 4 percent lower in Illinois and 7 percent in Indiana where receipts from corn were up from last year. Receipts from crops in Ohio, Nichigen and Wisconsin were down 35 percent, 35 percent and 32 percent, respectively. Lower income from wheat and potatoes accounted for most of the decreasc. Decreases in incomes from sales of livestock and livestock products rangod froz 3 percent in Illinois to 13 percent in Indiana. Income from dairy products was up but all other livestock itcos yielded smaller cash incomes this ycar.

West North Central States - Smaller income from sales of both crops and livestock resulted in cash reccipts from farm marketings in the West North Central States in the first half of this year 2 percent below the sare months last year. . Cash income including Government payn.ents was 5 percent smaller. Receipts from crop sales in Iowe wore up 55 percent this yoar because of increased receipts from corn. Corn also brought a 36 percent increase in South Dakota receipts. In North Dakota larger reccipts from sales of wheat raised receipts to 38 percent above last year. In the other States of this region decreases in crop sales ranged from 4 percent in Minnesota to 54 porcent in Nebraska, with lower income from wheat in these States accounting for rost of the decrease. Receipts from livestock sales were up this ycar in Iowa, and North and South Dakota by 6 percont, 4 percent and 19 percent, respectively, due to increased receipts from
cattle and hogs. In other states of the region income from hogs and sheep was lower and accounted for decreases ranging from 2 percent in Minnesota and Missouri to 16 percent in Kansas.

South Atlantic States - Income from marketings of livestock and livestock products in the South Atlantic States in the first half of 1938 was 4 percent larger than in the first 6 months of last vear. Receipts from crop sales, however, were down 22 percent so that the tutal receipts from the sale of principal farm products was 14 percent smaller this jear. The total including Government payments was 16 percent below last year. All states of the reginn received smaller cash receipts from farm marketing this year than last except North Carolina. The increase in North Carolina was accounted for by increased receipts from hogs, potatoes, strawberrios, tobacco, and corn. The decreases in the other States ranged fror 2 percent in Virginia to 26 percent in Delaware and were due to smaller incories from cotton, wheat, truck crops, potatoes, chickens, and eggs. In Florida, incone from citrus fruits was also down.

South Central Statos - January-June receipts fron the sale of principal farm products in the South Central States was 2 percent below the total for the first half of 1937. Income from crop sales was down 5 perccit but that from livestock was up l percent. Total receipts including Govermmerit payments were 5 percent below last year because of much smaller Government payments. Receipts from farm marketings were down in all States of the region except Oklahoma and Texas where increases anounted to 8 and 9 percent, respectively. The Oklahoma increase was the result oi larger income from wheat and cotton. In Texas these same crops showod increases and income frcm cattle was also up. Increased income from tobacco in Kentucky and Tennessee nearly ofiset the lower income from other crops in these States. In the other states of the region, the reduced incomes this year, raneine from 13 percent in Louisiana to 20 percent in Alabama, were due mostly to smaller incones from cotton, potatoes and truck crops.

Western States - Receipts from crop sales in the Western States the first half of this year were 32 percent below the total for the same months last year. Receipts fron livestock were dow llpercent and income from all farm marketings was down 20 percent. The total including Govemment payments was 20 percent less than for the first 5 months of last year. Receipts in Arizona and Nevada were larger by 25 and 23 percent, respectively. In Arizona the increase was due to larger reccipts from cotton and cattle. The increase in Nevadia was the result of increased income from cattle. In the ether States of this region decreases in income this Jear ranged fron 4 percent in Utah to 40 percent in Idaho. Income from wheat and potatocs was dow in all of these States. In addition, receipts from cattle were dow in Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico and California. Receipts from apples were down in Washington and Oregon. In California other crons which yielded smaller cash returns this year were citrus fruit, truck crops, cotton and dry caible beans. Income from chickens and eggs was also down in California this vear.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for June, and for January through June of 1938, together with comparetive figures for carlicr years.

Table 1.- Recelpts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, June 1935-38

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June |  |  |  | June |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | 1936 | -1937 | 1938 | 1935 | 31936 | 1937 | 1938 |
|  | 1 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. | 434 | 1,393 | 2,053 | 1,121 | 2,109 | 1,846 | 1,840 | 1,951 |
| N. H. | 119 | 131 | 373 | 137 | 1,362 | 1,234 | 1,201 | 1,213 |
| Vt. | 116 | 187 | 383 | 131 | 3,186 | 2,810 | 2,541 | 2,803 |
| Lass. | 682 | 842 | 1,857 | 666 | 3,392 | 3,340 | 3,247 | 3,410 |
| R. I. | 38 | 63 | 133 | 38 | 591 | 529 | 526 | 545 |
| Cona. | 248 | 363 | 913 | 255 | 2,560 | 2,494 | 2,542 | 2,751 |
| N. Y. | 2,854 | 3,552 | 6,597 | 2,749 | 17,202 | 18,580 | 18,818 | 16,502 |
| N. J. | 2,667 | 2,788 | 4,992 | 2,590 | 4,762 | 4,495 | 4,444 | 4,964 |
| Pa . | 2,655 | 3,442 | 6,715 | 4390 | 16,612 | 16,319 | 18,460 | 18,781 |
| N. Atlantic | 9,813 | 12,761 | 24,021 | 12,077 | 51,776 | 51,647 | 53,419 | 50,920 |
| Ohio | 4,291 | 4,161 | 8,362 | 4,502 | 17, 265 | 17,666 | 19,300 | 17,141 |
| Ind. | 2,984 | 2,560 | 3,345 | 2,762 | 14,137 | 12,057 | 18,392 | 16,744 |
| Ill. | 5,533 | 11,603 | 12,769 | 10,176 | 21,188 | 23,356 | 24,675 | 26,313 |
| Mich. | 3,347 | 3,802 | 5,723 | 4,482 | 9,910 | 11,864 | 13,371 | 11,789 |
| wis. | 1,129 | 1,146 | 2,218 | 1,229 | 19,517 | 22,248 | 24,351 | 22,249 |
| E. N. Central | 17,284 | 23, 272 | 32,417 | 23,151 | 82,017 | 93,191 | 100,089 | 94,236 |
| Kinn. | 1,734 | 3,972 | 2,045 | 2,123 | 16,902 | 22,704 | 23,156 | 20,614 |
| Iowa | 2,408 | 9,211 | 3,584 | 4,251 | 33,524 | 42,584 | 41,451 | 37,929 |
| Mo. | 648 | 2,618 | 2,358 | 1,290 | 15,742 | 15,563 | 16,411 | 16,908 |
| H. Dak. | 1,238 | 1,287 | 634 | 1,366 | 2,809 | 4,578 | 4,490 | 3,981 |
| S. Dak. | 391 | 904 | 330 | 557 | 4,259 | 7,059 | 5,852 | 6,037 |
| Nebr. | 1,121 | 1,403 | 2,302 | 1,528 | 11,972 | 15,263 | 11,479 | 11,186 |
| Kans. | 3,075 | 6,043 | 8,437 | 8,797 | 10,827 | 11,353 | 14,493 | 10,537 |
| W. N. Central | 10,615 | 25,438 | 16,690 | 19,912 | 96,035 | 119,104 | 117,332 | 107,192 |
| Del. | 1,089 | 765 | 1,957 | 277 | 625 | 633 |  | 653 |
| 4 m d. | 3,520 | 3,613 | 6,415 | 2,971 | 3,028 | 2,903 | 3,016 | 3,003 |
| Va . | 3,203 | 5,310 | 5,329 | 4,691 | 3,311 | 3,534 | 3,912 | 4,081 |
| W. Va. | 442 | 554 | 692 | 520 | 2,064 | 2,215 | 2,212 | 2,070 |
| N. C. | 5,815 | 7,815 | 5,829 | 5,843 | 1,778 | 1,921 | 1,936 | 2,133 |
| S. C. | 2,175 | 2,952 | 3,631 | 1,599 | 912 | 830 | 880 | 1,097 |
| Ga . | 3,793 | 4,474 | 5,306 | 4,228 | 1,295 | 1,461 | 1,633 | 1,438 |
| Fla. | 2,736 | 2,633 | 4,749 | 3,512 | 1,244 | 952 | 929 | 1,555 |
| S. Atlantic | 22,773 | 28,116 | 33,908 | 23,641 | 14,757 | 14,449 | 15,195 | 16,030 |
| Ky. | 980 | 1,056 | 1,725 | 925 | 6,018 | 7,949 | 8,279 | 6,249 |
| Tenn. | 2,690 | 2,745 | 4,243 | 2,478 | 4,574 | 4,336 | 4,583 | 4,519 |
| Ala. | 2,096 | 3,344 | 3,652 | 1,179 | 1,672 | 1,399 | 1,318 | 1,439 |
| Miss. | 3,016 | 4,082 | 5,728 | 3,050 | 2,100 | 1,385 | 1,734 | 2, 267 |
| Ark. | 2,026 | 2,571 | 3,323 | 2,153 | 1,850 | 2,020 | 2,182 | 2,050 |
| La. | 1,481 | 2,168 | 2,307 | 1,396 | 1,266 | 2,461 | 2,712 | 1,432 |
| Okla. | 2,239 | 4,556 | 4,265 | 7,828 | 6,124 | 6,405 | 7,076 | 5,971 |
| Tex. | 7,604 | 12,203 | 11,419 | 13,219 | 12,986 | 13,467 | 15,506 | 17,495 |
| S. Central | 22,132 | 32,725 | 36,662 | 32,228 | 36,590 | 39,422 | 43,390 | 41,422 |
| Mont. | 1,002 | 700 | 502 | 552 | 2,413 | 3,445 | 3,320 | 2,049 |
| Ida.ho | 1,187 | 1,360 | 1,472 | 922 | 3,818 | 4,850 | 5,938 | 3,871 |
| Hyo. | 110 | 126 | 142 | 141 | 1,430 | 2,160 | 2,343 | 1,391 |
| Colo. | 422 | 662 | 1,150 | 769 | 2,937 | 4,808 | 5,985 | 3,350 |
| N. Lex. | 131 | 186 | 167 | 144 | 1,285 | 1,577 | 1,325 | 1,066 |
| Ariz. | 943 | 719 | 765 | 860 | 2,055 | 1,069 | 1,224 | 1,539 |
| Utah | 255 | 260 | 490 | 443 | 1,717 | 2,051 | 2,414 | 1,912 |
| Nev. | 29 | 25 | 47 | 64 | 412 | 540 | 621 | 657 |
| Wiash. | 3,176 | 2,877 | 4,716 | 2,048 | 4,952 | 5,353 | 6,262 | 5,044 |
| Oreg. | 1,834 | 1,550 | 3,594 | 2,855 | 4,539 | 4,770 | 5,423 | 4,161 |
| Calif. .. | 20,391 | 32,278 | 34,781 | 25,968 | 20,414 | 18,701 | 21,683 | 18,269 |
| Viestern | 29,480 | 40,743 | 47,826 | 34,766 | 45,972 | 49,324 | 66,538 | 43,309 |

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { U. S. cash income 1/ } \ldots s & 137,000 & 206,000 & 220,000 & 164,000 & 318,000 & 381,000 & 384,000 & 350,000\end{array}$

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dowward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

## Table 2.- Reoeipts from the sale of prinolpal farm products, by States, January-June, 1935-38

| Stato |  | Crops |  |  | 1 | Livestook and livestook produots |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | January-June |  |  |  | - January-June |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1935 | 1936 : | : 1937 | 1938 | 1935 | 1. 1936 : | : 1937 : | 1938 |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. |  | 6,124 | 15,845 | 24,128 | 11,355 | 9,840 | 11,173 | 10,549 | 10,690 |
| N . H. |  | 558 | 507 | 1,375 | 705 | 6,829 | 7,564 | 6,968 | 7,032 |
| Vt. |  | 631 | 823 | 1,255 | 693 | 16,657 | 16,008 | 14,983 | 16,112 |
| Yass. |  | 4,654 | 4,992 | 6,163 | 4,993 | 17,685 | 19,583 | 18,039 | 19,467 |
| R. I. |  | 83 | 286 | 214 | 124 | 2,923 | 3,140 | 3,048 | 3,075 |
| Conn. |  | 5,298 | 5,309 | 7,532 | 6,918 | 13,650 | 14,178 | 14,446 | 15,041 |
| N. Y. |  | 21,145 | 21,506 | 28,923 | 21,526 | 92,200 | 104,360 | 106,665 | 102,828 |
| N. J. |  | 7,244 | 7,015 | 9,858 | 7,801 | 23,855 | 23,030 | 24,425 | 25,087 |
| Pa. |  | 17,930 | 22,269 | 33,241 | 24,116 | 84,637 | 80,737 | 92,336 | 95,100 |
| N. Atlantio |  | 63,667 | 78,552 | 112,689 | 78,231 | 267,276 | 279,773 | 291,459 | 294,432 |
| Ohio |  | 21,998 | 24,290 | 35,920 | 23,378 | 100,704 | 101,058 | 116,603 | 109,615 |
| Ind. |  | 14,918 | 17,142 | 22,645 | 21,107 | 86,176 | 98,560 | 109,368 | 95,615 |
| Ill. |  | 27,975 | 50,665 | 64,707 | 62,353 | 136,104 | 142,003 | 154,592 | 149,843 |
| Mich. | 8 | 16,385 | 19,750 | 33,939 | 22,168 | 57,115 | 61,904 | 72,833 | 67,165 |
| Wis. |  | 7,850 | 10,910 | 15,778 | 10,720 | 110,008 | 122,575 | 139,458 | 130,167 |
| E. N. Central |  | 89,126 | 122,757 | 172,989 | 139,726 | 490,107 | 526,100 | 592,854 | 552,405 |
| Minn. | 8 | 13,593 | 22,890 | 22,554 | 21,764 | 99,768 | 125,420 | 128,508 | 126,177 |
| Iowa |  | 13,432 | 24,736 | 20,413 | 31,607 | 200,451 | 207,631 | 208,184 | 219,704 |
| Mo. |  | 5,897 | 9,617 | 13,623 | 11,909 | 84,442 | 89,972 | 86,200 | 84,627 |
| N. Dak. |  | 5,715 | 15,919 | 7,090 | 9,755 | 12,376 | 17,274 | 15,423 | 15,998 |
| S. Dak. |  | 1,761 | 9,632 | 2,841 | 3,869 | 21,709 | 31,718 | 24,806 | 29,625 |
| Nebr. |  | 7,702 | 14,126 | 22,282 | 10,276 | 72,358 | 96,300 | 77,623 | 72,729 |
| Kans. |  | 14,638 | 17,076 | 38,046 | 29,644 | 87,316 | 75,065 | 78,113 | 65,818 |
| W. N. Cent |  | 62,736 | 113,996 | 126,849 | 118,824 | 588,420 | 643,380 | 618,857 | 614,678 |
| Dol. | . 8 | 2,498 | 2,073 | 3,562 | 1,508 | 3,459 | 3,351 | 3,940 | 3,724 |
| Kd. |  | 7,192 | 7,086 | 11,631 | 7,229 | 15,872 | 15,771 | 17,783 | 17,790 |
| Va. | $\text { - } 8$ | 17,779 | 17,923 | 19,736 | 18,318 | 18,865 | 18,003 | 21,118 | 2, 917 |
| F.Va. |  | 2,088 | 2,365 | 2,505 | 2,789 | 10,862 | 11,161 | 12,270 | 10,164 |
| N, C. |  | 27,714 | 30,857 | 25,999 | 26,987 | 10,668 | 11,280 | 11,492 | 13,004 |
| S. C. |  | 18,377 | 18,831 | 22,611 | 15,903 | 5,560 | 4,889 | 5,282 | 7,180 |
| Ga. |  | 18,420 | 24,737 | 26,516 | 18,519 | 9,942 | 10,444 | 11,153 | 11,474 |
| Fla. | 8 | 52,283 | 59,198 | 80,622 | 58,721 | 7,670 | 6,631 | 7,438 | 9,039 |
| S. Atlantio |  | 146,351 | 163,070 | 193,182 | 150,274 | 82,898 | 81,530 | 90,476 | 94,292 |
| Ky. |  | 33,399 | 21,286 | 44,224 | 45,063 | 27,033 | 29,990 | 31,653 | 29,934 |
| Tenn. |  | 22,186 | 16,736 | 27,877 | 27,125 | 22,084 | 24,292 | 26,873 | 26,530 |
| Ala. |  | 24,935 | 21,023 | 28,757 | 20,651 | 9,586 | 9,500 | 10,938 | 11,116 |
| Miss. |  | 20,769 | 18,778 | 36,453 | 25,493 | 8,855 | 8,778 | 9,993 | 13,597 |
| Ark. | 8 | 19,466 | 13,055 | 24,726 | 19,983 | 11,454 | 12,672 | 13,923 | 13,188 |
| La. | 8 | 24,001 | 14,924 | 27,660 | 20,087 | 10,109 | 7,445 | 7,856 | 10,757 |
| Okla. | . 8 | 11,435 | 18,112 | 12,861 | 21,184 | 38,050 | 39,135 | 41,348 | 87,466 |
| Tex. |  | 45, 274 | 58,721 | 59,378 | 70,010 | 68,752 | 72,229 | 85,894 | 88,335 |
| S. Central |  | 201,465 | 182,635 | 261,936 | 249,596 | 195,923 | 204, 041 | 228,478 | 230,923 |
| Mont. | 8 | 6,234 | 6,727 | 4,246 | 3,171 | 12,750 | 14,970 | 14,516 | 11,625 |
| Idaho | 8 | 10,513 | 9,945 | 19,122 | 8,672 | 15,126 | 19,081 | 22,137 | 16,253 |
| Fro. |  | 1,244 | 1,878 | 2,049 | 1,774 | 8,301 | 9,442 | 11,295 | 9,112 |
| Colo. | - | 4,316 | 7,622 | 15,575 | 7,231 | 29,040 | 37,425 | 43,880 | 33,092 |
| N, Mex. | . 8 | 2,032 | 3,174 | 2,704 | 2,928 | 8,633 | 9,824 | 9,661 | 7,894 |
| Ariz. |  | 13,252 | 9,188 | 8,838 | 12,471 | 10,535 | 8,819 | 10,027 | 11,154 |
| Dtah. |  | 1,163 | 1,711 | 2,292 | 1,532 | 9,191 | 11,234 | 13,264 | 12,293 |
| Nev. |  | 276 | 357 | 513 | 418 | 3,701 | 3,061 | 3,529 | 4,567 |
| Nash. | 8 | 25,875 | 17,140 | 26,611 | 12,753 | 27,288 | 28,136 | \$0,699 | 29,139 |
| Oreg. |  | 9,215 | 6,605 | 12,352 | 6,525 | 21,315 | 21,585 | 23,425 | 22,823 |
| Calif. |  | 111,864 | 121,280 | 141,323 | 102,797 | 107,203 | 104,275 | 118,791 | 109,157 |
| Western | 18 | 185,984 | 185, 527 | 235,625 | 160;272 | 253,083 | 267,852 | 301,224 | 267,109 |
| O.S.oash inoon | \% | 960,000 | 1,097,000 | 1,381,000 | 1,100,000 | 1,773,000 | 2,028,000 | 2,118,000 | 1,984,000 |

1/The estimated United States cash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State ostimates beoause it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestook, and inoludes inoome fron some farm produots whioh is not dietributed by States.

Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of prinoipal farm products, by States, Jumo and January-Jume, 1935-38

$1 /$
The ostimated United States oash inocme is not equal to the sum of the State estimates bocouse it has been adjustod dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes inoame fram some farm produots whioh is not distributod by States.

Table 4.- Govermment payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, June 1937-38 and January-June 1936-38


1/The estimatea United States cash inocae is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and inoludes inoame from some farm produots which is not distributed by States.


Receipts from the sale of princifal farm prociucts in july ware leas than in July last year in all six majrr geocraphical ditisions it was estinated today by the Bureau of Agricultural Écinonics. Desrease; rangad frcin ll percent in the South Atlantic States to 23 purcent in the Westirn iitates.

In the first 7 menths of this year receipts from marketings of principal farm produets were lwer than for the same months last year by amounts ranging from 4 percent in the South Central and West llorth Central. States to 21 percent in the Western States. Recoipts from orop sales were lwor than for these months of 1937 in all divirions. Recoipis from livestook marketings were down this year in the North Atlantic, East North Central, end Western groups but wore up by small amounts in the South Atlantic, South. Central, ard Vest North Contral States.

July receipts 18 percent brlor year carlior
Cash incomo from fam marketings in July, as reportod August 22, amounted to $\$ 609,000,000$ and was 18 percent less than the $\$ 740,000,000$ estimated for July 1937. Receipts from crop salos were dowr 31 percent while income irom marketings of livestocis and livestock products was dom orily 4 percent.

Receipts from sales of crops this July were below a year earlier in all six major geographical divisins. Decreases ranged from 17 pernent in the South Atlantic group to 40 percent in the West North Central Statos. Larger receipts from crcps this July were rcported for only 6 States - Montana, Massachusetts, South Dakota, Gcorgia, Florida, and Arizona. Potatoes were responsible for most of the gain in Massachusetts, grairs in South Dakota, wheat in Mrneana, cotton in Arizana, poachos in Goorgia, and citrus fruits and tobacco in Flcrida. In the other 42 States, decreases ranged from 4 percent to 57 percent with largest reductions in Mississippi, Missouri, Tdaho, Naine, and Oregon. Lmer pricos for orops were responsible for most of the reduction in inocme. Recoipts irom wheat, corn and truck crops showed the createst roductions and conscquently casli income in the States that market large quantities of these crops in July was dom by a relatively large percentage.

Receipts from livestcok marketing in July in the Wostern Statea and North Atlantic States were dom 14 purcent and 9 percont, respectively from July 1937. Livestook marictings this July in the other four divisions were larger then a year earliur by persentages ranging from 2 pereont in the South Atlantic States to 18 percent in the South Central States. Incroased ineme from cattle and hogs more than offset lowcr cesh receipts from sheep and lambs, eggs, dairy prcducts and wool, Larger ensh incomo frcm hogs ausud most of the increase in recoipts from livestock sales in Illinois and Indiana. In Nebraska, Cklahoma and Texas larger receipts from cattle acccuntod for mest of the incroase. Cattle and hogs together were responsible for the increase in inocme from livestock in July as compared with a year earlicr in Icwa, Missouri, South Carolina, Florida, Kentucky and Tennessee. In the Western States reccipts from cattle were dom because good pasturos mado possible the holding of cattle which otherrise would no doubt have been sold in July.
Receipts from the Sale of Principal farm products,



| EAST NORTH CENTRAL |
| :--- | :--- |

NORTH ATLANTIC

WEST NORTH CENTRAL

SOUTH ATLANTIC
SOUTH ATLANTIC


u. S. department of agriculture

## January - July receipts down

Receipts from farm marketincs in the first 7 months of 1038 were 13 percent less than in the corresponding period of 1937. Feceipts from crops were dorn 23 percent and those from livestock and livestock products were down 6 percent.

Receipts from wheat, potatoes, cotton, truck crops and citrus fruits were much belcw those of a year enlicr. Corn is the only major crop that yielded larger returns from marketings in the first 7 months of this year than in the same period of 1937. Income trom sales of cattle, hoss, end dairy procucts was up this year as compared with a year earlier. Receipis from shetp, lambs and wool were down sharply and receipts from eges rero considerably lower than in the first 7 months of 1937.

Receipts by Regions, January througin July
The accompanying chart shows the trend of receipts by geogrophical regions for 1936, 1937, und tho first 7 months of 1938. Receipts were dowm in 39 States in the first 7 months of this yer $r$ and only small increases were reported for 6 of the other States. The only Stetts in which the percentage incrases wero rolatively large wer s Scuth Dakota, Aisizona and Nevada.

North Atlartic Statos
Receipts from arop sales in the North Atlantic States in the first 7 months of 1938 ware 30 percent less than in the same priod last yoar. Cash income from marketings of livestock and livestock products was down only l percent whereas income fron salos of all principal farm products was g porcont less than in JanunryJuly last year. All States in the region reportcd lower reccipts from crop marketings this yoar. The ducreases ranged from 13 procent in Connecticut to 53 percent in Maine. Lower income frcm potatons, truck crops, and wheat accounted for most of this donrease. Roceipts from livestcck markotings from January to July this year wore up in 7 of the 9 States in this region by amounts ranging from loss than 1 percent in Rhode Island to 7 pernent in Vermont. In Now York and New Hampsinirc-decreases of 6 rercent ard 1 pernent respectively vere reported for this yoar due to lower ruceipts from cattle and calves. In the other 7 States of the region decreased income from cattle and calves was moro than cffsct by larger receipts from hogs and dairy products.

East Nouth Central States
Receipts from the sule of principal furm products for January-July of this year in the East North Central States wero 10 percont lower than in the same months of 1937. Cash income from crop soles weis down 24 percent and receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products was dow 5 percont. Lowor incomes from crops and from livestock were reported for each of the 5 States of the region. Decreases in recoipts from the salc of all principul farm prciucts rarged from 6 percent in Illinois to 16 percent in Michigan. Fcr the region as a whole receipts from all major crops were dom, with wheat, potatces, truck crops, strawberr ies, ard corn making the sharpest declines. Receipts from dairy products were up less than onc-half of 1 percent whereas income from all meat animals, poultry, eggs, and wcol was down.

West North Central States
January-July recoipts from farm marketings in the West North Central States wore 4 percent below the total for the first 7 months of 1937 . Income from crops was dow 21 purcent whereas roceipts from livestock sales wero up 1 percent this
year. Increased receipts this year were reported for 3 States - Icwa, North Dakota, and South Dakota, and amcunted to 10, 8, and 23 percent, respectively. The increase in Icwa and South Dakota were due to larger receipts from cattle, hogs, and corn. In North Dakota receipts from cattle and wheat iccounted for the increase this year. In the other 4 States of the division docreases ranged from 2 procent in Minnesota to 25 percent in Kansas. Reduced incone from whoat owing to the lower pricos was the principal factor contributing to the lower income. Income ficm cattle was dem in Kansas and receipts from hog sules whe lower in Nobriska and "innesots this year. South Atlantic States

Receipts from sales of livestock and livastock products in the South Atlantic States in the first 7 months of 1938 were 4 percent above the estimate for the same months of last yeer, but wore more than offer by a 21 -percent docrease in receipts from crop sales, so that receipts from sales of all principal farm products in tho South Atlantic grcup were 13 porcont less than a year earlier. North Carolina, with a 5-percont increase in receipts from marketings due to larger income from hogs, dairy products, potatces and strawberries, was the only state in the region for which larger receipts were repcrted for the first 7 months of this year. In the other States decreases ranged from 4 percont in Virginia to 26 percent in Delaware. In these States lower incomes from cotton, truck crops, wheat, and potatoes, plus citrus fruits in Florida accountod for most of the decrease in inconce in the first 7 months of this yerr.

South Central Statcs
In the first 7 months of 1938 reccipts from crop sales were down 10 percent in the South Atlartic States whereas income from murketings of livestock and livestock products was up 4 percent, and receipts from all marketings in the region were down 4 percent. A 7-percent increase in income from sales of principal farm products in Texas this year was tho result of larger receipts from cotton and cattlo. Decreases were reportcd in the other States ranging from l percent in Cklahoma and Kentucky to 20 percent in Alabama. Most of the decline was a result of the roduced income from wheat and cotton although receipts from corn and truek crops were also down.

## Western States

Receipts from crop sales in the Western States for the first 7 months of 1938 were 31 porcont less than in the same months last year; receipts from livestock and livestock products wero down 12 percent, and recoipts from salos of all farm products were down 21 percent. Incroases in reccipts from marketings of 22 and 15 percont, respectively, were reported for Arizona ord Nevada due to larger income from cotton in Arizona and from cattle in Nevada. Decreases in income in the other States of the region this year ranged from 13 porcent in Utah to 38 percent in Idaho. For the region receipts from potatoes, wheat, truck crops, cattle, ard hogs were dom sharply. In addition, roduced income from sitrus fruits further lowered income in california whereas in Washington income from apples was much below the estimate for January-July last yoar.

Tables 1 to 3 give the Stato estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products f.r July and for Januery through July of 1938 togethor with comparative figures for earlier years. A table giving Government payments by States for July will be included in a later report, when these data become available.

| State | Crope |  |  |  | 1. Invetock and livestock preducts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July |  |  |  | i July |  |  |  |
|  | - 1935 | 1936 | - 1937 | - 1938 | : 1935 | 1936 | : 1937 | 1935 |
|  | 81.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | - dollara | dollare | dollars | dollars | dellars | dollare | dollar | dollare |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8503 | 1,212 | 670 | 337 | 1.771 | 1,856 | 1,921 | 1.939 |
| \$. H. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 173 | 171 | 171 | 129 | 1,279 | 1.184 | 1,289 | 1,179 |
| Vt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 8153 | 113 | 121 | 85 | 2.600 | 2,601 | 2,636 | 2,699 |
| Mass. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 268 | 187 | 181 | 263 | 3,271 | 3.267 | 3.443 | 3.368 |
| R. I. . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 342 | 727 | 469 | 324 | 516 | 509 | 529 | 518 |
| Conn. . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 1,263 | 2,713 | 1,665 | 1,095 | 2,457 | 2,498 | 2.571 | 2,708 |
| 8. I. . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 3,825 | 3.742 | 4.452 | 3,305 | 15.693 | 20,184 | 20,361 | 16,912 |
| \$. J. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7,433 | 10,246 | 10,624 | 8,625 | 4.536 | 4,503 | 4,912 | 5,104 |
| Pa. .................. 8 | - $\quad 1.875$ | 3.613 | 3.943 | 2.695 | 15.895 | 16.575 | 18.285 | 16.538 |
| M. Atlantlc .......8 | 15.835 | 22.724 | 22,296 | 16.858 | 48.018 | 53.177 | 55.947 | 50.965 |
| Ohio ... | -4,223 | 11,648 | 13,217 | 8,671 | 15.556 | 16.603 | 16,922 | 17,716 |
| Ind. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 84,016 | 11.060 | 14.370 | 8,514 | 13.263 | 15.742 | 15.545 | 17,180 |
| 111. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 9,604 | 26,569 | 29.753 | 17,663 | 20,552 | 24,256 | 22,421 | 26,150 |
| Kıch. . . . . . . . . . . . . | -3,020 | 5,444 | 5.891 | 4.323 | 9,361 | 10.620 | 11.721 | 10.557 |
| W18. ..................8 | 3.699 | 4,867 | 5.487 | 4.321 | 17.716 | 22,229 | 22.284 | 21,900 |
| E. I. Contral .....8 | 24.562 | 59.588 | 68.718 | 43,482 | 76.448 | 89.450 | 88.883 | 93,503 |
| M1nn. ................. | 8,086 | 4.574 | 4,624 | 4,336 | 15.639 | 22,440 | 20,027 | 20,008 |
| Iowa | 2,036 | 10,038 | 7.571 | 5.422 | 32,378 | 42,879 | 32,179 | 39,238 |
| Mo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 8 2,879 | 9.841 | 17.311 | 8,023 | 15,191 | 15.372 | 14,648 | 18,438 |
| 8. Dak. | 744 | 674 | 1,893 | 1.812 | 3,181 | 5.526 | 5.590 | 4,811 |
| S. Dak. . . . . . . . . . . . | 585 | 762 | 1,453 | 1,805 | 4,114 | 7.076 | 4,803 | 6,489 |
| Mobr. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.148 | 9.813 | 10,393 | 7,264 | 11,103 | 16.768 | 10,103 | 11,117 |
| Kans. | 8.177 | 33.777 | 51,224 | 28,269 | 11.233 | 13.902 | 14.125 | 13.204 |
| W. M. Contral | 20.655 | 69.479 | 94.469 | 56.931 | 92.839 | 123.963 | 101.475 | 113.305 |
| Del. | 841 | 1,350 | 1,801 | 1,238 | 561 | 633 | 651 | 569 |
| Md. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . - | 8 8,098 | 12,041 | 12,619 | 8.321 | 2,697 | 2,762 | 2,883 | 2,927 |
| Va. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 4.629 | 10,717 | 5.054 | 3.945 | 3.795 | 3.839 | 4,576 | 4,419 |
| T. Va. | 643 | 578 | 773 | 593 | 2,309 | 2.566 | 2,461 | 2,207 |
| X. C. . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 2,615 | 3.949 | 2.578 | 1.814 | 1,657 | 1.808 | 1.830 | 2,072 |
| S. C. ................ . 8 | 2,847 | 1.758 | 1.876 | 1,395 | 808 | 726 | 780 | 1,054 |
| Ga. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.490 | 6,097 | 7.930 | 9,609 | 1,192 | 1.477 | 1,685 | 1,299 |
| Fla. ................. 8 | - 479 | . 349 | 1.098 | 1.222 | 1,150 | 1.074 | 1.058 | 1.664 |
| S. Atlantic .......8 | - 25,642 | 36.839 | 33.729 | 28,137 | 14.169 | 14.885 | 15.924 | 16.211 |
| Iy. .................... | 1.047 | 3.363 | 5.691 | 3.217 | 6,265 | 5,467 | 5.890 | 7.999 |
| Tean. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,260 | 4,185 | 5.032 | 2,872 | 4,115 | 3.342 | 3.951 | 4.510 |
| Ala. ........ . . . . . . . 8 | 2,594 | 1.680 | 2,585 | 1,539 | 1,323 | 1,330 | 1.431 | 1,479 |
| M188. . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 855 | 1,416 | 2,991 | 1.284 | 1.805 | 1,403 | 1,619 | 1.591 |
| Ark. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,293 | 1,787 | 2.715 | 2,275 | 1.910 | 2,272 | 2,490 | 1,888 |
| La. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 381 | 725 | 1.121 | 594 | 1,493 | 1,288 | 1.575 | 1,424 |
| Okla. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 8 4,838 | 9.881 | 22,395 | 15.499 | 6,868 | 6,046 | 6,378 | 7.740 |
| Tex. ..................... | 1.5 .316 | 14.417 | 19.366 | 16.015 | 10.181 | 11.970 | 15,06\% | 18.797 |
| S. Contral ........8 | - 19.285 | 37.454 | 61.896 | 43,295 | 33.960 | 33,118 | 38.395 | 45.428 |
| Mont. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,381 | 1.095 | 1,382 | 2,125 | 3,106 | 4.581 | 4,266 | 2,833 |
| Idaho . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 8661 | 1,465 | 2,029 | 968 | 4.568 | 5.628 | 6,296 | 4.790 |
| Wyo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 8209 | 386 | 487 | 329 | 1.539 | 3.761 | 3.128 | 1.863 |
| Colo. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.073 | 2,653 | 3.551 | 2,859 | 2,819 | 4,226 | 4,300 | 3.559 |
| M. Mex. . . . . . . . . . . | 8419 | 563 | 616 | 353 | 908 | 1,597 | 1,507 | 1,287 |
| Aris. ................. | 1.102 | 1.103 | 1.131 | 1.207 | 1,130 | 1,157 | 1,256 | 1,167 |
| Utah . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 806 | 1,138 | 1,088 | 783 | 1,680 | 2,056 | 2,207 | 1,882 |
| Mev. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 88 | 118 | 139 | 120 | 430 | 722 | 720 | 523 |
| Wash. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8 4,243 | 8.066 | 8,837 | 4.766 | 4.853 | 5.498 | 5,364 | 5,161 |
| Oreg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 2,214 | 4.458 | 4.954 | 2.504 | 4,837 | 5,605 | 5.935 | 4,812 |
| Callf. ............... | : 26.961 | 44,669 | 45.721 | 33.492 | 16.534 | 17.255 | 19.074 | 18,606 |
| Wetern ............ 8 | 8 39.157 | 65.714 | 69.935 | 49.506 | 42.404 | 52,086 | 54.053 | 46.483 |
| U.S. cash income $1 / \mathrm{t}$ | $161,000$ | 327.000 | 386,000 | 268,000 | 315,000 | 383,000 | 354,000 | 341,000 |

IV The estimated United States cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has beon adjusted downard for interstate salo of liveetock, and includes income from some farm products which 1s not distributed by States.

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jamuary - July |  |  |  | Jamuary - July |  |  |  |
|  | - 1935 | 1936 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1935 | 1036 : | 1937 : | 1938 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | 6,627 | 17.057 | 24,798 | 11,692 | 11,611 | 13.029 | 12,470 | 12,629 |
| N. H. | : 731 | 678 | 1,546 | 834 | 8,108 | 8,748 | 8,257 | 8,211 |
| Ft.. | 784 | 936 | 1,376 | 778 | 18,257 | 18,609 | 17,619 | 18,811 |
| Mass. | : 4.922 | 5,179 | 6,344 | 5,256 | 20,956 | 22,850 | 21,482 | 22,835 |
| R. I | 425 | 1,013 | 683 | 448 | 3,439 | 3,649 | 3.577 | 3.593 |
| Conn. | : 6,561 | 8,022 | 9,197 | 8,013 | 16,107 | 16,576 | 17.017 | 17.749 |
| N. 7 | 8 24.970 | 25,248 | 33.375 | 24,831 | 107.893 | 124.544 | 127,026 | 119.740 |
| N.J | : 14,677 | 17.261 | 20,482 | 16,426 | 28,391 | 27.533 | 29,337 | 30,191 |
| Pa. | 12,805 | 25,882 | 37.184 | 26,811 | 100,532 | 07.312 | 110,621 | 111,638 |
| İ. | 70,502 | 101,276 | 134,985 | 95,089 | 315,294 | 332,050 | 347.406 | 345.307 |
| Ohio. | 26,221 | 35.938 | 49,137 | 32,049 | 116.260 | 117,561 | 733.525 | 127,331 |
| Ind. | 18,934 | 28,202 | 37,015 | 29,621 | 99,439 | 114,302 | 124,913 | 112,795 |
| I11. | \% 37.579 | 77,234 | 94.460 | 80,016 | 156,656 | 166,259 | 177,003 | 175.993 |
| Mich | 19,405 | 25.194 | 39,830 | 26,491 | 66,476 | 72,524 | 84,554 | 77.722 |
| W1s. | 11,549 | 15.777 | 21,265 | 15.031 | 127.724 | 144,804 | 161,742 | 152,067 |
| I.N. Cent | 113,688 | 182, 345 | 241,707 | 183,208 | 566.555 | 615.550 | 681.737 | 645,908 |
| Minn. | : 16,679 | 27,464 | 27,178 | 26,100 | 115.407 | 147.860 | 148,535 | 146,185 |
| Iowa. | . 15,468 | 34.774 | 27.984 | 37,029 | 232,829 | 250,510 | 240,363 | 258,942 |
| Mo. | . 8.776 | 19,458 | 30,934 | 19,932 | 99,633 | 105,344 | 100,848 | 103,065 |
| N. Dak. | 6,457 | 16.593 | 8,983 | 11,567 | 15.557 | 22,800 | 21,013 | 20,809 |
| S. Dak. | 2,346 | 10,394 | 4,294 | 5,674 | 25.823 | 38,794 | 29,609 | 36,114 |
| Nebr. | 10,850 | 23,939 | 32,675 | 17,540 | 93,461 | 113,068 | 87.726 | 83, 846 |
| Kans. | - 22.815 | 50, 553 | 89.270 | 57.913 | 98.549 | 88,967 | 92,238 | 79.022 |
| TV. N . Ce | 83.391 | 183,475 | 221.318 | 175.755 | 681.259 | 767.343 | 720.332 | 727.983 |
| Del. | -3.339 | 3.423 | 5,363 | 3,046 | 4,020 | 3.984 | 4,591 | 4,293 |
| Md. | 15,290 | 19,127 | 24,250 | 15.550 | 18,569 | 18,533 | 20,566 | 20,717 |
|  | 22,408 | 28,640 | 24.790 | 22,263 | 22,660 | 21,842 | 25.594 | 26,336 |
| T1. Va. | .. 2.731 | 2,943 | 3.278 | 3.382 | 13.171 | 13.727 | 14.731 | 12,371 |
| W. C. | : 30,329 | 34,806 | 28.577 | 28,501 | 12,325 | 13.088 | 13.322 | 15,076 |
| S. C. | : 21,224 | 20,589 | 24,487 | 17,298 | 6,368 | 5,615 | 6,062 | 8,234 |
| Ga. | 23,910 | 30,834 | 34,446 | 28,128 | 11,134 | 11,921 | 12,838 | 12,773 |
| Fla. | 52.762 | 59.547 | 81,720 | 59.943 | 8,820 | 7.705 | 8,496 | 10,703 |
| S. At | 1 171,993 | 199,909 | 226.911 | 178.411 | 97.067 | 96,415 | 106,400 | 110,503 |
| Ky. | -34,446 | 24,649 | 49,915 | 48,280 | 33,298 | 35.457 | 37.543 | 37.933 |
| Tenn | : 24,446 | 20,921 | 32,909 | 29,997 | 26,199 | 27.634 | 30,824 | 31.040 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala. } \\ & \text { M198. } \end{aligned}$ | : 27,529 | 22,703 | 31.342 | 22,190 | 10,909 | 10,830 | 12,369 | 12,595 |
| Miss | : 21,325 | 20,194 | 39,4444 | 26,777 | 10,660 | 10,181 | 11,612 | 15,188 |
| Ark | 21,759 | 14,842 | 27,441 | 22,258 | 13.364 | 14,944 | 16,413 | 15,076 |
| La. | - 24,382 | 15,649 | 28,781 | 20,681 | 11,602 | 8,733 | 9,431 | 12,181 |
| Okla | -16,273 | 27.993 | 35,256 | 36,683 | 44,918 | 45,181 | 47.726 | 45,206 |
| Tex. | - 50,590 | 73.138 | 78.744 | 86,025 | 78.933 | 84,199 | 100,955 | 107,132 |
| S. Central | 220,750 | 220,089 | 323.832 | 292,891 | 229.883 | 237.159 | 266,873 | 276,351 |
| sont. | -7,615 | 7.822 | 5,628 | 5.296 | 15.856 | 19,551 | 18,782 | 14,458 |
| I daho | : 11,174 | 11,410 | 21,151 | 9.640 | 19,694 | 24,709 | 28,433 | 27,043 |
| 柿0. | . 1,453 | 2,264 | 2,536 | 2,103 | 9.840 | 13.203 | 14,423 | 10,975 |
| Colo... | - 5,389 | 10,175 | 19,126 | 10,090 | 31,859 | 41,651 | 48,180 | 36,651 |
| N. Mex. | , 2,451 | 3.737 | 3,320 | 3,281 | 9,541 | 11,421 | 11,168 | 9.181 |
|  | . 14,354 | 10,291 | 9,969 | 13.678 | 11,665 | 9,976 | 11,283 | 12,321 |
| Wtah | 1, 1,969 | 2,849 | 3.380 | 2,315 | 10,871 | 13,290 | 15,471 | 14,175 |
| Nev. | ..8 364 | $\begin{array}{r}475 \\ \hline 25.206\end{array}$ | 652 | 538 | 4.131 | 3.783 | 4.249 | 5,090 |
| Wash | -. 30,118 | 25,206 | 35.448 | 17.519 | 32,141 | 33,634 | 36,063 | 34,300 |
| Oreg. | . 111,429 | 11,063 | 17.306 | 9,029 | 26,152 | 27,190 | 29,360 | 27,635 |
| jelif..... | $\cdots 8 \frac{138,825}{225,17}$ | 165,949 | 187,044 | 136.289 | 123.737 | 121.530 | 137.865 | 127.763 |
| Hestern. | - 225,141 | 251.241 | 305.560 | 209.778 | 295.487 | 319.938 | 355.277 | 313,592 |
| U.S.cash in | /:1,121,000 | 1,424,000 | 1,766,000 | ,368,000 | 2,088,000 | 2,411,000 | 2,472,000 | .325,000 |

The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has bere adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products mhich is not distributed by States.

Table 3 . - Recelpts from the sale of principal fam producte, by States, july and Januarymiuly, $1935=3 \in$


1) The estimated United States cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate salo of livestock, and includes income from some farm producte which is not distributed by States.

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in August were smaller than a year earlier in all of the major regions of the country except the South Atlantic States, where an increase of 18 percent occurred. In the other five regions the decreases from August last year ranged from 7 percent in the North Atlantic and East North Central States to 27 percent in the Western group.

Receipts from marketings in the first 8 months of 1938 were lower than a year earlier in all of the major regions. The decreases ranging from 6 pereent in the South Central to 22 percent in the Wostorn States. Government payments were down in all regions except the North Atlantic ard Western States. The January-August receipts this year, including Government payments were lower in all regions since the increases in Government payments in the North Atlantic and Western States were nct large encugh to offset the smaller reeeipts from marketings.

August reccipts 20 percent below year earlier
Receipts from farm marketings in August as reported September 22 totaled $\$ 614,000,000$ and were 20 percent smaller than the $\$ 766,000,000$ estimated for August 1937. Income from livestock marketings was down only 5 percent and partially offset a 32 -percent decrease in receipts from crop sales.

Receipts from sales of principal crops this August were down in 5 of the 6 major geographical divisions by amounts ranging from 11 percent in the North Atlantic States to 43 percent in the Nest North Central States. In the South Atlantic group a 19-percent increase in receipts from crop sales was reported as the result of larger income from tobacco marketings in North Carolina, Scuth Carolina, Georgia, and Florida. Lower income from wheat, cotton, and potatoes accounted for most of the reductions in receipts from crop sales in the other regions.

Receipts from livestock marketings in August were larger than a year carlier in the South Central, South Atlantic, and East North Central States by percentages of 21,13 , and 1, respectively. For the other regions decreases of 14 percent in the Western States, 5 percent in the North Atlantic States, and 3 percent in the Wost North Central were reported. Receipts from meat animals were up in the Scuth Central and South Atlentic States. In the East North Central States receipts from hog sales wore up and more than offset lower incomes from other meat animals, poultry, and dairy products. In the Western States income from cattle, and sheep and lambs was lower this August as good feed conditions in the range States has permitted the holding of livestock for additional gains.

January-August receipts 14 pereent below same months last year
Receipts from farm marketings in the first 8 months of 1938 a reported September 22 totaled $\$ 4,307,000,000$ and were 14 pereent less than the $\$ 5,004,000,000$ reported for these months of 1937. Receipts from crops were down 24 pereent and returns from livestock marketings were down 6 percent.

Income from tobacco and corn were up in the first 8 months this year but were more than offset by the smaller receipts from salus of wheat, potatoes, truck crops,

Receipts from the Sale of Principal farm Products,


DOLLARS (SNOI7רIW) 150
100
50
0

100

 * excludes government payments to farmers
cotton and citrus fruits. Income from cattle and dairy products has been larger this year but other livestock products have returned smaller incomes to farmers. Receipts by regions, January through August

The accompanying chart shows the trend of receipts by regions for 1936,1937 , and the first 8 months of 1938. Receipts from sales of principal farm products were lower in 40 States. In North Carolina, Arizona, and South Dakota increases of 21 percent, 20 percent, and 14 percent, respectively were reported. In 5 other States increases ranged from 1 percent in Massachusetts to 9 percent in Iowa.

North Atlantic $\frac{\text { States }}{\text { Receipts }}$
Receipts from crop sales in the first 8 months of this year were 27 percent below a year earlier in the North Atlantic States. Income from marketings of livestock and livestock products was down only $l$ percent and receipts from all marketings were 8 percent below a year earlier. Total cash receipts including Government payments were also 8 percent lower this year. Income from crop marketings was laver in all states of the region by amounts ranging from 13 percent in Massachusetts to 51 percent in Maine. Income from hogs and dairy products was above a year earlier but other meat animals, chickens, eggs, and wool yielded smaller returns.

East North Central States
In the East North Central States for the first 8 months of this year, income from crops was estimated at 24 percent smaller than a year earlier and income from livestock and livestock products was 5 percent smaller. Income from sales of both crops and livestock was down 10 percent and the total including Government payments was down 11 percent. Lower income from crops in the January-August period was reported for all States in amounts ranging from 17 percent in Illinois to 32 percent in Ohio. Reduced receipts from wheat, potatoes, strawberries and truck crops were responsible for most of the decreases. Income from livestock marketings was lower this year in all States of the region. Decreases ranged from less than 1 percent in Illinois to 8 percent in Indiana and Michigan. Income from meat animals, wool, chickens, and eggs were down while receipts from dairy products' sales were about the same as a year earlier.

West North Central States
January-August 1938 receipts from livestock sales were 1 percent larger than a year earlier in the West North Central States but were more than offset by a 26 percent lower income from sales of crops, and receipts from all marketings was 7 percent below a year earlier. Government payments this year were smaller than in the first 8 months of 1937 and total income including Government payments was 8 percent smaller than for the same months last year. Incomes from marketings in Iowa and South Dakota this year were 9 and 14 percent, respectively, larger than in the first 8 months of 1937 as larger cash receipts from eattle, hogs, and corn more than offset the reduced incomes from other crops in these States. In the other 5 States of the region decreases in cash receipts ranged from 5 peroent in Minnesota to 26 percent in Kansás. The declines in income in these States this year were largely due to smaller receipts from wheat, potatoes, oats, and strawberries.

South Atlantic $\frac{\text { States }}{\text { Receipts }}$ August were 13 percent below the same months last year and more than offset a 5percent increase in income from livestock and livestock products. Income from
marketings of all principal farm products was 8 percent below a year earlier, and the total including Government payments was also 8 percent lower. Income from marketings in North Carclina from January through August was 13 percent above a year earlier largely because of the increased receipts from tobacco, hogs and dairy products. Income from tobacco and hogs was also larger than a year earlier in South Carolina, Goergia and Florida but was more than offset by lower incomes from cotton, truck crops, and, in Florida, from citrus fruits. In the other States of the region reductions of from 2 to 21 percent were reported because of the lower income from cotton, wheat, and truck crops.

Scuth Central States
Income from marketings of livestock and livestock products in the South Central States in the first 8 months of 1938 was 6 percent larger than the total for the same months last year. Cash receipts from crop seles were down 15 percent, however, and all marketings were 6 percent below last year. The total including Government payments was also 6 percent lower this year. Texas, with a 2-percent increase in income from marketings was the only State in the group to have larger income. The increase in Texas was due to larger receipts from cotton, cattle and dairy products. In Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, income from livestock, especially meat animals was higher but was nore than offset by reduced receipts from wheat, cotton and potatoes. In Arkansas and Oklahoma receipts from sales of cattle, calves, and dairy products were lower than a year earlier and receipts from cotton in Arkansas, and wheat in Oklahoma were also lower than a year ago. Receipts from cotton marketings were higher this year in Oklahoma.

Western States
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the Western States during the January-August period were 22 percent below the total for these months last year. Receipts from crop sales were down 32 percent and from livestock and livestock products were 12 percent lower. Government payments in this division were larger this year but cash income including Government payments was 20 percent below the estimate for the first 8 months last year. Income from livestock was smaller in August as better pastures this year has permitted the holding of livestock on ranges in these States and marketings were somewhat smaller than in August 1937. A 20-percent increase in income was roported for Arizona for the first 8 months of this year since receipts from cotton were larger than a year earlier. Income from meat animals was larger in Nevada during the first 8 months and resulted in an increase in receipts of 5 percent in income from marketings in Jonuary-August this year. In this region receipts from wheat, truck crops, potatoes, apples, dry edible beans and potatoes showed the greatest reduction. Income from cotton was up slightly and all other crops showod slight reductions in income.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products for August and for receipts from sale of principal farm products and Government payments for July-August and January through August 1938, together with comparative figures for earlier years. A breakdown of the Government payments for July and August is not available at present.

Table l.-Receipts from the sale of prinoipal farm produote, by States, August 1935-38

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August |  |  |  | August |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 | : 1938 | - 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 | 1938 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollare | dollars |
| : | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. | 976 | 1,175 | 1,083 | 901 | 1.971 | 1.977 | 2,004 | 2,080 |
| N. H . | 281 | 295 | 264 | 270 | 1,361 | 1,199 | 1,297 | 1,279 |
| Vt . | 162 | 172 | 172 | 169 | 2,528 | 2,777 | 2,530 | 2.853 |
| עass. | 1,908 | 2,426 | 1,986 | 2,005 | 3.577 | 3.204 | 3.454 | 3.618 |
| R. I. | 208 | 469 | 390 | 267 | 567 | 519 | 516 | 557 |
| Conn. | 705 | 1,844 | 1,405 | 700 | 2,668 | 2,363 | 2.532 | 2.843 |
| N. Y. | 4.556 | 5.973 | 6,292 | 5,135 | 15,008 | 19.560 | 18,796 | 15.751 |
| N. J. | 4.453 | 7,472 | 4,974 | 5,598 | 4,630 | 4,348 | 4,378 | 5,644 |
| Pa. | 4.416 | 4,520 | 5.901 | 5,010 | 15,301 | 16,338 | 16.719 | 14,729 |
| N. Atlantic | 17,665 | 24,346 | 22,467 | 20,055 | 47,611 | 52,285 | 52,226 | 49.354 |
| Ohio .. | 10,352 | 9,957 | 9.682 | 7,754 | 16,880 | 16,766 | 17,662 | 18,644 |
| Ind. .................. | 8,626 | 8,290 | 9,190 | 7.251 | 14.856 | 16,647 | 17.562 | 18,795 |
| I11. .................: | 13,254 | 20,483 | 21,768 | 16.793 | 20.361 | 22,621 | 23.997 | 24.049 |
| Mich. | 5,160 | 7.288 | 7,340 | 6,180 | 8,844 | 10,911 | 11,514 | 10,196 |
| 18. | 2,173 | 4.719 | 3.384 | 2,840 | 17. 321 | 21,485 | 20,894 | 20,599 |
| E. N. | 39.565 | 50.737 | 51,364 | 40,818 | 78,262 | 88,430 | 91,629 | 92, 283 |
| Minn. | 9.500 | 13,694 | 14.643 | 9,729 | 13,969 | 19.617 | 16,943 | 17.721 |
| Iowa | 7.402 | 12,147 | 11,340 | 6,178 | 29,177 | 36,146 | 28,062 | 34,800 |
| No. | - 4.989 | 3.417 | 9.134 | 3.465 | 16,226 | 18,908 | 19,387 | 17,331 |
| N. Dak. | - 5,008 | 2,127 | 9,629 | 6,195 | 2,877 | 5.476 | 4.749 | 3.899 |
| S. Dak. | 4,232 | 1,425 | 5,743 | 4,900 | 4,014 | 9.029 | 6,080 | 5,547 |
| Nebr. | 7.757 | 6,159 | 9,615 | 5,987 | 13.255 | 16,283 | 16,274 | 12,482 |
| Kans. | 6.988 | 8,226 | 17,491 | 8,173 | 15,912 | 16,291 | 17,320 | 13,576 |
| W. N. Central | 45,876 | 47.195 | 77.595 | 44.527 | 95.430 | 121,750 | 108,815 | 105,656 |
| Del. | 1,446 | 1,970 | 1.778 | 1.757 | 607 | 601 | 646 | 626 |
| Md. .................... | 4.551 | 4,637 | 5.965 | 3.983 | 2.710 | 2.656 | 2,727 | 2,763 |
| Va. | 1,816 | 2,245 | 2,699 | 1,897 | 4,265 | 4,593 | 5,182 | 4,301 |
| T. Va. | 386 | 412 | 876 | 482 | 2,960 | 2,642 | 2,901 | 3.771 |
| N. C. . ................ | 13,939 | 6,102 | 11,674 | 20.569 | 1,953 | 2.026 | 2,044 | 2.603 |
| S. C. ................: | 10.302 | 5,507 | 11,574 | 15,155 | . 917 | 741 | 803 | 1,243 |
| Ga . | - 18.489 | 22,342 | 19,220 | 20,054 | 1,689 | 1,577 | 1.741 | 2,651 |
| Fla. | 1,941 | 2,062 | 2,681 | 3.504 | 1,380 | 1,086 | 1,242 | 1,544 |
| S. Atlantic | 52,870 | 45.277 | 56,467 | 67.301 | 16,481 | 15.922 | 17,286 | 19,502 |
| Ky. | 970 | 1,493 | 3,022 | 1,843 | 6,410 | 6,519 | 7.777 | 8,134 |
| Tenn. | 973 | 1,200 | 1,829 | 1.023 | 4.922 | 4.032 | 4,845 | 5.515 |
| Ala. .................. | - 3,182 | 2,388 | 3,625 | 2.897 | 1.420 | 1.529 | 1.515 | 2.095 |
| Miss. ................ | 1,840 | 1,567 | 3.063 | 2.362 | 2,304 | 1,960 | 1,994 | 1.557 |
| Ark. . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | - 965 | 848 | 1,510 | 1,490 | 2, 236 | 1,705 | 1,817 | 2.597 |
| La. ................... | 2,779 | 2,883 | 3.828 | 3.026 | 1,492 | 1,192 | 1,321 | 1,294 |
| Okla. ................. | - 4.648 | 2,468 | 10,095 | 3.762 | 9,048 | 7,607 | 8,338 | 8,018 |
| Tex. | : 14,261 | 18,673 | 35.848 | 20,644 | 10,935 | 11,165 | 11,866 | 18,471 |
| S. Central | 29,618 | 31.520 | 62,820 | 37,047 | 38,767 | 35,709 | 39,473 | 47,681 |
| Mont. . . . . ........... | 9.483 | 1,555 | 3,177 | 4,684 | 6,083 |  | 4,450 | 4,630 |
| Idaho ................. | - 3.098 | 4,395 | 6.747 | 2,904 | 5,284 | 6,146 | 8,031 | 5,806 |
| 呅. ................... | : 342 | 397 | 560 | 416 | 2,097 | 3,181 | 2,487 | 2,812 |
| Colo. ................: | 2,837 | 4.357 | 6,362 | 4,132 | 3,275 | 4,548 | 5.759 | 4,479 |
| N. Mex. .............. | 925 | 493 | 661 | 541 | 1,036 | 1,495 | 1,807 | 1.529 |
| Ariz. ................: | 707 | 500 | 631 | 560 | 955 | 1,100 | 1,182 | 1.156 |
| Utah . . . . . ...........: | 1,029 | 1,189 | 1,175 | 1,131 | 1.779 | 2,226 | 2,217 | 1.954 |
| Nev. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 104 | 125 | 127 | 154 | 571 | 959 | 1,082 | 635 |
| Wash. ................. | 8,176 | 14.975 | 19.546 | 8,019 | 5,082 | 6,024 | 5,664 | 5.295 |
| Oreg. . ................. | 3,892 | 7,287 | 9,782 | 4,176 | 5.568 | 6,692 | 7,558 | 5.919 |
| Cailf. ............... | $32.163^{\circ}$ | 42,844 | 44,420 | 32,884 | 16,016 | 17,760 | 18,882 | 16,622 |
| Western ........... | 62,756 | 77.217 | 93,188 | 59,601 | 47.746 | 55,034 | 59,112 | 50,837 |
| U.S. cash income 1/: | $265,000$ | 284,000 | 421,000 | 286,000 | 302,000 | 351,000 | 345,000 | 328,000 |

1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adfusted downard for interetate sale of liveetock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by Statee.

Table 2.- Recelpte from the sale of principal farm producte, by Staten. January-August, 1935-38


1 The estimated United States cach income is not equal to the oum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dowmard for interotate male of livestock, and inclades income from some farm products which is not distributed by Stetes.

Table 3.- Recelpts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, August, and Jamary-August $1935-38$

$1 /$ The estimated United States cash incore is not equal to the sur of the State estimates because it has been ad fusted domward for interstate sale of livestoc'r, and includes income fran sane farm oroducts which is not distributad by States.

Table 4.-Government payments and receipts from the ale of principal farm products, including Government payments, by States, July-August 1937-38 and Jamary-August 1936-38


## 1/ Government parments by States for July and August have not been allocated by monthe.

2) The eotimated United States cash income is not equal to the rum of the State estimates because it has been adjueted downard for interstate sale of liveetock, and includes income from some farm products which is not .dietributed by States.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTVENT OF GGRICULTURE,

Bureau of Agricuitural Economics
Washingtori NOV 121330
Nefvember 9, 1938.
Receipts from the Sale of Principal Farm Products and Governmont Payments, By States, for September 1938, with Comparisons I/
Receipts fram the sale of principal farm products in Soptember were smaller than a year earlier in all major regions of the country, the Bureau of Agricultural Econcmics reported today. Decreases ranged from 8 percunt in the North Atlantic and South Atlantic States to 25 percent in the West North Central group.

Receipts from marketings in the first 9 months of 1938 were lower than a year earlier in all the majcr regions by amounts ranging from 6 percent in the South Central States to 21 percent in the Western States. Receipts including Government payments also were laver in all regions; the decreases ranged from 4 percent in the South Central States to 19 percent in the Western States.

September Receipts 10 percent Below Iear Earlier
Receipts from farm marketines in September, as repcrted Octcber 22, amounted to $\$ 737,000,000$ and were 10 percent smaller thar the $\$ 816,000,000$ estimated for September 1937. Including Goverment payments, receipts totalcd ${ }_{\$}^{\phi} 764,000,000$, only 7 percent smaller than in September last year. Income from livestock marketings was 6 percent lower and receipts from crop sules were down 12 percent.

The decline in receipts from sales of principal crops this September ranged from 7 percent in the South Central Statos to 28 percent in the West North Central group. In a few States, howiver, receipts from crops in September were higher than a year carlier. Larger receipts from spring wheat in South Dakcta and Montana resulted in increases frcm crop sales of 48 percent and 61 percent, respectively. In Arkansas earlier marketings of cotton and cottonsecd this year together with the loan on cotton resulted in 32 percent larger roturns from crop sales this September than a year eurlier. For 10 other States incroases were reported, ranging from 1 percent in New Jersey to 15 percent in Mainc. In the othor 35 States receipts from crop sales were smaller this September by percentages ranging from 2 in Idaho to 48 in Kansas and 61 in Nobraska. In Kansas End Nebraska the large docreases in crop sales were the result of earlier marketing of the whout crop this yeur, leaving less to be sold during September.

Income from the sale of principal livestock and livestock products in September was below a year earlier in all of the mejor rogions except in Ehe Scuth At lantic group where a gain of 7 percent occurred. The docroeses ranged from 5 percent in the North Atlantic to 23 percent in the Wost North Central States. Larger receipts from hogs and beef cattlo accounted for tho increased recelpts frcm livestock markctings in tho South Atlantic group. Larger income frcm marketings of dairy products partially offset lower incomes from meat animals, chickens and eggs in the North itlantic States.

Januury-September Receipts 13 percent ReI ow Seme Norths Lest Year
Cash incone from sales of farm products in the first 3 quarters of 1938, as reported October 22 , totaled $\$ 5,044,000,000$ or 33 percent less than the $\$ 5,820,000$, 000 recoived by farmers in these months of 1037. Feccipts from crop sales wore 22 percent laver and returns frcm sales of livostock und livestock products wore only 6 percent lowor.

Table 4 includos a breakdom of the July-Aucust Government payments by Status.



Corn and tobacco were the only crops from which cash income in the first 9 months of this year was larger than in the same period of 1937. All cther crops yielded smaller cash returns in the first 9 months or this year, with greatest reductions in incomes from wheat, potatoes, trick crops, citrus fruits, cotton and oats compared with these months last year. Income fran hogs and dairy products has been larger this year, but other livestock products have returned smaller incomes to farmers.

The accompanying map shows for each State the percentage change in cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for the first 9 months of 1938 as compared with the same period of 1937. Receipts from salcs of principal farm products and from Government payments in these months were lower than a year earljcr in 40 of the 48 states. The decroasos ranged from percent in Arkansas and Toxas to 34 percent in Idaho. Increases of 17 percent and 7 percent, respectivoly, were reported for Arizons, and South Dakota. In New Jersey, Massuchusetts, West Virginia, Iowa, Vurmont, and North Carolina receipts were larger by from less than 1 percerit to 5 percent.

## Receipts by Regions January Through Sopter:ber

North Atlantic States. - Receipts from orcp sales in the first 9 months of this year were 25 percent smallor than a vaur ürlier in the North Atlantic States. Income from marketings of livestock and livestonk proiucts weis 2 percent smallur and receipts from all marketings were 3 percint loss. Governmont payments were larger this year, but total roceipts including Governiont paymints wore also of percent below those months of 1937. Slightly larger recuipts fron markutings were reported for Vermont and Massachusetts, whore income from dairy products has been larger this year. In the other States of the region snaller roceipts from crops and from meat animals more than offset the increased returns from dairy products and chickens. Decreases in reccipts fron merkctings in these States ranged from 30 percent in Naine to 1 percent in New Jtersey.

Eost North Certral States.- In the East Ncrth Central States, income from crop marketings was $\overline{23}$ percent smalior thar in the danuary-September poriod last year. Livestock and livestock products brought 5 porcent loss, and rocejpts from all marketings were dom 10 percent. Tctal jncome including Goverminert payments also was 10 purcont smullor than in Junuary-Scptomber 1937. Crop rocoipts wero smaller in all States - from 17 percent ir Ilincis to 30 percent in Ohio. Corn was the only crop from which income vas apprciably largor during the first 3 quarters of the year. Receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products were smaller in all States of this group, the reductions rurging from l percent in Illinois to 9 percent in Michigan. In Illincis larger receipts frcm sales of hogs and dairy products noerly offset smaller incomes fron other livestock products. In Ohio larger receipts from cattle and dairy products wero more than offset by the lower receipts frcm othcr livcstock products.

West North Certral States.- From January to Sontonber roceipts from sales of livestock urd livastock products in the West North Centril States were only 3 percent less than for the same period lost yeer. Income from crop marketings, however, was 27 percent smaller causing a drop of 9 percent in rocipts from all sales. Total cush income including Government paynents was 10 percont bolow the estimate for the same months of 1937. In South Dakota larger recsipts from meat animals, wheat, com, and oats more than efset lover inconos from other crops, dairy products, and wool, so thet income from all narketings was 11 percent larger than for the first 3 quarters of 1937. In Iown wh.ure larger receipts from corn, cattle, hogs, and dairy products more than offsct lower receipts froin other farm products, income from marketings was 6 percent larger thun reported a year ago. In the other States
of the region receipts from marketings this year were lower than last by amounts ranging from 6 percent in North Dakota to 28 percent in Kansas; the decrease is attributed to lower incomes this year from wheat, cattle, hogs, chickens and eggs.

South At]antic States.- In the Scuth Atlartic States income from livestock marketings from January through September was 5 percent larger than in the same months last year, and partially offset the 13 -percent decline in receipts from crop marketings. Income from all marketings was 8 percent smoller, and receipts including Government payents were 7 percent below the estimate for these months last year. The 8-percent larger income from marketirgs in North Carolina was accounted for by larger recoipts from tobocco, dairy products,hogs, potatoes, and strawberries. In the other States of the region income was smaller for the first 9 months of this year by amounts ranting from 1 percent in West Virginia to 20 percent in Delaware and Maryland.

South Contral States:- Income from sales of crops in the South Central States from Janucy to Eoptembor this year was 13 percent smaller than for the corresponding months of 1937, and more than offsct a 3 -porcont larger income from sales of livestock and livestock products. Income from all merketings was down 6 percent and the total including Government payments was 4 percent sialier. Income from marketings was smaller this year in cach State. The range was from 2 percent in Kentucky to 14 percent in Mississippi. In this region inccres frcm wheat, cotton, potatocs, truck crops, sheep and lambs, wool, and eggs wore smollr, while receipts from tobacco, cattle and dairy products wore somewnet lareor than in 1937.

Western States.- In the Westorn States income from crop sales in the first $S$ months of this year was 28 percent below the estimate for the some months last year. Income from sales of livestock and livestock praducts was lu percent smaller, and receipts from all marketings wore dom 21 percent. Govermment puymunts have been somewhat larger this yeur, and tho total recoipts including Govermment payments were 19 percent below the estimate for the period January-Sopterbor 1937. Arizona was the only State for which reccipts frcin marketings were larger this year; cotton and cattle accounted for the increase. In the otrer 10 States the rarge in income was from 4 percent below last year in Nevada to 34 percont below in Idaho. Income from cattle was lower in all States of the region except Arizona and Utah. Receipts from sheep and lambs, wheat, potatoes, and truck crops were dcwn in all States. In Californis receipts from citrus and other fruits were smaller this year, and in Washington income from apples wes smuller.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State ostimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Gevermment paymentis for Septeniber, and Jenuary through September 1938 , togethor with comperative figures for earlier years. A breakdown of Goverrment payments for July ind August is now available ard is includod in table 1.

Table l.-Recoipte fron the eale of principal farm producte, by Statee, September 1935-38

| State | Cropa |  |  |  |  | : Ifvestock and IIvestock producte |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Soptorbor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1935 | - 1936 | : 1937 | - 1938 | 11935 | 1. 1936 | 1. 1937 | 11938 |
|  | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | 1 | gollara | dollars | dollare | dollara | dollare | dollare | dollar: | dollare |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| K. | 1 | 1,001 | 2,397 | 1,206 | 1.390 | 1,889 | 1.761 | 2,046 | 2,017 |
| \%. H . |  | 476 | 359 | 428 | 293 | 1,298 | 1,135 | 1.389 | 1,234 |
| Vt. | 1 | 479 | 186 | 429 | 312 | 2.452 | 2,411 | 2.526 | 2.911 |
| Maes. | 8 | 1.147 | 1,607 | 1,607 | 1,528 | 3,334 | 3,085 | 3.623 | 3.435 |
| R. 1. |  | 172 | 203 | 209 | 200 | 535 | 501 | 540 | 520 |
| Conn. |  | 734 | 1.004 | 1,024 | 939 | 2.521 | 2,234 | 2,726 | 2.723 |
| H. $\mathrm{I}_{\text {. }}$ |  | 8.638 | 9.451 | 10,047 | 9,280 | 14,181 | 17.320 | 17.029 | 16,492 |
| H. J. |  | 2.385 | 3.241 | 2,881 | 2.918 | 3.990 | 3.696 | 3.902 | 4,808 |
| Pa. | 8 | 5,216 | 7.236 | 9.104 | 6.132 | 14,642 | 14.876 | 16.630 | 13.915 |
| M. Atlantlc |  | 20,248 | 25,684 | 26.935 | 22.992 | 44, 842 | 47.019 | 50,411 | 48.055 |
| Ohio | 8 | 8.776 | 8,679 | 8,011 | 6,983 | 15.414 | 17.477 | 19.023 | 18,379 |
| Ind. |  | 7.010 | 7.096 | 7.689 | 6,900 | 13,948 | 16,285 | 17.769 | 16,686 |
| 111. |  | 8.498 | 8.935 | 11,802 | 8.898 | 19,260 | 23.211 | 23,639 | 23.040 |
| Mich. |  | 5.737 | 5,881 | 6,445 | 6.074 | 9.738 | 11.558 | 12,191 | 10,268 |
| W18. |  | 2.137 | 4.448 | 3.222 | 2.757 | 17.379 | 23.309 | 22.718 | 20,827 |
| E. M. Central |  | 32.158 | 35.039 | 37.169 | 31.592 | 75.739 | 92.840 | 95.340 | 89.200 |
| Minn. | : | 21.887 | 8,274 | 10,874 | 7.719 | 15.667 | 20.764 | 19.771 | 14.954 |
| Iome |  | 4,729 | 6,488 | 6,658 | 5.716 | 29.428 | 35,629 | 34.640 | 28,043 |
| Mo. |  | 3.546 | 4,292 | 6.611 | 4.890 | 17.504 | 18,976 | 20.687 | 17.036 |
| I. Dat. | 1 | 13.207 | 3.316 | 10,878 | 10,545 | 3.691 | 6,810 | 6.895 | 5,111 |
| S. Dat. | 8 | 5.985 | 1.316 | 2.784 | 4,126 | 5,489 | 8,164 | 7.515 | 5.929 |
| Yobr. |  | 5.084 | 3.665 | 7.051 | 2,738 | 15,345 | 18,840 | 17.622 | 12,013 |
| Kans. |  | 8.858 | 5.736 | 16.348 | 8.529 | 16.609 | 16.995 | 18.515 | 13.240 |
| I. H. Contral |  | 53.296 | 33.087 | 62,204 | 44.263 | 103.733 | 126,178 | 125.645 | 96.326 |
| Del. |  | 421 | 508 | 568 | 594 | 640 | 542 | 779 | 664 |
| Md. |  | 2,124 | 2,436 | 2,864 | 2.072 | 2,858 | 2,825 | 3.333 | 2,694 |
| 7 Fa . |  | 2.633 | 2.416 | 3,262 | 4.590 | 4,490 | 4.348 | 5.773 | 4,643 |
| V. Va. |  | 761 | 783 | 857 | 785 | 3.134 | 2,690 | 3.004 | 4.560 |
| 1. C. |  | 35.349 | 33.814 | 46,252 | 42.196 | 2,248 | 2,160 | 2,333 | 2,957 |
| S. C. | . 8 | 14.555 | 15.585 | 16,645 | 14,412 | 1,059 | 939 | 1,049 | 1.486 |
| Ga. |  | 12,028 | 17.812 | 15,672 | 12,028 | 2,234 | 2,275 | 2.428 | 3.010 |
| T1a. |  | 976 | 2.173 | 1.735 | 1.399 | 1.500 | 1.474 | 1.437 | 1.531 |
| S. Atlantic |  | 68.847 | 75.527 | 87.855 | 78.076 | 18,163 | 17.253 | 20.136 | 21.545 |
| Zy. | - | 1.322 | 1.584 | 2,173 | 1,572 | 6,292 | 5,635 | 6.501 | 6.794 |
| Tonn. | . 8 | 2.562 | 4,227 | 4,078 | 4,264 | 4,944 | 4.849 | 5.740 | 4.473 |
| 11 a | . 8 | 13.185 | 13,865 | 13.047 | 13.573 | 1,568 | 1,672 | 1.854 | 2.606 |
| 놀. | . | 19.546 | 24,302 | 22,228 | 22,688 | 3,352 | 3.187 | 3.770 | 2,240 |
| Art. | . | 9.724 | 12, 341 | 13.580 | 17.858 | 3.007 | 2,670 | 3.447 | 1.789 |
| La. | . | 10,986 | 13.717 | 11.731 | 12,736 | 1,631 | 1,723 | 2.074 | 1,414 |
| Orla. | . | 5.159 | 3.385 | 8,686 | 8,804 | 7.701 | 8,283 | 8.989 | 6.744 |
| Tex. |  | 27.522 | 60.669 | 61.105 | 45.721 | 10.889 | 11,658 | 16.408 | 14,861 |
| 8. Contral |  | 90,006 | 134.090 | 136,628 | 127.216 | 39.384 | 39,677 | 48.783 | 40,921 |
| Mont. | - | 9,121 | 2,294 | 4.724 | 7.597 | 11,208 | 10,483 | 10,124 | 6,252 |
| Idaho | . 8 | 5,720 | 4.750 | 5.509 | 5.417 | 4,376 | 4.755 | 5.939 | 4,905 |
| \%o. | . 8 | 1,217 | 1,187 | 1,212 | 990 | 5.518 | 6.349 | 7.031 | 5.264 |
| Colo. |  | 3.087 | 4,993 | 5.362 | 3.977 | 5.908 | 7.551 | 10.146 | 7.637 |
| 1. Mex. |  | 786 | 1. 521 | 1,835 | 1,880 | 1.476 | 1.453 | 1.722 | 2,098 |
| Aric. |  | 1.542 | 1.635 | 1.598 | 1,203 | 1,382 | 1.424 | 1.515 | 1,815 |
| Ttah |  | 1.414 | 1.520 | 1,640 | 1.475 | 2,634 | 2.744 | 3.539 | 2,957 |
| Mev. | . 8 | 81 | 81 | 117 | 121 | 1.475 | 1,494 | 2.321 | 1.677 |
| Waih. |  | 11,941 | 10.069 | 13.007 | 11.915 | 4.923 | 5.993 | 5.754 | 4,826 |
| Oreg. |  | 4.731 | 5.154 | 5.895 | 5.540 | 5,878 | 5.546 | 7.908 | 5.681 |
| Callf. . |  | 35,227 | 41,966 | 44,050 | 36.843 | 16.311 | 16.602 | 18.163 | 24.405 |
| Fentera |  | 74.867 | 75.170 | 84.949 | 76,956 | 61.089 | 64.394 | 74.162 | 57.517 |
| U.S.caeh 1ncome | - 1 | 354,000 | 406,000 | 467.000 | 409,000 | 295.000 | 346,000 | 349.000 | 328,000 |

[^35]Table 2.-Receipts from the ale of principal farm products, by States, January-September, $1935-38$

| State | Crops |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January - Soptember |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Livestock and }}{\text { January - Soptember }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | 1936 : | - 1937 | 1938 : | 1935 | 1936 : | - 1937 | 1938 |
|  | : 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollar: | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | 8,604 | 20,629 | 27,087 | 13.983 | 15,471 | 16.767 | 16.520 | 16,726 |
| !. H. | 1,488 | 1,332 | 2,238 | 1,397 | 10,767 | 11,082 | 10.943 | 10,724 |
| $\nabla t$. | 1,425 | 1,294 | 1,977 | 1,259 | 23.237 | 23.797 | 22,675 | 24.575 |
| Mas 8. | 7.977 | 9,212 | 9.937 | 8,789 | 27.867 | 29,139 | 28,559 | 29,888 |
| R. I. | 805 | 1,685 | 1,282 | 915 | 4,541 | 4,669 | 4,633 | 4,670 |
| Conn. | 8,000 | 10,870 | 11,626 | 9.652 | 21,296 | 21,273 | 22,275 | 23,315 |
| N. I. | 38,164 | 40,672 | 49,714 | 39,246 | 137,082 | 161,424 | 162,851 | 151,983 |
| N. J | 21,515 | 27.974 | 28,337 | 24,942 | 37,011 | 35,577 | 37,617 | 40,643 |
| Pa. | 29.437 | 37,638 | 52,189 | 37.953 | 130,475 | 128,526 | 143.970 | 140,282 |
| N. | 117, 415 | 151,306 | 184, 387 | 138,136 | 407.747 | 432,254 | 450,043 | 442,806 |
| Ohio | 45.349 | 54.574 | 66,830 | 46.786 | 148,554 | 151,904 | 170,210 | 164.354 |
| Ind. | 34,570 | 43,588 | 53,894 | 43.772 | 128,243 | 147,234 | 160,244 | 148,276 |
| 111. | 59,331 | 106,652 | 128,030 | 105,707 | 196,277 | 212,091 | 224,639 | 223.082 |
| K1cb | 30,302 | 38,363 | 53,615 | 38,745 | 85,058 | 94,993 | 108,259 | 98,186 |
|  | 15,859 | 24,944 | 27,871 | 20,608 | 162.424 | 189,598 | 205,354 | 193,493 |
| F. N. Centre | 185.411 | 268,121 | 330,240 | 255,618 | 720.556 | 795,820 | 868,706 | 827.391 |
| Minn. | 38,066 | 49.432 | 52,605 | 43.548 | 145.043 | 188,241 | 185,249 | 178,860 |
| Iow | 27.599 | 53.409 | 45,982 | 48,923 | 291,434 | 322,285 | 303.065 | 321,785 |
| Mo. | 17,311 | 27.167 | 46,679 | 28,287 | 133.363 | 143.228 | 140,922 | 137.432 |
| N. Dak. | 24,672 | 22,036 | 29.490 | 28,307 | 22,125 | 35,086 | 32,657 | 29,819 |
| S. Dak. | 12,563 | 13.135 | 12,821 | 14,700 | 35,326 | 55,987 | 43,204 | 47.590 |
| Nobr | 23.691 | 33,763 | 49,341 | 26,165 | 122,061 | 148,191 | 121,622 | 108,341 |
| Eans | 38,661 | 64.815 | 123,109 | 74,615 | 131,070 | 122, 253 | 128,073 | 106,138 |
| W. N. Contra | 182,563 | 263.757 | 360,117 | 264,545 | 880,422 | 1,015,271 | 954, 792 | 929,965 |
| Del. ......... | 5,206 | 5.901 | 7.709 | 5.397 | 5.267 | - 5.127 | 6,016 | 5.583 |
| Md. | 21,965 | 26,200 | 33,079 | 21,505 | 24.137 | 24,014 | 26,726 | 26,174 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{Fa}$. | 26,857 | 33,301 | 30,751 | 28.750 | 31,415 | 30,783 | 36,649 | 35,280 |
| V. Va. | 3,878 | 4,138 | 5.011 | 4,649 | 19,265 | 19.059 | 20,636 | 20.702 |
| N. C. | 79,617 | 74.722 | 86,503 | 91,566 | 16,526 | 17,274 | 17,699 | 20,636 |
| S. C. | 46,081 | 41,681 | 52,706 | 46,865 | 8,344 | 7.295 | 7,914 | 10,963 |
| Ga. | 54, 427 | 70,988 | 69,338 | 60,210 | 15.057 | 15.773 | 17,007 | 18,434 |
| Fla. | 55,679 | 63,782 | 86, 136 | 64,846 | 11, 700 | 10,265 | 11, 175 | 13.778 |
| S. Atlantic | 293,710 | 320.713 | 371,233 | 323,788 | 131,711 | 129.590 | 143.822 | 151,550 |
| Ky. | 36.738 | 27,726 | 55,110 | 51.695 | 46.000 | 47,611 | 51,821 | 52,861 |
| Tenn, | 27.981 | 26,348 | 38,816 | 35,284 | 36,065 | 36,515 | 41,409 | 41,028 |
| Ala. | 43,896 | 38,956 | 48,014 | 38,660 | 13,897 | 14,031 | 15,738 | 17.296 |
| M18. | 42.711 | 46,063 | 64,735 | 51,827 | 16,316 | 15,328 | 17.375 | 18,985 |
| Ark. | 32,448 | 28,031 | 42,531 | 41,606 | 18,607 | 19,319 | 21,677 | 19.462 |
| La. | 38,147 | 32,249 | 44,340 | 36,443 | 14,725 | 11,648 | 12,826 | 14,889 |
| Ofla. | 26,080 | 33,846 | 54,037 | 49,249 | 61,667 | 61,071 | 65,053 | 59,968 |
| Tex. | 92,373 | 152,480 | 175,697 | 152,390 | 100,757 | 107,022 | 129,229 | 140,464 |
| S. Central | 340,374 | 385,699 | 523,280 | 457.154 | 308,034 | 312,545 | 355,129 | 364.953 |
| Mont. | 26,219 | 11,671 | 13.529 | 17.577 | 33.147 | 34,937 | 33.356 | 25.340 |
| I daho | 19,992 | 20,555 | 33,407 | 17,961 | 29,354 | 35,610 | 42.403 | 31.754 |
| Wyo. | 3.012 | 3,848 | 4,308 | 3.509 | 17,455 | 22,733 | 23.941 | 19,051 |
| Colo. | 11,313 | 19,525 | 30,850 | 18,199 | 41,042 | 53,750 | 64,085 | 48.767 |
| N. Mex. | 4,162 | 5.751 | 5,816 | 5.702 | 12,053 | 14,369 | 14,697 | 12,808 |
| Ariz. | 16,603 | 12,426 | 12,198 | 15,441 | 14,002 | 12,500 | 13,980 | 15,292 |
| Utah | 4.412 | 5,558 | 6,195 | 4,921 | 15,284 | 18,260 | 21,227 | 19,086 |
| Nev. | 549 | 681 | 896 | 813 | 6,177 | 6,236 | 7.652 | 7.402 |
| Wash. | 50,235 | 49,350 | 68,001 | 37.453 | 42,146 | 45,651 | 47,481 | 44,421 |
| Oreg. | 20,052 | 23,504 | 32,983 | 18,745 | 37.598 | 39.428 | 44,826 | 39,235 |
| Calif. | 206,215 | 250,759 | 275,514 | 206,014 | 156,064 | 155,892 | 174.210 | 158,790 |
| Western | 362,764 | 403,628 | 483,697 | 346,335 | 404,322 | 432,366 | 488,558 | 421,946 |

U. S. cash income $1 /: 1,740,000 \quad 2,114,000 \quad 2,654,000 \quad 2,063,000 \quad 2,685,000 \quad 3,108,000 \quad 3,166,000 \quad 2,981,000$

IT The estimated United States cash income if not equal to the sum of the State estimater because it has been adjusted downard for interstate cale of livestock, and includes income from oome farm producte which is not distributed by States.

Fable 3 ,-Roceipts from the sals of crops and livostock and livestock products, by States, soptomber and January-Septeaber 1935-38


[^36]Table 4.- Government payments and receipts fram the sale of principal farm producteincluding Government payments, by States, July, August, September 1938, and JanuarySept ember, 1937-38


1/ The estimated United States oash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots which is not distributed by States.

RECEIPTS FRON THE SALE OF PRINCIPAI FARN" PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS, BY STATES, FOR CCTCBER 1938, NITH COMPARISONS

Feceipts from the sale of principal farm products in Cctcber were smaller than for a year earlier in all major regicns of the country, the Bureau of Agricultural Econcmics reported tcday. Decreases ranged from 6 percent in the North Atlantic to 20 percent in the South Atlantic States.

Receipts from marketings in the first 10 months of 1938 were lower than for a year earlier in all the major regions by amounts ranging from 8 percent in the North Atlantic and Soxih Central States to 21 percent in the Western States. Receipts includiñ Government payments were lover in all regions; the decreases ranged from 3 percent in the South Central States to 19 percent in the Western States.

## October Receipts 14 percent Below Year Earlier

Receipts from farm marketings in October, as repcrted November 22, amounted tc $\$ 777,000,000$ and were 14 percent smaller than the $\$ 907,000,000$ estimated for October 1937. Including Government payments, receipts totaled $\$ 839,000,000$, only 8 percent smaller than in October last year. Income from livestcck marketings was 10 percent lower and receipts from crop sales were down 17 percent.

The declines in receipts from principal orops this Cotober ranged from 3 percent in the East North Central States to 22 percent in the South Atlantic States. Although receipts from crop seles were smaller in all major regions they were larger than a year earlier in 9 States. For Maine and Connecticut increases were reported as the result of higher prices and larger marketings of potatoes. In Montana larger marketings of spring wheat more than offset lower prices. In Illinois and Nebraska incroased marketings of corn together with commodity credit loans on corn accounted for the larger income from crops. Increases in Arkansas and Louisiana were attributed to earlier marketing of the cctton and rice crops in thesc Statos. Somewhat larger income from crops this Octcber than in October last year also was reported for Kentucky and Tennessee.

Income from the sale of principal livestock and livestock products in October was also below a year carlier in all the major regions, the amounts ranging from less than 1 percent in the South Central tc 17 percent in the Western States. For only 10 States the estimated receipts from livostock sales this cotober werc larger than for Cotober 1937. And in these States, hogs, cattle, and dairy products were the commodities from which income was larger. For the United States as a whole, receipts from sales of all livestock products, oxcept calves, were smaller this October.

$$
\text { January-October Receipts } 14 \text { Percent Below Same Months Lost Ycar }
$$

Cash ineome from sales of farm products in the first 10 months of 1938, as reported November 22 , totaled $\$ 5,803,000,000$ or 14 percent less than the $\$ 6,728,000,000$ received by farmers in these montrs of 1937. Receipts from crops wore 22 percent lower and returns from sales of livestcck and livestock products were only 6 percent lower.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


The cnly crops from which larger returns were realized than in the first 10 months of last year were corn, rice, and sugar cane. All other crops yieldod smaller returns with greatest reductions in inccmes from wheat, cotton, potatces, and truck crops. January-October receipts frcm hogs and dairy products were somewhat larger than for the first 10 months of 1937 , but rurns from all other livestock products were smaller.

Receipts by Regicns, January through cetcbor
The accompanying chert shows receipts by regions for 1936, 1937, and the first 10 months of 1938. Receipts frcm sales of principal farm products were laver in 44 States. Increases of 8 percent, 5 percent, 6 percent, and 3 percent, respectively were repcrted for Arizcra, Iowa, South Dakota, and Vermont.

North Atlantic States
Receipts from crop sales in the first 10 months of this year were 23 percent smaller than for a year carlier in the North Atlantic States. Incone from marketings of livestcck and livestcck products was only 2 percent smaller and receipts from all marketings were 8 percent less. Total receipts, including Government payments, also were 8 percent less than for January-October 1937. Vermont, where income from hogs and dairy products was larger this year, was the only State in the region for which larger cash income was reported for 1938. In the other States decreases ranged from 1 percent in Massachusetts to 25 percent in Maine. For the region as a whole, receipts frcm all crops, except apples and pears, were smaller than a year earlier and income from all livestock products, except hogs and dairy products, was also lower.

East North Central States
In the East North Certral States, income from crop marketings was 21 percent smaller than for the January-Cctcber pericd last year. Livestock and livestcok products brought 5 percont less, and receipts from all marletings were down 10 percent. Tctal income, including Gevernment payments also was 10 percent smaller than in the corresponding months of 1937. Income from crops, as well as that from livestock, was smaller in all States of the region. Receipts from sales of all principal farm products was smaller, the amounts ranging from 7 percent in Illinois to 14 percent in Michigan. Receipts from corn sales were larger in Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin. Income from all other grains was smaller this yoar in all States of the region due to lower prices. Receipts frcm cattle, chickens and eggs, truck crops and potatoes were also considerably below a year earlier, in this region.

West North Central States
Income from sales of crops in the West North Central Statos frcm January through October, was 26 percent bolow the estimate for the same months last year. Income from sales of livestcck prcducts was 4 percent smallur. Income from sales of all farm products was down 10 percent and total, including Goverrment payments, was down 11 percent. Larger cash receipts from com, hogs, and dairy products in Iowa and from corn, cattle, and hogs in South Dakota, resulted in a 6 percent increase in income from farm marketings in each of those states. For the other 5 States of the region, docreases of from 7 percent to 28 percent were reported. Income from marketings was most reduced in Kansas, Nobraska, and Missouri where income from wheat was much less than for a year earlier.

In the South Atlantic States income from livestock and livestock products was 4 percent larger than in the same months last year, and partially offset a l5percent decline in receipts from crop marketings, so that income from all marketings was 10 percent smaller this year. Government payments were larger in this region due to cotton price adjustmert payments, and as a result total income, including Government payments, was only 8 percent below that for the first 10 months of last year. Income from rarketings was lower in all states of the region by amounts ranging from 3 percent in West Virginia to 21 percent in Florida. The commodities contributing most to the decline were cotton, tobacco, citrus fruits, truck crops, and wheat. Inccme from beef cattle, hogs, and dairy products, was larger this year.

## South Central States

From January to Cotcber receipts frcm sales of livestcok and livestock products in the South Central States were 2 percent larger than for the same period last year, and partially offset a decrease of 13 percent in receipts from crop sales. Income from all marietjrs mas dom 8 percent, but income, including Government payments, was only 3 pefcent below the estimate for a year earlier. Receipts from marketings were lower in all States by amounts ranging from less than 1 percent in Arkansas to 18 percent in Alabaria. Receipts from cotton, wheat, chickens, eggs, and sheep and lambs were farthest below these months of last year in the region. Larger receipts were reported for sugar cane, rice, cattle, hogs, and dairy products.

## Western States

In the Western States, income from crop sales in the first 10 months of this year, was 27 percent below the estinate for the same months in 1937. Income from sales of livestock and livestock products was 14 percent smaller, and receipts from all marketings were down 21 percent. Goverment payments have been larger this year and the total receipts, including Government payments, were 19 percent below the estimate for January-October 1937. Incone in Arizona was 8 percent larger than for these months last year due to larger receipts from sales of cotton and cattle. In the other 10 Statos the range in income was from 6 percent below last year in Montana to 33 percent below in Idaho. Largest reductions in income in the region were in receipts from what, truck crops, cattle, sheep and lambs, potatoes and citrus fruits. Cotton was the only commodity from which income in the JonuaryOctober pericd exceeded thoce of a year earlier.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for Octcber, and for January through Octcber of 1938, together with comparative figures for carlier ycars.

/ The estimated United States oash inoom is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has boen adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestcok, and inoludes inocme from some farm produots which is not distributed by States.

Sable 2.-Rocolpts from the sall of principal fan products, by states, January - Ootober, 1935 - 38

| State | Crop: |  |  |  | Ifrestock and 11 restock producte |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan - oot. |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Jan}=$ Oct. |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1935 | 1936 : | 1937 | 1938 |
| : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| : | dollar | dollarat | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollara | dollara | dellare |
| : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. .................. | 10,078 | 22,831 | 28,550 | 16,403 | 17.326 | 18,740 | 18,539 | 18,833 |
| F. B. | 1,861 | 1.717 | 2,776 | 1.710 | 12,109 | 12,399 | 12,305 | 12,025 |
| Tt. | 1,814 | 1.743 | 2,511 | 1,612 | 25,617 | 26,244 | 25,217 | 27,055 |
| Mase. .............. | 9.016 | 10,866 | 11,667 | 10,263 | 31,180 | 32,474 | 32,191 | 33,227 |
| R. I. | 1,058 | 1,843 | 1,491 | 1,059 | 5.095 | 5.195 | 5.197 | 5,182 |
| Conn. | 8,969 | 11,488 | 12,601 | 10,630 | 23,865 | 23.727 | 25,114 | 26,041 |
| I. I. | 46,266 | 49.737 | 59,251 | 47.965 | 150.537 | 117.721 | 178,876 | 169.032 |
| H. J. .............. | 22,947 | 29.533 | 29,870 | 26,293 | 40.797 | 39,906 | 42,285 | 44,652 |
| Pa, .............. 8 | 36.111 | 45,692 | 60,109 | 45,022 | 144, 156 | 143,826 | 160,503 | 153.788 |
| H. Atlanti | 138,120 | 175,450 | 205.826 | 160,957 | 450,676 | 480,232 | 500, 227 | 489.835 |
| Ohio | 55,468 | 62,562 | 75.515 | 54,517 | 165,479 | 169,917 | 189,154 | 182,706 |
| Ind. | 38,568 | 47,468 | 58,086 | 47.555 | 143.521 | 163.530 | 176,894 | 164.528 |
| 111. | 68,364 | 116,131 | 138,768 | 116,813 | 217.774 | 236,942 | 249,070 | 244, 106 |
| Hich. | 40,342 | 48,254 | 63.846 | 45,817 | 95,480 | 106,775 | 120,538 | 109,145 |
| P18. | 18,202 | 29,351 | 30,641 | 23, 288 | 182,950 | 215,853 | 230.194 | 224,547 |
| I. M. Central | 220,944 | 303.766 | 366,856 | 290.990 | 805,204 | 893.417 | 965,850 | 915,032 |
| Minn. ......... | 47,025 | 58.553 | 61,077 | 51,051 | 163,628 | 213.752 | 207.972 | 197.826 |
| Iowa | 32,045 | 57.686 | 53,104 | 55,338 | 324, 173 | 361,770 | 334,431 | 353.867 |
| Mo. | 23.247 | 36.153 | 54.442 | 35,597 | 152,941 | 162.740 | 160,150 | 154.782 |
| I. Dak | 34.559 | 26,210 | 37.874 | 35.314 | 26,955 | 41,628 | 38,447 | 35.467 |
| 8. Dak. | 16,960 | 14,292 | 16,133 | 17.816 | 41,915 | 64,351 | 51,668 | 54, 269 |
| Hobr. | 30,505 | 39,607 | 54,525 | 31,553 | 138.085 | 168,649 | 140,928 | 121.701 |
| Tans. | 44,016 | 72,689 | 132,325 | 77.539 | 146.709 | 135.754 | 143.273 | 120.707 |
| 7. H. Contral | 228,357 | 305.190 | 409,480 | 304,208 | 994,406 | 1,148,644 | 1,076,869 | 1,038,619 |
| Del. .......... | 5.509 | 6,321 | 8.117 | 5.741 | 5.968 | 5,765 | 6,809 | 6,213 |
| Md. | 24,119 | 28,251 | 35,043 | 23,248 | 26,969 | 26,890 | 30,134 | 28,793 |
| ra. | 38.637 | 42,847 | 42,353 | 39.927 | 35.99\% | 35.253 | 41.542 | 39.763 |
| T. Ta. | 5.5448 | 5.342 | 7.216 | 6,021 | 22.311 | 22,606 | 23.553 | 23.949 |
| I. C. | 132,236 | 129,612 | 156,080 | 143.073 | 19.013 | 19,861 | 20,172 | 23.650 |
| 8. C. | 59.500 | 58,583 | 66,214 | 59,800 | 9.487 | 8,485 | 9.099 | 12.414 |
| Ga. | 70,977 | 88,072 | 86,553 | 72,903 | 17.336 | 18,212 | 19.481 | 20,904 |
| Fla. | 58.477 | 68,272 | 92.931 | 67.994 | 13, 112 | 11,996 | 12.981 | 15.364 |
| 8. Atlanti | 395,003 | 427,300 | 493.507 | 418.707 | 150, 392 | 149,068 | 163.771 | 171,050 |
| K. | 37.583 | 28,658 | 56.430 | 53.294 | 51.782 | 53.433 | 57.165 | 58,836 |
| Pons. | 35.253 | 36.195 | 48,112 | 44, 862 | 40.570 | 41,794 | 46.863 | 45.444 |
| Ala. | 59,461 | 58,629 | 75.395 | 56.785 | 15.634 | 15.617 | 17.351 | 19.725 |
| Mise. | 67.470 | 85.469 | 94,104 | 77,880 | 19,544 | 17,899 | 20,212 | 21,927 |
| Ark. | 49,760 | 52,650 | 66.058 | 68,105 | 21,205 | 21,333 | 24, 173 | 21.764 |
| La, | 51,512 | 49.149 | 57.790 | 51,061 | 16.316 | 13.362 | 15.162 | 16.759 |
| 0kla | 36,610 | 40.584 | 64,083 | 58.147 | 69,784 | 68,307 | 72.927 | 66,071 |
| Tex. | 143.934 | 206.229 | 232,437 | 191.157 | 113.585 | 112.843 | 146.227 | 159.269 |
| 8. Contral | 481.583 | 557.563 | 694,409 | 601.291 | 348, 420 | 351,588 | 400.080 | 409.795 |
| Mort. | 32,209 | 15.839 | 18,502 | 25,116 | 45.119 | 45.433 | 43.327 | 32,945 |
| Idaho | 26,465 | 28,006 | 40.169 | 22,765 | 32,773 | 39,355 | 46.567 | 35.315 |
| Tro. | 5.087 | 6.443 | 6,503 | 5. 218 | 25.377 | 28.826 | 32,190 | 25,124 |
| colo. | 18,595 | 29.529 | 39.428 | 25,148 | 51,269 | 62,776 | 74,628 | 58,973 |
| H, Mex. ............ | 5,376 | 8,111 | 8,251 | 7.398 | 16,054 | 18.345 | 20.679 | 18,679 |
| ATE. | 18,244 | 15.343 | 14,905 | 16.612 | 17.099 | 15,682 | 18,072 | 19.154 |
| Utah ................ | 6,251 | 7.783 | 8,434 | 6.635 | 18,465 | 21,292 | 24,697 | 21,755 |
| 耳ev. ................. | 710 | 859 | 1,072 | 914 | 7.353 | 7.532 | 9.171 | 8.638 |
| Tash. | 61,824 | 58.313 | 78,420 | 46,111 | 47.169 | 51.780 | 53.587 | 49,215 |
| Oreg. | 25,195 | 27.104 | 36,803 | 20,938 | 42,185 | 44.551 | 50,960 | 43.959 |
| Calle. | 243,646 | 295.632 | 322,861 | 243.562 | 172,252 | 172,978 | 193.269 | 173.512 |
| Westera | 443.602 | 492,962 | 575.348 | 420.417 | 475.115 | 508.550 | 567.147 | 487.269 |
| ס. 8. cash incoms | 2,214,000 | 2,624,000 | 3,199,000 | 2,499,000 | 3,013,000 | 3,480,000 | 3,529,000 | 3,304,000 |

[^37]Table 3.- Recoipts from the sale of crops and 11 vestock products by States, October and Jamary-October, 1935-38

| State | Qctobor |  |  |  | : Jamaxy-October |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1935 | 1936 | : 1937 | 1938 | : 1935 | $1936$ | : 1937 | : 1938 |
|  | 1,000 | $1,000$ | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |  |
|  | : dollars | dollare | dollara | dollare | dollars | dollar | dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| Me... | 3.329 | 4,175 | 3.482 | 4,527 | 27.404 | 41.571 |  |  |
| V. H. | 1,715 | 1,702 | 1,900 | 1,614 | 13,970 | $14,116$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47,089 \\ & 15,081 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35,236 \\ & 13,735 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\nabla$ t. | 2,769 | 2,896 | 3,076 | 2,833 | 27,431 | 27,987 | 17,728 | $\begin{aligned} & 13.735 \\ & 28.667 \end{aligned}$ |
| Kass. | 4.352 | 4.989 | 5,362 | 4,813 | 40,196 | 43,340 | 43,858 | $\begin{aligned} & 28,667 \\ & 43,490 \end{aligned}$ |
| R. Conn | 807 | 684 | 773 | 656 | 6,153 | 7,038 | 6.688 | $6,241$ |
| N. F | 3.538 | 3.072 | 3.814 | 3,704 | 32,834 | 35.215 | 37.715 | 36,671 |
| N. F. | 21,557 | 25.362 | 25.562 | 25.768 | 196.803 | 227.458 | 238,127 | 216.997 |
|  | 5,212 | 5,888 | 6,201 | 5,360 | 63.738 | 69,439 | 72,155 | 70,945 |
| H. Atlan | 63,634 | 23,354 | 24,453 74,623 | 20.575 | 180,267 | 189.518 | 220,612 | 198,810 |
| Ohio. | 27.044 | 26,001 | 27,629 | 69,850 | 588.796 | 655,682 | 709, 053 | 650,792 |
| Ind. | 19,276 | 20,576 | 27,829 20,842 | 26,083 20,035 | 220,947 182,089 | 232,479 211,398 | 264,669 234,980 | 237.223 |
| 111. | 30,530 | 34,330 | 35,169 | 32,130 | 286,138 | 311,398 | 234,980 387.838 | 212,083 |
| M1ch. | - 20,462 | 21,673 | 22,510 | 21,051 | 135,822 | 153,073 155,029 | $\begin{aligned} & 387.838 \\ & 184.384 \end{aligned}$ | 360.919 157.96? |
| W1s... | 22,869 | 30,662 | 27,610 | 23, 734 | 201.152 | 245,204 | 184.384 260.835 | $157.96 ?$ 237.835 |
| M. N. Contr | 120,181 | 133,242 | 133.760 | 123,013 | 1,026,148 | 1,191.183 | 1,332.706 | 1,206,0.2 |
| Minn. Iow. | 27.544 37.185 | 34,632 43,762 | 31,105 | 26,469 | 210,653 | -1272.305 | 1,332,049 | 1,200,022 |
| Mo... | 25,514 | 43,762 28,498 | 38,488 26,991 | 38,497 24,660 | 356, 218 | 419,456 | 387.535 | 409,205 |
| H. Dak. | 14,717 | 10,716 | ,174 | 24,660 | 176,188 | 198,893 | 214.592 | 190,379 |
| S. Dak. | 10,986 | 9,521 | 11,776 | 12,655 9,795 | 61,514 | 67.838 | 76,321 | 70,781 |
| Nobr | 22,838 | 26,302 | 24,490 | 9,795 18,748 | 58,875 168,590 | 78,643 | 67,801 | 72,085 |
| Kans. | 20,994 | 21, 375 | 24,416 | 18,748 17.493 | 168,590 190,725 | 208,256 | 195.453 | 153.254 |
| T. N. Centr | 159.778 | 174,806 | 171,440 | 148,317 | 1.222, 763 | 1, 4533,834 | 275.598 | 198,246 |
| Dol | 1,004 | 1,058 | 1,201 | 974 | 11,477 | 12,086 | . 14.926 | 1, 342,827 |
| Md. | 4,986 | 4,927 | 5,372 | 4.362 | 51,088 | 55.141 | 65.926 | 11.954 |
| Va. T . | 16,361 | 14,016 | 16,495 | 15,660 | 74,633 | 78,100 | , 8 | 52,041 |
| T. Va | 4,716 | 4,751 | 5.122 | 4,619 | 27,859 | 27.948 |  | 79,690 |
| S. S . | 55,106 | 57.477 | 72,050 | 54,521 | 151,249 | 149,473 |  | 29,970 |
| Ga... | 14,562 | 18,092 | 14,693 | 14,386 | 68,987 | 67,068 | 176,252 | 166,723 |
| Fa. | 18,829 4,410 | 19,523 | 19,689 | 15.163 | 88,313 | 106,284 | 106,034 | 72,214 |
| S. Atlanti | 119,474 | 126,2065 | 7.601 | 4.734 | 71, 789 | 80, 268 | 104.912 | 83, 358 |
| Ky... | 6,627 | 6,754 | 142,223 | 114.419 | 545.395 | 576.368 | 657.278 | 589,757 |
| Tonn. | 11,777 | 15,126 | 14.750 | 7.574 13.994 | 89.365 | 82,091 | 113.595 | 112,130 |
| 11. | 17,302 | 21,259 | 18,790 28,994 | 13,994 20,554 | $75.823$ $75,095$ | $77,989$ $74,246$ | $94,975$ | 90,306 |
| צ188。 | 27.987 | 41,977 | 32,205 | 28,995 | 75,095 87,014 | 74,246 103,368 | 92,746 114,316 | 76,510 |
| Ark. | 19.910 | 26,633 | 26,023 | 28,801 | 70,965 | 103.368 73,983 | 114,316 | 99.807 |
| Le. | 14,956 | 18,614 | 15,786 | 16,488 | 67,828 | 73,983 62,511 | 90,231 | 89.869 |
| Okla. | 18,647 | 13,974 | 17.920 | 15,001 | 106,828 | 62,511 | 72,952 | 67,820 |
| Tex. | 64,389 | 66,570 | 17,738 | 15,01 57.572 | 106,394 257.519 | 108,891 326,072 | 137.010 378,664 | 124,218 |
| S. Contral. | 181.595 | 210,907 | 216,080 | 188,979 | 830,003 | 326,072 | 378,664 $1,094,489$ | -350,426 |
| Mont | 17.962 | 14,684 | 14,944 | 15,144 | 77,328 | 61,272 | -2,094,489 | 1,011,086 |
| Idaho. | 9.892 | 11,196 | 10,926 | 8,365 | 59,238 | 67, 361 | 61,829 | 58,061 |
| Colo. | 9.997 | 8,688 | 10,444 | 8.762 7.782 | 59.238 30,464 | 67,361 35,269 | 86,736 38,693 | 58,080 |
| Colo.. <br> 凡. Yex | 17.509 | 19,030 | 19,121 | 17.155 | 69,864 | 92,305 | 114,056 | 30, 342 |
| Ariz.. | 5,215 | 6,336 | 8.417 | 7.567 | 21,430 | 26,456 | 28,930 | 26,077 |
| Jtah. | 4,738 5,020 | 6,099 | 6.799 | 5.033 | 35,343 | 31,025 | 32,977 | 35,766 |
|  | 1,337 | 5,257 1,474 | 5,709 | 4.383 | 24.716 | 29,075 | 33.131 | 28,390 |
| rash | 16,612 | 15,092 | 16,595 | 1,337 | 8,063 | 8,391 | 10,243 | 9.552 |
| Teg. | 9.730 | 8,723 | 16.525 |  | 108,993 67,380 | 110,093 | 132,007 | 95,326 |
| Calif. | 53,619 | 61.959 | $65.706$ | 6,917 52,270 | 67.380 415.898 | 71,655 | 87.763 | 64,897 |
| Western. | 151,631 | 158.518 | 170,240 | 139,405 | 415,898 | -468,610 | 516,130 | 417.074 |
|  | $\underline{21,63}$ | $\underline{1}$ | 170.240 | 139,405 | 918.717 | 1,001,512 | 1.142,495 | 907.686 |
| U. S. cash incase 1 | 802,000 | 882,000 | 907.000 | 777,000 | 5,227,000 | 6,104,000 | 6,728,000 | 5,803,000 |

1) The ostinated Onited States cash incomel not equal to the atm of the State estimates because it has been adfugted downard for interstate sale of investock, and includes income from sone farm products whicla is

Pablo 4. ©overmont pavents and rocoipts from the male of principal fart producte, inclading oovermont paymats, by States, October 1937-38 and Jamary - October 1936-38

| State | 8 | Goremmant pereate |  |  |  |  | Total including Government perconts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oct. |  | Jan, -Oct. |  |  | Oct. |  | Jan. Oct. $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
|  | 1 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1936: | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1936 : | 1937 : | 1938 |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | 8 | dollers | dollar | dollara | d.011ar: | dollari | dollara | dollara | dollari | dollers | dollara |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yo |  | 23 | 36 | , | 160 | 667 | 3.495 | 4.563 | 41,576 | 47.249 | 35.903 |
| 耳. H. |  | 11 | 6 | 11 | 68 | 127 | 1,911 | 1,620 | 14.127 | 15.149 | 13.862 |
| F\%. |  | 30 | 29 | 18 | 158 | 315 | 3.106 | 2,862 | 28,005 | 27,886 | 28.982 |
| Mass. |  | 24 | 7 | 351 | 119 | 240 | 5.386 | 4.820 | 43.691 | 43.977 | 43.730 |
| I. I. |  | 4 | 1 | 1 | 17 | 11 | 777 | 657 | 7.039 | 6.705 | 6,252 |
| Coms. | 8 | 41 | 4 | 688 | 334 | 254 | 3.855 | 3.708 | 35.903 | 38,049 | 36.925 |
| H. I. | 8 | 244 | 60 | 209 | 1.596 | 2,692 | 25.806 | 25.828 | 227.667 | 239.723 | 219.689 |
| \%.J. |  | 13 | 9 | 80 | 219 | 683 | 6,214 | 5,369 | 69.519 | 72,374 | 71,628 |
| Ps |  | 56 | 52 | 1.055 | 1.568 | 2.373 | 24.509 | 20,627 | 190.573 | 222,180 | 201.183 |
| 1. 1 |  | 436 | 204 | 2,418 | 4.239 | 7.362 | 75,059 | 70,054 | 658.100 | 113,292 | 658.154 |
| Onio |  | 153 | 264 | 6,065 | 8.622 | 6.535 | 27.76 | 26.347 | 238.544 | 273.291 | 243.758 |
| 18d. |  | 86 | 297 | 7.180 | 9.540 | 6,645 | 20,928 | 20.332 | 218,578 | 244, 520 | 218.728 |
| 111. |  | 147 | 280 | 13,569 | 15,131 | 6.950 | 35,316 | 32,410 | 366,642 | 402,969 | 369.859 |
| M1ah. |  | 132 | 170 | 1,947 | 6,808 | 7.285 | 22,642 | 21, 201 | 156,976 | 191,192 | 165.257 |
| Wis. |  | 116 | 324 | 2,490 | 10.585 | 8.390 | 27.726 | 24,058 | 247.694 | 271,420 | 246, 225 |
| E. Y. C |  | 634 | 1.335 | 31,251 | 50,686 | 37.805 | 134.394 | 124,348 | 1,228,434 | 1,383,392 | 1,243,297 |
| Mim. | 8 | 159 | 181 | 7.862 | 17.143 | 13,341 | 31,264 | 26.650 | 280,167 | 286,192 | 262,215 |
| Iowa |  | 203 | 1.895 | 21, 244 | 24.386 | 19,622 | 38,691 | 40,392 | 440,700 | 411,921 | 428,827 |
| Mo. |  | 175 | 603 | 10,149 | 12,924 | 10,276 | 27.166 | 25,263 | 203,942 | 227.516 | 200,655 |
| H. Dak. |  | 354 | 161 | 9.748 | 20.173 | 12,628 | 14.528 | 12.816 | 77.586 | 96,494 | 83,409 |
| 3. Dak. | . 8 | 138 | 607 | 7.900 | 24.834 | 13.961 | 21.914 | 10,402 | 86,543 | 82,635 | 86,046 |
| Hobr. |  | 71 | 110 | 14,909 | 17.166 | 12.432 | 24.561 | 18.858 | 222, 165 | 212,619 | 165,686 |
| Kans. |  | 332 | 363 | 26.058 | 17.872 | 14.774 | 24, 748 | 17.856 | 23.4. 501 | 293.470 | 213,020 |
| 『. \%. Con |  | 1.432 | 3.920 | 97.870 | 124,498 | 97.034 | 172,872 | 152,237 | 1,551.604 | 1,610,847 | 1,439,861 |
| Del. |  | 3 | 5 | 123 | 249 | 470 | 1,204 | 979 | 12,209 | 15.175 | 12,424 |
| Ma. |  | 11 | 28 | 723 | 1.498 | 1,416 | 5,383 | 4.390 | 55,864 | 66.675 | 53.457 |
| Va. | 8 | 41 | 330 | 1,252 | 3.288 | 3.798 | 16.536 | 15.990 | 79.352 | 87.183 | 83, 488 |
| V. Va. |  | 24 | 148 | 151 | 716 | 1.361 | 5.146 | 4.767 | 28,099 | 31.485 | 31.331 |
| H. C. |  | 94 | 2,282 | 3.901 | 12.099 | 12,364 | 72.144 | 56,803 | 153.374 | 188,351 | 179,087 |
| S. C. | . 8 | 60 | 5,934 | 3.445 | 7.472 | 13.356 | 14,753 | 20, 320 | 70.513 | 82.785 | 85.570 |
| Qa. |  | 33 | 5.671 | 5.408 | 9.786 | 16,834 | 19.722 | 20.834 | 111,692 | 115.820 | 110.641 |
| 7e. |  | 17. | 112 | 638 | 1,133 | 2.111 | 7.618 | 4.854 | 80.906 | 106,045 | 85.469 |
| 8. Atlant |  | 283 | 14,510 | 15,641 | 36,241 | 51.710 | 142,506 | 128,929 | 592,009 | 693.519 | 641,467 |
| 3 | 1 | 549 | 501 | 3.588 | 10,937 | 11,120 | 7.213 | 8,075 | 85.679 | 124.532 | 123.250 |
| Tomb |  | 168 | 2.255 | 3.025 | 8.227 | 10,303 | 14,918 | 16,249 | 81,014 | 103.202 | 100,609 |
| 118. |  | 54 | 4,737 | 5.969 | 9,949 | 14,543 | 29.048 | 25,291 | 80, 215 | 102,695 | 91.053 |
| M18. | . 8 | 55 | 8.123 | 6.555 | 10,363 | 19,377 | 32,260 | 37.118 | 109.923 | 124,679 | 119.184 |
| Aric. |  | 67 | 6,066 | 5.100 | 10,336 | 18,634 | 26,090 | 34,867 | 79.163 | 100,567 | 108,503 |
| Le. |  | 58 | 1.974 | 4.236 | 7.099 | 12,877 | 15,844 | 18,462 | 66.747 | 80,051 | 80,697 |
| Ocla. |  | 159 | 2,881 | 12,097 | 14.535 | 16.416 | 18,079 | 17.882 | 120,988 | 151.545 | 140,634 |
| Tex. |  | 233 | 12.444 | 23,734 | 35,585 | 5H,875 | 73.971 | 70.016 | 349.806 | 414,249 | 405,301 |
| 8. Contral |  | 1.343 | 38.981 | 64.384 | 107,032 | 158, 145 | 217.423 | 227.960 | 973.535 | 1,201.520 | 1,169,231 |
| Mont. |  | 81 | 76 | 4.335 | 7.430 | 8,401 | 15,025 | 15,220 | 65.607 | 69.259 | 66.462 |
| Idaho | . 8 | 126 | \% | 2,306 | 3.465 | 2,936 | 11.052 | 8.461 | 69.667 | 90,201 | 61,016 |
| Tro. |  | 31 | 4 | 612 | 1,251 | 2.707 | 10.475 | 7.826 | 35,881 | 39,944 | 33.049 |
| Ool0. | 8 | 104 | 113 | 2,991 | 4.695 | 8,378 | 19.225 | 17,268 | 95,29 | 118.751 | 92,499 |
| 5. Mez. | 8 | 59 | 633 | 643 | 2,890 | 3,026 | 8.476 | 8,200 | 27.099 | 31,820 | 29.103 |
| Ars. |  | 36 | 658 | 351 | 1,126 | 1,693 | 6,835 | 5.691 | 31,376 | 34, 103 | 37.459 |
| 0 toh |  | 45 | 38 | 476 | 916 | 1.867 | 5.754 | 4.421 | 29.551 | 34,047 | 30.257 |
| Yor. |  | 23 | 4 | 31 | 176 | 119 | 1.718 | 1,341 | 8,422 | 10,419 | 9.671 |
| Tash. | $8$ | 52 | 48 | 3.786 | 2,925 | 1.770 | 16.577 | 13.500 | 113.879 | 134,932 | 97.096 |
| Oreg. | 8 | 29 | 30 | 1,822 | 2,325 | 2,362 | 9.983 | 6.947 | 73.477 | 90,088 | 67.259 |
| Calif. | , | 103 | 929 | 2,864 | 5.401 | 9.779 | 65,809 | 53.199 | 471.474 | 522,531 | 426.853 |
| Testern | . 8 | 689 | 2,669 | 20.217 | 32,600 | 43.038 | 170,929 | 142.074 | 1,021,729 | 1.175,095 | 950.724 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0. S. eash } \\ & \text { income I/ } \end{aligned}$ | : | $5,000$ | 62,000 | 232,000 | 355,000 | 395,000 | 912,000 | 839.000 | 6,336,000 | 7.083.000 | 6.198.000 |

1/ The estisated United states carh income is not equal to the sum of the gtate estinates because it has been adfusted downard for interstate ale of livestock, and includes income frow some farm producte which is not dietribated by states.

UIITED STATES DEFARTMET OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics Washington

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PHODUCTS AUD GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS SY STATES, FOR NOVEIBER 1938, WITH COMPARISONS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in November 1938 were smaller than for a year earlier in all major regions of the country, excopt the West North Central States, where income was 6 percent larger, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Decreases ranged from 5 percent in the North Atlantic to $2 l$ percent in the South Atlantic States.

Receipts from marketings in the first ll months of 1938 were lower than for a year earlier in all the major regions by amounts ranging from 8 percont in the North Atlantic, West North Contral, and South Central States to 19 percent in the wostern Statcs. Total receipts, including Government payments, were lower in all rosions, the decreases rangod from 2 porcont in the South Contral States to 18 percent in the Western Statcs.

$$
\text { Iovombor Receipts } 7 \text { Porcent Eelow Yoar Earlicr }
$$

Receipts from farm marketings in Novomivor, as reported December 22, amounted to $\$ 660,000,000$ and wore 7 percent s:naller than the $\$ 713,000,000$ estimated for Novembor 1937. Income from livestock markotines was 5 porcent lower and recoipts from crop sales worc down lC percont. Including Government paymonts, roccipts totalcd $\$ 708,000,000$, only $l$ percent smaller than in November 1937.

Recoipts from principal crops this November worc largor than a yoar earlier in the Wost North Contral, Wostorn, and North Atlantic States, by 36 percent, 8 porcent, and 4 porcent respectively. In the other threc regions reccipts from crops werc smallor by amounts ranging from 6 percont in the Fast North Central to 27 percont in the South Atlantic States. Increascd income from wheat rosulted from loans and the much largor marketings of spring wheat in Montana, Idaho, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Loans on corn resultcd in larger income from wiis crop in tho Western Corn Belt states with the largest increasc reportcd for Iova and llobraska.

In figuring income from marketings of corn, wheat, and cotton, on which loans arc socured through the commodity Credit Corporation, the recoipts from loans is considor cd as income in tho month the loan is sccurcd. If at the time the loan is repaid the farm price is in cxcoss of the loan, including all costs of the loan, the balance will bo added to the income of farmors in that month. The offcet of this procedure is to increase the cash income from thosc crops in the carlior months of the marketing joar, and this loavos loss than the usual quantitios of thesc products availablo for salos or loans in the latcr months of the markcting season. Whilc this affocts tho distribution of income from thesc commoditics during the crop yoar it will not affect the total amount of income rocoived unless the loan is groator than the amount which could bo rocoivcd by marketing them at markot prices during the yoar.

Incomo from the salc of principal livestock and livestock products in Novomber was bolow a year carlicr in all the major regions cxcept the South Contral Statcs for which a 6 porcont incroasc was roported. The decreascs
RECEIPTS FROM the SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


## - 3 -

ranged from 2 percent in the West Worth central to 22 percent in the Western States. For 13 States thc estimated reccipts from livestock sales this November werc larger than for November 1937. In tincse States hogs and cattle werc the commodities from which income was larger. For the Unitcd States as a whole, roceipts from sales of all meat animals oxcept cattlo wore larger this November, but income from all other livestock products was smallor.

January-Hovomber Recoipts 13 Percent Below Same Months Last Year
Cash income from sales of farm products in the first ll months of 1938 , as reported Decemiocr 22 , totaled $\$ 6,463,000,000$ or 13 purcent less than the $\$ 7,440,000,000$ recoived by farmers in thesc months of 1937. Receipts from crops worc 21 percent lower and returns from sales of livestock and livestock products wero only 6 percent lower.

Corn wes the only crop from which returns in the first ll months of 1938 wore larger than For the same months in 1937. All other crops yiclded smaller roturns with sroatost rodictions in incomos from wheat, cotton, potatocs, truck crops, and citrus iruits. January-Novembor roceipts from hogs were somowhat larger than for the first ll months of 1937 but returns from all other livestock products were sraller.

## Receipts by Regions, January Through November

The accompanying chart shows receipts by regions for 1936, 1937, and the first li months of 1938. Receipts from sales of principal farm products were lower in all states except Inwa, South Dakota, Arizona, and Vermont fcr which increases of 8 percent, 6 percent, 4 percent, and 2 percent respectively were reported.

North Atlantic Stat'es
Receipts from crop sales in the first ll months of 1938 were 21 percent smaller than for a year earlier in the North Atlantic States. Income from marketings of livestock and livestock products was 3 percent smaller and receipts from all warketirgs were 8 percent less. rotal receipts including Government payments, were 7 percent less than for January-November 1937. Vermont, with incrcased incemes from hogs, chickens, and dairy products, was the only state in the region for which a larger income was reported in 1938. In the othor States of the region decreases ranged from 1 percont in Now Jersey and Massachusctts to 23 percent in Mainc. Income from all crops exceot apples and pears was smaller than for a year earlier in this region and smaller returns wore obtained from all livestock products except dairy products and hogs.

East North Contral States
In the East liorth Contral States income from crop marketings was 20 percont smallor than for January-Novemb or 1937. Livostock and livestock products brought 5 percont less, and receipts from all marketings were dow 9 percent. Total recoipts, including Govomment paymonts, were 10 percont smaller than in the corresponding months of 1937. Income from crops, as well as from livestock, was smaller in all States of the region. Receipts from sales of all principal farm products wore smaller by amounts ranging from 6 percent in Illinois to 14 percent in Michigan. In the region as a whole, receipts from corn and tobacco :\%ore larger, but staller returns woro realized from all other commodities.

## West North Central States

Income from sales of crops in the West North Central States from. January through November was 21 percent. bolow the estimate for the same months in 1937. Income from sales of livestock products was 3 percent smaller, income from all farm products was down 8 percent, and the total including Government payments was 9 percent smaller than the estimatefor a year earlier. Larger income from corn, cattíe, hogs, and dairy products in Iowa, and from corn, wheat, cattle, and hogs in South Dakota resulted in increascd income from marketings in these States of 8 and 6 percent respectively. In Iowa much of the increasc was due to the large amount secured from.loans through the commodity credit corporation. In the other 5 States, decroases ranged from 7 percent in Minnosota and North Dakota to 21 porcont in Nebraska and 27 percent in Kansas. In the latter statos, receipts from wheat sales were much smaller in 1938 than a year earlier.

## South Atlantic States

In the South Atlantic States incomic from marketings in the first ll months of 1938 was smallor in all States of the region becausc of smallor reccipts from cotton, tobacco, citrus fruits, and truck crops. Receipts from hogs,becf cattle, dairy products, strawberries and peachos wore larger. Tho JanuaryNovember income from livestock and livestock products was 3 percont larger than in the same months of 1937. This partially offsct a 17 percent doclinc in rccoipts from crop marketings, so that roccipts from salcs of all the principal farm products werc 12 percont smallor in 1938. Inasmuch as Government payments werc larger bccause of cotton prico adjustment paymonts, total rocoipts, including Government payments, woro dowm only 8 porcent.

South Contral Statos
For January-Novembor rocoipts from salcs of livostock and livostock products in tho South Contral Statos were 3 porcont largor than for tho same poriod in 1937, and partially offset a decreasc of 14 percont in crop sales. Income from all marketings was dom 8 porcent, but total income including Govermment payments was only 2 porcont bolow the estimato for a year carlier duc to tho relativoly large cotton prico adjustment payments this ycar. Recoipts from markctings worc smallor in all Statos by amounts ranging from 1 porcent in Kontucky to 19 porcent in Alabama. For tho entire region all commoditics returncd smallor incomos excopt cattlo, hogs, tobacco, ricc, hay, swoctpotatocs, and strawberrics. The greatest reductions wero roportod for wheat, cotton, and truck crops.

## Wostorn Statos

In the Westorn States income from crop salcs in the first 11 months of 1938 was 24 percent below the estimate for the same months of 1937. Income from salcs of livostock and livostock products was 15 percont smallor and roceipts from all marketings were down 19 percont. Governmont payments wore largor in 1938 and the total roccipts, including Govornmont paymonts, woro 18 porcont bolow tho cstimato for January-Novormbor 1937. Income in Arizona was 4 porcont larger than for thosc nonths in 1937 duc to largor rocoipts from salcs of cotton and cattle. In the othor 10 States the range in income was from 3 porcont bolow the 1937 period in kontana to 29 porcont below in Idaho. Largost roductions for the rogion worc in roceipts from wheat, cattlc, potatocs, truck crops, citrus fruits, and grapes.

Tables 1 to 4 givo tho Statc cstimates of recoipts from the salc of principal farm products and Govemment paymonts for November, and for January through Nover:bor of 1938, togethor with comparative figurcs for earlier ycars.

Table 1.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, November 1935-38

| State | Crop: |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November |  |  |  | November |  |  |  |
|  | 1 1935 | : 1936 | : 1937 | - 1938 | : 1935 | - 1936 | \% 1937 | 1 1938 |
|  | 1 1,000 | $1.000$ | $1,000$ | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollar | dollare | dollare | dollars | dollar: | dollar: | dollar: |
| Ke. | 1 1,381 | 1.433 | 1,352 | 1.638 | 1.775 | 1.742 | 1.957 | 1,917 |
| N. H. | 1117 | 146 | 233 | 186 | 1,262 | 1,326 | 1.349 | 1,262 |
| Tt. | 1209 | 315 | 276 | 161 | 2,342 | 2,281 | 2.530 | 2,424 |
| Mase. | 1412 | 690 | 932 | 1,083 | 3.069 | 3.104 | 3.451 | 3.188 |
| R. I. | 184 | 40 | 63 | 80 | 519 | 510 | 535 | 479 |
| Conn. | 1749 | 650 | 911 | 1,039 | 2,378 | 2,446 | 2,718 | 2,467 |
| N. Y. | 16,715 | 6,953 | 6,999 | 6,873 | 12,724 | 15,285 | 17,312 | 15.822 |
| \$.J. | . 960 | 864 | 764 | 1.096 | 3.392 | 3.516 | 3.883 | 3.763 |
| Pa. | - 4,114 | 5.507 | 4.686 | 4.735 | 12.197 | 13.848 | 14.767 | 13.080 |
| M. Atlantic | 1 14.741 | 16,598 | 16,216 | 16,891 | 39,658 | 44,058 | 48,502 | 44.402 |
| Ohio ... | 5,226 | 7,225 | 5.805 | 4.438 | 15.726 | 17.540 | 18,881 | 18,905 |
| Ind. | 3.703 | 5,308 | 4,216 | 3.147 | 13.981 | 16.677 | 17.198 | 17,208 |
| 111. | \% 7.324 | 13,188 | 10.575 | 11,189 | 20,992 | 27.982 | 25,603 | 24,709 |
| Yich. | - 5.996 | 6.778 | 5.945 | 6,142 | 9.462 | 11,395 | 12,780 | 11,038 |
| Wis. | 1-1.628 | 2.401 | 1, 841 | 1.689 | 19.108 | 25.283 | 25.319 | 20,972 |
| E. X. Central | 23,877 | 34,900 | 28.382 | 26,605 | 79.269 | 98.877 | 99.781 | 92.832 |
| Minn. | 4,923 | 5.963 | 5,825 | 5.728 | 18,527 | 24,250 | 22,950 | 23.473 |
| Iowa | 13.406 | 4,128 | 6,907 | 16,929 | 34,537 | 48,075 | 38,070 | 39.103 |
| Mo. | 14.748 | 6,350 | 5,929 | 7.045 | 18,139 | 19.118 | 17.546 | 18,668 |
| 8. Dak. | 1 4,625 | 2.771 | 4,619 | 4.458 | 4,008 | 5.385 | 4.725 | 4,548 |
| S. Dak. | 12.737 | 769 | 1,827 | 2,157 | 5.636 | 7.861 | 7.061 | 6,909 |
| Hobr. | 1 4,010 | 3.992 | 3.119 | 4.839 | 14,082 | 18,413 | 17.537 | 13.697 |
| Eans. | $8 \quad 3.119$ | 5,107 | 4.796 | 3.596 | 12.383 | 14.674 | 13.149 | 11.740 |
| T. N. Central | 27,568 | 29.080 | 33.022 | 44.752 | 107.312 | 137.776 | 121,038 | 118.138 |
| Dol. ........... | - 238 | 345 | 230 | 175 | 865 | 828 | 1,127 | 942 |
| Md. | 1.355 | 1.543 | 1,228 | 1,029 | 2,912 | 3.226 | 3.746 | 3.021 |
| Va, .. | 1 8,726 | 8.093 | 7.546 | 7. 249 | 4,350 | 4,853 | 4,981 | 4,921 |
| T. Va. | . 1776 | 748 | 897 | 743 | 2,151 | 2,457 | 2,289 | 2,671 |
| N. 0. | . 33.453 | 28,048 | 28.537 | 17.975 | 2,665 | 3.081 | 2.976 | 3.311 |
| S. C. | . 10,064 | 10.734 | 8.815 | 6,990 | 1,259 | 1,527 | 1,478 | 1,643 |
| Ge. | 1 12,086 | 10,204 | 11,526 | 8.317 | 2,266 | 2,867 | 2,961 | 2,467 |
| Fla. | - 5,648 | 7,040 | 7.656 | 6.277 | 1,754 | 2,119 | 2.130 | 1.787 |
| 8. Atlantic | - 72.346 | 66,755 | 66.435 | 48.755 | 18,222 | 20,958 | 21.688 | 20,763 |
| zy. | 1254 | -995 | 1,129 | 812 | 4,501 | 5,027 | 4.506 | 4.573 |
| Tonn. | . 7.053 | 7.614 | 8.584 | 7,146 | 3.622 | 3.908 | 4.099 | 4,085 |
| Ala. | . 12,740 | 11,690 | 16.670 | 12,161 | 2,074 | 2,281 | 2,321 | 2,040 |
| M1日。 | .1 14.121 | 23.674 | 17.563 | 15.363 | 2,842 | 2,599 | 2,934 | 2,642 |
| Ark. | 1 14,026 | 18,715 | 19,336 | 15.677 | 2,720 | 2.480 | 2,564 | 2,946 |
| La. | 1 17.856 | 22,004 | 22,615 | 18,490 | 1,822 | 1,816 | 1,861 | 2,334 |
| 0x1a. | 1 11,009 | 4.864 | 7.141 | 8,161 | 6,675 | 7.041 | 6,891 | 5.939 |
| Tex. | - 39,610 | 28.865 | 44.718 | 33.217 | 12.856 | 13.465 | 15.022 | 18.248 |
| S. Central | 1 116,960 | 118,421 | 137.756 | 211.027 | 37.112 | 38.617 | 40.198 | 42.806 |
| Mont. | 13.647 | 3,281 | 3.425 | 5,227 | 4.937 | 4.536 | 4.761 | 4.756 |
| Idaho | 13.677 | 4,719 | 3.858 | 5.416 | 2.952 | 3.506 | 3.293 | 3.456 |
| Tyo. | 1 1,624 | 2,050 | 1,621 | 1,392 | 4.292 | 4.330 | 5.196 | 2,537 |
| Colo. | 16,147 | 6.593 | 5.266 | 4.770 | 7.723 | 7.777 | 9.533 | 8,262 |
| I. Mex. | 11,345 | 2.506 | 1.998 | 2,295 | 7.218 | 6,887 | 8.970 | 5.859 |
| Arlah. | .1 1,535 | 2,572 | 2,131 | 2,185 | 5.076 | 4,265 | 4.767 | 3.342 |
| $\square \operatorname{tah}$ \&isv. | $\begin{array}{cr}. .1 & 1.558 \\ .116\end{array}$ | 1.942 | 1.791 138 | 1,900 | 2,513 | 2.942 | 2.746 | 2,302 |
| Tain. | 6,395 | 4.417 | 4. 353 | 5.130 | 1,177 4,268 | 1,149 | 1.172 | + 954 |
| Oreg. | 2,218 | 2.714 | 2,294 | 3.659 | 3.714 | 5.318 | 4,992 | 3.690 |
| Callf. | . 1 22. 334 | 28.114 | 21, 873 | 20,635 | 14,267 | 16.020 | 27.294 | 13, 342 |
| Westera | $1-50.596$ | 59.037 | 48.748 | 52.720 | 58.137 | 60,986 | 67.537 | 52.44 |
| U. S. cash income | 1/8 338,000 | 367.000 | 352,000 | 318,000 | 331,000 | 382,000 | 361.000 | 342,000 |

[^38]

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table $3 .-$ Peceipts from the ale of crops and livestock products, by States, November and January-November 1935 m 38


1) The estimated United Stater cach incone is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has beer adjusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.-Covernment payments and receipte from the sale of principal famp products, including Government Fayments, by States, November 1937-38 and January-Rovember 1936-38

U. S. carh
income $\sqrt{2}$....
$3,000 \quad 48,000 \quad 251,000 \quad 358,000 \quad 443,000 \quad 716,000 \quad 708,000 \quad 7,104,000 \quad 7,798,000 \quad 6,906,000$

[^39]UNITED STATES DEPAFTWEITT OF ACRICULTURE Bureau of Agricultural Economs Washington

RECEIPTS FRCi: THE SALE OF PRIMCIPAL FARNI PRODUCT ${ }^{\text {F }}$ AID GOVERNI:ENT PAYMEITS


Receivts from the sale of principal farm products in December were smaller than a year earlier in all major rogions of the country, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Decreases ranged from 1 percent in the : Festern States to 25 percent in the South central Statcs.

The report on cash farm income and Government payments in 1938, released on January 20, contained a comparison of income betweon 1937 and 1938 by states and by comnoditics. This report was based on the sale of 78 crops and 14 livestock and livestock products. For the yoar 1938, cash incomo from sale of farm products totaled $\$ 7,150,000,000$ compared with $\$ 8,206,006,060$ in 1937, and werc smaller in all regions of the country. The decreases raned from 7 percent in the $\because$ ost North contral states to 20 percent in tho fostorn Statcs. Detailcd comparisons of income by commodities, States and rozions vill be round in the roport of January 20.

The monthly cstimatcs of receipts from the sale of principal farm products arc basod on the markotincs of 33 of the more important farm products for which data aro availablc morthly on marketings and prices roceived by producors. For tho United States as a wholo those 33 comoditios measure approximatcly 93 porcont of the total cash income from all farr markotings; tho proportion by statos ranging from avout 80 porcont to ovor 99 porcont.

Reccipts from tho sale of principal farm products and Govcrnment paymonts by Statcs arc listod in the attachod tablcs for Doconbor 1930 with comparisons in varlicr ycars and for the 12 months in 1938 with comparisons, and arc issucd larscly to bring up to datc tho scrics of monthly cstimatos of rocoipts by Statcs. Thosc estinatos do not suporscdo thosc publishod January 20, and havo not yot boen adjustod for rovisions in the calondar year cstimatos of inconc iron cortain of the principal farm products.

The accompaning chart gives a comparison of recoipts from farm marketings by recions and by :..onths for the yoars 1936, 1937 and 1938. The trond of reccipts in the North Atlantic States during 1938 has not boen groatly difforcnt than that of the 2 procodine ycars and income in rocont months has bocn only slightly lowor than that of 1937 and 1936.

The carliness of the moverent of the 1933 cotton crop is reflected in the trend of recoipts in the South Atlantic and South contral statcs. From Ausust to Octobcr the incroaso in receipts in thoso rogions was loss pronourced than in the 2 procoding yours, and sinco octobor tho doclinc has boen sroator, particularly in Dccowber whon rarkctings of cotton were unusually small.

The unusually marked incroase in income in the Wost North Contral Statcs from Octobor to Novcib or was duc largely to the unusually hoavy salcs of corn and the large volume of corn placod under loan in that month. In the Wostorn statos tho doclinc in rocoipts sinco octobor has bocn much loss than in the 2 procodins jcars and in Doconbor rocoipts fror farm rarkctings woro only $l$ percont less than a year carlior.






Table 1.- Receipts fron the sale of principal farm products, by States, Deoember 1935-38


1 The estimated United States cash income is nct equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has
been adjusted downard fic interstate sale of livestcol, and includes income from some farm products which
is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Recoipts from the selo of principal farm producte, by States, January-December, 1935-38

| State | Crops |  |  |  | L3vestook and Ifvestook produots |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Doo. |  |  |  | - Jon. - Deo. |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 | 1936 | 1939 | 1938 | 1935 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Se | 12,633 | 28,225 | 31,033 | 20,033 | 20,688 | 22,070 | 22,127 | 22,558 |
| N. H. | 2,048 | 1,980 | 3,092 | 2,019 | 14,514 | 14,888 | 14,816 | 14,425 |
| Vt. | 2,121 | 2,145 | 2,631 | 1,928 | 30,257 | 30,665 | 30,004 | 31,905 |
| Mas8. | 10,592 | 12,205 | 13,258 | 11,909 | 37,064 | 38,463 | 38,558 | 39,343 |
| R. I. | 1,184 | 1,908 | 1,600 | 1,180 | 6,081 | 6,160 | 6,191 | 6,113 |
| conn. | 10,989 | 13,510 | 14,562 | 12,839 | 28,349 | 28,285 | 30,176 | 30,810 |
| N. Y. | 57,138 | 62,587 | 71,788 | 59,189 | 176,609 | 208,288 | 212,301 | 200,546 |
| N. J. | 24,521 | 32,606 | 28,818 | 27,834 | 47,558 | 46,957 | 49,793 | 52,104 |
| Pa, | 43,309 | 55,769 | 68,791 | 52,597 | 167,944 | 170,856 | 188,629 | 179,340 |
| N. Atlantic | 164,535 | 210,935 | 235,573 | 189,528 | 529,064 | 566,632 | 592,595 | 577,144 |
| Ohio | 65,524 | 77,914 | 86,631 | 63,881 | 196,947 | 205,726 | 225,458 | 218,685 |
| Ind. | 48,654 | 58,241 | 66,299 | 55,389 | 172,420 | 198,830 | 209,924 | 196,881 |
| Ill. | 81,365 | 142,687 | 158,317 | 136,851 | 262,771 | 294,003 | 298,869 | 292,941 |
| yioh. | 50,774 | 66,414 | 78,616 | 59,760 | 115,182 | 129,798 | 142,880 | 130,178 |
| Wis. | 21,417 | 34,385 | 34,397 | 27,020 | 221,935 | 265,808 | 279,355 | 254,539 |
| E. N. Central | 265, 634 | 379,641 | 424,260 | 342,901 | 969,255 | 1,094,163 | 1,156,486 | 1,093,224 |
| Minn. | 54,646 | 10,717 | 72,722 | 60,979 | 203,023 | 265,131 | 257,652 | 243,387 |
| İowa | 38,126 | 66,868 | 67,202 | 80,314 | 402,684 | 469,135 | 421,729 | 437,578 |
| Mo. | 32,347 | 50,591 | 64,331 | 48,127 | 188,857 | 199,653 | 193,594 | 188,144 |
| N. Dak. | 41,662 | 30,607 | 44,734 | 42,825 | 33,988 | 51,311 | 47,358 | 43,228 |
| S. Dak. | 21,969 | 15,742 | 19,040 | 21,631 | 53,641 | 78,444 | 64,797 | 87,873 |
| Nobr. | 38,137 | 48,412 | 60,801 | 40,283 | 168,236 | 205,266 | 173,641 | 148,236 |
| Kans. | 50,258 | 86,087 | 142,728 | 85,028 | 183,050 | 178,001 | 176,352 | 144,361 |
| W. N. Central | 277,145 | 369,024 | 471,558 | 379,181 | 1,233,479 | 1,446,941 | 1,335,123 | 1,272,807 |
| Del. | 6,044 | 7,158 | 7,261 | 6,152 | 7,671 | 7,473 | - 8,896 | 8,165 |
| Md. | 26,303 | 31,975 | 33,761 | 25,134 | 32,905 | 33,538 | 37,143 | 34,346 |
| Va. | 52,111 | 57,129 | 53,685 | 50,582 | 44,472 | 44,423 | 51,108 | 48,979 |
| W. Va. | 6,967 | 6,790 | 8,768 | 7,324 | 26,575 | 27,360 | 28,057 | 28,:39 |
| N. C. | 174,942 | 170,691 | 196,587 | 167,044 | 24,256 | 25,907 | 25,737 | 30,192 |
| S. C. | 75,111 | 84,078 | 80,844 | 69,559 | 12,060 | 12,600 | 11,941 | 15,7E3 |
| Ga . | 88,711 | 114,392 | 105,720 | 84,190 | 22,072 | 24,007 | 24,726 | 26,80 |
| Fla. ....... | 71,276 | 82,095 | 105,160 | 80,018 | 16,987 | 16,758 | 17,128 | 19,106 |
| S. Atlantio | 501,465 | 554,308 | 591,786 | 490,003 | 186,998 | 192,066 | 204,736 | 212,217 |
| Ky. | 56,558 | 55,669 | 82,411 | 78,007 | 60,119 | 63,800 | 65,307 | 67,613 |
| Tenn. | 50,215 | 58,816 | 67,558 | 61,468 | 47,943 | 50,001 | 54,445 | 53,412 |
| Ala. | 76,793 | 90,202 | 100,863 | 72,109 | 19,815 | 20,081 | 21,908 | 24,034 |
| Mise. | 89,599 | 152,458 | 127,578 | 102,058 | 25,403 | 23,735 | 25,611 | 28,127 |
| frk. | 72,872 | 105,956 | 96,916 | 90,548 | 26,311 | 26,424 | 29,191 | 28,857 |
| La. | 77.249 | 94,611 | 90,795 | 76,797 | 20,417 | 17,354 | 19,176 | 22,906 |
| Okla. | 57,718 | 47,991 | 76,570 | 70,929 | 82,762 | 82,677 | 85,348 | 77,476 |
| Tex. | 211,245 | 256,136 | 314,332 | 233,795 | 138,037 | 155,700 | 184,477 | 195,156 |
| S. Central | 692,247 | 861, 839 | 957,023 | 785,711 | 420,807 | 439,772 | 485,463 | 497,581 |
| Mont. | 38,018 | 20,250 37,285 | 26,920 | 34,509 32,518 | 52,871 | 55,000 | 51,238 | 40,379 |
| Idaho Wyo. | 33,161 8,137 | 37,285 9,266 | 47,199 | 32,518 | 38,763 | 46,754 | 53,281 | 42,138 |
| Colo. | 29,146 | 9,266 46,090 | 11,725 49,669 | 8,015 34,305 | 32,020 | 35,760 72,950 | 40,064 | 29,467 |
| N. Mex. | 9,221 | 13,778 | 12,504 | 10,997 | 26,569 | 30,750 | 35,811 | 27,715 |
| Ariz. | 24,020 | 20,966 | 25,163 | 23,354 | 24,598 | 22,249 | 25,205 | 24,678 |
| Utah. | 8,918 | 11,455 | 13,644 | 9,989 | 23,549 | 28,100 | 30,477 | 26,439 |
| Nev. Nash. | \% 901 | 1,167 | 1,328 | 1,107 | 9,387 | 10,100 | 11,171 | 10,345 |
| Nash. | 73,652 | 67,552 | 86,124 | 55,765 | 56,017 | 62,644 | 63,677 | 58,724 |
| Oreg. | 28,975 | 31,969 | 40,374 | 26,342 | 49,275 | 52,844 | 59,617 | 51,331 |
| Calif. | 282,662 | 340,549 | 359,228 | 280,930 | 201,222 | 205,939 | 227,693 | 202,354 |
| Western | 536,801 | 600,327 | 673,878 | 517,831 | 579,248 | 623,090 | 689,141 | 585,750 |

U. S. cash inoome $1 / 32,813,000 \quad 3,462,000 \quad 3,846,000 \quad 3,160,000 \quad 3,694,000 \quad 4,171,000 \quad 4,362,000 \quad 3,990,000$

[^40]Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of crops and livestock products, by States, Decerber and January-December 1935-38


[^41]Table 4. - Ooverneant peymente and receipts from the wale of principal farm products, including Governent payments, by States, Decomber 1937-38, and January-December 1936m38


| U. S. cash <br> income | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 8,000 | 39,000 | 287,000 | 367,000 | 482,000 | 683,000 | 652,000 | $7,920,000$ | $8,575,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1) The ostimated Onitod States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State ostimatos because it has boen adjuntod downeard for interstate alo of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

UIVITED STATES DEPART: SIVT OF AGRICULTURE Bureau of Agricultural Economics Washington
 BI GTAPES FOR JATUARY 1939, TITH COLDARISONS

Swaller receipts from the sale of principal farm products during January than in January 1938 were reported by tho Burcau of Agricultural Economics today for all of the major goographical regions excopt the $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dest }\end{aligned}$ North Contral States where a 19 porcent increase occurrcd. In the other five recio:s ciccreases ranged from 2 percort in the North Atlantic and Bast North Contral States to 27 percent in the South contral statcs.

Inrludinj Government paymonts rocoipts during January woro larger than a yoar carlior in the East North Contral and Wost North Contral Statos by o porcont and 25 porcont, rospectivcly. In tho othor four regions decreascs wore 2 porcont in the IJorth fitlintic States, 7 perocnt in the Wostorn Statos, and 23 percont in the south atlantir and South contral groups.

Rocoipts from farm markutings for tinc country as a whole during Tanuary, as roportod Fobruary 23, totaled $\$ 506,000,000$ and worc 3 porcont loss than the $\$ 603,000,000$ cstimatod for January 1938. The 6 porcont larger incoinc from crop salcs was more than offsct by a 9 pereent docreasc in rocoipts irom livcstock and livcstock products.

Rocoipts from salcs of principal crops worc largor in the two North Contral groups of States bccausc of the large volume of commodity credit loans on corn, the proccods of which are included in tho cstimatcs of farm income. In tho othor regions Gccreasos in rocoipts fron crops ranged from 1 porcont in tho $w$ ostorn Statcs to 39 porcont in tho South Atlantic group. BiEgest docrcases occurred in the cotton producing States bcoausc large comodity orodit loans and salcs of cotton madic in carlicr months loft loss cotton thon usual availablo for salc in January.

In figuring incomo from markctings of som, wheat, and cotton on which loans aro scourcd through tho Commodity Crodit Corporation, the rocoipts from loans arc considorod as income in tho month thc loan is sccurcd. If at tho time tho loan is ropaid the farm price is in cxcoss of tho loan, includia:̈ all the costs of the loan, the balonco will bo added to the income of rir.ucrs in that month.

I:como from salcs of livcstock and livostock products in January was swaller tion co voar carlior in all rogions by amounts rangincorom loss then 1 orcont in the South contral States to 11 percont in the East iJorth Contral rojion. Income from onttlo was largor for the united States but smallcr recoipts worc roportcd for cthor wat animcls, dairy products, and - 065


The accompanying chart shows receipts by resions for 1937, 1938 and January 1939. Receipts made more than the usual increase ovor December in the lorth Central States and decreased more than usual in the South Atlantic and South Central States.

## North Atlantic States

Receipts from sales of principal farm products in the North Atlantic States in January were 2 percent less than for January 1938. Government payments were about the same, so the total, including Government payments, was also 2 percent smaller. Receipts from crop sales were down 4 percent and from livestock 1 percent. Returns from potatoes, truck crops, cattle, hogs and chickens wore larger than a yoar earlier, while income from tobacco, applos and eggs was smallor. Total income from marketings in January worc larger by 26 percent in Maine, 4 percont in Rhode Island and 3 percont in Now York. In the cther States of the rogion decreases ranged from less than 1 percent in Vormont to 17 percent in connecticut.

Bast North Cortral Statos
In tho East North Contral States roceipts from salos of principal crops this January werc 31 percent laroer than for January 1938. Returns from livestock and livostock products wore 11 porcont smallor, and total roturns from the principal farm products wore 2 porcont smallor. Government paymonts worc larger in the region and total income, including Government paymonts, was up 6 percent. In Illinois and Michigan large commodity credit loans on corn accounted for increased income from crop sales of 87 and 44 porcont rospectively. Returns from livestock salcs woro lowor in all States, with the largust roduction in roturns from dairy products, hogs and cges.

## West North Contral Statos

Income from marketings of principal farm products in the Wost North Contral States this January worc 19 porcont largor than for the same month last yoar with Government paymonts to farmors also largor. Total income including Government paymonts was up 25 percont. Income from livestock solos was 4 percont smallor but this decroasc was more than offset by a 138 porcont increase in rocoipts from crop sales and the prococds from corm and wheat loans. The largo incroasc in income from crop salos is attributcd to the large volume of commodity crodit loans on corn, especially in Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota. Income from marketings in Kansas wore 7 porcont smallor duc to reducod income from whoat, hogs, and dairy products. Incroases in recoipts in tho othor Statos rancod from 2 porcont in Missouri and North Dakota to 33 percont in Iowa. The comoditics other than corn that contributed to the increase in the region wore tobacco, cattlo, shoop and lambs, chickons and cggs.

South Atlantic Statos
In cach of the South Atlantic Statcs, income from markctings this January was shallor than for January 1938 by amounts ranging from 10 porcont in ilaryland to 46 percont in lorth Carolina. For the rogion as a
whole, income irom crops was 39 percent smaller and income from livestock was 2 percent less. Income from all marketings was down 26 percent and the total including Government payments was 23 percent smaller. Largest reductions in the region were reported for cotton, tobacco, citrus fruits, dairy products, and strawborrics. Reccipts irom cattle, chickens and cges, and truck crops wore somewhat higher tinis January.

South Contral Statos
In the South Contral States this January income from crop salos werc 37 percont shollei than the estinatofor a vear earlicr whilc returns from livestock werc loss than l porcoint snallor. Incomo from all marketines was down 27 porcont but largor Govornment payments broucht tho total incone includine Govomment paymonts to 23 percent bolow the ostimatc for January 1938. Income from markctings in OKlahoma was 8 porcont largor with lareest increascs in income from cotton and swectpotatocs. Decreases in incomo in the other 7 States of the rojion ranged from $l l$ porcont in Kentucky to 51 peroont in Alabama. For thosc States the largest roductions in income wore in the recoipts from cotton and cottonscod, grains, and dairy products.

Westorn States
In the gestom Statos income from crop salcs this January was only 1 porcont loss tinan for January last yoar. Roturns from livestock and livestocl: products wore $\delta$ porcont smallor so that returns frof sales of all principal farm products wore 5 porcont swiallor. Including Govornment paymonts, total income was 7 porcont smallor this y?ar. Incoinc from marketings in Montana was 16 norcont largo tilis January, duc to larger roturns from spring wheat. Income from potatoos, applos, and poars was largor in Waskington and rosultod in income 23 porcont largor than in January 1938. The largur incomo in Utah and Nojada in Jonuary this yoar was largely duc to tho incroasc in income from wheat and cattle. A sharp declinc in income from cotton roduced roccipts in Now incxico and Arizona 27 and 34 porcont respoctivcly, bclow a ycar carlior. In Idaho and Wyoming the lower reccipts were largoly duc to roduced income from grains, bcans, and livestock. In California on 0 porcont roduction in recoipts rosultod from smaller retums from cattlc, hogs, cges, dairy products, corn, and citrus fruits.

Tables 1 and 2 give the stato ustimatos of receipts from the salc of principal farm products and covernriont payments for January 1939, toecthor with comparative figurcs for carlicr voars.

Table 1.-Recolpts from the sale of principal farm producte, by States, January 1936-39


[^42]Table 2o-Receipts from the sale of principal fare products and Governent paynonts, by States, Jamary $1936=39$


1) The estimated United States cash incone is not equal to the rua of the State estiaates because it has bean adjusted dowward for interstate sale of liveatock, and Include income from ome farimproducte which is not distributed by States.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMETT:OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Washington
RECEIPTS FPOM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS BY STATES FOR FEBRUARY 193p, WITH COMPARISONS
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products during February were larger than in February 1938 in the Western, West North Central and North Atlantic States by 9 percent, 7 percent, and less than 1 percent respectively, the Burcau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Decreases reported for the other three regions, were 30 percent in the South Central, 22 percent in the South Atlantic and 3 percent in the East North Central States.

Including Government payments, receipts during February were 19 percent smaller than for a vear earlier in the South Atlantic States and 16 percent smaller in the South Central group. In the other four regions increases ranged from less than $l$ percent in the North Atlantic to 12 percent in the Western States.

January-February receipts from marketings were 14 percent larger than for these months last year in the West North Central States and l percent larger in the Western States. Decreases in the cther 4 regions ranged from 1 percent in the North Atlantic to 28 percent in the South Central States. Including Government payments, receipts were larger in the West North Central, East North Central, and Western States by 19 percent, 6 percent, and 2 percent, respectively. Decreases in the other three regions amounted to 21 percent in the South Atlantic, 20 percent in the South Central and 1 percent in the North Atlantic States.

## February Recejpts 6 Percent Below Year Earlier

Receipts from farm marketings in February, as reported March 22, amounted to $\$ 430,000,000$, and were 6 percent smaller than the $\$ 456,000,000$ estimated for February 1938. Income from crop marketings was 11 percent smaller and receipts from livestock sales were down 2 percent.

Receipts from the sale of principal crops in February were smaller in the South Atlantic and South Central States by $\overline{38}$ percent and 58 percent, respectively, as the result of much smaller income from sales of ontton and tobacco. For the other four regions increases ranging from 3 percent in the East North Central to 36 percent in the West North ceiltral States were reported. Proceeds from commodity credit loans on corn increased income much more than usual in Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota, South Dakota, and Nebraska. In the . iestern States, where income from crops was up 32 percent, completion of commodity credit loans on wheat in Washington, Oregen, and Nontana, caused most of the increase.

In figuring income from corn, wheat, and cotton, on which loans are secured by farmers through the Commodity Credit Corporation, the proceeds of the loans are figured as income in the month they are secured. If the loan is repaid the amount of repayment is deducted from sales plus lnans in the month in which repayment is made.

Income from marketings of principal livestock and livestock products in February was 1 percent, 3 percent, and 4 percent smaller than a year earlier in the North Atlantic, Nestern, and East North Central States, respectively. Receipts from livestock sales, however, were 1 percent larger in the West North Central States, 5 percent larger in the South Central States, and 8 percent larger in the South Atlantic group. Income from all livestock products except dairy was larger this
February.
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF Principal FARM Products,
by REGIONS, 1937 TO DATE*


 DOLLARS $\quad 1 \quad 1$
(MILLIONS) NORTH ATLANTIC

(MILLIONS) NORTH ATLANTIC
150
100
50
0

## SOUTH ATLANTIC





1937 1 APR. JULY
OCT. - EXClUdES GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO FARMERS

Cash income from sales of farm products in the first 2 months of 1939, as reported liarch 22 , totaled $\$ 1,008,000,000$ or 5 percent less than the total of $\$ 1,059,000,000$ for these months last year. Receipts from crops were 4 percent smaller and returns from sales of livestock and livestock products were down 6 percent.

In the first 2 months of this year as compared with a year earlier, greater reductions were in returns from cotton and tcbacco. Corn was the only crop from which returns were materially larger the first 2 months of this year. Returns from cattle, calves, sheep and lambs, and poultry products were larger but were more than offset by smaller income from hogs and dairy products.

> Jan uary-February Receipts by Regions

The accompanying chart shows receipts by regions for 1937, 1938 and the first 2 months if 1939. From January to February receipts declined much more than seasnnally in the West North Central, South Central, and South Atlantic States, due to the effect of loans on corn and cotton in earlier months which left relatively less of these products for sale during February.

North Atlantic States
Receipts from siles of crops in the North Atlantic States in January-February -f this year were about the same as for these months last year. Returns from sales of livestock and livestock products were $l$ percent smaller and income from all marketings was alss down l percent. Government payments were abnut the same as last year and total roceipts including Government payments were l percent smaller. Receipts from m\&rketings were 16 percent larger in Maine where returns from potatoes were well above a year earlier. In Rhode Island, New York, and New Jersey receipts from marketings were also larger this year as a result of larger income from potatoes and meat animals. Smaller incomes were reported for the other 5 States where returns from dairy products, tobacco, and apples were lower.

East North Central States
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the East North Central States in the first 2 months of this year were 2 percent less than for these months last year. Government payments were much larger than a year earlier, so that total income, including Government payments, was 6 percent larger in January and February of last year. Income from orops in the region was 18 percent larger, but this increase was more than offset by an 8-percent smaller return from sales of livestock and livestock products. Illinois was the only State in the region for which income was larger than for a year earlier, and this increase was attributed to large commodity credit loans on corn. In the other 4 States of the region decreases in income ranged from 4 percent in Indiana to 11 percent in Wisconsin. For the region as a whole receipts from wheat, hogs, dairy products, oats, and apples, were most reduced.

West North Central States.
Income from marketings of principal farm products in the West North Central States for January-February was 14 percent larger than finr these menths last year. A 92-percent increase in receipts from crops more than offset a 2 -percent decline in income from livestock marketings. Government payments were larger so that total inc $\cap$ me including Gnvernment payments was 19 percent larger than for a year earlier.

Income from marketings was smaller in Kansas, Missmuri, and North Dakota where returns from wheat and dairy products were much reduced. In the other 4 States income was larger this year by amounts ranging from 5 percent in Minnesota to 31 percent in Iowa, due to large commodity credit loans on corn and larger returns from sales of cattle.

South Atlantic States
Income from sales of principal farm products in danuary-February this year in the South Atlantic States was 24 percent smaller than for a year earlier. Larger Government payments partially offset this decrease so that total income, including Government payments was 21 percent smaller. Receipts from marketings were smaller in all States of the region by amounts ranging from 6 percent in Delaware and Maryland to 47 percent in South Carolina. Much lower receipts from cotton and tobacon caused most of the decline. Income from citrus fruits, strawberries, and dairy products was also much smaller but larger returns were secured from meat animals, poultry products, potatoes and swoetpotatnes.

South Central States
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in each of the South Central States in January-February were smaller than for a year earlier by ampunts ranging from 7 percent in Oklahoma th 57 percent in Alabama. Fnr the region as a whole receipts from marketings were 28 percent smaller and the total including Government payments was down 20 percent. Receipts from livestock were 2 percent larger but only partially offset the 43 percent smaller returns from crop sales. Most of the decline was a result of the reduced income from cotton and tobacco, although returns from dairy products and all the grains were considerably reduced.

## Western States

Income from sales of principal crops in the first 2 months this year in the Western States was 13 percent larger than for a year earlier and more than effset a 6 percent decrease in income from livestock and livestock products, so that income from all marketings was l percent larger. Government payments were larger in these months this year, and total income including Government payrents was 2 percent larger. Income from marketings was smaller in Arizona, Califnrnia, New Mexico, Colorado, and Oregon, but was larger in the cther 6 States. Income from dairy products was dow in all States of the region, and receipts from cotton were down in Arizona, California, and New Mexico. Returns from citrus fruit and rice were smaller in California, and in Oregn and California receipts from cattle and hogs were lower. The largest increase in income was in Washington, where returns from wheat and apples were much larger this year. Returns from wheat were alsn much larger the first 2 months of this year in Montana. Returns from the sale of meat animals were larger in Wyoming.

Tables 1 to 4 give the estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm prnducts and Government payments for February and fer January-February 1939, tngtther with comparative figures for eurlier years.

Table 1.-Recelpts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, February 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | : Livestock and IIvestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February |  |  |  | February |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | - 1939 | : 1936 | 1. 1937 | 1 1938 | 12939 |
| : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| 8 | dollars | dollare | dollare | dollars | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 隹 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mo. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.049 | 4,868 | 1.797 | 2,094 | 1,766 | 1.558 | 1.577 | 1.513 |
| N. H. | 149 | 215 | 108 | 134 | 1,238 | 1,064 | 1,043 | 1,021 |
| Vt. ................. | 136 | 145 | 103 | 136 | 2,535 | 2,225 | 2,486 | 2,446 |
| Mase. . . . . . . . . . . | 849 | 755 | 650 | 452 | 3.131 | 2,622 | 3,040 | 2,940 |
| R.I. | 53 | 12 | 17 | 39 | 490 | 443 | 463 | 469 |
| Conn. .............. | 1,542 | 1,829 | 1.864 | 1,103 | 2,201 | 2,103 | 2,196 | 2,182 |
| N. ${ }^{\text {I }}$. | 4,061 | 4.790 | 3,870 | 4,703 | 15,304 | 14,315 | 15,265 | 15,272 |
| N. J. | 380 | 506 | 396 | 455 | 3,429 | 3,617 | 3,208 | 3.292 |
| Pa. | 3.936 | 5.422 | 4.079 | 4.399 | 10.762 | 11,664 | 12,995 | 12.555 |
| N. Atiantic | 14,155 | 18.542 | 12,884 | 13.515 | 40.856 | 39,611 | 42.273 | 41.690 |
| Ohio ............... | 3.642 | 4,999 | 3.427 | 2,455 | 15,322 | 16,927 | 14,692 | 15,523 |
| Ind. | 3.091 | 3.810 | 3,196 | 2,293 | 15,108 | 15.737 | 13,592 | 13,690 |
| Ill. | 7,244 | 8,619 | 8,281 | 10,241 | 22,267 | 23.747 | 22,747 | 21,891 |
| M1ch. | 3,000 | 5.786 | 3.488 | 3.018 | 8,790 | 9.447 | 9,276 | 9,139 |
| Wis. | 1,820 | 3.334 | 2,469 | 3.465 | 18.340 | 18,661 | 12.294 | 15.997 |
| I. N. Central ...t | 18,797 | 26,548 | 20.861 | 21.472 | 79.827 | 84.519 | 79,601 | 76,240 |
| Minn. | 2,442 | 4,490 | 3.791 | 4.322 | 17.712 | 18,034 | 18,649 | 18,467 |
| Iowa ................ | 1,545 | 2,850 | 5,044 | 12,111 | 28,710 | 30,726 | 33,016 | 34,054 |
| Mo. ................ | 1,346 | 1,871 | 2,158 | 1,340 | 12,875 | 10,675 | 11,815 | 11,777 |
| N. Dak. . . . . . . . . . | 2,240 | 1.135 | 1,402 | 1,195 | 1,962 | 1,503 | 1,881 | 1,994 |
| S. Dak. . ........... | 814 | 382 | 526 | 814 | 3.932 | 3.452 | 4,348 | 4.713 |
| Nebr. ............. 8 | 2,312 | 3,387 | 1.953 | 3.759 | 15,952 | 11,605 | 11,626 | 10,866 |
| Kane. | 1,623 | 6,185 | 4.941 | 3.431 | 12.230 | 10,248 | 9,616 | 10,001 |
| F. N. Central | 12.322 | 20,300 | 19.815 | 26.972 | 93.373 | 86,243 | 90.951 | 91.872 |
| Del. .......... | 219 | 270 | 186 | 201 | 493 | 537 | 491 | 484 |
| Md. . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 403 | 602 | 470 | 558 | 2,173 | 2,333 | 2.581 | 2,433 |
| Va. ................ | 2,587 | 2,364 | 2,052 | 875 | 2,593 | 2,937 | 3.053 | 3.186 |
| W. Va. . . . . . . . . . | 313 | 263 | 311 | 313 | 1.762 | 1.973 | 1,430 | 1,259 |
| N. C. | 3.969 | 3.061 | 2,271 | 1,268 | 1.758 | 1.689 | 1,892 | 2,214 |
| S. C. ............ | 3.314 | 3.341 | 3.165 | 903 | 735 | 787 | 1, 081 | 1,204 |
| Ga. . . . . . . . . . . $\frac{1}{}$ | 3,486 | 4,451 | 2,904 | 813 | 1,834 | 1,995 | 2,068 | 2,697 |
| Fla. .............. | 12.922 | 14.275 | 13,269 | 10.279 | 1.125 | 1.369 | 1, 366 | 1.596 |
| S. Atlantic .....8 | 27.213 | 28,627 | 24,628 | 15.210 | 12.473 | 13.620 | 13,962 | 15.073 |
| Ky. ...............s | 2,828 | 6,229 | 4.436 | 2,053 | 3.731 | 3,355 | 4,183 | 3.488 |
| Tenn. . . . . . . . . . . | 2,646 | 5,463 | 3.006 | 2,079 | 3.793 | 3.885 | 4,088 | 3.790 |
| Ala. ............... | 2,981 | 5,392 | 4,694 | 414 | 1,827 | 1,957 | 1,738 | 2,011 |
| Mise. . . . . . . . . . | 5,126 | 6,375 | 6,076 | 3.558 | 1,358 | 1,398 | 2,192 | 2,415 |
| Ark. . . . . . . . . . . | 1,630 | 3,698 | 3,482 | 1,206 | 2,245 | 2,274 | 2,056 | 2,056 |
| La. .............. | 1,878 | 4,167 | 2,098 | 1,535 | - 978 | 913 | 1,903 | 1,989 |
| Okla. ............. | 2,079 | 1,520 | 2,555 | . 982 | 6,340 | 5,287 | 5,567 | 5,239 |
| Tex. .............. | 7.187 | 8.819 | 11,686 | 4.032 | 10.719 | 10.095 | 8.139 | 10.414 |
| S. Central | 26.355 | 41,663 | 38.033 | 15.859 | 30.991 | 29.164 | 29.866 | 31,402 |
| Mont. . . . . . . . . . 8 | 876 | 630 | 457 | 673 | 1,995 | 1,679 | 1,856 | 2,488 |
| Idaho ............. | 1,834 | 4.063 | 1,396 | 1,980 | 2,300 | 2,272 | 2,097 | 2,415 |
| 7yo. . . . . . . . . . . . 8 | 466 | 433 | 315 | 292 | -952 | - 972 | 1,143 | 1,943 |
| Colo. ............. | 1,519 | 2.993 | 1,285 | 1,406 | 6,044 | 6,181 | 5,051 | 4,674 |
| K. Mex. . . . . . . . - | 638 | 506 | 394 | 367 | 1,327 | 1,368 | 849 | 1,450 |
| Ariz. ............. | 526 | 862 | 1,814 | 853 | - 973 | - 980 | 1.519 | 1,226 |
| Utab .............: | 294 | 309 | 193 | 261 | 1,501 | 1,718 | 1,922 | 1,927 |
| Ner. . . . . . . . . . . : | 71 | 4116 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ \hline 888\end{array}$ | - 73 | 379 | . 435 | 723 | 727 |
| Wash. ............ | 2,598 | 4,228 | 1,588 | 8,590 | 3.762 | 3.709 | 4,215 | 4,054 |
| Oreg. . . . . . . . . . . | 875 | 1,422 | 484 | 1,152 | 2,987 | 3.079 | 3.536 | 2,803 |
| Callf. ........... | - 17.758 | 18,500 | 11.914 | 10.556 | 11.787 | 12,634 | 13,571 | 11,699 |
| Western .......... | -27.455 | 34,062 | 19.924 | 26,203 | 34,007 | 35.027 | 36,482 | 35.406 |
| ण.S.cash incomel/: | 161,000 | 211,000 | 168,000 | 149,000 | 288,000 | 294,000 | 288,000 | 281,000 |

[^43]Table 2.-Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, January-February, 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. - Fob. |  |  |  | Jan. - Feb. |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 : | - 1938 | 1939 | 1936 : | [1937 : | 1938 : | - 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 40. | 4.994 | 9,784 | 3.478 | 4.589 | 3.429 | 3,114 | 3.170 | 3,145 |
| N. | 228 | 417 | 208 | 277 | 2,300 | 2,050 | 2,192 | 2,084 |
| Vt. | 197 | 235 | 179 | 282 | 4,888 | 4,488 | 5,055 | 4,941 |
| Mass. | 1.551 | 1,373 | 1,345 | 927 | 5,915 | 5,286 | 6,124 | 5.796 |
| R. I. | 94 | 26 | 37 | 76 | 946 | 908 | 946 |  |
| Conn. | 2,806 | 3.660 | 3,662 | 2,266 | 4.166 | 4,208 | 4.533 | 4.434 |
| N. Y. | 7,354 | 9.857 | 8,520 | 9.415 | 31,468 | 31,045 | 32,803 | 33,349 |
| N. J. | 831 | 1,049 | 1,037 | 965 | 6,580 | 7.392 | 6,782 | 6.955 |
|  | 7.406 | 10,814 | 8,639 | 8.303 | 22,629 | 25,776 | 27,692 | 26,459 |
| N. Atlantic | 25,461 | 37,215 | 27,105 | 27,100 | 82,321 | 84,267 | 89,297 | 88,117 |
| Ohio | 8.731 | 11,787 | 8,444 | 6,517 | 33.908 | 37,294 | 32,937 | 32,079 |
| Ind. | 6,307 | 8,040 | 7.507 | 6,415 | 30,095 | 31,402 | 29,146 | 28.797 |
| 111. | 13,090 | 19,202 | 18,511 | 29,375 | 49.365 | 52,091 | 49,854 | 46,121 |
| Mich. | 6,103 | 10,980 | 7,664 | 6,410 | 18.417 | 20,734 | 20,671 | 19,521 |
| W1s. | 4,043 | 6,442 | 4,946 | 7.038 | 38,533 | 40,652 | 41,371 | 34,032 |
| E. N. Centr | 38.274 | 56.451 | 47.072 | 55,755 | 170,318 | 182,173 | 173,979 | 160,550 |
| $310 n$ | 5.075 | 9,078 | 8.004 | 11,908 | 37,711 | 39,151 | 41,562 | 40,231 |
| Iowa | 3.789 | 6,587 | 11,725 | 40,892 | 66,648 | 66,758 | 78,658 | 77.573 |
| Mo | 2,944 | 4,678 | 5,111 | 5.498 | 30,651 | 25,570 | 25,705 | 24,782 |
| N. Dak. | 3,985 | 2,197 | 3.055 | 2,668 | 4,810 | 3.623 | 4.373 | 4.752 |
| S. Dak. | 2,610 | 834 | 1,434 | 2,978 | 9,802 | 7.922 | 10,513 | 10,893 |
| Nebr . | 5.333 | 7,005 | 3.944 | 11,329 | 34,166 | 26,251 | 26,217 | 24.782 |
| Kans. | 4,686 | 13,099 | 10,120 | 7.880 | 26,478 | 25,538 | 23,133 | 22,960 |
| T. N. Centra | 28,422 | 43,478 | 43.393 | 83,153 | 210,266 | 194,813 | 210,161 | 205,973 |
| Del. | 445 | 607 | 401 | 389 | 958 | 1,106 | 1,109 | 1,037 |
| Md. | 926 | 1,535 | 1;220 | 1,181 | 4,468 | 4,990 | 5.387 | 5,026 |
| $\checkmark$ Va. | 6,402 | 8,455 | 7,257 | 4.428 | 5,724 | 6,413 | 6,799 | 6,606 |
| W. Va | 707 | 801 | 880 | 865 | 3,824 | 4,059 | 3.065 | 2,653 |
| N. | 12,395 | 9.727 | 9,762 | 4,298 | 3,610 | 3.485 | 3.863 | 4,288 |
| S. ${ }^{\text {c. }}$ | 7.136 | 6,550 | 5,594 | 1,801 | 1,460 | 1,590 | 2,138 | 2,284 |
| Ga. | 7.578 | 9.025 | 6,523 | 1,857 | 4.406 | 4,669 | 4,500 | 5.450 |
| Fla. | 21,892 | 25.493 | 22,381 | 18,192 | 2,498 | 2,910 | 2,855 | 3,145 |
| S. Atlantic | 57.481 | 62,193 | 54,018 | 33,011 | 26,948 | 29,222 | 29,716 | 30,489 |
| Ky. | 17,018 | 38,136 | 34,861 | 28.743 | 8,162 | 7,299 | 8,081 | 7.483 |
| Tenn | 8,225 | 17,158 | 14,936 | 11,042 | 8,127 | 9,032 | 7,992 | 7,583 |
| Ala. | 9.495 | 8,956 | 8,819 | 1,445 | 3.580 | 3.800 | 3.814 | 4,022 |
| M188. | 9.394 | 16,621 | 14,823 | 7.475 | 3.058 |  | 5.188 | 5,130 |
| Ark. | 5.305 | 11,383 | 9,867 | 3,699 | 4.556 | 4.542 | 4,986 | 4,688 |
| La. | 4.396 | 10,523 | 8.341 | 3,341 | 2,010 | 1,802 | 4,122 | 4.491 |
| Okla. | 8,260 | 3,161 | 5,395 | 4,545 | 12,581 | 11,609 | 11,498 | 11,138 |
| Tex. | 25,118 | 22,064 | 29.729 | 11,665 | 21,067 | 20,655 | 18.040 | 20,647 |
| S. Central | 87.211 | 128,002 | 126,771 | 71.955 | 63,141 | 61,894 | 63,721 | 65,182 |
| Mont. | 2,050 | 1,394 | 1,013 | 1,841 | 4.953 | 4.509 | 4,268 | 4.771 |
| Idaho | 3.767 | 7.556 | 3.340 | 3.792 | 5.115 | 5.283 | 5,085 | 5,005 |
| "yo. | 858 | 859 | 741 | 607 | 2.030 | 2,224 | 2,756 | 3.401 |
| Colo. | 3.034 | 6,505 | 3.114 | 3,265 | 11,530 | 11,510 | 11,013 | 10,242 |
| N. Hex | 2,377 | 1,840 | 2,072 | 965 | 3.745 | 3.699 | 2,501 | 3.272 |
| Ariz. | 4,104 | 3,614 | 5.498 | 2,652 | 2,382 | 2,394 | 3.533 | 3,181 |
| Utah | 614 | 680 | 465 | 575 | 3,454 | 4,210 | 4,340 | 4.406 |
| Nev. | 140 | 220 | 148 | 144 | 934 | 1,064 | 1,672 | 1,698 |
| Wash. | 5.582 | 8.427 | 4,285 | 13.618 | 7.952 | 8,434 | 8.891 | 8,490 |
| Oreg. | 1,819 | 2,918 | 1,494 | 2,567 | 6,057 | 6,429 | 7.451 | 6,334 |
| Callf. | 28,133 | 36,492 | 25,328 | 23,480 | 23,780 | 27.040 | 27.487 | 23.798 |
| Festern | 52,478 | 70,505 | 47.498 | 53.506 | 71.932 | 76,796 | 78.997 | 74.598 |
| U. S. cash | : 362,000 | 490,000 | 415,000 | 400,000 | 637,000 | 653.000 | 644,000 | 608,000 |

I/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the oum of the State estimates because it has been adfusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Recelpte from the sale of principal farm producte, February and January-February 1936-39


I/ The estimated United States cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes incone from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Government payments and roceipts from the sale of prinoipal farm produota inoluding Government paymonts by State8, February 1938-39 and Jenuary-February 1937-39


[^44]RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM1 PRODUCTS ANG GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS, BY STATES, FOR MARCH, 1939 WWIHMOMPARISONS
March receipts from the sale of principal farmpraducts were larger than in March 1938 by 5 percent in the East North Central States and 8 percent in the West North Central. For the ther four regions decreases, of from 3 percent in the Western States to 34 percent in the Snuth Central region, were reported.

Total receipts, including ©overnment payments, in March were larger than for a year earlier in $\in l l$ region except the North Atlantic and the South Central States for which the decreases were 10 percent and 19 percent, respectively.

The January-March receipts from marketings were larger than for these 3 months last year by 12 percent in the West North Central region and less than 1 percent in the East North Central States. Decreases in the other four regions ranged from less than 1 percent in the Western States to 30 percent in the South Central region. Including Government payments, receipts were larger for the two North Central groups and for the Western States, but were smaller for the other three reginns.

## March Receipts 5 Percent below Year Earlier

Receipts from farm marketings in Warch, as reported April 21, amounted to $\$ 487,000,000,5$ percent smaller than the $\$ 512,000,000$ estimated for March 1938. Income from crop markctings was down 12 percent from March last year and receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products were l percent smaller.

Receipts from sales of principal crops in March were most reduced in the States which normally receive most of their income from cotton and tobacco in this month. Smaller receipts from these two commodities caused most of the reduction in income in each of the South Central States and in each of the South Atlantic Statos except Delaware, Maryland, and Florida, as well as in Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Mexico and Arizona. Receipts from commodity credit loans on corn increased income from crops this March in Iowa, Illinois, South Dakota, and Nebraska. Income from wheat was much larger this March in Montana, Washington and Oregon.

Receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products were smaller than in Narch 1938 jn all regions except the East North Central and the South Atlantic States, and the increases in these two regions were less than 1 percent and 3 percent, respectively. Income from dairy products was smaller in all regions as the result of lower prices. Income from meat animals and poultry products was somewhat larger for the country as a whole and especially in the Corn Belt States.

J̌nuary-March Receipts 5 percent below First Quarter 1938
Cash income from sales of farm products in the first quarter of 1939, as reported April 21, totaled $\$ 1,495,000,000$ or 5 percent less than $\$ 1,571,000,000$ reported for these 3 months last year. Receipts from both crops and livestock were smaller, with most of the reduction from crops.

In the first 3 months of this year as compared with a year earlier, returns from cotton, tobacco, dairy products, citrus fruits, and strawberries showed
the greatest reductions. Income from corn marketings and loans was over twice as large as the income from marketings in the first quarter last year.

The accompanying map shows for each State the percentage change in cash receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for the first quarter of 1939 as compared with the same period of 1938. Receipts from the sale of principal farm products were larger in only 15 States. Including Government payments, larger returns wore reported for 22 States. Receipts from marketings ranged from 55 percent larger than a year earlier in Washington to 59 percent smaller in Alabama. Including Government payments the range was from 53 percent larger in Washington to 38 percent.smaller in Arkansas.

## Receipts by Regions, January through March

North Atlantic States
Receipts from sales of principal farm products in the North Atlantic States in the first quarter of 1939 were 5 percent smaller than the total for these months of 1938. But with larger Government payments this year, total receipts including Government payments were only 4 percent smaller. Receipts from marketings in Maine, Rhode I'sland, and New Jersey wore l percent larger. Income from potatoes was larger in each of these 3 States, and in Now Jersey income from meat animals and poultry products was also larecr. Income from dairy products was smaller in all States of the region. In Nassachusotts ard Connecticut receipts from tobacco were much reduced and accounted for most of the decline of 12 percent and 19 percent, respectively, in incone from marketings in these States.

East North Central States
Farmors' income from marketings in the East North Central States in the first 3 months of 1939 was about the same as for these months last year. Government payments were larger and total income including Government payments was up 8 percent. Returns from commodity credit loans on corm raised income from marketings and loans in Illinois to 16 percent abovo a year earlier. In the other 4 States of the region decreases this year ranged from 2 percent in Indiana to 12 percert in Wisconsin. For the region as a whole receipts from corn, cattle, chickens, barley, tobacco, potatocs and truck crops were larger but were more than offset by smaller returns from all othor commodities. Receipts from dairy products, wheat and apples, were most reduced.

West North Central States
In the West North Central States in the first quarter of 1939 receipts from the sale of principal farm products were 12 percent larger than a year earlier and, including Government payments, income was 15 percent larger. Receipts from marketings were less than 1 percent smaller in Minnesota and 5 porcent smaller in Kansas, where returns from wheat and dairy products were much reduced. Larger receipts were reported for the other 5 States of the region with most of the increase resulting from large commodity credit loans on corn. For the region as a whole income from corn, cattlc, chickens and eggs, barley, and tobacco was larger, but returns from all other commodities were smaller.

Income from marketings in the South Atlantic States in the first quarter of this year were 22 percent smaller than for the same period last year. Larger Government payments partially offset this decrease so that the total income, including Government payments, was ll percent smaller. Income from marketings in each State of the region was smaller than in the first quarter of last year by amounts ranging from 4 percent in Delaware to 48 percent in South Carolina. Largest reductions in income were reported for South Carolina, Georgia, North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia, and were due to the sharp drop in receipts from cotton and tobacco. Income in Florida was reduced because of smaller returns from citrus fruits, strawberries, and cotton. In Delaware and Maryland the small reductions in income.were the result of smaller returns from dairy products, corn, and sweetpotatoes. For the region as a whole receipts from dairy products were smaller but income from all other livestock products were larger.

South Central States
In each of the South Central States income from marketings in the first 3 months of 1939 was smaller than in the same period last year. The decreases ranged from 13 percent in Oklahoma to 59 percent in Alabama, and for the region as a whole income was down 30 percent. Larger Government payments brought the total income to only 20 percent smaller. Income from cotton and tobacco was much reduced and accounted for most of the decrease. Receipts from wheat, corn, rice, apples, strawberries, sheep and lambs, and dairy products were also smaller and more than offset the larger returns from potatoes and sweetpotatoes and from other meat animals and poultry products.

## Western States

Income from marketings in the Western region in the first quarter of 1939 was about the same as for the same period last year. Government payments were larger and total income including Government payments was 3 percent larger. Income from marketings was up the most in Washington and Montana as the result of larger returns from wheat marketings and loans and larger receipts from hogs and sheep and lambs. In Washington, income from apples was also larger this year. Small increases in income were reported for Wyoming, Idaho, and Utah, where income from meat animals was larger, and in Oregon, where larger returns were reported from wheat loans and sales and from marketings of potatoes, apples, sheep, and chickens. Income from cotton was down in New Mexico and Arizona and caused most of the decreases in income in these States. In Nevada all commodities except potatoes, and poultry products were down slightly and resulted in smaller returns. The smaller cash income in California resulted from reduced returns from cotton, rice, cattle, calves, hogs, dairy products, and citrus fruits.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government paymerts for March, and for January-March 1939, together with comparative figures for earlier years.

Table 1.- Receipts fron the sale of principal farm products, by States, Narch 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | l.arch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | $1,000$ |
| : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| " ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 3,799 | 5,559 | 3,315 | 2,646 | 1,864 | 1,807 | 1,817 | 1,560 |
| N. H. | 91 | 206 | 122 | 131 | 1,303 | 1,204 | 1,208 | 1,120 |
| 'Tt. ................: | 175 | 232 | 139 | 186 | 2,720 | 2,665 | 2,795 | 2,474 |
| I'ass. | 473 | 550 | 635 | 427 | 3,315 | 3,031 | 3,343 | 2,969 |
| R. I . | 58 | 21 | 20 | 34 | 518 | 540 | 538 | 496 |
| Conn. | 1,372 | 1,824 | 1,846 | 1,068 | 2,334 | 2,637 | 2,560 | 2,383 |
| N. Y. ............. | 4,594 | 5,374 | 5,402 | 4,478 | 17,719 | 18,797 | 18,339 | 16,294 |
| N. J. ............. | 467 | 635 | 682 | 403 | 3,578 | 4,033 | 4,261 | 4,543 |
| Pa . | 4,464 | 6,113 | 4,415 | 4,444 | 12,364 | 14,499 | 16,411 | 14,951 |
| N. Atlantic | 15,493 | 20,514 | 16,576 | 13,817 | 45,715 | 49,212 | 51,272 | 46,790 |
| Ohio .. | 4,934 | 6,259 | 3,217 | 3,169 | 15,543 | 21,057 | 18,444 | 19,516 |
| Ind. | 2,928 | 3,845 | 3,213 | 2,647 | 15,444 | 19, ¢0, | 14,682 | 15,591 |
| I11. ..............: | 10,428 | 8,906 | 8,324 | 14,969 | 22,134 | 27,181 | 23,293 | 25,771 |
| Njeh. ............: | 3,734 | 6,189 | 3,854 | 3,122 | 9,434 | 12,032 | 11,149 | 10,425 |
| Wis. | 2,486 | 2,921 | 1,972 | 2,267 | 19,754 | 24,860 | 22,192 | 18,536 |
| E. N. Central | 24,510 | 28,120 | 20,580 | 26, 174 | 82,309 | 104,824 | 89,760 | 89,939 |
| Mnn. | 5,071 | 4,713 | 5,028 | 4,951 | 21,675 | 24,135 | 23,300 | 20,489 |
| Iowa .............. : | 3,497 | 3,284 | 5,559 | 13,929 | 32,185 | 35,173 | 35,246 | 36,295 |
| No. ................ | 1,330 | 2,431 | 1,643 | 1,406 | 12,378 | 13,353 | 12,336 | 13,454 |
| N. Dak. ........... | 3,159 | 1,855 | 2,197 | 2,087 | 1,988 | 1,935 | 2,399 | 3,175 |
| S. Dak. ........... | 2,623 | 482 | 759 | 1,190 | 4,733 | 3,494 | 4,588 | 4,896 |
| Nebr, ............. | 3,083 | 4,648 | 1,130 | 3,596 | 16,418 | 13,107 | 13,519 | 12,369 |
| Kans. | 2,559 | 5,546 | 3,509 | 2,772 | 11,084 | 11,641 | 10,729 | 11,497 |
| W. N. Central | 21,322 | 22,959 | 19,825 | 29,931 | 100,461 | 102,838 | 102,217 | 102,175 |
| Del. .............. | 255 | 294 | 201 | 202 | 503 | 650 | 618 | 608 |
| Md. . .............. : | 542 | 741 | 505 | 479 | 2,340 | 2,959 | 3,181 | 3,113 |
| Va. ............... : | 1,874 | 1,869 | 1,867 | 1,033 | 2,389 | 3,137 | 3,616 | 3,599 |
| V. Va. ............ : | 343 | 225 | 320 | 269 | 1,504 | 1,762 | 1,722 | 1,485 |
| N. C. ............. | 3,686 | 3,422 | 3,096 | 1,033 | 1,825 | 1,904 | 2,384 | 2,539 |
| S. C. ............. : | 3,065 | 3,847 | 2,936 | 841 | 810 | 909 | 1,454 | 1,391 |
| Ga. ............... : | 5,156 | 4,984 | 3,522 | 675 | 1,630 | 1,731 | 2,171 | 2,629 |
| Fla. .............. | 13,312 | 18,592 | 13,478 | 13,458 | 1,190 | 1,465 | 1,554 | 1,856 |
| S. Atlantic .....: | 28,233 | 33,974 | 25,925 | 17,990 | 12,191 | 14,517 | 16,700 | 17,220 |
| Ky. ............... | 1,489 | 2,829 | 6,985 | 1,246 | 3,892 | 4,892 | 4,648 | 4,138 |
| Tenn. | 2,354 | 2,961 | 5,478 | 2,211 | 3,556 | 4,17¢ | 4,652 | 3,929 |
| Ala. .............. | 3,517 | 6,652 | 4,359 | 430 | 1,323 | 2,044 | 2,301 | 2,049 |
| 住ss. ............. : | 1,517 | 6,225 | 3,223 | 1,281 | 1,541 | 1,752 | 2,082 | 1,985 |
| Ark. | 1,255 | 3,802 | 3,246 | 953 | 1,739 | 2,248 | 2,191 | 1,877 |
| La. ............... : | 1,505 | 4,190 | 2,524 | 1,191 | 941 | 957 | 2,037 | 2,964 |
| Okla. ............. : | 1,655 | 2,425 | 2,956 | 1,319 | 6,999 | 7,560 | 7,441 | 6,678 |
| Tex. | 6,763 | 10,003 | 9,931 | 4,527 | 9,411 | 10,629 | 13,751 | 14,645 |
| S. Central | 20,055 | 39,087 | 38,702 | 13,158 | 29,402 | 34,256 | 39,103 | 38,265 |
| Mont. ............. | 1,774 | 985 | 639 | 1,322 | 1,429 | 1,410 | 1,807 | 2,274 |
| Idaho ............ : | 2,114 | 4,350 | 1,764 | 1,510 | 2,466 | 3,163 | 2,271 | 2,619 |
| Wyo. | 467 | 510 | 461 | 307 | 1,543 | 2,257 | 1,413 | 1,483 |
| Colo. ............. | : 1,378 | 3,375 | 1,491 | 1,343 | 8,308 | 10,159 | 7,527 | 6,270 |
| N. Nex. | 203 | 276 | 266 | 223 | 1,167 | 1,107 | 1,472 | 1,313 |
| Ariz. ............: | 1,721 | 1,897 | 2,474 | 1,524 | 1,334 | 1,458 | 1,957 | 1,720 |
| Utah ..............: | 367 | 417 | 222 | 239 | 1,784 | 1,863 | 2,028 | 2,124 |
| Nev. .............. : | 108 | 113 | 86 | 68 | 512 | 579 | 920 | 876 |
| Wash. .............: | 3,374 | 5,280 | 1,912 | 4,493 | 4,361 | 4,868 | 5,241 | 4,944 |
| Oreg. .............: | 1,447 | 2,370 | 944 | 1,284 | 2,887 | 3,155 | 3,716 | 3,630 |
| Calif. ............: | 17,296 | 24,104 | 15,515 | 15,094 | 15,926 | 18,616 | 17,195 | 14,872 |
| Viestern .......... | 30,249 | 43, 677 | 25,774 | 27,407 | 41,717 | 48,635 | 45,547 | 42,125 |
| U.S.cash incomel/: | 179,000 | 237,000 | 189,000 | 166,000 | 326.000 | 359,000 | 323,000 | 321,000 |

$1 /$ The estimated United States cash. income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Reoeipts from the sale of principal farm products, January-Maroh 1936-39


1 The estimated united States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm froducts which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.-Receipts fron the sale of principal farm producte, March and January-March, 1936-39

U. S. cash income: $505,000 \quad 596,000 \quad 512,000 \quad 487,000 \quad 1,504,000 \quad 1,739,000 \quad 1,571,000 \quad 1,495,000$

1/The estimated United Stetes cash income is not eqzal to the sum of the State estimates becarse it hes been adjusted dommerd for interstate sale of livestock, and inclunes income from some form productg which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Govermment payments and receipts from the sale of prinoipal farm products, inoluding Government payments by States, Maroh 1938-39 and January-Harch 1937-39

| State | Government payments |  |  |  |  | Total inoluding Government payments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maroh |  | January-Maroh |  |  | March |  | - January-March |  |  |
|  | 1938 : | 1939 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1938 ? | 21939. | 1937 | 1938 8 | 1939 |
| \% | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Me. | 179 | 177 | 117 | 543 | 909 | 5,311 | 4,383 | 20,381 | 12,323 | 12,849 |
| N. H. | 25 | 51 | 43 | 99 | 123 | 1,355 | 1,302 | 3,920 | 3,829 | 3,735 |
| Vt. ..............: | 20 | 54 | 112 | 254 | 274 | 2,954 | 2,714 | 7,732 | 8,422 | 8,157 |
| Mass. ............ | 68 | 54 | 65 | 205 | 224 | 4,046 | 3,450 | 10,305 | 11,652 | 10,343 |
| R. I. | 0 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 558 | 533 | 1,504 | 1,549 | 1,570 |
| Conn. | 83 | 57 | 239 | 173 | 191 | 4,489 | 3,508 | 12,568 | 12,774 | 10,342 |
| N. Y. | 925 | 561 | 1,161 | 2,188 | 2,066 | 24,666 | 21,333 | 66,234 | 67,252 | 65,602 |
| N. J. ............ | 113 | 298 | 173 | 628 | 724 | 5,056 | 5,244 | 13,282 | 13,390 | 13,590 |
| pa. ............. | 604 | 982 | 1,279 | 2,084 | 2,288 | 21,430 | 20,377 | 58,481 | 59,241 | 56,445 |
| N. Atlantio | 2,017 | 2,237 | 3,198 | 6,182 | 6,809 | 69,865 | 62,844 | 194,407 | 190,432 | 182,633 |
| Ohio ............. | 1,083 | 2,149 | 4,832 | 1,958 | 6,206 | 22,744 | 24,834 | 81,229 | 65,000 | 67,487 |
| Ind. | 1,175 | 1,813 | 6,330 | 2,273 | 5,575 | 19,070 | 20,051 | 69,311 | 56,821 | 59,025 |
| I11. ............. | 1,401 | 4,075 | 8,769 | 2,788 | 11,020 | 33,018 | 44,815 | 116,149 | 102,770 | 127,256 |
| Mioh. ............s | 489 | 3,639 | 3,271 | 812 | 5,955 | 15,492 | 17,186 | 53,206 | 44,150 | 45,433 |
| Wis. | 419 | 1,231 | 4,741 | 583 | 5,545 | 24,583 | 22,034 | 79,616 | 71,064 | 67,418 |
| E. N. Central | 4,567 | 12,907 | 27,943 | 8,414 | 34,301 | 114,907 | 128,920 | 399,511 | 339,805 | 366,619 |
| Minn. | 1,730 | 3,955 | 7,349 | 2,298 | 7,106 | 30,058 | 29,395 | 84,426 | 80,192 | 84,685 |
| Iowa | 2,987 | 3,090 | 14,726 | 5,685 | 13,594 | 43,792 | 53,314 | 126,528 | 136,873 | 182,283 |
| Mo. .............. | 1,095 | 2,488 | 4,201 | 1,972 | 5,753 | 15,074 | 17,348 | 50,233 | 46,767 | 50,893 |
| N. Dak. | 2,571 | 1,686 | 11,804 | 7,304 | 3,534 | 7,167 | 6,948 | 21,414 | 19,328 | 16,216 |
| S. Dak. | 4,877 | 2,041 | 9,401 | 8,073 | 8,328 | 10,224 | 8,127 | 22,133 | 25,367 | 28,285 |
| Nebr. | 2,434 | 4,354 | 8,128 | 3,078 | 10,211 | 17,183 | 20,319 | 59,139 | 47,988 | 62,287 |
| Kans. | 3,616 | 3,527 | 11,558 | 9,079 | 6,850 | 17,854 | 17,796 | 67,382 | 56,570 | 51,959 |
| W. N. Central | 19,310 | 21,141 | 67,157 | 37,489 | 55,376 | 141,352 | 153,247 | 431,255 | 413,085 | 476,608 |
| Del. | 76 | 77 | 206 | 222 | 462 | 895 | 887 | 2,863 | 2,551 | 2,698 |
| Nd. | 370 | 356 | 732 | 422 | 647 | 4,056 | 3,948 | 10,957 | 10,715 | 10,446 |
| Va. | 644 | 988 | 1,622 | 848 | 1,240 | 6,127 | 5,620 | 21,496 | 20,387 | 16,906 |
| W. Va. ......... | 201 | 250 | 454 | 307 | 546 | 2,243 | 2,004 | 7,301 | 6,294 | 5,818 |
| N. C. ............ | 3,163 | 2,864 | 6,405 | 4,065 | 4,030 | 8,643 | 6,436 | 24,943 | 23,170 | 16,188 |
| S.C. ............s | 38 | 7,033 | 6,442 | 105 | 7,411 | 4,428 | 9,265 | 19,338 | 12,227 | 13,728 |
| Ga. .. | 261 | 4,153 | 9,255 | 647 | 5,242 | 5,954 | 7,457 | 29,664 | 17,363 | 15,853 |
| Fla. | 346 | 283 | 897 | 416 | 373 | 15,378 | 15,577 | 49,367 | 40,684 | 37,024 |
| S. Atlantio | 5,099 | 15,984 | 26,013 | 7,032 | 19,951 | 47,724 | 51,194 | 165,919 | 133,391 | 118,661 |
| Ky. ............... | 4,228 | 2,105 | 7.852 | 5,801 | 3,108 | 15,861 | 7,490 | 61,008 | 60,376 | 44,718 |
| Tenn. | 1.835 | 1,731 | 5,396 | 2,934 | 3,657 | 11,965 | 7,871 | 38,721 | 35,992 | 28,422 |
| Ala. | 549 | 3,616 | 7,490 | 715 | 5,360 | 7,209 | 6,095 | 28,942 | 20,008 | 13,306 |
| H1ss. ............ | 1,742 | 8,275 | 8,715 | 3,937 | 14,527 | 7,047 | 9,541 | 36,468 | 29,253 | 30,398 |
| Ark. .............. | 2,100 | 3,036 | 4,133 | 4,805 | 4,243 | 7,637 | 5,866 | 26,108 | 25,095 | 15,460 |
| La. ............... | 794 | 1,063 | 3,668 | 844 | 1,420 | 5,355 | 5,218 | 21,140 | 17,868 | 13,407 |
| Okla. ..... | 2,138 | 3,119 | 12,291 | 2,652 | 4,499 | 12,535 | 11,116 | 37,046 | 29,942 | 28,179 |
| Tex. ...... | 10,921 | 10,819 | 16,161 | 15,997 | 20,463 | 34,603 | 29,991 | 79,512 | 87,448 | 71,947 |
| S. Central | 24,307 | 31,765 | 65,706 | 37,685 | 57,277 | 102,112 | 83, 188 | 328,945 | 305,982 | 245,837 |
| Mont. ......... | 1,537 | 1,135 | 5,715 | 3,294 | 1,371 | 3,983 | 4,731 | 14,014 | 11,021 | 11,579 |
| Idaho | 278 | 1,218 | 965 | 401 | 1,559 | 4,311 | 5,347 | 21,317 | 12,861 | 14,485 |
| Wyo. .............s | 320 | 1,172 | 705 | 467 | 1,525 | 2,194 | 2,962 | 6,555 | 5,838 | 7,323 |
| Colo. ............ : | 573 | 1,401 | 2,376 | 1,178 | 3,843 | 9,591 | 9,014 | 33,925 | 24,321 | 24,963 |
| N. Yex. .......... | 274 | 144 | 1,696 | 497 | 306 | 2,012 | 1,680 | 8,618 | 6,808 | 8,079 |
| Ariz. .............. | 222 | 813 | 726 | 531 | 1,220 | 4,653 | 3,857 | 10,089 | 13,993 | 10,297 |
| Utah .............. | 79 | 878 | 665 | 349 | 1,064 | 2,329 | 3,241 | 7,835 | 7,404 | 8,408 |
| Nev. .............. | 31 | 46 | 111 | 51 | 67 | 1,037 | 990 | 2,087 | 2,877 | 2,853 |
| Wash. ............. | 188 | 682 | 1,314 | 960 | 1,067 | 7,341 | 10,119 | 28,323 | 21,289 | 32,612 |
| Jreg. .............: | 433 | 614 | 1.147 | 1,228 | 1,156 | 5,093 | 5,528 | 18,019 | 14,833 | 14,971 |
| Calif. ........... | 1,272 | 3,367 | 1,420 | 2,619 | 4,958 | 33,982 | 33,333 | 107,672 | 88,144 | 82,200 |
| Western | 5,205 | 11,270 | 16,841 | 11,573 | 18,134 | 76,526 | 80,802 | 258,454 | 209,389 | 215,770 |
| U. S. oash inoome 1/ ...... | 80,000 | 95,000 | 207,000 | 108,000 | 192,000 | 572,000 | 582,000 | 1,946,000 | $1,679,000$ | $1,687,000$ |

1/The estimated United States oash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause it has been adjusted dowmard for interstate sale of livestook, and includes income from some farm products whioh is not diatributed by States.

## RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMRNT PAYMENTS, BY STATES FOR APRIL 1939;-WITH-COMPARISONS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in April were larger than in April last year by 7 percent in the West North Central Region and 6 percent in the Western States. For the other four major geographical divisions, decreases ranged from 5 percent in the North Atlantic to 17 percent in the South Central Region.

Total receipts, including Government payments, in April were larger in all regions except the North Atlantic and East North Central for which dem creases of 3 percent and 11 percent, respectively, were reported.

Receipts from marketings in the first 4 months of 1939 were 11 percent larger than for a year earlier in the West North Central Region and 1 percent larger in the Western Region. In the other four major regions, decreases ranged from 3 percent in the East North Central to 27 percent in the South Central group. Including Government payments, January-April income this year was larger than for a year earlier for the two North Central Regions and the Western group, but were smaller for the other three regions.

## April Receipts 2 percent Below Year Earlier

Receipts from farm marketings for the country as a whole, in April, was reported May 20 as $\$ 463,000,000$, 5 percent smaller than the $\$ 488,000,000$ farmers received in April 1938. Income from crop marketings was down 6 percent from a year earlier. Receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products were 5 percent smaller.

Income from cotton and dairy products was much smaller than in April last year and was only partially offset by somewhat larger returns from potatoes, track crops, and tobacco. Income from all of the other crop and livestock items was about the same as for a year earlier.

## January-April Receipts 5 Percent Below the Same Months Last Year

Cash income from sales of farm products in the first 4 months of 1938 , as reported May 20, totaled $\$ 1,958,000,000$ for the United States, corpared with $\$ 2,059,000,000$ estimated for the sane months last year.

Lomer receipts from sales of cotton reduced income sharply in all of the cotton States with largest reductions occurring in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas. Incone from tobacco was also much lower and was an important factor in the lower incomes received in Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Connecticut and Massachusetts. Income from sales and loans of com was much larger and brought most of the increases in income in Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska and South Dakota. Larger retums from potatoes, raised incone in Maine to above a year earlier.
receipts from the sale of principal farm products,


WEST NORTH CENTRAL

DOLLARS
(MILLIONS)
150
100
50
0
south atlantic
south atlantic

OCT. JAN. - excluoes coveanment parments to farmers

Incone from all livestock and livestock products except dairy products and eggs was larger than for a year earlier. Largest increases were in rocoipts fron chickens and cattlc. Income from dairy products showed the biggest drop, and this was reflectod in lower receipts from sales of farm products in the principal dairy States, especially in Nor York and Wisconsin.

## Receipts by Regions, January Through April

The accompanying chart shows monthly recoipts from marketings, by regions, for 1937, 1938, and the first 4 months of 1939. Fron March to April, receipts from marketings increased more than seasonally in the Western States. In the tro North Contral Regions reccipts declined more than usual. In the other three regions incone fron narketings made about the usual seasonal change from March.

## North Atlantic States

Receipts from the sale of principal farr products in the North Atlantic States in the first 4 months of 1939 were 5 percent smaller than the estimate for the same months last year. As Governnent payments have been somemhat larger this year, the total was dom only 4 percent. The larger income from potatoes, corn, dry edible beans, cattle, and chickens in the region was more than offset by reductions in receipts from other livestock products, tobacco and apples. Increasod income from potatoes, brought incone from narketings in Maine up 12 percent. In New Jorsey larger incone from neat animals, chickens and eggs resulted in 2 percent larger receipts fron marketings than in January-April last year. Largest decreases in incone fron farm narketings over a year earlier occurred in Connecticut and Massachusetts where receipts fron tobacco were dom sharply. In the other States of the region, small declines were largely the result of smaller income from dairy products. applos and wheat.

## East North Central States

In the East North Central States, receipts from marketings in the first 4 months of 1939, wore 3 percont smaller than in the same months last year. With Governnent payments considerably larger this year, total income was up 3 percent. Incone fron crops was 8 percent larger in the region due to larger returns fron corm, tobacco, potatocs, barley, and truck crops. Incone fron livestock and livestock products mas 6 percent smaller with reduced cash reccipts from dairy products, calves, hogs, sheep and lambs, and eggs more than offsetting larger incones fron cattle, chickons and mool. Illinois was the only State in the region for thich an increase in receipts from farm narketings was reported for the first 4 months, and this increase mas mostly due to relatively large comodity credit loans on com. In the other four States of the rogion decreases ranged from 5 percent in Ohio to 12 percont in Wisconsin.

## Tost North Central States

Farmers incone from narketings in the West North Central States in the first 4 months of 1939 was 11 percent larger than the total for these months last year. Including Government payments, receipts were 12 percont larger. Incone from crops mas 69 percent larger and returns from livestock and live-
stock products were dow l percent. Income from marketings in Missouri, Kansas, and Minnesota mas srailer by lpercent, 2 percent, and 3 percent, respectively, becruse of smaller returns from wheat and dairy products. Receipts from salcs of principal farm products in the other four States of the region were larger than for Jonuary-April last year by anounts ranging from 11 percont in North Dakota to 25 percent in Ioma. In theso States, increased incone from corn narketings and loans, together with larger returns from sales of meat animals accounted for rost of the increase.

## South Atlontic States

Incore from sales of principal farm products in the South Atlontic States in the first 4 months of this year was 19 porcont smaller than for the same period of 1938. Including Government payments, receipts wore only 3 percent below a yoar carlier. Inconc from narketings was smaller in all States of the region, the decreases ranging from 3 percont in Florida to 47 percent in South Carolina. Largest reductions were in South Carolina, North Carolina and Georgia where reduced incone from cotton was responsible for most of the sharp drop in inconc. For the rogion as a whole the crops from which income was most reduced were cotton, tobacco, strariberrics and apples. Income from all livestock products except dairy and wool wore larger in the region this year.

## South Contral States

Incone fron marketings in each of the South Contral States in the first 4 months of this ycar was smallor than for thesc months of 1938. Incone mas 12 porcent smaller in Oklohoma but in the other soven States it ranged from 21 percent srallor in Louisiana to 55 percont saaller in Alabana. In the rogion incorae from cotton was most reduced so that. largest reductions in incore were in those States which usually receive the largest proportion of their total income fron cotton in these nonths. Other comodities from which income was lower in January-April this year werc tobacco, strawberries, ricc, corn, theat, dairy products and wool. Income from cattle, calves, hogs, and swectpotatoes, was larger in these months this year.

## Wostern States

In the first 4 months of this year income from marketings in the Wostern States was 1 percent larger than for a year earlier, and including Govemnent paynents receipts were 4 percent larger. Receipts from narketings wero smaller in Now Mexico, Novada, California, Colorado, and Arizona but were larger in the other six States. Income from cotton roas dom and accounted for most of the decline in Arizonn and Now hexico and part of the decline in California. Incone fron wheat was larger and caused nost of the increase in income in liontana and Washington. In addition to cotton, other commodities from which income mas dom were citrus fruits, dairy products, cattle, corn, rice, rye, and hay. Snall increases were roported for all other principal farn products.

Tables 1 to 4 Eive the State estimates of receipts from the sale of principal farr products and Goverment payments for April and for January April 1939, together with corparative figures for earlicr yoars.

Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm produots, by States, April 1936-39

$1 /$ The estimated Onited States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause It has been adfusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Becelpts from the ealo of principal farm products, Jamary-April 1936-39


[^45] Jamury - April, 1936-38

| State | April |  |  | : |  | Jamuary-April |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1936:$ | 1937 | $1938:$ | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 : | 19,9 |
| ! | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dolilars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Me. | 5.541 | 6,146 | 3.717 | 5.340 | 19,627 | 26,410 | 15.497 | 17.280 |
| N. H. | 1,483 | 1,484 | 1,310 | 1,167 | 5,405 | 5,361 | 5,040 | 4,779 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$. | 2.922 | 2,781 | 2,591 | 2,699 | 10,902 | 10, 1.01 | 10,759 | 10,582 |
| Mass. | 4.141 | 3.746 | 3,880 | 3.481 | 15,395 | 13,986 | 15,327 | 13,600 |
| R. I. .............: | 616 | 535 | 515 | 499 | 2,23? | 2,030 | 2,056 | 2.059 |
| Conn. | 3.300 | 3.370 | 3.382 | 2,969 | 13,978 | 15,699 | 15,983 | 13,120 |
| N. Y. | 22,126 | 23,429 | 21,360 | 18,167 | 83, 261 | 88, 50? | 86,424 | 81.703 |
| \%. J. | 5,025 | 5.131 | 5,080 | 5,269 | 16,481 | 18, 240 | 17.812 | 18,135 |
| Pa. | 17.545 | 21,185 | 19,094 | 18,288 | 64, 408 | 78,387 | 76,251 | 72, 14.5 |
| N. Atlentic | 62,699 | 67,807 | 60,929 | 57,879 | 231,689 | 259,01; | 245.179 | 233.703 |
| Ohio | 19,869 | 24,432 | 22,225 | 20,050 | 82,985 | 100,82; | 85,267 | 81,331 |
| Ind. | 20,641 | 25,563 | 20,948 | 17,267 | 75,415 | 88,544 | 75,496 | 70.717 |
| 111. | 30,934 | 37.974 | 36,589 | 32,478 | 125,951 | 145.354 | 136, 571 | 148,714 |
| Hich. | 13,840 | 19,442 | 14,097 | 13,021 | 51,528 | 69.377 | 57,435 | 52,499 |
| Wis. | 22,300 | 25,731 | 22,178 | 19,344 | 87,116 | 100,606 | 92,659 | 81,217 |
| 1. N. Central | 107,584 | 133,142 | 116,037 | 102,160 | 422,995 | 504,710 | 447,428 | 434,478 |
| M1nn. | 26,447 | 24,294 | 23.145 | 20.529 | 95,979 | 101,371 | 101,039 | 98,108 |
| Iova | 36,684 | 36,463 | 37,379 | 42,156 | 142,803 | 148,265 | 168,567 | 210,845 |
| \%o. | 17,066 | 17,366 | 15,228 | 14,137 | 64,369 | 63,398 | 60,023 | 59,277 |
| M. Drik. | 6,113 | 3,694 | 3.989 | 5.129 | 20,055 | 13,304 | 16,013 | 17,811 |
| S. Dak. | 6,941 | 4,332 | 4,638 | 5.901 | 26,709 | 17,064 | 21,932 | 25,858 |
| Tebr. | 18,161 | 20,040 | 12,310 | 15,086 | 77,161 | 71,051 | 57,220 | 67,162 |
| Kens. | 15,901 | 18,949 | 13.935 | 15.390 | 60,708 | 74,773 | 61,426 | 60,499 |
| W. M. Centrel | 127.313 | 125,138 | 110,624 | 118,328 | 487.784 | 489.226 | 486,220 | 539,560 |
| Del. | 779 | 958 | 779 | 743 | 2.940 | 3.615 | 3.108 | 2.979 |
| Md. | 3,310 | 4.039 | 3,045 | 3,223 | 11,586 | 14,264 | 13.938 | 13.022 |
| $\nabla$ a. | 4,765 | 5, 290 | 4,837 | 11,638 | 21,154 | 25,164 | 21,376 | 20.304 |
| W. Va. | 1,908 | 2,111 | 1,514 | 1,892 | 8, 286 | 8,956 | 7,301 | 7.164 |
| N. ${ }^{\text {N. }}$ | 4,961 | 5,169 | 5,397 | 3,315 | 26,477 | 23,707 | 24,502 | 15,473 |
| S. C. | 3,293 | 5,358 | 4,196 | 2,363 | 15,764 | 18,264 | 16,318 | 8.680 |
| Ga. | 4,031 | 5. 250 | 3,664 | 2,339 | 22,801 | 25,659 | 20,380 | 12,950 |
| Fla. | 13.249 | 18,629 | 12,806 | 14,760 | 52,141 | 67.089 | 53.074 | 51,411 |
| S. Atlantic | 36,296 | 46,814 | 37,133 | 33.273 | 161,149 | 186,720 | 163.497 | 131.983 |
| $\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{y}}$. | 5,266 | 5,841 | 5,456 | 5,079 | 35.827 | 58,997 | 60,031 | 46.689 |
| Tenn. .............. | 5.448 | 6,048 | 6,564 | 5,820 | 27,710 | 39,373 | 39,622 | 30,585 |
| Ala. | 2,999 | 6,101 | 5,381 | 3.251 | 20,914 | 27,553 | 24,674 | 11,197 |
| Miss. .............: | 2,454 | 5,633 | 4,068 | 3.098 | 17,964 | 33,386 | 29,384 | 18,969 |
| Ark. ............... | 3.462 | 5,095 | 4,779 | 2,823 | 16,317 | 27,070 | 25,069 | 14,040 |
| Lı. ............... | 4,028 | 6,091 | 6,240 | 6,387 | 12,880 | 23.563 | 23.264 | 18,374 |
| Okla. ............. | 8.573 | 8,549 | 8,121 | 7.335 | 38,068 | 33,304 | 35,411 | 31,015 |
| Tex. | 21,748 | 27.210 | 24,701 | 20,541 | 84,107 | 90,561 | 96,152 | 72,025 |
| S. Central ....... | 53.978 | 70,568 | 65.310 | 54,334 | 253.787 | 333.807 | 333,607 | 242,894 |
| Mont. ............. | 3,696 | 3.163 | 2,240 | 3.465 | 13,902 | 11,461 | 9,967 | 13,673 |
| Id aho ............. | 4.487 | 6,723 | 3,894 | 4,070 | 17,949 | 27.075 | 16,354 | 16,996 |
| Wyo. .............. | 2,125 | 2.733 | 2,217 | 2,194 | 7,023 | 8,583 | 7.588 | 7.992 |
| Colo. ............. | 9. 411 | 12,083 | 7. 520 | 7.264 | 33,661 | 43,632 | 30,655 | 28,384 |
| N. Mex. ........... | 1,795 | 1,877 | 1,687 | 1,876 | 9,287 | 8,799 | 7.998 | 7.649 |
| Ariz. ............. | 4,378 | 4,454 | 4,683 | 4,768 | 13,919 | 13,817 | 18,145 | 13.845 |
| Utah ..............: | 2,081 | 2,702 | 2, 3112 | 2,469 | 8,300 | 9.872 | 9.397 | 9,813 |
| Nev. . . . . . . . . . . . | 598 | 728 | 837 | 741 | 2,292 | 2,704 | 3,663 | 3.527 |
| Wesh. .............: | 7.878 | 10,507 | 6, 840 | 7.544 | 29,147 | 37.516 | 27,169 | 39,089 |
| Oreg. .............. | 4,789 | 6,219 | 4,335 | 4,414 | 16,999 | 21,091 | 17,940 | 18,229 |
| Callf. ............: | 40,118 | 44,049 | 34,768 | 36,521 | 125,253 | 150,301 | 120,293 | 113,765 |
| Western ......... | 81.356 | 95,238 | 71,363 | 75,326 | 277.732 | 334.851 | 269,179 | 272,962 |
| $\underline{\text { U.S. cash income } 1 \text { ! }}$ | 493.000 | 583,000 | 488,000 | 463,000 | 1,997,000 | 2,318,000 | 2,059,000 | 1,958,000 |

[^46] not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Government payments and reoeipts from the sale of prinoipal farm produots, including Government payments by States, April 1938-39 and January-April 1937-39


[^47]UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Bureau of Agricultural Economics

Washaingtonjuil 1 ל ... July 7, 1939. RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF FRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS, BY STATES FOR MAY 1939 WITH COMPARISONS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products were 12 percent larger this May than last in the West North Central States and 2 percent larger in the Western States. Decreases, for the other 4 regions, ranged from 6 percent in the North Atlantic to 11 percent in the East North Central States. Including Government payments, receipts were larger for all regions except the North Atlantic and East North Central.

Receipts from marketings for the first 5 months of 1939 were larger than for the same months last year in the West North Central and Western regions by 11 percent and 2 percent, respectively. Receipts from marketings in the other 4 regions were smaller, the decreases amounting to 5 percent in the North Atlantic and East North Central States, 17 percent in the South Atlantic, and 24 percent in the South Central region. Including Government payments, receipts were 13 percent larger in the West North Central group and 6 percent larger in the Western region. For the East North Central and South Atlantic States, decreases of 1 percent were reported; in the North Atlantic group, receipts were down 4 percent; in the South Central region the decrease was 8 percent.

> May Receipts About the Same as for Yoar Earlior

Receipts from all farm marketings in May for the country as a whole were reported June 22 as $\$ 508,000,000$, and were only $\$ 2,000,000$ less than the estimate for May 1938. Income from sales of crops was down 11 percent but this decline was noarly offset by a 5 percent incrcase in income from sales of livestock and livestock products.

Incomo from crops was larger this May than last in the West North Central region but was smaller in the other 5 regions. Income from livestock and livestock products was larger in the West North Central, South Atlantic and Western groups but it was smaller in the other 3 regions. For the United States, incomes from marketings of grains, meat animals, vegetables, chickens, and eggs, were larger this May, but these increases were more than offset by smaller receipts from cotton, dairy products, tobacco, and fruits.

$$
\text { January-May Receipts } 4 \text { Percent Below the Same Months }
$$

Last Year
Cash income from sales of farm products in the first 5 months of 1939, as reported June 22 , totaled $\$ 2,466,000,000$ and was 4 percent smaller than the $\$ 2,570,000,000$ estimated for the same months last year. Income from crops was 7 percent smaller and from livestock and livestock products was 2 percent below a year earlier.

Lower January-May receipts from sales of cotton reduced income sharply in all of the cotton States with largest reductions occurring in North and South Carolina, Georgia, flabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas. Income from tobacco was also much lower and was an important factor in the lower incomes received in
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS,


Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, and Connecticut. Commodity credit loans on corn have been major factor in increasing income from marketings in the Corn Belt States, espeoially in Iow, Illinois, Nobraska, and South Dakota. Income from whoat was much larger in Mashington, Montara, and North Dakota. Increased inoome from potatoes raised reoeipts from marketings in Maine above a year earlier.

## Rooeipts by Regions, January through May

The acoompanying chart shows monthly receipts by regions for 1937, 1938, and the first 5 months of 1939. In all rogions the increase in income from April to May was about the came as for the same monthe of 1937 and 1938.

## North Atlantic Statos

Receipts from tho sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic States in the first 5 months of 1939 were 5 percent smaller than the estimate for the same months last year. Governmont payments were larger this year so that the total inoluding Government paynents was 4 percent smaller. For the region as a wholo income from cattle and calves, potatoes, dry edible beans, oats, barley, swectpotatoes, and truck crops was larger but income from all other prinoipal farm products was smaller. Income from marketings in Maine and Rhode Island has been larger this year, largely as a result of increased income from salos of potatoes. For all othor States of the region smaller roturns from marketings were reported this ycar with largest reductions in Connectiout, Nassachusotts, and Pernsylvania.

East North Central States
Farmers' income from marketings in the East North Central States for January-May 1939 were 5 percent smaller than the total for thase months last year. Including Government payments, receipts this year were only l percent smaller. Income from marketings in IJlinois has been 5 percent larger this year, most of the increase resulting from large returns from commodity credit loans on corn. In the other 4 States of the region decreases ranged from 7 percert in Indiana to 13 percent in Wisconsin. Incone from crop sales for the region was 2 percont smaller in January-inay this year with smaller returns from wheat, oats, rye, hay, beans, sweetpotatoes, apples, and strawberries more than offsetting larger returns from other crops. Incone from livestock and livestock products was 5 percent smaller due to smaller returns from dairy products, eggs, and sheep and lembs, which more than offset increases from other meat animals, chickens, and wool.

West North Central States
In the West Narth Central States receipts from marketings in the first 5 months of 1939 wers 11 percent larger than for these months last year. Including Government payments, receipts hnve been 13 porcent larger this year. Income from crop marketings was 60 percont larger in January-May this year due to larger returns fron commodity credit loans and sales of corn, especially in Iowa, South Dakota, ard Nebraska. Receipts from marketings have been 2 percont smaller than in January-Mey last year in Minnesota and Missouri. In

Minnesota returns from all crops but corn and tobacco were smaller, and receipts from dairy products and cattle were also down. In Missouri most of the decline resulted from smaller receipts from wheat, cotton, sweetpotatoes, strawberries and dairy products. For the other 5 States of the region increases in income from marketings ranged from 3 percent in Kansas to 24 percent in South Dakota.

South Atlantic States
Income from marketings in each of the South Atlantic States in JanuaryMay this year was smaller than for a yoar earlier. Including Government payments receipts were smaller in all States except Georgia, South Carolina, and Florida. For the region as a whole receipts from marketings have been 17 percent smaller this yoar while total receipts including Government paymonts were only 1 percent smaller. Income from crop sales was 29 percert smaller due to smaller returns from cotton, tobacco, strawberries, and wheat. Sales of livestock and livestock products were 3 percent larger due to larger receipts from sales of meat animals and poultry products. Largest reductions in income from marketings were in South Carolina, Georgia, and North Carolina where cotton normally is the source of a large percentage of total income in these months.

## South Contral States

Income from marketings in the South Central States in January-May this year was 24 percent smaller than for the same months of 1938. Including Government payments, however, receipts were only 8 percent smaller. Income from marketings was smaller this year in each State of the region by amounts ranging from 10 percent in Oklahoma to 45 percent in Alabama. Income from crops in the region has been 44 percent smaller this year, with largest reductions in receipts from cotton, tobacoo, and rice. Income from livestock marketings for the region were about the same as for the same months last year.

## Westerm States

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the Western States in the first 5 months of 1939 were 2 percent larger than the estimate for these months last year. Including Govornment payments, receipts this year have been 6 percent larger. Income from crops was up 7 percent and more than offset a 1 percent decrease in income from livestock and livestock products. Income from marketings was larger this year in all States except Arizona, California, Colorado, and Nevada. For the region income from cotton, citrus fruits and dairy products was most reduced and greatest increases were in returns from wheat, potatoes, apples, and truck crops.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State cstimates of receipts from the sale of principal farm products and Goverment payments for May and for January-May 1939, together with comparative figures for earlier years.

Table l.- Receipts fron the sale of principal farm products, by States, liay 1936-39

| State |  |  |  |  | - Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | liay |  |  |  | 1.lay |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dol.lars |
| Lie. | 2,253 | 2,450 | 1,444 | 1,169 | 1,899 | 1,924 | 2,032 | 1,812 |
| N. H. | 22 | 133 | 89 | 84 | 1,279 | 1,275 | 1,258 | 1,249 |
| Vt. | 44 | 171 | 106 | 102 | 2,988 | 2,742 | 3,006 | 2,761 |
| L'ass. . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,591 | 1,735 | 1,593 | 1,567 | 3,407 | 3,377 | 3,464 | 3,846 |
| R. I. | 28 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 574 | 552 | 546 | 573 |
| Conn. | 116 | 230 | 196 | 81 | 2,536 | 2,594 | 2,774 | 2,917 |
| N. Y. . . . . . . . . . . | 1,964 | 2,343 | 1,604 | 1,078 | 18,509 | 19,523 | 17,075 | 16,656 |
| II. J. | 1,847 | 2,079 | 2,459 | 1,660 | 4,434 | 4,528 | 5,033 | 5,084 |
| Pa. . | 3,1,82 | 4,636 | 3,839 | 2,576 | 15.355 | 17,379 | 17,955 | 17.532 |
| N. Atlantic | 11,347 | 13.798 | 11,344 | 8,331 | 50,881 | 53,894 | 53,143 | 52,430 |
| Ohio. | 3,154 | 4,703 | 4,293 | 2,181 | 17,382 | 19,329 | 21,790 | 19,474 |
| Ind. . . . . . . . . . . . : | 2,628 | 3,184 | 3,486 | 1,788 | 17,042 | 18,548 | 18,234 | 17,665 |
| Ill. .............: | 8,066 | 12,250 | 12,006 | 7,486 | 23,692 | 24,251 | 27,040 | 28,632 |
| 1 Ifch. | 3,054 | 4,745 | 2,950 | 2,308 | 11,406 | 13,556 | 12,677 | 12,349 |
| Wis. | 1,572 | 2,007 | 1,24,2 | 766 | 21,403 | 26,054 | 23,508 | 20,369 |
| E. N. Central | 18,474 | 26, 589 | 24,067 | 14,529 | 90,925 | 101,738 | 103,249 | 98,489 |
| I'inn. | 4,731 | 3,371 | 3,123 | 3,425 | 20,924 | 21,119 | 21,042 | 21,532 |
| Iova . ............. : | 4,284 | 3,412 | 4.623 | 3,728 | 33,465 | 31,885 | 35,936 | 39,019 |
| 1.1. | 1,554 | 2,016 | 2,387 | 1,230 | 15,485 | 15,640 | 15,928 | 16,506 |
| N. Dak. | 4,229 | 1,014 | 1,513 | 2,362 | 3,044 | 3,071 | 2,880 | 3,594 |
| S. Dak. | 1,752 | 474 | 485 | 1,217 | 4,926 | 3,927 | 4,483 | 6,406 |
| ITebr. | 2,114 | 3,533 | 2,056 | 3,819 | 14,485 | 11,540 | 11,015 | 13,819 |
| Kans. | 2,198 | 5,515 | 4,029 | 5,573 | 11, 839 | 12,941 | 10,673 | 12,133 |
| \%. N. Central | 20,562 | 19,335 | 18,221 | 21,359 | 104, 188 | 100,123 | 101,957 | 113,009 |
| Del. | 431 | 494 | 791 | 354 | 655 | 759 | 703 | 753 |
| İd. . .............. : | 1,376 | 1,926 | 1,929 | 1,681 | 3,379 | 3,793 | 3,178 | 3,055 |
| Va . | 2,596 | 2,460 | 3,171 | 2,452 | 3,332 | 3,989 | 3,916 | 4,504 |
| \%. Va. ............ : | 559 | 582 | 857 | 597 | 1,912 | 2,331 | 1,705 | 1,902 |
| II. C. . . . . . . . . . . | 3,961 | 3,951 | 5,230 | 3,276 | 1,963 | 2,068 | 2,283 | 2,745 |
| S. C. ............: | 3,248 | 4,149 | 2,514 | 1,310 | 926 | 969 | 1,255 | 1,297 |
| Ga. .............. : | 5,037 | 3,53E | 2,322 | 1,125 | 1,4,08 | 1,533 | 1,625 | 1,818 |
| Fla. | 9, 107 | 14,243 | 7,964 | 8,974 | - 996 | 1,050 | 1,655 | 1,789 |
| S. Atlantic | 26,315 | 31,343 | 25,078 | 20,269 | 14,571 | 16,492 | 16,320 | 17,963 |
| KJ. | 960 | 1,074 | 1,668 | 1,151 | 5,484 | 5,802 | 6,124 | 5,657 |
| Tehn. | 1,998 | 1,952 | 1,911 | 2,633 | 4,239 | 4,599 | 5,125 | 5,089 |
| Ala. | 3,211 | 5,017 | 2,802 | 2,928 | 1,655 | 2,155 | 1,673 | 1,781 |
| Uiss. | 2,508 | 3,566 | 2,400 | 1,489 | 1,617 | 1,932 | 1,989 | 2,087 |
| Ark. | 2,716 | 3,701 | 1,826 | 3,101 | 2,101 | 2,313 | 2,073 | 2,535 |
| La. . . . . . . . . . . . : | 3,823 | 5,710 | 3,119 | 3,270 | 1,037 | 1,224 | 1,633 | 2,051 |
| Orla. | 1,810 | 1,767 | 2,720 | 1,835 | 6,408 | 7,797 | 6,720 | 7,621 |
| Tex. | 7,572 | 7,452 | 8,121 | 3,659 | 13,601 | 20,334 | 23,358 | 20,695 |
| S. Central | 24,600 | 30,399 | 24,567 | 20,071 | 36,112 | 46,150 | 48,695 | 47,516 |
| Lont. | 770 | 542 | 429 | 1,506 | 2,980 | 2,937 | 1,799 | 2,123 |
| Idaho ............ : | 1,243 | 2,411 | 1,196 | 759 | 3,624 | 4,363 | 2,582 | 3,185 |
| !yyo. . . . . . . . . . . . : | 18 C | 222 | 198 | 123 | 1,023 | 2,054 | 1,568 | 2,061 |
| Colo. ............. | 916 | 1,991 | 765 | 1,013 | 4,900 | 6,697 | 4,774 | 5,711 |
| N. L.ex. | 158 | 234 | 100 | 116 | 1,790 | 1,840 | 1,424 | 1,876 |
| Ariz. | 471 | 357 | 1,024 | 378 | 1,829 | 2,702 | 2,057 | 1,790 |
| Utah ............. : | 238 | 303 | 192 | 214 | 2,095 | 2,477 | 1,8E1 | 2,159 |
| Nev. .............. | 31 | 52 | 61 | 54 | +530 | 618 | 540 | 552 |
| Tash. ............ | 2,316 | 3,016 | 2,575 | 1,381 | 5,583 | 5,798 | 4,956 | 5,340 |
| Oreg. | 758 | 1,323 | 511 | 1,295 | 4,113 | 4,346 | 3,881 | 4,059 |
| Calif. | 25,44,0 | 26,024 | 20,660 | 10,506 | 23,583 | 27,325 | 20,764 | 26,856 |
| Tiestern .........: | 32,529 | 36,477 | 27,901 | 26,345 | 53,051 | 61,257 | 52,226 | 55,712 |
| U.S.cash income IV: | 191,000 | 212,000 | 165,000 | 147,000 | 350,000 | 365,000 | 345,000 | 361,000 |

1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estinates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestoc'k, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipte from the sale of principal farm producte, January-May 1936-39


1/ The astimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted domavard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some fart products which is not distributed by Stater.

Table 3.- Receipts from the sele of crops and livestock products, by States, May and Jenuary - Nay, 1936-39

O.S. cash income l/: 541,000 577,000 $510,000 \quad 508,000 \quad 2,538,000 \quad 2,895,000 \quad 2,570,0002,466,000$

[^48]Table 4.-Government payents and recoipte from the sale of principal farm producte, including Governmont paymonts by States, May 1938-39 and January-Kay 1937-39


1) The estimnted United States cash income is not equal to the of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livnstock, and include income from some farm products which is not dietributed by States.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMEINT OF AGRICULIURE <br> Bureau of Agricultural Economics <br> U. S. Washington A Eciculture <br> August \&, 1939 <br> RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS AND GOVERNMENT PAYMEITS, BY STATES FOR JUNE 1939 TITH COMPARISONS 

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products were 1 percent larger this June than last in the South Atlantic States and 7 percent larger in the Western States. For the other four regions, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reports, decreases ranging from 3 percent in the North Atlantic to 10 percent in the East North Central States. Including Government payments, receipts were smaller in all regions except the South Central and Mestern.

Receipts from marketings for the first half of 1939 were larger than for the same months last year in the West North Central and Western regions by $\mathcal{E}$ percent and 3 percent, respectively. Receipts from marketings were smaller in the other four regions, the decreases ranging from 5 percent in the North $\Lambda$ tlantic to 21 percent in the South Central region. Including Government payments, receipts were 10 percent larger in the West North Central groun and 6 percent larger in the Western region. For the East North Central and South Atlantic States, decreases of 3 percent were roported; in the North Atlentic group recoipts were down 4 percent, and in the South Central region the decrease was 5 percent.

## June Receipts 3 Percent Below Yoar Earlior

Receipts from farm marketings in June for the country as a whole were rcported July 24 as $\$ 501,000,000$ and were 3 percent smaller than the $\$ 5.14,000,000$ reported for. June 1938. Inconc from crops was down 2 percent and receipts from livestock and livostock products mere 3 percent smaller.

Income from crops was largor this June than last in the North Atlantic, Westerm, and South Atlantic regions out was smaller in the other three regions. Receipts from livestock and livestock products were larger in the South Ato lantic, South Central, and Westarn States but werc smaller in the West North Central, North Atlantic, and East North Central States. Receipts from citrus fruits, strawberries, truck crops, corn, wool, chickens, and all meat animals except hogs were larger this June than last, but these increases were more than offsct by smaller returns from dairy products, eggs, hogs, cotton, and potatoos.

## January-June Receipts 4 Percent Below First Half of 1938

Cash income from sales of farm products in the first half of 1939, as reported July 24, totaled $\$ 2,967,000,000$ and mas 4 percent smaller than the $\$ 3,084,000,000$ reported for Jnuarymune last year. Income from crops was 6 percent smallor and from livestock and livestock products was 2 percont ber lo: a year earlier.

The accompanying tiap shows the percentare change in cash income from the first half of 1933 for weh Statc both including and cxcluding Government

payments. Inconc from rarketines has beon larger this year in Mainc and Rhode Island whero receipts from potatoes and strawberrios moze larger this yoar. Large commodity credit loans on com raised income from marketings above that of Janvarymune last year in Inlinois, Iowa, nnd. Nebraska. In South Dakota a larger income from corr and whent was realized, and in North Dakota the incroase was due to larger retums from meat arimals, chickens, eges and wool.

The 3 porcent increasc ir incone in Florida was attributed to largor returns fron citrus fruit, truck crops, meat animals, chickons, and oges. In Montane, income from theat and income from cattlo have boon ruch larecr this year. The incroaso in incone in Washington has becn due to larger roceipts this year from sales of wheat, apples, potatoes, cattle, hoegs, and chickens. The largor income in Orogon rosultod fron increasod roturns from wheat, potatoes, chichens, and wool. In Idaho, Wycming, Jew Muxico, and Ubah, income from reat animals, chickens, and wool has born larger the first half of this your. Because of ruch larger than usual nawketines and loans on cotton beforo Jonuary 1, 1939, incone from cutton has beon much maller the first half of 1939 than in the sune months last year. This is reflectod in the sharply lowor roceipts fron ambetings in the cotton Statcs this year. In all of the cotton producing States, howevor, cotton price adjustnont paynents and larger agricultural conservation paymonts have added to receiptis from marketines. In some of the Statos these poyments have raiscd total roccipts above the lovel of a yoar carlior and in rost of the others cash income including Goremment paymonts was almost as large as in the first half of 1938. Income from tobacco in the first half of 1939 was smailor than in the corrosponding period last year, end contributcd to ruch or the declinc in incone for Kentucky, Tonnossec, liorth Carolina, and Conrocticut.

## Receints by Rogions January through June

North Atlantic States - Reccipts fron the salc of principal farm prode ucts in the North Atlontic States in the first half of 1939 werc 5 porcont smaller than in the sane months last yoar. Total raccipts, including Governmont payments worc 4 percont smaller. For the region as a whole incone from dairy products, chickens and egess, hoess, applos, hay, tobacco, wheat and corm, woro cnalle:-. Increased income from markotings in Maino and Rhode Island rom suitca from increased income from potatoes and stranjerries. Shaller returns from marketings wero roportod this yoar in all other States of the region, with largest reductions in Connecticut, Ner York, and Ponnsylvonia.

Enst North Contral States - Farmers' incono from marketinas in the East
North Central States for Jonuary-Junc 1939 :ore 6 percont smallor than the total for those months last yenr. With Govemnent payments included, receipts this yoar wore only 3 percont srallor. Incone from marketings was 2 percont larger in Illinois during the 6 months' poriod, most of the increase resultind from larger rotums this yoar from comodity credit loans on corn. Decronses, in the other four States of the rosion, vanged fron 6 percent in Michigan to 13 porcont in Wisconsin. Income fion cron salos in the rogion was 6 porcent siallor the first 6 months of this year with smaller retums from wheat, oats, ryc, hay, bcans, swectpotatocs, and apples roore than offsetting lareor receipts from salcs of othor crops. Incone from livestock and livestock
products was also 6 percent smaller because of decreased returns from dairy products, eges, hogs, and sheep and lambs. The decreases more than offset increases from cattle and calves, chickens, and wool.

West North Central States - In the Most North Central States receipts from marketines in the first 6 months of 1939 were 8 percent larger than for the first half of 1933. Including Government payments, receipts have been 10 percent larger this year. Income fron crop marketings was 48 percent larger this year, most of the increase being due to large returns from commodity credit loans and sales of corm, aspecially in Iowa, South Dakota, and Nebraska. Receipts from all marketings heve been larger this yoar in all States except in Minnesota, Kansas, and Missouri where returns from wheat and dairy products wero smaller. In Missouri smaller returns from cotton, apples, and sreetpotatoes also contributed to the decline.

South Atlantic States - Income from marketings in the South Atlantic States in the first half of this year was 14 percent below the estimate for a year earlicr. Including Govermment payments, however, receipts were only 3 percent smaller. Income was about the same as for a year earlier in Delaware and Maryland. Receipts were 3 percent larger in Florida where retums from citrus fruits, truck crces, reat arimals, chickens, and eges were larger. In the othor five States of the region decreases ranged from 5 percent in West Virginia to 38 percent in South Carolina. Income from cotton was much lorier and recuced income from zarketings sharply in North and South Carolina and Georgia. In Virginia, North Carolina, and West Virginia income from tobacco mas much reduced and contributed to the loner returns from narketings in these States.

South CentroI States - Income from marketings in each of the South Central States in the first 6 months of this year was smallor than for a year carlier. For the entire region, incone from marketings was 21 percent smaller and the total including Governient payments was dorm 5 percent. Income from crop sales was 40 porcent smaller and vas only partially offset by a l percent increase in incme from livostock and livestock products. Most of the decrease in income from marketings may be attributed to smaller returns from cotton and tobacco, but receipts from sales of rice, hay, and dairy products mere also smaller.

Western States - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the Western States in the first half of 1939 mere 3 percent larger than for these 6 months last year. Including Governnent payments receipts vere 6 porm cont larger. Income from crops was 6 percont larger the first half of this year and returns from livestock and livestock products were about the sane as for Janunry-June last year. Income from marketings was larger than for a year earlior in all States except Arizona, Nevada, and California. Reduced reccipts from cotion caused most of the decline in Arizona. In Nevada reccipts fron all crops, cattle, and dairy products were smaller. The decline in returns from marketings in Califomia was due to smaller receipts from cotton, citrus fruits, rice, stramberries, dairy products, and oEfs.


[^49]Table 2.-Receipte from the ale of principal farm products, by States, Jan.-Jume, 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock gnd livestocis products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan.-June |  |  |  | Jan.-Juns |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | doll 3 \% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | dollar 8 | dollara | do119r: | dollers |
| Me | 15,845 | 24,128 | 11,355 | 13,061 | 11,173 | 10,549 | 10,690 | 10,074 |
| H. $\mathrm{H}_{\text {. }}$ | 507 | 1,375 | 705 | 819 | 7.564 | 6,968 | 7.032 | 6,634 |
|  | 823 | 1,255 | 693 | 97 | 16,008 | 14,983 | 16,112 | 15,467 |
| Мass. | 4,992 | 6,163 | 4,993 | 4,697 | 19,583 | 18,039 | 19,467 | 19,242 |
| R. I. | 286 | 24 | 124 | 238 | 3.140 | 3.048 | 3.075 | 3.048 |
| Conn. | 5.309 | 7.532 | 6,918 | 4,695 | 14,178 | 14,446 | 15,042 | 14.923 |
| H. 7 | 21,506 | 28,923 | 21,526 | 20,511 | 104,360 | 106, 665 | 102,828 | 96,368 |
| \%.J. | 7,015 | 9,858 | 7.801 | 6,822 | 23.030 | 24,425 | 25,087 | 25,389 |
| Pa. | 22,269 | 33.241 | 24,116 | 2, 769 | 80,737 | 92,336 | 95,100 | 90,644 |
| H. Atlentio | 78,552 | 112,689 | 78,231 | 73.583 | 279,773 | 291.459 | 294,432 | 281,789 |
| Ohio | 24,290 | 35,920 | 23.378 | 17,463 | 101,058 | 116,603 | 109,615 | 105,619 |
| Ind. | 17,142 | 22,645 | 21,107 | 15,236 | 98,560 | 109,368 | 35,615 | 91,918 |
| I11. | 50,665 | 64,707 | 62,353 | 67.762 | 142,003 | 154,592 | 149,843 | 148,316 |
| $\mathrm{H}_{1} \mathrm{ch}$. | 19,750 | 33.939 | 22,168 | 19.573 | 61,904 | 72,833 | 67,165 | 64,460 |
| Wio. | 10,910 | 15,778 | 10,720 | 11,960 | 122,575 | 139,458 | 130,167 | 111,038 |
| E. N. Central | 122,757 | 172,989 | 139.726 | 131,994 | 526,100 | 592,854 | 552,405 | 521,351 |
| M1nn. | 22,890 | 22,554 | 2,764 | 26,258 | 125, 420 | 128,508 | 126,177 | 119.889 |
| Iove | 24.736 | 20,413 | 31,607 | 72,486 | 207.631 | 208,184 | 229,704 | 220,525 |
| Mo. | 9,617 | 13,623 | 11,909 | 10,799 | 89,972 | 86,200 | 84,627 | 82,946 |
| H. Dak. | 15,919 | 7.090 | 9.755 | 9,697 | 17,274 | 15,423 | 15,998 | 18,748 |
| S. Dalk. | 9,632 | 2,841 | 3,869 | 6,797 | 31,718 | 24,806 | 29,625 | 33,746 |
| Eebr. | 14,126 | 22,282 | 10,276 | 23,413 | 96,300 | 77,623 | 72,729 | 75,592 |
| Kans. | 17.076 | 38,046 | 29,644 | 26,531 | 75,065 | 78,113 | 65,818 | 68,109 |
| W. I. Central | 113.996 | 126,849 | 118,824 | 175,981 | 643.380 | 618,857 | 614.678 | 619.555 |
| Del. | 2,073 | 3.562 | 1.808 | 1,731 | 3.351 | 3.940 | 3.724 | 3,784 |
| Md. | 7,086 | 11,631 | 7.229 | 8,111 | 15,77 | 17.783 | 17.790 | 16,930 |
| Va. | 17,923 | 19,736 | 18,318 | 11,960 | 18,003 | 21,118 | 21.917 | 22.618 |
| W. Va | 2,365 | 2,505 | 2,789 | 2,590 | 11,161 | 12,270 | 10,164 | 9,664 |
| \%. $\mathrm{C}_{\text {. }}$ | 30,857 | 25,999 | 26,981 | 13.872 | 11,280 | 11,492 | 13,004 | 14,300 |
| S. 0. | 18,851 | 22,611 | 15,903 | 7.096 | 4,889 | 5. 282 | 7.180 | 7.165 |
| Ga. | 24,737 | 26,516 | 18,59 | 7.777 | 10, 414 | 11,153 | 11,474 | 13,015 |
| Ha. | 59.198 | 80,622 | 58,721 | 60,200 | 6,631 | 7.438 | 9.039 | 9.565 |
| 8. AtI. | 163.070 | 193.182 | 150,274 | 113.337 | 81,530 | 90,476 | 94,292 | 97.041 |
| Ey. | 21,286 | 44,224 | 45,063 | 32,907 | 29,990 | 31,653 | 29,934 | 27.965 |
| Tonn. | 16,736 | 27,877 | 27,125 | 21,394 | 24,292 | 26,873 | 26,530 | 25,440 |
| 112. | 21,023 | 28,757 | 20,651 | 7. 218 | 9,500 | 10,938 | 11,116 | 11. 530 |
| Mise. | 18,778 | 36, 453 | 25.493 | 13,645 | 8,778 | 9,993 | 13,597 | 12,990 |
| Ark. | 13.055 | 24,726 | 19,983 | 9,269 | 12,672 | 13,923 | 13,188 | 13.750 |
| La. | 14;924 | 27,660 | 20,087 | 13,750 | 7.445 | 7.856 | 10,757 | 12,991 |
| Okl ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 18,112 | 12,861 | 21,184 | 15,248 | 39.135 | 41.348 | 37,466 | 38,286 |
| Tex. | 58,721 | 59,378 | 70,010 | 35,650 | 72,229 | 85,894 | 88,335 | 89,494 |
| 8. Central | 182,635 | 261,936 | 249.596 | 149,081 | 204,042 | 228,478 | 230,923 | 232. 446 |
| Mont. | 6,727 | 4,246 | 3.171 | 6,544 | 14,970 | 14,56 | 11,625 | 13.733 |
| Idaho | 9.945 | 19,122 | 8,672 | 8,176 | 19,081 | 22,137 | 16,253 | 17.523 |
| Y50. | 1,878 | 2,049 | 1.774 | 1,374 | 9.442 | 11,295 | 9,112 | 10,779 |
| Colo. | 7.522 | 15,575 | 7.231 | 7,984 | 37.425 | 43,880 | 33,092 | 32,453 |
| 7. Mex. | 3.174 | 2,704 | 2,928 | 1,987 | 9,824 | 9.661 | 7.894 | 9,626 |
| AFIE. | 9.188 | 8,838 | 12,471 | 8.114 | 8,819 | 10,027 | 11,154 | 10,381 |
| Utah | 1,711 | 2,292 | 1,532 | 1,481 | 11,234 | 13,264 | 12,293 | 13,135 |
| Mev. | 357 | 513 | 418 | 346 | 3.067 | 3,529 | 4. 567 | 4,353 |
| Mash. | 17,140 | 26,611 | 12,753 | 23,698 | 28,136 | 30,699 | 29,139 | 28,496 |
| Oreg. | 6,605 | 12,352 | 6,525 | 9,545 | 2.,585 | 23,425 | 22,823 | 22,388 |
| Calip. | 121,280 | 141,323 | 102,797 | 101,214 | 104,275 | 118.791 | 109,157 | 105,526 |
| Vestern. | 185,527 | 235,625 | 160.272 | 170.403 | 267.852 | 301,224 | 267,109 | 268,393 |

0.8.cash 1 ncome 1/...81,097,000 1,381,000 1,100,000 1,029,000 2,028,000 2,118,000 1,984,000 1,938,000

[^50]Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of crops and livestock products, by States, June and January-June, 1936-39


1/The estimated United States cash income is not ecual to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dowmard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Goverment payments and receipts fron the sale of principal farm products, including Government pevments by States, June 1938-39 and January-June 1937-39


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes incone from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

## RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUC PAYMENTS, BY STATES, FOR JUTY 1939, WITH COMPARISONS

Receipts from the sale-of principal farm products were smaller this July than last in all six major geographical regions. Government payments were larger this July but not enough to offset the smaller receipts from sales.

Receipts from marketings in the first 7 months of 1939 were 4 percent larger than for the same months last year in the West North Central States and less than 1 percent larger in the Western States. Receipts were smaller in the other four regions, decreases ranging from 4 percent in the North Atlantic to 21 percent in the South Central States. Including Government payments, reccipts were 6 percent larger in the West North Central States and 3 percent larger in the Western States. Decreases of 3 percent were re ported for the North Atlantic and South Atlantic regions, 5 percent in the East North Central, and 7 percent in the South Central States.

## July Receipts 12 Percent Below Year Farlier

Receipts from farm marketings in July for the country as a whole were reported August 22 as $\$ 534,000,000$. This was 12 percent smaller than the $\$ 609,000,000$ reported for July last year. Income from crops was down 21 perm cent, receipts from livestock and livestock products were down 6 percent.

Receipts from crops were smaller in all regions. Income from sales of livestock and livestock products was smaller in all regions except the Western, for which an increase of 1 percent was reported. Income from all crops except beans, sweetpotatoes, potatoes, rye, peaches, and pears was smaller. Income from sheep and lambs, calves, chickens, and wool was larger this July but retums from all other livestock products were smaller.

## January-July Receipts 2 Percent Bolow Same Months Last Year

Cash income from sales of farm products in the first 7 months of 1939 , as reported August 22, totaled $\$ 3,501,000,000$. This was 5 percent smaller than the estimate of $\$ 3,693,000,000$ in January-July last year. Income from crops was 9 percent spaller, income from livestock and livestock products was down 3 percent.

Income from crops was smaller the first 7 months of this year in all regions except the West North Central where large commodity credit loans on corn resulted in crop sales 25 percent larger than in these months last year. Income from crop sales was most sharply reduced compared with a year earlier in the South Atlantic and South Central regions, and reflected the much smallor marketings of cotton in Jonuary-July this year.

Receipts from sales of livestock and livestock products have been 1 percent larger this year than last in the South Atlantic and Western States but have been smaller in the other four regions, For the United States, income from hogs, shecp and lambs, chickens and wool has been larger but was more than offset by smaller returns from other livestock products.
FARM

 SALE RECEIPTS FROM THE

NEG. 29566 BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

## Receipts by Rocions, January Throuch July

The accompanying chart shows monthly receipts by rogions for 1937. 1938, and the first 7 months of 1939. In the North Atlantic, and South Atlantic rogions, income from marketings made about the usual scasonal increase from June to July. In the other four regions the increase in income was much less then for the same months of 1937 and 1938.

## North Atlantic States

Reccipts from the salo of principal farm products in the North Atlantic States in the first 7 months of 1939 wore 4 percent smaller than for the same months last ycar. With Govemmont payments includod, receipts this year were only 3 porcent smallor. Income from marketings was larger in JanuarymJuly this year in Mainc and Rhode Island where reccipts from sales of potatoes, strawberrics, and hay were large. Decreases wore reported for the other seven States of the rogion. For the region, income from tobacco and dairy products showed the greatest decline, but income of all principal products excopt potatoes, boans, strawberrios, cattlc and calvos and shoep and lazibs was lowor than for a year carlior.

## East North Contral States

Farmers' income from narketings in the East North Contral Statos for January-July 1939 were 7 percent sualler than the total for those nonths last year. Government payments have beon larger this year so that the total including Government payments was only 5 percont smaller. Incono from marketm ings was smaller in all five States of the rogion by anounts ranging from 1 percent in Illinois to 14 percent in Wisconsin. For the region, incono from com, tobacco, cattle, chickens, and wool was larger but was more than offset by smaller returns frora wheat, hogs, dairy products, and truck crops.

## Most North Contral States

In the West North Central States reccipts from marketines in the first 7 months of 1939 were 4 percent larger than in January-July last year. Including Governiont payments, roceipts this year vere 6 percent larger. Recoipts from marketings were larger in all Statos except Minnesota, Missouri and Kansas. In Minnosota the docroasc mas duc to smaller reccipts fror theat, neat animals, cgess, and dairy products; in Missouri to wheat, cotton, cattle, eggs, and dairy products; and in Kansas to wheat, cgess, and dairy products. The increases in Iowa and Nobraska were largely due to increased income from corn although roceipts from cattle, and sheep and lambs were some larger than for a year earlicr. In Nebraska, income from hogs, chickens, and wool also was larger. The increase in North Dakota was due to largor receipts fron all reat animals except hogs and fron chickons, eggs, and wool. In South Dakota the increase in incone resulted from largor returns fron grains, hogs, chich ans, cges, and wool.

## South Atlantic Statcs

Income from marketings in the South Atlantic States in the first 7 months of this year was 12 percont smallor than for these months last yoar. Income fron crops was 21 percent smallor and this decreasc was only partially
offset by a l percent increase in income from livestock and livestock products. Government payments have been much larger in this region this year so that total receipts, including Govermment payments heve been only 3 percent below the total for Januarymuly last yenr. Receipts from salos of principal farm products hove been about the same as for a your earlier in Delamere. In Florida they havo boen 4 percent largor this year, due to increased income from citmas fruit, truck crops, potatocs, tobacco, hogs, chickens, and eEES. In the other six States of the region, decreases in receipts from marketings ranged from 2 percent in Maryland to 37 percent in South Carolina. Largest decreases were in Georeia, North Gorolina, and South Carolina, where income from cotton and tobacco the sharply reduced.

## South Central States

Incone from marketings in each of the South Central States in JanuaryJuly this year was smaller than for a year earlicr. Including Government payments receipts wore also smaller in all States. For the region, receipts fron marketings have been 21 percent smaller and including; Govemrent payment roceipts have been $\mathfrak{C o m} 7$ porcent. The decrease in receipts from marketings, rancing from 12 percent in Louisiana and Oklahona to 38 percent in Alabara, resulted from smaller returns from cotton, tobacco, wheat, aice, cattle, she cp and lambs, and daixy products.

## Western States

Receints fron the sale of principal farm products in the Mestern States were about the same as for a year aurlier, and including Govemment paymonts, receipts were 3 percent larger. Income from marketings were larger in all States except Arizona, California and Nevada. The increases ranged from 1 percent in Colorado to 23 percent in Montana. For the region, income from cotton, dairy products, fruits, com, barley, and rice mas smallicr but mos offset by increased income from all other principal fam products.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estinates or roceipts from the sale of principal farm products and Government payments for July and January-July 1939, togethor with comparative fiedures for earlier years.

Table 1.- Recoipts from the sale of prinoipal farm prodacts, by States, July 1936-59


1 The estimated Onited States oash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoarse it
has boen adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestook, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots whioh is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Roceipts from the sale of principal farn producte, by States, Jan.-July, 1936-39

| State |  | Crop: |  |  | ! | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Jan.-July |  |  |  | Jano-July |  |  |  |
|  | : | 1936 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 : | -1937 : | - 1938 | 1939 |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollara | dollare | dollare | dollara | dollart | dollars | dollare | dollars |
| He. | : | 17,057 | 24,798 | 11,692 | 13.466 | 13,029 | 12,470 | 12,629 | 11,811 |
| N. H |  | 678 | 1,546 | 834 | 955 | 8,748 | 8,257 | 8,211 | 7,798 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{t}$ 。 |  | 936 | 1.376 | 778 | 1,098 | 18,609 | 17,619 | 18,811 | 18,352 |
| Mass. |  | 5.179 | 6.344 | 5.256 | 5,014 | 22,850 | 21,482 | 22,835 | 22,568 |
| R. 1 . |  | 1,013 | 683 | 448 | 566 | 3,649 | 3.577 | 3.593 | 3,584 |
| Conn. |  | 8,022 | 9,197 | 8,013 | 5,672 | 16,676 | 17,017 | 17,749 | 17.581 |
| N. $\mathrm{I}^{\text {P }}$ |  | 25,248 | 33.375 | 24,831 | 23,630 | 124,544 | 127,026 | 119.740 | 114,244 |
| H. J |  | 17,261 | 20,482 | 16,426 | 14,835 | 27.533 | 29,337 | 30,191 | 30,239 |
| Pa. | 8 | 25,882 | 37.184 | 26,811 | 24,042 | 97.312 | 110,621 | 111,638 | 106,308 |
| 1. Atlantic |  | 101,276 | 134.985 | 95.089 | 89,278 | 332,950 | 347.406 | 345.397 | 332,485 |
| Oh10 |  | 35,938 | 49.137 | 32,049 | 24,201 | 117.661 | 133.525 | 127,331 | 121,886 |
| Ind. |  | 28,202 | 37,015 | 29,621 | 21,883 | 114,302 | 124.913 | 112,795 | 106,651 |
| 111. |  | 77,234 | 94,460 | 80,016 | 82,755 | 166,259 | 177,003 | 175,993 | 170,001 |
| Hic |  | 25,194 | 39,830 | 26,491 | 23,319 | 72,524 | 84,554 | 77,722 | 75,418 |
| Vis. |  | 15,777 | 21,265 | 15,031 | 16,041 | 144,804 | 161,742 | 152,067 | 128,120 |
| 7. H. Central |  | 182,345 | 241,707 | 183,208 | 168,199 | 615.550 | 681.737 | 645,908 | 602,076 |
| Minn. |  | 27.464 | 27,178 | 26,100 | 29.833 | 147.860 | 148,535 | 146,185 | 135.885 |
| Iowa |  | 34,774 | 27,984 | 37,029 | 77,319 | 250,510 | 240,363 | 258,942 | 253.410 |
| Mo. |  | 19.458 | 30,934 | 19,932 | 17.050 | 105,344 | 100,848 | 103,065 | 98,400 |
| N. Dak. | 8 | 16,593 | 8,983 | 11,567 | 11,018 | 22,800 | 21,013 | 20,809 | 22,952 |
| S. Dak. |  | 10,394 | 4,294 | 5,674 | 7.943 | 38,794 | 29,609 | 36,114 | 38,969 |
| Hebr | 8 | 23.939 | 32,675 | 17,540 | 29,037 | 113,068 | 87,726 | 83.846 | 87,410 |
| Kan |  | 50,853 | 89,270 | 57,913 | 48,344 | 88,967 | 92,238 | 72,022 | 80,410 |
| W. V. Central |  | 183.475 | 221,318 | 175,755 | 220.544 | 767,343 | 720,332 | 727,983 | 717.436 |
| Del. |  | 3.423 | 5,363 | 3.046 | 3.018 | 3,984 | 4,591 | 4,293 | 4.339 |
| Md. | : | 19,127 | 24,250 | 15,550 | 15,937 | 18,533 | 20,666 | 20,717 | 19,681 |
| Va. | 8 | 28,640 | 24,790 | 22.263 | 16,752 | 21,842 | 25,694 | 26,336 | 26,726 |
| W. Va. |  | 2,943 | 3.278 | 3,382 | 3.103 | 13,727 | 14,731 | 12,371 | 11,750 |
| 1r. C . |  | 34,806 | 28,577 | 28,801 | 15.374 | 13,088 | 13,322 | 15,076 | 16,204 |
| S. 0 . |  | 20,589 | 24,487 | 17,298 | 7.953 | 5,615 | 6,062 | 8,234 | 8,042 |
| Ga. | : | 30,834 | 34,446 | 28,128 | 16,469 | 11,921 | 12,838 | 12,773 | 14,171 |
| Fla. |  | 59.547 | 81,720 | 59.943 | 62,777 | 7,705 | 8,496 | 10,703 | 10,844 |
| S. Atl. |  | 199,909 | 226,911 | 178,411 | 141,383 | 96,415 | 106,400 | 110.503 | 111,757 |
|  |  | 24,649 | 49,915 | 48,280 | 34,914 | 35,457 | 37.543 | 37.933 | 34.670 |
| Tenn. |  | 20,921 | 32,909 | 29,997 | 23,712 | 27,634 | 30,824 | 31,040 | 29,457 |
| Ala. |  | 22,703 | 31,342 | 22,190 | 8,630 | 10,830 | 12,369 | 12,595 | 13,028 |
| Miss. |  | 20,194 | 39,444 | 26,777 | 24,267 | 10,181 | 11,61? | 15,188 | 14,542 |
| Arc. |  | 14,842 | 27.441 | 22,258 | 10,077 | 14,944 | 16,413 | 15,076 | 15,558 |
| L®. |  | 15,649 | 28,781 | 20,681 | 14.152 | 8,733 | 9.431 | 12,181 | 14,620 |
| Okis. |  | 27,993 | 35.256 | 36,683 | 26,223 | 45.181 | 47.726 | 45,206 | 45,909 |
| Tex. |  | 73,138 | 78,744 | 86,025 | 45,082 | 84,199 | 100,955 | 107,132 | 105,427 |
| 8. Central | : | 220,089 | 323.832 | 292,891 | 177.057 | 237,159 | 266,873 | 276.351 | 273.211 |
| Mont. | : | 7,822 | 5,628 | -5,296 | 7.819 | 19.551 | 18,782 | 14,458 | 16,560 |
| I daho |  | 11,410 | 21,151 | -9,640 | 8,916 | 24,709 | 28,433 | 21,043 | 22,774 |
| Mjo. |  | 2,264 | 2.536 | 2,103 | 1,601 | 13,203 | 14,423 | 10,975 | 13,249 |
| Colo. |  | 10,175 | 19.126 | 10,090 | 10,111 | 41,651 | 48,180 | 36,651 | 36,945 |
| 17. Mex. |  | 3.737 | 3.320 | 3,281 | 2,900 | 11,421 | 11,168 | 9,181 | 10,945 |
| Arig. |  | 10,291 | 9.969 | 13,678 | 9,258 | 9,976 | 11,283 | 12,321 | 11,297 |
| Utah |  | 2,849 | 3.380 | 2,315 | 2,184 | 13,290 | 15,471 | 14,175 | 14,888 |
| Nev. |  | 475 | 652 | -538 | 467 | 3,783 | 4,249 | 5,090 | 4,920 |
| Mash. |  | 25,206 | 35,448 | 17.519 | 28,341 | 33.634 | 36,063 | 34,300 | 33,800 |
| Oreg. |  | 11,063 | 17,306 | - 9,029 | 11,651 | 27.190 | 29,360 | 27,635 | 27,262 |
| Calif. |  | 165,949 | 187,044 | +136,289 | 125,395 | 121,530 | 137,865 | 127.763 | 122,800 |
| Ventern |  | 251,241 | 305,560 | 209,778 | 208, 643 | 319.938 | 355,277 | 313.592 | 315.440 |
| U.S.cash incon | . | 1,424,000 | 1,766,000 | 1,368,000 | 1,242,000 | 2,411,000 | 2,472,000 | 2,325,000 | 2,259,000 |

[^51]Table 3．－Receipte frow tho wal of crops and livestock proiucts，by States，July and January－July，1936－39

| Stat | ： | July |  |  |  | January－July |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1936 ： | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 ： | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 ： | 1939 |
|  | 8 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 | 1，000 |
|  | 8 | doller： | dollare | dollars | dollars | dollers | dotare | dollare | dollars |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ： | 3.068 | 2.591 | 2.276 | 2.142 | 30，086 | 37，268 | 24.321 | 25.277 |
| N． H |  | 1，355 | 1.460 | 1，308 | ． 300 | 9.426 | 9，803 | 9，045 | 8.753 |
| Vt． | 8 | 2，714 | 2.757 | 2，784 | 3012 | 19，545 | 18，995 | 19，589 | 19.450 |
| Kas． | 8 | 3.454 | 3.624 | 3.631 | 3.643 | 28，029 | 27，826 | 28，091 | 27．582 |
| \＃I | ． 8 | 1，236 | 998 | 842 | 85： | 4，662 | 4，260 | 4，042 | 4.150 |
| Conn． | 8 | 5，211 | 4，236 | 3.803 | 3.635 | 24，698 | 26，214 | 25.762 | 23.253 |
| Y．I． | ． | 23.926 | 24.813 | 20，217 | 20，995 | 149.792 | 160，401 | 144.57 | 137.874 |
| H，J． | 8 | 14.749 | 15.536 | 13.729 | 12，863 | 44.794 | 49.819 | 46，617 | 45.074 |
| Pa． | 8 | 20，188 | 22． 228 | 19.233 | 17.937 | 123.194 | 147.805 | 138，449 | 130.350 |
| N．Atlantic |  | 75.901 | 78.243 | 67.823 | 66.391 | 434,226 | 48.2391 | 440.486 | 421.763 |
| Ohio |  | 28，251 | 30，139 | 26，387 | 23.005 | 153.599 | 182，662 | 159.380 | 146，087 |
| Ind． | ． 8 | 26，802 | 29.915 | 25，694 | 21，380 | 142，504 | 161，928 | 142，426 | 128．534 |
| I11， | ． 8 | 50，325 | 52，164 | 43.813 | 36，678 | 243.493 | 271．463 | 256，009 | 252．756 |
| M1 ch． | 8 | 16，064 | 17，612 | 14．880 | 14，704 | 97．118 | 124，384 | 104，213 | 98，737 |
| Wiso | 8 | 27.096 | 27.771 | 26，211 | 21.163 | 160．581． | 183，007 | 167，098 | 144.163 |
| 1．Y．Cent | 8 | 149.038 | 157.501 | 136，985 | 116.930 | 797.895 | 923.444 | 829.116 | 770.275 |
| Mand。 | ． 8 | 27，014 | 24，551 | 24.344 | 19.571 | 175．324 | 175．713 | 172，285 | 165，718 |
| Jomz | 8 | 52，917 | 39.750 | 44.560 | 37，718 | 285，284 | 268.347 | 295，971 | 330.729 |
| Ko． | 8 | 25，213 | 31，959 | 26，461 | 21，705 | 124，802 | 131，782 | 122，997 | 115．450 |
| H．Dak． | － 8 | 6，200 | 7.483 | 6，623 | 5，525 | 39，393 | 29，996 | 32，376 | 33.970 |
| So Dak． | ． 8 | 7.838 | 6.256 | 8，294 | 6，369 | 49.188 | 33.903 | 41，788 | 46.912 |
| Sobr． |  | 26，581 | 20,496 | 18，381 | 17.442 | 137，007 | 120，401 | 101，386 | 116．44\％ |
| Yans． |  | 47，679 | 65.349 | 41.473 | 34.214 | 139．820 | 181，508 | 136.935 | 128.754 |
| T．M．Cont | 8 | 193.442 | 195．944 | 170， 236 | 142． 444 | 950．318 | 941.550 | 903.738 | 932.980 |
| Dol． | 8 | 1.983 | 2.452 | 1，807 | 1.842 | 7．407 | 9.954 | 7.339 | 7.357 |
| Yd． |  | 14，803 | 15，502 | 11，248 | 10，577 | 37，560 | 44.916 | 36，267 | 35，618 |
| Va． |  | 14，556 | 9.530 | 8，364 | 8，900 | 50，482 | 50，484 | 48．599 | 43.478 |
| V．Va． | 8 | 3.144 | 3.234 | 2，800 | 2.599 | 16，670 | 18，009 | 15，753 | 14．853 |
| $\pm . C$ | $\text { - } 8$ | 5.757 | 4，408 | 3，886 | 3.406 | 47．894 | 41．399 | 43.877 | 31.578 |
| S．${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 2，484 | 2．656 | 2，449 | 1.734 | 26，204 | 30.549 | 25.532 | 15，995 |
| Ge． |  | 7.574 | 9.515 | 10，908 | 9.848 | 42，755 | 47．284 | 40.901 | 30.640 |
| Fa． | 1 | 1.423 | 2．156 | 2.886 | 3.856 | 67.252 | 90.216 | 70.546 | 73.522 |
| S．Atlantic | 8 | 51.724 | 49.553 | 44,348 | 42.762 | 296.324 | 333.311 | 288.914 | 253，140 |
| Ey． | 8 | 8.830 | 11，581 | 11，216 | 8.712 | 60，106 | 87.458 | 86，213 | 69.584 |
| Tonn． |  | 7.527 | 8.983 | 7.382 | 6.335 | 48，555 | 63.733 | 61，037 | 53.169 |
| Ala． |  | 3.010 | 4.916 | 3.018 | 2.910 | 33.533 | 43.711 | 34．785 | 21，658 |
| M1s8． |  | 2，819 | 4，510 | 2.875 | 2.274 | 30， 375 | 51.056 | 41，965 | 28.509 |
| Aric． |  | 4，059 | 5．205 | 4.163 | 2.616 | 29.786 | 43.554 | 37， 334 | 25.535 |
| La， |  | 2，013 | 2，596 | 2.018 | 2,031 | 24，382 | 38，212 | 32，862 | 28，772 |
| Okia． |  | 15，927 | 28，773 | 23． 239 | 18，598 | 73.174 | 82，982 | 81，889 | 72，132 |
| Tex． | 8 | 26．387 | 34.427 | 34， 512 | 25.365 | 157.337 | 379．699 | 193.157 | 150.509 |
| S．Central |  | 70.572 | 100，291． | 89.723 | 68.742 | 457.248 | 590.705 | 569.242 | 450.268 |
| Mont． |  | 5.576 | 5.648 | 4.958 | 4，102 | 27.373 | 24.410 | 19.754 | 24．379 |
| Idaho |  | 7.093 | 8.325 | 5.758 | 5，991 | 36，119 | 49.584 | 30.683 | 31，690 |
| 圑。 |  | 4，147 | 3.615 | 2，192 | 2.757 | 15．467 | 16．959 | 13.078 | 14.850 |
| Colo． | 8 | 6，879 | 7.951 | 6，418 | 6，619 | 51， 826 | 67．306 | 46，741 | 47.056 |
| N，Koz． | ． 8 | 2，160 | 2.123 | 1，640 | 2.232 | 15.158 | 14，488 | 12.462 | 13.845 |
| $\triangle$ ctis． |  | 2，260 | 2，387 | 2，374 | 2，060 | 20，267 | 21，252 | 25，999 | 20,555 |
| Uter |  | 3，194 | 3.295 | 2，665 | 2，456 | 16，139 | 18.851 | 16，490 | 17．072 |
| Hev． |  | 840 | 859 | 643 | 688 | 4，258 | 4.901 | 5.628 | 5.387 |
| hash． |  | 13.564 | 1＇， 201 | 9.927 | 9.947 | 58，840 | 71.511 | 51，819 | 62.141 |
| Oreg． |  | 10，063 | 10，889 | 7.316 | 6，980 | 38．253 | 46，656 | 36.664 | 38，913 |
| Call？． |  | 61.924 | 64.795 | 52.098 | 41.455 | 287.479 | 324,909 | 264．05？ | 248.195 |
| Mestern |  | $\underline{117.800}$ | 123.988 | 95.989 | 85,287 | 571.179 | 660.837 | 523.370 | 524.083 |
| U．S．cash income $\sqrt[1]{ }$ | 8 | 710，000 | 740，000 | 609，000 | 534，000 | 3，835，000 | 4，238，000 | 3.693 .000 | 3．501，000 |

1）The estimated United States cash incom is not equal to the rum of the State estimatoo becase it has boen adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock，and include income from ome farn products which is not distributed by States．

Table 4.-Government payments and reooipts from the sale of principal farm produots, including Government payments by States, July 1938-39 and January-Joly 1937-39

| State | Covernment payments |  |  |  |  | :_Iotal inoluding Government payments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Juzy |  | Jan. -July |  |  | - Jul |  | 1 Jan. -July |  |  |
|  | - 1938 | 1939 | 1937 | : 1938 | - 1939 | 1938 | 81939 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | - 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollers | dollars |
|  | 12 | 82 | 126 | 573 | 1,290 | 2,288 | 2,224 | 37,394 | 24,894 | 26,567 |
| N. H. | 1 | 31 | 54 | 105 | 357 | 1,309 | 1,331 | 9,857 | 2,150 | 9,110 |
| Vt. | $:-$ | 30 | 123 | 263 | 765 | 2,784 | 3,042 | 19,118 | 19,852 | 20,215 |
| Mass. | 1 | 21 | 82 | 221 | 411 | 3.632 | 3,664 | 27,908 | 28,312 | 27.993 |
| R. I. |  | 2 | 10 | 9 | 31 | 842 | 866 | 4,270 | 4,050 | 4,181 |
| Conn. | 3 | 14 | 290 | 229 | 315 | 3,806 | 3,649 | 26,504 | 25.991 | 23,568 |
| N. Y. | 10 | 108 | 1.283 | 2,562 | 2.524 | 20,227 | 21,103 | 161,684 | 147,133 | 140,398 |
| N. J. | 3 | 28 | 197 | 661 | 1.152 | 13.732 | 12,891 | 50,016 | 47.278 | 46,226 |
| Pa. | 14. | 363 | 1.457 | 2,268 | 4.084 | 19,247 | 18,300 | $149 \times 262$ | 140,717 | 134,434 |
| N. Atl | 44. | 679 | 3,622 | 6,891 | 10.929 | 67,867 | 67.070 | 486,013 | 447377 | 432,692 |
| Ohio .. | 547 | 367 | 8,102 | 5,682 | 9,776 | 26.934 | 23,372 | 190,764 | 165,062 | 155,863 |
| Ind. | 308 | 465 | 9.238 | 5,648 | 9.421 | 26,002 | 21.845 | 171.166 | 148,064 | 137.945 |
| 172. | 383 | 79.6 | 1140662 | 8,081 | 17.359 | 44,196 | 37,474 | 286,125 | 264,090 | 270,115 |
| Mich. | 1.051 | 141 | 6,524 | 6.164 | 8,638 | 15.931 | 14.845 | 130.908 | 110,377 | 107,375 |
| Wis. | 421 | 200 | 2.919 | 7.568 | 6.420 | 26,632 | 21.363 | 192,926 | 174,666 | 150.581 |
| E. N. Cen | 2.710 | 1.969 | 48,445 | 33, 143 | 51,604 | 139,695 | 118,899 | 971,889 | 862,259 | 821,879 |
| Minn. | 448 | 630 | 16,266 | 12,717 | 14.746 | 24.792 | 20,201 | 191,979 | 185,002 | 180,464 |
| Iowa | 707 | 2,701. | 23.631 | 16,731 | 18,632. | 45.367 | 40,419 | 291,978 | 312.702 | 349,361 |
| Wo. | 835 | 1.311 | 11.462 | 7.949 | 13,626, | 27,296 | 23,016 | 143.244 | 130.946 | 129,076 |
| N. Dak. | 470 | 1.241 | 19.312 | 12,093 | 16.4.48 | 7.093 | 6.766 | 49.308 | 44.469 | 50,418 |
| S. Dak. | 225. | 726 | 14.501 | 12,970 | 10,650 | 8,519 | 7,095 | 48,404 | 54,758 | 57,562 |
| Nobr. | 786 | 695 | 16,859 | 11,690 | 14.168 | 19,167 | 18,137 | 1こ7,260 | 113.076 | 130,615 |
| Kans. | 501 | 1.375 | 17.305 | 14,209 | 21.892 | 41.974 | 35.489 | 198.813 | 151,144 | 150,653 |
| N. N. Cen | 3.972 | 8.679 | 119.336 | 88,359 | 110.169 | 174.208 | 151, 123 | 1,060,286 | 292,097 | 1,048,149 |
| Del. | 1 | 16. | 239 | 454 | 701 | 1,808 | 1,858 | 10,193 | 7,793 | 8,058 |
| Wd. | 135 | 212 | 1.458 | 1,336 | 1,983 | 11.383 | 10,789 | 46,374 | 37,603 | 37,601 |
| Va. | 455 | 549 | 3,152 | 2.929 | 4.928 | 8,819 | 9.449 | 53.636 | 51,528 | 48,406 |
| T. Va. | 76 | 156 | 652 | 1,019 | 1.437 | 2,876 | 2.755 | 18,661 | 16,772 | 16,290 |
| N. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1.121 | 1.445 | 11.772 | 9,225 | 14.658 | 5,007 | 4.851 | 53.671 | 53,102 | 46,236 |
| S. C | 795 | 242 | 7.374 | 5.644 | 12,018 | 3,244 | 1,976 | 37.923 | 31,176 | 28,013 |
| Ca. | 3,234 | 1,105 | 9,717 | 7,817 | 16,660 | 14,142 | 10,953 | 57,001 | 48,718 | 47,300 |
| Fla. | 709 | 789 | 1,093 | 1.896 | 3.326 | 3.595 | 4.645 | 91.309 | 72.542 | 76.947 |
| S. Atlantio | 6.526 | 4.514 | 35.457 | 30,320 | 55,721 | 50,874 | 47.276 | 368,768 | 31.9,234 | 308, 851 |
| Ky. | 342 | 831. | 10,177 | 9,840 | 8.972 | 12. 558 | 9.543 | 97.635 | 96,053 | 78.556 |
| Tenn. | 683 | 894 | 7,917 | 6,930 | 11,049 | 8.065 | 7,229 | 71,650 | 67,967 | 64,218 |
| Ala. | 3,250 | 512 | 9.730 | 7,317 | 17,636 | 6,268 | 3,422 | 53.441 | 42,102 | 39,294 |
| Miss. | 888 | 188 | 10,170 | 9,267 | 21,605 | 3.763 | 2,362 | 61,226 | 51.232 | 50,414 |
| Ark. | 665 | 1,592 | 9.913 | 9.150 | 17,438 | 4.828 | 4,208 | 53.767 | 46,484 | 43,073 |
| La. | 4.051 | 1.952 | 6,838 | 8,582 | 11,090 | 6.069 | 3,983 | 45,050 | 41,444 | 39.862 |
| Okla. | 859 | 1. 554 | 13,964 | 11,985 | 19,628 | 24,098 | 20,152 | 96,946 | 93,874 | 91,760 |
| Tex. | 1.419 | 6.457 | 34,822 | 32.768 | 63.458 | 36.231 | 31,822 | 214.521 | 225,925 | 213,967 |
| S. Centra | 12,157 | 13,980 | 103,531 | 95.839 | 170,876 | 100,880 | 82,721 | 694.236 | 665,081 | 621,144 |
| Mont. . | 1,049 | 849 | 7,181 | 8,088 | 7,799 | 6,007 | 4.951 | 31,591 | 27,842 | 32.178 |
| Idaho | 617 | 928 | 3.150 | 1.978 | 5.446 | 6,405 | 6.919 | 52.734 | 32,661 | 37.136 |
| Nyo. | : 448 | 107 | 1.154 | 2,570 | 2,827 | 2,640 | 2,864 | 18,113 | 15.648 | 17.677 |
| Colo. | 8 3,198 | 638 | 4.468 | 7.006 | 7.431 | 9,616 | 7.257 | 71,774 | 53.747 | 54.487 |
| N. Mex. | 1107 | 495 | 2.719 | 2.193 | 2.005 | 1.747 | 2.727 | 17,207 | 14.655 | 15,850 |
| Ariz. | 826 | 94 | 1.061 | 1.004 | 2,638 | 2.400 | 2.154 | 22.313 | 27,003 | 23,193 |
| Uteh | 1,048 | 76 | 839 | 1.694 | 1.977 | 3.713 | 2.532 | 19.690 | 18.184 | 19,049 |
| Nev . | 3 |  | 133 | 108 | 122 | 646 | 691 | 5,034 | 5.736 | 5.509 |
| Nash. | : 172 | 1.120 | 2.778 | 1,644 | 5,690 | 10,099 | 11,067 | 74.289 | 53,463 | 67.831 |
| Oree. | 107 | 363 | 2,210 | 2,271 | 4,300 | 7.423 | 7,343 | 48,876 | 38,935 | 43.213 |
| Calif. | 2.289 | 1,177 | 4.294 | 8.481 | 10.552 | 54.387 | 42.632 | 329,903 | 272.533 | 258.747 |
| Nestern | - 9,064 | 5,850 | 30,687 | 37.037 | 50.787 | 105,053 | 21,137 | 691.524 | 560,407 | 574,870 |
| U. S. cesh in | 1. 34,000 | 36,000 | 341.000 | 291.000 | 450,000 | 643,000 | 570,000 | 4,584,000 | 3,9840000 | 3,951,000 |

1. The estimated United States cash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestook, and inoludes inoome from some ferm products which is not distributed by 3tutes.

# UITTED STATPS DEPARTIFRT OF AGRIGULTURE 

Bureau of Acricultural Economics
x Mashingtonus $x$
October 7, 1939

##  PAYMITTS, BY STATESLEORATCHST 1939, WITH COMPARISONS

Receipts from the sale of urincipal farm products were 6 percent larger this August than last in the Soutin Central States but were smaller in the other five major geographical regions, according to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Governnent payments were larger in all regions this Ausust, and receipts, including Governent payments were larger in the West jorth Central and the South Central States although they were below a yoar earlier in the other four regions.

Receipts from marketings in tinc first 8 months of 1939 were 2 percent larger than for the same months last yoar in the West North Central States. For the other five ma,jor geogranhical rogions, decreases ranged from l percent in the Western, to 17 percent in the South Central. Govomment poyments have been larger in all regions so far this year, and receipts, including Government parfocits, havo been larger in the Wost North Contral and Western regions, although thoy were saaller in the other four regions.

## Ausust Receiots ? Porcont Below Year Earlier

Recoipts from farm morketings in August for the country as a whole vere reportod Soptember 22 as $\$ 601,000,000$. This was 2 percent loss than the $\$ 613,000,000$ reported for Ausust last year. Income from crops was ? porcent larger but roturns from salos of livestock and livestock products worc down 6 porcent.

Incomc from crops was larger in the South Contral and North Atlantic States but was smaller in the other four rogions while returns fron livestock and livestock products zoro smallor in all six major geographical rogions. Incone from all crops czcent cotton, rocetablos, peachos, and poars was smaller. Colves and wool were the only livestock products from which lareor returns worc roccivod this AuEust than last.

## January-August Roceints 2 Porcont Bolow Sanc Months Last Year

Cash income from salos of farm products in the first 8 morths of 1939, as reported Septcmber 22, total.od \$4,102,000,000 corpared with \$4, 306,000,000 in these ronths last year. Incone, from crops was dow 7 percont and that from livestock and livestock products was 3 percent simller.

Inconc from crops was smallor the first 8 ronths of this year in all rogions cancopt tho $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tost } \\ & \text { IVorth Contral whe the increase naounted to } 20 \text { pom }\end{aligned}$ cort. Increasod incomo from soles and compodity crodit loans on com in Iowa, Nebraskn, and South Dakota accounted for the increase in this rogion. In the South Ablantic ond South Centrel regions incone fron crops was much s:allor than in Jonunry-august last yon as tho rosult of much cmallor markotings of cotton, togethor with reducoc roceipts fron solos of tobacco.
FARM

NORTH ATLANTIC
50
00
50
0
200
150
u. . . ob parament of agriculture

Receipts from the sales of livestock and livestock products have been about the same this year as last in tho Western States and in the othor five regions they were somewhat smaller. For the United States receipts from cattle and calves, sheep and lambs, chickens, and wool have been slightly larger but these increases have been more than offset by much lowor returns from dairy sales and small reductions in income from sales of hogs and egge.

## Receipts by Regions, January Through August

The accompanying chart shows receipts by regions for 1937, 1938, and the first 8 months of 1939. In the North Atlantic States incomo from marketings has followed about the same trend as in 1938 and at only a slightly lower level. In tho Enst North Central States income for the first 3 months of 1939 was about the same as in 1938 but from April through August it was considerably below a year carlier, although it followed much the same seasonal trend. In the West North Central States income in January was well above that of January 1939, and receipts from markstings remained above 1938 in each month threugh May. This Junc income was slightly below June 1938 and in July it did not make the usual scasonal advance. Howover, income in August doclinod much less than the usual docline from July to August but it was still somowhat bolow the level of a year earlier. In the South Atlantic and South Central regions, income from marketings in the earlior months of this year was well below 1938 but, with the exception of July in the South Central States, it has been increasing from month to month with relation to the corresnonding months of 1938 , so that by August, income in the South Atlentic Statos was above that of August 1937, and only slightly below 1938. In the South Central States income in August increased sharply, largely because of the increase in income from cotton, and was above August 1938. Income from marketings in the Western States followed about the same trend as in 1933 through June, and at a somewhat higher level, but did not make the usual seasonal advance from Iune to July. However, the advance in August was about the sime as in 1938.

North Atlantic States
Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the North Atlantic States in the first 8 months of 1939 wore 4 percent smaller than for the samo months last yeur. Income from marlatings was larger in Maine erd Rhode Island where returns from sales of potatoes have been much larger this year. Small decreasus wero roported for all of the other States of the region, the largest being in Connecticut where income from tobacco was much lower. For the region, income from all princioal farm products except potatoes, strawberries, cattle and calves, and sheep and lambs was smaller.

## Enst North Central Statos

Farmers' income from marketings in each of the East North Central States was smaller in the first 8 months of this year than last and for the rogion the docreasc was 8 percent. Ircone from crops was smaller in all States except Nisconsin, ind in that State, a 4-percent increaso rosikltod from larger returns from tobacco and truck crons. Receipts from sales of livestock and livostock products were smaller in all Str.tes. For the region income from ill principul farm products except cattle and calves, chickens, wool, tobacco, strawberries, and potatoes has been smallor this year.

West Worth Central States
In the West North Central States incore fron marketings in JanuaryAugust this year mas 2. percent larcer than jin these minths of 1939. Income has been larger this yeor in all Statios excent Minnesota, Konsas, and Missouri. In Minnesota income fron wheat, reat animals, dairy products, and eges was sralle:. In Kansas wheat contributed to rost of the declinc and in Missouri income from all comodities except corn, tobaceo, potatoes, strawberries, cattle, calves, chickens, ane wol was smaller. Most of the increase in Iowa, Nebrasia, and South Dakota was due to large sales and commodity credit Joans of corn, and in North Dakota increased marketings of all livestock products except $\mathfrak{a}$ airy accounted for the larger income this year.

## South Atlantic States

Incere from marzetings ir the South Atlantic States was 11 percent smaller in the first 8 months of 1939 than in the same months last year. Incone from arketings in Delaware were about the sare as in January-August 1938. In Florica receints fron rarketings have been 2 percont larger this veor with most of the increase due to larger returns from citrus fruits, truck crows, and potatces. Decreases were reported for the other 6 States with greatcst reductions in South Carolina, Goorgia, and North Carolina. For the region decreases were renorted for all important farm nroducts except truck crovs, citrus fruits, peaches, sweet potatoos, calves, chickens and wool. Income fron cotton showed the shampest decline.

## South Central States

Receipts fros the sale of principal farn products in the first 8 months of 1939 were smaller than for the same beriod of 1938 in each of the South Central States. For the reginn the decline was 17 percent. Nost of the decrease in income resulted from shomly lower retums fron cotton and tobacco. Other comodities fror whin income this year has been lower are wheat, cattle, hogs, ard sheep and lambs. Governent payments have been much larger in all States of the region and have tended to offset the declines in incone fron marketings.

## Western States

Smaller returns from narketings in Arizona, California, and Nevada offset increases in the other 5 States of the region so that roceipts from norletings in the Western States in the first 8 months of 1939 were 1 percent smaller than the total for January-August last yoar. In irizona the decrease was due to smallor returns from cotton, cattle, sheep and lambs, ond dairy products. In Nevada income from hoy, cattle, and truck crops was down, and in California returns fron citrus fruits, cotton, peaches, barley, and whent were reduced. For the region income fron wheat, boans, potatoes, truck crons, aplos, neat animals, chickens, nad wool was lareer while smaller incone rerorted for all other principal farm products.

Tables 1 to 4 sive tho State ustiratus of receipts from the sale of principal farra products and Govermont noyments by Stetes for August, and January-August 1939, together with cuarative figures for earlier years.

Table 1.- Recelpts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, August 1936-39


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted domvard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by Stetes.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principel farm products, by States, January-Aurust 1936-39


I/ The estimated United States cash income is not equil to the sum of the State estirs.tes because it has been adjusted domvard for interstate sole of livestock, and includes income from soile fnrm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3. - Rooeipts fros the sale of crops and livestoak produots, by States, August and January-August, 1936-39


1. The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dowcmard for interstate sale of liveotock, and includes income from some farm protucts wifl. i. . distributed by Statag.

Table 4.- Government payments and reooipts from the sale of principal farm products, including Goverment payments by States. August 1938-39 and Jamuary-August 1937-39

U. S. onah
inoome 1/ $\ldots \ldots \ldots 15,000 \quad 42,000 \quad 346,000 \quad 306,000 \quad 492,000 \quad 628,000 \quad 643,000 \quad 5,550,0004,612,0004594,000$

Receipts fron the sale of principal form products were larger this Septonbor than last in all major हeographical regions excent the South Atlantic, the Bureau of Acricultural Economics reported today. Receipts, includine Government payments were also larger this September in all regions except the South Atlentic. The closing of the tobaccc markets resulted in a sharp reduction in income from crons in North Carolina and Virginia, and the later movenert of the citrus croc, together with lower income from cotton, sharply reduced income in Florida. As a result, income from marketincs in the South Atlantic States this Sectenber was 25 percent below Sentember last year.

In the first 9 months of 1939 receipts from marketings in the West North Central States were 4 percent lareer than for the same months last year. For the other five regions decreases ranged from less than 1 percent in the Western, to 14 percent ir the South Atlantic. Governnent paynents have been larger in all regions this year, and receipts, including Government payments have been larger in the West North Central, Nestern, and South Central regions but were smaller in the other three groups.

## Seotomber Receipts Up 2 Percent, January-Septerber Receipts Down 2 Percent

Receipts from marketings in September for the country as a whole were reported October 23 as $\$ 781,000,000$. This was 9 percert more than the $\$ 718,000,000$ reported for Septoraber 1938. Income from crops was 14 percent larger but returns from livestock and livestock products were only un 2 percernt.

Cash incone from sales of farm products in the first three quarters of 1939 as renorted October 23 totaled $\$ 4,883,000,000$ compared with $\$ 5,024,000,000$ in these months last year. Incone from crons was down 3 percent and that from livesteriz and livestock products mas also 3 percent smaller.

Income from principal crops was smallor the first 9 months of this year in all regions except the West North Centrol where the increase anounted to 22 percont. Returns fron livestock and livestncls products vers l percent larger in the \#estern region and about the same as for a rear earlier in the South Central region. Ir the other four resions income from livestock and livestock products mas smaller.

Incoma from marketines and Govemment payments meie lareer tho first three quaiters of this year ir $2 \delta$ States. Decreases vere renorted for all of the lorth Atlaritic States exemet ihaine, Vermont, and Rhode Island, and all the East looth Cent. Staines exceot Illinois. Decreases were reported for lorth and South Carolina, Most Virginia, and Virginia, in the South Atlartic reginn. Ir the South Central States decreases were reported for Kontucloy, Tenrossec, Alabama, and Arleansas and in the Mestern sroup, Arizona and Califomia siowed declines. Frcludint Govermert payments inccme from marketing was saller in Vermort, Illinois, Minnesota, Misscuri, Kansas, Maryland, Georgia, Mississipri, Louisiona, Cklanoma, and Texas ir addition to the States named akove.


In the accormanying map receipts from the sale of principal form products, by States, in the first 9 months of 1939, are slown as percentago of comparanle figures for the first 9 months of 1938. The top figure for each State is a comparison of the receipts from the sale of principal farm products while the lower figure compares receipts from the sale of princtpal farm prouucts and Govermment payments for the two poriods.

In only four States - Iowa, Nebraska, Myoming, and New Mexico - was incora from farm marketing move than 10 percent larger this year than in the first threc quarters of 1938. In Ioma and Nebraska, this increase rem sulted from the larga mount of com sold or nlaced under loan. The increases in moming and Now Mexico resulted from larger retums from meat animals, chickens, oggs, and. wool. Incone was more than 10 porcent smaller than a yoar earlier in 11 States. In eight of thuse States the decline in income mas primarily due to the shaner income from cotton. In Virginia and Kentucky, most of the reduction was due to smaller returns from tobacco, and in Wisconsin incone from dairy products and hogs was sherply reducod.

## Recoipts by Fegions January Through Scotomber

iNorth Atlantic States - Receipts from the sale ef principal farr produris in the lionth Atiantic States this Septeaber made somewhat more than the usual seasonal advance over durust and were slightly above the level of September 19\%. From January through Septomber reccipts from marketings were 3 percent maclier then the total for these months last year, and, although Govemment payments wero much larger, total receipts, including Govemment payments, wore 2 percont smaller. Recoipts from marketings have been larger this year in Maine and Phode Island, due largely to the greater retums from potatoss and strawberries. Incone frmmarketincs in Connecticut was 9 per cont amaller, due to the lower returns from tobacen this year. In the other six States of the region decreases in incone ranged from less then 1 percont in Vormont to 5 porcent in Penrsylvmia.

Enst North Central States - Income fron marketines in the East North Central Statos in Scoterber advanced sharply from Ausust instead of rowing the usual secson?l decline, ne, for the first tine since liarch, income in Saptember mas above the level of the corresmonang ranth last jear. For the first three quarters of 1939 income from markotings in this rogion were 7 percont below that of Jonuary-Senterber last year, and including Government payrents receipts mero 4 percent sialler. Receipts from marketings in the varima Statos of the rogion ranged from 3 percent smallor in Michigan to 13 percent smaller in \#isconsin. For the region incone from cattle, calves, chickens, Monl, potatoes, tobacco, pears, and strawberries was larger but returns fron all other princion fam products was smaller.

Test $\mathbb{H o r t h}$ Central Staies - Hieher prices for farm products in Septeraber roswled in a shin increase in incoze frnmarketings fron August to September in the Test fiorth Centril States and the Soptomber income was Well above that of Sootember 1938. January-Sentaiber income from marketings were 4 percent larger in tris region this yeor thon last, and, includine the ruch higher forsmment pavrents this year, reccipts were 8 percent larger. Incone in Minnesota so fer this yoor has been only slightly celom that of last year sincel incroased incone frnin corn, cottle, chickers, eges and wool nearly nffeet de orsases in returns from wheat, hoess, shem and lams, and dairy punducts. incoms in Missouri. was 5 poront sailer due to smaller rotums firu witon,
moat animals, and dairy products; and in Kansas a 2 porcont doclino rosulted from reduced incorc fros wheat, बשEs and dairy procucts. Incronses in income from marketings in Nobraske, Iore, and South Dakote wero mostly duc to large sales and comodity credit loans on com althonen rotums from neat animals, chickons and oges wore also somerhat larger. The incrense in North Dakota rosulted. from larger roccipts from what and all livestock products except hogs and duiry products.

South Ailantic Sintos - Incone from marivetines in the South Atlontic Statos declincd fro: August to Septerber this year instead of alring tie usual sharp seasonal rise. This àccroase mas due to the closing of tho tokncon mankots which shamply raauced incone from moretings in llorth Corolina, South Carolina, and Virginia and more than ofiset the increase in cotton jncoro. For the region the January-Scot caber incone from maketings wos 14 rercent mallor than for the first throc quarters of last $\begin{gathered}\text { our. Inclucing the much }\end{gathered}$ larger Government payments, roccipts this yoar were only 8 parcont snaller. Incone in Florida, Delariare and Maryd.and was abnut the sane as for last yon. Income in ivorth and Solith Carolina was most reduced os the recult of nuch smallor returns from cotton and tobacco marletinge, and lowor returas fron these same crops :"ere rosponsiblo for anst of tho loss chaip doclinos in Virginia and Georia. In West Virginia smollor incone from duiry products, cattle and calvos, and all of the principal crops axcopt potatoos, truck crops, and strarberries secounted for the ducline.

South Contral States - Income from morbetings in tho South Contral States incroascd much more than soasonally from Aurust to sentember and in September was abovo that for Septerbor 1937 as woll as Soptcricor 1938. Tinis was the first month sinco March 1938 , whon incone fron marketines hos boen above the correspnaing month of a your earlior. Incoao frow rarkotings in the rogion for the first 9 months of this yoar mas 10 percont below the total for Jonuany-Septaiber 1938 but Gnvomnent pafionts rore onough lorecr this year so that totol incouc was 1 percont largor. Incomo from marletinss wis most reduced in trie States whero incore fros tobacco onk cotton is rulatively the rost important.

Westorn States - In Soptcabor income from makeines in the Mostom States incronscd sonowhat mere than usual from August and rore nowo Soptenber 1938. Incone frnil mariketines tho first throc quartors of this yoar mas about the sure as fnr thoso wnths of 1938. Howeven, Govemont parments wo:c loreer and total inconc including Govormiont yngents wis un 3 percont this year. Incone in Arizona wes 17 perco.t swnle: duc to reduced incoza fron cotton, wheat, cattle, dairy products, shecp and lu:bs, and ows. Tre 5 percont decroaso in Coliforain resultod fron sualler retums fron citinus fintits, cotton, Theat, eges, and deimy products. Eentively large incroasos in incone from marketings in myonine and Now lexico resulted from larger recoints fyon meat
 and 9 percent, rosprotively, rusultoi frou lareur raturns fro: rinnt in hoth States ard from opples in Tashinston.

Tables 1 th 4 give the Statc estinates of reccints froi the sale of principal farm products arid Govemmont pafionts by States for septeirar, nad


Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farn products, by States, September 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September |  |  |  | September |  |  |  |
|  | : 1936 | 1937 | : 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | - 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 2,397 | 1,206 | 1,390 | 2,235 | 1,761 | 2,046 | 2,017 | 1,808 |
| N. H. | 359 | 428 | 293 | 435 | 1,135 | 1,389 | 1,234 | 1,127 |
| Vt. | 186 | 429 | 312 | 559 | 2,411 | 2,526 | 2,911 | 2,717 |
| Liass. | 1,607 | 1,607 | 1,528 | 1,630 | 3,085 | 3,623 | 3,435 | 3,295 |
| R. I. | 203 | 209 | 200 | 210 | 501 | 540 | 520 | 490 |
| Conn. | 1,004 | 1,024 | 939 | 1,009 | 2,234 | 2,726 | 2,723 | 2,435 |
| N. Y. | 9,451 | 10,047 | 9,280 | 9,344 | 17,320 | 17,029 | 16,492 | 17,152 |
| N. J. | 3,241 | 2,881 | 2,918 | 3,309 | 3,696 | 3,902 | 4,808 | 4,350 |
| Pa . | 7,236 | 9,104 | 6,132 | 6,914 | 14,876 | 16,630 | 13,915 | 14,557 |
| N. Atlantic | 25,684 | 20, 935 | 22,992 | 25,645 | 47,019 | 50,411 | 48,055 | 47,931 |
| Ohio | 8,679 | 8,011 | 6,983 | 8,110 | 17,477 | 19,023 | 18,379 | 19,367 |
| Ind. | 7,096 | 7,689 | 6,900 | 7,059 | 16,285 | 17,769 | 16,686 | 17,663 |
| Ill. | 8,935 | 11,802 | 8,898 | 9,697 | 23,211 | 23,639 | 23,040 | 22,454 |
| Biich. | 5,681 | 6,445 | 6,074 | 6,613 | 11,558 | 12,191 | 10,268 | 11,258 |
| Wis. | 4,448 | 3,222 | 2,737 | 2,903 | 23,309 | 22,718 | 20,827 | 19,123 |
| E. N. Central | : 35,039 | 37,169 | 31,592 | 34,382 | 91,840 | 95,340 | 89,200 | 89,865 |
| Yinn. | - 8,274 | 10,874 | 7,719 | 13,331 | 20,764 | 19,71 | 14,954 | 16,861 |
| Iowa | 6,488 | 6,658 | 5,716 | 6,810 | 35,629 | 34,640 | 28,043 | 33,077 |
| Bo. | 4,292 | 6,011 | 4,890 | 5,964 | 18,976 | 20,687 | 17,036 | 16,619 |
| N. Dak. | 3,316 | 10,878 | 10,545 | 14,441 | 6,810 | 6,895 | 5,111 | 5,274 |
| S. Dak. | 1,316 | 2,784 | 4,126 | 4,145 | 8,164 | 7,515 | 5,929 | 6,749 |
| Nebr. | 3,665 | 7,051 | 2,738 | 5,583 | 18,840 | 17,622 | 12,013 | 13,213 |
| Ǩans. | 5,736 | 16,348 | 8,529 | 8,341 | 10,995 | 18,515 | 13,240 | 17,768 |
| i.. N. Central | 33,087 | 61,204 | 44,203 | 58,615 | 126,1/8 | 125,645 | 96,326 | 109,561 |
| Del. | 508 | 568 | 594 | 619 | 542 | 779 | 664 | 678 |
| kd. | 2,436 | 2,864 | 2,072 | 2,105 | 2,825 | 3,333 | 2,694 | 2,454 |
| Va . | 2,416 | 3,262 | 4,390 | 2,696 | 4,348 | 5,773 | 4,643 | 4,822 |
| W. Va. | $: 783$ | 857 | 785 | 763 | 2,690 | 3,004 | 4,560 | 3,013 |
| N. C. | 33,814 | 4,6,252 | 42,166 | 15,22] | 2,150 | 2,333 | 2,957 | 2,674 |
| S. C. | 15,585 | 16,645 | 14,412 | 12,956 | 937 | 1,049 | 1,486 | 1,200 |
| Ga. | 17,812 | 15,672 | 12,023 | 12,539 | 2,275 | 2,428 | 3,010 | 2,560 |
| Fla. | 2,173 | 1,735 | 1,399 | 494 | 1,474 | 1,437 | 1,531 | 1,376 |
| S. Atlantic | 75,527 | 87,855 | 78,076 | 54,9,93 | 17,253 | 2C,136 | 21,545 | 19,377 |
|  | 1,584 | 2,173 | 1,572 | 1,705 | 5,635 | 0,501 | 6,794 | 7,920 |
| Tenn. | 4,227 | 4,078 | 4,20́4 | 5,304 | 4,849 | 5,740 | 4,473 | 5,309 |
| Ala. | 13,865 | 13,047 | 13,573 | 13,667 | 1,672 | 1,854 | 2,606 | 2,326 |
| liss. | 24,302 | 22,22i | 22,6́uと | 25,612 | 3,187 | 3,770 | 2,240 | 2,606 |
| Ark. | 12,341 | 13,580 | 17,858 | 18,074 | 2,670 | 3,4.47 | 1,789 | 2,641 |
| La. . | 13,717 | 11,731 | 12,736 | 15,854 | 1,723 | 2,074 | 1,414 | 1,625 |
| Okla. | 6,385 | 8,686 | 8,804 | 7,884 | 8,2C3 | 3,989 | 6,744 | 9,518 |
| Tex. | : 60,669 | 61,105 | 45,721 | 61,862 | 11,658 | 16,408 | 14,861 | 19.163 |
| S. Central | : $134,09 \mathrm{C}$ | 136,628 | 127,216 | 150,052 | 39,677 | 48,783 | 40,921 | 51,2188 |
| Mont. | 2,294 | 4,724 | 7,597 | 9,079 | 10,483 | 10,124 | 6,252 | 5,696 |
| Idaho | 4,750 | 5,509 | 5,417 | 4,436 | 4,755 | 5,939 | 4,905 | 5,085 |
| "iyo. | 1,187 | 1,212 | 990 | 1,050 | 6,349 | 7,031 | 5,264 | 6,749 |
| Colo. | 4,993 | 5,362 | 3,077 | 4,083 | 7,551 | 10,146 | 7,637 | 8,698 |
| N. L'ex. | 1,521 | 1,835 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 1,453 | 1,722 | 2,09\% | 3,268 |
| Ariz. | 1,635 | 1,598 | 1,203 | 1,978 | 1,424 | 1,515 | 1,815 | 1,633 |
| Utah | 1,520 | 1,61,0 | 1,475 | 1,493 | 2,744 | 3,539 | 2,057 | 3,340 |
| Nev. | 81 | 1177 | 121 | 132 | 1,494 | 2,321 | 1,677 | 1,895 |
| !:ash. | 10,069 | 13,007 | 11,915 | 10,211 | 5,993 | 5,754 | 4,826 | 5,182 |
| Oreg. | 5,154 | 5,895 | 5,540 | 5,182 | 5,546 | 7,008 | 5,681 | 5,619 |
| Calif. | 41,966 | 44,050 | 36,841 | 37,049 | 16,602 | 18,163 | 14,405 | 13,556 |
| :iestern . ... | : 75,170 | 84,949 | 76,956 | 77,713 | 64,394 | 74,102 | 57,517 | 60,721 |
| U.S.cesh inco | : 406,000 | 467,000 | 389,000 | 44,4,000 | 346,000 | 349,000 | 329,000 | 337,000 |

$1 /$ The estinated United States cash income is not eaual to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestoce, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of prinoipal farm produots, by States, January-September 1936-39

| State |  | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestook products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | January-Septomber |  |  |  | Jamary-Soptember |  |  |  |
|  | \% | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | : | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | : | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| No. | : | 20,629 | 27,087 | 13,983 | 16,802 | 16,767 | 16,520 | 16,726 | 15,394 |
|  |  | 1,332 | 2,238 | 1,397 | 1,655 | 11,082 | 10,943 | 10,724 | 10,120 |
| Vt. |  | 1,294 | 1,977 | 1,259 | 1,840 | 23,797 | 22,675 | 24,575 | 23,915 |
| Mass. |  | 9,212 | 9,937 | 8,789 | 8,635 | 29,139 | 28,559 | 29,888 | 29,427 |
| R. I. |  | 1,685 | 1,282 | 915 | 1,107 | 4,669 | 4,633 | 4,670 | 4,605 |
| Conn. |  | 10,870 | 11,626 | 9,652 | 7,393 | 21,273 | 22,275 | 23,315 | 22,713 |
| N. Y. |  | 40,672 | 49,714 | 39,246 | 38,254 | 161,424 | 162,851 | 151,983 | 148,239 |
| N. J. |  | 27,974 | 28,337 | 24,942 | 23,800 | 35,577 | 37,617 | 40,643 | 39,181 |
| Pa. |  | 37,638 | 52,189 | 37,953 | 35,734 | 128,526 | 143,970 | 140,282 | 134,279 |
| N. Atlantic |  | 151,306 | 184,387 | 138,186 | 135,220 | 432,254 | 450,043 | 442,806 | 427,873 |
| Ohio |  | 54,574 | 66,830 | 46,786 | 39,455 | 151,904 | 170,210 | 164,354 | 157,291 |
| Ind. |  | 43,588 | 53,894 | 43,772 | 34,675 | 147,234 | 160,244 | 148,276 | 139,364 |
| Ill. |  | 106,652 | 128,030 | 105,707 | 103,191 | 212,091 | 224,639 | 223,082 | 213,719 |
| Moh. |  | 38,363 | 53,615 | 38,745 | 35,852 | 94,993 | 108,259 | 98,186 | 97,026 |
| Wis |  | 24,944 | 27,871 | 20,608 | 21,454 | 189,598 | 205,354 | 193,493 | 164,692 |
| E. N. Centre |  | 268,121 | 330,240 | 255,618 | 234,627 | 795,820 | 868,706 | 827,391 | 772,092 |
| Minn. |  | 49,432 | 52,695 | 43,548 | 53,546 | 188,241 | 185,249 | 178,860 | 168,206 |
| Iowa |  | 53,409 | 45,982 | 48,923 | 89,111 | 322,285 | 303,065 | 321,785 | 318,817 |
| Mo. |  | 27,167 | 46,679 | 28,287 | 28,328 | 143,228 | 140,922 | 137,432 | 129,834 |
| N. Dak. |  | 22,036 | 29,490 | 28,307 | 31,198 | 35,086 | 32,657 | 29,819 | \$1,841 |
| S. Dak. |  | 13,135 | 12,821 | 14,700 | 15,395 | 55,987 | 43,204 | 47,590 | 51,171 |
| Nobr. |  | 33,763 | 49,341 | 26,165 | 39,777 | 148,191 | 121,622 | 108,341 | 112,284 |
| Kans |  | 64,815 | 123,109 | 74,615 | 66,254 | 122,253 | 128,073 | 106,138 | 111,108 |
| W. N. Centra |  | 263,757 | 360,117 | 264,545 | 323,609 | 1,015,271 | 954,792 | 929,965 | 923,261 |
| Del. | : | 5,901 | 7,709 | 5,397 | 5,367 | 5,127 | 6,016 | 5,583 | 5,662 |
| Md. |  | 26,200 | 33,079 | 21,505 | 22,535 | 24,014 | 26,726 | 26,174 | 24,586 |
| Va. |  | 33,301 | 30,751 | 28,750 | 21,494 | 30,783 | 36,649 | 35,280 | 35,398 |
| W. Ve. |  | 4,138 | 5,011 | 4,649 | 4,290 | 19,059 | 20,636 | 20,702 | 18,412 |
| N. C. |  | 74,722 | 86,503 | 91,566 | 55,495 | 17,274 | 17,699 | 20,636 | 21,101 |
| S. C. |  | 41,681 | 52,706 | 46,865 | 34,674 | 7,295 | 7,914 | 10,963 | 10,208 |
| Ge |  | 70,988 | 69,338 | 60,210 | 51,624 | 15,773 | 17,007 | 18,434 | 18,427 |
| Fla. |  | 63,782 | 86,136 | 64,846 | 65,726 | 10,265 | 11,175 | 13,778 | 13,443 |
| S. Atlantio |  | 320,713 | 371,233 | 323,788 | 261,205 | 129,590 | 143,822 | 151,550 | 147,237 |
| Ky. |  | 27,726 | 55,110 | 51,695 | 37,949 | 47,611 | 51,821 | 52,861 | 49,655 |
| Tenn. |  | 26,348 | 38,816 | 35,284 | 30,423 | 36,515 | 41,409 | 41,028 | 39,249 |
| Ala. |  | 38,956 | 48,014 | 38,660 | 24,781 | 14,031 | 15,738 | 17,296 | 17,057 |
| Miss. |  | 46,063 | 64,735 | 51,827 | 42,690 | 15,328 | 17,376 | 18,985 | 18,806 |
| Ark. |  | 28,031 | 42,531 | 41,606 | 29,555 | 19,319 | 21,677 | 19,462 | 20,405 |
|  |  | 32,249 | 44,340 | 36,443 | 33,079 | 11,648 | 12,826 | 14,889 | 17,715 |
| Okla. |  | 33,846 | 54,037 | 49,249 | 37,940 | 61,071 | 65,053 | 59,968 | 63,504 |
| Tex. |  | 152,480 | 175,697 | 152,390 | 138,666 | 107,022 | 129,229 | 140,464 | 139,768 |
| S. Central |  | 385,699 | 523,280 | 457,154 | 375,083 | 312,545 | 355,129 | 364,953 | 366,159 |
| Mont. |  | 11,671 | 13,529 | 17,577 | 20,548 | 34,937 | 33,356 | 25,340 | 25,661 |
| Idaho |  | 20,555 | 33,407 | 17,961 | 16,457 | 35,610 | 42,403 | 31,754 | 33,318 |
| 浐o. . . |  | 3,848 | 4,308 | 3,509 | 3,019 | 22,733 | 23,941 | 19,051 | 24,172 |
| Colo. |  | 19,525 | 30,850 | 18,199 | 18,941 | 53,750 | 64,085 | 48,767 | 50,798 |
| N. Mox. |  | 5,751 | 5,816 | 5,702 | 4,954 | 14,369 | 14,697 | 12,808 | 15,745 |
| Ariz. |  | 12,426 | 12,198 | 15,441 | 11,709 | 12,500 | 13,980 | 15,292 | 13,932 |
| Utah |  | 5,558 | 6,195 | 4,921 | 4,701 | 18,260 | 21,227 | 19,086 | 20,498 |
| Nev. |  | 681 | 896 | 813 | 770 | 6,236 | 7,652 | 7,402 | 7,600 |
| Wesh. |  | 49,350 | 68,001 | 37,453 | 45,059 | 45,651 | 47,481 | 44,421 | 44,257 |
| Oreg. |  | 23,504 | 32,983 | 18,745 | 20,095 | 39,428 | 44,826 | 39,235 | 38,176 151,656 |
| Calif. |  | 250,759 | 275,514 | 206,014 | 195,576 | 155,892 | 174,910 | 158,790 | 151,656 |
| Western |  | 403,628 | 483,697 | 346,335 | 341,829 | 439,366 | 488,558 | 421,946 | 425,813 |
| U.S.oash inc | $1 /:$ ® | 2,114,000 | 2,654,000 | 2,043,000 | 1,979,000 | 3,108,000 | 3,166,000 | 2,981,000 | 2,904,000 |

1/The estimated United States oash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and inoludes inoome from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Receipts from the sale of crops and livestock products, by States, September and Jamary - Septenber, 1936-39

| State | September |  |  |  | : January-September |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : 1936 | : 1937 | $1938$ | 1939 | $: 1936$ | $\vdots 1937$ : | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 4.158 | 3.252 | 3.407 | 4.043 | 37,396 | 43,607 | 30,709 | 32,196 |
| ง. H. | 1,494 | 1,817 | 1,527 | 1,562 | 12,414 | 13,181 | 12,121 | 11,775 |
| $\nabla t$. | 2,597 | 2.955 | 3,223 | 3,276 | 25,091 | 24,652 | 25,834 | 25,755 |
| Mass. | 4,692 | 5.230 | 4.963 | 4.925 | 38,351 | 38,496 | 38,677 | 38,062 |
| R. I. | 704 | 749 | 720 | 700 | 6,354 | 5.915 | 5.585 | 5,712 |
| Conn. | 3,238 | 3.750 | 3.662 | 3.444 | 32,143 | 33,901 | 32.967 | 30,106 |
| N. Y. | 26,771 | 27.076 | 25,772 | 26,496 | 202,096 | 212,565 | 191,229 | 186,149 |
| N. J. | 6.937 | 6.783 | 7.726 | 7.659 | 63,551 | 65,954 | 65,585 | 62,981 |
| Pa . | 22,112 | 25.734 | 20,047 | 21,471 | 166,164 | 196,159 | 178,235 | 170,013 |
| N. Atlanti | 72,703 | 77.346 | 71, 47 | 73,576 | 583,560 | 634,430 | 580,942 | 563,093 |
| Ohio | 26,156 | 27.034 | 25,362 | 27,477 | 205,478 | 237.040 | 211,140 | 196.746 |
| Ind. | 23.381 | 25.458 | 23,586 | 24,722 | 190,822 | 214.138 | 192,048 | 174,039 |
| 111. | 32,146 | 35,441 | 31,938 | 32.151 | 318,743 | 352,669 | 328,789 | 316,910 |
| M1ch. | 17.439 | 18,636 | 16,342 | 17,871 | 133.356 | 161,874 | 136,931 | 132,878 |
| W18. | 27.757 | 25,940 | 23,564 | 22,026 | 214.542 | 233,225 | 214,101 | 186,146 |
| E. N. Central | 126,879 | 132,509 | 120,792 | 124,247 | 1,063,941 | 1,198,946 | 1,083,009 | 1,006,719 |
| Minn. | . 29,038 | 30, 645 | 22,673 | 30,192 | 237.673 | 237.944 | 222,408 | 221.752 |
| Iova | . 42.117 | 41,298 | 33.759 | 39,887 | 375,694 | 349,047 | 370,708 | 407.928 |
| Mo. | 23,268 | 27.298 | 21,926 | 22,583 | 170,395 | 187,601 | 165.719 | 158,162 |
| N. Dak. | 10,126 | 17.773 | 15,656 | 19,715 | 57.122 | 62,147 | 58,126 | 63.039 |
| S. Dak. | 9,480 | 10,299 | 10,055 | 10,894 | 69,122 | 56,025 | 62,290 | 66,566 |
| Nebr | 22,505 | 24,673 | 14,751 | 18,796 | 181,954 | 170,963 | 134.506 | 152,061 |
| Kans. | 22,731 | 34,863 | 21,769 | 26,109 | 187,068 | 251,182 | 180,753 | 177.362 |
| W. N. Centre | 159,265 | 186,849 | 140,589 | 168,176 | 1,279,028 | 1,314,909 | 1,194,510 |  |
| Del. | 1,050 | 1,347 | 1,258 | 1,297 | 11,028 | 13,725 | 10.980 | 11,029 |
| Ma. | 5,261 | 6,197 | 4,766 | 4.559 | 50,214 | 59,805 | 47,679 | 47,121 |
| Va . | 6,764 | 9.035 | 9,233 | 7.518 | 64,084 | 67,400 | 64,030 | 56,892 |
| W. Va. | 3.473 | 3.861 | 5.345 | 4,376 | 23,197 | 25,647 | 25.351 | 22,702 |
| N. C. | 35,974 | 48,585 | 45,153 | 18.495 | 91,996 | 104,202 | 112,202 | 76,596 |
| S. C. | 16.524 | 17.694 | 15,898 | 14.156 | 48,976 | 60,620 | 57.828 | 44,882 |
| Ga. | 20.087 | 18,100 | 15,038 | 22,099 | 86,761 | 86,345 | 78,644 | 70,051 |
| Fa. | 3.647 | 3.172 | 2,930 | 1,870 | 74,047 | 97.311 | 78,624 | 72, 169 |
| S. Atlantic | 92,780 | 107.991 | 99,621 | 74, 7 , 70 | 450,203 | 515,055 | 475.338 | 408,442 |
| Ky. | 7.219 | 8.674 | 8,366 | 9,625 | 75,337 | 106,931 | 104.556 | 87.604 |
| Tenn. | 9.076 | 9.818 | 8.737 | 10,703 | 62,863 | 80,225 | 76, 212 | 69.672 |
| Ala. | 15.537 | 14,901 | 16,179 | 15,993 | 52,987 | 63.752 | 55,956 | 41,838 |
| M188. | 27.489 | 25,998 | 24,928 | 28,298 | 61,391 | 82,111 | 70, 812 | 61,496 |
| Ark. | 15.011 | 17.027 | 19,647 | 20,715 | 47,350 | 64,208 | 61,068 | 49,960 |
| La. | 15,440 | 13,805 | 14.150 | 17.179 | 43.897 | 57,166 | 51,332 | 50,794 |
| Okla. | 11,668 | 17,675 | 15.548 | 17,402 | 94,917 | 119,090 | 109,217 | 101,444 |
| Tex. | 72,327 | 77.513 | 60,582 | 81,025 | 259,502 | 304,926 | 292,854 | 278,434 |
| S. Central | 173,767 | 185,411 | 168,137 | 201,240 | 698,244 | 878,409 | 822,107 | 741,242 |
| Mont. . | 12.777 | 14,848 | 13.849 | 14.775 | 46,608 | 46,885 | 42,917 | 46,209 |
| Idaho | 9.505 | 11,448 | 10,322 | 9.521 | 56,165 | 75,810 | 49.715 | 49.775 |
| Wyo. | . 7.536 | 8,243 | 6,254 | 7.799 | 26,581 | 28,249 | 22.560 | 27.191 |
| Colo. | . 12,544 | 15,508 | 11,614 | 13,681 | 73,275 | 94,935 | 66,966 | 69.739 |
| H. Mex. | . 2,974 | 3,557 | 3.978 | 4,788 | 20,120 | 20,513 | 18,510 | 20,699 |
| Ariz. | 3.059 | 3.113 | 3.018 | 3,611 | 24,926 | 26,178 | 30.733 | 25,641 |
| Utab | 4,264 | 5,179 | 4.432 | 4,833 | 23,818 | 27,422 | 24,007 | 25.199 |
| Hev. | : 1.575 | 2,438 | 1,798 | 2,027 | 6,917 | 8,548 | 8,215 | 8,370 |
| Wash. | . 16,062 | 18,761 | 16,741 | 15,393 | 95,001 | 115.482 | 81,874 | 89,316 |
| Oreg. | . 10,700 | 13,803 | 11,221 | 10,801 | 62,932 | 77,809 | 57.980 | 58,271 |
| Calif. | - 58,568 | 62,213 | 51,246 | 51,205 | 406,651 | 450,424 | 364,804 | 347,232 |
| Westera | . 132.564 | 159,111 | 134,473 | 138,434 | 842,994 | 972,255 | 768,281 | 767.642 |
| U. S. cash incone 1/ | $\text { : } 752,000$ | 816,000 | 718,000 | 781,000 | 5,222,000 | 5,820,000 | 5,024,000 | 4,883,000 |

[^52]Table 4.- Goverment payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm producte, including Government payments by States, September 1938-39 and January-September 1937-39


1/ The estimated United Statee cash income is not equal to the mum of the State ostimates becaure it has been adjubted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from ome farm producte which is not dietributed by States.

Bureau of Agricultural Economics
 PAYENTS, BY STATES FOIZ OCTOB 20, 39, NIH CORTARISOINS

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products were larger this October than last in all six major geographical divisions. Total Government payments in the United States also were larger this October than last. Goverment payments were smaller in the South atlantic and South Central regions, however, and total receipts, including Govemment payments, were smaller in these two reckons.

January-Cctober 1c,39 receipts from the sale of principal farm products mere larger than for these months last year in the West North Central and in the liestern regions but were smaller in the other 4 regions. Government payDents during the same months were larger this year than last in all regions. Including Gnvexrient payments, receipts were larger in the West North Central, western, and South Central regions but were smaller in the South Atlantic, East North Central, and north Atlantic amps.

## October recce: ants Up 2 Percent

Receipts from marketing in October for the country as a whole were reported "over her 24 as $3812,000,000$. This was 5 percent larger than the \$774,000,000 reported for October 1932. Income from crops was 5 percent largoer, and Ietums frown livestock! and livestock products were up 4 percent.

Receipts from the sale of principal farm products were larger this October than last in all States except Cornecticut, Wisconsin, Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas, and Louisiana. Total receipts, including Governmont payments, were lamer in all States except Connecticut, Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Tennessee, and mississippi. Income from cotton was much smaller this october than last in Alabama, Ar'sansas, and Louisiana, whereas in Virginia and Tnith Carolina income from tobacco was much smaller. For the country as a whole, income Iron meat animals, dairy products, vegetables, apples, and citrus fruits was larger this October than last.

## Uanuar--1)ctober Receipts Down 2 Percent

Farmers' income t'von mar'eetinss in the first 10 months of 1939 as reported november 24 totaled $\$ 5695,000,000$, or 2 percent less than the $\$ 5,79,000,000$ reported for these months last year. Returns from crops and receirts iron livestock: and livestoc': products were each down 2 percent.

Income from crops was larger the first lo months nf this year as compare" with the sari period last year in the lest North Central, Western, and North, Atlantic recions but was smaller in the other three regions. Income from livestock and livestock: products was larger in the South Central, Westem, and West North Central regions.

For the United States, income from corm, outs, barley, flax, hay, potatnes, aprles, and citrus emits was larger than for the first 10 months of
RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF PRINCIPAL FARM
 DOLLARS
(MILLiONS)

0
09
00




200
last year, but this increase has been nore then offset $b ;$ a decrease in income from the other principal crops. Incon:c fron cotton and tobecco was most reduced. Income from all meat animals except hogs, and fron chic'ens and wool was larger, but retuins from hors, eges, and dairy products mere smaller.

## Receints by Perions, Januari through Octobor

The accoinnanyine chart shows receipts by repions for 1037,1938 , and the first 10 ronths of 1939. Income from marketincs increased rore than usual from August through October in all regions ercept the South Atlantic and the South Central, where about the usual seasonal. rise has ta'en place. In the North fitlantic and North Central regions the iriorease has been contrainy to the usual seasonal change.

Morth Atlantic States - Mecoints from the sale of principal farm prociucts in the orth tlaitic States in October increased iore than the usual seasonal anount over September and were larger than in October of 1938 or 1937. For the first 10 months of 1839, however, income form marketinos was 2 perecnt below that for Januam-Octoben 1933; inclucins Government payments, it was i percent smalici. Income from market亡igs was 6 percent larger ir. waine, where zeturnc : $\because \mathrm{mm}$ phtatoes have been much larger this yoar than last. Snall increases in incone were reporter for Very ont and Rhode Island, where incoive from potatnes, aphles, and strawemries was larger. Income from marletings was 3 percent sialler in Connecticut on account of the much smaller returns from tobacco in the first 10 monthe of this year. In the other 5 States of the resien decreases oi from 1 to 3 percent were reported as a result $n \hat{i}$ smaller returns from dairy products, chiciens, eqgs, hay, corn, and wheat.

East "orth Centinl States - Income from nar'etings of pincipal farm prociucts in the East Torth Central States increased in ctober over September, whereas there is usually a seasonal decline in October. October income from marisetings this year was ó percent larfer than for October 1.938 and was nearIy as laree as the total for Octcber 1937. For the fizst 10 months of this year pecejpts roa the sale of mincipal far: products were 6 percent smaller than for the same months last year; includin the larser foverument payments this year, they were onl:̈ 2 percent smaller. Incone from marretings was smaller in all States of the restor; incluaing Goremment parments, it was smaller in all States except Illinois. For the region, income from all principal crops except tobacco, potatoes, apples, peair, stramberivies, and sugar bects was smrller. Inccie fron cattle, calves, chicicens, aici vool was larger, but this inc:easc was nonc than offsct by snalier retums from dairy products, बgुss, hngs, and sheep and lambs.

Vest orth Centrin States - Income flom marietings in the west North Centrul ${ }^{\prime} t, E t e s$ in 0 Otober was about the saic as in Septeliber. It was 13 percent lerger than in Uctobor 193 and nearler as larce as in the sarcionth of 1937.

Foceirts from maretines in the first, 10 nonthe of 1939 were 5 percent
 this jear were 10 rerccut larsw for tho jurion and vice larger in narh State. January-October incomc irom mar:-tincs in iissouri was 3 percent smaller this
year then last, since returns from wheat, hoes, cattle, eggs, and dairy products were down. Incone in Kansas was slichtly sraaller, principally on account of the sinaller income from wheat which more than offset increased income from meat animals and com. In the other 5 States of the region increases ranged Irom 1 percent in Minnesota to 16 percent in North Da'rota.

South Atlantic States - The increase in income from marletings in the South Atlantic States fron Septerber to October was ruch greater than usual because of the opening of the tobacco markets, which resulted in a sharp increase in income from tobacco in October. The October income from marketings was 4 percent above that of October 1938, but with the smaller Government payments this October included it was 2 percent smaller. January-October receipts fron sales of principal farm products were 11 percent smaller this year than last; including Govemnent payments, they were 6 percent smaller. Income from marketings was 2 peacent larger in Delaware, where income from apples, calves, and chickons was larger; and 3 percent larger in Florida, where increased income was reported for citrus fruits, truck crops, and potatoes. Decreases in incone from marketings in the other 6 States of the region ranged from l percent in Faryland to 23 percent in North Carolina. Most of these decreases resulted from smaller returns from cotton and tobacco, but receipts fron potatoes, wheat, apples, cattle, hogs, eggs, and dairy products were smaller also.

South Central States - Receipts from the sale of principal farm products in the South Central States were smaller in October than in September, whereas they are usually larger in October. The earlier ginning of the cotton crop this year, together with increased cotton prices, caused an unusually large proportion of the cotton crop to be mariseted in September, with the result that there was some decline in sales in October. For the first 10 ronths of 1939 receipts from nametings were 7 percent smaller than in the same months of 1933, but including Government payments they were about the same. Income from marketings was smaller in all States of the region by amounts ranging from 1 percent in Louisiana to 22 percent in Alabama. Income from cotton and tobacco in the region was sharply reduced, but returns from wheat, hay, sheep and lambs, egss, and dairy products were smaller also.

Western States - In October, income fron marketings of principal farm products in the Western States increased more than seasonally over September, and was 13 percent above October 1938. For the first 10 months of 1939 income from marketings was 2 percent larger than in January-October 1938; including Govermment payments, it was 5 percent larger. Incone from marketings was 9 percent sraller in Arizona, where income from cotton, wheat, cattle, dairy products, and sheep and lambs was smaller. In Califormia, income from marketings was down 4 percent as a result of reduced incone from cotton, wheat, citrus fruits, apples, peaches, cattle, calves, eggs, and dairy products. Income was up 18 pe=cent and 16 percent, respectively, in wryoming and New Lexico, where incorie from meat animals, chic'iens, eggs, and wool was much larger. Income from narletings ranged from 3 percent to 8 percent larger in the other 7 states of the resion. For the region, larger incone from meat animals, chickens, and wool than in January-October 1938 more than offset decreases in incone from eges anc daisy roducts.

Table 1.- Keceipts from the sale of principal farm proctucts, by States, October, 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October |  |  |  | October |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| L.e. | 2,202 | 1,463 | 2,420 | 3,141 | 1,973 | 2,019 | 2,107 | 1,900 |
| N. H . | 385 | 538 | 313 | 603 | 1,317 | 1,362 | 1,301 | 1,245 |
| Vt. | 449 | 534 | 353 | 619 | 2,447 | 2,542 | 2,480 | 2,975 |
| 认iass. | 1,654 | 1,730 | 1,474 | 1,569 | 3,335 | 3,632 | 3,339 | 3,530 |
| R. I. | 158 | 209 | 144 | 195 | 526 | 564 | 512 | 502 |
| Conn. | 618 | 975 | 978 | 1,012 | 2,454 | 2,839 | 2,726 | 2,658 |
| ii. Y. | 9,065 | 9,537 | 8,719 | 9,302 | 16,297 | 16,025 | 17,049 | 18,158 |
| N. J. | 1,559 | 1,533 | 1,351 | 1,809 | 4,329 | 4,668 | 4,009 | 4,142 |
| Pa . | 8,054 | 7,320 | 7,069 | 8,821 | 15,300 | 16,533 | 13,506 | 15,087 |
| N. Atlantic | 24,144 | 24,439 | 22,821 | 27,171 | 47,973 | 50,184 | 47,029 | 50,197 |
| Ohio | 7,988 | 8,685 | 7,731 | 8,224 | 18,013 | 18,944 | 18,352 | 20,382 |
| Ind. | 3,880 | 4,192 | 3,783 | 3,410 | 16,696 | 16,650 | 16,252 | 18,148 |
| 111. | 9,479 | 10,738 | 11,106 | -10,820 | 24,851 | 24,431 | 21,024 | 23,999 |
| dich. | 9,891 | 10,231 | 10,072 | 9,906 | 11,782 | 12,279 | 10,959 | 12,506 |
| mis. | 4,407 | 2,770 | 2,680 | 2,421 | 26,255 | 24,840 | 21,054 | 20,913 |
| E. if. Central | 35,645 | 36,616 | 35,372 | 34,781 | 97,597 | 97,144 | 87,641 | 95,948 |
| Vinn. | 9,121 | 8,382 | 7,503 | 9,035 | 25,511 | 22,723 | 18,966 | 20,944 |
| Iowa | 4,277 | 7,122 | 6,415 | 5,397 | 39,485 | 31,366 | 32,082 | 34,753 |
| Mo. | 8,986 | 7,763 | 7,310 | 8,611 | 19,512 | 19,228 | 17,350 | 17,376 |
| N. Dak. | 4,174 | 8,384 | 7,007 | 11,815 | 6,542 | 5,790 | 5,648 | 7,104 |
| S. Dak. | 1,157 | 3,312 | 3,116 | 2,791 | 8,364 | 8,464 | 6,679 | 7,532 |
| Nebr. | 5,844 | 5,134 | 5,388 | 4,226 | 20,458 | 19,306 | 13,360 | 17,393 |
| Kans. | 7,874 | 9,216 | 2,924 | 3,555 | 13,501 | 15,200 | 14,569 | 16,902 |
| Vh. N. Central | 41,433 | 49,363 | 34,663 | 45,930 | 133,373 | 122,077 | 108,654 | 122,004 |
| Del. | 420 | 408 | 344 | 560 | 638 | 793 | 630 | 651 |
| $1{ }^{1} \mathrm{~d}$. | 2,051 | 1,964 | 1,743 | 1,867 | 2,876 | 3,408 | 2,619 | 2,543 |
| Va . | 9,546 | 11,602 | 11,177 | 8,708 | 4,470 | 4,893 | 4,483 | 4,818 |
| Ti. Va. | 1,204 | 2,205 | 1,372 | 1,532 | 3,547 | 2,917 | 3,247 | 3,753 |
| N. C. | 54,890 | 69,577 | 51,507 | 48,873 | 2,587 | 2,473 | 3,014 | 3,402 |
| S. C. | 16,902 | 13,508 | 12,935 | 16,603 | 1,190 | 1,185 | 1,451 | 1,510 |
| ar. | 17,084 | 17,215 | 12,693 | 14,478 | 2,439 | 2,474 | 2,470 | 2,635 |
| Fla. | 4,490 | 5,795 | 3,148 | 5,117 | 1,731 | 1,806 | 1,586 | 1,623 |
| S. Atlantic | 106,587 | 122,274 | 94,919 | 97,738 | 19,478 | 19,949 | 19,500 | 20,935 |
| Ky. | 932 | 1,320 | 1,599 | 1,280 | 5,822 | 5,344 | 5,975 | 7,615 |
| Tenn. | 9,847 | 9,296 | 9,578 | 9,186 | 5,279 | 5,454 | 4,416 | 5,345 |
| Als. | 19,673 | 27,381 | 18,125 | 14,994 | 1,586 | 1,613 | 2,429 | 2,545 |
| Siss. | 39,406 | 25,369 | 26,053 | 27,366 | 2,571 | 2,536 | 2,942 | 3,376 |
| Ark. | 24,619 | 23,527 | 26,499 | 24,913 | 2,014 | 2,496 | 2,302 | 2,419 |
| La. | 16,900 | 13,450 | 14,618 | 13,869 | 1,714 | 2,336 | 1,870 | 2,236 |
| Okla. | 6,738 | 10,046 | 8,898 | 9,765 | 7,236 | 7,874 | 6,103 | 9,164 |
| Tex. | 53,749 | 56,740 | 38,767 | 36,859 | 12,821 | 16,998 | 18,805 | 24,000 |
| S. Central | 171,864 | 171,129 | 144,137 | 138,232 | 39,043 | 44,951 | 44,842 | 56,700 |
| biont. | 4,168 | 4,373 | 7,539 | 8,853 | 10,496 | 9,371 | 7,605 | 7,478 |
| Idano | 7,451 | 6,762 | 4,804 | 6,503 | 3,745 | 4,164 | 3,561 | 4,114 |
| riyo. | 2,595 | 2,195 | 1,709 | 1,868 | 6,093 | 8,249 | 6,073 | 6,633 |
| Colo. | 10,004 | 8,578 | 6,949 | 8,671 | 9,026 | 10,543 | 10,206 | 12,762 |
| N . Liex. | 2,360 | 2,435 | 1,696 | 1,937 | 3,976 | 5,982 | 5,871 | 7,665 |
| Ariz. | 2,917 | 2,707 | 1,171 | 2,772 | 3,182 | 4,092 | 3,862 | 4,177 |
| Utah | 2,225 | 2,239 | 1,714 | 1,882 | 3,032 | 3,470 | 2,669 | 3,392 |
| ¿ev. | 178 | 176 | 101 | 152 | 1,296 | 1,519 | 1,236 | 1,739 |
| Yrash. | 8, 363 | 10,419 | 8,658 | 8,695 | 6,129 | 6,106 | 4,794 | 4,826 |
| Oreg. | 3,600 | 3,820 | 2,193 | 3,796 | 5,123 | 6,134 | 4,724 | 4,873 |
| Calif. | 44,973 | 47,347 | 37,548 | 40,608 | 17,086 | 18,359 | 14,722 | 14,002 |
| Yestern .... | 89,334 | 91,651 | 74,082 | 85,737 | 69,184 | 78,589 | 65,323 | 71,666 |
| U.S.cash incom | 510,000 | 545,000 | 450, 00 | 474,000 | 372,000 | 362,000 | 324,000 | 338,000 |

[^53]Table 2.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by Stetes, January-October, 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January-October |  |  |  | January-October |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 | : 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | : 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me | 22,831 | 28,550 | 16,403 | 19,943 | 18,740 | 18,539 | 18,833 | 17,294 |
| N. H | 1,717 | 2,776 | 1,710 | 2,258 | 12,399 | 12,305 | 12,025 | 11,365 |
| Vt. | 1,743 | 2,511 | 1,612 | 2,459 | 26,24,4 | 25,217 | 27,055 | 26,890 |
| Mass. | 10,866 | 11,667 | 10,263 | 10,304 | 32,474 | 32,191 | 33,227 | 32,957 |
| R. I. | 1,843 | 1,491 | 1,059 | 1,302 | 5,195 | 5,197 | 5,182 | 5,107 |
| Conn. | 11,488 | 12,601 | 10,630 | 8,405 | 23,727 | 25,114 | 26,041 | 25,371 |
| N. Y. | 49,737 | 59,251 | 47,965 | 47,556 | 177,721 | 178,876 | 169,032 | 166,397 |
| N. J. | 29,533 | 29,870 | 26,293 | 25,609 | 39,906 | 42,285 | 44,652 | 43,323 |
| Pa . | 45,692 | 60,109 | 45,022 | 44,555 | 143,826 | 160,503 | 153,788 | 149,366 |
| N. Atlantic | 175,450 | 208,826 | 160,957 | 162,391 | 480,232 | 500,227 | 489,835 | 478,070 |
| Ohio | 62,562 | 75,515 | 54,517 | 47,679 | 169,917 | 189,154 | 182,706 | 177,673 |
| Ind. | 47,468 | 58,086 | 47,555 | 38,085 | 163,930 | 176,894 | 164,528 | 157,512 |
| 111. | 116,131 | 138,768 | 116,813 | 114,011 | 236,942 | 249,070 | 244,106 | 237,718 |
| Mich. | 48,254 | 63,846 | 48,817 | 45,758 | 106,775 | 120,538 | 109,145 | 109,532 |
| Wis. | 29,351 | 30,641 | 23,288 | 23,875 | 215,853 | 230,194 | 214,547 | 185,605 |
| E. N. Centra | 303,766 | 366,856 | 290,990 | 269,408 | 893,417 | 965,850 | 915,032 | 868,040 |
| kinn. | 58,553 | 61,077 | 51,051 | 62,581 | 213,752 | 207,972 | 197,826 | 189,150 |
| Iowa | 57,686 | 53,104 | 55,338 | 95,008 | 361,770 | 334,431 | 353,867 | 353,570 |
| Mo. | 36,153 | 54,442 | 35,597 | 36,939 | 162,740 | 160,150 | 154,782 | 147,210 |
| N. Dak. | 26,210 | 37,874 | 35,314 | 43,013 | 41,628 | 38,447 | 35,467 | 38,945 |
| S. Dak. | 14,292 | 16,133 | 17,816 | 18,186 | 64,351 | 51,668 | 54,269 | 58,703 |
| Nebr. | 39,607 | 54,525 | 31,553 | 44,003 | 168,649 | 140,928 | 121,701 | 129,677 |
| Kans. | 72,689 | 132,325 | 77,539 | 69,809 | 135,754 | 143,273 | 120,707 | 128,010 |
| W. N. Centr | 305,190 | 409,480 | 304,208 | 369,539 | 1,148,644 | 1,076,869 | 1,038,619 | 1,045,265 |
| Del. | 6,321 | 8,117 | 5,741 | 5,927 | 5,765 | 6,809 | 6,213 | 6,313 |
| Md. | 28,251 | 35,043 | 23,248 | 24,402 | 26,890 | 30,134 | 28,793 | 27,129 |
| Va . | 42,847 | 42,353 | 39,927 | 30,202 | 35,253 | 41,542 | 39,763 | 40,216 |
| N. Va. | 5,342 | 7,216 | 6,021 | 5,822 | 22,606 | 23,553 | 23,949 | 22,165 |
| N. C. | 129,612 | 156,080 | 143,073 | 104,368 | 19,861 | 20,172 | 23,650 | 24,503 |
| S. C. | 58,583 | 66,214 | 59,800 | 51,277 | 8,485 | 9,099 | 12,414 | 11,718 |
| Ga. | 88,072 | 86,553 | 72,903 | 66,102 | 18,212 | 19,481 | 20,904 | 21,062 |
| Fla. | 68,272 | 91,931 | 67,994 | 70,843 | 11,996 | 12,981 | 15,364 | 15,066 |
| S. Atlantic | 427,300 | 493,507 | 418,707 | 358,943 | 149,068 | 163,771 | 171,050 | 168,172 |
| Ky. | 28,658 | 56,430 | 53,2\%4 | 39,229 | 53,433 | 57,165 | 58,836 | 57,270 |
| Tenn. | 36,195 | 48,112 | 44,862 | 39,609 | 41,794 | 46,863 | 45,444 | 44,594 |
| Ala. | 58,629 | 75,395 | 56,785 | 39,775 | 15,617 | 17,351 | 19,725 | 19,602 |
| Miss. | 85,469 | 94,104 | 77,880 | 70,056 | 17,899 | 20,212 | 21,927 | 22,182 |
| Ark. | 52,650 | 66,058 | 68,105 | 54,468 | 21,333 | 24, 173 | 21,764 | 22,824 |
| La. | 49,149 | 57,790 | 51,061 | 46,948 | 13,362 | 15,162 | 16,759 | 19,951 |
| Okla. | 40,584 | 64,083 | 58,147 | 47,705 | 68,307 | 72,927 | 66,071 | 72,668 |
| Tex. | 206,229 | 232,437 | 191,157 | 175,525 | 119,843 | 146,227 | 159,269 | 163,768 |
| S. Central | 557,563 | 694,409 | 601,291 | 513,315 | 351,588 | 400,080 | 409,795 | 422,8.59 |
| Mont. | 15,839 | 18,502 | 25,116 | 29,401 | 45,433 | 43,327 | 32,945 | 33,139 |
| Idaho | 28,006 | 40,169 | 22,765 | 22,960 | 39,355 | 46,567 | 35,315 | 37,432 |
| Wyo. | 6,443 | 6,503 | 5,218 | 4,887 | 28,826 | 32,190 | 25,124 | 30,805 |
| Colo. | 29,529 | 39,423 | 25,148 | 27,612 | 62,776 | 74,628 | 58,973 | 63,560 |
| N. Mex. | 8,111 | 8,251 | 7,398 | 6,891 | 18,345 | 20,679 | 18,679 | 23,410 |
| Ariz. | 15,343 | 14,905 | 16,612 | 14,481 | 15,682 | 18,072 | 19,154 | 18,109 |
| Utah | 7,783 | 8,434 | 6,635 | 6,583 | 21,292 | 24,697 | 21,755 | 23,890 |
| Nev . | 859 | 1,072 | 914 | 922 | 7,532 | 9,171 | 8,638 | 9,339 |
| Wash. | 58,313 | 78,420 | 46,111 | 53,754 | 51,780 | 53,587 | 40,215 | 40,083 |
| Oreg. | 27,104 | 36,803 | 20,938 | 23,891 | 44,551 | 50,960 | 43,959 | 43,054 |
| Calif. | 295,632 | 322,861 | 243,562 | 236,184 | 172,978 | 193,269 | 173,512 | 165,658 |
| Western | 492,262 | 575,348 | 420,417 | 427,566 | 508,550 | 567,147 | 487,269 | 497,479 |
| U.S.cesh inco | : 2,624,000 | 3,199,000 | 2,493,000 | 2,453,000 | 3,480,000 | 3,529,000 | 3,305,000 | 3,242,000 |

$1 /$ The estimated United States cesh income is not equal to the rsum of the State estimates because it has
been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farn products which
is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Recelpts from the sale of crops and livestocis products, by States, October and January - October, 1936-39


1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some form products which is not distributed by States.

Table 4.- Government payments and raceipts from the sale of principal farm producte, including Government paymente by States, October 1938-39 and January-October 1937-1939

| Stats | Govirnment payments |  |  |  |  | Total including Government pgyments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October |  | J anuary-October |  |  | Octobsr |  | January-Octo ber |  |  |
|  | 1938 : | 1939 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1938 | : 1939 | 1937 | 2938 : | - 1939 |
|  | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| Me. | 36 | 20 | 160 | 667 | 1.344 | 4.563 | 5.061 | 47,249 | 35,903 | 38.581 |
| N. H. | 6 | -2 | 68 | 127 | 355 | 1,620 | 1,846 | 15,149 | 13,862 | 13.978 |
| Vt. | 29 | 25 | 158 | 315 | 836 | 2,862 | 3.619 | 27.886 | 28,982 | 30,185 |
| Mase. | 7 | 17 | 119 | 240 | 441 | 4.820 | 5.216 | 43,977 | 43.730 | 43.702 |
| R. I. | 1 | 1 | 17 | 11 | 35 | 657 | 598 | 6,705 | 6,252 | 6.444 |
| Conn. | 4 | 8 | 334 | 254 | 338 | 3.708 | 3.678 | 38,0149 | 36,925 | 34.114 |
| N. Y. | 60 | 76 | 1.596 | 2,692 | 2.745 | 25.828 | 27.536 | 239.723 | 219.689 | 216,698 |
| N. J | 9 | 10 | 219 | 683 | 1.199 | 5.369 | 5,961 | 72.374 | 71,628 | 70.131 |
| Pa. | 52 | 141 | 1,568 | 2. 373 | 4.525 | 20,627 | 2.4,049 | 222,180 | 201,183 | 198,446 |
| N. Atlantic | 204 | 296 | 4,239 | 7.362 | 11,818 | 70,054 | 77.664 | 713,292 | -658,154 | 652,279 |
| Ohio | 264 | 1,600 | 8,622 | 6,535 | 14.347 | 26,347 | 30,206 | 273.291 | 243.758 | 239.699 |
| Ind. | 297 | 3.379 | 9.540 | 6.645 | 15.536 | 20,332 | 24,937 | 244,520 | 218,723 | 211,133 |
| 111. | 280 | 5.315 | 15,131 | 8.950 | 29.757 | 32,410 | 40.134 | 402.969 | 369,869 | 381,486 |
| Mich | 170 | 602 | 6,808 | 7.285 | 9,683 | 21,201 | 23,014 | 191,192 | 165,247 | 164.973 |
| 11 | 324 | 4.744 | 10,585 | 8. 390 | 12,475 | 24,058 | 28,078 | 271,420 | 246,225 | 221,955 |
| E. N. Cantral | 1,335 | 15, 640 | 50,686 | 37.805 | 81,798 | 124, 348 | 146, 369 | 1,383,392 | 1, 247, 8271 | 1,212,246 |
| Minn. | 181 | 2.416 | 17,143 | 13.341 | 21.219 | 26.650 | 32,395 | 286.192 | 262,218 | 272.950 |
| Iova | 1,895 | 7.309 | 24.386 | 19,622 | 38,534 | 40,392 | 47.959 | 411,921 | 428,827 | 457.112 |
| Mo. | 603 | 3.343 | 12,924 | 10,276 | 20,715 | 25,263 | 29.330 | 227.516 | 200,655 | 204.864 |
| N. Dak. | 161 | 2.893 | 20,173 | 12,628 | 23.523 | 12,816 | 21, 812 | 96,494 | + 83.409 | 105.481 |
| S. Dak. | 607 | 846 | 14,834 | 13,961 | 15,044 | 10,402 | 11,169 | 82,635 | 86,046 | 91,933 |
| Nebr. | 110 | 4.789 | 17,166 | 12.432 | 22,878 | 18,858 | 26.408 | 212,619 | 165.686 | 196.558 |
| Kane. | 363 | 877 | 17,872 | 14,774 | 24.304 | 17.856 | 21, 334 | 293.470 | - 213.020 | 222,123 |
| N. N. Csntral | 3.920 | 22,473 | 124,498 | 97, ${ }^{2}$ 年 | 156,217 | 152,237 | 190,407 | 1,610,847 | 1,439,8611 | 1,581,021 |
| Dol. | 5 | 15 | 249 | 470 | 731 | -979 | 1,226 | 15,175 | 12,424 | 12,971 |
| Md. | 28 | 47 | 1,498 | 1,416 | 2,125 | 4.390 | 4.457 | 66,675 | 53,457 | 53.656 |
| Va. | 330 | 165 | 3,288 | 3,798 | 5,480 | 15,990 | 13,691 | 87,183 | 83.488 | 75,898 |
| W. V8 | 148 | 49 | 716 | 1,361 | 1,636 | 4.767 | 5.334 | 31,485 | 31.331 | 29,623 |
| N. C | 2. 282 | 1.494 | 12,099 | 12,364 | 17.898 | 56,803 | 53.769 | 188,351 | 179.087 | 146,769 |
|  | 5.934 | 2.933 | 7.472 | 13.356 | 17.171 | 20,320 | 21.046 | 82,785 | -85.570 | 80,166 |
| Ga. | 5.671 | 3.226 | 9.786 | 16,834 | 24,116 | 20,834 | 20,339 | 115,820 | 110,641 | 111,280 |
| F1a. | 212 | 248 | 1,133 | 2,111 | 3.749 | 4,846 | 6,988 | 106,045 | -85,459 | 89,658 |
| S. Atlantic | 14,510 | 8,177 | 36,241 | 51,710 | 72,906 | 12.8,929 | 126, 850 | 693.519 | 641,467 | 600, 021 |
| Ky. | 511 | 417 | 10,937 | 11,120 | 10,369 | 8,075 | 9,312 | 124.532 | -123.250 | 106.868 |
| Tenn. | 2.255 | 1,460 | 8,227 | 10.303 | 14.253 | 16,249 | 15.991 | 103.202 | 100,609 | 93,456 |
| Ala. | 4.737 | 3.921 | 9.949 | 14.543 | 24,676 | 25,291 | 21,460 | 102,695 | 91.053 | 84.053 |
| Mıв. | 8,123 | 4.531 | 10,363 | 19,377 | 29,806 | 37.118 | 35.273 | 124.679 | 119,184 | 122,044 |
| Aric. | 6,066 | 4,084 | 10,336 | 18,634 | 24.544 | 34,867 | 31.416 | 100,567 | 108.503 | 101.836 |
| La. | 1,974 | 4,063 | 7.099 | 12,877 | 19.312 | 18,462 | 20,168 | 80,051 | 80,697 | 86,211 |
| Okls. | 2.881 | 2,204 | 14.535 | 16,416 | 23,609 | 17.882 | 21,133 | 151,545 | 140,634 | 143.982 |
| Tex. | 12, 444 | 9,238 | 35,585 | 54,875 | 21,320 | 70,016 | 70,097 | 414,249 | - 435,301 | 430,613 |
| S. Central | 38,981 | 29.918 | 107,031 | 158,145 | 237.889 | 227.960 | 224,850 | 1,201,520 | 1,169,2311 | 1,274,063 |
| Mont. | 76 | 938 | 7.430 | 8,401 | 10.754 | 15,220 | 17,269 | -69.259 | -66,462 | 73.294 |
| I dobo | 96 | $2 ¢ 9$ | 3.465 | 2.936 | 6.570 | 8.461 | 10,886 | 90,201 | -61,016 | 66,96? |
| HyO. | 44 | 108 | 1,251 | 2.707 | 3,222 | 7.826 | 8,609 | 39.944 | + 33.049 | 38,914 |
| Colo. | 113 | 413 | 4,695 | 8,378 | 9.063 | 17,268 | 21,846 | 118.751 | 92,499 | 100,235 |
| N, Mex. | 633 | 263 | 2.890 | 3.026 | 4.339 | 8,200 | 9.865 | 31,820 | - 29,103 | 34,640 |
| Ari\%. | 658 | 124 | 1.126 | 1,693 | 4.226 | 5.691 | 7.073 | 34.103 | 37.459 | 36,816 |
| Utah | 38 | 73 | 916 | 1,867 | 2.293 | 4.421 | 5.347 | 34,047 | 30,257 | 32.766 |
| Hev. | 4 | 8 | 176 | 119 | 150 | 1.341 | 1,899 | 10,419 | -9,671 | 10,411 |
| Wash. | 48 | 241 | 2.925 | 1,770 | 6.521 | 13.500 | 13.762 | 134.932 | -97,096 | 109.358 |
| Oreg. | 30 | 163 | 2,325 | 2,362 | 4.964 | 6.947 | 8,837 | 90,088 | 67,259 | 71,909 |
| Calif. | 929 | 2,595 | 5,401 | 9.772 | 17.080 | 53,199 | 57,205 | 521,531 | 426,853 | 418,922 |
| Weatern | 2,669 | 5,195 | 32,600 | 43,038 | 69,182 | 142,074 | 162,538 | 1,175,095 | -950, $7^{4}$ | 924, 227 |

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U.S. ce8b
    ncome 1/
    62,000 82,000 355,000
    395,000 540.000 836,000 894,000 7.083,000 6,193.000 6,335,000
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Feceints frori the sal. of wincipal fam product in inovember 1939 were larger thar in November 1738 in four of the six major geceraphical divisions. Increases were seportei for all recions except the West North Central and South Central rroups. In Iudine Govemnent paments, receipts were larger in all rections except the South Sentalal.

Jonumy-ioverber 3930 receipts from the sale of principal farm products were avout the sare as fo弓 these months of 1938 in the North Atlantic group ind were lar el in the Vest Morth Central and Nestern regions. Decreases firn these months oi 1938 vere reported for the Last North Central, South Atlantic, aid South Certral resions. Incliding Government payments, receipts for the fjust 1.1 norths of 7939 were larger than in these months of 1.93? in the "orth Atlaritic, West "orth Centraj, ard Western reeions, but were sli thtio silaller in the other three mones.

## Novenber Peceints In? Percent

aceints f"om furn nar"etines in rovember for the country as a whole we:e reportac Docmber ?? as $665,000,000$. This was ]. pe.cont larger than the \$\$59,000,000 morotec for "ovenher 293. Ircone from c"ops was about the sare as for a year eariier, wic :etarm fron ? ivestoch and livestock products were up ? pencot.

Roceints fro: th: sa? of mincipal farm poducts were lareer this Novemuer thar in Vicier ber i93 ir all States oxcent Illinois, linnescta, Iowa, Narriand, Most Vinoinia, Ceorja, Tlomida, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louici nz, Trais, aic ontana. Iriclutirs Govemaent paynents, receipts were smalisi in inmesota, Marriac, rest ritainia, Georsia, and Florida, and in all the Sonth Uencrel Statee except Kentuchy and Airansas, but, wore lasge: in 2ll other stectes.

$$
\text { Januar ovener acints Don } 2 \text { Parcert }
$$

Farmers' income fion maremine in the first ll wonths of 1939, as rempted December 22, totelec $36,360,000,000$, or 2 porcunt less than the $\$ 6,457,000,000$ re oor'icd fon these months last ven. Zetums irch crops were dovm l petcent and receipts fom sales of ijvestoc: and livestoc'i products wore 2 jurcent sialler.

I co: fan sules of reincipal crops was lerger in the first 1.1
 North Centrol, and iustum rosions but was smaller in the other three groups. Incone from livestoc: a juivestoc rocucts showed increases over the same montins of 2935 in the icst lorth Sontra?, South Gentral, and Vesterm regions but was smaller in the orth Ailantic, Soxth atlantic, and East I'orth Central rerions.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For the Initec States, incone fro com, oats, barler, flaxsesd, all vegetables, sucar bects, and ill fmits excopt peaches was lar,er the first 11 , nonths of ? 939 than in these ronths of 1938, but returns from all other principal crons were smaller. Tncnse tron wheat, cotton, and tobacco was most reducod. Incone Erom catt?e, caives, chickens, and wool was larger in Tanuar:--Hover this $j$ sar, but roturns focin other meat animals, eggs, and cairy mroducts were s.naller.

## Receints by Rewions, Januar throug November

The accomenein, chert shows riccints from sales neincipal farm products for 2937 , 193 ${ }^{\circ}$, ard the first Il ronths on 1939. Incorie from marketin's docreaseu. less than usual from Octoben to "ovenber in all rezions excent thi South Contra?. In the south Cintial region sales of cotton much sraller thon "sual this Jovember resulted in tho more than uspal decline in far. incone in this group.

IVcrth AtIrt:c Statos
Fecejpts ficm tic sale of principai farn products in the North Atlantic States in the first 17 months on 7939 were about the sane as in January$\therefore$ ovanber 2njo. Inome fron ciops has been larger in 3.939, but this increase was nbont rifiset by sinll r returns fror livestoc: and livestoc': products. A docline cil 6 porcunt in Januar"- crerber 1939 income from marietings in Connuctiont was dus prindrily to shaller returns Irom seles of tobacco. Small decruases tere aiso renortud for Ne: Jersey, whore income from grains, fruits, and tmoc: cerps was simaller, and in Pennsylvailia, where smaller retums were received from hogs, chic'ens and egss, and dairy procucts. In the otion six States of this region increases ranged from 8 rercent in Maine, where incore from petatces was inch larger: to less then l. percont in New Yon's. For the rerion income from onts, balley, ciry kozis, potatces, apples, sirmisirics, cattle, calves, sheep and larbs, and chickcns was lareor, but retirns fror: other grincinal fori product wore smallor.

## 3ast North Central

ian an-lisvone. receipts mon the sale of principal fam products in the Jast IJurth Cuntril States were 5 vecurt smailer in the finst 11 months of 1933 then in the same nonths of 930 . Goverment peyments have been much larger in 1930 than in 2938 in this re;ion so ty incone including GoverMt parmonts was nearly as large as in 1933. Income fron marketings was sraile: in each of the five States, the ifcrease ridino frol 11 nercent in Wisccnsin to les: tian 1 percent in Wichirai. For the region, income from tcbacco, hutatoss: aryies, stravberies, sumar beets, cettlc, calves, chic:ens, and loci? has jeen lawrer in 1939 but receipts from salus of other principal fami pooducts has peen s.aller.

## liest Nowth Contral states

Incono from manetings in the Jost North Central resicn in the first 11 anths of 2934 was 5 pejcent larser than in the saue marnths of 1938. Incladin, the wach larger roceipts ipon Govervent paynts in 1939, receipts were up 10 percert. Recents fommatcotins were 2 percent smaller than
for the first 11 months last rear in Xissouri bscarse of smaller returns from wheat, cattle, chicke:s and egs, and dairy products. Increases were reported for the other 6 status of the rewion, ranging from loss than 1 percert in linnesota to 17 percent in liorth Dai:ota. For the resion, receipts from all principal crops cxcept wheat, rye, hay, sweetpotetows, and tmac! crops wore larger. Incorie from meat animais, chic'ens, and wol also was larger but returne fro: eges and cainy profucts were shaljer.

## South Atlantic States

Recoipts fron tho sal of principal fara products in the South Atlantic States in Jawn-Wowber were 6 percont smaller in the first 11 months of 1939, than in the savic months of 1.539 ; including Goverment payments, receipts were 3 reacent sralle\%. Receipts from principai crops were E percent smaller, while returns rom livostoc: and livestoc: procucts were dow only 2 pe"cent. Incone from maxktines was 3 percent larger through November 1939 in Delaware and Flowide. In Dolaware the increase was due to larger returns from apples, calves, and chiciens; the increase in Florida resulted from larger receipts fiok citius finitis, truck ciops, and potatoes. Decreases in the other sil: States of the reaion ranged from 2 percent in lfaryland to 12 percent in Georsia. For the region, income from cotton, tobacco, Wheat, hay, potatoes, stravberries, cattle, hogs, efess, and cairy products has been smaller thoush "ovanber 193\%.

South Contreal States
Incoine fron: rar'stinss in each of the South Central States in the first 11 months of 1939 was swaller then in the sane months of 193e. For the region, incone through iovether 1939 was 9 porcent smaller than for these months ni 193 ; includins fuch larger Govemment payments, they were 2 percent smaller. Incone fron cotton, tobeacco; :heat, and hay was much smaller than in 1938 and accounted for the 17 percont swalier incorie feon crons in the region. Returas fro.. Livestoc': and livestocl: procucts, however, were up 4 percent hecause of largen recejpts fron sales cif catte, calves, hogs, eggs, and r:onI which mere than of set smaller returns from sheep and lembs, chiciens, and dairy products.

Y:estern States
Peceipts fron the salo of principal farra products in the \%estern States in January-iNove:bor 1939 were 4 percert larcer than in these months of 1938 . Includins Govemunat paynents, reccipts in 293 wore 6 percent ] arcer. Incorae th"ou Wh Novaror in California :as 2 percent s.ialier in 1939 thar: in l93* on account of sialler returns fron cotton, citius fmit, hay, strawburres, sibs and dairy procucts. In the other lo States of the region, increase in incoris ranged frcm 2 ourcont in Arizona to 29 percent in New liexico. Fir the re...oi the comodities for which income was nost increased in 1930 over 1930 wure what, ntatoes, tricl: crons, apoles, pears, graves, sugar beets, reat animals, cuic'ens, and wool.

Tables 1 to 4 give the State estinates of recoipts from the sale of principal famp products and Govurught naments by States ior Novenber and for Jamuary-lioverber lis3, togother with comparetive figures for carlier years.

Table 1.- Receipts from the sale of principal farm products, by States, November, 1936-39

| State | Crops |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Livestock and livestock products }}{\text { November }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $: 1936$ | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
|  |  | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | $1,000$ | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
| 1 | : 1,433 | 1,352 | 1,638 | 2,754 | 1,742 | 1,957 | 1,917 | 2,096 |
| $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{H}$. | 146 | 233 | 200 | 273 | 1,326 | 1,349 | 1,262 | 1,618 |
| Vt. | 315 | 276 | 161 | 286 | 2,281 | 2,530 | 2,424 | 2,808 |
| Miass. | 690 | 932 | 1,083 | 1,168 | 3,104 | 3,451 | 3,188 | 4,272 |
| R. I. | 40 | 63 | 80 | 101 | 510 | 535 | 479 | +574 |
| Conr. | 650 | 911 | 1,039 | 995 | 2,446 | 2,718 | 2,467 | 3,172 |
| N. Y. | 6,953 | 6,999 | 6,873 | 7,163 | 15,285 | 17,312 | 15,822 | 19,396 |
| N. J. | 864 | 764 | 1,096 | 815 | 3,516 | 3,883 | 3,763 | 5,229 |
| Pa . | 5,507 | 4,686 | 4,735 | 6,110 | 13,848 | 14,767 | 13,080 | 16,225 |
| iV. Atlantic | 16,598 | 16,216 | 16,891 | 19,665 | 44,058 | 48,502 | 44,402 | 55,390 |
| Ohio | 7,225 | 5,805 | 4,438 | 5,012 | 17,540 | 18,881 | 18,905 | 19,405 |
| Ind. | : 5,308 | 4,216 | 3,147 | 4,410 | 16,677 | 17,198 | 17,208 | 17,143 |
| 111. | : 13,188 | 10,575 | 11,189 | 10,237 | 27,982 | 25,603 | 24,709 | 24,134 |
| Lich. | : 6,778 | 5,945 | 6,142 | 6,485 | 11,395 | 12,780 | 11,038 | 12,513 |
| Vis. | 2,401 | 1,841 | 1,689 | 1,701 | 25,293 | 25,319 | 20,972 | 21,561 |
| E. N. Central | 34,900 | 28,382 | 26,605 | 27,845 | 98,877 | 99,781 | 92,832 | 94,756 |
| Minn. | : 5,963 | 5,825 | 5,728 | 6,061 | 24,250 | 22,950 | 23,473 | 21,296 |
| Iowa | : 4,128 | 6,907 | 16,929 | 5,388 | 48,075 | 38,070 | 39,103 | 42.447 |
| Lio. | : 6,350 | 5,929 | 7,045 | 9,701 | 19,118 | 17,546 | 18,668 | 17,903 |
| N. Lak. | . 2,771 | 4,619 | 4,458 | 5,849 | 5,385 | 4,725 | 4,548 | 5,604 |
| S. Dak. | 769 | 1,827 | 2,157 | 1,560 | 7,861 | 7,061 | 6,909 | 7,924 |
| liebr. | 3,992 | 3,119 | 4,839 | 3,106 | 18,413 | 17,537 | 13,697 | 16,231 |
| Kans. | 5,107 | 4,796 | 3,596 | 2,719 | 14,674 | 13,149 | 11,740 | 14,160 |
| Fi. A. Central | 29,080 | 33,022 | 44,752 | 34, 3E4 | 137,776 | 121,038 | 118,138 | 125,565 |
| Lel. | 345 | 230 | 175 | 199 | 828 | 1,127 | 942 | 1,016 |
| lud. | .: 1,543 | 1,228 | 1,029 | 1,091 | 3,226 | 3,746 | 3,021 | 2,580 |
| Va . | : 8,093 | 7,546 | 7,249 | 8,219 | 4,853 | 4,981 | 4,921 | 4,476 |
| Yi. Va. | : 748 | 897 | 743 | 804 | 2,457 | 2,289 | 2,671 | 2,413 |
| 1. C. | . 28,048 | 28,537 | 17,975 | 44,410 | 3,081 | 2,976 | 3,311 | 3,270 |
| S. c. | . 10,734 | 8,815 | 6,990 | 8,993 | 1,527 | 1,478 | 1,643 | 1,472 |
|  | : 10,204 | 11,526 | 8,317 | 2,212 | 2,867 | 2,961 | 2,467 | 2,258 |
| Fla. | 7,040 | 7,656 | 6,277 | 6,426 | 2,119 | 2,130 | 1,787 | 1,597 |
| S. Atlantic | 66,755 | 66,435 | 48,755 | 72,354 | 20,958 | 21,688 | 20,763 | 19,082 |
|  | : 995 | 1,129 | 812 | 1,102 | 5,027 | 4,506 | 4,573 | 5,957 |
| Tenn. | : 7,614 | 8,584 | 7,146 | 6,781 | 3,908 | 4,099 | 4,085 | 4,331 |
| Ala. | . : 11,690 | 16,670 | 12,161 | 1,557 | 2,281 | 2,321 | 2,040 | 2,231 |
| Liss. | . 23,674 | 17,563 | 15,363 | 11,755 | 2,599 | 2,934 | 2,641 | 2,466 |
| Ark. | : 18,715 | 19,336 | 15,677 | 16,350 | 2,480 | 2,564 | 2,946 | 3,339 |
| La. | : 22,004 | 22,615 | 18,490 | 18,258 | 1,816 | 1,861 | 2,334 | 2,266 |
| Okla. | 4,864 | 7,141 | 8,161 | 7,999 | 7,041 | 6,891 | 5,939 | 7,369 |
| Tex. | 28,865 | 44,718 | 33,217 | 12,867 | 13,465 | 15,022 | 18,248 | 19,508 |
| S. Central | . 1118,421 | 137,756 | 111,027 | 76,669 | 38,617 | 40,198 | 42,806 | 47,467 |
| aorit. | :3,281 | 3,425 | 5,227 | 5,897 | 4,536 | 4,761 | 4,756 | 3,845 |
| Idaho | : 4,719 | 3,858 | 5,416 | 6,661 | 3,506 | 3,293 | 3,456 | 3,887 |
| \%yo. | : 2,050 | 1,621 | 1,392 | 1,569 | 4,330 | 5,196 | 2,537 | 3,019 |
| Colo. | : 6,593 | 5,266 | 4,770 | 4,419 | 7,777 | 9,533 | 8,262 | 9,115 |
| N. Lex. | : 2,506 | 1,998 | 2,295 | 2,317 | 6,887 | 8,970 | 5,859 | 11,653 |
| Ariz. | : 2,572 | 2,131 | 2,185 | 3,658 | 4,265 | 4,767 | 3,342 | 6,034 |
| Utah | . 1,942 | 1,791 | 1,900 | 1,768 | 2,942 | 2,746 | 2,302 | 3,054 |
| Nev. | : 129 | 138 | 111 | 134 | 1,149 | 1,172 | 954 | 1,275 |
| hash. | . 4,417 | 4,353 | 5,130 | 6,354 | 5,218 | 4,992 | 4,690 | 5,008 |
| Ore ${ }_{\text {b }}$. | .: 2,714 | 2,294 | 3,659 | 2,885 | 4,356 | 4,813 | 3,442 | 4,307 |
| Calif. ... | - 28,114 | 21,873 | 20,635 | 24,162 | 16,020 | 17,294 | 13,347 | 15,306 |
| i.estern .... | - 59,037 | 48,748 | 52,720 | 59,824 | 60,986 | 67,537 | 52,947 | 66,503 |
| U.S. cash inco | :367,000 | 352,000 | 318,000 | 318,000 | 382,000 | 361,000 | 341,000 | 347,000 |

1/The estimated United States cash incame is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is cot distrituted by States.

| State | Crop |  |  |  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sanuary - Norember |  |  |  | Jamary - Hovember |  |  |  |
|  | 1936 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1939 | 1336 | 1937 : | 1938 | 1939 |
|  | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1,000 | 1.000 |
|  | collars | dollars | dellere | doller | dollars | dollare | dellers | dollare |
| Me. | 24,264 | 29,902 | 18.041 | 22.697 | 20.482 | 20.496 | 20.750 | 19.390 |
| N. E. | 1.963 | 3.009 | 1.896 | 2.531 | 13.725 | 13.654 | 13.287 | $12.983$ |
|  | 2,058 | 2,787 | 1.773 | 2.745 | 28.525 | 27.747 | 29,479 | 29.698 |
| Mang. | 11.556 1.993 | 12.599 | 11.346 | 11,472 | 35.578 | 35.6142 | 36,415 | 37,229 |
| Conn. | 12.138 | 13.512 | 1.139 11.659 | 1.433 | 26.705 | 5.732 | 5,661 | 5.681 |
| N. Y. | 56,690 | 66.250 | 54.838 | 54,719 | 26.173 193.006 | 27.832 196.198 | $28.508$ $184,854$ | $28.543$ |
| N. J. | 30,397 | 3n. 634 | 27.389 | 26,424 | 43.122 | 146,168 | 18.415 | $\begin{aligned} & 85,195 \\ & 48,552 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fa. | 51.199 | 64.795 | 49,757 | 50,665 | 157.674 | 175,270 | 166, 868 | 165.591 |
| N. Atlantic | 192.048 | 225.014 | 177.248 | 182.056 | 524.290 | 548.729 | 534.237 | 533.450 |
| Ohio | 69.787 | 81,320 | 58.955 | 52.691 | 187.457 | 208,035 | 201.611 |  |
| Ind. | 52.776 | 62,302 | 50,702 | 42.495 | 180.607 | 194.092 | 181.736 | $\begin{aligned} & 197.078 \\ & 174.655 \end{aligned}$ |
| 111. | 129.319 | 149.343 | 128.002 | 124,248 | 264,924 | 274.673 | 268.815 | 261,852 |
| Mich. | 55.032 | 69,791 | 54,959 | 52.243 | 118.170 | 133.312 | 120.193 | 122,045 |
| Wis. | 31.752 | 32.1182 | 24.977 | 25,576 | 241.136 | 255.513 | 235.519 | 207.166 |
| H. N. Centrel | 338.665 | 395.238 | 317.595 | 297.253 | 992.294 | 1.065 .631 | 1.007.864 | 962.796 |
| Minn. | 64,516 | 66,902 | 56.779 | 68.642 | 238.002 | 230.922 | 221.299 |  |
| Iowa | 61,814 | 60,012 | 72,267 | 100,396 | 409.845 | 372,501 | 392,970 | 396.017 |
| Mo. | 42,503 | 60,371 | 42.642 | 46,640 | 181.858 | 177.696 | 173,450 | $165.113$ |
| N. Dak. | 28,981 | 42.493 | 39.772 | 48,862 | 47.013 | 43.172 | 40,015 | $44.549$ |
| S. Dak. | 15.061 | 17.960 | 19.973 | 19.746 | 72.212 | 58.729 | 61,178 | $66,627$ |
| Fe br . | 43.599 | 57.644 | 36,392 | 47.109 | 187.062 | 158.465 | 135.398 | 145.908 |
| Kans. | 77.796 | 137.121 | 81.135 | 72.528 | 150.428 | 156.422 | 132.447 | 142,170 |
| W. H. Contral | 334.270 | 442.502 | 348.960 | 1 n 3.023 | 1.286,420 | 1.197.007 | 1.156 .757 | 1.170.830 |
| Del. | 6.666 | 8.347 | 5.916 | 6,126 | 6.593 | 7.936 | 7.85 | 7.329 |
| Md. | 29.794 | 36.271 | 24.277 | 25.10.3 | 30.116 | 33,880 | 31.814 | 29.709 |
| $\nabla \mathrm{A}$. | 50.940 | 49.899 | 47.176 | 38,421 | 40.106 | 46,523 | 14.684 | 44,692 |
| W. VA. | 6,090 | 8,113 | 6,764 | 6,626 | 25,063 | 25,842 | 26,620 | 24.578 |
| H. C. | 157.660 | 184,617 | 161.048 | 148.778 | 22.042 | 23.148 | 26,961 | 27.773 |
| S. | 69.317 | 75.029 | 66,790 | 60.270 | 10.012 | 10,577 | 14,057 | 13.190 |
| Ga. | 98.276 | 98.079 | 81.220 | 68,314 | 21,079 | 22.442 | 23.371 | 23,320 |
| Fa. | 75,312 | 99.587 | 74.271 | 77.269 | 14,115 | 15,111 | 17.151 | 16,663 |
| S. Atlsntic | 494.055 | 559.042 | 467.462 | 431.297 | 170.026 | 185.459 | 191.813 | 187.254 |
| Ky . | 29,653 | 57.559 | 54.106 | 40.331 | 58.460 | 61,671 | 63.409 | 63.227 |
| Tenn. | 43.809 | 56,696 | 52.008 | 46,390 | 45.702 | 50,962 | 49.529 | 48,925 |
| Ala. | 70,319 | 32, 055 | 58, 946 | 41,332 | 17,898 | 19.672 | 21.765 | 21,833 |
| M198. | 109.143 | 111.667 | 93.243 | 81.811 | 20.498 | 23.146 | 24,568 | 24,648 |
| Ax. | 71,365 | 85.794 | 83.782 | 70,818 | 23.913 | 26.737 | 24.730 | 26,163 |
| La. | 71.153 | 50, Mn5 | 63.551 | 65.206 | 15.178 | 17.023 | 19.093 | 22.217 |
| Okla. | 45,448 | 71.224 | 66.308 | 55,704 | 75. 348 | 79.818 | 72,010 | 80.237 |
| Tex | 235.094 | 277.155 | 224.374 | 188.392 | 133.308 | 161,249 | 177.517 | 183.276 |
| S.Centrel | 675.984 | 832.165 | 712.318 | 589.984 | 390,205 | 440.278 | 452.601 | 470.32 h |
| Mont. | 19.120 | 21.927 | 30.343 | 35,298 | 49.959 | 48.088 | 37.701 | 36,984 |
| Id aho | 32,725 | 44,027 | 28.181 | 29,621 | 42,861 | 49.850 | 38.771 | 41.319 |
| W7o. | 8,493 | 8.124 | 6.610 | 6.456 | 33.156 | 37.386 | 27,661 | 33,824 |
| Colo. | 36,122 | 44.694 | 29,918 | 32.031 | 70.553 | 84,161 | 67.235 | 72,675 |
| 8. Mex. | 10,617 | 10,249 | 9.693 | 9.208 | 25.232 | 29.649 | 24.538 | 35.063 |
| Alz。 | 17.915 | 17.036 | 18.797 | 18.139 | 19.947 | 22,839 | 22,496 | 24,143 |
| Utah | . 9.725 | 10,225 | 8. 535 | 8.351 | 24.234 | 27,443 | 24.057 | 26,944 |
| Hev. | . 988 | 1,210 | 1,025 | 1.056 | 8.681 | 10.343 | 9.592 | 10,624 |
| Wesh. | . 62,730 | 92,77? | 51.241 | 60,108 | 56.998 | 58.579 | 53,905 | 54,091 |
| Creg. | : 29.818 | 39.097 | 24.597 | 26.776 | 48,907 | 55,773 | 47,401 | 47.361 |
| Calif. | 323.746 | 344.734 | 264.197 | 260.346 | 188,998 | 210.563 | 136.859 | 180.964 |
| Western | 551.999 | 624.096 | 473.137 | 487.390 | 569.536 | 634.684 | 540.216 | 563.982 |
| J. S. cash in | . 2.991 .000 | 3.551,000 | 2,811,000 | 2,771.000 | 3.862.000 | 3.889,000 | 3.645.000 | 3.559 .000 |

1/ The estimated United States cash incose is not equal to the sum of the State estimetes because it hes been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and incluces income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

Table 3.- Receipte from the sale of crops and livestock products, by Statez, Hovember and January to November 1936-39


[^54]
## Table 4.- Government payments and receipts from the sale of principal farm products, including

 Government payments, by States, Novenber 1938-39 and January-ìovember 1937-39| State | Government payments |  |  |  |  | Total including Government payments |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Noven ber : |  | January-liovenber |  |  | Yovember |  | : January-Novenber |  |  |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1937: | 1938 : | 1939 | 1938 | 1939 | 1937 | : 1938 : | : 1933 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars | dollars |
|  | : 567 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3ie | 567 | 350 | 248 | 1,234 | 1,694 | 4,122 | 5,200 | 50,646 | 40,025 | 43,781 |
| N. | 15 | 3 | 85 | 142 | 358 | 1,463 | 1,894 | 16,748 | 15,325 | 15,872 |
| Vt. | 89 | 57 | 205 | 404 | 893 | 2,674 | 3,151 | 30,739 | 31,656 | 33,336 |
| Liass. | 25 | 70 | 142 | 265 | 511 | 4,296 | 5,510 | 48,383 | 48,026 | 49,212 |
| R. I. | 8 | 1 | 17 | 19 | 36 | 567 | 676 | 7,303 | 6,819 | 7,120 |
| Conn | 94 | 45 | 357 | 348 | 383 | 3,600 | 4,212 | 41,701 | 40,525 | 38,326 |
|  | 398 | 45 | 1,853 | 3,090 | 2,790 | 23,093 | 26,604 | 264,291 | 242,782 | 243,302 |
|  | 12 | 101 | 229 | 695 | 1,300 | 4,871 | 6,145 | 77,031 | 76,499 | 76,276 |
| Pa. | 66 | 83 | 1,779 | 2,439 | 4,608 | 17,881 | 22,418 | - 241,844 | 219,064 | 220,864 |
| N. Atla | 1,274 | 755 | 4,315 | 8,636 | 12,573 | 62,567 | 75,810 | -778,686 | 720,721 | 728,089 |
| nhio | 232 | 2,675 | 8,710 | 6,767 | 17,023 | 23,575 | 27,093 | 3 298,065 | 267,333 | 266,792 |
| Ind. | 469 | 2,366 | 9,615 | 7,114 | 17,902 | 20,824 | 23,919 | 266,009 | 239,552 | 235,052 |
| Il | 684 | 7,022 | 15,241 | 9,634 | 36,779 | 36,582 | 41,393 | 439,257 | 406,451 | 422,879 |
| 泿ch. | 91 | 996 | 6,924 | 7,376 | 10,679 | 17,271 | 19,994 | 210,033 | 182,518 | 184,967 |
| Yis | 1,368 | 4,829 | 10,683 | 9,758 | 17,304 | 24,029 | 28,091 | 1 298,678 | 270,254 | 250,046 |
| E. | 2,844 | 17,889 | 51,173 | 40,649 | 99,687 | 122,281 | 140,490 | 1,512,042 | 1,366,108 | 1,359,736 |
| Sinn | 715 | 2,093 | 17,302 | 14,056 | 23,312 | 29,916 | 29,450 | 315,126 | 292,134 | 302,400 |
| Iow | 3,699 | 15,151 | 24,473 | 23,321 | 53,685 | 59,731 | 62,986 | 456,985 | 488,558 | 550,098 |
| , 0. | 767 | 3,325 | 13,127 | 11,043 | 24,040 | 26,480 | 30,929 | 251,194 | 227,135 | 235,793 |
| if. Lax. | 220 | 1,612 | 20,307 | 12,848 | 25,135 | 9,226 | 13,065 | 105,972 | 92,635 | 118,546 |
| 3. Dak. | 1,336 | 3,947 | 14,916 | 15,297 | 18,991 | 10,402 | 13,431 | 91,505 | 96,448 | 105,364 |
| ijebr. | 912 | 1,934 | 17,291 | 13,344 | 24,812 | 19,448 | 21,271 | 233,400 | 185,134 | 217,829 |
| Kans | 835 | 831 | 18,123 | 15,609 | 25,135 | 16,171 | 17,710 | - 311,666 | 229,191 | 239,833 |
| ii. i.. Cent | 8,484 | 28,893 | 125,539 | 105,518 | 195,110 | 171,374 | 188,842 | 1,765,948 | 1,511,235 | 1,769,863 |
| Uel. | -2 | -5 | -251 | 468 | -736 | 1,115 | 1,220 | 16,534 | 13,539 | -14,191 |
| L. | 20 | 28 | 1,503 | 1,436 | 2,153 | 4,070 | 3,699 | 71,654 | 57,527 | 57,355 |
| Va. | 184 | 97 | 3,309 | 3,982 | 5,577 | 12,354 | 12,792 | 2 99,731 | 95,842 | 88,690 |
| l. Va. | 57 | 3 | 743 | 1,418 | 1,639 | 3,471 | 3,220 | 34,698 | 34,302 | 32,843 |
| 1. ${ }^{\text {c }}$. | 1,927 | 1,310 | 12,147 | 14,291 | 19,208 | 23,213 | 48,990 | 219,912 | 202,300 | 195,759 |
| S. | 967 | , 575 | 7,528 | 14,323 | 17,746 | 9,600 | 11,040 | -93,134 | 95,170 | 91,206 |
| Ge | 2,013 | 1,190 | 9,807 | 18,847 | 25,306 | 12,797 | 5,660 | 130,328 | 123,438 | 116,940 |
| Fila | 210 | 75 | 1,154 | 2,327 | 3,824 | S,280 | 8,098 | 8 115,652 | 93,749 | 97,756 |
| A | 5,382 | 3,283 | 36,442 | 57,092 | 76,189 | 74,900 | 94,719 | 9 781,843 | 716,367 | 694,740 |
| Ky. | 503 | 116 | 10,992 | 11,623 | 10,485 | 5,588 | 7,175 | 130,222 | 129,138 | 114,043 |
| K. | 997 | 958 | 8,282 | 11,300 | 15,211 | 12,228 | 12,070 | 115,940 | 112,837 | 110,526 |
| Ala. | 2,343 | 1,595 | 9,981 | 17,386 | 26,271 | 17,044 | 5,383 | 121,718 | 108,097 | 89,436 |
| シ̇iss. | 3,575 | 3,997 | 10,414 | 22,952 | 33,803 | 21,579 | 18,218 | 145,227 | 140,763 | 140,262 |
| Arco. | 1,752 | 1,883 | 10,377 | 20,386 | 26,427 | 20,375 | 21,572 | 122,508 | 128,878 | 123,408 |
| La. | 3,345 | 1,629 | 7,140 | 16,223 | 20,941 | 24,170 | 22,153 | 104,568 | 104,867 | 108,364 |
| Oikla. | 3,851 | 2,151 | 14,610 | 20,267 | 25,760 | 17,951 | 17,519 | 165,652 | 158,585 | 161,501 |
| Tex. | 9,890 | 6,560 | 35,790 | 64,765 | 97,880 | 61,355 | 38,935 | - 474,194 | 466,656 | 469,548 |
| S. Central | 26,757 | 18,889 | 107,586 | 184,902 | 256,778 | 180,590 | 143,025 | 51,380,029 | 1,349,821 | 1,317,088 |
| Mont. | 62 | 933 | 7,517 | 6,4E3 | 11,687 | 10,045 | 10,675 | 77,532 | 76,507 | 83,969 |
| Idaho | 117 | 814 | 3,515 | 3,053 | 7,314 | 8,989 | 11,362 | 2 97,402 | 70,005 | 78,324 |
| byo. | 23 | 292 | 1,258 | 2,730 | 3,514 | 3,952 | 4,880 | 46,768 | 37,001 | 43,734 |
| colo. | 72 | 344 | 4,773 | 8,450 | 9,407 | 13,104 | 13,878 | 133,628 | 105,603 | 114,113 |
| N. Liex. | 160 | 144 | 2,923 | 3,186 | 4,483 | 8,314 | 14,114 | 42,821 | 37,417 | 48,754 |
| Ariz. | 702 | 471 | 1,134 | 2,395 | 4,697 | 6,229 | 10,163 | 41,009 | 43,688 | 46,979 |
| Utah | 45 | 220 | +930 | 1,912 | 2,513 | 4,247 | 5,042 | 38,598 | 34,504 | 37,808 |
| liev. |  | 37 | 184 | 121 | 187 | 1,967 | 1,446 | 11,737 | 10,738 | 11,857 |
| ? | 44 | 787 | 2,952 | 1,414 | 7,308 | 9, 864 | 12,149 | 144,304 | 106,960 | 121,507 |
| Orec. | 30 | 617 | 2,355 | 2,392 | 5,581 | 7,131 | 7,809 | - 97,225 | 74,390 | 79,718 459 |
| Calif. | 1,723 | 1,388 | 5,536 | 11, 007 | 18,468 | 35,710 | 40, 856 | 6 560,833 | 462,563 | 459,778 |
| \%iestern | 2,985 | 6,047 | 33,077 | 46,023 | 75,229 | 108,652 | 132,374 | 41,291,857 | 1,059,376 | 1,126,601 |

U. S. cash
incone $1 /$

1 The estimated United States cash incane is not equal to the sum of the state estinates because it has been adjusted down:ard for interstate sale of livestock, and incluaes incone ircm some larm products wich is not distrivuted by States.


[^0]:    Divisions of Statisticel and Fistorical Resenfch and Crop and Livestock Eatimates．
    1／These total differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income irom 33 of the more important fasm commodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock．

[^1]:    Divisions of Statistionl and H1atorioal Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
    1/ These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States ash inoome because they include only inoome from 33 of the more lmportant farr comodities and no deduotions are made for the inshipment of 11vestrak.

[^2]:    Division of Statistical and Fistoriaal Ressarch and Crop and Livestock Rstimates．
    1／Thess tctels diffsr fron the monthly astimates of Onitsd States cash income beoase thay inelude only incom from 33 of ths more important farm cormodities and no deductions ars made for the inshipmst of Ilvantock．

[^3]:    Divisions of Statistical and Fistorical Rosearch and Crop and Livestock Estimates.
    1/ Trese totale diffor from the manthly estimates of Daited states cash income because they inciude oniy income from 33 of the roore important fary comiodition and no deduotions are made for the inehipmont of livestock.

[^4]:    Division of Statiatical and Hintorical Research and Crop and Livestock Eatimates.
    1/ Those totals differ from the monthly estimates of United states cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important lam commoditios and no doductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

[^5]:    Division of 8tatisticul and Eistorical Bescerch and Crog and Liventock Eistinates.
    1/ These totels diffor from the monthly entimates of United States cash income becsune they includa only income from 33 of the more importent larm commodition and no deductio are made for the inghipment of 117eatock.

[^6]:    Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

    1) These totals differ from the monthly estiantes of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.
[^7]:    Division of Statistical and Historical Research and Crop and Iiveatock Estimates.
     the more important farm comodities and no dedactions are made for the inshipment ol livestock.

[^8]:    Divigion of Statistical and Eistorical Besoarch and Crop and Livestock Estimatos.
    1/ Taese totals differ fron the mozthly estimater of United States cash incorse becense they include only incoms from 33 of the more important farm commoditiss and no deductions are made for the inshipment of livestock.

[^9]:    
    
     115.s.staik

[^10]:    Divisions of Staifistical and Historical Besearch and Crop and Livestock Istimates.
    If These totals differ from the monthis estinates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm commodition and no deductions ars wade for the inghipmont of livestock.

[^11]:    Divisions of Statistical and Historical Besearch and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

[^12]:    Divistons of Statistical and Historical Rosearch and Crop and Livestock Estimates.

    1) These totale differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income because they include only income from 33 of the more important farm comodities and no deductions are wade for the inehipaent of livestoct.
[^13]:    Divinions of Statietical and Historical Research and Crop and Livestock Istinatos.

[^14]:    Difisions of statiotical and Gistorical geecorch and Crop and Livestock Fitimates.
    $\sqrt{2}$ The 33 crop and livestock oomodities on wich these estimates are based roproseated epprozimatoly 98 percent of the Onited States caeh farim 1 moone in 1934 froe the maretings of all farl producte.
    2/ These totalsdiffer frow the monthly estizates of United States cah income becaue they have not been adjusted for the inghpment of livestode and for the income froe those farm products for wheh no monthly data by states on marketings and prices are arallable.

[^15]:    
     11veetock into the principal feeding areas.
    2/ Includee $\$ 458.756$ in cancelled checks undietributed by statee.

[^16]:    
     livestock into the principal issding areas.
    2/ Includss $\$ 458,756$ in cencelled checks undistributsd by states.

[^17]:    2 These totals differ from the monthly estimates of United States cash income becase they include only income fron 33 of the more importent farm comodities and no deductions are made for the inahipment of livestock.

[^18]:    1) The estimated United States cash income 1s not equal to the sum of the state estimates because it has beon adjusted downard for iaterstate sale of livestock, and includes incnme frow some farm products which is not distributed by states.
[^19]:    1) The estimated United States cash income 18 not equal to the sus of the state estimates because it has been adjusted downerd for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is nct distributed by states.
[^20]:     interetate sale of livsstock, and includes income from soms farm products which ie not distributed by states.
    2/ Includes $\$ 466,506$ in canceled checks undistributed by states.

[^21]:    1) The estimated United States cash income is not equel to the sum of the state estimates because it hes been adjusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by ptates.
[^22]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the gum of the state estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products vich is not distributed by states.

[^23]:    The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the stete estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of iivestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by states.

[^24]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the state estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by states.

[^25]:    1/ Negative pajments represent credits due to returned checks to the Agricultural Adjusteent Administration. The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the gum of the state estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by states.

[^26]:    2) The estimated United States cach income is not qual to the sum of the State ostimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.
[^27]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

[^28]:    1 The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products wich is not distributed by States.

[^29]:    U.S. cash incoms $1 /: 1,593,000 \quad 1,386,000 \quad 1,708,000 \quad 2,188,000 \quad 1,881,000 \quad 2,390,000 \quad 2,762,000 \quad 2,821,000$

[^30]:    1 The estimated United States cash izcome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm producte which is not distributed by States.

[^31]:    1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted dommard for interstate eale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.
    2/ Yearly totals for 1936 and 1937 revised in a number of States. Sum of the monthly estimates do not equal the yearly totals in these States and in the United States as a whole.
[^32]:    1/ The estimatsd United States cash incoms is not equal to the sum of ths Stats estimates because it has been adjusted domward for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products wich is not distributed by States.
    2/ Yoarly totals for 1936 and 1937 revised in a number of States. Sum of tho monthly estimates do not oqual the yearly totals in thess States and in the United States as a whole.

[^33]:    1/ The estimated United States cash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots whioh is not distributed by States.
    2/ Yearly totals for 1936 and 1937 refised in a number of States. Sum of the monthly estimates do not equal the yearly totals in these States and in the United States as a whole.

[^34]:    1/ The estimatod United Siates cash incone is not equal to the sum of the Stats estimates because it hae bean adfasted downard for interstate sale of livestook, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

[^35]:    1/ The eotimeted United States cash income is not equal to the mir of the state estimateo becanse it hae been adjusted demmerd for interatate cale of livestock, and includes income from eome farm producte which is not distributed by States.

[^36]:     adjusted dommart for interstats cals of livestock, and lecludes facom from some fare producte which is not distributed by ftate.

[^37]:    1) The estinated United states canh income is not squal to the sum of the state estimates becauso it has boen adjuted dommard for interstate sals of livsstock, and includes income from sone farm produots which is not distributed by states.
[^38]:    1/ The ostimated United States cash Income is not equal to the rem of the State estimates beoause it has been adjusted downard for interstate eale of livestock, and includen incowe from ome farm products which is not distributed by States.

[^39]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has boon adjusted downard for interstate eals of livastock, and includes income frow some farm products which is not dietributed by States.

[^40]:    1) The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestcok, and inoludes inome from ome farm products which is not distributed by States.
[^41]:    1) The estimated Jnited States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State ostimates becauso it has boer adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, ond includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.
[^42]:    1) The estimated United States cash incone is not equal to the sum of the State estimates becauso it has beon adjusted domard for interstate ale of Ifestock, and includen income from ome farm products which is not distributed by States.
[^43]:    1/ The estimated United States cash Income le not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includee income from some farm products which ie not distributed by States.

[^44]:    1/ The ostimated United States oash inoome is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beoause it has been adjusted dowaward for interstate selo of livestook, and inoludes inoome from some farm produots whioh is not distrituted by Stateo.

[^45]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates becanse it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some fare products which is not diatributed by States.

[^46]:    1/ The estimated United States cesh income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates becalase it hes been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is

[^47]:    1. The estimated United States cash incone is not equal to the sum of the State estimates beouse it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and inoludes inoomo from some farm produots whioh is not distributed by States.
[^48]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downerd for interstate sole of livestock, and includes income from some ferm products which is not distributed by States.

[^49]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sele of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which 18 not distributed. by States.

[^50]:    1/ Tho ostimated Onited States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State entimates bocanse it has been adjusted downard for interstate ale of livestock, and includes income from some farm producte which 1. not distributed by states.

[^51]:    I/ The entmated United states cash income is not equal to the sum of the state estimater beceuse it has been adjusted domavard for interstate ale of livestock, and includen income from fome farm productg which is not distributed by States.

[^52]:    1/ The estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has been adjusted downard for interstate sale of livestock, and includes income from some farm products which is not distributed by States.

[^53]:    1/ mine estimated United States cash income is not equal to the sum of the State estinates beause it has been adjusted downard for interstute sale of livestock, and includes income from some farn products which is not distributed by States.

[^54]:    I/ The estimated United States cash Income is not equal to the sum of the State estimates because it has besn adjusted domarard for interetate salo of livestock, end includes income from somo ferm producte whici is not distributed by States.

